# Lylye of Medicynes: An Edition of the Fifteenth-Century Translation of Bernard of Gordon's Lilium Medicinae

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### **Abstract**

This is an edition of the Middle English *Lylye of Medicynes*, a fifteenth-century translation of Bernard of Gordon's Latin *Lilium Medicinae* (completed in 1305). The *Lylye* is contained in Oxford Bodleian Library MS. Ashmole 1505 as a sole text. Although there are multiple witnesses in Latin, there are no other known Middle English witnesses of this text. The *Lylye* is basically arranged in a 'head to toe' format (beginning with diseases of the head and proceeding downward) with accompanying guidelines for diagnosis and prognosis. Although the text does contain some medical theory and aetiology (based on thought from Arabic medicine, specifically Ibn Sīnā, and Antiquity, predominantly Galen and Hippocrates), it is mainly comprised of a large volume of medicinal recipes and treatments.

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## Introduction

The Middle English Lylye of Medicynes is a fifteenth-century translation of Bernard of Gordon's Latin Lilium Medicinae (completed in 1305). The Lylye is contained in Oxford Bodleian Library MS. Ashmole 1505 as a sole text. Although there are multiple witnesses in Latin, there are no other known Middle English witnesses of this text. The Lylye is basically arranged in a 'head to toe' format (beginning with diseases of the head and proceeding downward) with accompanying guidelines for diagnosis and prognosis. Although the text does contain some medical theory and aetiology (based on thought from Arabic medicine, specifically Ibn Sīnā, and Antiquity, predominantly Galen and Hippocrates), it is mainly comprised of a large volume of medicinal recipes and treatments. These treatments are arranged in seven books with individual chapter headings. Book 1 covers a range of general afflictions, including fevers, infections, animal bites and venom, skin diseases, wound care, broken bones, and bleeding; Book 2 contains diseases of the head (alopecia, epilepsy, headache, vertigo, sleep disturbances, mental illness); Book 3 discusses diseases of the eyes, ears, nose, and mouth (infections and diseases of the conjunctiva and cornea, cataracts, vision problems, nosebleeds, ear infections, colds, toothache); Book 4 covers diseases of the throat, lungs, heart (tonsillitis and laryngitis, coughing, lung disease, weak pulse, arrhythmia); Book 5 contains disorders of the stomach and digestive system; Book 6 covers the liver, bladder, kidneys, and spleen (jaundice, oedema, stranguria); and finally, Book 7 contains urogenital and reproductive disorders, and childbirth.

In current medical practice, there is great emphasis on technological development and a steady supply of new products, particularly in the area of medical innovation. In 2012, the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved 39 novel drugs (or new molecular entities that have never been

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See f. 218v: 'Pere schullib be sette many hirof bat bithe for pasciouns fro the hede til be ffete.' Luke Demaitre also remarked on this typical arrangement of medieval medical texts in his survey of medicine from the perspective of the *Lilium* in *Medieval Medicine*: The Art of Healing from Head to Toe (Santa Barbara, CA: 2013), as did Faye Marie Getz in her edition Healing and Society in Medieval England: A Middle English Translation of the Pharmaceutical Writings of Gilbert Anglicus (Wisconsin: 1991), liii

used in clinical practice before). Furthermore, the FDA approved 27 new drugs in 2013 and 41 in 2014; a total of 107 new drugs entered the clinical market in just three years.<sup>2</sup> Considering that humoral theory was the dominant belief system amongst medical practitioners for over 2000 years, from Hippocrates (ca. 460–370 BCE) through to the late nineteenth century, rapid development and overturning of established paradigms, so integral to present day medicine, have not been the key forces of medical practice for much of history.<sup>3</sup>

When considering the period between the early fourteenth century, when the *Lilium Medicinae* was published, and the early fifteenth century, when it was translated into Middle English, medical innovation, drug development, and changes to the treatment process hardly moved from an established set of practices preserved from the authorities of Antiquity. In pointing out that the medieval surgeons John Arderne and Henri de Mondeville encouraged their colleagues to learn by experience, as opposed to accepting everything they read, D'arcy Power remarks, 'it was too much the custom of the time to rely upon authority and to think that everything could be learnt from books.' It would be overly simplistic to suggest that the period between the publication of the *Lilium* and the copying of its Middle English translation was static, but, in general, the prevailing attitude was one of preservation, or 'gathering together,' the ideas of accepted authorities, rather than one of innovation. Beginning with an overview of the manuscript, the following will consider the place of the Middle English translation of the *Lilium Medicinae* in the context of medieval medical practices without attempting to construct a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> US Department of Health and Human Services. FDA: New Molecular Entity Approvals 2012 - 2014 [http://www.fda.gov/Drugs/DevelopmentApprovalProcess/DrugInnovation/], accessed January 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Certainly there were works that questioned humoral theory, such as Andreas Vesalius' *De Humani Corporis Fabrica* (1543), Helkiah Crooke's *Mikrokosmographia* (1615), William Harvey's *De Motu Cordis* (1628), but it was the optical refinement of the microscope and isolation of disease-causing agents in the laboratory from the late nineteenth century onward that disproved humoral theory with finality. See: *The Epitome of Andreas Vesalius*, trans. L. R. Lind (Cambridge, MA: 1969); Helkiah Crooke, *Mikrokosmographia*, 2nd ed. (London: 1631), Early English books online, [http://eebo.chadwyck.com/]; *An Anatomical Disputation concerning the Movement of the Heart and Blood in Living Creatures*, trans. Gweneth Whitteridge (Oxford: 1976); Deborah Lupton, *Medicine as Culture: Illness, Disease, and the Body in Western Societies*, 3rd ed (London: 2012), 83 

<sup>4</sup> *Treatises of Fistula in Ano, Haemorrhoids, and Clysters by John Arderne from an Early Fifteenth-Century Manuscript Translation*, ed. D'arcy Power EETS 139 (1968), 115

comprehensive history of medieval medicine, the facets of which are treated extensively in many other places.<sup>5</sup>

#### I. Manuscript Description

#### **Physical Features and Binding**

MS. Ashmole 1505 is a large, paper manuscript of 245 folios. <sup>6</sup> Folios 4r to 244v contain text. However, folios are missing throughout the manuscript, including the last twenty chapters of the final book. The text is contained in seven books. Chapter lists (untranslated from Latin) are given at the beginning of each new book and some are accessible by paper tabs attached to the right margins (ff. 94, 182, 166, 239). The first three folios and final folio are parchment (ff. 1-3, f. 245), while the folios containing text are paper (f. 4 to f. 244). The paper folios are uncut, deckle-edged with mould and moderate staining, particularly in ff. 58-90, ff. 220-244. The staining is mainly limited to the bottom margins, but extends into the mid-section of the book to the top margins in some places. The external binding is a red, speckled calf-skin with ASH. 1505 inscribed in gold lettering on the spine. This binding was part of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> For instance: Carole Rawcliffe, *Medicine & Society in Later Medieval England* (Somerset: 1995); Demaitre, *Medieval Medicine*, 2013; Herbs and Healers from the Ancient Mediterranean through the Medieval West, eds Timothy Graham and Anne Van Arsdall (Farnham, Surrey and Burlington, VT: 2012); Marie-Christine Pouchelle, The Body and Surgery in the Middle Ages, trans. Rosemary Morris (Cambridge: 1990); Medicine and the Law in the Middle Ages, eds Wendy J. Turner and Sara M. Butler (Leiden and Boston: 2014); Medieval Medicine: A Reader, ed. Faith Wallis (Toronto: 2010); Nancy G. Siraisi, History, Medicine, and the Traditions of Renaissance Learning (Ann Arbor, MI: 2007); Peter Murray Jones, 'Medical Literacies and Medical Culture in Early Modern England' in Medical Writing in Early Modern English, eds Irma Taavitsainen and Päivi Pahta (Cambridge: 2011); Practical Medicine from Salerno to the Black Death, eds Luis Garcia-Ballester, Roger French, Jon Arrizabalaga, Andrew Cunningham (Cambridge: 1994); Textual Healing: Studies in Medieval English Medical, Scientific and Technical Texts, eds Javier E. Díaz Vera and Rosario Caballero (Bern, 2009); Tony Hunt, Popular Medicine in Thirteenth Century England (Cambridge: 1990) <sup>6</sup> The manuscript has been described briefly in: An Index of Images in English Manuscripts from the Time of Chaucer to Henry VIII c. 1380 - c. 1509: The Bodleian Library, Oxford, MSS Additional - Digby, vol. 1, eds Ann Eljenholm Nichols, Michael T. Orr, Kathleen L. Scott, Lynda Dennison (Turnhout: 2000), 43; Edward Bernard, Catalogi Librorum Manuscriptorum Angliae et Hiberniae (Oxford: 1697), 341; Linda Voigts, 'The Master of the King's Stillatories' in The Lancastrian Court: Proceedings of the 2001 Harlaxton Symposium, ed. Jenny Stratford (Donington: 2003), 233-234; Linda Voigts, 'Takamiya MS 60 and the Middle English Text of Bernard of Gordon's De Pronosticis' in The Medieval Book and a Modern Collector, eds Takami Matsuda, Richard Linenthal, John Scahill (Cambridge: 2004), 149-160; L. M. Eldredge, The Index of Middle English Prose: Handlist IX: A Handlist of Manuscripts containing Middle English Prose in the Ashmole Collection, Bodleian Library (New York: 1992), 107-108; Otto Pächt, J. J. G. Alexander, Illuminated Manuscripts in the Bodleian Library, Oxford, 3 vols. (Oxford: 1966-73), iii, 76-77; W. H. Black, A Descriptive Analytical and Critical Catalogue of the Manuscripts Bequeathed unto the University of Oxford by Elias Ashmole (Oxford: 1845), 1407

rebinding programme that occurred after the Ashmolean bequest in the late seventeenth century. There are, however, no identifying marks on the binding or evidence of clasps, which is atypical of rebound Ashmolean manuscripts. The lack of clasps may be due to the large size of the book. The spine was rebacked by the Bodleian library in 1959 and foliated in pencil numbering (the back cover contains the pencil inscription of W21-11-1959, which marks the date of the rebacking). The internal parchment endleaves (ff. 1-3, f. 245) are likely to be contemporary with the paper folios. Striations from the medieval boards are visible, a white paste covers the parchment pages, and marks from the sewing supports are still evident. There are six sewing stations visible on the rebound cover.

There are ~30-35 lines of text per page with no columns or evidence of ruling. The external, non-original binding measures 425 x 300mm, while the internal parchment endleaves (ff. 1-3, f. 245) measure 400 x 290mm. The margin sizes of the paper folios are variable throughout, but adhere to a proportional pattern where the left margin is the smallest, the top is the second smallest, the right margin is the second largest, and the bottom margins are the largest of all. The bottom margins range from 60-85mm, the right margins range from 40-60mm, while the top margins are typically around 30mm. Folios 20, 21, 157-158, 189-190 were cut with a straight edge and are 10mm smaller on the right edge than surrounding pages. Folios 133-134 are damaged around the edges and are smaller than the surrounding pages by ~20mm on the right margin, 10mm on the top, and 5mm on the bottom. Folios 205-206, 221-222 are 15mm smaller on the right edge compared to the surrounding pages and f. 244 has a 160 x 80mm tear across the bottom margin, which is where the missing quires for Book 7 begins. There are no other texts bound with the *Lylye*.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Many thanks to Dr Bruce Barker-Benfield (Department of Special Collections & Western Manuscripts, Bodleian Library) for his advice with the binding. The responsibility for the conclusions here is my own.

#### **Decoration and Marginalia**

There are no illustrations in the manuscript, except for two portraits in the bottom margin of folio 4r. An author portrait of Bernard of Gordon, labelled as *Bernardus auctor*, appears next to a lily plant decorated in red. Bernard holds a scroll that states 'Ecce nomen huius libri' (Behold, the name of this book). Another portrait next to Bernard, notated as *Brock*, holds a scroll stating: 'Benedicat illum Deus qui composuit librum hunc' (God bless him who wrote this book). Folio 4r is embellished with a partial border of pen-flourishing in red and blue. The initials are largely pen-flourished in solid red or blue or puzzle design in red and blue with foliate and geometric forms. The foliate forms do not appear to be representations of any medicinal elements mentioned by the text.<sup>8</sup> Decorations become more intricate near the end of the manuscript. Inhabited initials with a single human face appear in folios 109v, 177r, 194v, 204r, 205v, 208r, 215r, 215v, 218r, 220r, and 244v. The ascenders of *d, b, h, k, l* are hyperextended and embellished with foliate designs consistently after f. 152r. There is minimal flourishing of ascenders in f. 17r, f. 27r, f. 91r, 138v f. 105r, f. 120r, 138r. Paragraph signs occur throughout in red or blue. Catchwords are typically undecorated with the exception of f. 119v, f. 165v, f. 181v, f. 213v, f. 228v (red flourishes outlining the words) and f. 137v, which is decorated with red in the form of a banner.

There is very little marginalia. The scribe begins by inserting *signa*, *cura*, etc. in the margins, but after f. 55 these titles are inserted within the text and are indicated by red capitula or red outlining. Several folios contain *nota bene* with and without manicula (ff. 5, 11, 12, 14, 20r, 25, 33, 38, 40, 49r, 83r, 49r, 83r, 106v, 106r, 113r, 128r, 139v, 146v, 153v, 169v, 173, 203r, 212v, 218v, 232r). There is very little evidence of interaction with the text by readers. Marginalia largely occurs in the section on eyes. A number of glosses appear above certain words in f. 99r. The reader writes *softe* for *nesche*, *fistulays* for *festre*, *purges* for *make clene*, *dregges* for *draftis*, and *incarne* for *regendre*. Marginal comments include:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> For more on medieval medical illustrations see: Peter Murray Jones, 'Image, Word, and Medicine in the Middle Ages,' in *Visualizing Medieval Medicine and Natural History*, *1200-1550*, eds Jean A. Givens, Karen M. Reeds, Alain Touwaide (Aldershot: 2006), 1-24

thyngis anoyous for the sighte (f. 105r), a good water for eyen (f. 106r), and a specyall wa[ter] for eyen (f. 106v). Finally, *Dislocaschoun of joyntis* is written in the margin of f. 41r and there are further illegible notes in the margins of other folios which appear to be pen trials (f. 216r, f. 217v).

#### **Provenance**

Considering the wide distribution of the *Lilium Medicinae* into multiple languages and countries, the respect for Bernard of Gordon as a medical authority, and the use of the *Lilium Medicinae* as a source text for other English works (such as the *Rosa Medicinae* by John of Gaddesden), the existence of only one copy in Middle English, and quite an incomplete copy, is a mystery. For instance, at least eight manuscripts still survive of the Middle English Lanfranc, seven for the Middle English Guy de Chauliac, and eleven of the Middle English Arderne. There are several inscriptions in MS. Ashmole 1505 which provide details as to its previous ownership.

In his will of 1567, Thomas Gale, a leading member and one-time master of the Company of Barber-Surgeons, bequeathed to William Gale, also a prominent barber-surgeon (and twice master), all of his surgical books, papers, and examinations written in English. An ownership inscription containing the name 'William Gale, surgeon', written in bold block capitals in folio 1 of the *Lylye of Medicynes*, may indicate a connection with Thomas Gale's collection. This premise will be considered in light of extant evidence following a brief introduction to other owners. There are four names that appear in the first and final folios of the manuscript in connection with provenance: Robert Broke, Richard Cler, William Gale, and Blanche May. The following will briefly review what has been uncovered previously about the two earliest owners (Robert Broke and Richard Cler) and then will present in greater detail how the manuscript is connected with the sixteenth-century London Company of Barber-Surgeons, which, to present knowledge, has not been discussed previously.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> R. H. Robbins, 'Medical Manuscripts in Middle English'. *Speculum*, 45/3 (1970), 393-415 at 406. See also Linda Voigts and Michael McVaugh, 'A Latin Technical Phlebotomy and its Middle English Translation,' *Transactions of the American Philosophical Society*, 74/2, (1984), 16; *Treatises of Fistula in Ano*, Power, xxxiv-xxxv

#### **Ownership Inscriptions**

The introduction to the *Lylye* states that after twenty years of medical practice Bernard of Gordon (Bernard hereafter) began to write 'a boke of practyk' for 'meke men' from his study in Montpellier (fol. 4r). While Bernard may have originally intended the *Lilium medicinae* for physicians in training, it has been suggested by Linda Voigts and Luke Demaitre that the Middle English translation in MS. Ashmole 1505 belongs more to the 'apothecary's world', which is connected with an inscription in the final folio of the manuscript: 'Master Broke, master of the kyngis styllatorys and maker of hys excellent wateris.' The manuscript is entirely devoid of illustrations, except for the two portraits in the bottom margin of folio 4r. The name has caused some confusion in the past. Edward Bernard's 1697 account of the manuscript states that the text was 'Bernard Brook's Treatise of Physick in 7 books'. W. H. Black's catalogue in 1845 attributed the error to the sixteenth-century owner, William Gale, who likely wrote *Bernardus Brooke* on fol. 2r. Linda Voigts has connected the name in the *Lylye* with the fifteenth-century apothecary Robert Broke, who was 'Master of the King's Stillatories' during the reign of Henry VI. 13

Folio 245r contains the ownership inscription pertaining to Broke and another stating: 'Liber Ryc cler rectoris sancti pancracij civitatis wynton.' This inscription refers to Richard Cler, rector of St Pancras, Winchester, who was admitted to Oxford in 1460, became a Fellow of New College in 1466, and was promoted to a benefice in 1472.<sup>14</sup> Otto Pächt and J. J. G. Alexander identify Cler as the first owner and state that Broke is 'perhaps an owner'.<sup>15</sup> However, it is more likely that Robert Broke, member of the king's household and distiller, was the first owner of the manuscript. Kathleen Scott, an expert in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Demaitre, 'Translations of Bernard of Gordon's *Lilium medicinae*', p. 25

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Bernard, Catalogi Librorum Manuscriptorum Angliae et Hiberniae, p. 341

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Black, A Descriptive Analytical and Critical Catalogue, p. 1407

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Voigts, 'The Master of the King's Stillatories', pp. 233–252

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Voigts, 'The Master of the King's Stillatories', p. 235

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Pächt and Alexander, *Illuminated Manuscripts in the Bodleian Library, Oxford*, iii, p. 77

medieval costume, states that the clothing worn in the portraits of Bernard and Broke 'is datable probably after 1425 and before 1450'. <sup>16</sup> An examination of documentary evidence in regard to Robert Broke, researched by Voigts, provides support for this date range with the name first appearing in the records in 1425 and disappearing after 1455. <sup>17</sup> Voigts has identified Cler as 'presumably the cleric from Crondall in Hampshire' and suggested that Broke may also have an association with Winchester. <sup>18</sup> Furthermore, the text of the *Lylye* is written in a Hampshire dialect. However, aside from these circumstantial connections with Hampshire, it is not clear how Broke and Cler may be associated or how the manuscript passed between them.

Along with the ownership inscriptions of Robert Broke and Richard Cler, there are notations in the first folios of the manuscript connected with later owners. On the left edge of fol. 1v is written: 'Blanc[h]e may was married the ix day of Julye in the yere of oure Lourde 1567 WG.' On the same folio, the date 1578 is written on the top of the page above: 'Preceptor hvivs libri est Gylielmys Galvs χιρουργιεν Londoni' in block capitals. The date 1578 is also written on the top of fol. 245r above the inscriptions for Broke and Cler. On fol. 2r the date 1303 is written above: 'Barnardys Brooke est avctor hvivs libri 1303' in block capitals by the same hand as fol. 1v. The date of 1578 and description of William Gale as χιρουργιεν [a transliteration of an early modern form of surgeon (chirourgien) into Greek letters] provides strong evidence that this inscription is from the William Gale connected with the Company of Barber-Surgeons. <sup>19</sup> Using the inscription on fol. 1v as a starting off point, the following section will investigate the appearance of three members of the Gale family in available sixteenth-century records and explore what can be deduced about their relationships to each other and, crucially, to MS. Ashmole 1505.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Voigts, 'The Master of the King's Stillatories', p. 235

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Voigts, 'The Master of the King's Stillatories', pp. 233–236

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Voigts, 'The Master of the King's Stillatories', pp. 237, 241

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Many thanks to Bruce Barker-Benfield (Department of Special Collections & Western Manuscripts, Bodleian Library) for his assistance in reading this word. The responsibility for the conclusions here is my own.

#### **Documentary Evidence**

Thomas Gale (1) appears in the Barber-Surgeons' list of wardens and masters in 1546 (warden), 1555 (warden), and 1561 (master).<sup>20</sup> It is likely that he was a member of the company from its inception by Act of Parliament in 1540, as he was already practising in London by the 1520s. He is noted for his publication *Certaine Workes of Chirurgerie* (1563), which is divided into four books (*Institution of Chirurgerie*, *Enchiridion*, a treatise on gunshot wounds, and an *Antidotarie*). In his treatise on gunshot wounds, Gale relates the case study of a patient he treated in London who was injured during the Siege of Pavia (1524–25) when he 'fyrste practised the arte of chirurgerye', which indicates that he was practising in London by his early twenties.<sup>21</sup> In the same treatise, Gale records that he also served as a surgeon under Henry VIII at the siege of Montreuil (1544), and under Philip II of Spain in the battle of St Quentin (1557).<sup>22</sup>

He also produced a translation of Galen's *Methodus medendi* (1566) for non-Latinate students and made reference to plans for other works, which were cut short by his death in 1567.<sup>23</sup> There has been some discrepancy about his date of death, with many publications listing it as 1586/7; however, his will is dated 'the fyrste Daye of August 1567', it was probated 27 August 1567, and his burial at St Dionis Backchurch on 15 August 1567 is recorded in the church register as 'Thomas Gale, householder and surgeon'.<sup>24</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> From this point, different individuals of the Gale family sharing the same name will be numbered in places where confusion may occur; Young, *The Annals of the Barber-Surgeons of London*, pp. 5–6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Gale, Certaine Workes of Chirurgerie (Treatise on Gunshot Wounds), fol. 16r

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Gale, *Certaine Workes of Chirurgerie* (Treatise on Gunshot Wounds), fol. 16r

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Gale, Certaine Workes of Chirurgerie (Epistle Dedicatorie); Pahta, 'Communicating Galen's Methodus medendi', p. 181

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> The date range of 1507 –1587 appears to be linked to an entry in an early edition of the *Dictionary of National Biography* (1921–22, p. 818 in vol. 7). The *Oxford Dictionary of National Biography (ODNB)* has since been updated to c. 1507–1567. Note the entry in the *ODNB* states that the will was probated '6 August', which should be 'first of August'; The National Archives - Prerogative Court of Canterbury, PROB 11/49/251; Chester, *The Reiester Booke of Saynte De'nis*, *Backchurch*, p. 190

In his will, Thomas Gale describes himself as a 'barbour surgion of London' and gives instructions to the 'masters of our Company of Barbour Surgions' to bear him to St Dionis Backchurch after his death. He refers to two brothers, William Gale and Roger Gale, to whom he bequeaths £4. Significantly, another William Gale (1), referred to as a 'late servant', receives all of his surgical books:

I gyve and bequethe unto William Gale my late servant all my written books of surgery in the Englische tonge and all the pamflitts and peces of written books or any written books of surgery wherein any Englische is written, bundells of examinations, etc. to be delivered unto him within conveniente time after my decease.<sup>25</sup>

In the Register of Admissions to the Company of Barber-Surgeons, a William Gale (Gayle), (1), is listed as an apprentice of Thomas Gale (Gayle), (1), and he was admitted to the company on 1 October 1566, which means that he completed his apprenticeship in time to be referred to as a former servant by Thomas Gale (1).<sup>26</sup> There is evidence in the register of only one William Gale admitted to the company up until 5 July 1687. He was a warden of the company in 1583 and 1590, and was elected master in 1595 and 1610, but died on 19 November 1610 at about 70 years old (placing his date of birth around 1540).<sup>27</sup> He was buried in St Mary the Virgin, Monken Hadley.

Furthermore, the barber-surgeons Thomas Gale (1) and William Gale (1) share an association with St Thomas's Hospital. The hospital was originally located in Southwark (the building is now the Old Operating Theatre Museum) and primarily served a large population of London's poor and homeless, as well as women engaged in prostitution. In his *Enchiridion*, Thomas Gale (1) relates the recipe for a special powder that he invented, in collaboration with Master Peirponte, 'chefely for the commonitye of the poore', which was 'fyrste put in use and practise by the surgians in Saint Thomas Hospitall in Southworke'. Furthermore, in his *Certaine Workes of Galens, called Methodus medendi*, he states that in 1562 he examined the conditions of St Thomas's and St Bartholomew's Hospitals and found 300

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> The National Archives - Prerogative Court of Canterbury, PROB 11/49/251

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Guildhall Library MS. 5265/1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Young, The Annals of the Barber-Surgeons of London, pp. 6–7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Gale, Certaine Workes of Chirurgerie, fol. 56

patients suffering from severe infections and lack of adequate care due to unregulated practitioners.<sup>29</sup> The records of St Thomas's Hospital show that on 25 March 1569 William Gale (1), noted as an 'Examiner of Surgeons', succeeded John Brygge as surgeon at St Thomas's Hospital. In May 1597, the records indicate that a son of William Gale (also called Thomas (2); admitted to the Company of Barber-Surgeons 18 January 1597 by patrimony) appears to have been promised an appointment, which never materialized.<sup>30</sup> In 1606, one of William Gale's (1) apprentices, Henry Blackley, succeeded him. Similar to Thomas Gale's (1) discussion of treating the poor at St Thomas's, William Gale's (1) many years of service at a hospital largely devoted to caring for London's less fortunate is reflected in the inscription on his tomb at Monken Hadley: 'Blessed are they [that] concydereth [the] poore & needie.'<sup>31</sup>

Finally, in the seventeenth century the manuscript was owned by Elias Ashmole. After Ashmole's death his collection was housed in the Ashmolean Museum and then transferred to the Bodleian Library in 1860. The manuscript's journey between the time of Richard Cler to the Gales is uncertain, as is the ownership after William Gale (1). Richard Cler's death has been estimated to have occurred by 1521/2, which was around the time a young Thomas Gale (1) was practising surgery in London. <sup>32</sup> In his will, William Gale (1) mentions two of his sons, William (2) and John, of thirteen total children [including his son Thomas Gale (2)]. <sup>33</sup> It is further recorded in the Barber-Surgeons' admissions registers that William Gale (Galle), (1) had an apprentice called Richard Gale (perhaps another son), who was admitted to the company on 10 April 1588. <sup>34</sup> William (2) is the sole executor of his father's estate, while John received £20. William (2) died at about forty years old in 1614 and is buried near his father in Monken Hadley. John Gale is recognized by the Company of Barber-Surgeons for providing funding in his will (1655) for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Gale, Certaine Workes of Galens, p. 32

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Robinson, 'St Thomas's Hospital Surgeons and the Practice of their Art in the Past', pp. 416–419, 447

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Young, The Annals of the Barber-Surgeons of London, p. 574

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Pächt and Alexander, *Illuminated Manuscripts in the Bodleian Library, Oxford,* iii, p. 77

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> The National Archives - Prerogative Court of Canterbury, PROB 11/116/532

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Guildhall Library MS. 5265/1

an anatomy lecture called 'Gale's Anatomy'.<sup>35</sup> The lectureship is now awarded by the Royal College of Surgeons as the Arris and Gale Lectureship. It is considered to be a 'highly regarded and prestigious award within the field of surgery'.<sup>36</sup> Perhaps the manuscript went to one of these sons [William (2), John, or Thomas (2)] or remained at the guildhall. Taking into consideration that William Gale (1) was twice master of the guild, it may be possible that the book was used as a display piece or as a part of ceremonies before entering Ashmole's collection.

There is a second possibility for the ownership trail of this manuscript. In his will of 1559, John Wisdom bequeathed 'the Lillie of Medicine in Englishe' to his son Gregory Wisdom.<sup>37</sup> The Wisdoms began their careers as unlicensed medical practitioners, but they received a royal licence in 1542 and Gregory was admitted to the Royal College of Physicians in 1582 (despite associations with sorcery and fraud).<sup>38</sup> Gregory's will (1599) does not mention the book.<sup>39</sup> It is known that Thomas Gale (1) collected books. In addition to the medical books given to William (1), his will mentions other books, including 'my books of Kinge Arthur', which are given to a servant Katherine.<sup>40</sup> It is possible that Thomas (1), or even William (1), purchased this manuscript copy from Gregory Wisdom in the 1560s. At this point, it is worth considering the possible association of Thomas and William Gale with Gregory Wisdom.

The union of the barbers' guild and surgeons' guild by Act of Parliament in 1540 restricted barbers to haircutting, shaving, and bloodletting, while surgeons performed all other surgical procedures (both professions administered tooth extractions). <sup>41</sup> The desire to regulate and control the activities of practitioners is mentioned throughout Thomas Gale's major work, *Certaine Workes of Chirurgerie*. He

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Young, The Annals of the Barber-Surgeons of London, p. 574

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Nuffield Department of Surgical Sciences [http://www.nds.ox.ac.uk/]; see also Modlin, 'The Surgical Legacy of Arris and Gale', pp. 191–199

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> London Metropolitan Archives, Guildhall Library Register of Wills, MS. 9171/15, fol. 99r; Ryrie, *The Sorcerer's Tale*, pp. 53–54, 193

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Ryrie, *The Sorcerer's Tale*, pp. x–xi

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> London Metropolitan Archives, Guildhall Library Register of Wills, MS. 9051/5, fols 139v–141r

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> The National Archives - Prerogative Court of Canterbury, PROB 11/49/251

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Furdell, Royal Doctors, 10; see also 'History of the Company', Worshipful Company of Barbers (barberscompany.org)

identifies two things that have brought surgery to 'extreme decaye and ruine': 'euery person good and badde, learned and unlearned, chirurgian or no chirurgian, doe wiythout penaltie and correction of lawes frelye take on them the practise of chirurgerie. The other thyng is, that the chirurgians them selues . . . are unworthye professours.'<sup>42</sup> In the study of Gregory Wisdom's life, *The Sorcerer's Tale*, Alec Ryrie presents evidence of Wisdom's activities with black magic, the occult, criminality, and use of magic to defraud patients. As discussed above, Gregory and his father John were unlicensed practitioners who were granted a royal licence after being sued for illicit activities. Ryrie states that Gregory Wisdom used his legitimate status, and contacts in the criminal underworld, to exploit and defraud patients; upon review of his career, Ryrie sums up Wisdom as 'a trickster, a liar, and a thief.' Also of note, a Richard Gyle is listed as a witness to Gregory Wisdom's will (1599). 44 This may be the surgeon Richard Gyle who confessed to and was found guilty of medical negligence in the censorial hearings of 1602 and 1605. 45 Ryrie suggests it could be the same Gyle who fought the first court case against the Royal College of Physicians under the Quacks' Charter in 1545. 46 Overall, Gregory Wisdom appears to be the diametric opposite to the professionalism advocated by Thomas Gale in his works. In Gale's perspective, perhaps Wisdom is the type of 'unworthye professour' that required better regulation. There is evidence of conflicting worldviews at work here, perhaps suggesting the men would not be close connections, but that does not preclude the transfer of the Lylye of Medicynes from Wisdom to Thomas Gale [or William (1)].

Table 1 shows an estimated timeline of ownership.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Gale, Certaine Workes of Chirurgerie, preface

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Ryrie, *The Sorcerer's Tale*, 109, 183

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> London Metropolitan Archives, Guildhall Library Register of Wills, MS 9051/5, f. 141r;

Pelling and White, 'Gyle, Richard,' in Physicians and Irregular Medical Practitioners in London 1550-1640 Database

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Ryrie, *The Sorcerer's Tale*, 52

| Table 1. Estimated Provenance Timeline |                       |                                     |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Owner                                  | Birthdate-Deathdate   | First Date of Appearance in Records |
| Robert Broke                           | d. 1469 <sup>47</sup> | c. 1425–1455                        |
| Richard Cler                           | d. by 1521/2          | 1460                                |
|  |                       |                                     |
| John Wisdom?                           | d. 1559               | 1540s                               |
| Gregory Wisdom?                        | d. 1599               | 1540s                               |
| Thomas Calo (1)                        | c. 1507–1567          | 1540s                               |
| Thomas Gale (1)                        | C. 1507–1567          | 13405                               |
| William Gale (1)                       | c. 1540–1610          | 1 October 1566                      |
| William Gale (2)?                      | c. 1574–1614          | 21 November 1610                    |
| Thomas Gale (2)?                       | Living 1597           | 18 January 1597                     |
| John Gale?                             | c. 1585-1655          | 21 November 1610                    |
| Richard Gale?                          | Living 1588           | 10 April 1588                       |
| Elias Ashmole                          | 1617–1692             | -                                   |
| Ashmolean Museum                       |                       | 1692                                |
| Bodleian Library                       |                       | 1860                                |

In summary, several Gales appear in the records in relation to each other and to the Company of Barber-Surgeons. While family connections are explicitly stated between William (1) and three of his sons, establishing a familial relationship between William (1) and Thomas (1) is more challenging, as apprentice registers for the Company of Barber-Surgeons do not begin until the seventeenth century; likewise, parish records are scarce for the required date range. However, it is possible to piece together some potential links from the available evidence.

As mentioned previously, two William Gales appear in Thomas Gale's (1) will of 1567, a brother and a former servant. It is highly likely that this former servant, who received all of Thomas Gale's (1) surgical books and examinations, is synonymous with the William Gale (1) listed as his apprentice and admitted to the Company of Barber-Surgeons in 1566. The labels of *servant* and *apprentice* were used interchangeably in the medieval to early modern period. Although a stronger distinction in the terms began to develop with the Statute of Artificers (1563), this occurred after William Gale's (1)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Voigts, 'The Master of the King's Stillatories', p. 241

apprenticeship. <sup>48</sup> Prior to that distinction, in his analysis of Tudor and Stewart towns from 1530–1688, Jonathan Barry found that Cambridge lists and wills referenced some individuals as both a servant and an apprentice. <sup>49</sup> Barry also cites David Glass's analysis of London lists of 1695, who found that, even in the late seventeenth century, servants and apprentices were not 'entirely distinct categories'. <sup>50</sup> Furthermore, the *Middle English Dictionary (MED)* has many possible meanings for *servaunt*, including 'an apprentice; an assistant to a surgeon'. The evidence suggests, William Gale (1) was an apprentice to Thomas Gale (1); a Richard Gale (admitted 1588) was an apprentice to William Gale (1); finally, William's sons Thomas (2) and John are also connected with the Company of Barber-Surgeons. <sup>51</sup> Does this pattern also signify a familial relationship between Thomas (1) and William (1) or is it a coincidence of common names?

It is possible that William Gale (1) relocated from Yorkshire to the capital in his teens (1550s) to serve his apprenticeship. The pedigree for *Gale of Hadley* from Harleian MS. 1551 (fol. 55) shows that a William Gale (3) of Carthorpe, Burneston, Yorkshire is the father of William Gale (1), who was born in Carthorpe and buried in Monken Hadley. Several of William Gale's (1) children are shown to be born in Monken Hadley, including John Gale (who later settled in Bushey). Furthermore, a list of Blanche Parry's Yorkshire tenants in 1551 shows a William Gale [possibly William's (1) father] as a tenant in the Wheldrake lands, Yorkshire; there are no Gales present on a similar list compiled in 1567. The death date, siblings, and other activities of William (3) are not known. Migration from the provinces to London to train as an apprentice, especially under a relative, was not unusual in the sixteenth century. Ian D. Whyte in his analysis of migration in Britain from 1550–1830 remarked that most people moved to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Wallis, 'Apprenticeship and Training in Premodern England', p. 14

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> Barry, *The Tudor and Stuart Town 1530 – 1688*, p. 106

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> Barry, *The Tudor and Stuart Town 1530 – 1688*, p. 106

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> Guildhall Library MS. 5265/1; Robinson, 'St Thomas's Hospital Surgeons and the Practice of their Art in the Past', p. 418

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> Cass, Monken Hadley, p. 161; Middlesex Pedigrees, ed. by Armytage, pp. 77–78

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> Richardson, 'Blanche's Yorkshire Tenants/Fieldnames'; Richardson, *Mistress Blanche Queen Elizabeth I's Confidante*, pp. 121–124

London in their teens or 20s and that literate people were more likely to move further than their illiterate counterparts.<sup>54</sup> This statement coincides with the profile of William Gale (1), who wrote his name in Latin and Greek in MS. Ashmole 1505, and who would have been around 11–13 years old at the time of the 1551 tenant list, and then in his mid-twenties at his admittance to the London Company of Barber-Surgeons (1566). Some estimates suggest that one million people migrated to London between 1550 and 1750 and one analysis of data from the early seventeenth century shows that one-third to a half of the immigrant population in London was apprentices.<sup>55</sup>

Determining if the brother 'William' mentioned by Thomas (1) in his will is synonymous with the father, William (3), of Thomas's apprentice William (1) is challenging due to the lack of primary records. Most secondary sources, including the *Oxford Dictionary of National Biography*, state that Thomas Gale (1) was born in London circa 1507. <sup>56</sup> Unfortunately, London parish baptismal records are not available to confirm this (1538 is the earliest available date); and no siblings or parents for William Gale (3) are accounted for in the Gale pedigree in the Harleian manuscript or the Gale pedigree rolls held by the Society of Genealogists Library or the Burneston records held by the North Yorkshire County Record Office (which start from 1566). Without further documentary evidence the exact relationship beyond master and apprentice between Thomas (1) and William (1) cannot be known, but informed speculation would suggest an uncle/nephew relationship or at least a distant familial connection. <sup>57</sup>

The final person mentioned by name in the manuscript is in reference to the marriage of a Blanche May in 1567 followed by the initials W. G. A search of all available parish records, including, but not limited to, Burneston, London, and Monken Hadley, between 1566 and 1590, has revealed no hits for this name

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> Whyte, Migration and Society in Britain 1550-1830, pp. 71–72

Waring, 'Changes in the Geographical Distribution of the Recruitment of Apprentices to the London Companies 1486–1750', quoted in Whyte, *Migration and Society in Britain 1550-1830*, p. 71; Boulton, *Neighbourhood and Society: A London Suburb in the Seventeenth Century*, quoted in Whyte, *Migration and Society in Britain 1550–1830*, p. 72

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> Satchell, Thomas Gale in Oxford Dictionary of National Biography

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> See the Gale pedigree in *Middlesex Pedigrees*, ed. by Armytage, pp. 77–78 and gale-gaylefamilies.com (compiled by Gayle N. Mandell) for more details on other individuals connected with the Gale surname

or date of marriage. However, if the Gales were connected to the lands of Blanche Parry, perhaps the name 'Blanche May' belongs to a sister of William Gale (1). Finally, the significance of the date of 1578, which is written at the top of fol. 1v and fol. 245r, has not been possible to determine, as it does not coincide with any significant dates for William Gale (1) in the records. He was married twice to Elizabeth and then Susanna (also Suzan), who is mentioned in his will. The recording of marriages has a precedent in this book, so perhaps 1578 is the date of a marriage (the Burneston records do not have entries for this date and the marriage records for Monken Hadley are not available before 1619). The date could also be the acquisition date of the book, as the evidence does not definitively prove that William Gale (1) inherited the book rather than bought it.

One final note, Thomas Gale (1) does not explicitly name the *Lylye of Medicynes* in his will, as John Wisdom did; he only states, 'written books of surgery in Englische'. However, based on the nature of the inscription of William Gale's (1) name in MS. Ashmole 1505, and the surrounding context of documentary evidence containing references to Gales in the Company of Barber-Surgeons, as well as the features of the text that may have been relevant to sixteenth-century barber-surgeons (discussed below), it seems reasonable to draw a link between MS. Ashmole 1505 and the sixteenth-century Gales of the London Company of Barber-Surgeons.<sup>58</sup>

#### **Dating and Script**

In the prologue to the Middle English translation it is stated that Bernard began to write the text after he 'radde in his science xx zere. Pe berynge of oure Lorde MCCCiij in he monehe of Julij' (f. 4r). The date of 1305 is given as the completion date for the text in colophons contained in several of the Latin

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The provenance amongst the Gale barber-surgeons, including relevance of the text to later owners, will be expanded further in a future paper

The prologue in Latin manuscripts confirm this start date, such as London British Library MS Harley 3698, f. 1r. William Gale may have interpreted 1303 as the completion date of the text, as he wrote this date twice on f. 2r in large block capitals

manuscripts, as well as in the printed editions of the *Lilium*. Thus, the Latin *Lilium* was commenced in July of 1303 and completed in 1305 after which it was copied several times into Latin and a range of vernaculars. A few extant Latin manuscripts date to before 1310, while the earliest extant printing in Latin occurred in 1480 and the most recent printing, to present knowledge, occurred in 1697 as a Spanish translation.

As already indicated, the dating of the costumes in the portraits on f. 4r of the *Lylye* and the name of Robert Broke indicate a date of the early fifteenth century for this manuscript. Other factors, such as the paper watermarks and the type of script also point to the early fifteenth century. The paper contains three different watermarks: unicorn rampant, scales, and hunting horn, which are suggestive of three different mills in the early fifteenth century. The unicorn rampant is found through to f. 76, the scales are found in ff. 77-104, and the hunting horn is found from f. 105 to the end of the manuscript. Linda Voigts has already compared these watermarks to images found in Briquet's *Les Filigranes* and Piccard's *Wasserzeichen: Fabeltiere, Wasserzeichen: Waage*, and *Wasserzeichen: Horn*. She concludes that they 'suggest a date in the first half of the fifteenth century.' Further comparison has provided no reason to contradict this conclusion.

Although the pages are unruled, the script is carefully written and the entire text is clearly the work of one scribe. Based on personal consultation with Malcolm Parkes (26 April 1995), Linda Voigts states that 'the script is a widely spaced Anglicana from the first half of the fifteenth century, professional but perhaps provincial.'<sup>63</sup> Based on an estimated date of the early fifteenth century and close examination

<sup>63</sup> Voigts, 'Master . . . Stillatories,' 232

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> The Venice (1497) incunabulum states, 'anno Domini Mille.ccc. quinto mense Julii,' see also Demaitre, *Doctor Bernard*, 51; Ynez O'Neill, 'Dates in the Printed Editions of the Lilium Medicinae,' *Sudhoffs Archiv*, 49 (1965), 86-89

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup> See Demaitre, *Doctor Bernard*, 185-188 for a listing of manuscripts, translations, and printed editions

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> Voigts, 'Master . . . Stillatories,' 234; C. M. Briquet, *Les Filigranes*, 2nd ed (New York, 1966); Gerhard Piccard, *Wasserzeichen: Fabeltiere* (Stuttgart, 1980), *Wasserzeichen: Waage* (Stuttgart, 1978), and *Wasserzeichen: Horn* (Stuttgart, 1979)

of the script, the text shows many features consistent with an Anglicana script. <sup>64</sup> For example, in the initial position, the left limb of v forms a loop. Lowercase forms of s and f have a loop at the top and descend below the baseline. A final s is written in the round form with the bottom forming a closed loop, which resembles the present day capital G. A capital S is written with two cross-strokes. The letter a is usually written in the two-compartment form, but less frequently it is also written in the singlecompartment form. Other features of the script include the following: ff is used inconsistently (sometimes to indicate a capital), yogh serves as an abbreviation for the suspended final -us of Latin words, and the superscript r usually always indicates a missing ur or er. Capital letters are often embellished with additional strokes and when d, b, h, k, I occur in the top line of the manuscript, they are frequently elaborated with hyper-extended ascenders and foliate design. Although the decorations are not as extensive as other medieval manuscripts, there is some evidence that the leaf motif is that of the acanthus, which reached its height of popularity in the fifteenth century. 65 The ascenders of d, b, h, k, I are all looped, but in a more clipped fashion than the distinctive looping that characterizes cursive Anglicana script. Furthermore, the text as a whole does not have the cursive, looping style so indicative of Anglicana. There is space between the letters and the text does not have the appearance of being written at speed, which the cursive variety of Anglicana often does. But, perhaps this is evidence of a careful copying of a difficult and lengthy technical document.

The script of the *Lylye* shows a number of interesting features peculiar to the hand that copied it, but, to further define the script, there are distinct elements frequently associated with the Anglicana Formata script. As mentioned previously, although there is looping in letters with ascenders, it is not that

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> Albert Derolez, *The Palaeography of Gothic Manuscript Books: from the Twelfth to the Early Sixteenth Century* (Cambridge: 2003); Jane Roberts, *Guide to Scripts used in English Writings up to 1500* (London: 2005); Jean F. Preston, Laetitia Yeandle, *English Handwriting 1400-1650* (North Carolina, 1999); L. C. Hector, *The Handwriting of English Documents* (London: 1958); M. B. Parkes, *English Cursive Book Hands, 1250-1500* (Oxford: 1969); Michelle Brown, *Understanding Illuminated Manuscripts: a Guide to Technical Terms* (London: 1994); Michelle Brown, *The British Library Guide to Writing and Scripts* (London: 1998); Michelle Brown, *Guide to Western Historical Scripts: from Antiquity to 1600* (Toronto: 1990); Raymond Clemens, Timothy Graham, *Introduction to Manuscript Studies* (Ithaca: 2007)

<sup>65</sup> Celia Fisher, Flowers in Medieval Manuscripts (Toronto: 2004), 5

pronounced. For instance, *d* is not always dramatically looped, as it is in cursive Anglicana. Particularly at the end of words, but sometimes in the middle as well, the *d* definitely conforms more to the straight extension or minimally looped version found in Anglicana Formata. The *d* almost resembles the *d* found in the fifteenth-century English Secretary Hand. The *w* form also more closely resembles the *w* form frequently found in Secretary Hand. The somewhat ambiguous features of the script, its variety of forms, the overlapping of script types, and its appearance as both 'professional and provincial,' is indicative of its creation during a time of transition, irregularity, and variety in written expression.

#### Collation

Seventeen quires of the manuscript exist and an unknown number of quires are missing from the final book. The quire signatures, leaf numbers, and catchwords are written in the hand of the scribe on the bottom right corners. The book numbers (primus, secundus, etc.) are also written at irregular intervals on the centre of the top margins. A modern hand (1959) has foliated the text in pencil on the bottom right corner. The manuscript appears to have been originally quired in gatherings of 16 (the first 8 folios of a guire are numbered consistently by the scribe, while the final 8 are unnumbered). There is one quire of 15, which has a stub extant between f. 223 and f. 224, but no textual information is missing. Possibly this page had to be cut out due to an ink spill, error, or flaw with the paper. There are twenty chapters missing from Book 7. There is the possibility that these chapters were never written. In the same quire, an additional three chapters appear to have never been included in the text due to an error in transmission or a faulty exemplar (ff. 231v-ff. 232r). However, there are catchwords on the bottom of f. 244v, indicating that more folios were once present, at least in regard to Book 7, Chapter 4. The large tear at the bottom of f. 244v also indicates that the folios may be missing due to damage or removal rather than lack of completion. The reason for the many missing folios throughout the manuscript, and date when this occurred, is difficult to state with certainty, but informed speculation would indicate removal for practical use. Of the folios that are lacking, the Latin counterparts indicate that they contain 75 recipes (not including those of the 20 absent chapters of Book 7), along with treatment instructions. The manuscript was first owned by an apothecary and later by barber-surgeons in the sixteenth century. Thomas Gale, who is connected with the provenance, references his use of a recipe contained in 'an olde boke' in his personal medical practice when he was desperate for a cure. <sup>66</sup> A later hand has commented on the efficacy of certain remedies in the *Lylye*, especially in the eye section, which correlate with similar remedies presented in Gale's *Certaine Workes of Chirurgerie* (1563). There may be a relevance to this text beyond that of a personal or prestige object which prompted the removal of folios by practitioners.

Collating the manuscript has proved challenging for several reasons, including text out of sequence, missing folios, and disordered chapter numbers. Some of these issues seem to have occurred quite early in the manuscript's history, starting with the transmission of chapter lists and chapter names. A list of chapter headings and numbers is provided at the beginning of each of the seven books. Either due to an errant exemplar or errors introduced by the scribe, the chapter headings and numbers given in the list sometimes differ from the corresponding headings and numbers given in the text. Chapter numbers are often out of sequence, especially when many subheadings are involved, as in Book 3. In Book 6 (f. 231v), the clarification section is presented as a continuous part of chapter 5, but the text actually belongs with chapter 9 (De Apostemate Renum et Vesice).

There are also instances where textual information is out of sequence (f. 92, ff. 133-134, f. 101), which seems to have been an early problem based on the medieval notes and symbols at the foot of these pages attempting to correct the sequence. Folio 100v states 'loke be ynde apon bis marke be relefe a backewarde' [circle within a circle], which corresponds with the symbol in f. 92r. Folio 101v contains the note 'seke bis marke [diamond] be hynde be relefe a backwarde,' which corresponds with f. 93r. Folio

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>66</sup> Gale, Certaine Workes of Chirurgerie (Antidotarie), f. 88r

92v states 'loke a fore aftere þis marke þe relefe [heart],' which corresponds with f. 102r. Finally, f. 134v states 'seke þis marke [shamrock], [illegible], which corresponds with f. 101v.<sup>67</sup> Folios 22, 23 are unbound; this possibly occurred after the manuscript was rebound by the Bodleian Library, but that assumption is conjectural.

There are a few instances where a chapter title is duplicated in chapter lists. In Book 2, De Congelacione is listed as Chapter 15 and Chapter 30. In the text, it actually appears as Chapter 15, while Chapter 30 is De Jectigatione. De Tremore Cordis is listed as Chapter 11 in Book 4 and Chapter 29 in Book 2. It occurs in Book 4, while Chapter 29 in Book 2 is actually De Tremore Membrorum (a later reader noticed this discrepancy and wrote 'quare in quarte libro c. 11' next to the errant chapter heading).

In editing the text, it is a challenge to represent these disparities in a comprehensive and comprehendible manner. Those issues that can be resolved, such as text that is out of sequence, have been resolved and notated, while other issues, such as missing folios, present a more complex problem. The collation provided below illustrates the current condition of the manuscript. Further comparison with the structure of the 1497 incunabulum is provided in the Tables in Appendix A.

Contents: Fols. 1-245 contain:

ff. 1-3, three parchment endleaves, blank except for ownership inscriptions and pen trials

- 1<sup>16</sup> ff. 4r-16v, lacking three folios after f. 10
  Contains Book 1, Chapters 1-9, lacking the end of Chapter 4 (De Tertiana), all of Chapter 5 (De Febre Sanguinea), and the beginning of Chapter 6 (De Quartana)
- 2<sup>16</sup> ff. 17r-26v, lacking six folios in total before and after f. 23 Contains Book 1, Chapters 9 (continued)-18, (a) before f. 23, lacking the end of Chapter 13 (De Venemis), all of Chapter 14 (De Morsu Serpencium), all of Chapter 15 (De Punctura Scorpionum et Apium), and all of Chapter 16 (De Morsu Canis Rabidi et Ydroforbia), and (b) after f. 23, lacking the end of Chapter 17 (De Dolore) and the first few lines of Chapter 18 (De Apostematibus Calidis Generatis Per Viam Adustionis). Quire numbers 1-6 and 14-16 are present with f. 23 occurring in the middle of the missing quire numbers (7-13). Folio 23 is unnumbered by the scribe, as are the folios

<sup>67</sup> Brackets in all of these Middle English quotes are editorial. Many thanks to Dr Thorlac Turville-Petre for his assistance in reading these notes. All final conclusions here are my own.

following it (up to the next quire), so it is difficult to specify exactly where it falls in the sequence and, therefore, to determine the precise division of the folios lacking around it.

- 3<sup>16</sup> ff. 27r-33v, lacking four folios after f. 28 and five folios after f. 33 Contains Book 1, Chapters 18 (continued)-22, lacking (a) the final few lines of the subheading De Fistula, all of the subheading De Cancro, all of Chapter 19 (De Verucis et Porris et Lupis), Chapter 20 (De Apostematibus Frigidis), including all of the subheading De Glandulis, Nodis, et Scrophulis, and the first few lines of the subheading De Apostematibus Duris et Lapideij, De Scrophulis Clarificacio, and (b) the end of Chapter 21 (De Lepra) and the beginning of Chapter 22 (De Morphea)
- 4<sup>16</sup> ff. 34r-48v, lacking one folio before f. 34 Contains Book 1, Chapters 22 (continued)-30, lacking the beginning of Chapter 22 (De Morphea)
- 5<sup>16</sup> ff. 49r-61v, lacking two folios after f. 55 and one folio after f. 61 Contains Book 1, Chapter 30 (continued), Book 2, Chapters 1-10, lacking (a) the end of the subheading De Pustulis Capitis, all of Chapter 7 (De Fauo), and the beginning of Chapter 8 (De Tinea) and (b) the first few lines from the subheading Cura Doloris Ex Ebrietate, four additional subheadings, and the beginning of the clarification section for Chapter 10 (De Dolore Capitis)
- 6<sup>16</sup> ff. 62r-76v, lacking one folio before f. 62 Contains Book 2, Chapters 10 (continued)-19, lacking a portion of the clarification section of Chapter 10 (De Dolore Capitis)
- 7<sup>16</sup> ff. 77r-90v, lacking two folios before f. 77 Contains Book 2, Chapters 21-27, lacking the end of Chapter 19 (De Mania et Malencolia) and all of Chapter 20 (De Amore Hereos)
- 8<sup>16</sup> ff. 91r-104v

Contains Book 2, Chapters 27 (continued)-31, and Book 3, Chapters 1-4. De Spasmo (Book 2, Chapter 28) is contained in f. 91v and ff. 133-134, which were bound out of order. De Tremore Membrorum (Book 2, Chapter 29) is contained in f. 134v and f. 101, which were bound out of order. De Jectigacione (Book 2, Chapter 30) is contained in f. 101v (bound out of order) and f. 93r. Four subheadings of Book 3, Chapter 2 were bound out of order in f. 92

- 9<sup>16</sup> ff. 105r-119v, lacking one folio after f. 111 Contains Book 3, Chapters 4 (continued)-17, lacking the end of Chapter 8 (De Pascionibus Aurium) and the beginning of Chapter 9 (De Tinnitus et Sibilo)
- 10<sup>16</sup> ff. 120r-137v Contains Book 3, Chapters 17 (continued)-27, Book 4, Chapters 1-2. This quire contains ff. 133-134, which belong in quire 8 (Book 2)
- 11<sup>16</sup> ff. 138r-152v, lacking one folio after f. 152 Contains Book 4, Chapters 2 (continued)-7, lacking the end of Chapter 7 (De Empimate et Sputo Sanioso)

- 12<sup>16</sup> ff. 153r-165v, lacking three folios before f. 153 Contains Book 4, Chapters 8-13, lacking most of Chapter 8 (De Difficultate Anelitus)
- 13<sup>16</sup> ff. 166r-181v Contains Book 4, Chapter 13 (continued), and Book 5, Chapters 1-7
- 14<sup>16</sup> ff. 182r-197v Contains Book 5, Chapters 7 (continued)-14
- 15<sup>16</sup> ff. 198r-213v Contains Book 5, Chapters 14 (continued)-21
- 16<sup>16</sup> ff. 214r-228v Contains Book 5, Chapter 21 (continued), and Book 6, Chapters 1-5. There is an unfoliated stub located between f. 223 and f. 224
- 17<sup>16</sup> ff. 229-244v, lacking three chapters after f. 231v and twenty chapters after f. 244
  Book 6, Chapter 5 (continued)-16, and Book 7, Chapters 1-4, lacking the end of the subheading De
  Curacio Ydropisi cum Calore (Chapter 5), Chapters 6-8 (De Ictericia, De Pascionibus Splenis, and De
  Pascionibus Renum), and most of Chapter 9 (De Apostemate Renum et Vesice). The clarification
  section of Chapter 9 (De Apostemate Renum et Vesice) is presented as a continuous part of Chapter
  5, subheading De Curacio Ydropisi cum Calore, in f. 231v. The text of Chapter 9 spliced into Chapter 5
  in f. 231v continues unbroken to f. 232r, which contains the end of Chapter 9 and beginning of
  Chapter 10 (without a break in the quire number sequence). It appears that Chapters 6-8, and all
  except the clarification section of Chapter 9, were not written.

f. 245, one parchment endleaf, blank except for ownership inscriptions.

# **Language and Orthography**

The Linguistic Atlas of Middle English (LALME) identifies the dialect of the Lylye as southern originating in Hampshire.<sup>68</sup> It has been noted that this 'is the only instance of a university medical treatise listed by LALME in a Hampshire dialect.'<sup>69</sup> The language of the text does appear to support this conclusion, as there are many features indicative of a southern or midland dialect.<sup>70</sup> Angus McIntosh states, 'in a late Middle English text, the regular or frequent occurrence of a present indicative plural ending -eth can

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> Angus McIntosh, et al., A Linguistic Atlas of Late Mediaeval English, 4 vols (Aberdeen: 1987), i, 145 and iii, 156-57

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> Voigts, 'Master . . . Stillatories,' 235; *LALME*, i, 198-99

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup>Apart from the *LALME*, sources useful in considering the language and orthography of the text include: J. A. Burrow and Thorlac Turville-Petre, *A Book of Middle English*, 3rd ed. (Oxford: 2005); *Middle English Dialectology: Essays on some Principles and Problems*, ed. Angus McIntosh, M. L. Samuels, Margaret Laing (Aberdeen: 1989); *Regionalism in Late Medieval Manuscripts and Texts: Essays celebrating the publication of A Linguistic Atlas of Late Mediaeval English*, ed. Felicity Riddy (Cambridge: 1991); Richard Jordan, *Handbook of Middle English Grammar: Phonology*, trans. Eugene Joseph Crook (Netherlands: 1974)

usually be taken as strong evidence of linguistic origin in the southern part of the country, or in the south or central West Midlands.<sup>71</sup> The endings *-ep, ip, yp,* or *-p* always form the present third person singular of verbs, such as *wolep, comep, havyp, dop,* but they also occur as present plural endings (i.e., 'bei schullep sone falle'). The past tense is typically formed by adding *-ed, -t,* or *-d.* The *i-* or *y-* prefix forms the past participle (e.g., *ysayed, ystopped*) and *-inge/-ynge* is always the present participle form. Plurals of nouns are formed primarily by adding *-is,* but also *-es, -ys,* except in the case of *eyes,* which has the *-en* plural ending (*e3en*). Adverbs are formed by adding *-liche, -lich, -ly* (e.g., *unkyndeliche*). *Scholde, schal,* and *wolde* point to a southern origin, as opposed to the northern *suld, sall,* and *wald.* The same is true for *siche* and *myche* compared to the northern *swylk* and *mykel.* Other word forms include *bep, fuyr(e), chirche,* and *strengpe.*<sup>72</sup> The anglicizing of some technical terms can also provide dialectal clues. For instance, the frequent use of *fecches* (vetches) is a feature found in the south and southwest midlands.<sup>73</sup>

The use of *th* in place of *p* appears first in f. 10r (*the*) and then is used sparingly until about mid-way through the text. Book 4 contains the first instances of *that* (136v) and *thing* (160v). Book 5 contains the first instances of *there* (173r), *therof* (177r), *than* (181v), *thei* (185r), *they* (194r), *thou* (197r), *this* (204r), *hath* (207r), *bith* (211v), and *these* (213v), which appear until the end of the text. Although the personal pronouns *they/thei* and *thou* appear, *hem/ham* and *her/hure* are the only forms used for *them* and *their*, respectively, throughout the text. Although *th* appears with greater frequency mid-way through the text, *p* is still the preferred form. There is no consistency to the usage of either – it appears to have been at the scribe's or translator's inclination. *Pe* is the definite article. *Pat*, *pis*, *pese* are the demonstrative pronouns.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> Angus McIntosh, 'Present Indicative Plural Forms in the Later Middle English of the North Midlands' in *Middle English Dialectology*, 116 – 122 at 116

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>72</sup> See *LALME*, iii, 156-57

 $<sup>^{73}</sup>$  Bjorn Wallner, 'Plant Names in the Middle English Guy de Chauliac', *Studia Neophilologica*, 64/1 (1992), 35-44 at 44

Of note, is the 'voice' of the text, which switches frequently between the first-person *I* and *we*, to directly addressing the reader as *pou*, to the third person (e.g., *pe leche*). Many instances of *pou*, especially in the format *now pou*, seem to occur as a solution to translating the Latin *nunc autem* or other constructions using *autem*. Elsewhere phrases containing *autem* are translated as *now*, *now it*, *now we*, *and*, *but*, *also*.

Instances of switching between different forms of narrative voice in the manuscript are evident in the following excerpts from the short introduction to effimera fever (ff. 4v-5v):

Now **bou** schalt ywyte [Nunc autem intelligendum]

As ensample berof, Y sett bis caas [Et verbi gratia ponamus nos]

Pan **be leche** most make his skyn hoote [oportet me calefacere]

3if ywote wel þat þe pacient was ybaþed in waterys þat beþ byndynge, þan **we** mowe ywyte wel þat þe porys beþ stopped [quoniam postquam scio quod aliquis balneatus est in aquis stipticis iam scio quod pori sunt iam condensati]<sup>74</sup>

### II. The Lylye as a Translation

### **Features and Challenges of the Translation**

It seems that the *Lilium* had already travelled to England well before the Middle English translation of the fifteenth century, based on surviving Latin manuscripts of English origin, which is not surprising considering the long range distribution of the text as a whole. The fifteenth-century text in MS.

Ashmole 1505 is unique in that it is the only extant copy in Middle English. However, it is hardly unique as a fifteenth-century Middle English translation of a Latin medical text. As represented in the Voigts and Kurtz database of Old and Middle English Scientific and Medical Writings, only about 200 vernacular

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>74</sup> Venice (1497), f. 11r

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>75</sup> London British Library MS. Sloane 334 (fourteenth century) and London British Library MS. Sloane 512 (fourteenth century). See also Demaitre, *Doctor Bernard*, 1

texts date to the fourteenth century, while 8,000 of the texts date to the fifteenth century. <sup>76</sup> The Middle English *Lylye* is a product of this wide movement to produce vernacular versions of medical writings that occurred in the fifteenth century.

During the Middle Ages, Greek and Arabic medical thought circulated in the West through the vehicle of Latin translations, perhaps the earliest instance of Latin being used as the language of science, which naturally infused vernacular languages with a new set of medical, botanical, and technical terms. As observed by Faith Wallis, translators of Latin into vernacular languages encountered a tension between translating literally, which may compromise understanding, versus paraphrasing, which is more vulnerable to errors in translation.<sup>77</sup> The Middle English *Lylye* has been called 'the least satisfactory of the medieval translations in six European vernaculars' and 'an unrevised first attempt at translation.<sup>78</sup> It has also been suggested that the *Lylye* may be a translator's draft, rather than a scribe's copy.<sup>79</sup> Furthermore, it has been stated that the translator was 'not skilled' and that he was unfamiliar with the 'vocabulary of philosophy and physiology.<sup>80</sup> It is known that MS. Ashmole 1505 was owned by influential medical individuals. It is also evident from the attention and expense put into the decorations in the manuscript that it was not an inconsequential project. Imprecisions in the *Lylye* could be due to mistranslation, a faulty exemplar, scribal mistakes in copying, or a combination of all those factors. The following examples demonstrate some of the ways in which the translator processed the Latin source material.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> Irma Taavitsainen, Päivi Pahta, 'Vernacularisation of Scientific and Medical Writing,' in *Medical and Scientific Writing in Late Medieval English*, eds Irma Taavitsainen and Päivi Pahta (Cambridge: 2004), 11; Linda Voigts, Patricia Deery Kurtz, *Scientific and Medical Writings in Old and Middle English: An Electronic Reference* CD (Ann Arbor: 2000) in eVK2 (2014) Voigts-Kurtz Search Program [http://cctr1.umkc.edu/search]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>77</sup> Faith Wallis, 'Science: Introduction' in *Medieval Latin: An Introduction and Bibliographical Guide*, eds F. A. C. Mantello, A. G. Rigg (Washington, D.C.: 1996), 342-347 at 343

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>78</sup> Voigts, 'Master . . . Stillatories,' 234

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> Luke Demaitre, 'Translations of Bernard of Gordon's *Lilium Medicinae*, A booke practike to meke men?' (unpublished paper, personal communication, September 2011)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>80</sup> Voigts, 'Master . . . Stillatories,' 234; Demaitre, 'Translations,' 25

A countesse bat was leprous come to Mounpeleris and atte last heo was in my cure. And a **squier** bat serued here lay by her and brougt her wib childe and be man bycome leprous. (f. 30v)

Quedam comitissa venit leprosa ad Montem pessulanum, et erat in siue in cura mea, et quidam **baccalarius in medicina** ministrabat ei et iacuit cum ea, et impregnauit eam, et perfectissime leprosus factus est. (f. 30r)

The chapter De Lepra contains this case study of a countess under Bernard's care. In the Latin, a man who contracted leprosy from her is titled 'baccalarius in medicina,' while in Middle English this is translated as 'a squier.'

But for be accidencis bib many and dyuerse, as now rest and wakynge and grete penaunce wib be pascyoun. Perfore, stoppynge fallib berfore. Perfore, oo maner bynge ne may not fulfille al bese. Perfore, bou most putt many bynges in be syrupe for be dyuersyte of a tercyan bat is forsaide. (f. 10r)

Sed quia accidentia sunt multiplicia, sicut est inquietudo et vigilie, et malicia tolerandi egritudinem ideo talibus competunt quodamodo stupefacientia, ideo vnum solum ista complectere non possunt igitur in sirupo oportet multa apponere, propter multitudinem eorum que dicta sunt. (f. 6v)

The translator chose *perfore* as a solution to translating a range of Latin forms, such as *idcirco*, *ideo*, *et tamen*, and *igitur*. *Indicantur* and *sicut oportet* are both translated as 'falliþ þerfore.' The example above shows the proliferation of *perfore* in the text, as well as a possible uneasiness of the translator when dealing with technical terms, such as *stupefacientia* (rendered as *stoppynge*). This hesitation with technical terms is also observed in the blank spaces with missing glosses for terms such as *horripilation* (f. 5r), *primytf* (f. 5r), and *ebullicioun* (f. 21r) and the difficulty with transcribing *emunctorij*, which is given as *eniunctorij* (f. 6v), *enioyntour* (f. 7r), *enioynctorye* (f. 29r), *enioyntorium* (f. 44v), and *enyonctorij* (f. 52v).

Pe 12 may be of grete sonus, as bonder and ober mo. (f. 57v)

Duodecima causa potest esse sonus terribilis sicut est tonitrui aut magnarum rotarum. (f. 54v)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>81</sup> Stupefacientia appears as Stupefactia in London British Library MS. Sloane 334 (f. 7v)

In the chapter De Dolore Capitis, the text presents a list of 12 main causes of head pain. The Latin includes the sound of *magnarum rotarum* (large wheels) in addition to thunder, while the corresponding Middle English has 'and oper mo.' This occurs frequently in the Middle English text as a method perhaps of saving space or truncating lines where many examples where deemed unnecessary by the translator.

Chapter headings and recipes are untranslated and Latin words are used to indicate the subject of the text, such as *causa*, *signa*, *pronosticacioun*, *cura*. The Latin influence on the Middle English text is evident in the translator's heavy use of Latin brevigraphs (e.g., per-, pro-, con-, -ra, -er, -us) and abbreviations, such as *co ru* (cholera rubea), *co ci* (colera citrina), *ro ru* (rosarum rubearum), *cap* (capitulum), and *spc* (spiritus). The translator often lapsed into Latin terms for *feuer* (e.g., *febris*, *febribus*). The text also inconsistently uses the Latin *item*, *verbi gratia*, *et*, *deinde*, *quare*, instead of Middle English equivalents, particularly within or after a passage of Latinate recipes, quotes, or plant names. The translator also showed indecision about how to make in-text references to the works of other authors. A reference is made to 'Galen in be booke of wytte' (f. 6v), which is also translated as *wysedome* (f. 4v). In Latin versions, this reference is to Galen's *De Ingenio Sanitatis*, which the Middle English translator possibly has mistaken for *sapientia*. Nevertheless, after these first few references Latin titles of books are left untranslated.

The translator faced many decisions when bringing the Latin *Lilium* into English, particularly how to translate Latin medical, technical, and botanical terms that did not have vernacular equivalents.

Substitutions are made where a vernacular word is available, but without consistency. For instance, *oats* is given as *otys/auenatum* and *wine* as *wyn/vino*. Furthermore, in Chapter 8 of Book 5, the translator substitutes *De Fastidio et Abhominacione* for *De Fastidio et Regimine Sanitatis*, but then leaves the following heading *Tractatus de Regimine Sanitatis* untranslated. R. James Long has stated that in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>82</sup> This is not a criticism nor a peculiarity of the *Lylye*. For instance, a fifteenth-century Middle English translation of a Latin phlebotomy manual also incorporates these Latin phrases throughout. Voigts and McVaugh, 'A Latin Technical Phlebotomy and its Middle English Translation,' 1984

translations of Latin botanical terms 'as many as 15 synonyms for the same plant have been counted and it is not unheard of that two or more words for the same herb appear in the same recipe.'83 This is an exact description of the way botanical terms appear in the *Lylye*. For instance, terms applied to pomegranate include *pome garnet*, *mala granata* (also *malorum granatorum* and *maligranati*), *balaustia*, and *psidia*; poppy is referred to as *papaueris*, *papauer*, and *papy*; mastic includes *masticis*, *mastix*, *mastik*, *mastic*, while the forms of barley include *barly*, *barliche*, *barlige*, *ordei*, *ordeato*, and *ordeatum*. This is true for disease names as well, such as dropsy, which appears as *ydropesye*, *dropesye*, *ydropico*, *ydropisy*, *ydropici*, *ydropisi*, and *ydropesi*. Although word forms are used with uniform irregularity, there are fewer blank spaces and corrections toward the end of the text. The Middle English translation captures the state of flux of two languages individually, Middle English and Medieval Latin, as well as the complexities of assimilating the two into a comprehensible technical document.<sup>84</sup>

The translation shows many of the common challenges evident in other Middle English translations of the period, such as how to interpret constructions using *autem*, how to translate modifying adverbial phrases and perfect passive participles, what words to leave untranslated (e.g., recipes, chapter headings, book titles, quotes, technical terms), and how to translate prepositions, pronouns, correlatives, and articles. A literal translation into English sometimes leads to awkward sounding sentences, while a translation of ideas, rather than words, can miss some of the nuances of the base language. For instance, in the treatment for *ptisic* (a wasting pulmonary illness), a number of foods that have healing virtues are listed, including *cancri fluuiales* (river crabs), which is translated as 'crabbis of waterys' and then a few lines later as 'crabbis of be see' (f. 147v).<sup>85</sup> The recipe may be original to Bernard (indigenous freshwater species of crab are found in the Hérault River in Montpellier), but the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>83</sup> R. James Long, 'Botany' in *Medieval Latin*, Mantello and Rigg (eds), 401-405 at 402

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>84</sup> Medieval Latin, Mantello and Rigg (eds), 1996; Keith Sidwell, Reading Medieval Latin (Cambridge: 1995)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>85</sup> Demaitre in 'Translations' also discusses this 'imprecision' in f. 147v. For comparisons of the Middle English with other vernaculars see Luke Demaitre, 'Medical Writing in Transition: Between Ars and Vulgus,' *Early Science and Medicine*, 3/2 (1988), 88-102 and Voigts, 'Takamiya MS 60,' 149-160

use of crab in Arabic medicine is well-recorded, as early as the ninth century with the physicians al-Tabari and al-Kindi and they were still used in Pakistani traditional medicine as late as the 1970s. <sup>86</sup> There are no freshwater indigenous crab species in England, but there are several indigenous marine species, so perhaps that lends some explanation to the generic translation of 'crabs of waters' and then the change to 'crabs of the sea' a few lines later. <sup>87</sup> This example is from f. 147v, about mid-way through the text. Of note, much earlier in the translation (f. 16v) in the treatment for ethica fever is an untranslated (*cancri fluuiales*) instance of this remedy. This shows the fluidity with which Latin terms and Middle English terms for the same item are used within this text; perhaps with an underlying assumption that the reader is multilingual and familiar with these remedies, but moreso it reflects the choices and skillset of the translator.

### The Lexicon

Faith Wallis has also commented that 'scientific Latin underwent significant mutation in the medieval centuries.' This idea of 'mutation' is an accurate portrayal of the Middle English translation when juxtaposed against the Latin versions of the *Lilium*. The ideas, concepts, and recipes present in the Latin versions of the *Lilium* available for comparison are also transmitted in the *Lylye* (i.e., the text cannot be judged necessarily as a 'bad' translation), but the language is a mixture of Middle English and Latin, as well as a hybrid of the two at some points.

Borrowing of Latin words is a very common occurrence in the *Lylye*, especially with the recipes. Terms are often imported straight from the Latin with little modification. Ingredient names are the most frequently borrowed terms. The recipes show little variation from Latin versions.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>86</sup> Efraim Lev, 'Traditional Healing with Animals (Zootherapy): Medieval to Present-Day Levantine Practice,' *Journal of Ethnopharmacology*, 85 (2003), 107–118; Pierre Y. Noël, Daniele Guinot, 'Non-Indigenous Freshwater Crabs in France: a New Occurence of a Potamid in Nice' in *Biological invaders in inland waters: Profiles, distribution, and threats*, ed. Francesca Gherardi (Dordrecht: 2007), 77-91

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>87</sup> There is one species of indigenous crayfish in the UK, the white-clawed crayfish, which does live in rivers and ponds, but crab species are only found along the sea coast. National Biodiversity Network's Gateway, *Crab and Crayfish Species in England* [https://data.nbn.org.uk/Taxa], accessed July 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>88</sup> Wallis, 'Science: Introduction,' 345

#### For instance:

Pynges þat falliþ herfore beþ þese: plantago, virga pastoris, portulaca, coriandrum, cerusa, plumbum vstum, bolus, acacia, opium, [n]itrum, sal, sulphure, nux antiqua vnctuosa, oleum rosaceum, cucumeri asinini, fel hircinum, piper, panis cum multo furfure, ciclamen, galle, lentes, alumen, granata acetosa, vua passa, fficus, camphore, cera alba, vinum ponticum. (f. 26r)

Materialia autem sunt ista plantago, portulaca, virga pastoris, coriandrum, cerusa, plumbum ustum, bole, acacia, opium, nitrum, ruta, sal, sulphur, nux antiqua unctuosa, oleum rosaceum, cucumeris asinini, fel hircinium, piper, panis cum multo furfure, cicla, galle, lentes, alumen, granata acetosa, uua passa, ficus, [illegible], camphour, cera alba, ponticum vinum. (British Library MS. Harley 3698, f. 10v)

Similar to ingredients, disease names are, for the most part, imported directly from Latin. For example:

Here we wole speke of feueres bat beb componed to gedre. And bere beb founden 5 maner berof in be maner bat we spekib now of whiche be first is clepyd sextena septena and so of ober.

Þe 2 is clepyd erratica.

Þe 3 is clepyd epilia.

Þe 4 is clepyd causonides.

Þe 5 emitriceus. (f. 15r)

Hic agitur de compositis et inueniuntur v species fe compositarum quantum est de presenti, quarum prima appellatur septena sextena et ita de alijs.

Secunda vocatur erratica.

Tertia vocatur epiala.

Quarta, causonides.

Quinta, emitriteus. (12v)<sup>89</sup>

Modification or misreading of t and c is common in this translation, as in *emitriceus* (Middle English) and *emitriteus* (Latin). Other variations include *pestilencialibus* (Latin: *pestilentialibus*), *canicies* (Latin: *canities*), and *3uctare* (Latin: *succarum*). At times, it is difficult to distinguish what form is intended.

In other instances, disease names are anglicized as in *lepre* (Latin: *lepra*) and *frenesye* (Latin: *frenesis*), but this is not the common practice. The translator also uses an English translation in some cases, such as *akynge* (Latin: *dolore*) and *quakynge* (Latin: *tremore membrorum*). Middle English glosses occur in the following ways: 'pustules, whelis' (f. 19v); 'ebrietas, bat is drunkenesse' (f. 77r); 'sternutacio, bat is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>89</sup> Quote is from the 1497 incunabulum. MS. Harley 3698 is similar, except for minor variations in spelling. Punctuation, expansion of *et*, and arrangement are all editorial.

ffnesinge' (f. 79v); 'fissura labiorum, þat is brekyne of þe lippys' (f. 122r); 'dentes, teeþ' (f. 127r); 'transglucio cibi, þat is swolewynge of mete' (f. 166v); 'eructuacio is balkynge' (f. 179v); 'humydite, moystenesse' (f. 233v).

Latin anatomical terms are brought into Middle English with little to no modification, such as *trachea*, *conjunctiua*, *cornea*, *pia mater*, *dura mater*, *duodenum*, and *jejunum*, which remain unchanged to the present day. The following two recipes from the Middle English text demonstrate the borrowing of Latin ingredient names and instances of code-switching when providing instructions ('fiat sirupus clarificatus' as compared to 'make herof a syrupe').

**Rx** endiuie, scariole, lactuca nouellarum, and summitatum papaueris albi, 4 semina frigidorum maiorum et minorum ana  $\S$  j, rosarum rubearum, nenifar, florum violarum ana  $\S$  j and  $\beta$ , sandali  $\S$  ij, aceti albi  $\S$  iij, panis  $\S$  juctare libra j. Fiat sirupus clarificatus. (f. 10r)

Rx radicis feniculi, petroselini, apij, brusci, sparagi, semen endiuie, semen scariole ana  $\S$  j, lac[ca], spice[nardi], squinanti ana  $\S$  ij, melle roset, panis  $\S$  uctare ana libra j. Make herof a syrupe. (f. 14r)

Other instances of code-switching include chapter lists and headings, proverbs, quotes from authorities, book titles, Bible verses, and medical mnemonic devices. Pahta made the observation that code-switching occurs more often in medical texts than other disciplines. In this text, it may be due to the special language associated with medicine, skill level of the translator, or to preserve an organizational structure, as in the case of chapter headings and titles.<sup>90</sup>

(Oxford: 2012), 528-537; Philip Durkin, Borrowed Words. A History of Loanwords in English (Oxford: 2014); Placing Middle English in Context, ed. Irma Taavitsainen (Berlin, 2000); Sarah Grey Thomason, 'Contact as a source of language change' in The Handbook of Historical Linguistics, eds Brian D. Joseph and Richard D. Janda (Oxford: 2003), 687-712

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>90</sup> Päivi Pahta, 'Code-Switching in Medieval Medical Writing' in *Medical and Scientific Writing in Late Medieval English*, 73-99 at 75. See also *Code-Switching in Early English*, eds Herbert Schendl and Laura Wright (Berlin: 2011); Päivi Pahta, 'Code-Switching in English of the Middle Ages' in *Oxford Handbook of the History of English*, eds Terttu Nevalainen and Elizabeth Closs Traugott

### **III. Historical Background**

### Bernard of Gordon and the Lilium Medicinae

Among the medical authorities in the Canterbury Tales General Prologue, Chaucer cites Bernard of Gordon, alongside Dioscorides, Galen, Hippocrates, Ibn Sīnā, John of Gaddesden, and Gilbertus Anglicus. 91 Such a citation indicates the reputation of Bernard's work, only recently being reconsidered in greater detail by scholars such as Luke Demaitre and Linda Voigts in particular. 92 As Chaucer's statement indicates, the Lilium is connected with a wider tradition of encyclopedias, pharmacopeias, and medical writings during the medieval period. Bernard's Lilium Medicinae was cited in John of Gaddesden's Rosa Medicinae, which has been described as being 'heavily indebted' to the Lilium, as well as 'an inferior imitation of the Lilium.'93 Bernard of Gordon is quoted three times in John Arderne's treatise Fistula in Ano, for his anatomical description of urethral fistula, his method of diagnosing haemorrhoids, and his recipe for treating tenesmus. 94 Lanfranc of Milan's Chirurgia Parva is dedicated to 'his friend, a certain Bernard.'95 The text was widely disseminated during the medieval period; the Latin text of the Lilium is extant in fifty manuscripts and several printed editions. 96 Furthermore, it was translated into a range of vernaculars, including Hebrew, French, Spanish, and Irish. The Lilium was part of the curriculum at the University of Montpellier in the fourteenth century, it was required reading at the University of Vienna in 1520, and the last known printing occurred as late as 1697 in a Spanish translation. 97 A page of the Paris (1542) edition presented by Luke Demaitre in his study of medieval

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>91</sup> The Riverside Chaucer, ed. L. D. Benson, 3rd ed. (Oxford: 1987), 30

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>92</sup> Demaitre, *Doctor Bernard*, 1980; Demaitre, *Medieval Medicine*, 2013; Voigts, 'Master . . . Stillatories,' 233–234; Voigts, 'Takamiya MS 60,' 149-160

<sup>93</sup> Hunt, *Popular Medicine*, 26; Demaitre, *Doctor Bernard*, 59

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>94</sup> Treatises of Fistula in Ano, Power (ed.), 14, 59, 73

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>95</sup> Michèle Goyens, Pieter De Leemans, An Smets, *Science Translated: Latin and Vernacular Translations of Scientific Treatises in Medieval Europe* (Leuven: 2008), 441. It must be taken into account that only the name 'Bernard' is stated without reference to Gordon or Montpellier. However, Lanfranc spent most of his career in Lyon and Paris, Bernard was an active member of the medical faculty at this time (a few years away from publishing his first treatise), so it is not unlikely that their paths crossed.

<sup>96</sup> Demaitre, *Doctor Bernard*, 51

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>97</sup> Demaitre, *Medieval Medicine*, 30

medicine is covered with extensive notes by a late sixteenth-century reader. <sup>98</sup> The multiple manuscript copies, several languages, and many printed versions (all occurring over a 400-year span of time), as well as the active engagement with the material demonstrated in some editions are all evidence of the text's longstanding and widespread interest even into the late Renaissance and early Enlightenment period.

Many biographical questions surround Bernard of Gordon (also referred to as Bernardij Gordonij and Bernadus de Gordonio), as his works, and those that reference him, are largely silent about his origins and other personal matters and even his birth and death dates are speculative. <sup>99</sup> A bibliographical study of Bernard's writings was completed by Karl Sudhoff in 1917, while a thorough treatment of Bernard's life and works was completed by Luke Demaitre in 1980. An in-depth study of Bernard's life and Latin texts are beyond the scope of this current project. An overview of the most pertinent biographical details is offered here, but consultation of the above works is recommended for more comprehensive details. <sup>100</sup>

From the introduction to the *Lilium* and the *Lylye*, Bernard describes himself as a doctor who commenced work on the text in 1303 in his study in Montpellier after twenty years of medical practice. Based on an estimate that he was twenty-five at the time he started teaching, a birthdate of 1258 has been offered as a possibility, while the date of his death has been speculated to be around 1320. There has been some disagreement about his nationality since the mid-twentieth century. Chaucer lists Bernard in a trio with John of Gaddesden and Gilbertus Anglicus, who both have connections with the British Isles. In his early twentieth-century edition of *The Canterbury Tales*, F. N. Robinson defines

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>98</sup> Demaitre, *Medieval Medicine*, xi

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>99</sup> Bernardij Gordonij in British Library Sloane MS 512 and the 1559 (Lyon) edition. Bernadus de Gordonio appears in British Library MS. Harley 3698, British Library MS. Sloane 3096, and the 1497 (Venice) incunabulum

Demaitre, *Doctor Bernard*, 37; Karl Sudhoff, 'Zur Schriftstellerei Berhnards von Gordon und deren zeitlicher Folge; eine Handschriftenstudie,' *Archiv für Geschichte der Medizin*, 10 (1917), 162-188

<sup>101</sup> Demaitre, Doctor Bernard, 31

Bernard of Gordon as 'a Scot.'<sup>102</sup> In the 2013 publication, *A History of Geology and Medicine*, R. Console states that Bernard of Gordon was 'a Scottish professor of medicine.'<sup>103</sup> Perhaps the early characterization by Chaucer and the Scottish-sounding name 'Gordon' is what led these scholars to associate Bernard with Scottish ancestry, although there is no mention of any connection with Scotland in his writings or in the writings of those who cite him.<sup>104</sup> Luke Demaitre and other historians have suggested Gourdon in Quercy, which is not far from Montpellier, as a possible birthplace for Bernard, which seems most plausible considering that Bernard appears to have spent the entirety of his lengthy medical career in Montpellier with no extant evidence to the contrary.<sup>105</sup>

Bernard's first treatise, *De Regimine Acutorum Morborum*, concerning the treatment of acute diseases, was published in 1294. Other works include: *Liber Pronosticorum* or *De Prognosticis* (1295, on prognosis), *Tractatus De Reductione Geomancie* (1295, astrology, horoscopes), *De Decem Ingeniis Curandorum Morborum* (1299, methods of treatment compiled from Galen and Ibn Sīnā), *Tractatus De Gradibus* (1303, effects of drugs), *Liber De Conservacione Vite Humane* (1308, composed of four treatises: *De Flebotomia, De Urinis, De Pulsibus, Regimen Sanitatis*). 106

The context of Bernard of Gordon's Lilium Medicinae is as follows:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>102</sup> The Works of Geoffrey Chaucer, ed. F. N. Robinson, 2nd ed. (Boston: 1957), 662

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>103</sup> Renzo Console, 'Pharmaceutical use of Gold from Antiquity to the Seventeenth Century' in *A History of Geology and Medicine* eds C. J. Duffin, R. T. J. Moody, C. Gardner-Thorpe (Bath: 2013), 178

<sup>104</sup> Demaitre, Doctor Bernard, 2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>105</sup> Demaitre, *Doctor Bernard*, 4

<sup>106</sup> Demaitre, *Doctor Bernard*, 38

| Table 2. Select Timeline <sup>107</sup> |                       |   |  |  |
|---|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| Name                                    | Birthdate - Deathdate | Major Work, Date                          |  |  |
| Gilbertus Anglicus                      | ca. 1180–ca. 1250     | Compendium Medicinae,<br>ca. 1240         |  |  |
| Bartholomew Anglicus                    | ca. 1203–1272         | <i>De Proprietatibus Rerum,</i> ca. 1240  |  |  |
| Lanfranc of Milan                       | ca. 1250–1306         | Chirurgia Magna, 1296                     |  |  |
| Bernard of Gordon                       | ca. 1258–ca. 1320     | Lilium Medicinae, 1305                    |  |  |
| Henri de Mondeville                     | ca. 1260–1320         | Chirurgie, ca. 1306–1320                  |  |  |
| John of Gaddesden                       | ca. 1280–1361         | Rosa Medicinae, 1314                      |  |  |
| Guy de Chauliac                         | ca. 1300–1368         | Chirurgia Magna, 1363                     |  |  |
| John Arderne                            | 1307–ca. 1380         | Practica de Fistula in Ano, etc.,<br>1376 |  |  |

#### **Medical Education**

As with Bernard's origins and personal life, the lack of direct evidence makes it difficult to determine where he received his medical training. George Sarton has suggested that Bernard was educated at Salerno, while Luke Demaitre states that it is unlikely that he ever even visited Salerno and was probably educated at Montpellier. At the time that Bernard of Gordon was completing his *Lilium Medicinae* in Montpellier, it has been said that 'the University of Montpellier was at its greatest glory.' By considering the context of medieval medical education in general, it is possible to discern some of the influences that Bernard may have encountered during his training and career, even if it is not possible to pinpoint the exact school he attended.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>107</sup> D. A. Watters, 'Guy de Chauliac: Pre-Eminent Surgeon of the Middle Ages,' *ANZ Journal of Surgery*, 83, 10, (2013), 730-4; Demaitre, *Doctor Bernard*, 31; Elizabeth Keen, *The Journey of a Book: Bartholomew the Englishman and the Properties of Things* (Canberra: 2007), 2; Faye Marie Getz, *Healing and Society in Medieval England*, 1991; H. E. Handerson, *Gilbertus Anglicus: Medicine of the Thirteenth Century* (Cleveland: 1918) [http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/16155.bibrec.html], accessed July 2014; J. Vrebos, 'Thoughts on a Neglected French Medieval Surgeon: Henri de Mondeville (+/-1260-1320),' *Acta Chirurgica Belgica*, 111/2 (2011), 107-15; Jukka Tyrkko, 'Halles Lanfranke and its Most Excellent and Learned Expositive Table' in *Words in Dictionaries and History: Essays in Honour of R. W. McConchie* eds Olga Timofeeva and Tanya Säily (Philadelphia: 2011), 17-39; *Lanfrank's Science of Cirurgie*, ed. Robert von Fleischhacker, EETS 102 (1894; reprint 1988); Norman Capener, 'John of Gaddesden,' *Annals of Surgery*, 154 (1961), 13–17; *On the Properties of Things: John Trevisa's Translation of Bartholomaeus Anglicus, De Proprietatibus Rerum*, ed. M. C. Seymour et al., 3 vols (Oxford: 1975); Pouchelle, *Body and Surgery*, 2; *The Cyrurgie of Guy de Chauliac*, ed. Margaret S. Ogden, EETS 265 (1971); *Treatises of Fistula in Ano*, Power (ed.), x, xii; Wallis, *Medieval Medicine*, 281

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>108</sup> Demaitre, *Doctor Bernard*, 29

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>109</sup> Pouchelle, *The Body and Surgery*, 4

In the twelfth century, Arabic medicine, influenced largely by Classical medicine, was made available to the west through Latin translations, including works by al-Razi, Ali Ibn al-'Abbas al-Majusi, Ibn Rushd, and Ibn Sīnā. <sup>110</sup> In general, medical teaching was built on the medieval educational foundation of the seven arts: the trivium (grammar, rhetoric, and logic) and the quadrivium (music, arithmetic, geometry, astronomy). Counter to popular conceptions of the period, dissections of cadavers to teach anatomy occurred in some medical schools as early as the thirteenth century. A decree by Emperor Frederick II (1241) required the study of anatomy by candidates wishing to obtain a licence to practise surgery in Naples. <sup>111</sup> Mondino de Luzzi, from the medical faculty at the University of Bologna, even published one of the earliest known anatomy textbooks in 1316. <sup>112</sup> Practical experience was also a part of medical education (specifically at the medical school in Montpellier). Statutes as early as 1220 required medical students to practise for a length of time outside of Montpellier before being presented for a licence. <sup>113</sup> Although medieval medical schools developed at varying rates and were separated by size and distance, they shared a common curriculum of Greek and Arabic medical theory transmitted through Latinate compilations, as well as novel texts written by faculty members.

Physicians received this intensive course of medical education in a university setting. Training in surgical procedures does appear to have been part of the university medical programme (specifically in Montpellier); however, bloodletting, dental procedures, amputations, couching, and other forms of surgery had long been associated with surgeons and barbers, who learned by apprenticeship and not by formal university training. Bernard completed his treatise at the same time that Henri de Mondeville, royal surgeon to Philip the Fair and visiting lecturer in the medical school at Montpellier, was writing his

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>110</sup> Demaitre, *Medieval Medicine*, 11; Peter E. Pormann and Emilie Savage-Smith, Medieval Islamic Medicine (Edinburgh: 2007); Siraisi, *Medieval & Early Renaissance Medicine*, 12; Tony Hunt, *The Medieval Surgery* (Woodbridge: 1992), xi

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>111</sup> Siraisi, Medieval & Early Renaissance Medicine, 86

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>112</sup> Edward Grant, *God and Reason in the Middle Ages* (Cambridge: 2001), 112

Demaitre, 'Theory and Practice in Medical Education at the University of Montpellier in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Centuries,' *Journal of the History of Medicine*, 30 (1975), 103-123 at 119

treatise on surgery. 114 Mondeville, a highly educated and respected surgeon, gives his opinion of the contemporary state of surgery in the introduction to his treatise: 'I do not see any surgeon among my contemporaries who is inclined to study; very few of them are lettered.' Furthermore, he states, 'surgery . . . is above all a theoretical science, and this aspect of it cannot be mastered by any mere layman.' 115 The same sentiment was voiced much later in a fifteenth-century Middle English translation of Lanfranc's major surgical treatise, which speaks of 'manye lewid lechis' attempting to perform surgical procedures beyond their skill level. 116 A fifteenth-century Middle English translation of John Arderne's Fistula in Ano records an incident of an unskilled surgeon who 'deceyued many men' in trying to cure fistulas. In response, Arderne states that his treatise will 'remoue false opinions of ignorant men.' 117 Arderne is an example of a surgeon who was not university trained, but who still developed a reputable practice.

In the *Lylye*, surgeons are recommended specifically for *fistula in ano*, but, for the most part, they are mentioned as the last resort in conditions that are resisting more conservative treatments. For instance, in treating gangrene, the *Lylye* states that it is better to treat the dead flesh with medicine or cauterization than it is to treat it with cutting (f. 27r). The *Lylye* mentions two cases where surgeons caused injury to patients by cutting away too much flesh in attempting to treat tumours and fistula in the eyes (f. 99). The text states that for cases of surgical accidents there is no cure (f. 99r). In the treatment of haemorrhoids, the text concludes that surgeons for the most part are unskilled (f. 214r). The text also states that care should be taken when choosing a surgeon and to be certain that he is university-trained, understands anatomy and the properties of medicines, and is 'yletteryd and expert' (ff. 39v, 99, 104v-105r, 214r; f. 98r). In the *Lylye*, the physician is expected to know how to perform

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>114</sup> Pouchelle, *The Body and Surgery*, 2, 5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>115</sup> Both quotes come from Pouchelle, *Body and Surgey*, 15

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>116</sup> Lanfrank's Science of Cirurgie, von Fleischhacker (ed.), 292

<sup>117</sup> Treatises of Fistula in Ano, Power (ed.), 3

bloodletting, incisions, sewing of wounds, setting of bones, cupping, cauterization, and couching and to only turn to surgeons for particular disorders (*fistula in ano*) or as a last option.

In England, an Act of Parliament in 1540 united the barbers' guild and surgeons' guild and, significantly, restricted barbers to haircutting, shaving, and bloodletting, while surgeons performed all other surgical procedures, including dissections for anatomy lessons (both professions administered tooth extractions). Surgeons separated from the barbers by another Act of Parliament in 1745, which formed the Company of Surgeons (later the Royal College of Surgeons, 1800). The Middle Ages were a formative period for the major medical disciplines. Attempts to regulate and codify the practices of each field were mixed with a great deal of cross-over amongst actual practitioners.

### IV. Medical Practice in the Middle English Lylye of Medicynes

## **Humoral Theory**

In the opening chapters on fever, the text states that there are three 'lemes' in the human body: *fast lemes* (Latin: *solida*), *humours*, and *spiritus* (f. 6v). Humoral theory is key to understanding how medieval physicians perceived the human body and disease conditions. Simply stated, humoral theory, derived from ancient Greek authorities, particularly Hippocrates and Galen, posits that disease is the result of an imbalance (*dyscrasia*) in one of the four humours [sanguine (or blood), melancholy (or black bile), phlegm, and choler (or yellow bile)], that make up the body. Each humour is connected with one of the four elements originally defined in Antiquity (air, earth, water, fire), two qualities (hot, cold, dry, or wet), and a personality temperament. A patient's complexion (healthy or unhealthy) was determined by the balance of these factors. The chart below summarizes how these categories were thought to interact. 120

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>118</sup> Furdell, Royal Doctors, 10; see also 'History of the Company,' Worshipful Company of Barbers (barberscompany.org) 'College History,' Royal College of Surgeons [http://www.rcseng.ac.uk/]

Alexandria E. de Aranzeta, 'From Hippocrates to Adams County: Tracing Humoral Medicine in Literature and Practice,'
International Journal for Healthcare & Humanities, 2/2 (2008), 25-29 at 26; Terence Scully, 'Therapeutic Use of Garden Herbs' in
Health and Healing in the Medieval Garden, eds Peter Dendle and Alain Touwaide (Woodbridge, Suffolk: 2008), 60

| Table 3. Aspects of Humoral Theory <sup>121</sup> |              |            |                    |
|---|--------------|------------|--------------------|
| Element   | Quality      | Humour     | Temperament        |
| Air   | Hot and Wet  | Sanguine   | Cheerful, Lively   |
| Earth   | Cold and Dry | Melancholy | Quiet, Reserved    |
| Water   | Cold and Wet | Phlegm     | Easygoing, Relaxed |
| Fire  | Hot and Dry  | Choler     | Irritable, Angry   |

It was the medieval doctor's responsibility to accurately diagnose the offending humours and restore the balance through dietary means, purging, bloodletting, sleep/wakefulness, and curing by contraries [i.e., an infection (hot and wet) could be counteracted with *plantago* (cold and dry)]. Diet, sleep, exercise, emotions, planetary movements, and weather conditions were all factors that influenced illness. By correcting an excess or a deficit, healing could be enabled.

In the *Lylye*, terminology is not explicitly defined and different terms are used interchangeably. Pathological humours that are out of balance, corrupt, or causing disease are often described as *unkyndly* or against *kynde*, which is the physical constitution or the physical capacity within a human to heal. The Galenic terminology of *natural* and *non-natural* also appear as part of the diagnostic and treatment process. In this perspective, *naturals* are the elements, complexions, humours, spiritus (breath), faculties, operations, and body parts, while non-naturals (see f. 90r) are the physiological, psychological, and environmental factors affecting health (air, exercise/rest, sleep/wake, food/drink, repletion/excretion, passions/emotions). \*\*

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>121</sup> Galen and Galenism, eds Jon Arrizabalaga, Monserrat Cabré, Lluís Cifuentes, Fernando Salmón (Aldershot, 2002); Avicenna's Canon of Medicine, ed. Laleh Bakhtiar (Chicago: 1999)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>122</sup> Siraisi, *Medieval & Early Renaissance Medicine*, 101; Demaitre, 'Theory and Practice in Medical Education at the University of Montpellier,' 106

important component of the treatment process when vapours are believed to be withheld. Galen believed the spiritus (or pneuma), otherwise known as the soul, breath, or the life force, came from the air and was absorbed by the lungs and the blood. The spiritus was further divided into three categories: brain/nerves (psychic), the heart (vital), and the liver (natural). 123 Apart from an imbalance in humours or withholding of vapours, problems with the flow of the spiritus could also cause illness. The Lylye speaks of the spiritus that flows from the heart into the blood and into the whole body. Quoting Ibn Sīnā (and Aristotle), the text states 'wytte comythe of the brayne, spiritus comyb fro the herte, blood and wilnynge comythe fro the lyuere and fro the raynys' (f. 240r). The spiritus generated in the heart flows into all the body via the vasculature bringing with it either health or sickness (ff. 4v, 17v, 80v). Finally, the Lylye divides parts of the body according to nobility. Noble limbs, such as the heart, are those that are sensitive and more affected by injury or even strong medical treatments. Humours are said to boil and rot within the veins and arteries and death is usually eminent if corrupt matter falls to the heart (ff. 74r, 80v). The Lylye reflects many of the principles about the humours, spiritus, and nobility of the limbs that conform to the accepted ideas of the period, which were themselves indebted to Arabic scholars and the physicians of Antiquity.

### **Understanding of Anatomy**

Anatomical description and complexity varies greatly. Bernard expressed difficulty in understanding and managing matters of the cardiovascular system and the nervous system (particularly in detecting the pulse and treating epilepsy) and correspondingly the anatomical definitions for these systems are sparse, except in the case of terminology for the superficial veins used for bloodletting.

Bloodletting, although a popular image of medieval medicine, does not occur in the most used treatments in the Lylye. It is used primarily in combination with other purgatives, when the patient is considered replete, at the very beginning of an illness, and if the patient can withstand it, but always

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>123</sup> James J. Bono, 'Medical Spirits and the Medieval Langauge of Life,' *Traditio*, 40 (1984), 91-130

with a warning about the potential for harm (either by weakening the patient, drawing corrupt matter into the veins, or causing profuse bleeding). Major veins listed by name include the sophenus, which extends for the length of the legs; cephalica, which passes through the muscles of the upper arms (deltoid and pectoralis major); basilica, which passes through the biceps in the arms; the mediana, which connects the cephalic and basilic veins; and venas miseraicas, which could be any of the mesenteric veins that drain blood from the intestines (they are also associated with the liver). The text warns that opening the venas miseraicas can result in diarrhoea or intestinal bleeding. Finally, the text describes the lyuere vein, which goes toward the heart and branches into the basilic veins of the right and left arms, which are surrounded by capillares (f. 156r). The type of vein to open for bloodletting depended on many factors, including the accessibility of the vein by the physician, the constitution of the patient, the potential of drawing corrupt humours into the vessels, type of illness, and stage of illness. For instance, superficial veins of the head or nose were preferred for the relief of headache, while the sophenous was preferred for pathologies with the sanguine humour as the primary cause. As previously stated, the spiritus flows out of the heart into all the body by way of the vasculature carrying with it health or wellness. Similarly, heat is associated with the cardiovascular system, particularly the heat of fevers, and a hot heart is said to be more dangerous than a cold heart, even though it is also stated that the heart becomes cold as death approaches (f. 22r). Nails are said to be engendered from superflytees of the heart (f. 46r). Wounds of the heart are incurable (f. 39r) and the main medicines that 'confortib be herte' are electuaries, such as dyacameron, diarodon, iulij, and crocus (f. 81r).

Nerves are said to be affected negatively by coldness, dryness, moisture, blockages in the flow of spiritus, or wounds, such as cutting or bruising (f. 71r). The optic nerves are the only nerves named in the text and they are described as being responsible for producing both sight and hearing. The brain is highly affected by fumes and vapours arising from the stomach, liver, or spleen. *Enpostemes* in the base of the skull cause fatigue, forgetfulness, or mental disorders and 'corruption of mind' is caused by

affliction of the brain in the posterior part of the head. Sleepwalking is due to a hot and moist brain, while *congelacione* is due to a cold and dry brain (ff. 68v, 73r). Imagination is located in the front of the brain and when this is corrupted by humours it causes 'out of mynde' (f. 73r). *Frensy* is caused by a hot swelling in the *vilmis*, while epilepsy is caused by a blockage of the spiritus in the ventricles of the brain (ff. 77v, 81r). Anatomical terms include *cerebellare*, *dura mater*, *pia mater*, and *panniculis*, all of which are highly sensitive to fumes within the body or external injury from without. The text recommends that three things are necessary 'to haue good mynde.' The disposition of the brain must be hot and dry. The patient must not hear too many 'meruayles' and the patient must have rest in body and soul because 'a soule bat sittip and restip bycomeb wyse' (f. 66r).

The lungs allow vapours to escape from the heart and thus provide a cooling function. Where there is pathology, the heart is not properly ventilated, heat and vapours build up within, and these toxic substances are passed to the rest of the body (f. 219r). Associated with the lungs are the *dyaffragma*, *canellys* (Latin: *cannarum*), and *panniculis*. Cartilage prevents the lungs from feeling by 'kynde,' but the *panniculis* and *canellys* allow for a 'feble' manner of feeling (ff. 141r, 149v). In the roof of the mouth is the *palett* and originating at the base of the *tunge* is the 'wey of mete' called the *meri* or *ysofagus* and the 'wey of brebe' called the *trachea artera*, which is covered by the *epiglotum*. The 'middle way' between the *ysofagus* and *trachea* is called *guttur*. The *vuula* is said to perform many important functions, including to protect the lungs from external fumes and powders, change the temperature of inhaled air, form the voice, and protect the *trachea* from food and the *ysophagus* from air (f. 136v).

Other terms include *duo amigdala* (tonsils), the front of the neck is called *gula*, and the back of the neck is called *ceruix* (f. 132r, f. 138v). The voice, produced specifically by the lungs, trachea, uvula, and epiglottis, is described as a 'noble deed of the soul' (f. 138r).

The liver is described as one of the noble parts of the body. According to Galen it is the place where blood is generated and it is the location of the natural spirit. It is able to amend errors in digestion made by the stomach (f. 194r) and it is the 'ffirst leme in generacyoun of lemys' (f. 217v). Due to the nobility, sensitivity, and prominence of the organ, when humours become corrupt in the liver (particularly the sanguine humour) the result is a wide range of serious illnesses that affect the entire body (f. 194r). The liver is said to suffer from imbalances in heat, coldness, dryness, and moisture related to the six nonnaturals (f. 217v), but it is particularly affected by sweet foods, such as honey and figs, difficult to digest foods, such as old beef and cabbage, soft and moist fruits/vegetables, such as melons and cucumbers, cold water, excessive work, and sexual activity (f. 217v, f. 218r). All of these factors, particularly the foods, cause obstruction in the liver with resulting pathologies that are more deadly than blockages in other organs (f. 222r). An imbalance in the phlegmatic humour is largely the reason for blockages, while an imbalance in the sanguine humour causes swelling (f. 222r, f. 225r). The shape of the liver is described as gibbo and it is comprised of the main lyvere vein (possibly the hepatic portal vein), the venas miseraicas, and the zima (Latin: sima) or the hollow area where the portal vein enters (f. 222v). Hepatic problems are characterized by hardness, swelling (enposteme or sclirosim), and pain in the region of the liver (f. 222v). The spleen and the gall bladder are connected with the liver and together they cleanse the blood from toxic humours, namely choler and melancholy. A dysfunction in purifying activity can cause melancholy matter to rise to the head where it generates mood disorders or epilepsy (f. 74r, f. 81v, f. 225r). Similar to the liver, the spleen is also susceptible to hardness and swelling (f. 10r), but disorders of the spleen most often have the melancholy humour as the cause, unlike the liver, which is predominantly associated with the sanguine humour.

The stomach is described as the place of appetite and starting point for the digestive process, which is connected with the liver. The liver is described as a more noble organ than the stomach because it is often responsible for correcting errors in digestion made by the stomach; however, the intricate

connection between these organs also means that the liver is susceptible to diseases originating from the stomach. The rest of the digestive system is as follows: *duodenum, ieiunum, ylia, orobus, colon* (or 'last bowel'), *longaon*, and the *kylis vein* (Latin: *chili*), which has five branches (f. 208r, f. 213v). The bladder and kidneys are described as 'hollow places' (f. 234r). The kidneys are 'fleschy,' while the 'way between' the kidneys and bladder is more 'nervous' (f. 232r). The bladder's natural disposition is said to be cold and moist, while the kidneys are of a hot nature (f. 233v). *Superflytees* are said to fall particularly to the kidneys and the bladder (f. 210v). The kidneys also play a role in reproduction due to their natural heat. According to the *Lylye*, conception requires heat, wind, and moisture. Furthermore, quoting lbn Sīnā, the *Lylye* states that the brain is the source of wit, spiritus comes from the heart, and blood and the will come from the liver and kidneys. Only the individuals (both male and female) that possess these characteristics will be able to conceive (f. 240r).

The greatest anatomical description is reserved for the eyes. The anatomy is derived from Galen, nevertheless, early writers attributed a particular acumen for ophthalmology to Bernard, crediting him as one of the first doctors to mention eyeglasses. Additionally, The *Lylye* is entirely devoid of marginalia by readers, except for the section on eyes. In the chapter *Fistula in Lacrimali* (f. 99r), a number of glosses by a later reader are present, while the chapter titled 'weakness of sight' (*De Debilitate Visus*) contains the following comments from a later reader: 'thyngis anoyous for the sighte' (f. 105r), 'a good water for eyen' (f. 106r), and 'a specyall wa[ter] for eyen' (f. 106v). The reference to eyeglasses is found in the same section (weakness of sight) as these later comments in a statement about the efficacy of a particular recipe for eye drops. In the Middle English it is rendered as, 'bis is so grete of vertue þat it makiþ elde men rede smal lettre wiþout any spectacle,' while in the 1497 Latin incunabulum (and the 1559 printed edition) *spectacle* is given as *ocularibus*. The MED defines *spectacle* 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>124</sup> Edward Rosen, 'The Invention of Eyeglasses' *Journal of the History of Medicine and Allied Sciences*, April (1956), [http://jhmas.oxfordjournals.org/], 183-218 at 201-202

as 'a device for assisting or enhancing the vision, a lens, an eyeglass.' Manuscripts of the *Lilium* from the thirteenth and fourteenth centuries differ from later printed editions in that such forms as *oculo* berellino or oculo de berillino are employed instead of ocularibus. This discrepancy led Edward Rosen in his discussion of the history of eyeglasses to question Bernard's prescience in the development of eyeglasses and to attribute the reference to later editors of the *Lilium* rather than to Bernard. Magnifying lenses for reading made of beryl (or quartz or another translucent precious stone) are also referenced by Guy de Chauliac in *Chirurgia Magna*, as well as by earlier authors such as Roger Bacon and Robert Grosseteste. Bernard may have been referencing a type of magnifying glass made of beryl rather than eyeglasses in the present day conception of the term.

The optic nerves are described in anatomical detail, specifically the optic chiasm where the nerves cross within the brain. They are understood to be agents that transfer the 'spirit of sight' to the eye from the brain, as well as the source of hearing. The *tunica sclirotica* is said to derive from the *dura mater* and functions as a protective coating for the eye against the skull. Following the *tunica sclirotica* is the *tunica retina*, which is full of blood vessels to nourish the eye. This is followed by the *humour vitreus* and *cristallinus*. The *humour glacealis* is a transparent space (Latin: *diaphanae*) that receives colour. The *tunica aranea* is a thin membrane covering the *glacialis space* and is followed by the *humour albugineus*. Then comes the *tunica vuea*, which is black or green or of 'diverse colours.' The *vuea* is a hollow space containing the *pupilla* for the spirit of sight to pass through unimpeded. The *cornea*, described as a protective layer with four coats, is covered by the *coniunctiua*, which binds the whole eye (f. 94). The rest of the ocular anatomy is comprised of *lacrimali* (relating to tears, especially the corner of the eye), *palpebrarum* (eyebrows), *y3elyddys*, and muscles and sinews (*lacerti*), which hold the eye in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>125</sup> Respectively, British Library MS Sloane 512 (f. 107r) and British Library MS. Harley 3698 (f. 40r), British Library MS. 334 (f. 78r)

Rosen, 'The Invention of Eyeglasses,' 201-202

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>127</sup> G. ten Doesschate, 'Some Historical Notes on Spectacles and on Beryllus,' *British Journal of Ophthalmology* 30/11 (1946), 660–664

place and enable it to move. All these anatomical features of the eye suffer many afflictions (particularly the cornea and conjunctiva) and the text states, 'be pasciouns of be yzen bib hard to knowe and hard to cure' (f. 95r).

### **Diagnosis and Prognosis**

For the most part, the chapters of the Lylye are systematically organized into five headings: the causes, signs (symptoms), prognosis, cure, and clarification of a disorder. Identifying causes that are 'without' as opposed to causes that are 'within' is an important aspect of the diagnostic process. An external cause usually had to do with weather, work, or some environmental agent (e.g., falling, battle wounds, animal bites), while internal causes involved an imbalance of bodily humours. The text also identifies four stages of illness: the beginning, the 'wexing,' the crisis, and the withdrawing of the illness (f. 4v). It was important for the medieval physician to identify the stage of the illness, as it dictated the type and severity of the medical intervention. Uroscopy and pulse-reading were two of the most important methods used for both the diagnosis and prognosis of a condition, particularly those of internal causes.

# Uroscopy

Influential texts in the development of uroscopy as a diagnostic tool include the Isagoge, De Urinis by the seventh-century Greek physician Theophilus, and Ibn Sīnā's Canon of Medicine (itself indebted to Galen), which were all translated and circulated widely during medieval times. 128 Galen's three-stage model of digestion premised that certain waste products were produced at each stage of the digestive process. The stomach (first digestion) produced faeces, the liver (second digestion) produced urine, red bile, and black bile, while the members of the body (third digestion) produced the sediments found in bodily fluids, such as urine, saliva, and sweat. 129 It was thought that methodological examination of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>128</sup> Avicenna's Canon of Medicine, Bakhtiar (ed.), 1999; Loren C. MacKinney, Medical Illustrations in Medieval Manuscripts (London: 1965), 10; Faith Wallis, 'Inventing Diagnosis: Theophilus' De Urinis in the Classroom,' Dynamis: acta hispanica ad medicinae scientiarumque historiam illustrandam, 20 (2000), 31-73

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>129</sup> Wallis, 'Inventing Diagnosis,' 35

these 'superfluytees,' via uroscopy, would yield information about the humours causing the imbalance within the body. Analysis of the colour, odour, taste, appearance, and consistency of a patient's urine was also thought to reveal the type of disorder, the stage of the illness, as well as the prognosis. In the *Lylye*, urine is described as being of high or low colour, thick or thin (sometimes like oil or molten glass), and hot or cold. Colours include red, yellow, white, green, black, and grey. The taste of the urine is also described as being 'prickynge,' 'bytynge,' or 'harmynge.' In 1308, Bernard published a specific comprehensive treatise on uroscopy titled *De Urinis*, comprised of twenty-seven chapters, which was intended to supplement his previous works.<sup>130</sup>

#### **Pulse-Reading**

While examination of the urine indicated how well the liver was functioning, the pulse indicated the condition of the heart, which was considered by Aristotle and some medieval physicians, such as Henri de Mondeville, to be the 'principal organ above all other.' The Lylye ranks the heart among the 'noble lemys' of the body and, quoting Ibn Sīnā, as the place where the spiritus is generated and dispersed to the rest of the body. Bernard references Aristotle in his tract on reading pulses (1308) where the heart is the seat of the soul. In medieval images, physicians are often portrayed as taking the pulse from the radial artery, although there are instances of pulse taking from the brachial and carotid arteries. Like uroscopy, the patient's pulse indicated the nature of the humours, the type of illness, the stage of the illness, and the expected outcome. The types of pulse listed in the Lylye include lytel or grete, swyfte, strayte, foule, hoote, feynt, feble, besy, hard, ful, soft, and watery. Other descriptions include 'out of ordre,' 'harde as a corde strayned,' or 'swyfte as it schewyd in quicke lyme whan it is sprenged wip colde water.' In his short tract on pulse-reading, only one chapter (as compared to the twenty-seven chapters

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>130</sup> De Urinis in Lilium Medicinae. (Lyon: 1559), 797; Demaitre, Doctor Bernard, 65

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>131</sup> Pouchelle, *Body and Surgery*, 120

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Nunc anima primo & principaliter inquantum operatur, in corpore quiescit, principaliter sedit in corde, sicut dicit Aristotle versus finem libri fui de motibus animalium & dat exemplum in monarchia,' *De Cognitione Pulsuum* in *Lilium Medicinae*, (Lyon: 1559), 892

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>133</sup> MacKinney, *Medical Illustrations*, 15

for uroscopy), Bernard expressed having difficulty in interpreting pulses ('nihilominus scientia pulsuum est difficillima'), which may explain the lack of instructions, as well as the wide range of definitions given for the pulse in the *Lylye*.<sup>134</sup> Several reasons for this difficulty are given, including inability to perceive and interpret minor changes, references to difficulties originally stated by Galen, and ultimately the conclusion that only God alone can know how the heart is contracting.

### **Supernatural Influences**

The idea that the movement of stars and planets govern the human body was a well-established principle in medieval medicine. Based on the ideas of Ptolomy, Phythagoras, Al-Razi, and al-'Abbas, John Arderne in his treatise Fistula in Ano provides a guide to determining when to avoid surgery based on the movements of the moon. A fifteenth-century Middle English translation states that 'a cyrurgien ow nozt for to kutte or brenne in any membre of a mannes body, ne do fleobotomye whiles be mone is in a signe gouernyng or tokenyng bat membre.' 135 Medieval physicians were required to know the zodiac calendar in order to calculate the best times for surgical procedures, phlebotomy, and even conception. Failing to take the power of the stars into consideration could have disastrous consequences for a medical procedure. While other medieval practitioners, such as Arderne, devoted sections of their work to addressing astrological considerations in patient care, the Lylye is, for the most part, silent on matters of the zodiac. A comment is made about the moon and the signs of the zodiac influencing sudore fever in the first book of the text and then another comment referencing the reign of Saturn is made near the end of the text (f. 18v, f. 240v). This is not to imply that common teachings about medical astrology did not factor into Bernard's belief system. For instance, the last section of his treatise on prognosis, which the reader is directed to consult in the first chapter of the Lylye, is devoted to medical astrology and calculating treatment days based on solar and lunar properties. 136 Furthermore, Bernard is responsible

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>134</sup> De Cognitione Pulsuum in Lilium Medicinae (Lyon: 1559), 895

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>135</sup> Treatises of Fistula in Ano, Power (ed.), 16 (lines 10-11)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>136</sup> De Prognosticis in Lilium Medicinae (Lyon: 1559), 775-796

for translating a work concerning horoscopes and predicting future events (*Tractatus de Reductione Geomancie*).

The references to the Christian God are the most concentrated in the *Lylye's* introduction. The author gives credit to God for inspiring the work and helping him to complete it. This is not a practice particular to the *Lylye*. For instance, the *Cyrurgie* of Guy de Chauliac in the Middle English translation opens with 'I schall firste 3eue bonkynges to God.'<sup>137</sup> The first line of the *Lylye* references Greek philosophy and, while *God* is mentioned six times in the introduction, Socrates, Seneca, and Galen also make an appearance. This sets the tone for the rest of the work, as *God* appears 31 times in the rest of the extant text, while citations of medical authorities appear nearly 300 times. When *God* appears in the text it is usually in the form of formulaic phrases, such as '3if God wole,' (f. 26v), 'wib be helpe of God,' (f. 40v), and 'by be grace of God' (f. 95r).

Two short prayer-like statements appear in the text. The first is located in the chapter regarding long journeys, battle, or other travel. In discussing the unsanitary and dangerous areas travellers and soldiers may experience, the text states, 'God 3eue ous pes in oure tyme for now is bygynnynge of grete tribulacioun' (f. 48v). The second prayer occurs in the chapter on stroke, 'God schelde vs from sodeyn deb' (f. 88r). Apart from those two prayers, the references to religion, church, and God are infrequent, except for the chapter on epilepsy. In the New Testament of the Bible, Christ was brought a demonpossessed boy, who fell into water and fire due to seizures. Christ cured the boy and stated, 'but this kind is not cast out but by prayer and fasting.' In light of the symptoms of epilepsy found in the Bible and Christ's statement, it is not surprising that a similar cure is located in the *Lylye*'s chapter on epilepsy. The cure found in the *Lylye* instructs the patient's parents or friends to fast for three days and then go to mass. After mass, a 'truwe preste' is to read over the patient's head: 'he was foaming at the mouth and

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<sup>137</sup> Cyrurgie, Ogden (ed.), 1

Douay-Rheims, Matthew 17.20 [Biblegateway.com]

grinding his teeth and this kind of demon is not cast out except by prayer and fasting' (f. 83v). 139 After the verse is read over the patient a few times, the priest is to write it down for the patient to wear around the neck. The text states that 'pis curep hym profitlyche wipout any drede' (f. 83v). It is worth noting that the formulaic phrases ('if God wills it') and cures by religious means are often given in difficult to cure or incurable illnesses (e.g., epilepsy) and in last case scenarios. This is perhaps an early instance of the segregation of sacred and secular practices in religion versus science that would really take hold during the Renaissance and Enlightenment up to the present day where the place of religion in medicine/science is inversely proportional to the rate of tangible, experimental discoveries (i.e., reliance on the supernatural declines as mysterious phenomena are shown to have natural explanations).

### V. Pharmaceutical Features

### **Characteristics of Recipes**

The *Lilium* and its Middle English translation are the most encyclopedic when it comes to medicinal ingredients and recipes. The Middle English *Lylye* has been said to come from the 'apothecary's world,' its first owner was a distiller in the king's household, and medical recipes certainly dominate the text. <sup>140</sup> There are 360 formally presented recipes in the *Lylye* (those that are clearly indicated with *Rx* and often include weights, measures, and clear preparation instructions), but every chapter gives lengthy lists of additional materials and ingredient combinations without specific details, which are to be used at the reader's discretion according to what is available or the patient's particular symptoms. Of the nearly 6000 ingredients referenced in the extant text of the *Lylye*, 85 percent are individual ingredient names, such as borage, vinegar, wine, while 9 percent are compound medicines, like triacle, and 6 percent are products of alchemical processes, such as white lead and sulfides. One examination of the *Corpus Hippocraticum* found that of the 3000 references to plant products the most frequently occurring

<sup>139 &#</sup>x27;erat spumans et stridens et hoc genus demonii non eicetur nisi oratione et jejunio' (f. 83v)

Demaitre, *Translations*, 25

included wine, honey, and vinegar. <sup>141</sup> A similar distribution is noted in the *Lylye*, which is not surprising considering the value of such elements as the basic vehicles (or solvents) for nearly every medical preparation, as well as their obvious antiseptic properties. The *Lylye* covers a broad range of recipe types and medical treatments, including, but not limited to, purgatives, laxatives, repercussives, alteratives, maturatives, resolutives, dissolutives, mitigatives, syrups, fumigations, ointments, bloodletting, electuaries, froting, baths, drinks, garsinge, collyriums, gargarismes, fomentaciouns, and surgery (See Materia Medica).

### **Preparation of Medicines**

The presentation of the recipes follows a standard format. They begin with an indication of what type of remedy it is (e.g., syrup, drink, plaster, etc.) and usually when it should be used (i.e., at the beginning, middle, or end of an illness). A list of diverse ingredients with specific quantities is then given. The ingredient list is then followed by instructions for the preparation of the medicine (e.g., boil, dry, powder, infuse), and how long it will take to prepare the medicine. Some medications, such as *pelotys* (pills) could be made in advance, dried in 'shadowe,' and then prepared with milk or wine when they were ready to be used. Other more complicated medicines, such as triacle, required dozens of different ingredients and a preparation time of many weeks (often involving underground burial). The final step in such recipes is administration of the treatment to the patient. Treatments, like medicinal preparations, also vary in the length of time. A simple fever, such as effimera, was expected to be of such short duration that it was cured in a single day, whereas a patient with a broken leg could expect to be confined to bed for at least forty days with continual monitoring and intervention by the doctor. Some ointments and plasters needed to be removed multiple times a day and night and, depending on the severity of the illness, some recipes are concluded with the admonishment for the doctor to 'wakeb' (be vigilant).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>141</sup> Hunt, *Popular Medicine*, 2

In general, symptoms are analyzed in great detail, along with appropriate corresponding treatments, depending on the stage of the illness. For instance, in the treatment of a quartan fever, the text states 'bou schalt entendye bat noon harde digestives ne harde euacuaciouns in be first bygynnnge ne schalle no3t be 3euen, but by degre, bygynnynge wib li3t and goynge to harder' (f. 11v). Side effects directly linked to medicines are not addressed, although a warning is given that patients may sometimes mistake disease-related symptoms as deleterious side effects of medicines.

Despite the large number of recipes and wide range of conditions addressed in the text, there is hardly any variability in treatment procedure from one disease to the next. After amending the patient's diet, the humour causing the illness is identified and removed using a combination of purgatives. If the cause is hot in nature it is counteracted with cold materials, such as sandalwood, roses, or camphor, and if the cause is cold, hot materials are used, such as aloe or garlic, regardless of the medical condition.

Purgative compounds are the most used remedy in the manuscript and purgative ingredients, such as cassiafistula and yerapigra, make up nearly fifty percent of the most mentioned ingredients in the text.

After the humour is appropriately purged the patient is given a series of syrups, pelotys, drinks or other internal or external remedies depending on the disorder. The same herbs used in the medicines are then used in a bath to release the trapped vapours through the pores.

### The Lylye's Recipes as Translations

The Middle English translator of the *Lilium* is posed with the difficulty of transferring complex Latin medical terms into Middle English, which often did not have suitable vernacular equivalents. Hence, the medicinal recipes carry the most serious consequences for translation errors and misinterpretation. The text itself frequently warns that particular recipes or ingredients are potent agents, either due to their quantity or their quality, and thus care should be taken in their preparation and administration to the patient. The awareness of dose-dependent effects is expressed in the chapter on quartan fevers: '. . .

bere is stronge medicyne by be resoun of quantite and noʒt by be resoun of his qualite, as oximel duretik and mirabolanum. And some medicyne is stronge by be resoun of his qualite and noʒt by be resoun of his quantite, as is oximel squillitico, yerarufini' (f. 12v). With such a diversity of symbols, interpretations, and local variations presented in the medicinal recipes, it is not possible to say with absolute certainty what the weights and measures translate to in modern terms, and subsequently to draw conclusions about the appropriateness of the dosage levels. However, it is likely that many of these ingredients and recipes would have been familiar treatments to the average medical practitioner with access to the text.

In both the Middle English and Latin texts it was common practice to give lists of ingredients with undefined measurements instead of precise recipes, even when hazardous materials were involved [e.g., 'and ban we mowe take afterward be iuse of letuse, morel, iusquiamus, mandragore, and do berto opium . . .' (f. 10r)], so it is likely that there was an awareness of the great potential for misinterpretation of weights and that these recipes were intended from the first composition of the text to serve merely as aide-mémoires, rather than exact pharmaceutical prescriptions. This situation is addressed directly in at least six instances in the text; as in the chapters on fistula and scofula, respectively, regarding the lack of specific measurements for ingredients:

Pou schalt entendye þat in þese ne in oþere Y put noon noumbre ne Y ne chese noʒt, þo þat beþ most propre ne lest propre, ne Y ne sette noʒt hou myche þou schalt do þerto. For þou schalt worche by crafte and by techynge. For many þynges beþ ytake to þe worchynge of þe leche. For in partyes beþ many dyuersytees. (f. 28r)

In be laste, we mowe caste berto and douty of be ordre of oure resseytys for we puttib some tyme materialis and we ne puttib nozt how myche bere schal be zeue berof. I sey bat here is yzeue a techynge for to worche after be comyn manere and ffor bere is myche dyuersyte in worchynge. Perfore, we mote ofte chaunge and some tyme do berto more and some tyme lasse, as it is aforsaide whan we speke of ffistula. (f. 29r-29v)

In other cases, specific details are not given because it is assumed that the reader would already be familiar with the methodology. For instance, 'J resigne be maner of worchynge to hym and bat schal worche hyt and proporcioun and be 3euynge berof'

(f. 55r). Also, some diseases and treatments carry so many variables that the author would rather leave the judgment to the physician in charge rather than to set down specific remedies, as stated in the chapter concerning diseases of the conjunctiva:

... somtyme þere falliþ particlis þat mannys tunge ne may nozt telle hem. Þerfor, Y mote putte hem to þe leche þat werkiþ þeron. And in some þou most addye and in some þou most laskye after þe kynde of symple and conpounis and after þe kynde of þe euel and of þe tyme of þe ʒere and after þe kynde of conplexiouns and of oþer particuleris. (f. 97r)

The following will consider the efficacy of two ingredients from the *Lylye* in greater detail.

### **Two Case Studies of Medieval Ingredients**

Although the theoretical model of medieval medicine (humoral theory) has long been proved incorrect, the medicines and herbs used to treat illness certainly had quantifiable effects or, as suggested in the *Lylye*, the medicines 'sleip and curep' (f. 26v). The following will briefly consider a common recipe ingredient, borage, before moving on to examine recipes that deal with curing infections.

In the *Lylye*, the liver is mentioned as a causative disease agent over 300 times. The liver is one of the pivotal organs in humoral theory, as the place where the natural spirit resides, according to Galen, and the organ responsible for the sanguine humour, as well as the site where harmful humours may accumulate, according to Hippocrates. Beyond its role in humoral theory, however, it is noteworthy that several conditions referencing pain, swelling, or hardness in the region of the liver are mentioned in the *Lylye*, especially in consideration of the hepatotoxic plants used frequently in the text. Taking borage

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>142</sup> Avicenna's Canon of Medicine, Bakhtiar (ed.), 1999; Avicenna's Medicine: A New Translation of the 11th-Century Canon with Practical Applications for Integrative Health Care, trans. Abu-Asab Mones, Amri, Hakima, Marc S. Micozzi (Rochester, VT: 2013); Erwin Kuntz, Hans-Dieter Kuntz, Hepatology (Berlin: 2009) Google ebooks [http://books.google.co.uk], accessed July 2014; Iain M. Lonie, The Hippocratic Treatises, "On Generation," "On the Nature of the Child," "Diseases IV" (Berlin: 1981), [http://books.google.co.uk], accessed July 2014

as an example, it is not difficult to imagine the risk of liver damage when syrups, infusions, and seeds from hepatotoxic plants are constantly administered to patients at the first sign of illness. Borage occurs in the top twenty most cited ingredients in the manuscript and is frequently listed as the first ingredient to use at the very beginning of an illness, as well as throughout the treatment period. Several in vitro and in vivo studies over the past four decades have identified borage (mainly Borago officinalis) and, more specifically, its pyrrolizidine alkaloids (PAs) as clearly hepatotoxic and hepatocarcinogenic in both short-term and long-term exposure. 143 The Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center states that toxicity can occur with consumption of borage seed oil in doses as low as one to two grams. 144 Although these alkaloids appear in thousands of plant species, an extensive 2013 study by the Bundesinstitut für Risikobewertung (the Federal Institute for Risk Assessment based in Berlin) examining the presence of PAs in herbal teas identified the family *Boraginaceae* as one of the primary sources of the toxin. 145 The same study describes veno-occlusive disease as the main effect, which produces symptoms such as abdominal pain, hardness, and enlargement of the liver with death occurring anywhere from two weeks to two years after the initial exposure. 146 In addition, the World Health Organization (WHO) determined that the toxic effects of PAs are cumulative - meaning that even low exposure over a long period of time can result in cirrhosis, tumours, and death. 147 Other frequently used ingredients in the Lylye, such as germander, comfrey, celandine, and pennyroyal, have also been identified as hepatotoxic. This is not to

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>143</sup> For instance: Amitava Dasgupta, 'Review of Abnormal Laboratory Test Results and Toxic Effects due to use of Herbal Medicines,' *American Journal of Clinical Pathology*, 120 (1990), 127-137; Priyankar Dey, et al. 'Hepatotoxicity and the Present Herbal Hepatoprotective Scenario,' *International Journal of Green Pharmacy*, 7/4 (2013), 265-273; Edzard Ernst, 'Harmless Herbs? A Review of Recent Literature,' *The American Journal of Medicine*, 104/2 (1998), 170-178; L. W. Smith, C. C. J Culvenor, 'Plant Sources of Hepatotoxic Pyrrolizidine Alkaloids,' *Journal of Natural Products*, 44/2 (1981), 129-152; Y. P., Wang, J. Yan, P. P. Fu, M. W. Chou,. 'Human Liver Microsomal Reduction of Pyrrolizidine Alkaloid N-Oxides to Form the Corresponding Carcinogenic Parent Alkaloid,' *Toxicology Letters* 155/3 (2005), 411-420; WHO, 'Discussion paper on pyrrolizidine alkaloids'. Joint FAO/WHO Food Standards Programme, Codex Committee on Contaminants in Food, fifth session (Netherlands, 21-25 March 2011), Codex Alimentarius Commission E

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>144</sup> Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, *Borage* [http://www.mskcc.org/cancer-care/herb/borage], accessed April 2014 <sup>145</sup> Bundesinstitut für Risikobewertung, *Pyrrolizidine Alkaloids in Herbal Teas and Teas*, 2013,

<sup>[</sup>http://www.bfr.bund.de/cm/349/pyrrolizidine-alkaloids-in-herbal-teas-and-teas.pdf], accessed May 2014 <sup>146</sup> Bundesinstitut für Risikobewertung, 6

WHO IPCS, International Programme on Chemical Safety, Environmental Health Criteria 80, Pyrrolizidine Alkaloids (Geneva: 1988), [http://www.inchem.org/documents/ehc/ehc/ehc080.htm], accessed May 2014

propose that medieval patients were dying en masse of borage-induced liver failure, but only to highlight a factor that is often forgotten in the age of laboratory-synthesized pharmaceuticals - plant materials contain powerful agents with the potential to heal or harm the human body, even in minute quantities. Along these lines, from the thousands of available treatments and ingredients in the *Lylye*, the following will consider recipes used to treat both simple and severe infected skin wounds, and will examine the efficacy of one ingredient, *plantago*, in particular.

The recent laboratory tests performed by the Ancientbiotics team at the University of Nottingham is an exciting example of how historical recipes may be used to inform present day scientific research. In summary, the team of researchers from the sciences and humanities reconstructed an Anglo-Saxon recipe (Bald's Eye Salve) from *Bald's Leechbook* for treating eye infections. <sup>148</sup> The recipe 'repeatedly killed established *Staphylococcus aureus* biofilms in an *in vitro* model of soft tissue infection and killed *methicillin-resistant S. aureus* (MRSA) in a mouse chronic wound model. <sup>149</sup> This pilot study followed the exact ingredient specifications and preparation instructions of the Anglo-Saxon recipe. It was demonstrated that the ingredients had some antimicrobial activity when acting alone, but were most effective at killing bacteria when combined together as specified in the recipe, which indicates a certain methodology in medieval medicine informed by a long tradition of observation and experimentation. With the present day threat of drug-resistant microbes and also because 80 percent of the world's population uses herbal remedies, the World Health Organization has recommended the use of natural products as an alternative to lab-produced pharmaceuticals. <sup>150</sup> Perhaps natural ingredients used in medical history can inform present day research. Along these lines, the next section will present four recipes from the *Lylye of Medicynes* used to treat cutaneous wounds (and one additional recipe for a

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>148</sup> Cockayne 1864–1866

Harrison, Roberts, Gabrilska, Rumbaugh, Lee, Diggle 2015, [http://mbio.asm.org/content/6/4/e01129-15]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>150</sup> Kováč, Durkác, Hollý, Jakubčová, Peržeľová, Mučaji, Švajdlenka, Sabol, Legáth, Belák, Smetana Jr., Gál 2014, 117

mouthwash), and will examine the potential efficacy of one ingredient, *Plantago* spp. (plantains), in light of current scientific research.

In the *Lylye*, various species of *Plantago* are administered for a number of conditions, including wounds, skin infections, general oral diseases, abscesses in the gums, burns (by water or fire), nail infections, nosebleed, digestive complaints, diarrhoea, liver problems, ruptured cornea, respiratory conditions (cough, throat infections), vomiting blood, kidney stones, and blood in the urine. The following recipes from the text will specifically consider the association of this herbal remedy with wounds and infected cutaneous conditions. Ingredients from the genus *Plantago* are highlighted along with preparation method (maceration) and combination with wine or vinegar.

The first recipe is from Book 1 *De Vulneribus*, which deals with all manner of wounds, including cuts from swords and other cutaneous wounds, bruises, open head wounds, broken bones, and wounds in nerves, muscles, vasculature and organs. The following recipe is for a cutaneous wound (from 'causes within') that has turned into an ulcer, which the text defines as red, purulent, and foul (f. 38r).

And 3 if it be vicus wip hete oper by enchesoun of hete or by enchesoun of brennynge of fuyre oper of hoote watere oper of be sunne, ban enonyte be place wip popileon and wex and vnguentum citrinum. Oper make an oynement of bese byngis: **muscilago psillij**, camphore, and sandali, and rosis, and succo portulace, **plantago**, papaueris, and coriandri. (f. 40r)

The next three recipes come from a chapter (Book 1 *De Apostematibus Calidis Generatis Per Viam Adustionis*) that deals with skin swellings/abscesses, lesions, infected wounds, carbuncles, and erysipelas (or St Anthony's Fire, *Sacri Ignis*). Symptoms from the text include broken skin, purulence, itching, foul smell, great heat and/or inflammation, aching, pricking and burning sensations, redness, yellowness, ulceration, and black crusts, which are all evidence of infection. The first recipe is from a subheading titled *De Formica Miliari*, which is described as pustules with heat that move from place to place on the skin and sometimes produce ulcers (f. 27v). Note that forms of *Plantago* are used in all stages of the treatment.

In be first bygynnynge, ley vppon be place lactuca **ygrounden** and portulaca, **muscilaginis psillij**. And in be myddel, ordeum and brede bat is branny and **plantayne** and ryndis of maligranati. And towarde be ende, sal and [n]itum and ruwe and cucumer asinini, and medle hem wib childis pisse and **iuse of planteyne**. For in al bese bynges be mater is venymous. Grete studye and grete cautele bou most do berto, as it were in igne persico. (f. 27v)

The following two recipes are from another subheading titled *De Herisipula, Antrace, Carbunculo, et Sacri Ignis*. The first recipe is to be done at the beginning of the condition.

In be first bygynnynge or be skyn be to broke, ban in be place is grete heete and akynge and prickynge and redenesse and 3elownesse, ban make colde be place wib a sponge wette in colde water ober wib lactuca and portulaca and nenifar and leuys of a whyte vyne and **planteyn** and barliche. **Grynde** oon of alle bese ober alle and ley beron. (ff. 25v-26r)

The second recipe concerns ulcerated wounds or a severe skin infection that is not responding to the first treatments.

Kytte a pome garnet in be myddel and boyle in vynegre and ban **grinde** hyt and lay hyt beron and about ley bole and vynegre and after bat ne lay bou berto no moyste bynge. For woundes ne mow no3t be cured but hy be first made drye. Perfore, lay berto colde bynges and stiptica wib resolutyues and openynge.

Pynges þat falliþ herfore beþ þese: **plantago**, virga pastoris, portulaca, coriandrum, cerusa, plumbum vstum, bolus, acacia, opium, [n]itrum, sal, sulphure, nux antiqua vnctuosa, oleum rosaceum, cucumeri asinini, fel hircinum, piper, panis cum multo furfure, ciclamen, galle, lentes, alumen, granata acetosa, vua passa, fficus, camphore, cera alba, **vinum ponticum**. Þe leche schal be diligent and alle þese þynges or some and **seþe hem in vynegre and grynde hem and ley þeron** and remeue þe plastre 3 tymes a day and nyʒte. (f. 26r)

Finally, as an aside due to its connection with the above two recipes from *De Herisipula, Antrace,*Carbunculo, et Sacri Ignis, a recipe found in Book 3 *De Pascionibus Oris* is to be used for oral complaints related to carbuncles or 'wild fire' (probably erysipelas):

3iff it be carbunculus oper wilde fuyre, make hym a gargarisme wib be **iuse of plantayn**, coriandre, morelle in **wyn of maligranata** flache. (f. 125v)

In another treatment given in the *Lylye* for pustules and festers, a lengthy list of ingredients is given with the statement '3if bou ne knowyst no3t what bou schalt do, vse bis oynement,' which suggests that when all else fails, use as many ingredients as possible (f. 38r). The second recipe from *De Herisipula*, *Antrace, Carbunculo, et Sacri Ignis* given here, with its lengthy and varied ingredient list, does seem to

indicate this idea of multiplying ingredients when desperate for a cure. However, using the example of *Plantago* and its healing properties, it may be possible to show that more methodology is contained in these prescriptions than first appears.

There are about 240 species of *Plantago*. <sup>151</sup> It could be classed as a weed in modern terms. It is a small, leafy plant that grows in many habitats all over the world and has no outstanding features. Despite this, *Plantago* has a long history in herbal medicine from ancient times to the present day. Dioscorides and others used it as a cure-all. <sup>152</sup> 'The Old English Nine Herbs Charm' in the *Lacnunga* describes *Plantago* as the *wyrta modor* (*mother of herbs*). <sup>153</sup> Hildegard of Bingen's *Physica* states to mix it with wine or honey as a treatment for gout. It is also cited as a useful application for insect stings and as an antidote to love spells. <sup>154</sup> It was favoured by John Arderne as a surgical salve and remedy against inflammation in his treatise, *Fistula in Ano*. <sup>155</sup> The sixteenth-century master of the London Company of Barber-Surgeons, Thomas Gale, who is connected with the provenance of MS. Ashmole 1505, used 'plantaginis' in a 'speciall plaster for all kyndes of vicerations, as well of the legges;' the recipe occurs in a section that claims effective treatment for the leg ulcers of Henry VIII. <sup>156</sup> Furthermore, the Norwegian and Swedish term for *Plantago major* L. is *groblad* meaning *healing leaves*. <sup>157</sup> The herb was in continual usage from ancient times. There are nearly 40 references to it in the *Lylye* often in association with wound care or infectious conditions. Anecdotal evidence in folkloric medicine has existed for centuries, but several scientific studies have provided more substantial evidence of its healing properties.

*Plantago* has been associated with many beneficial properties, including antibiotic, antiviral, antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, anticancer, wound healing, and hepatoprotective effects. A search of the PubMed

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>151</sup> Kuiper and Bos, 1992, 4

<sup>152</sup> Efrayim and Zohar, 2008, 242

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>153</sup> Cameron, 2006, 144, 192; the *Lacnunga* is contained in London British Library MS. Harley 585

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>154</sup> Throop, 1998, 53

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>155</sup> Power, 1968, 117

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>156</sup> Gale, 1563, f. 54

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>157</sup> Samuelsen, 2000, 2 [www.elseiver.com]

database was performed in August 2014 for the years 2000 to 2014. The search was restricted to studies testing the antimicrobial, wound healing, or immune effects of *Plantago major* (*P. major*) or *Plantago lanceolata* L. (*P. lanceolata*), as these two species are particularly associated with these activities in the literature. Although *psillij* is in the genus *Plantago*, and is present in some of the medieval recipes given previously as examples, it was not examined in this instance. The search was also restricted to studies published in the English language. Review articles were excluded from the search. Seven studies were selected for further enquiry based on their relevance to the search criteria. The studies by Karima *et al.* (2015), Metiner *et al.* (2012), and Nostro *et al.* (2000) in the table below were added after a second search was performed in September 2015. Kováč *et al.* (2014) tested *P. lanceolata*, Nostro *et al.* (2000) tested *P. lanceolata* and other herbal remedies, Chiang *et al.* (2003) and Thomé *et al.* (2012) tested *P. major* and other herbal remedies, while the rest of the studies tested only *P. major*. These studies cover a range of topics and results, but, in summary, there is evidence that extracts from *P. major* and *P. lanceolata* demonstrate wound healing properties and antimicrobial activity with potential significance for future research. Table 4 shows a summary of the distribution of the surveyed studies in four general categories.

| Table 4. Study Distribution          |      |          |                  |                  |                       |                      |
|--------------------------------------|------|----------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Author                               | Year | Method   | Antimicrobial    | Wound<br>Healing | Anti-<br>Inflammatory | Immuno-<br>enhancing |
| Karima <i>et al</i> . <sup>158</sup> | 2015 | in vitro | Х                |                  |                       |                      |
| Kováč <i>et al</i> . <sup>159</sup>  | 2014 | in vivo  |                  | Х                |                       |                      |
| Metiner et al. 160                   | 2012 | in vitro | Х                |                  |                       |                      |
| Thomé <i>et al</i> . <sup>161</sup>  | 2012 | in vivo  |                  | Х                |                       |                      |
| Türel <i>et al</i> . <sup>162</sup>  | 2009 | in vivo  |                  |                  | Х                     |                      |
| Chiang et al. <sup>163</sup>         | 2003 | in vitro | X<br>(antiviral) |                  | х                     | х                    |
| Chiang et al. <sup>164</sup>         | 2002 | in vitro | X<br>(antiviral) |                  |                       |                      |
| Gomez-Flores <i>et al</i> . 165      | 2000 | in vitro |                  |                  |                       | Х                    |
| Hetland et al. 166                   | 2000 | in vivo  | Х                |                  |                       | X                    |
| Nostro <i>et al</i> . <sup>167</sup> | 2000 | in vitro | X                |                  |                       |                      |

To return to the previous medieval recipes from the Lylye, which mentioned a variety of symptoms including open skin wounds, broken skin, symptoms of infection, and ulcerated tissue, the following will

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>158</sup> Karima, Farida, Mihoub 2015 [http://innovareacademics.in/journals/index.php/ijpps/article/view/5032/pdf\_768]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>159</sup> Kováč, *et al*. 2014 [http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>160</sup> Metiner, Özkan, Ak 2012 [http://vetdergi.kafkas.edu.tr/extdocs/2012\_3/503-505.pdf]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>161</sup> Thomé, dos Santos (H. B.), dos Santos (F. V.), da Silva Oliveira, de Camargos, Pereira, Longatti, Souto, Franco, de Oliveira Aquino Schüffner, Ribeiro 2012, [http://ebm.sagepub.com/content/237/12/1379.long]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>162</sup> Türel, Özbek, Erten, Öner, Cengiz, Yilmaz 2009 [http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2861812/]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>163</sup> Chiang (L.C.), Chiang (W.), Chang, Lin 2003

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>164</sup> Chiang (L. C.), Chiang (W.), Chang, Ng, Lin 2002, [http://www.xoc.uam.mx/files/4729/application/pdf/Antiviral-activity-of-Plantago-major.pdf]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>165</sup> Gomez-Flores, Calderon, Scheibel, Tamez-Guerra (P.), Rodriguez-Padilla, Tamez-Guerra (R.), Weber 2000, [http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/]

166 Hetland, Samuelsen, Løvik, Paulsen, Aaberge, Groeng, Michaelsen 2000 [http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/]

<sup>167</sup> Nostro, Germanó, D'Angelo, Marino, Cannatelli 2000, [http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/]

specifically consider two studies that evaluated the efficacy of *P. major* and *P. lanceolata* for wound healing (without infecting the wounds) and then will briefly consider investigations into the antibacterial activities of the two species. Efficient wound healing and infection prevention are two parts of one whole in the recovery process.

Thomé *et al.* (2012) performed an *in vivo* mouse (Swiss line) study using *P. major* compared with a water-treated control group, another herbal remedy (*Siparuna guianensis* Aubl.), and a commercially available ointment used in Brazil. Dried *P. major* leaves (100g) were added to a hydro-alcoholic solution (70 percent) and macerated for 48 hours. The extract was filtered, freeze-dried (lyophilized) and incorporated into a lanolin and paraffin ointment base at a 10 percent concentration. Mutagenicity tests showed that *P. major* was not mutagenic. An incision wound was made in the cervical dorsal area of the mice. They observed that 'reduction of the wound area occurred earlier' in the *P. major* cohort and that '*P. major* extract effectively stimulated wound-healing processes.' There was also more efficient formation of neoepithelium in the *P. major* cohort (and the other herbal extract, *S. guianensis*) compared to the commercially available ointment. The authors state that *P. major* is a 'promising candidate for the treatment of wounds.'

Kováč *et al.* (2014) performed an *in vivo* rat (Sprague-Dawley) study using a water extract of *P. lanceolata*, which was prepared by adding 10g of dried *P. lanceolata* leaves to 100ml of boiling distilled water and allowing it to infuse for 10 minutes at room temperature. Two concentrations were tested – the original concentration obtained by extraction (10 percent) and a 10-times diluted concentration (1 percent). Two excisional and one sutured incisional wound were performed on the back of the rats. In the control group, nothing was applied (untreated wounds) and in the negative control group, the wounds were treated with sterile water. In the two experimental groups, either the high (10 percent) or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>168</sup> Thomé *et al.* 2012, 1382, 1385

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>169</sup> Thomé *et al*. 2012, 1379

low concentration (1 percent) solutions were applied. Compared to the untreated control group and water-treated group, wounds treated with both the high and low concentrations of *P. lanceolata* significantly improved wound closure and showed significantly increased tensile strength due to an increase in extracellular matrix proteins. Notably, healing rates of both wound types were significantly increased after treatment with the undiluted concentration of *P. lanceolata*. <sup>170</sup>

The studies above investigated the effect of certain *Plantago* species on wound healing. The following will consider evidence for antimicrobial activity. Several studies from the early 1960s to the late 1980s cited by the European Medicines Agency, report that extracts of P. lanceolata showed antibacterial effects against S. aureus, Streptococcus \(\theta\)-hemolyticus, Proteus vulgaris, Salmonella, Shigella, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Klebsiella pneumoniae and Bacillus subtilis, as well as Micrococcus flavus. 171 These microbes are responsible for conditions, such as cutaneous infections, hospital infections (MRSA, surgical wound infections), respiratory infections, Strep throat, urinary tract infections, vomiting and diarrhoea, burn infections, pneumonias, and other opportunistic infections. Nostro et al. (2000) performed a comparative study of six medicinal plants and found that, while P. lanceolata showed inhibitory activity, it was not as pronounced as other plants in the study [namely, Helichrysum italicum (Roth) G.Don and Nepeta cataria L. (Labiatae)]. <sup>172</sup> In contrast, Orhan et al. (2002) did not observe antibacterial or antifungal effects when ethanolic extracts of *P. lanceolata* were tested against Escherichia coli, Proteus mirabilis, Enterococcus faecalis, Acinetobacter baumanni, P. aeruginosa, S. aureus, S. pneumoniae, Candida albicans, Candida kruzei and Candida parapsilosis. 173

Metiner et al. (2012) tested acetone and ethyl alcohol extracts of P. major leaves against Bacillus cereus, B. subtilis, S. aureus, Staphylococcus epidermidis, E. coli, K. pneumoniae, P. aeruginosa, P. mirabilis, and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>171</sup> European Medicines Agency 2011, 16 [http://www.ema.europa.eu/docs/en\_GB/document\_library/Herbal\_-\_HMPC\_assessment\_report/2012/02/WC500123351.pdf] 
<sup>172</sup> Nostro *et al.* 2000, 383-84

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>173</sup> European Medicines Agency 2011, 16

Salmonella enteritidis. They found that the ethyl alcohol extract exhibited antibacterial activity against *E. coli* and *B. cereus*, while the acetone extract was effective on all the bacteria species in the different experimental concentrations. While the authors do not recommend *P. major* as an antibiotic on its own, they conclude that 'it contributes to prevent the formation of infection in wounds with its remarkable antibacterial effectiveness.' Along those lines, Hetland *et al.* (2000) isolated a pectin polysaccharide from the leaves of *P. major* and found that it had a protective effect against systemic *S. pneumoniae* in mice due to stimulation of the innate immune system. Finally, in testing the efficacy of extracts from *P. major* leaves in combination with the antibiotic Gentamicin, Karima *et al.* (2015) found 'a significant synergistic effect' against *P. aeruginosa*, *S. aureus*, *B. cereus*, *P. mirabilis* and *Salmonella typhimurium*. The selection of studies briefly surveyed here show a variable range of results in regard to antimicrobial activity and present an intriguing suggestion that *Plantago* may function best as a partner with antibiotics or with other medicinal plants. This concept of ingredient synergy also correlates with the study of Bald's Eye Salve by Harrison *et al.* (2015). The co-occurrence of the genus *Plantago* with other medicinal plants, such as pomegranate, which occurs in 3 of the 5 recipes given here as examples, is worth exploring in greater detail.

Aucubin is one of the biologically active compounds of *Plantago* and some studies have reported 'antibiotic activity' for aucubin isolates.<sup>177</sup> Notably, it is stored in the leaves as an inactive precursor and is enzymatically-activated when the leaves are ground up or crushed.<sup>178</sup> The selected studies, including the two wound healing studies previously described, prepared extracts from the plant material (dried leaves) using alcohol, water, and maceration techniques, which concurs with the medieval method of

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>174</sup> Metiner *et al.* 2012, 505

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>175</sup> Hetland *et al.* 2000, 348

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>176</sup> Karima *et al*. 2015, 63

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>177</sup> European Medicines Agency 2011, 16

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>178</sup> Freya Harrison (Centre for Biomolecular Sciences, University of Nottingham), personal communication

preparation. In the *Lylye*, *Plantago* is often soaked, boiled, and ground up with vinegar, water, or wine (as in the recipes given as examples).

To conclude, this has been a brief enquiry into the potential efficacy of one ingredient contained in a specific medieval medical text to treat infected wounds in light of selected scientific investigations.

More interdisciplinary research, utilising knowledge from both medieval and scientific fields, is necessary to gain a fuller understanding of the suppressive and healing powers of these ingredients. This research will provide insights into whether these medieval remedies were simply placebos, or actual antibiotics being used long before the advent of the modern science of wound care and infection control.

#### VI. Editorial Procedure

A. S. G. Edwards in discussing the challenges of editing Middle English texts, particularly those that are translations, stated, 'two particular concerns are the nature of the text that was being translated and the capacity or inclination of the translator to translate faithfully. But particularly when the source text is a widely transmitted one with consequent variation among witnesses it may be virtually impossible to establish the precise witness that provided the basis for a translation. The translator's capacities cannot be adequately assessed.' This is a particularly relevant point when editing the Middle English translation of the *Lilium Medicinae*. There are no other Middle English witnesses to consult and there are about 50 Latin manuscripts extant, as well as multiple printed editions and translations in other vernaculars, all of which present variations of the same text. The following paragraphs will detail the editorial principles engaged in transferring the *Lylye* out of MS. Ashmole 1505 and into an approachable edition for present day scholars. It should be noted that the edition here represents work completed for

<sup>179</sup> A. S. G. Edwards 'Middle English Literature' in ed. D. C. Greetham *Scholarly Editing: A Guide to Research* (New York: 1995), 184-203

a doctorate degree over a set amount of time and should be viewed as a work in progress. The intention is to expand this initial work into a published edition.

#### Arrangement

The arrangement of the text closely follows the arrangement of chapter headings found in MS. Ashmole 1505. The text is arranged in the following way: Book 1 (30 chapters), Book 2 (31 chapters), Book 3 (27 chapters), Book 4 (13 chapters), Book 5 (21 chapters), Book 6 (16 chapters), Book 7 (24 chapters).

Chapter lists and headings are given in Latin and this is unaltered. The 360 recipes indicated with *Rx* are set apart from the rest of the text to aid readability. The numbering of the recipes is editorial.

The text of folios that are out of order in the manuscript is incorporated into the appropriate places in the text with a note to indicate where this occurs. Missing folios are noted within the text where they would have occurred with a brief summary of the contents. The summaries of missing folios were written based primarily on the Latin text of the 1497 (Venice) incunabulum. British Library MS. Harley 3698 and the 1559 (Lyon) printed edition were also consulted. For brevity, these summaries are not exhaustive representations or translations of the Latin, but rather serve to highlight key points, such as disease descriptions, symptoms, and cures. The printed editions are widely available online and these may be consulted for the full Latin text. <sup>180</sup>

Rubricated capitulum signs are used consistently by the scribe to offset new material or new chapters. Paragraphing in the edition closely follows the text. The text shows difficulties in presenting chapter numeration and incorporating headings, such as *signa* and *cura*, in a consistent manner. Considerable confusion occurs when there is one main chapter heading followed by several subheadings. In the early chapters, the scribe (or translator) seems to have been experimenting with different ways of signifying *signa*, *cura*, etc., which are typically written in the margins until f. 55 when the labels are predominantly

<sup>180</sup> Luke Demaitre has intensively researched the Latin texts of the *Lilium* and it is hoped that one day there will be a critical edition of the Latin.

inserted within the text and are indicated by red capitula or red outlining. Where these labels appear within the text, they are unaltered. Marginal labels are silently incorporated into the text.

Folio references are provided within the text where the break occurs in the form [f. 4r]. No evidence of ruling or numbering appears in the manuscript. Thus, line numbers are editorial and are lineated continuously. Chapter lists, chapter titles, and summaries are not included in the line numbering.

### **Spelling and Punctuation**

As no other witnesses or editions of the Middle English text exist, a conservative editorial approach to the text was used as much as possible. The spelling of the manuscript is preserved, including the use of thorn and yogh, except where yogh served as an abbreviation for *-us* in Latin technical terms. The use of i/j and u/v in the text is inconsistent and variable, such as styue/styve and Jn/In, however, the usage as it appears in the text is preserved. Long s and f are distinguishable by context, but also by form, as f is typically indicated with a clear cross-stroke. Except where it represents a capital (F), the text's use of ff is unchanged, as is f in words such as ffnesinge. The text uses both Arabic and Roman numerals inconsistently and variably. This usage is preserved. The form of  $\dot{y}$  has been changed to y. No attempt has been made to regularize variant spellings of the same word, including variations in spacing present in such forms as bewar (bewar), wibin (wibin), togedre (togedre), tofore (tofore), tofore), tofore0, tofore1, tofore3, tofore3, tofore6, tofore8, tofore8, tofore8, tofore8, tofore8, tofore8, tofore8, tofore8, tofore8, tofore9, tofor

Capitalization in the text is used for initials and inconsistently with proper names. It also appears at random intervals for unclear reasons, i.e., in the middle of a sentence. All capitalization practices follow modern conventions. Underlining is used in the text to call attention to a name (e.g., <u>Seneca</u>) or to offset important information. All underlining has been removed.

A variety of medieval punctuation marks are used inconsistently throughout the text. Punctuation has been modernized in the following ways. The scribe used a full stop as a genuine stop to end sentences, as a comma for listed items, or to enclose numerals, signify an abbreviated word, or to set off an important idea or name. In the edited text, a full stop is used to end sentences. Where it was used as a comma it has been replaced with a modern comma. All other uses are not retained. The punctus elevatus is represented as a modern semi-colon. The virgule is represented in the text as a modern comma. The periodus frequently appears in the text as .// combined with ¶ to indicate a list of chapter headings, new paragraph, end of a chapter, or new topic. New paragraphs are indented without retaining the symbol. Where it was used to conclude a paragraph, a modern full stop is used. In all other instances, the periodus is not retained. The gemipunctus appears before titles or listed items. Based on context, the gemipunctus is represented in the text by the modern semi-colon or colon.

#### **Abbreviations**

Common abbreviations, such as  $p^t$ ,  $w^t$ ,  $p^e$ , occur with high frequency in this text. <sup>181</sup> All abbreviations have been expanded silently, including, but not limited to, superscript letters, the use of macrons for m, n, u, (sometimes e), and a curl above words representing a missing er, such as  $eu^r y$ . Additionally, the text uses a p with a cross-stroke to represent per-, par-, or pro-, as well as a backwards c to indicate con- or com-, which are expanded silently based on the context or orthography of the text. Conplexioun, conposicioun, conpouned, and conforte are rarely spelled out in full, but con- is always used when they are spelled out, so this orthography has been followed in expanding these abbreviations. <sup>182</sup> A horizontal stroke through the terminal 'h' is used in words such as which, mych, barlich, fresch, flesch. These words often appear in the text with a final 'e' (whiche, myche, barliche, etc.), so in this instance the horizontal

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>181</sup> Adriano Capelli, *The Elements of Abbreviation in Medieval Latin Paleography*, trans. David Heimann and Richard Kay (Lawrence, KS: 1982); Clemens and Graham, *Manuscript Studies*, 79 This interpretation may be emended in later editions of the text

stroke was interpreted as an intentional abbreviation. <sup>183</sup> The use of &c. and & have been expanded to etc. and and, respectively, with the exception of Latin chapter titles and quotations where et has been preserved. Within Latinate recipes, the text shows a high preference for and (when it is spelled out in full) over et, which only appears four times, and this practice has been preserved in expanding &, even for direct Latinate ingredients such as quatuor semina frigidorum maiorum and minorum. The form .i. is used to mark a glossed word within the text. This has been silently expanded to i.e. The suspension G is always used to represent Galen and s is used to signify scilicet. Likewise, spc is always expanded to spiritus. In some instances, macrons and strokes exist in complete, unabbreviated words and may be a feature of the script, a mistake or may serve a decorative or otherwise unknown purpose.

The orthography of the manuscript has been used to interpret abbreviations, although, as is typical of texts from this period, many words vary in spelling even within the same sentence (e.g., lylye/lilye). Pas is the abbreviated form for pascyoun or pascioun. Both forms appear in the text, but pascioun was chosen for the expansion as it occurs with more regularity where it is spelled out. Likewise, feuere(s) was chosen to expand fe based on the frequency of this form in the text, except in cases where a Latin form is indicated. Although the abbreviation  $w^t$  is employed, the spelling with only occurs four times in the whole text (in the final two books), while wip is used hundreds of times throughout the whole text. Thus, wip was chosen as the expansion based on the overwhelming preference for that spelling in the text.

The Middle English text shows a pattern of abbreviating Latin medical and botanical terms which is consistent with the patterns found in MS. Harley 3698, the 1497 (Venice) incunabulum, and the 1559 (Lyon) edition. It is highly likely that the scribe (or translator) did not conceptualize abbreviations, such as *ro ru*, *aq ro*, *zuc ro*, *flor bor*, or *olei viol*, in any way other than the abbreviated forms, as they are

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 $<sup>^{183}</sup>$  This interpretation likely will be emended in later editions of the text

almost never spelled out in full in the Middle English or the Latin texts used for comparison. The method in expanding these abbreviations was first to view the text as a Middle English text and secondarily as a Latin translation. Thus, when expanding these medical and botanical terms, the orthography found in the Middle English text was given preference over the Latin texts consulted for this edition, but with an understanding that it was not the convention of the scribe/translator to spell out these forms. Because medicinal ingredients comprise the majority of this text a separate index of the Middle English botanical terms and their present day scientific names is provided (See Materia Medica).

# Weights and Measures<sup>184</sup>

The following apothecaries' weights exist in the text:  ${\mathfrak F}$  for an apothecary's ounce,  ${\mathfrak G}$  to indicate a measurement of one-half (semis),  ${\mathfrak F}$  for an apothecary's drachm, li for libra, an apothecary's pound, M for manipulus,  ${\mathfrak F}$  for scruple, aq for aqua, ana meaning of each or alike and Rx, which is used to indicate the beginning of a medicinal recipe. Aq and li have been expanded to aqua and libra, respectively, all other symbols are unaltered. Quod sufficit is used for q followed by s with a stroke based on the orthography of the text. Points sometimes offset numerals and these have been silently removed. The Middle English recipes differ at times from the recipes in the Latin versions. The Middle English recipes are presented as they stand, except for minor emendations for misreadings such as in the minims of succi/sicci, which have been confirmed by more than one of the Latin texts, specifically comparison with MS. Harley 3698, the 1497 (Venice) incunabulum, and 1559 (Lyon) edition. All the recipes were compared with the 1497 (Venice) incunabulum and other variations in ingredients or measures are presented in the commentary.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>184</sup> Ronald Edward Zupko, *Dictionary of Weights and Measures for the British Isles: The Middle Ages to the 20th Century* (Philadelphia: 1985); Ronald Edward Zupko, 'Weights and Measures' in *Medieval Latin*, eds Mantello and Rigg , 443-446

#### **Scribal Corrections**

Scribal corrections occur with a high frequency. This usually takes the form of correcting misspelled words, deleting duplicated words, or adding omitted words/phrases. By far, dittography is the most frequent error in this text. Letters or words to be deleted were usually struck out in red or black ink or indicated with expunctuation. These are accounted for in the textual notes. Words or letters to be inserted were written above the script line or in the margin with various signes-de-renvoi. Marginal and interlinear additions to the text are indicated by forward and reverse primes. Illegible words are enclosed in angle brackets. The most frequent error in the recipes is a misreading of the minims for *succi*, which results in *sicci*. These instances have been emended based on the readings found in the three Latin versions used for comparison.

### **Textual Notes and Commentary**

are incorporated within the text. All editorial alteration of or additions to the base text are indicated by enclosure of the word or the letters within square brackets. Rejected manuscript readings are shown in the textual notes. At times, blank spaces are left in the text where a word is missing or a gloss was not completed. These spaces are presented as [. . .] and identified in the textual notes and commentary.

MS. Ashmole 1505 is a complex text with many interesting facets to uncover. However, in consideration of the length and time limit for this project, textual commentary has been intentionally limited to particularly relevant points of medical interest or to provide comparative quotes from Latin sources, especially in regard to recipes and the broken sentences due to missing folios. Latin references are from the 1497 (Venice) incunabulum unless otherwise noted. In quotations from the Latin texts, & (et) and all other abbreviations have been expanded silently and punctuation conforms to modern conventions.

Textual notes appear in footnote format at the bottom of the page. Editorial emendations to the text

## Book 1

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### [Introduction]

**[f. 4r]** Of a phylosophre Socrates axed in what manere he myʒt best seye and he answered: ne seye þou noþynge, but þat þou knowest wel. We ne knowed noþynge wel, but þat is ofte ysayed and þat þat is comune and apreued. And for þe pouerte of oure wytt ne may not susteyne difficultees ne þynges þat beþ stronge, þerfore, Y truste in þat Lorde in whiche beþ alle sciencis for to haue liʒt þynges and profytable. Þerfore, Y þenke to make a boke of practyk. And for Y wryte hyt to meke men. Þerfore, þe companye of proute men be put awey þerfro and prinspaly þei þat despysiþ cunnynge and schameþ to lerne. And þerfore, Seneca seyþ jt nys neuer to myche ysayed, þat is not ysayed ynowʒ. And he seyþ þat a þynge þat is 10 siþes rehersed, it sauereþ a man. And for þe mynde of a man is swyþe passynge, as Y haue forsayed, Y ne schame nouʒt for to make a booke practike to meke men. For Galen seiþ in þe vij chapitre of wytte þat a man ne may no better plese God þan studye in trouþe and for trouþe.

Jn be worshyp of be Holy Lombe bat is schynynge in be Fader of Heuene, Y entytle bis boke Lylye of Medicynes.

In a lilye beb many floures and in euery floure beb vij whyte leuys and vij graynes as golde.

Also this boke schal conteyne vij partyes. In be whiche be firste schal be schynynge as golde spekynge of dyuerse euelys and it schal bygynne of feueres.

Pe obere 6 parties schul be schynynge for her grete worchynges.

Pis booke was ycomensed by be helpe of be grete God in be bryzte studye of Munpelers after be tyme bat Y radde in bis science xx zere. Pe berynge of oure Lorde MCCCiij in be monebe of Julij.

Pe first partie of bis booke contenyb 30 chapitres.

Þe first chapitre schal be of Feueres

Þe 2 of Effimera

Þe 3 of Causon

Capitulum 4 De Terciana

Capitulum 5 De Febre Sanguinea

Capitulum 6 De Quartana

Capitulum 7 De Cotidiana

Capitulum 8 De Febribus Compositis

Capitulum 9 De Febre Ethica

Capitulum 10 De Febribus Pestilencialibus

Capitulum 11 De Sudore

Capitulum 12 De Variolis

Capitulum 13 De Venenis

Capitulum 14 De Morsu Serpencium

Capitulum 15 De Punctura Scorpionum et Apium

Capitulum 16 De Morsu Canis Rabidi et Ydroforbia

Capitulum 17 De Dolore

Capitulum [18] <sup>1</sup> De Apostematibus Calidis Generatis Per Viam Adustionis

Capitulum 19<sup>2</sup> De Verucis et Porris et Lupis

Capitulum [20]<sup>3</sup> De Apostematibus Frigidis

Capitulum 21 De Lupo

Capitulum 22 De Morphea

Capitulum 23 De Scabie<sup>4</sup>

Capitulum 24 De P[u]stulis<sup>5</sup>

Capitulum 25 De Vulneribus et Solucione Continuite

Capitulum 26 De Fluxu Sanguinis I[m]moderato<sup>6</sup>

Capitulum [27] De Morbis Vnguium Sicud Panarticum, Spasmus, Lepsitas, Vnguium Albedo Maculosa,

Feda Citrinita, Fis[s]ura, et Similia<sup>7</sup>

Capitulum 28<sup>8</sup> De Incendio Ignis et Aque Calide

Capitulum 29 De Ragadijs et Vlceribus Pedum et Manuum

Capitulum 30 De Iter Agentibus

#### De Febre In Generali, Capitulum Primum

**[f. 4v]** Febris is an vnkynde hete chau[n]ged<sup>9</sup> into an heete of fuyre in be place of kynde. For al maner ffeueres accordib in vnkyndely heete. Vnkyndeliche hete is sayde to be defference of kyndely<sup>10</sup> heete for euery chaungynge of heete ne makyb nou3t a feuere, as it sewyb of heete bat comeb of wrebbe ober of trauayle. But whanne be chaungynge is grete, ban be spiritus bat beb sencyble beb agreued. And berfor, Galen seyde wel bat a feuere is an vnkyndely heete ychaunged in an hete of fuyre.

Now it schewiþ wel þat a feuere is a propre pascyoun of þe herte. For whanne þe herte is yfured þan þe spiritus þat comeþ fro þe herte and þe blode passiþ into al þe body and makiþ hym hoot wiþ in and wiþ out, aboue and byneþe, but ʒif it be defended as in lipparia. And for so myche þat a feuere is þe most pascioun, as Galen writeþ in þe booke of wysedome, þerfore me þynkiþ worþy to comence of feueres.

Now in kynde a feuere is in pre maneres: as effimera, pat is a pascioun of pe spiritus, and a roted feuere, pat comep of humours, and ethica, pat is a pascioun of hoole lemes.

Also, of feueres, as of oper maner pasciouns, bere beb 4 maner tymes: as be firste bygynnynge, and be wexynge, and be most pascioun, and be wibdrawynge of be pascioun. Of whiche differencis of kyndes of feuere, who so wole hyt knowe, and of be tymes and of be pasciouns as hy beb exponed, go he to oure booke of pronosticaciouns. For beron, wib be myst of God, we wolleb gadre to gedre truely

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 18] 18<sup>m</sup> Capitulum 18] preceded by 10 deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 19] see commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 201 20<sup>m</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Scabie] *preceded by* scas *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Pustulis] pistulis

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Immoderato] Inmoderato

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> 27] 27<sup>m</sup> Fissura] Fiscura

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> 28] preceded by 18 deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> chaunged] chauged

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> kyndely] *preceded by* vn *deleted in black ink* 

be exposiciouns of Galen and Ypocras and Auicen and of mo ober. Now it is oure entensioun for to bygynne wib be feuere bat is ycleped effimera.

### De Effimera, 2

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Effimera comeb of distemperaunce of spiritus and by his kynde ne dureb not ouer be bridde day. About bis mater bere beb v bynges to entende. Pe firste is of enchesouns<sup>11</sup> of effimera.

Þe 2 of þe signis.

Pe birde of be pronosticaciouns.

Þe 4 of þe cure.

Þe 5 of þe clarificacioun.

Pere beb many enchesouns of effimera, as grete fluxe, and swyvynge, wrebbe, drunkenesse, hounger, wakynge, swonynge, and ober many. Al mow be reduced to 4 causis.

Pe first enchesoun of effimera comeb wib out forbe bat openyb be poris ober closib be poris, as is hete of be sunne, ober of fuyre, ober of babe, ober of styues wib hoote bynges, ober babynge of sulphry water, ober of cold water, and schortly al maner bynges bat closib be porys and wibholdib be vapours.

Now bou schalt ywyte bat after dyuersite of vapours, dyuerse feueres beb engendred. For 3if a man be hoote and drye and be vapours be hoote and drye and wibholde for be closynge of 'porys', 13 ban effimera is liztly engendred.

3if be body **[f. 5r]** be hoot and moyste and vapours hoote and moyste beb wibhalde, ban a roted feuere may lixtly be engendered.

Pe secunde enchesoun of effimera may be of hoote metys and drinkes and medicynes, as stronge wyn, pipere, garleke, oyniouns, and euforbium, and prinspaly bynges bat he vseb bere<sup>14</sup> tofore.

Pe 3 enchesoun is grete meuynge and grete trauayle and wrebbe and ober siche.

Pe 4 enchesoun is of apostemes in be flank and vnder be arme pittis and ober siche apostemes. And 3if bere be moo enchesouns herto, bey may be reduced.

Signes of effimera. Some beb general and some beb specyal. General signes beb bese. Effimera ne comyb not of causis longe goynge to fore, but of causys bat beb propre enchesoun berof and, for be most parte, it ne comyb not. His pouse and his vryne ne passib but litel from her propre coloure and it is not swybe prickynge in taste, ne bytynge, ne myche harmynge, but it is an hete as it were of a wrobe man bat had myche trauayled. And, for be most parte, hyt endib wib grete swetynge and vapours and humours. And Auicen seib 3if he be put in any babe and ne hab not horripilacioun, i.e.

[...], <sup>16</sup> þan it is signe of effimera.

Signes bat beb specyal beb bese. 3if it come of heete of be sunne ober of ober bynges ylike berto, ban his hede wole be hoote and his eyzen, 3if bou touchest hym, and hys face and his skyn, and his pouse wole be swyfte.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> enchesouns] *preceded by* effimera *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> closiþ] *preceded by* ch *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> porys] *corr. by deletion in red ink from* vapours

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> þere] *preceded by* nouʒt *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>15</sup> comyb not] see commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> horripilacioun] blank space, gloss missing

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And 3 if it come of coldenesse, ban be coloure of hys face wole bycome ledy. 3 if it come of byndynge bynges and opilacioun, ban his skyn wole be drye and swellynge. And 3if bou touchest hys skyn, bou schalt fele a prouy hete. And 3if bou felest hym longe, bou schalt fele a scharpe heete.

3if it come of hoote metys and drynkes, ben he schal fele grete heete in hys lyuere and his vryne wole be hyze of coloure.

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3if it come of grete trauayle and grete ocupacioun, he schal be feble in al hys body and he schal haue akynge in be iovntes.

And 3if it come of wrebbe, ban his egen wolleb swelle out and his face rede.

3if it come of sorynesse, ban his ezen wole be holowe.

3if it come of venym, ban his entrayles wollib be hoote and swellynge and drye.

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And 3 if bese specyal signes suffice noust, ban go we to be schewynge of be pacient. Of be causis bat beb primytyf, 17 i.e. [...] nys not mych force berof for be kunnynge for cure of pasciouns ne comeb nouzt of causis primytyf.

3if be beynge of be pascioun and be kynde of be lemys, as wittnessib be prinse of leches, bat is Galen, in be booke of wytte in be birde chapitre, bouz some leue for to fynde a grete science, but by be signes of be body bey mow come in causis primytyf, i.e. [...], and so bey ne dob nogt be cure, bey dob wel to be knowynge. As ensau[m]ple<sup>18</sup> berof, Y sett bis caas bat be skyn of be pacient [f. 5v] bat hab effimeram be harde and scharpe and rowe and ystopped. Penne whan be pascioun is knowed, ban be leche most make his skyn hoote and sotille hyt and opene it. And of what cause so it be, wheher it be of sumak or of gallys or of babynge in colde water oper of coldenesse of snowe and of opere bynges semblable, i.e. like hereto. After be tyme bat we knowed be pascioun, we mowe cure be pacient. 3if ywote wel bat be pacient was ybabed in waterys bat beb byndynge, ban we mowe ywyte wel bat be porys beb stopped, etc.

Pronosticacio. Febris effimera, as seib Auicen, is lizt to cure and harde to knowynge, saf he bat knowyd hyt may seye bat be pacient schal determyne hastly of bis feuere. For febris effimera ne dureb not but by be spare of oo day naturel. And berfor, it is icleped of effimeron Grewe, bat is a fysche in Latyne. Pis fysche be same day bat he comeb forbe to lyue, he dayeb. In be same maner it is of bis feuere. For of his owne kynde he ne dureb not but 24 houres and benne he termyneb wib vapours sote and not myche.

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Sumtyme for euel regymen of dietynge and kepynge and for euel conplexioun of be body, be feuere dureb sumtyme 4 daies. And 3if he passib 4 daies, it nys not effimera. And berfore, 3if be pouse ne asesye noʒt after be ferbe day and his vryne be in digest, it is signe bat it is turned into a rooted feuere and benne al bynges bat comeb of his body wolleb stynke. And 3if his body be drye and harde in felynge, it is drede lest he tourne to etik.

## **De Cura Effimere**

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So hem bat haueb effimeram to entyse be curenge many men acordeb. In be first, bou schalt zeue hym metis bat be ligt for to defye, as of barliche and chekenes and whyte wyn wib myche water, and he ne schal vsye noon mete or be feuere were goynge awey. But bou schalt attende bat Galen seib in be 8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> primityf] blank space, gloss missing

<sup>18</sup> ensaumple] ensauple

chapitre of wytt, þat þou schalt worche in an oþer maner in lene men. For ʒif it be a colrik man and lene þat haþ trauailed in þe sunne and in hete and falle in to þis feuere, in no maner þou schalt assigne hym for to fast. But þou schalt do hym haue mete anoon or elles he schal falle into feuere etik \in anoþer /19 day. And ʒif hys vertue myʒt endurye hyt, he ne scholde 20 noʒt ete or þe feuer were drawynge awey and also he may be babed.

But bou most be ware bat hy ne be nozt ybabed bat beb able for to falle into a rooted feuere or haueb reume or opilacioun or fulle and drunke.

But in reume bat is brennynge, seib Auicen bat bou myzt baby hym in be ende of be feuere.

But be specyal cure may be ober maner in hoot causis and ober maner in colde [f. 6r] causis and ober in drunkenesse and so of al.

3if any man haue effimeram for hoote causes, benne he schal vse colde medicynes prinspaly about his hede. And 3if it come of hete of be sunne or of wrebbe in be same maner. 3if it come of a reume:

**1 Rx** rosarum rubearum ychosen libra i,<sup>21</sup> omnium sandalarum  $\frac{3}{5}$  ij,<sup>22</sup> aceti  $\frac{3}{5}$  i, camomille  $\frac{3}{5}$  ij, aqua libra ij, aqua rosacea  $\frac{3}{5}$  iij. Boyle hem alle to gedre and lete be pacient take be fume berof.

3if it so be bat he haue hede akynge and ne may nozt slepe:

**2** Rx seminis papaueris albi z iij, olei rosati z iij, aqua rosacea, aceti ana z i, succi lactuca, portulaca ana z z. And medle hem to gedre wip lizt fuyre and wete peron lynnen clope and leye to his forhede and to his templis.

And be eyre of be house schal be makyd colde wib water and wyn and venegre and nenifar. And be place bat he' scholde ligge on schal be vnder erbe and nozt reumatik and be dore of his house schal be tourned norbe.

And whan be feuere passib, babe hym in swete water and be ber ysode beron camomille, nenifar, mellilotum. Dietynge. And ben make hym to ete mete makyd of barliche ober of otys ober amidum ober smal chekenes.

Lette hym vse be feblest wyn wib myche water of a deepe pytte and benne lete hym slepe and haue reste.

3if þis pascioun come of coldenesse and þe porys of his skyn be yclosed, þen putt hym in an house þat be hoote in tempere and hele hym temperatly and frote his skyn softely. And in goynge a wey of þe feuere þat comeþ of opilacioun, frote his skyn and make hym swete in hoot eyre and þen putt hym in water in whiche be soden camomille, mellilotum. And þen make hym ete of smale briddes and wyn, but 3if þou drede of grete opilacioun wiþ fulnesse of þe body.

For bou schalt entende bis, bat whan bere is stronge opilacyoun and his body be ful, ban he schal be ylete blode. Pis is be rule, bat in effimera bou schalt make noon euacuacioun, but zif it come of drunkenesse eiber of grete opilacioun eiber of replecyoun.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> anober] corr. by deletion of ober in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> he ne scholde] *is preceded by* he ne scholde *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> See commentary

3if effimera come of hoote metys, ban ley colde bynges vppon be regyoun of his lyuere. And 3 if alle be colde and wip a reume, ban fume his hede wip thus be most part and rosis be leste part.

And 3if bis pascioun come of wrebbe, ban enioune hym for to be myrye and 3if it sor3be, glad[ness]<sup>/,23</sup> and oper bynges bat falleb berfore.

3if bis pascioun come of hunger, ban zeue hym mete in tempere as it fallib berfore.

3if it come of swounynge, ban zeue hym confortynge bynges and so by be contrarie brynge hym to rizte. But effimera pat is wip opilacioun fallep ofte into a rooted feuere. And perfore, he schal be ylete blode. Pan frote hym and þan styve hym and frote hym wib barlyche mele and cicerum and mele of benys. And 3if he suffre eny horripilacyoun, lete not hym stonde bere be meuynge of an eye, as seib Auicen.

3if bis pascyoun come of drunkenesse and trauaily harde in be sunne and his veynes be strayte and he haue fumous balkynge, [f. 6v] ban it is drede lest he falle in a rooted feuere, but it fallib seelde in soure balkynge. 3if be mete be in hys stomak, make hym cast. And ban 3if his wombe ne be no3t laxatyf, make hym suppositorijs or clisterijs and in be ende babynge. And ban zeue hym mete for longe abstenence fallip for ham. In pe cause of drunkenesse, whan pe mater is deffyed and whan pe feuere is awey, bat myzt confortye his digestioun of his stomak wib diatrion pipereon. Lete hym ete chekenys and ffische bat duellib amonge stones. And 3if be cause of drunkenesse, be best medicynes bat is propre flux of be wombe. 3if it come of enpostemes of e[m]unctorijs<sup>24</sup> of prinspal lemys or of scabbe, ban enioyne hym abstenence, lettynge blode, and medicynes laxatyues and cure hem as hy be youred.

Pe cure perof schal be put in her placis. And for a leche is seelde yclepyd for effimeram, perfore, Y ne do no force for to sette be cures in bis place.

Clarificacio. To be clarificacioun of bynges bat beb aforseide we mote many bynges brefly, 25 i.e. schortly, vnderstonde after Galen in be booke of Defferencis Febrium. In mannes body ne beb but 3 lemys. Pat beb fast lemes, humours, and spiritus, and after bis substaunce of feuere beb take. For 3if be lemys bat be take be made hoote first and sugett, as is in etik, ban it is ylikned to an hete of a walle bat is in a babe, as Auicen seib. 3if bat humours and sugett be makyd hote in be manere, it schal be a roted feuere and bat is ylike to water of a babbe.

3if be spiritus first and prinspaly be makyd hoote, bat is effimera. And bus in dyuerse maners euery party is maked hoote and bat oon nys nouzt bat ober.

3if it so be bat it aceesye in be fast place, it wole acesye in be sotil place. 3if be heete acesye of be lemys and humours, it wole hastely acesye of be spiritus. And berfor, noon feuere leueb after hym effimeram. Pe contrarye may wel be, bouz be spiritus bat beb sugett ne acesye nozt. Neuerbelatter, it is yseyde an vnkyndely hete, gitt hat nys nougt be cause and be effecte. For it is engenderyd of vnkyndely hete. For be hete bat is wibynne is enchesoun and be heete bat is in be herte is ybrende is be effecte. And in bis manere is be deffinityoun berof.

Jn be secunde, bou schalt entendye bat hete bat is naturel and innaturel in a feuere mow be oon to hym bat susteyneb bis vexacioun and in bis manere. For bei beb oon in kynde. For in eche is hete and

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gladness] glaguissemunctorijs] eniunctorijs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> brefly] *preceded by* brf *deleted in red ink* 

hy beb oon in noumbre. For hy beb in oon sugett, as in hete bat comeb fro be herte bat brennyb. For a feuere nys nobynge but an kyndely<sup>26</sup> hete ytourned into fuyre. And hy schulleb be oon in noumbre ffor hy beb in oon sugett. And hy ne beb noʒt contrarye. For hy beb ybroke to gedre as it were and in bat maner bey mowe wel be. And berfore, siche contrarijs bat beb ybroke to gedre and abideb to gedre [f. 7r] engendrib a newe speche as feuere. And some men seieb bat bere is difference in hem and in be roote of hem. For bat oon mynistrib and bat ober sleeb and so bei may stonde for bei ne drawib neuer to natural disposicyoun. It mynistrib and defyeb be matere of mete and of be pascioun and in also myche to ynnaturel disposicyoun it corumpib and sleeb.

Jn þe þirde, þou schalt entendye, for Y suppose þat hete and spiritus make difference, neuerþelatter, on feuere ne schal not be in naturel hete [and] þat<sup>27</sup> oþer in innaturel. For in what maner so it be, boþe destruyeþ þe vertue.

Jn þe ferþe, þou schalt attendye þat ofte þis feuere may come of enpostemes of þe flanke and of enpostemes vnder þe armepittys and of oþer<sup>28</sup> grete enpostemes for þei beþ [emunctorijs]<sup>29</sup> of noble lemys. And þerfore, þe spiritus is liztliche yfuyred and þerwiþ effimera is engendred. For þis mater nys nozt in þis maner roted. Oþer maner enpostemes, as beþ forunculi and scabbes, beþ engendered þe most partye of rotyd mater and prinspaliche whan it is wiþ inforþe and þerof comyþ roted feuere. And þerfor, Ypocras seiþ jn bubonibus alle feueres beþ luþer, but effimera. For þe mater in effimera schewyd more harme in his quantite þan in his lyþer qualite.

Jn be 5, bou schalt attendye bat abhominacioun of mete and sorynesse and slepe and sownynge and ober siche many bynges feuere sewib, boug it scholde by resoun make colde. And Y sey bat it is by happe in abhominacyoun and prinspaly in a colrik man bere bat hoot fumes and drye and scharpe beb resolued and beb makyd hoot. In ober, for be trauaile of be spiritus and closynge of be porys.

Jn þe 6, þou schalt entendye, for þe most part, effimera ne comyþ noʒt wiþ coldenesse. For hit ne comyþ noʒt of horrible mater and of rooted.

Jn<sup>30</sup> þe 7, þou schalt entendye þat in effimera þat comeþ of hete lay many colde floures about his bedde. But Y attendye þat it schal be about hys bed so þat it touche not his skyn bare. For þan it were drede for closynge of his<sup>31</sup> porys and so of a rootyd feuere.

Jn þe 8, þou schalt entendye þat in þe cure of effimera coitus is not able for it wol make þe spiritus brenne. Jn þis mater Y nel make no mo resouns for Y drede to make waste.

### De Causone, 3

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Causon is a contynuel feuere bat comeb of colre wibin be vessels abydynge in be noble leme or in be nexte place to be herte. Febris causon is engenderyd of clene reed colre or fleume salsum, so bat colre harmeb sumtyme for his grete quantite and sumtyme by be enchesoun of bobe. Hyt brennyb harde whan colera rubea is myche and renneb and most whan [f. 7v] it is in be stomak ober in be lyuer or in placys nei3 be herte. And in bis maner it is difference from a tercyan bat is verray. For a tercyan

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> emunctorijs] enioyntours

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contynuel is rotyd mater in veynes þat beþ fer from þe herte. And þerfore, causon is as myche to seye as brennynge. And þerfor, it comeþ selde to elde men. And ʒif it come to hem, it is signe of lesynge. Jn ʒonge men it comeþ for þe most part. And ʒif alle þe particles falle, it is þe more stronge. 3if it come of fleume salsum, as Auicen seiþ, yroted and brennynge in þe same placys.

Signa. Þese beþ þe signes: as grete brennynge in al þe body and not reste; and many harde signes, as frenesye, and grete wakynge, and sumtyme myche slepynge, and grete dryenesse, and blaknesse of þe tunge, and sownynge, ictericia,<sup>32</sup> quakynge, and flux of þe wombe, and sumtyme costyf, and swyfte pous, vryne rede and sotil. Vryna. And sumtyme vryne is dyuerse. For sumtyme fro þe bygynnynge vryne is rawe ffor grete opilacyoun, and<sup>33</sup> sumtyme coloured for resolucioun of colre, and sumtyme liuida and trouble for grete corupcyoun. And 3if causon come of colera citrine or of fleume salsum, alle þese schulleþ be lasse in colour and his paas þe lasse. For þe oþer particles beþ tourned to fleume. And he haldiþ hym 18 houres and sumtyme he restiþ 6, 3if it be in wynter tyme and siche maner dyetynge goynge to fore.

Pronosticacio. Þis maner sekenesse is of schort terminacyoun and lizt and many horrible þynges falliþ þerto. And zif alle goode signes falle from þe bygynnynge of þe pascioun, he schal be delyuered in þe ferþe day or wiþin. And sumtyme þis pascyoun dureþ vij daies. And þis pascyoun, as Galen<sup>34</sup> seyþe, ne may not dure longe for þe kynde of man ne may nozt dure þe harde accydencys þerof.

Signes þat beþ goode and lyþer ne beþ noʒt sett here for þei beþ sett in oþer placys. Ypocras made a pronosticacioun: ʒif a man haue tremlynge in causon, þe frenesye vnbyndiþ hyt, etc.

Cura. In be cure, bou most take kepe of be enchesoun of be pascioun and be tymes and be kyndes of be fallynge berto ffor be enchesoun of bis pascioun is putrefacyoun wib grete opilacyoun. In be first bygynnynge, bou schalt remeue a way be opilacyoun wib frotynge in be pice and sydes and be wombe and be partye bat most greueb wib whyte venegre and oyle of camomille and oyle of rosis softe and longe. And agen be pascioun, bou most make hym colde and do awey his brennynge and reduce be sotilte of be mater to be myddel asice wib bis syrup:

**3 Rx** lentiginis, aque fontis, portulace, vngule caballine ana  $\S$  ij,  $^{35}$  rosarum rubearum electarum, sandali, musc[at]elini,  $^{36}$  spodij, florum nenifar ana  $\S$  j, aqua rosacea libra  $\beta$ , aque **[f. 8r]** ffontis libra j,  $^{37}$  vini malorum granatorum  $\S$  ij, panis ʒuctare libra j. Make herof a syrupe and clarefye hyt and diʒte hyt wiþ lent fuyre.

Whan be mater is defyed, purge hym wib cassiafistula or tamaryndis or wib mirabolani citri. And 3 if it come of fleume salsum, do berto apium, bruscus, and sparagus. And in be laxatyf do myrabolani kebuli.

Ordeyne in be cure after be tyme of be pascioun, 3if bis pascyoun termyne in be ferbe day or wibin, benne bou ne schalt zeue hym no mete, 3if bat his vertue may abere hyt. 3if it termyne to fore be ferbe day or<sup>38</sup> after and his vertue ne mowe not abere hyt, ban zeue hym mete as it fallib berfore.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> and] *preceded by* ad *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Galen] *preceded by* g *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> muscatelini] muscelini

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> or] *preceded by* af *deleted in red ink* 

be materialys beb bese: succus malorum granatorum, sirupus julep, ptisana aqua ordei colata, lac amigdalarum, be brobe of cicerum, lactuca, portulaca, brede ywasche in water, be brobe of a cheke ysode wib myche letuse, ordeatum, auenatum. Herof bou schalt take more ober lasse after be strengbe of be conplexioun, and after be tyme, and be regimen, and be custome, and office, and trauaile herof, and ober mo. Pe kunnynge of dietynge and kepynge is ytake of a wyse leche. And be fourme of al be regymen in be techynge of Galen in be chapitre of regimen in bat party bat seyb bus: quo sumpto si dolor loco ingruerit, etc. And no3t only bou ne schalt not ordeyne hys mete after be tymes of be pascioun, but his medicynes also. For bis pascioun is swybe perylouse and bere fallib harde accidencis berto be which we schulleb drede in be state of be pascioun. And berfore, it is goode to avoyde hym first of be mater:

**4 Rx** florum boraginis, florum violarum ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j. And make herof a decoccioun and in be decoccioun resolue cassiafistula clansed and tamarindis ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j. And  $\frac{3}{5}$  euce<sup>40</sup> hyt hym a litel to fore be mornynge.

Jn þe state of þe pascioun and tofore þe state make þou noþynge - noþer mete, ne drynke, ne medicyne.

Jn be ende of be state, 3 if we yseyb bat his kynde is my3ty for to put out, ban it is goode for to excytye his kynde and bat in dyuerse maner after bat be kynde meuyb to dyuerse placys. 3 if it so be bat it meue be mater on hei3, ban bou schalt helpe his kynde wib swynes here yput sodeynly in his nose. 3 if it falle to be stomak, wib castynge. 3 if to be guttys, wib suppositorijs and clisterijs. 3 if it falle to be weyes of his vryne, wib duretik and frotynge about be placis. 3 if it falle to alle be body, bou schalt helpe hyt wib temperate hete.

Blodelese ne schal not be do but seelde, but zif it falle by wey of opilacyoun.

Now we haueb yseye be causis of be pascioun and be tymes. Now take kepe of be happys of bis pascioun and first of be frenesye ffor Galen seyb bat is perylouse and sleynge.

Jn þe ffirst, þou schalt **[f. 8v]** take stupys of hempe and wete hem in þe iuse of morel, letuse, and vynegre, and water of rosis and leye about hys forhede and hys temples and hys eryn and make al þese flache hoot. And whan 24 houres beb passed, take a catte and cleue hym by be rygge and lay hym hoot to his rygge oper þe lounges of a ram al hoot. And ʒif þou haue hem noʒt hoot, hete hem in water and lay hem to hys hede. 3if þe feuere acesye and þe alienacyoun dury, þen make a ffomentacyoun to hys hede ofte wib a decoccioun of camomille, mellilote, barliche, violis in vynegre and water. And ʒif he haue meruylouse þouʒtis for grete vapours þat falliþ to hys hede, þen frote harde þe ferþest lemys and bynde hem þat hy ake.

3if it be so bat he ne may no3t slepe, take whyte papy seed and tempere hyt wib be glayre of an eye and water of rosis and wete berewib lynnen clobe and lay to his forhede and hys templys or make an enplastre to be same place wib rubea trosiscata.

Azen þristynge and drynesse<sup>41</sup> of hys tunge, make fascicles of percilium or of þe sedys of citoniorum and lay hem in colde water and lete hym holde hyt vppon hys tunge. Oþer take leuys of portulaca and lay hem in water and þen vppon hys tunge. Oþer a gobett of an ampul ykytt þynne and

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<sup>40</sup> 3eue] preceded by 3if deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> drynesse] *preceded by* drunkenesse *deleted in red ink* 

makyd colde in water and ylaied vppon hys tunge. And lete hym wasche hys moube ofte wib water and vynegre and make clene wib a towayle and colde ayre is goode for hym. Take leuys of be whyte vyne and leuys of wyby and nenifar and sprenge hem wib water and vynegre and strawe berewib hys chaumbre. And ordeyne a bynge bat is yclepyd cathaphora bat schal make contynuelliche water falle a doun. And bat instrument schal be maked of a sered and be longe syde berof schal be ysette in a vessel ful of water and drawe hyt wib by brebe at be ober ende and benne hyt falle in a basyn. And it wole allegate renne and bat wole make to be pacient a swete melodye.

3if þat ictericia come to fore þe vij day, þan take hym self to God. And if it come after, þan cure hym as it schal be ysayde hyr after. And wasche hys face wiþ whyte vynegre flache and wyn of malorum granatorum and stille hyt in hys eyzen.

3if þere come sincopis, þenne sprenge hem wiþ water of rosis and lete hym haue þe sauour of camphore and sandalos and water of rosis and lay þis vppon hys breste. And ʒiue hym brede ywett in wyn wiþ [f. 9r] water of rosis oþer wiþ þe iuse of citoniorum oþer wiþ þe iuse of a poume citrini. Oþer take an henne and larde hure and roste hure and sprenge þeruppon water of rosis and ambra and gariofilorum and lete hem haue þe sauour þerof a lytel whyle and þenne do hyt a wey and þen lete hym haue þe sauour aʒen. But þou most be war þat he ne take noon hete þerby. And lete hym haue þe sauour of sandalos and mu[sca]tellinos<sup>42</sup> and frote þe paume of þe hondes and þe plantys of hys feete.

3if þat he be laxatyf, þan ʒeue hym a syrup of mirtinus oþer of de coctana. 3if he be<sup>43</sup> costyf, make hym a clisterie oþer a suppositore and make hym syrupus of violis.

Clarificacio. Jt is merueyle in a feuere causon, þere is grete brennynge, in what maner may þere be rawe mater. Jt may be in þis maner, þat colera citri oþer fleuma salsum is wiþ þe mater oþer it may be of newe superfluyte of mete and drynke. In þis maner may come rawe mater in þe first veynes and þis mater is noʒt þe prinsiple, i.e. þe bygynnynge of þe feuere, but rotyd colre in veynes neiʒ þe herte and þe rawnesse is aboute þe lyuere. Of fleuma sal[sum]<sup>44</sup> and colera citri may come a grete corupcyoun and þerof may come a grete hete. Oþer þere may come a grete opilacioun in þe lunges oþer in þe stomak or in þe lyuer or in placys þat beþ neiʒ þe herte. And þerof may come grete brennynge and þe rawnesse comyþ aparte of þe mater.

In be 2, me may doute of be wayes of be vryne apartye whan bere is swottnesse beron and but of harde digestioun. Y sey bat bey mowe  $^{\prime}$  appety[t]e<sup>45</sup> for be cause of brist, pouz be be colde, ober by be resoun of grete appetyte after bat particle bat seybe parum deterior cibi, etc.

Jn þe 3, may be a doute ʒif þat colre may be brennynge wiþ out rotynge and come þere of a feuere, as blode in sinocha. Þese beþ opyniouns and me þynkyþ nay ffor colre departiþ fer from tempernesse. And þerfore, whan it passiþ out of tempre it rotiþ. Blode, whan it goþ out of temperaunce, may make a feuere wiþ out rotynge.

Jn þe 4, þou schalt entendye þat causon is a grete sekenesse and a perylouse in olde men. For þat fuyre is stronge þat brennyþ in water and nys noʒt aqueynt. Þerfor, it is harde in ʒunge men and eke in childern, as Auicen seiþ, þouʒ hyt be in childerne and in ʒunge after þe quantite þat [it]<sup>46</sup> dissolueþ þe

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> muscatellinos] mutacellinos

be] preceded by h deleted in red ink

salsum] sal

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> appetyte] appetye

<sup>46</sup> it] it is it

body and his vertues. And in þat maner þe sekenesse is grete and perylouse. In olde men is grete moystenesse þat wiþstondiþ þe **[f. 9v]** grete hete and þat nys noʒt in ʒonge men.

Jn þe 5, þou schalt entendye ʒif þat bolismus may be in causone in also myche þat comyþ of feblenesse of þe stomak and dissoluynge of þe herte.

Jn þe 6, þou schalt entendye þat colde water may do good in causon. Þat is to seye, ʒif his vertue be stronge and þe mater be defyed in þe pascioun goynge a wey, so þat he ne haue noon opilacyoun, ne rawe mater, and noon enposteme. Þenne, ʒif he þristy sore, ʒeue hym colde water and soote, but he ne schal drynke but a litel at onys. And þis beþ þe þynges þat beþ yrad of Galen in regiment in þe particle þat saiþ þus: hijs autem qui pleuretici sunt.

Jn þe 7, þou schalt entendye þat he ne schal not be letten blode by my counsaile. For in þat maner þe brydel is take a wey of colre and is makyd more brennynge and rennynge to lemes. But ʒif his body be gretely replete, þan take we þe counseyle of Auicen, þat seiþ in þe chapitre of flobotomia þat it schal be best as myche as it is possible.

### De Terciana, 4

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Terciana is a roted feuere pat is gendered of grete hete of colre. Enchesouns perof bep pese: colera rubea pat is clene and colera rubea pat is vnclene for pe medlynges of fleume, and pan it is yclepyd terciana notha.

Pe first colre rotib wib in be veynes and arterijs and engendrib a contynuel ober it rotib wib out and engendrib interpolatam.

Terciana is engendered of colera rubea roted in veynes and arterijs in al þe body and þat is þe difference bytwene a tercian and causon. For causon, as it is forseyde, is engendered of colre roted in þe lounges or in þe stomak or in þe lyuere or in placys þat beþ ney3 þe herte. And þerfore, alle þynges beþ more scharpe in causon þan in a tercyan þat \is/contynuel. And þe cure þerof is almost yliche.

Terciana interpolata is engendered of colre yroted wib out forbe. And berfor, it hab periodos. Pat is to saye, rounde 'accesse', as periodos and restynges. And so it dyuersib from a contynuel.

Pe mater rotib whan it is trauailed and lackib aventynges. And in bat maner be herte is ymaked hoot and bat oon partye makib hoot bat ober til effimera come of rotynge and gob to be herte ober bei beb bob makyd hoot, i.e. be herte and al be body. And in bis maner is a feuere tercyan contynuel engendered vnder causoun. Y leue bis mater for Y benke [to speke]<sup>47</sup> most of a feuere terciana interpollata.

Signa. Þe signes of a tercyan beþ ytake of naturel scelys, as for þe pacient is a ʒunge man and colorik and so of oþer mo. And þe signes beþ ytake of vnkyndely þynges, as for þe pascyoun bygynneþ wiþ coldenesse as it were prickynge of nedles. And þere falliþ grete difference. For in þe bygynnynge of þe coldenesse his pous is yhud and afterward it is grete and swyfte and his vryne citrine and þynne and þe pascioun endiþ wiþ grete swetynge.<sup>48</sup> Þe signes of terciana notha beþ fele and dyuerse after þe medlynge of fleume<sup>49</sup> and of oþer particuleris. [f. 10r] Signa. A tercian þat [is] verray termyneþ in þe 14

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> to speke] sp (eke *deleted in red ink*)

<sup>48</sup> swetynge] preceded by swetnesse deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> fleume] *preceded by* flu *deleted in red ink* 

day oper wibin and be accesse dureb 12 houres and restib 36. The first accesse is litel and be secunde is more stronge and be birde is alberstrengest and be ferbe is in be last and be worst accidencis hab beron.

Pe 5 accesse bygynneþ forto febly. Pe 6 more feble. Pe 7 is lytel or noon. In þe accesse comyþ castynges and in þe ende swetynge. For to þis sikenesse ffalliþ many harde happes. Perfore, þis pascioun ne suffriþ nouʒt vnkunnynge of þe leche ne foly of þe pacient. Perfore, þat þe honeste of þe leche be ysaued, it is good for to telle þe periles tofore. Y sette þis caas þat þe leche come to þe pacient after þe þirde accesse and hym þenke by way of resoun þat he scholde be lete blode and ʒeue hym sirupys and doþ so and þen comeþ þe ferþe accesse þat is most stronge of alle. Pan men þat beþ about hym wolleþ sey þat þe syrupe and þe letynge blode haþ yslayne hym or þei wolleþ sey þat he is þe worse for his medicynes and in þis maner þe leche is disclaundered. Þerfore, ʒif he couþe forsaye þe peryles of þe accesse, he myʒt haue ysaued his name and ykepyd hym fro blame. Þerfore, þis caas is ful necessarye.

Cura. In be cure, bou most take kepe of be passyoun and be enchesoun of be passioun and be kynde of be pacient and be accidencys bat fallib berto. And bou<sup>50</sup> most knowe be tymes of be passyoun and be kynde of be medicynes and of metys.

Pe entencyoun of be cure nys noʒt oon, but in many maners by be enchesoun of rotynge. Pou most worche sotely and opynli and by be resoun of be mater 'bere fallib ymges bat makeb be mater' grete and, by be resoun of discrasia, colde bynge and moyste. But for be accidencis bib many and dyuerse, as<sup>51</sup> now rest and wakynge and grete penaunce wib be pascyoun. Perfore, stoppynge fallib berfore. Perfore, oo maner bynge ne may not fulfille al bese. Perfore, bou most putt many bynges in be syrupe for be dyuersyte of a tercyan bat is forsaide.

**5 Rx** endiuie, scariole, lactuca nouellarum, and summitatum papaueris albi,  $^{52}$  4 semina frigidorum maiorum and minorum ana  $\frac{3}{3}$  j, rosarum rubearum, nenifar,  $^{53}$  florum violarum ana  $\frac{3}{3}$  j and  $\beta$ , sandali  $\frac{3}{3}$  ij, aceti albi  $\frac{3}{3}$  iij, panis zuctare libra j. Fiat sirupus clarificatus.

In be 4 day, whan be mater is digest, purge hym in bis maner:

**6 Rx** florum boraginis, florum violarum ana  $\S$  j, pruna 20. Sett hem to gedre and resolue þeron<sup>54</sup> cassiafistula mundate, tamarindis ana  $\S$  j. And 3eue hyt hym<sup>55</sup> in þe morowe tyde. By enchesoun of wakynge we may bygynne wiþ li3tte þynges.

**7 Rx** olei rosati, olei nenifar, aqua rosacea, aceti, albuminis ouorum ana  $\S j$ , woman mylke be quantite of al. And wete beron a lynnen clobe and ley to hys forhede and to hys templys.

3if bese bynges ne availyb noʒt, ban bou most take strenger and ban we mow do berto papauer. Pis is good, as Auicen seib. And ban we mowe take afterward be iuse of letuse, morel, iusquiamus, mandragore, and do berto opium and requiem, rubra trociscata. And if **[f. 10v]** be wakynge be wib

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> þou] *followed by* e *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> as] *preceded by* and *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> peron] *preceded by* pat *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>55</sup> hym] followed by hy deleted in red ink

greuaunce of hys hede, ben he mote haue be sauour of camphore and of vynegre and water of rosis, sandali, camomille, mellilote, and ober bynges bat makib mo[y]st<sup>56</sup> mater drye.

3if þat he ne haue noʒt hys mynde ariʒt, þen hys hondes and hys feete schulleb be yfroted and ybounde bat hy ake.

3if þat he cast and haue many liþer<sup>57</sup> accidencis, þan fume hym wiþ narcotica. And ʒif he haue eny opilacyoun or rotynges, frote hys wombe wiþ whyte wyn and oleo camomille and aqua rosacea. Of alle þe oþer accidencis, þou schalt do as it is forsaide in causone.

His electuarijs mowe be bese: zuccare roset, violis, diadragantum frigidum, triasandali, diapapauer, and ober mo.

3if it be a terciane noʒt verray, do to be forseyde<sup>58</sup> bynges: apium, br[u]scus,<sup>59</sup> sparagus, and ober mo after be matere. 3if it be a womman ober a fleumatik man and it be in wynter tyme and ʒif he haue grete opilacyoun, ben bou most do berto radicis feniculi, petroselini, lactuca, papaueris, scolopendria, lupulus, etc. And in hys laxatyf we mowe do mirabolanum, reuberb, diagridium after bat be particuleris bib and ober mo of whiche Y ne take no kepe for to speke more berof for enchesoun of schort tyme.

3if it so be bat we speke of be cure for enchesoun of be tyme of be pascioun, ban bou schalt entendye bat of be kynde of medycynes bat fro be first bygynnynge bou schalt zeue laxatiues of cassiafistula, tamarindis wib a decoccioun of prunys and violis. And after be birde accesse he may be letyn blode zif alle be particuleris falle berfore, as strengbe and vertue and replecyoun of be body. In be state berof, bou ne schalt do noon hyrof ne mete ne medicyne, but zif any ober bynges make hyt or grete dissoluynge of hys body.

Of metis, we schullen zeue lasse oper more after þat hys staat is lasse oper more. But for to take consyderacyoun, þou ne schalt zeue hym no mete þre houres to fore his accesse or þe feuere drawe awey, but þe liqufaccioun, i.e. þe meltynge 'or wastynge' of þe body, lette hyt. And in þe bygynnynge of his accesse defende hym slepe and drynke, but zif grete anguysch make hyt. Metys þat falliþ for hym beþ as it is forsaide in causone, scilicet, ordeatum, auenatum, amidum, arthimesia, spinarchia, regia mica, i.e. cromys of brede þre siþes waschen, lactuca, portulaca, melo[nes], 60 cucumeres, cucu[rbita], 61 pruna, mora, pira [cocta], poma cocta, brodium cicerum, brodium pulle, lac amigdalarum ysode wiþ a cheke, fische þat duelliþ amonge stonys.

Pou schalt entendye þat wortyn and fruytes haueb watrie humours and engendrib rotynge. Perfore, it were profytable for to absteyne hym berfrom, but bou schalt seelde fynde eny man so obedyent. And berfore, we mote graunty many bynges and we mote [...]

Missing the end of Chapter 4 (De Tertiana), all of Chapter 5 (De Febre Sanguinea), and the beginning of

Chapter 6 (De Quartana). Summaries of the missing materials follow.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> moyst] most

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> forseyde] *preceded by* tercyane *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> bruscus] briscus

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> melones] melo

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup> cucurbita] cucu

#### [End of De Tertiana]

See commentary. The final portion of the chapter is the *Clarificacio* section, which contains seven points. The first point generally considers the type of humour and the conditions underlying various fevers. The second point discusses the symptoms of vomiting and convulsions as they relate to tertiana. The third point addresses a discrepancy in opinion within the medical profession concerning the use of *oxisacre* and *sirupum acetosum* in the treatment of terciana. The opinions of Ibn Sīnā and Galen are presented within the framework of treatment by contraries, but the ultimate decision is left to the judgement of the individual physician. The final four points discuss specific details related to the composition and movement of corrupt humours.

### [De Febre Sanguinea, 5]

The chapter commences with the cause of *febre sanguinea* (also called *synochus*), which is corruption of the blood. Signs of the condition include headache, excess blood, redness or burning in the body (especially in the face), mental disturbance, 'full, fluctuating' pulse (*plenitudo pulsus et undositas*), sweet breath, red urine, *morbilli*, *varioli*, *carbunculi*, and weakness in the whole body. The appearance of black pustules, difficulty in breathing, and sleep disturbances signify death. Three specific recipes are given in the cure and the chapter concludes with a *Clarificacio*.

#### [De Quartana, 6]

Corrupt melancholy is predominantly the cause of quartana. Determining the type of the quartana (and the composition of the corrupt humours) is based on specific signs in the pulse and the urine. Folio 11r in the Middle English translation picks up in the middle of the final sentence of the section *Signa*. See commentary.

420 **[f. 11r...]**, longe accesse and lytel swetynge and after dyuersyte of colre and of fleume be signes beb dyuersed and in be same manere of malencolie. Take kepe of be signes after dyuersite of humours and kyndes.

Pronosticacio. A quartan þat [is] of blode is most able for to be hoole and most schorte of alle and ben of colre [and ben of fleume]<sup>62</sup> and ben of malencolie.

425

A quartan by rule dureb alle a zere. For in be same maner as feuer agnis seweb meuynge of be mone, also bis feuere sewyb meuynge of be sunne. And some tyme bis pascioun dureb 12 zere, as Auicen seib. Alle quartanerijs mow be hoole and a quartaner hab fele dignitees for he fallib late in maniam and malencoliam and lepram and spasmum bat comyb of replecioun for be mater is purged in euery accesse.

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A quartan þat comeþ of malencolious matere wiþ hardenesse of þe lyuer and of þe splene oþer wiþ an enposteme of þe lemys is ful euel ffor hyt makyþ þe ydropesye. Þis pascioun wole dure longe, þo3 he vse goode regimen. And 3if he vseþ euel regimen, it schal dure ouer longe oþer make hym dede.

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Cura. Jn þe cure of þis pascioun, þou most take kepe of many þynges. First, þat þou ne ʒeue hym noon þynges þat beþ to hote for it wolle brenne hys blode. And in þis maner þei erriþ þat ʒeueþ prassium and pepere, but ʒif þei be repressed.

435

Jn þe 2, þou ne schalt zeue hym noon þynges þat beþ to colde ffor þei woleþ congele þe mater. In þis manere þei erriþ þat zeueþ þe iuse of letuse and narcotica.

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Jn be 3, bou ne schalt zeue hym noon bynges bat beb to drye in hem self for bat wole make be mater harde. And in bat manere bei errib bat zeueb hem rosted mete or friyd ober acetosa or stiptica. And alle bese beb entendyd, but zif bei be wel proporcyonyd wib ober bynges.

. . .

Jn þe 4, þou schalt entendye þat þou ne schalt not avoyde hym to myche in þe first bygynnynge. For þe ma[t]ere<sup>63</sup> may noʒt be defyed for indigestioun of a quartan. We beb ofte desseyued for men þat vseþ lytel mete and drynke and slepiþ wel haueb þe first bygynnynge of þe quartan vryne wel coloured and goode residence þeron, and þat semyb of þe pascioun and it nys noʒt þerof, saf of þe mete and of þe drynke. Þerfore, we schullen yknowe digestioun of þe matere and of þe pascioun by þe rest of hys accesse and by þe releuynge of hys herte.

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Jn þe 5, þou most take kepe þat hys mete ne be noʒt to sotil ne in to lytel<sup>64</sup> quantite for þe staate is myche remeued fro þe bygynnynge. And þei erriþ þat takiþ a wey alle flesches and wyn til 20 oþer 40 daies for his vertue schal be swyþe enfebled and he ne may noʒt wiþstonde þe pascioun.

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Jn þe 6, þou moste take kepe þat noþynge þat makiþ rawe mater ne grete ne **[f. 11v]** schal noʒt be zeuen hym as beþ rawe worten and fruytes and grete flesche and alle þat beþ harde of digestioun oþer ytake in myche quantite.

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Jn þe 7, þou schalt take kepe þat in þe day of his accesse þou schalt ʒeue hym mete a lytel to fore hys accesse by 3 houres to fore or 4. And afterwarde ʒeue hym mete in þe ende of his accesse. And whan he is vnrented of alle hys accesse, þen ʒeue hym myche mete.

Jn þe 8, we mote take kepe þat to fore þe accesse and in þe ende of þe accesse make hym ligt castynges and in þe ende swetynge.

Jn þe 9, þou schalt entendye þat noon harde digestiues ne harde euacuaciouns in þe first bygynnge ne schulle noʒt be ʒeuen, but by degre bygynnynge wiþ liʒt and goynge to [harder].<sup>65</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> and ben of fleume] see commentary

<sup>63</sup> matere] manere

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> lytel] *preceded by* sotile *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>65</sup> harder] ardour

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Jn be firste bygynnynge, bou schalt defye be mater wib oximel simple and ben purge hym wib a symple laxatyf bat be competent berfore. And after bat defye be mater wib oximel duretik and ban make hym an harder laxatyf and ban defye be mater wib oximelle squillitico and ban make hym a more stronge laxatyf.

Jn þe first bygynn[yng]e, 66 avoyde hym wiþ diasene, diaborago and þan do þerto euen porcioun of yerarufini and afterward wiþ yerarufini only.

Jn þe 2, þou schalt entendy þat opiate ne schulleþ noʒt be ʒeue, but ʒif his body be makyd clene oþer in þe ende of þe pascioun.

Jn þe 3, þou schalt entende þat hardenesse and opilaciouns and apostemys of þe splene and of þe lyuere wiþ grete diligence passe we for þe grettyst parte of curynge lyþe heron. When we haueþ seyn alle þynges now go we to þe particuleris.

A feuere quartan only soule and simple wib byfallynge berto of his particlis in bis manere schal be tretyd.

Defye be mater in bis maner:

**8 Rx** radicis feniculi, petroselini, brusci, sparagi, graminis, apij, mediani cortices ebuli and sambuci, fraxini, geneste ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j. Grynde hem wel to gedre and lay hem in vynegre a day and a nyzt þat be stronge vynegre and þenne:

**9 Rx** germandrie, vtriusque sticados, vtriusque calamenti, eupatorie ana  $\S$  iiij, foliorum absinthium  $\S$  iij, endiuie, cicoree, scariole, scolopendrie ana  $\S$  ij, quatuor semina frigidorum, lactuce, capparis, spicenardi, spice celtice ana  $\S$  j, melle roset libra j and  $\beta$ ,  $\S$  guccare libra  $\beta$ . Make herof a syrupe. Herof he schal take large wiþ a decoccioun of fumi terre and borage erliche and anene þre sponys ful and 9 of þe decoccioun.

Pis syrupe remeueb awey opilaciouns of be lyuere and of be splene. And berfore, it is goode in many causis. Avoyde be mater in bis manere:

10 Rx Flores boraginis, florum violarum, florum sene, epithimi, liquirice munde, vuarum passarum mundatarum ana  $\S$  j. Make a decoccioun herof in gootys whaye. And in be decoccioun berof tempere ryndes of mirabolanum [f. 12r] yndorum, kebulorum, emblicorum ana  $\S$   $\beta$ . Frote hem to gedre wib lent fuyre and clense hem and 3eue hyt in be morowtyde to fore hys accesse by on day and many tymes and in lytel quantite.

And whan þis digestyf is zeuen hym, þan þou myzt zeue harder laxatyues:

**11 Rx** diasene, diaborago, yerarufini ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  iiij, lapidis armenici [nouies] abluti  $\frac{3}{5}$  iij. And make herof pilotes and zeue hym whan he gob to slepe so bat his stomak be voyde.

Jn þe 2 tyme after his accesse whan þou seest þis pascioun drawe a wey, make hym a styve and in þe styue put þe same herbes þat beþ in þe syrup wiþ myche water. And euery tyme þat he goþ out of þe styue, ʒeue hym auream alexandrinam and tiriacam ana  $\frac{3}{3}$  j. But ʒif he haue myche coldenesse and

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<sup>66</sup> bygynnynge] bygynne

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>67</sup> See commentary

495 myche schakynge berfore in be bygynnynge of be accesse, put his feete and hys hondes in hote water and do perto hoot tyles and frote hem harde and make hoot be ferbest parties of his body wib hoote clobys. And put bese bynges in hys necke and in hys fete and in his hondes:

**12 Rx** ffulliginis, salis communis, vrticarum and grynde hem wel wib venegre.

And whan his body bygynneb to be hoot, remeue bat a way and bab hym in hoot water, so bat it ne be nost to hoote ne lete not hym stonde bere to longe. Ober anoynte his riggeboon and extremes wib arrogon and marciaton oper take mirram poudered wib wyn hoote oper tiriacam wib be iuse of mente. It is seyde bat calamente take to fore be accesse cureb a quartan.

Myche reste and moyste bynges beb good in euery quartan, saf bynges bat makib hoot and colde, but dyuerse after dyuersyte of be spices.

To a quartan bat comyb of blode, now go we berto.

In a quartan pat comyp of blode, lete hym blode on basilica and defye pe mater wip a sirup of borage and of fumiterre and purge hym wib a decoccioun of borage, polipodij, anisi, cassiafistula, tamarynde. Þis maner feuere is ligt for to hele.

A quartan bat comeb of colre, cure hym bus:

510 in [be] decoccioun berof tempere [cortices]<sup>68</sup> mirabolani citri, indorum bene gummosorum ana 3 j. Frote hem wib lent fuyre and clense hem and zeue it hym in be morowe tyde.

3if it be of fleume, defye be mater in bis maner:

- 14 Rx oxisacre, <sup>69</sup> oximelle duretik, sirupum de fumoterre ana libra j and medle hem to gedre and purge hem in bis manere: 515
  - 15 Rx florum boraginis, florum violarum, polipodij, anisi, 70 liquirice munde, vuarum passarum mundatarum, absinthij, agarici, lactuca, <sup>71</sup> eupatorie ana ξ β. Seþe hem in gotys whay and tempere þeron mirabolanum indorum ana  $\frac{3}{2}$  j. Frote hem in lent fuyre and zeue hyt hym in be morowe tyde.

Pese pelotys beb goode in euery quartan:

16 Rx cortices omnium mirabolanum bene gummosorum, agarici, turbithe, yerarufini ana 3 j, succi 520 mente, succi eupatorie, succi absinthij ana ξ β, anisi, [f. 12v] lac[ca], <sup>73</sup> spicenardi, maratri ana ʒ iij. <sup>74</sup> Medle hem wib oximelle squillitico and make berof pelotis and bou myzte zeue hym berof z iij and more or lasse after be vertue of be pacient.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> cortices] carnes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>72</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>73</sup> lacca] lacta

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>74</sup> See commentary

Dieta. His dietynge schal be smal chekene[s]<sup>75</sup> and smal bryddes and fische bat is ful of skales and rere eyryn and pigges fete and schepis fete. And hys brede schal be of barlyche and of otyn and schortely alle bynges bat beb lyʒt for to defye and siche bynges bat ne makeb noon rawe digestioun ne costyf, but bynges bat beb sotil and laxatyf and openyb. Pese bynges beb dyuersed after be tymes of be pascioun and in qualite and quantite and ordre.

Also, bese beb goode for hym: borage, feniculi, petroselini, brodium cicerum, pruna matura, spinarchia, blete, orte, and ober mo. And Auicen praysib myche castynge \to^fore mete and after.

Clarificacio. Pou schalt entendye þat in stronge sekenesse, stronge medicynes falle þerfor and þen it semeþ þat in a quartan þe most stronge medicynes beþ goode. And þerfore, þou schalt entendye þat þere is stronge medicyne by þe resoun of quantite and noʒt by þe resoun of his qualite, as oximel duretik and mirabolanum. And some medicyne is stronge by þe resoun of his qualite and noʒt by þe resoun of his quantite, as is oximel squillitico, yerarufini. Neuerþelatter, stronge medicyne by resoun of his quantite ne ffalliþ noʒt for a quartan for it wole resolue þynges þat is sotile and þat is grete wolle leue. But a stronge alteratyf is good þerfore. And ʒif it be feble in qualite, þenne þou schalt ʒeue hym a goode quantite þerof. And ʒif it be stronge of qualite, þenne ʒeue hym lytel quantite þerof. And þat in þe first bygynnynge and in þe ende in boþe maneres.

Jn þe 2, some man may doutye wheþer malencolie may rote, siþþe it repungneþ to rotynge in boþe hys qualitees. Y sey þouz þat malencolia be colde and drye in vertue and in dede. Neuerþelatter, it is lyquyd of rennynge and whan þis is maked strayte, it becomyb hoote and it becomyb moyste for vapours þat beþ wiþholde. And in þis maner, whan it rotyb, it duellyb longe. And þerfor, it regnyb 48 houres or his twey qualitees be ouercome wiþ þe mater it is wiþout þe vessels.

Jn þe 3, men may doutye weber fleume may be brent, siþþe þat it repungneb to brennynge in his qualitees.

J sey þat it may be aduste<sup>76</sup> for his coldenesse and moystenesse nys noʒt vnbounde. And þerfore, it may be maked hoote and brenne oþer it may be adust of medlynge of oþer hoot parties as is colra, etc.

Jn þe 4, men may doutye of þis pascioun of longe afflixioun, i.e. tormentynge, and longe restynge or boþe schorte.

J sey of þis feuere schortely þat þe afflixioun is schorte or longe after þat þe mater is able for to be resolued. And þe restynge þerof is longe oþer schorte after þat þe mater wiþstondiþ [f. 13r] putreffaccioun, litel oþer myche. Malencolia. Malencolye tormentiþ longe tyme for þe mater is grete and nys not able to be resolued. And it restiþ myche for boþe qualitees wiþstondiþ rotynge.

Fleume. Fleuma tormentib myche for be mater berof is viscouse and nel nozt liztly resolue and makyb litel restynge. For be humour berof is ful able to rotynge by be resoun of moystenesse and berfore it ne makyb no reste ober it is fals reste.

Colera. Colera tormentiþ lytel for he resolueþ anoon and hys reste is bytwyxe a quartan and a cotidian and it rotiþ late by þe resoun of hys dryenesse.

Jn þe 5, þou schalt entendye þat baþis beþ goode in quartanys in þe ende þerof towarde þe cure of þe pascioun, but in þe first bygynnynge it is for þe accidencis.

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<sup>75</sup> chekenes] chekene

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> aduste] *preceded by* as *deleted in red ink* 

#### De Cotidiana, [7]

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Cotidiana is a feuere of rotyd fleume. 3if þe mater rotye wiþ in þe vessals it engendriþ a contynuel; 3if wiþ out, interpolatam. And 3if it come of colde fleume, it bygynneþ wiþ colde fleume and congelacioun, and prinspaliche 3if it is fleume vitreum. 3if it come of fleume salsum, he schal haue grete þrist.

In fleume naturel is lytel coldenesse and lytel breste.

Causa. Pe enchesoun of þis ffeuere is grete reste and grete replecioun of mete and drynke. And perfore, it comeb prinspaly in wynter and in olde men and in childerne and moyste fleumatike men and in fischerys and in wommen þat haueb soure balkynges and haueb þe reume myche fallynge a doun to þe stomak, and schortely þat engendriþ chilum fflimaticum. And ryʒt as ober feueres beb myche in hare speche, so is þis in hys.

Signa. A cotidian pat is verray bygynnep wip lytel coldenesse and wip lytel pous. And it is algate dyuerse and it termynep a lytel swetynge and in pe fyrst bygynnynge his vryne is louz in coloure.

Pe signes of oper spices by be enchesoun of schortenesse, Y reserve hyt to be redere of bis crafte.

Pronosticacio. A feuere fleumatike is ful harde forto take a wey for be mychelnesse of grete mater and of viscouse. And in be same maner as colre makib late a contynuel, in be same maner a cotidian makyb late interpolatam. De closynge of be porys is harde and be moystenesse is grete. Wherfore rotydnesse for be most partye is cotidiana. 3if it so be bat he cast in his fyrst accesse and in be ende grete swetynge, bat is a good signe. It signefieb schort pascioun and hele for it signefieb bat be mater nys nozt ful grete ne viscouse and [f. 13v] hys porys<sup>77</sup> ne beb nozt closed. Dis feuere comyb myche wib galpynge and wib myche heuynesse and wib fantasyes and wib suellynge of be face and ledy coloure and he fallib liztliche in subithe and bei beb wib contynuel dolour.

Pe leche schal be holde pe more feyful 3 if he can telle pynges pat comp byfore and pe pynges pat comp after.

Cura. Pe cure herof schal be after dyuersyte of þe mater. But whan þou knowest þe symple þou myʒt þe better yknowe þe conposicioun and so þou myʒt cure þe pascioun þat beþ yclepyd nothe. And þerfore to a verray cotidian take we kepe.

Jn a cotidian þat comyþ of fleume vitreum, ptisana is myche worþe wiþ a lytel pypere. And for þe mater is most colde, þerfor oþer þynges schulleþ be ʒeue hym after þe porcioun of þe mater. Jn a cotidian þat comyþ of fleume salsum, swete water is myche worþe ydrunke also hoot as he suffre may as we wolleþ signe in þe chapitre of þriste þat comyþ of fleume salsum. Y ne myʒt neuer fynde remedye in fleume salsum and ʒitt Y haue deligently ytrauayled þeron, saf in drinkynges of swete watere, makynge hym oþer þynges after þe porcioun of hete for it were no worschep for to noumbre alle þe particles.

3if [cotidian]<sup>78</sup> come of naturel fleume, first we mote benke hyt in bis pascioun and in euery ober and take kepe to be enchesoun. For 3if bou knowyst no3t be enchesoun, how schalte bou cure hym. In be secunde to be pascioun ffor Galen seyb quinto de ingenio, allegate we mote knowe accidence of sikenesse and of hys bou3t.

In be bridde, we mote turne to be accidence for be grete anguysche bat bei makyb.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>77</sup> porys] *preceded by* porse *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>78</sup> cotidian] conti

Jn þe firste,<sup>79</sup> take we a wey þe enchesoun of a cotidian and of alle rotyd feuerys wiþ þynges þat openyþ þe porys and makyþ hem sotyl wiþynne and wiþ oute. Frote hym and hys wombe and hys sydes somtyme softely and some tyme harde wiþ scharpe cloþys and some tyme wiþ hys hondis after

**17 Rx** aqua dulcis libra j, vini albi  $\S$  iij, aceti albi  $\S$  ij, radicis apij  $\S$  j, olei camomille  $\S$  j and  $\beta$ . Boyle hem to gedre and frote pere wip hys wombe and hys sydes and hys rygge for it is good for opilacioun. And pis schal be ydo many tymes.

Jn be secunde, go we to be pascioun. Jn be first, defye be mater wib ysopo yboyled in sirupo acetoso and ban purge hym wib bis decoccioun:

**18 Rx** florum boraginis, polipodij, turbithe, agarici, anisi, maratri, ameos, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, liquirice munde ana  $\S$   $\S$ . Sethe **[f. 14r]** hem and tempere peron pe ryndes of m[i]rabolanum<sup>80</sup> kebulorum  $\S$  j, clense hem and  $\S$  eue hyt.

Pe secunde tyme deffye þe mater wiþ oxisacre compowned wiþ oximelle duretik and purge hym wiþ ierapigra.

Jn þe 3, defye þe mater þus:

dyuersyte of be particuleris.

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**19 Rx** radicis feniculi, petroselini, apij, brusci, sparagi, semen endiuie,<sup>81</sup> semen scariole ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j, lac[ca],<sup>82</sup> spice[nardi],<sup>83</sup> squinanti ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  ji, melle roset, panis zuctare ana libra j. Make herof a syrupe.

And whan be mater is defyed, purge hym wib bese pillulis:

**20 Rx** turbithe  $\S$  j, agarici, aloen, reubarb, cortices mirabolani citri, kebulorum bene gummosorum ana  $\S$   $\beta$ , foliorum mente, absin[thium], <sup>84</sup> eupatorie ana  $\S$  ij,  $\S$  in $\S$  iberis, lac[ca], <sup>85</sup> anisi, masticis, piperis, spicenardi, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, liquirice munde ana  $\S$  j. Medle hem wiþ oximelle squillitico and make herof pelotis. Herof he may vsye of pelotis from  $\S$   $\S$  to  $\S$  j. And bou my $\S$  scharpe hem wiþ esula ober wiþ diagridium ober wiþ bobe and  $\S$  eue amonge after here confeccioun.

Pe 3euynge berof adde hyt oper mense hyt after be particles bat bou seest. Whan be purgacioun is doon and be pascioun is passynge a wey, bou my3t styve hym and in be styue put be same herbe bat beb in be syrupe, saf in more quantite wib myche water. And whan he gob out berof, 3eue hym tiriaca probata euery tyme 3 j. And in be last he may be babed. And whan we seeb hys vryne wel coloured and bicke, benne, 3if hys vertue be stronge, he may be leten blode.

Now we haueb yseye of be cause and of be pascioun, now yse we of be accidencis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> firste] *preceded by* frs *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>80</sup> mirabolanum] mrabolanum

<sup>81</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>82</sup> lacca] lacte

<sup>83</sup> spicenardi] spice

absinthium] absin

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>85</sup> lacca] lacte

In pe first bygynnynge of his anguysche, put his hondes and his feete in hoot water in whiche be camomille, mellilote and make hym cast ligtly wip a decoccioun of radiche in water or oximelle wip sirupo acetoso oper wip oximelle duretik oper wip 3  $\beta$  corticis sambuci.

Jn be ende of his anguysche, make hym swete. Take vesicam eneam ful of hoot water and put to be plante of his fete. And make be ayre of hys house tempere. And 3if he cast myche, benne conforte hys stomak wib mente and ober bynges. And if he be heuy and swonynge, lete hym haue be sauour of storax calamita and frote harde hys fete and hys hondys.

Enplastrum. And for be akynge of hys stomak is<sup>86</sup> grete and contynuel, make hym an enplastre wib menta, absin[thium]<sup>87</sup> and brede rosted and makyd moyste in watere of rosis and wib rosis and grynde hem alle to gedre.

3if he be costyf, make hym a suppositore oper a clistery comyn and do þerto bleta and yerapigra.<sup>88</sup>

Now we hauyb seyde of his medicynes, telle we of hys dietynge. For by longe tyme we ne mowe nost profitely telle. Pou ne schalt zeue hym ne mete to fore hys accesse by 4 houres and in be most reste bat he hab in be feuere. Pe mete bat fallib is brodium cicerum, myca panis and lota and ban zeue hyt hym in hys brobe of cicerum. And zeue hym ordeatum and auenatum, lac amigdalarum, smal chekenes wib lactuca and petroselini soden to gedre. And zeue hym bese bynges by degre. And whan be pascioun is alle agoon, ban zeue hym more harde. [f. 14v] And so lytel and lytel til he come to olde custome. And bus bou schalt do in euery pascioun.

Clarificacio. Pou schalt entende þat castynge þat comyþ lyʒtly in þe bygynnynge of a cotidian may signifye digestioun and signifyeb goode and noʒt only digestioun ffulfilled, saf prouay, and þerfore it may signifye digestioun. For hyt ne signifyeb noʒt grete indigestioun. For þe mater is noʒt grete ne colde ne þe passynge nys noʒt strayte, but þe mater is redy to digestioun. And elles it nolde noʒt come in þe first accesse ne swetynge in þe ende, etc. And þis is a goode signe. For alle þe accesse is releued þerby and þe mater goynge to fore is made lasse and it may be sayde in oo maner crisis particularis. And þe mater is defyed in hys maner in þat it is obedient to þe vertue of puttynge out. Make hym lyʒt castynge in euery feuere interpolata jn þe first bygynnynge of his accesse.

In pe secunde, it is to askynge wheher in a feuer fleumatik schal be swetynge in pe ende of pe accesse. And pere is difference herof as Galen seype in Differentijs Febrium. And pe resoun herof is pat naturel fleume is colde and grete and viscouse and perfore pe mater nys nozt couenable for turnynge into swetynge and zif it turne perto in any maner it is goode signe.

Jn be 3, take kepe bat be vryne in be first bygynnynge is bynne, bo3 be mater be moyste and myche. For so myche as be mater is indigest and be passynges out beb stopped and be matere is grete and nys no3t able for to resoluye, saf whan it bygynneb for to defye and kynde bygynneb forto wexe aboue, benne it bycomyb bicke and ban it signifyeb bygynnynge of digestioun, 3if it be prouay.

Jn þe 4, þou schalt entendye þat in a cotidian of fleume salsum aut dulci is grete þrist and in oþer not so.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>86</sup> is] *preceded by* ig *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>87</sup> absinthium] absin

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>88</sup> yerapigra] *preceded by* ya *deleted in red ink* 

Jn be 5, bou schalt entendye bat in euery cotidian<sup>89</sup> bat is grete and viscouse, wyn is goode, saf be wyn schal be feble and medled wib myche water and it schal be geue after hys mete or be whiles he etib for it defyeb and confortib and sotileb. And berfore, it ne may nogt brenne be feuere for be feuere in hymself nys nogt ful brennynge and berto be wyn is feble and wib myche quantite of water. And poug it defye, gitt it ne schal nogt be geuen hym to fore mete for it is preschynge and berfor it were drede lest hyt harmyd hys synewys and hys bougt.

Jn þe 6, þou schalt entendye þat þouʒ þe mater be grete and in þat maner it is more couenable to avoydynge byneþe. And þe place þat suffriþ is þe stomak for þe mater is contenyd þeron. And þat is in þe stomak may most liztlyche be avoyded by castynge. Þerfore, in þe first bygynnynge of þe accesse castynge is better þan goynge to sege.

In pe 7, bou schalt entendye bat babynge wib swete water is goode whan be pascioun is goynge a wey for it wole make clene. And in obere tymes it nyl nozt for it wolde make hem to moyste and be mater is moyst and viscouse and wole nozt be dissolued wib babynge. [f. 15r] And herof bou schalte entendye bat water ysode is beste for hys drynke for in be boylynge it is makyd more schorte and in bat manere be mater of be erbe fallib to be botme berof and ban clense hyt. And bis is best in euery feuere and what water so it be.

Jn be 8, we schul declare bat brede wel yleueyned wib a lytel quantite of salt is best, as Galen seyb, for whete is viscouse. 3if bis brede is best, benne bis brede wole be better 3if it were yboyled in water and bat water scholde be 3euen hym no3t as for to drinke. Pis brede may be 3eue hym and ober brede. And bis ne holdib no3t be kynde of salte. Perfore, it entrib conposicioun as ober bynges and it helpib be water for prechye and it hab noon scharpenesse for to take any kepe berof.

Jn þe 9, þou schalt entendye þat humours meuyþ it in dyuerse houres by cause of rote aboue and byneþe. Sanguis. Sanguis meuiþ from þe morow tyde and sewyd þe sunne by þe enchesoun þat hy beþ yliche. And þe sunne is in þe est by þe enchesoun of þe rote þat kynde engendriþ by slepe myche blode. Þe nature þat is wiys meuyþ hym in þat houre after his generacioun þat he ne may noʒt be yclensed of hys fumys.

Colera. Colere meuib wib in and sewib be quadre bat is hoot by be fourme and of bynges bat beb bynebe for to make blode enfecte.

Malencolia. Malencolia meuyb afterward in nonis and folewib be quadre bat is colde and drye and by enchesouns bynges bynebe bat blode by enchesoun of meuynge be auentyd bere after and ypurged of his superfluytees of malencolie.

Fleume. Fleume meuib a neue and folewib be quadre bat is colde and moyste by be enchesoun of bynges bynebe for be wyse nature hab noon ende, as seib Galen in Decrepitre, <sup>90</sup> bat be superfluytees berof mowe be purged bat blode mowe leue clene and so bou schalt entendye of alle obere.

Jn be 10, bou schalt entendye bat grete humours meuyb most a ny3t for be gretter hete and for it nedib haue a stronge meuere and berfore hy meuyb in bat tyme and sotil humours aday and al by resoun.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>89</sup> cotidian] *preceded by* cu *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>90</sup> Decrepitre] Latin: Decreticis

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>91</sup> stronge] preceded by sto deleted in red ink

### De Febribus Compositis, 8

Now it is seyde of sengle feueres. Here we wole speke of feueres bat beb conponed to gedre. And bere beb founden 5 maner berof in be maner bat we spekib now of whiche be first is clepyd sextena septena and so of ober.

Þe 2 is clepyd erratica.

Þe 3 is clepyd epilia.

Þe 4 is clepyd causonides.

Pe 5 [is] emitriceus. Brefly, þou schalt entendye þat fleume and malencolia beþ conponed to gedre and makiþ a feuere. And þis conposicioun is somtyme of fleume vitreum and some tyme of acetosum and so of oþer. And after dyuersyte þei beþ conponed and some tyme þei restiþ more and some tyme lasse. Some tyme þei dureþ from þe vj til þe 6, and some tyme from 7 to vij, and some [f. 15v] tyme from 9 to ix, and some tyme fro moneþ to moneþ, and some tyme from 3ere to 3ere. And þei be ycured as þe remenaunt and þerfore Y nel speke no more of hem.

Erratica feuere. A ffeuere bat is clepyd erratica is engendryd of many humours and in dyuerse placys rotyd and ybrent. And whan bei gaderyb alle to gedre, ban bei engendrib quartanam. And prinspaly azen heruest and bei ne errib nozt in hem self, saf euery folewib his meuynge after his kynde. And vs benkyb, for dyuersyte of hare accesse, hy meuyb after be planetis, etc.

Pese feueres bat beb conpowned schullib be cured as beb be symple.

Epiala feuere. Febris epiala is engendryd of fleume vitreum and oon partye þerof is rotyd wiþin þe vessals and makyþ hoot þe placis wiþin. And þat oþer partye þat nys noʒt rotyd is dissolued<sup>92</sup> and makeþ colde wiþ out forþe and þe contarie is in lipparia. Vnde versus:

Semper in epialia calescunt interiora,

Exteriora frigent lipparia conuertitur illi.

Some men seyn þat þis conposicioun comyb of colera. Neuerbelatter, þei beb engenderyd as beb þe symple.

Causonides feuere. Causonides is a feuere conponed of blode and colre roted wip in pe vessels. And 3if pei bep medled euene, penne it is ycleped causon sinochus. 3if<sup>93</sup> colre be more pan hyt, it is clepyd causon sinochides. And 3if blode be more, penne it is clepyd sinochus causonides. And pei bep ycured as her relatyues.

Emitriceus feuere. Emitriceus is a feuere conponed of a feuere interpolata cotidiana. And þe conposiciouns mow be dyuerse and swyþe many and alle mow be reduced to þre þat beþ most yknowe.

Pe ffirst emitriceus is engendered of cotidiana continuel and terciana interpolata. And þe secunde kynde þerof comyþ of terciana cotidiana and cotidiana interpolata.

Pe þirde spice is engendered of quartana continuel and terciana interpolata. Vnde versus: [Maior emitriceus]<sup>94</sup> in venis fleuma recondit,

Exterius colera medius conuertitur illi. Þe worst humour is in þe veynes and þe galle sepiþ wiþ out. And for alle þese spices falliþ late and whan þey falliþ þei schul be cured as þe symple. Y nel speke no more of þis matere.

<sup>93</sup> 3if] *preceeded by* cau *deleted in black ink* 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>92</sup> dissolued] dissoloued

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>94</sup> Maior emitriceus] Manntriceus

## De Ethica, 9

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Ethica is a feuere contynuel and euene wip out vys of humours and subjectum perof is hole lemys.

Pou schalt entendye þat ethica is double. Oon is wip a feuere and pat oper is wip out feuere and is clepyd ethica senectutis. And peron is drynesse swype myche and hete euene oper as it were euene and coldenesse so pat pese tweyn passip nozt meche ouer oper as it fallip in olde men. And so it fallip pat pis ethica senectutis comyp in zonge men and in childeren.

Ethica wip a feuere hap 3 spices. Pe first is whan be moystenesse of be herte wastib and lemys bat beb fleschy and it is lyke to oyle bat is in a lampe.

Pe [f. 16r] secunde is whan cambium wastip and is ilyke to oyle wip a weke.

Pe þirde spice is whan þe gleu wastiþ and þat is likned to þe substancial moystenesse þat is in a weke.

Cause. Pe enchesouns of feuere ethica beb alle bynges bat makib hoot and drye and brennyb be herte and hole lemys. And berfore, feuere ethica comyb some tyme of feuerys goynge to fore, as of effimera and causon and ober mo and prinspaly whan hem is asigned abstenence and nozt in his place and whan drynke of colde water is ytake [awey]<sup>95</sup> bat schold be zeue. Pis maner men beb consumyd anoon and prinspaly bey bat beb hoote and drye and lene. For men bat beb fatt and fulle of flesche ne fallib nozt comynly to bese wastynges.

Also, ethica wip out feuere comyp of grete sorozpe, and anguysche, wrap, and trauaile, and of grete fatigacioun, i.e. ffayntenesse of be herte and of be soule, and of prisonys, and prinspalyche of alle bynges bat wastip be body. And it comyp of enchesouns of be lyuere and of be herte and of be longys and of be pysche, as in ptisi and empimata.

Signa. Þe signes of febris ethica beþ whan þe most heete is in arteria þan in eny oþer placis þat beþ neiz. Whan þe feuere is yhette, he is ymakyd euene and þere nys noon dyuersyte þeron for to speke by resoun of his kynde neþer in þe first day ne in þe secunde ne in þe þirde. And his skyn wole be drye. And þese beþ signes of þe first spice.

Pe first spice, as Auicen seib, is harde for to knowe and ligt for to cure and be resoun of bynges bat beb forseide. For be first spice may be wib out dryenesse as Galen seyb in be chapitre of feueres.

Jn be secunde spice of ethike, dryenesse may be knowe and also in what houre so bat hete after bat he schal be most brennynge and his pouse more swyfte as it schewyd in quicke lyme whan it is sprenged wib colde water.

Jn þe þirde spice, his ezen beþ holow and his skyn þicke and his wombe cleuyþ to his rigge and his pouse is hoote and harde as a corde strayned and his vryne as it were oyle and it falle vppon a stoon it sowneþ rauce.

Signes of ethica senectutis beb feynt pouse and bynne vryne and lowze in coloure.

Pronosticacio. Þe ffirst spice may liztly be yeured.

Pe pirde is incurable, but 3if God it wolde. For in a wike pat brennyp be substancial moystenesse wastip what oyle so pere be put perto and nys neuere ybrou3t to ri3t after. Pat also in bis birde spice of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>95</sup> awey] aday; see commentary

ethike for [humidite]<sup>96</sup> þat beþ substancial of þe herte and of oþer lemys wastiþ awey oþer beþ neig waste.

Pe myddel ethik hab hym self **[f. 16v]** in mene for ʒif it is <sup>97</sup> cured it is wib grete difficulte. Whan hys nailes wexib croked ban he is in be myddel berof and whan hys herys fallib ban he is neiʒ be debe. And ʒif to hym come flux of be wombe, ban he is more neiʒ for bat dob a wey be vertue anoon of hym. And whan his leggis bygynneb to swelle, ban he ne may lyue no lenger, saf for be most parte he leuyb not ouer 3 daies. And bei bat haueb etik ne hauyb no goode discrescioun of hete ffor his feble conplexioun bat is dyuerse is makyd euene and is noʒt yfelyd. And whan feuere ethica is makyd wib a rotyd, it is ful harde to knowe hyt.

Cura. 3if ethica come of chafynge of þe lyuer or of enpostemys, cure hym first jn etik. Frigida and hu[mida]<sup>98</sup> beþ goode and noʒt only colde for hyt dryeþ, as Auicen seyþ. And hoote and moyste beþ noʒt goode þerfore for hu[mida]<sup>99</sup> woleþ makye to hoote. But colde and moyste beþ goode þerfore, as is ptisana ʒuctare. And mylke is goode for hym whan þe botere is take awey. Milke is goode for men þat beþ in þe ptisik, as Galen seyþ decimo de ingenio, so þat feuere putrida be noʒt medled þerwiþ. And þe best mylke þat is for hem is womman milke, and þen asse mylke, and þan gotys mylke, þan of cowe mylke. As myche as it is possible, lete hym take of a womman brestis. And ʒif it nys noʒt possible, take a vessel þat be ful of hoote water and þeron sette a clene vessel wasche wiþ hoote water and þeron þe mylke schal be gaderyd and so he schal drynke þerof. For milke wole rotye anoone, as dotys seide. <sup>100</sup> And ʒif we drediþ corupcioun þerof in þe stomake, þan boyle hyt a lytel and put þeron a lytel water and a lytel salt and a lytel hony and take stonys of þe ryuere and make hem hoot or a gobett of stele. And for drede of his corupcioun wiþ a grete cautele it mote be ytake.

Babys beb goode for hym. Put hym in a keuere twyes a day whan his mete is defyed in his stomak. And bat water ne schal not be ful hote but a lytel more ben flache. And he ne schal nozt swete beron, ne he ne schal nozt abyde beron longe, and he ne schal nozt be anoynted til he go out berof. And pan sodeynly sprynge hym wib colde watere. For babynge of hote water nys nogt good, but gif hoote water go to fore. And who so kepyb wel bese tweyne, scilicet, babynge and mylke, he schal fynde grete helpe beron. And be beestis schulleb be noursched in goode pasture and be drye, as it is seyde chapitre de ptisi. Cancri fluuiales beb goode, saf be vttemyst parties berof schulleb be cast awey and be remenaunt be wasche wel wib leiz made [f. 17r] of askes of vynes til alle be grete sauoure be goon a wey and þan seþe hyt in barliche water. And þan lete hym take ordeatum and auenatum and amidum. And bei wolleb be be better zif bey be soden wib mylke of kyne so bat be butter be remeued a wey. And cromys of whyte brede wasche in many waterys and þan medlyd wib water beb good for hym. And fysche ful of schelles bat comyb of clene watere and ayren rere and brobe of flesche and flesche of bryddes þat beþ in vs þat ne swymmeþ nogt in water and lete hem be soden in myche water wiþ barliche and coriandre bat be fresch ober wib letuse ober wib colde fruytes, as melones and ober mo. And clere wyn wib myche water is good for hem. Anoynte his pyse wib bis oynement: take be marowz of an herte and of a calf and fresche botter and fresche grece of a swyne, dragaganti, gummi arabici

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>96</sup> humidite] humites

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>97</sup> is<sup>1</sup>] preceded by it deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>98</sup> humida] hu

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>99</sup> humida] hu

dotys seide] Latin: sicut et semen

en[fu]sus, <sup>101</sup> oyle of nenifar, olei violacei, olei de cucurbite, olei de salicibus ana ʒ i, cere albe and make berof an oynement.

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Jtem, lete hym vsye þis electuarium: take þe poudris of þese electuaris, scilicet, diapapauer, diadraganti frigidi, diapenideon wiþ out cinamomo, electuari resumptiui ana  $\S$  ij, carni[um]<sup>102</sup> testidinum bene preparatorum libra  $\beta$ . Þe poudris of triasandali, conserue rosis and violis ana  $\S$  j, panis  $\Im$  j, panis  $\Im$  j, panis  $\Im$  cuctare quod sufficit. And make þerof electuarium and lete hym vsye þis sirupe:

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**21 Rx** iiij semina frigidorum mundatorum maiorum and minorum, semen papaueris albi, semen malue, <sup>103</sup> pinearum, pistacarum, amigdalarum dulcium, iuiube, sebesten, caricarum, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, liquirice munde and s[u]cce eius, <sup>104</sup> ordei mundi ana  $\S$  j, florum nenifar, florum violarum ana libra  $\beta$ , panis 3uccare quod sufficit. And make hem wiþ welle water wiþ lent fuyre.

hy

And 3if feuere putrida be medled þerwiþ, þou my3t do þerto endyue, scariole, letuse, cicoree and purge hym a lytel wiþ cassiafistula.

In ethica senectutis, mylke and hony and brobe of flesche beb goode.

Hony in ethica wip a feuere is swype nyouse. 3if in ethika wip a feuere be flux of wombe, pan 3eue hym mylke soden wip water, stonys makyd rede in pe fuyre and cast peron oper wip vecchis made clene oper wip be seede of citoniorum oper sumac oper of mirtille. Of pe clarificacioun of pis matere, Y excuse me for we haueb seyde somwhat in pe differences of feuere, Galen decimo de ingenio sanitatis.

### De Febribus Pestilencialibus, [10]

830 Febres

Febres pestilenciales beb bo bat comyb in rotyd tymes and ydel whan sedys and be ayre rotib and water.

Pou schalt entendye bat bere beb sekenessis bat beb dyuerse and variaunt bat comeb of

maner of mannes bodies rotip for ayre pat is corupt gop to be herte and so it gop into alle be body and is noursched of metys and drinkes and beb rotyd. De vapouris beb resolued by be vertue of be sterres

vncouenable adminestracyoun of Galen bynges bat be in naturel and bese beb comyn to alle men. [f. 17v] And some beb sekenessis of regiouns, as ptisis and empima vppon hylles and flux of be wombe and ydropesye in valayes. And in some regiouns beb trees bat who so etib of be fruyt it engendrib bocium gule. And in some regiouns of proprete of be waterys is engendred opilacioun of be lyuere and of be splene and in bat maner foule coloure. And bere beb some sikenesses bat beb yclepid epialtes ober pestilenciales and beb bo bat beb engendryd in rotyd tymes. And alle bo beb of euel termynacioun for be harmynge of be prinspale lemys bat beb rotyd in be roote. For bis pascioun is engenderyd in effecte of bynges bat beb aboue ober of bynges bat beb bynebe. And boug be ayre and water and symple bodies be nogt rotyd in here totyd best best be rotyd, gitt, neuerbelatter, by be enchesoun of vapuris bat beb rotyd and medlyd bei rotyb bestis and sedys and fruytes and so of ober. And in bat

<sup>101</sup> enfusus] ensus

carnium] carnini
103 See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>104</sup> succe] sicce

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>105</sup> sikenesses] *preceded by* I *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>106</sup> here] *preceded by* herl *deleted in red ink* 

and bib ybore wib be wynde to fer placis of be worlde. And after dyuersitees of be bodies, dyuerse feueres beb engendered; jn some contre of blode, in some of colre and so of alle ober after dyuersyte of disposicioun of be mater.

Signa. Signes beb some comyn and some propre. Signes of pestilense bat is to comynge beb bese: whan stella comata schewyd hym as a rounde candele, and whan it is oo day hoot and anober colde ober in oon day ober in many daies, and whan be eyre is bicke and it benkib bat it wole ryne and it ne reyneb no3t, and whan be somer is hoot and moyste, and whan briddes leueb her nestis and hare eyren, and whan bere beb engenderyd many wormys vppon be erbe. Pese beb signes of pestilencis bat beb to comynge.

Propre signes in feuere pestilenciali beb whan heete is lent wib oute and stronge wib in wib grete berste and drynesse of be tunge and wib grete malice of be pascioun and strayte brebe and akynge to fore be herte.

Pronosticacio. Alle þei beþ of euel terminacioun and euel byfallynges þerto and disseyuable to whiche þere comyþ variole and morbilli and pasciouns þat beþ venymouse and for þe most parte it skorneþ leches. For hare vrynes semeþ goode and wiþ goode resydence and þat nys noʒt of þe matere of þe sekenessis, saf of mete. For þe kynde ne dar noʒt put a wey þe pascioun<sup>107</sup> for þe malice þerof. And whan þou abydest crisis for be god, þen comyþ deþ. Þerfore, we schul take goode kepe in þis feuere aguis, but none susteyne pronosticaciouns noþer of lyf ne of deþ.

We mow kepe vs from pestilencis **[f. 18r]** 3if be tyme is colde for to smelle muscum, lignum aloes, gariofilorum, and storacem calamitam, ambram, and ober mo bat beb of bis kynde and soote of sauoure and ete hem ober smelle hem.

And 3if be tyme be hoot wib bynges bat beb colde as triasandali, rosis, camphore, and acetositas citri. <sup>108</sup> be cure berof may be in bis manere: bat bou amendye hys ayre in alsomyche as it is possible and after be tymes. In somere bou schalt make be ayre colde wib wibi leuys and of whyte vyne and cucurbite and wib myche colde water and vynegre and water of rosis. And lete hym smelle water of rosis and camphore, rosis, sandali, nenifar, and alle acetosa beb goode and soure mylke and soroyl and mala granata and be iuse of soure grapis and of pome citrinis and limonum and citrangulus and acetum. And he echewyde replecioun of mete and of drynke and coitus in tyme of pestilence. 3if be pascioun be blody, lete hym 'blode', 3if be particules acordib berto.

3if it come of colre, defye be matere and avoyde hym as it falleb berfore and so of be ober. And bou my3t make hym bis syrupe:

**22 Rx** s[u]cci boraginis,  $^{109}$  s[u]cci buglosse,  $^{110}$  succi mellesse, succi pomorum dulcium, succi acetose, succi endiue,  $^{111}$  succi scariole ana libra  $\beta$ , rosis, florum nenifar ana  $\mathfrak{Z}$  iij,  $^{112}$  sandalarum, musc[at]elini $^{113}$   $\mathfrak{Z}$ 

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 $<sup>^{107}</sup>$  pascioun] preceded by illegible correction in black ink

acetositas citri] acetositas citras citri

succi] sicci

<sup>110</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>111</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>112</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>113</sup> muscatelini] muscelini

ij, camphore  $\mathfrak{z}$  i, aceti albi  $\mathfrak{z}$  iij. <sup>114</sup> Medle hem to gedre wiþ water of rosis and sugre libra j and make berof a syrupe and clarefye hyt to quarter  $\mathfrak{v}$ .

Jtem, lete hym vse þis electuarium:

**23 Rx** ʒuccare roset, triasandali, dragaganti frigidi ana ¾ iiij, pannorum auri puri xx, margaritarum, jacinctorum, ossis de cornu cerui ana ¾ j. Medle hem to gedre.

And 3if his hondis and his fete bycome colde, þan frote hem wel. Bygynne wiþ inforþe and frote hym outwarde. And 3if his appetyte be feble, conforte hyt wiþ soote smellynge<sup>115</sup> þynges and wiþ soure þynges. Clarificacioun haþ place in þe first regymene acutarum.

## De Sudore, 116 11

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Svdor is a moyst vapour resolued wip inforbe and is gaderyd to gedre in be skyn.

Causa. Pe enchesoun of swetynge is al þynge þat resoluyþ matere into vapoure. And þerfore, þou schalte entendye<sup>117</sup> þat vapour is in twey maneres: some is drye, and þat is matere of þe herys, and þat oþere is moyste, and þat is mater of swetynge. And þerfore, it comyþ some tyme of þynges wiþ outforþe, as of hete of þe sunne oþer of fuyre oþer of wynde þat is meridional oþer of grete trauaile of body oþer of soule oþer for grete helynge oþer for baþis, etc.

Oper it comyb wib in by be enchesoun of hete bat dissoluyb and berof is take bat some swetynge is in natural and some comyb of bynges bat beb naturel bat makib be pacient allegate more [f. 18v] lizte and bettre in staate. And swetynge bat is in naturel is wib grete agreuaunce and euel to suffre.

Signa. Pe signes beby take some by partye of be quantite and some by partye of be qualite and some is myche and some is lytel. Myche swetynge comyb of parties of doynge ober of resoluynge strongly or be mater is swybe watery and sotil hoot and vaperouse and moyst ober for be porys beby rechynge ober for be haldynge berof is feble and be expulcioun is stronge. Lytel comyb for be resoluynge is feble or for bere is lytel matere and harde and be porys beby bycke and be puttynge out feble and be haldynge stronge. And bus, we schullen come to be kynde of swetynge by party of be quantite. And we schul come to bat ober by partye of his qualite and myche berof by enchesoun of heete. Signa. First, 3if be clobes bat beb wete of swetynge tourneb somwhat toward rede, it is signe of blode. And 3if it tourne towarde 3elowe, it is signe of colre. And 3if it tourne toward whyte, jt is signe of fleume. And 3if it be blak, it is signe of malencolie. And be signe berof is ytake of sauour. For [3if] it is stinkynge and foule, benne it signifieb corupcioun and it is take of sauoure for some tyme bere fallib a drope in a mannys moube bat hab bat pascioun and benne he felyb swetnesse and bat signifieb blode. And sometyme he felib bitternesse and benne it signifyeb colre. And some tyme it is salt and ban it signifieb fleume salsum and so of alle ober humours.

Pronostacacio. Alle swetynge þat comyb after signe of digestioun and in die cretica and come into alle be body and be pacient be more ligt berfore, ben it is goode, and gif any condicioun herof faile, it

<sup>115</sup> smellynge] smellynges

<sup>114</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>116</sup> Sudore] preceded by R deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>117</sup> entendye] *preceded by* enden *deleted in red ink* 

nys nozt. And þerfore, in þe firste bygynnynge of a pascioun it nys not for þe matere nys nozt digest. Jt comyþ also by way of pasciouns and nozt by way of kynde.

And þerfore, by kynde in þe first bygynnynge euacuacioun is goode. First signes of digestioun schulleb schewye and bat is in be ende of be staate. For in be last ende it dob a wey virtue. For crisis ne comyb in be goynge a wey, saf in be worst tyme of be humours. And 3if crisis be verray wib al his condiciouns, bat is to seye bat he be sertayne and saaf and fulfilled and schewynge.

Pe secunde condicioun is necessare pat it be in pe day of crisis, but 3if pe kynde abyde godenesse of pe firmament for crisis comypeuere in pe ende of pe quadre oper of half pe quadre. And 3if pis ne come no3t toward pe mone, 3itt pey comypeuere pe signes of pe 3odiac.

Pe þirde condicioun is necessare<sup>118</sup> þat swetynge come in alle þe body for þerof sewyd strengþe **[f. 19r]** of vertue, it signifyeþ myʒty to putt out to alle diametros. And þerfore, in oon partye onliche is feblenesse of vertue whaþer it be hoot oþer colde oþer contynuel or no. And þerfore, hoot swote in þe hede only in feuere contynuel it is euel. Colde signifieþ deþ. 3if it be feuere acuta and ʒif it be feuere lenta, it signifyeþ longe derynge of þe pascioun.

Swetynge comyb most of be place bere be inner of be sekenesse is.

Swetynge þat comyþ oon tyme and anoþer tyme ne comyþ noʒt is euel. Swetynge wiþ feblenesse of þe pouse is euel.

Pe ferbe condicioun is necessare so bat it be wib releuynge of be pacient for bouz it so be bat alle be particulers according and be pacient ne may nouzt suffre be swetynge ban it nys nozt. And berfor, swetynge wib feblenesse of vertue is euel. And schortely, in bis manere we mow make pronosticacioun.

Cura. Pe cure of swetynge oper we entendib for to make swetynge ober to do a wey swetynge. And 3if we entendib to do a wey swetynge, ban bou schalt entendye bat noon euacuacioun, naturel ober in naturel, schal no3t be take a wey to fore be birde day, 3if his vertue may bere it. It is drede lest it goon to be herte and to noble lemys and berfor it schal be remeued a wey. Lytel and litel remeue awey be clobis and auente hym wib a below and it wole acesye anone ober springe colde water in be face or vynegre or water of rosis or anoynte his pice wib colde oyles, as wib oyle of rosis and of wibi and wib saundris and camphore. And me benkib bat it is li3t for to doon a wey swetynge wib belowys, but 3if it made hym sownye ban it is tyme for to gon a wey.

3if it so be pat we wollep make swetynge oper he hap a feuere oper no. 3if he ne hap no feuere, pan anoynte hym wip arrogon, marciaton and agrippa, dialtea and make hym a styue and hele hym. 3if it is wip a feuere, take camomille, mellilotum, and fenel seede and put hem in a sac and pan in watere pat be hoot and pan laye hyt to his sydes or to hys fete or to hys honden or make hym a fumigacioun herewip or wip vesica enea ful of hoote watere and do perto swyche list pynges.

Clarificacio. Pou schalt entendye pat after pe tyme pat it is determyned of feueres and for pe most feueres termynep wip swetynge, perfor, we mow wyte whiche swetynge be profytable and whiche be nost.

Perfor, Y made a chapitre of swetynge. Perfore, bou schalt entendye after be auctorite of Galen vppon his auforisme, ventres hyeme vere quia sudor omnis est prater naturam, ober by partye of makynge or by partye of kynde or of some particler. 3if it so be bat **[f. 19v]** his vertue be stronge and be

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 $<sup>^{118}</sup>$  necessare] preceded by þis deleted in red ink

mater be obedient<sup>119</sup> and be porys and oper particlis by dene proporcioun, ben be mater passib out wib out any felynge and bat any swetynge schewy wib out felynge. And berfore, euery swetynge bat comyb out of kynde and ne worchib nozt to be pascioun for be vertue gobe aboue and be mater of be pascioun is ypurged and be pacient is more lizt and ben it is seyde naturel. And euery swetynge bat nys nozt in bis manere is in naturel and euel, as be forseide is goode.

And in be secunde, bou schalt entendye bat swetynge comyb of be secunde digestif or of be birde for be vapours bat beb yholde in porys of be lemys beb yput out and in bat manere swetynge may be superfluyte of be secunde digestioun after dyuerse manere entendaunces.

Jn be bryde, bou schalt entende bat 3if bat swetynge comyb of causys wib inforbe comynliche and for be most it comyb a ny3te and most in wynter and most slepynge.

3if it comyb of causis wib outforbe, it comyb most wakynge and in somer and a day. Of fatte men and leene bou schalt entendye bat fatt men swetib most, but 3if be gretenesse of humours letten hyt, and berfore more to fore ban after for ban is moste heete. And in be same maner more in meuynge ban in reste.

Jn þe ferþe, þou schalt entendye þat zif þe leche yse towarde þe ende of þe staat of þe nature be necligent and feynt and nozt myzty for to putten out by swetynge, þan þou schalt make hym swete in tempere, saf þou schalt excytie hys kynde for a leche \is' mynestre of kynde.

Jn þe 5, þou schalt entendye þat swetynge contynuel is more þan interpolata for in þat oon it is many tyme and in þat oþer selde, etc.

Jn be 6, bou schalt entendye bat 3if we wolleb make swetynge, we mote wypen hyt and so seyb Galen. For 3if swetynge duelle stille and nys no3t makyd clene jt stoppib be porys. And in be same manere makynge clene makyb swetynge and berfore it schal allegate be makyd clene for ellys it wole corrumpe be lemys.

### De Variolis, 12

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Variole and morbilli beb as it were enpostemys ober lytel pustulis, i.e. whelis, and schewib hem vppon alle be flesche and comyb of corupcioun of blode and of humours, so bat variola is engenderyd most of blode and morbillus most of colre.

Causa. Þis pascioun is most engenderyd of sanguine menstruoso wiþholde in þe poris of þe lemys of þe chylde. And whan þe kynde is more stronge it is put out and makiþ clene þe body in childehode or whan he is in þe secunde age and seelde whan he is apassed þe iij age and in elde ful late **[f. 20r]** oþer neuer. And þis maner pascioun is comyn to alle. And it comyþ of oþer causis, as ʒif a childe were engenderyd in tyme of menstruorum and þis maner is ful euel for þe same þat beþ engenderyd in þat maner askapiþ seelde from lepre oþer sume oþer [h]orrible<sup>120</sup> sekenesse. Þis pascioun is engendered of euel regymen and prinsapalyche whan þey vsiþ metys þat rotyþ hastilyche, as mylke and fysche at oo mele. And prinspaly he þat is hoot and moyste and nel noʒt be letyn blode. Also, þis pascioun is engendered in tymes of corupcioun and in tymes of pestilence and þere folewiþ euel crisis þere wiþ and feuere þat comyþ of blode.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>119</sup> obedient] followed by þat deleted in red ink

horrible] orrible

Also, þis may come of 4 þinges. For some beþ of blode, and some of malencolie, some of colre, and some of fleume.

Signa. Some signes bere beb bat schewib variolys to comynge, as ycchynge in be nostrelles, brennynge of laumpes schewynge in his slepe, and rednesse of hys face, and prickynge in alle hys body. And whan bei bygynneb for to come, bei beb as scharpe hedis ober as it were a corn bat is clepyd milium ober as it were an hede of a euyte and ban bei bygynneb for to multeplye and bycome grete. And ben bei makib crustys and quyttour and ban bey becomeb drye and fallib a wey.

And 3if bey come of blode, bey wolleb be rede, and 3if bey come of colre, 3elon, and 3if be come of fleume, whyte, and 3if bei come of malencolie, bei wolleb be black ober erby coloure.

Pronosticacio. 3if pere be feuere, we enschewen hem anoon and bycomyp maturatyf anoon pat is signe of goode cryses for pei comyp in pe maner of crisis.

3if þei tourne to þe colour of violet oþer ledy oþer grene oþer blak, alle þo been wickyd and mortal.

3if sanie virulenta come þeron, þei beþ mortel.

3if he be strayte of brebe, it is a wickyd signe. And 3if he be ligt of brebe wib goode releuynge, bat is goode signe.

3if he haue stronge feuere wip variole and grete anguysche and wakynge and grete þirste and hys vertue be feble and hys breþe strayte, it is signe of deþ ney3. And for þe moste parte, þei beþ achoked and deyin so. And 3if sincopis come þerto, it is euel signe. And 3if hys vryne be blak oþer grene, alle þese beþ wyckyd signes and mortal. And flux of þe wombe in variole is euel.

Cura. Jn þe first bygynnynge, ʒif his body be replete oþer ful of blode, þan lete hym blode in þat vayne þat is clepyd mediane and afterward vppon hys nose. And þou most be ware in þis pascioun þat þou ne do to hym noon repercussiues for þat wolde smyte þe mater to þe noble lemys, saf only in þe eʒen for þei beþ delicate.

Jn be secunde, <sup>121</sup> bou most be war bat he ne be anounted wib noon oyles.

Jn be 3, bou schalt legge noon colde **[f. 20v]** bynges wib outforbe and he ne schal haue noon colde eyre for clensynge of hys porys, ne he ne schal drynke noon colde water. And Auicen seib bat acetosa beb goode for hym. And berfore, be iuse of sorelle and be iuse of pome garnettis and be iuse of soure grapys and be iuse of citrangulorum and be iuse of alle fruytes bat beb soure. And coriandre is goode for hym and nenifar and camphore and sandali. Her mete schal be ordeatum, auenatum, amigdale, vue passe, carice, iuiube, sebesten, ffecchys soden in twey waterys and sebe hem in fresche water.

3if be mater be sanguine, ban defye hyt wib oxi[s]acre<sup>122</sup> and sirupus violaceus in be lasse parte and sirupo de fumo terre. And 3if be mater be fleumatik wib oxi[s]acre<sup>123</sup> and sirupus de fumo terre medled to gedre.

And bou schalt benke bat his laxatyues and his mundificatives schuleb be feble 3if bou 3eue hym any for bis sekenesse acordib liztly wib flux of be wombe and bat is perilous. And ban folde alle hys body in pochete rubeo and ban make bis medicyne for to drawe out be mater. Take ache, fenel ana and sebe hem in water wib fecchys many and whan bei beb wel soden wete a schete in bat water and presse hyt

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<sup>121</sup> secunde] preceded by S S deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>122</sup> oxisacre] oxiacre

oxisacre] oxiacre

out a litel and folde be pacient beron. And whan bei beb alle rotyd presche hem wib a pricke of golde and ban sprenge alle his body wib bis poudre:

**24 Rx** farine fabarum, cicerum, lencium, lupinorum, orobi, litargiri, seruse, aloen. And make þerof poudre. Þis wolle drye þe mater and regendre flesche.

For to kepe hys eyzen, take coriandrum, sumac, aqua rosacea, albumine ouorum and make þerof collirium and do it ofte in hys eyzen.

For to kepe hys nostrelles, anoynte hem wib agresta and vynegre and water of rosis.

For to kepe hys prote, make hym a gargarisme of wyn of mulberyes wip water of barliche hote.

For his lounges, lete hym vsye diapapauer. And forto kepe hys guttys, lete hym vsye gobettis made of sumac, coriandrum, and spodium medled to gedre wib be iuse of surel.

For to do a wey pittys bat leuyb in be face after variole:

**25 Rx** litargiri, ceruse lote, cathime lote, pulueris cannarum adustarum, pulueris [conchiliarum]<sup>124</sup> marinarum. Medle hem wiþ oyle and wex and make þerof an oynement.

Clarificacio. 3if any man doutye of drye fygus wheher hei be goode in his pascioun, sihhe hat hei beh hoot and moyste, Y sey hat men may make a goode medicyne herof and dragagantum infused in lacca and fenel sede, croco, and fecches yhulled. Grynde alle hese to gedre and sehe hem. his medicyne is goode in he firste bygynnynge and confortih he vertue and makyh he mater liztliche put out and heron beh fygus and dragagantum.

For be pyce, **[f. 21r]** ffor to maken it moyste and for to do a wey be straytenesse berof for bat comyb myche in bis pascioun and bere is fenel sede beron for to openy and sotely and lacca for to do a wey opilacioun of be lyuere and crocus for to conforte be herte. Eolde wymmen 3euyb in bis caase saffran and water to gedre and fecchis for to confortye be guttys. It scheweb wel bat bis medlynge is profitable. And drye fygus beb goode for to confortye be wey of be brebe and ober mo bynges.

Jn be secunde, men may doutye why bat flux of be wombe is nozt goode, sibbe bat it myzte be terminacioun, i.e. ende of bat pascioun, sibbe bat bese lemys beb able for to resseyuye bese superfluytees.

J sey þat flux of þe wombe is noʒt goode in variolis after þe tyme þat kynde puttiþ out þis venymouse matere. For ʒif flux of þe wombe come after þat tyme, it wolde make þe matere tourne in aʒen and þen it were drede lest þe venymous matere ʒede to þe noble lemys. Also, þis matere is scharpe and prickynge and þan it were drede lest hyt pylyde þe guttis. And þerfor, flux of þe wombe schal be defended in also myche as it is possible.

Jn be 3, bou schalt entendye bat variole comyb most of blode bat takyb boylynge. And 3if blode and colre boyle to gedre, hy schulleb be clepyd morbilli and beb lasse in quantite, but more prickynge. And 3if blode and fleume boyle to gedre, ben bei schulleb be yclepyd variole fleumatice and in be same maner of malencolie.

Jn þe 4, þou schalt entendye þat in þe partye of most clene blode þe childe is noursched. And þe blode þat is vnclene leuyþ in þe porys of þe lemys and þerof comyþ mater of variolys.

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<sup>124</sup> conchiliarum] calcularum

Jn þe 5, ʒif variolys schulleþ be engenderyd, þer mote falle twey þynges þerto þat ebullicioun, i.e. [...], <sup>125</sup> and strengþe of hete puttynge out. And þerfore, þei ne beþ noʒt engenderyd in þe marice for þat is a colde leme, but it be seelde, and þerto wolleþ folowe pasciouns of blode ne in a chylde þe while it is in hys moder wombe ne sone after hys berynge, saf whan þe hete bygynneþ for to wexe on hym.

Jn be 6, bou schalt entendye bat variole and morbilli mow be engenderyd wib inforbe as in be longes and in be guttys, as Auicen seib, and bat is ful euel for bat signifieb feblenesse bat be kynde ne may nozt put hem out.

Jn þe 7, þou schalt entendye þat þis pascioun is most engendered in veer for blode encresiþ most in þat tyme and in heruest lasse for þe mater goþ out by vapouris. Jn wynter tyme þei comeþ seelde for þe porys beþ yclensed þan.

In be 8, bou schalt entendye bat in variolis after be tyme bat bei beb ycome out and schewib hem in alle be body, after bat tyme, he ne schal **[f. 21v]** noʒt be letyn blode. For ban be mater bat is wib out schal drawe inward, saf whan be mater is wib in he may be letyn blode and bat is in be first bygynnynge berof and bis is be entencioun of Auicen.

### De Venenis, 13

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Venym is a matere bat is sotil and watery and horrible of qualite in alle his substaunce bat chaungyb a mannys body. Pou schalt entende, as Auicen seib, bat bynges bat entrib in a mannes body some tyme worchyb by parte of be matere, as mete, and some worchib by partye of be qualite, and bat is medicyne, and some worcheb wib alle be substaunce and some berof beb gode and kepynge, as pionia and aurum and ober mo, and some beb euel and rotynge and distruynge, as beb alle maner venymes and befor it tournyb a mannes body and it wole nogt be cured.

Causa. Þe enchesoun why venym sleeþ is þe enchesoun of contrariousnesse and sleynge in alle substaunce to a mannes body.

Some venymes sleeb a man wib lauzynge, as crocus by be resoun of hys quantite bat is determyned berto and sibbe bat it wole slee a man it schal be ysett in kyndes of venym. And some bynges sleeb a man wib opilacioun, as plumbum, and some sleynge, as opium, and some makynge hote, as euforbium, and some fretynge, as cantarides, and some rotynge, as a worme of a pyne, and some of alle be substaunce, as napellus. For sume men clepib alle be substaunce binge bat is substancial bat is alle a mannes body, some clepib hyt be vertue of be worlde, and some men clepib alle be substaunce proporcioun and armoniam of be secunde qualitees bat reioycyb wib schappe of onynge and mater. And Aueroys seib vppon be canteculis of Auicen bat naturel defauted in way of substaunce of alle and bere nys nozt only wey as he seyb.

Signa. Þe signes þat men haueþ take venym is þat a man haþ an [h]orrible<sup>126</sup> sauour oþer odour or gnawynge or brennynge or flux of spetynge or changynge of coloure, ʒif he is now of oon coloure and now of anoþere, and ne haþ noon reste ne noon wille to mete. And ʒif he haþ ytake colde venym, he schal haue many dyuerse þouʒtes and coldenesse. And ʒif þe venym be hoot, þan he schal haue brennynge, swellynge. And ʒif he caste, þou myʒt knowe hyt by þe coloure for ʒif it be ceruse it wole be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>125</sup> ebullicioun] blank space, gloss missing

 $<sup>^{126}</sup>$  horrible] orrible . . . preceded by an illegible deletion in black ink

whyte and 3 if it be opium it wole haue an horrible sauour, and so of alle oper after be nature of venymes bat is to longe for to telle berof.

Pronosticacio. bese beb signes mortel in hem bat haueb ytake venym: whan be sizt of be eyzen is hud and onlich be whyte schewyd, and whan his face swellib and of his brote, **[f. 22r]** and chaungynge of hys naturel coloure in ledy coloure and into blak and into grene, and grenesse of hys tunge ober blackenesse, and myche spetynge, and akynge of hys pyce, and spasmus, and sincopus. Alle bese signifyeb deb neiz to comynge.

A man may kepe hym from venym whan he is wip men pat he hap suspecte, he mote be ful ware of hem and, as Saulastinus seip, whare is most felawschype pere is most deceyte. He ne schal nozt ete ne drinke nopynge sodenlyche, saf he schal holden hyt longe in hys moupe. For venym is so horrible pat it ne may nozt duelle longe but zif it be knowe and it may be perseyued by taastynge and felynge. And perfore, he schal be ware of swete pynges and of scharpe pynges and of soure pynges and of salte pynges and he ne schal nozt be hungry and he ne schal nozt take his mete hastiliche.

3if he be ybede to be mete and hab any suspecioun or he go berto, he schal ete notys ober auellanes or fygus or ruwe ober metridatum ober tiracam. And ʒif he fele eny bytynge ober brennynge, he schal aryse anoon from be borde, ne leue hyt for no schame, and cast also myche as he may and make hym clisterijs and letyn hym blode and make hym babys and ban he schal ete triacle. For triacle, ʒif it be ytake tofore be venym, it confortib be herte and puttib out be venym. And ʒif it be after, it confortib be herte and put out venym, and berfore in what maner so it be ytake it is goode. And bis worchynge is noʒt contrariouse, takynge kepe toward be ende, and bobe beb goode, bouʒ it be now drawynge, now puttynge out and sumtyme bobe, be kynde may ʒeue contrariouse vertues to som man to gedre and euery by hym self by grace of be ende drawyd be mete in be tyme of hele and medicyne in tyme of sekenesse. In be same maner in triakle is be same vertue. It may worche contrarious bynges by way of nature and of regimen of hym it may make contrarious bynges and euery by hym self, saf oon is by grace of <sup>128</sup> be ende and bat is deliure and sauie.

Medicynes þat beþ goode for venym beþ many, as aristologie, genciane, saluia, ruta, bacce lauri, tormentilla, herba tunicij, þat Diascorides clepiþ palemonion, but auctours þat Y haue seen ne makyþ no mencioun of tweyn þe last, saf verray experyment sertefyeþ þat þei beþ good agen venym, as some seyn of smaragdo.

Neuerpelatter, it is goode for to be war pat no man ne be blamed wip out blame. For som tyme spyperes or scorpiouns oper venymous bestis fallip into pottis or in to disches or in paast or in to a tunne or in a vessel pere wyn ys or oper drinke or any pynge pat schal be vsed or pis may for vnclannesse of placys or bei beb vnder erbe or of bynges liche herto, whiche ne schul nogt be forgete. By euery [f. 22v] man war bat he ne acuse no man falslyche.

Pe cure perof may<sup>129</sup> be anoon whan he felip any harme he schal cast wip oleum sisaminum and wip oper siche. And lete hym ete mylke and botter and mete and pan he schal cast. And zif it so be pat he ne cast nozt and pe venym go a doun into hys body, pan make hym clisterijs and lete hym ete bole armoniak wip wyn and frote wel alle hys body and be hym war pat he ne slepe nozt as myche as he may.

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<sup>127</sup> Illegible marginal heading

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And 3if he perceyue bat be venym be colde, ban he schal ete garlek. And 3if it be hoote, ban ete he coriandrum 'and camphorum'. And 3if it be of be kynde bat sleeb anoon, ben he schal ete triacle, agarrik, and nettil sede, and pulpam coloquintidam, and seminis iuniperi, and sarapini, and castoreum. Pese beb goode medicynes agen venym for bei wolleb make hym cast and wolleb make hym go to preueye and bei haueb grete vertue.

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Clarificacio. Pou schalt entendye þat ʒif a mannes mouþe be wasche wiþ colde water to fore and ʒif he drinke venym after þat he schal wel yknowe þe qualitees of þe venym by þe enchesoun þat water is wiþ out sauoure. And ʒif þe tunge were infecte wiþ any oþer lycoure or sauoure, þan he ne scholde not knowe hyt wel. And þerfor, þat his tunge ne his stomak ne be enfecte wiþ no sauoure, it is goode for to drinke water þat be colde.

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Pou schalt ywite pat auellane and suche vnctuous pynges beb goode for pei stoppip. And in pat maner terra sigillata is good in pe first bygynnynge. It ne lettip nozt pe qualite of pe venym come to pe herte. Also, mylke is good perfore, pouz it rotye anoon, in so myche pat it wole helpe to make hym cast and it bynemyb pe malice of pe venym.

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Jn þe 2, þou schalt entendye þat euery þynge þat is hoot in þe 4 degre nys nozt venym, as garlek and pepere and oþer mo, but ʒif it be so þat it haue wickednesse wiþ hem, as haþ euforbium and alle þo þat beþ colde in þe 4 degre. But venym for coldenesse acordiþ nozt so wel wiþ mannes body as doþ hete. And hoot þynges and moyste by hem self ne mowe nozt be venym for her qualitees beþ sufferable and venym is myche worchynge.

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Jn þe 3, þou schalte entendye þat some venymys sleeþ in alle substauncis and some in qualitees and þo þat sleeþ wiþ qualite mow be amendyd. Þat is to sey þat of hoote venymes and of colde, whiche beb þe worste, þerof Y sey þat hoot venymes anentes preschynge beb worst of alle þe hoote, saf whan þe colde comyb to þe herte, þan þei beb þe worst, as prinspaliche wiþstondynge agen þe lyf.

Jn þe 4, þou schalt entendye þat an hoote herte is more sone dede þan he þat haþ a colde herte. For he þat is hoote haþ large veynes and passinges out for in alle [. . .]

Missing the end of Chapter 13 (De Venemis), all of Chapter 14 (De Morsu Serpencium), all of Chapter 15 (De Punctura Scorpionum et Apium), and all of Chapter 16 (De Morsu Canis Rabidi et Ydroforbia).

Summaries of the missing materials follow.

### [End of De Venemis, 13]

See commentary. The rest of the paragraph of point 4 compares a cold heart with restricted *passinges out* to the hot heart previously discussed. The temperature and structure of the vasculature affect the absorption of the venom. The final section of this chapter contains a fifth point, which further discusses how venom interacts with the patient's complexion.

#### [De Morsu Serpencium, 14]

It is noted that there are many varieties of serpents that live in different regions and climates. Signs of a snakebite include pain in the affected area, swelling, changes in colour, vomiting, stomach pain, and stranguria. Signs of death include cold sweat, cold extremities, mental disturbance/confusion, convulsion, syncope, and green, livid, or black colours. The cure of snakebite involves different methods to extract the poison, including ligatures, application of hot water, cupping with scarification, application of plasters, and amputation of the affected area.

## [De Punctura Scorpionum et Apium, 15]

The venom of scorpions is cold, according to Galen, and signs of a scorpion sting include great coldness in the extremities, pain, a puncture wound, and swelling. Treatment involves cure by contraries (i.e., hot medicines to counteract the coldness of the venom). Signs of a bee or wasp sting include pain, burning, swelling, and heat. The venom of bees and wasps is hot; therefore, the cure is by application of cold materials to the wound, such as lead chilled in vinegar.

### [De Morsu Canis Rabidi et Ydroforbia, 16]

Hydrophobia is said to be a condition of the melancholic humour. If the bite is from a dog that is not rabid, then it is treated as a wound. If the dog is rabid, the complexion of the dog must be considered. Dogs tend to contract rabies in the summer and autumn due to the great heat and in the winter due to the great cold. In the spring, dogs contract rabies from eating corpses and drinking foul water. The signs of a rabid dog include red eyes, drooping head, barking at shadows, hoarse bark, and excessive saliva. Another way to determine if the bite is from a rabid dog is to apply a piece of bread to the bite and offer it to other dogs to eat. If the dogs eat it, the bite is not from a rabid dog. Signs that the poison has become systemic include disturbed sleep, hallucinations, abnormal sensations, hiccups, dry mouth, and abhorrence of water. The aim of treatment is to prevent the poison from entering the body. Thus, phlebotomy, medication, enemas, and baths are to be avoided for at least three days because those

treatments may draw the poison inward. In order to draw out the poison in the first instance, cupping is applied over the bite with scarification followed by plasters. After this, purging, enemas, baths, and medication may be used.

### De Dolore, 17

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**[f. 23r]** Akynge is ffelynge of bynge bat is contrarious or akynge is chaungynge wib corupcyoun whan felynge takib contrarious bynge bat is akynge.

Causa. Pe enchesoun of akynge is double: þat is euel conplexioun and dyuerse ober openynge in placys þat scholde be hoole. Pese þynges whan þei comyþ harde and sodeynliche þen þei beþ enchesoun of akynge. And ʒif þis come lytel and lytel þan it nys noʒt myche felyd. And ʒif þese þynges come harde, þei woleþ make þe lemys insencible, as in þe frenesye. And ʒif it come euene, it is noʒt myche yfeled, as in eticha.

Heete and coldenesse beb cause of akynge and of harde accidencys. For bei pressib harde. Dryenesse ne makyb noon akynge, but 3if it be be more happe and for it vnbyndib bat is contynuel.

Hoote and drye whan in grete excesse, þan þei vnbyndiþ þynges þat is contynuel. Moystenesse noþer by hym self ne by happe, but ʒif þe more happe falle, it ne makyþ no brekynge of þynge þat scholde be hole. Þerfor, ffor to speke of conposicioun of þe body þere nys noon akynge, saf vlcera.

Pynge to broke þat scholde be hole, ne makyþ noon akynge, saf atte ende as Galen [seiþ] in chapitre de morbo. And ʒif akynge be in a wounde, it may be in þys manere ffor þe humours falliþ þerto or for euel conplexioun and dyuerse.

Akynges comyb of causes wib outforbe and of causys wib inforbe. Of causys wib out forbe, as grete trauayle, betynge, ffallynge, possynge, harde liggynge, and whan a man slepib vnkeuered, and ober many bynges.

3if be akynge come of causys wib in, ban bere beb dyuerse spices of akynge after dyuersyte of humours and placys of be pacient and after be nature of mychenesse and lytelnesse. After bese bynges akynge in a leme bat his<sup>130</sup> felynge be ful scharpe and boʒ it be in a leme bat ne fele but lytel, ʒitt it is greuous. And ʒif be mater be scharpe, it wole make scharpe prickynge. And ʒif be mater be colde, it wole makye a greuous akynge. And ʒif be mater be wyndy, it makib swellynge and able to rotynge and feuere infla[matiuum].<sup>131</sup>

Pe spyces of akynge, as Auicen seiþ, beþ many. And Galen seiþ þat þei mow be reduced alle to 3 or 4, as he seiþ vppon þat afforisme, labores sputanei, etc., and in his booke de regimen sanitatis. Þere is akynge þat is clepid scharpe akynge and prickynge and þere is anoþer þat is clepyd greuous and anoþer vlceratyf and anoþer brennynge and alle þe oþer mow be reduced herto.

Signa. Pe signes some bei beb saide. 3if it come in anober manere as grete pressynge and aggreuaunce and he felyb meuynge vp and doun bytwix **[f. 23v]** be skyn and ycchynge and preschynge, bat is signe bat colerik humours and scharpe and salt and adust regnyb in be body, whiche whan bei beb dissolued into vapours and comyb to lemys bat beb felynge bei makib grete akynge.

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<sup>131</sup> inflamatiuum] infla

3if he ffele grete swellynge and drawynge, as it were a corde of a bowe, þan it beþ malencoliouse humours, þe whiche kynde ne may noʒt ruely oþer it signifyeþ grete wynde.

3if be akynge be stedefast in oon place, ban it beb humours. And if it is passynge ffrom place to place, ban it is wynde.

3if it be greuous akynge, as bouz he bere grete charge and be kynde nys nozt hardy for to putte hym out, bat is signe of grete humours and euel of qualyte.

Þe first akynge signifyeb euel humours.

Þe 2 signifieb many.

Þe 3 boþe to.

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be fferbe, akynge may be clepyd akynge as it were brennynge and it semyb a man as it were flamme of fuyre bat passib by hys schuldrys, as in feuere aguis and rotyd feuere and prinspaliche whan bei comyb of blode. And in bis akynge is grete greuaunce and brekynge and brennynge. Letynge blode is goode berfore anoon. And 3if he ne be no3t lete blode and he falle into a greuous feuere, ben it is grete happe 3if he euere askapib. And 3if it falle bat he askapy, ban he schal haue harde accidencys, as seib Galen, de regimen sanitatis.

Pronosticacio. Pe grettyst part of pronosticacioun is forsaide for alle bese bynges bat beb forseyde makib pronosticacioun of pasciouns bat beb to come and berfore bis partye is myche worbe in regimen and kepynge and make we pronosticacioun wib Ypocras bat seib labores spontanei, etc.

Pese beb enchesouns bat beb opene bat tellib of pasciouns or we mowe seye bat here is speche of akynges and akynge is pascioun or it haldib be place of euel. For so myche bat we sechib cause and signys and cures and after bis we wole make pronosticacioun bat alle akynges beb euel. For akynge dob a wey vertues and bese beb enchesouns of enpostemys and sincopis. And euery akynge bat takib a wey slepynge is wicked for it destruyeb nature and in what place bat akynge medlyb berwib it distruyeb alle a mannes werkes. For he ne may worche no3t ober as it were no3t be while be akynge lastib. And alle bis is declared in tabula<sup>132</sup> nostra Ingeniorum.

Akynges beb cured in 3 maneres after be techynge of Galen quinto de simplici materia. First, bou schalt cure hym wib euacuaciouns, 3if it be wib vyse of humours and bat after be qualite of humors [. . .] Missing the end of Chapter 17 (De Dolore) and the first few lines of Chapter 18 (De Apostematibus Calidis Generatis Per Viam Adustionis). Summaries of the missing materials follow.

### [End of De Dolore]

After evacuations, pain is cured by *calefactorijs* (remedy to increase heat), *euaporatorijs* (remedy to draw out toxic matter), and narcotics. However, narcotics are only to be used when pain is severe and other remedies have failed. Depending on the type of pain, other treatments include phlebotomy, bathing, *fricacioun* (rubbing/massage), *mundificatiues* (purifying medicine), and application of hot or

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>132</sup> tabula] followed by an illegible deletion in black ink

cold materials depending on the cause of the pain. Three specific recipes are provided to counteract the pain of bruising, dead flesh, and fractures.

### [De Apostematibus Calidis Generatis Per Viam Adustionis, 18]

The chapter begins with a summary of the many divisions of *apostema* according to the various causes (the four humours, hot or cold matter, etc.). The types of *apostema* include *pleuresis* and *peripleumonie*, simple and compound, those in noble and ignoble members, and those with fever and without fever.

See commentary.

[f. 24r...] makib antrum and carbunculus for it brennyb as a cole bat is afuyre and afterwarde it bycomyb blak.

Herpestiomenus is vicus þat is corosyf, þat comeb of grete colre adust, as in herisipula, saf it makib be leme more deed þan cancer, as it schal be seide her after. And it brennyb more in parties bynebe and it is clepyd anober name, lupus. And herpes estiomenus is as myche to seye as etynge hym self.

Cancrene beb euel disposiciouns of colere and malencolie aduste and bei ne felib nozt myche in be leme and, for be most part, bei comyb in parties bynebe, as it schal be saide her after.

Herisipula is aposteme þat comeþ of grete colere brennynge and whan it makiþ vlcus it fretiþ about and bycomyþ blak and makyþ skynnes. And þan it may be clepyd ignis persicus.

Fistula is vlcus pat is holow and depe and ful of quyttere, pat comyp of fleume rotyd and brende. Cancer is vlcus pat fretip, pat comyp of malencolie adust and corupte.

Jnpetigo and serpigo, miliare formica,<sup>133</sup> and formica de ambulatiua beb smal pustulys and corupt, bat schendib be skyn bat comyb of colre adust bat is sotile. And berfore, bei meuyb from place and wexib and gob vppon be skyn and some tyme bei fleeb and some tyme bei restib and some tyme bei rotib a litel of be skyn and some tyme myche. And bei beb clepyd in som countre, enderbes. And in some place fleynge fuyre wib redenesse and heete and akynge and infeccioun and some tyme bei makib [vlcus] and fretib.<sup>134</sup>

Amonge corupciouns and infeccions of be skyn bus many may be seet and ober comyb of causis wib outforbe ober wib inforbe, as of fallynge and smytynge and ober mo.

3iff bei come of enchesouns wib inforbe, as grete wexynge of matere and his malice ober of his goodenesse bat kynde wole make clene be body and put out be matere to lemys wib outforbe. And bese for be moste partye beb best to cure.

Of enpostemys bat beb colde, we wole speke more opene her after whan we spekib of [g]landulis<sup>135</sup> and nodis.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>133</sup> formica] followed by miliaris deleted in red ink with black dots

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glandulis] clandulis

Signes of enposteme of bloode beb bese: rednesse and nesche akynge and hete and betynge. And 3if it come of colre, be signes berof beb 3elou and harde akynge and prickynge and bytynge. And 3if it come of fleume, it wole be nasche and litel akynge. And 3if it be of malencolie, be coloure berof wole be blak or erby and harde and litel akynge. And 3if enpostemys be conponyd to gedre, be signes of conposicioun woleb be beron after dyuersyte of be humours and bat is swybe myche. And 3if enpostemys come of [f. 24v] humours corupt and ybrende and ytourned in kynde of venym, ban wole be stinkynge and akynge, icchynge, and vlcus, ledy coloure and blak, and brennynge, and dedenesse of be leme, and fretynge. And 3if colre rotyd be most, be coloure berof wole tourne most to redenesse and no3t clere. And 3if it be most of blode, it wole be rede and clere.

And gif it be most of fleume salsum, it wole be whyte and medlyd þerwiþ somdele gelu. And gif it be of malencolie, it wole be blak. Pe worse þat malice is, þe more it wole make þe place blak and it wole makye cauterijs and skynnes.

Off enpostemys some termyneb wib resolucioun bat nys nozt felyd and bat is goode. And some by quyttour bat is whyte and bat is good. And some beb harde as it were a stoon and bat nys nozt.

Enpostemys, some beb of hoot matere and termyneb in be  $[xx]^{136}$  day and some of colde matere and termyneb in be xl day.

Enpostemys, some beb wib contynuel feueres. And 3if bei cast quyttour to fore 7 daies, it is inpossible bat bei ascapye for enposteme ne may no3t so sodeynly engendre quyttour for kynde ne ffyndeb no3t only wey. And 3if be vertue of hym be feble, he schal dey a noon. And 3if he haue many goode signis, ban Ypocras seib bat bei mowe drawe bat lyf alonge, and bis is ytake of Galen, and it is a goode worde. Euery enposteme bat comyb of mater adust, as antrax and carbunculus and formica and ober mo, alle beb euel and mortelle. And 3if bese come wib a feuere, it is ful seelde bat he askapib. And 3if it be in place bat be ney3 be herte ober aforne, it is mortel. And 3if it vanysche a way sodeynly, ban it is mortel. For be mater passib inwarde and deb restib vppon hys feete.

Off enpostemys by hem self, we woleb speke her after as bei beb in dyuerse lemys and ban be pronosticacioun schal be after be kynde of be enposteme and of be lemys.

Pe cure of enpostemys in general, þat is in þe first do þerto repercussyues, but any þynge defende it. Þynge þat defendiþ is wiþ þe venymous matere, as in antrace and in oþer mo.

Þe secunde, whan hys body is ful.

Þe 3, whan be enposteme is in a noble leme.

Þe 4, whan enpostem is creticum.

Þe 5, whan be enpostem is engenderyd by way of digestioun.

Þe 6, whan þe mater is colde and grete.

Jn alle bese and in ober like, repercussiues ne beb noʒt goode. And ʒif bese bynges ne be noʒt, do berto repercussiues after dyuerse mater bat ffallib berto. For colde bynges beb goode in hoote **[f. 25r]** enpostemys and hoote hoote enpostemys.

Mater of repercussives may be colde water, vynegre, oleum rosaceum, cerotum makyd colde in water and oyle of rosis, and vynegre, and water of rosis, portulaca, lactuca, solatrum, coriandrum, morella, and oper mo. Repercussyves in colde materes may be spicenardi, absinthium, caulis, nux

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<sup>136</sup> xx] secunde

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>137</sup> hoote] corr. by deletion of holde in red ink and black dots

cipressi wib ober colde bynges, as coriandrum, portulaca, rosis, and ober mo. And in be wexynge lay berto repercussiues wib maturatiues.

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Jn be staate, maturatyues bat beb bese: malua, bismalua, coriandrum, auxungie porci, auxungie gallinarum, oleum oliuarum, swete melle, and barly mele, and bis schal be in hoot maturatiues.

Jn colde materatyues, bou schalt take bese: apium, fenigreci, semen lini, yreos, radix lilij, mel, oleum antiqum, iuiube, carice, vue pas[se], 138 liquirice, and mo obere.

1290

And whan it is drawynge a weywarde, do berto dissolutyues. And bat may be bese: camomilla, mellilote, anthos, agua salsa, agua ca[lida]<sup>139</sup> cum aceto, vinum album ca[lidam]<sup>140</sup>, and mo obere.

1295

Pou schalt entendye in bis matere aftere be techynge of Galen chapitre quinto de simplici medicina, bat bynge bat is maturatyf is naturel. Hete is maturatyf and bat resoluyb ober makyd dede ne rotyp nozt. And perfore, fenigreci, in al so myche bat it resoluyb, it nys nozt maturatif. And in as myche as his leiynge berto rotib and lybe vppon be aposteme it rotib wel. But for his is dyuerse, do berto hoote bynges bat kepib naturel hete, bat beb bese: barly mele and oyle.

In hoot enpostemes, take swete mele and water and oyle and boyle hem til bei become bicke and make perof an enplastre. And 3if it be colde mater, do perto leueyne and salt. And pese wip dyuerse porciouns alle mow be rotyd.

1300

In euery enposteme after tyme bat is tourned to quyttour, 3 if it ne breke no3t, open hyt wib a blode yre or wip a ruptore of quycke lyme and sope of leuis.

Pou schalt entendye bat of enpostemys engenderyd wib out forbe, but 3if hys body be replete, repercussiues sufficib.

1305

In enpostemys bat comyb of enchesouns wib inforbe, it ne may nogt be bat his body nys replete. Pou schalt entendye bat apostem is also blyue as he bygynneb and augmintum is clepyd whan he wexib. Status is clepyd whan he ne wexib no more. Declinacion [is] whan he bygynneb for to go a

weyward.

Pou schalt entendye þat in enpostemes þat beþ in lemys wiþ inforþe, þou ne schalt do þerto noon maturatyues, saf bou schalt letyn hym blode and purge hym and resolue be matere.

1310

Also, after be tyme bat bou hast leyde repercussyues, bat afterward bou schalt drawe be matere out ward. Y sey and sett bis caas bat [zif] aposteme be in be [f. 25v] rizt honde ban he schal bere heuy wizte in be lifte honde for to drawe be 141 mater aweyward.

Pou schalt entendye bat in simple apostemes bou schalt do symple medicynes. And in enpostemys bat beb conpowned of dyuerse matere, bou schalt conponye medicynes to gedre and bat oon partye of conposicyoun bouz it ne be nozt also goode as bat obere, zitt it nys to blame.

1315

Now we haueb spoke of curis of enpostemys in general, now go we to particuleris. 3if a enposteme come of blode and hys vertue be stronge and oper particuleris acorde perto, lete hym blode in parties aforngen. And gif it be necessare, afterward lete hym blode in be same syde. 3if hys vertue ne be nozt stronge, sette a ventose in þat oþer partye wiþ garsynge and ley vppon þe place repercussiues, but any bynge defende it.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>138</sup> passe] pas <sup>139</sup> calida] ca

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>140</sup> calidam] ca

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>141</sup> þe] þe þe

Colerik mater schal be purged wib manna, cassiafistula, prunis, violis, and ober mo. And ban in bobe do bese repercussiues:

**26 Rx** s[u]cci<sup>142</sup> morelle, lactuce, portulaca, virge pastoris, lentiginis, aque muscilaginis psillij, ana. Wete beron clobis and lay berevppon and contynue hyt and so longe til be place bycome whyte.

And 3 if it so be bat be place bicome blac wib grete leiynge of colde bynges, ban wasche be place wib hoote watere and a lytel salt beron and in be wexynge make bis enplastre:

**27 Rx** ordeum, coriandrum and boyle hem in oyle of violis and wex and medle hem to gedre and lay hyt beryppon. And ban lay beron maturatyues of bismalue and barliche mele and oyle.

And 3if we wole resolue mater of blode, do we perto hony and iuse of ache and coriandre.

Curys of enpostemys bat beb colde berof we wole speke her after.

# De Herisipula, Antrace, Carbunculo, et Sacri Ignis<sup>143</sup>

Alle bese enpostemys or pustules comyb ober infecciouns acordib in many bynges. For be matere is colde and brennynge and akynge and makyb vlcus and is redye to passe into venym.

Jn alle bese in be firste bygynnynge or it torne to vlcus and 3 if it be most of colere, ban lay berto colde bynges. And 3 if it be of blode, lete hym blode in place bat is most nei3 bat be venymous mater may be drawe out. And be same bou schalt do in colerik matere, 3 if b[ou]<sup>144</sup> benkib bat bat do hym goode. And purge hym wib cassia fistula and manna and ober mo ober wib watere of chese and diagridium.

Jn þe first bygynnynge or þe skyn be to broke, þan in þe place is grete heete and akynge and prickynge and redenesse and **[f. 26r]** ʒelownesse, þan make colde þe place wiþ a sponge wette in colde water ober wiþ lactuca and portulaca and nenifar and leuys of a whyte vyne and planteyn and barliche. Grynde oon of alle þese ober alle and ley þeron. And ʒif þou dredist of vlceracioun, þan boyle þe tordys of a cowe in vynegre and hony and thus and lay þervppon. And ʒif vlceracioun come and he ne haue no feuere, þan ʒeue hym tiriacam or metridatum in alle manere ʒeuynge and þan lay þou þerto no colde þynge. For colde þynge is greuous þerto, lete it be flache. Kytte a pome garnet in þe myddel and boyle in vynegre and þan grinde hyt and lay hyt þeron and about ley bole and vynegre and after þat ne lay þou þerto no moyste þynge. For woundes ne mow noʒt be cured but hy be first made drye. Þerfore, lay þerto colde þynges and stiptica wiþ resolutyues and openynge.

Pynges þat falliþ herfore beþ þese: plantago, virga pastoris, portulaca, coriandrum, cerusa, plumbum vstum, bolus, acacia, opium, [n]itrum, sal, sulphure, nux antiqua vnctuosa, oleum rosaceum, cucumeri asinini, fel hircinum, piper, panis cum multo furfure, ciclamen, galle, lentes, alumen, granata acetosa, vua passa, fficus, camphore, cera alba, vinum ponticum.

Pe leche schal be diligent and alle bese bynges or some and sebe hem in vynegre and grynde hem and ley beron and remeue be plastre 3 tymes a day and nyzte. But bis pascioun after be tyme bat it

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>142</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>143</sup> Emended to a subheading from chapter 19

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>144</sup> þou] þe

nitrum] vitrum

comyb to blackenesse and blak skynnes beron, ban it is more Godis cure ban mannys. And ban it is goode for to vse experience. Take a rawe zelke of an eye and salt and grynde hem to gedre and lay ber vppon. Pis is goode or it be to broke and aftere also.

Pe 2 is bis: take scabiose and grynde and lay vppon and bis is goode to fore and after.

Pe 3 is: take burnet and grynde and lay bervppon. And bis is goode to fore and after. And be same dob consolida maior and alle be consaudis.

Tormentille ydrunke is goode þerfore and herba [t]unicij. 146

And þan þurz þe helpe of God and of Seynt Antony, þe fuyre þerof schal awey. And þan do þerto regeneratyues for to regendry flesche, as mastik, thus, aloes, litargirum, radix aristologie, etc.

# De Noli Me Tangere<sup>147</sup>

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Defye be mater first wib oxisacre and sirupus de fumo terre and purge hym wib oxilaxatiuo and yerarufino and styue hym wib fumo<sup>148</sup> terre and lete hym vse rubea trociscata and after bat lete hym blode and remeue a wey be cruste wib dialtea and popileon and ban ley beron bis poudre:

**28 Rx** cineris vicium, litargiri, cathime lote, eris **[f. 26v]** vsti, aloen, aluminis, corticis maligranati, ceruse lote ana ʒ iij, attramenti, tartari, calcis viue, salis gemme ana ʒ j. Make þerof poudre and lay in þe hole or make an oynement wiþ oyle and wex.

Pis oynement sleib and curib. Neuer be latter, alle vlcera bat beb fulle off quytture and olde beb harde for to curye. And ban be cure schal be take to a surgyan, bat wib brennynge of yre and realgar repressyd schal cure hym, 3if God wole.

# De Herpite Estiomens Cancro Seu Lupo 149

Some tyme bou schalt entendye bat conplexioun of a leme is corupt and be vertue of felynge and ban it rotib and bycomyb moyste and depe. And ben in be first bygynnynge whan foule colour comyb and be place is incensible, ban be sore may be clepyd cancrene. And whan bese accidencys comyb to rotynge and be skyn is to broke and be quytture berof be blody, ban bis may be clepyd herpes estiomenus.

Jn þe first, amende hys dietynge. For he schal eschewe hote þynges brennynge and colde þat mortefyeb and lete hys regymen be in tempere and make clene hys body wib blode letynge and laxatyues as it schal be do in corupte humours. And ban garce be place and sette beron waterlechis and anoynte be place wib bis oynement:

**29 Rx** orobum, farinam fabarum, salis gemme, <sup>150</sup> aristologie, rosarum, melle ana 3 i. Make hem to poudre and boyle hem in sirupo acetoso til it come to bickenesse of hony and anoynte berwib be place.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>146</sup> tunicij] cunicij

Emended to a subheading from chapter 20

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>148</sup> fumo] *preceded by* fo *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>149</sup> Emended to a subheading from chapter 21

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>150</sup> See commentary

Oper take bis bat is appreued in cancrenys and alle foule colouris whan be conplexioun of be leme bygynneb for to rote and turne into ledy coloure and zelu ober grene and schewb comynliche in leggys and in empostemys bat beb euel youred.

**30 Rx** oleum rosaceum, cere albe ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  vj, succi fructus vue lupine  $\frac{3}{5}$  iiij, ceruse  $\frac{3}{5}$  j, plumbi vsty and loti, pamfiligos, þat is þe fume þat cleueþ to fourneis þere metalles beþ molte, olibani ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j. In þis manere þou schalt make hyt melt: first þe wex and oyle to gedre and þan do hem adoun of þe fuyre and alle þe oþer þynges schulleþ be poudered and sarced. And þan medle hem alle to gedre in a morter and cast þerto þe forseyde iuse and medle hem to gedre vj houres wiþ out any restynge and þan lete it congelye and cast awey þe iuse þat fletiþ aboue. And  $\frac{3}{5}$  it be wel made þere wole be a maner confeccyoun as it were diaquilon. Lay hyt first vppon a cloþe and þan vppon þe sore.

And bis is goode in alle vicera bat beb hoote and ful of quyttour and nogt olde. For gif it be olde, bou most make harder medicynes.

Whan cancrene tournyb in herpe estiomeno and be place bygynneb [f. 27r] to become moyste and rotyb, ban it is goode for to remeue a wey be rotyd bynges wib medicynes bat makyb flesche falle or wib cauterijs for bat is bettre ban kuttynge. Do berto bis oynement:

**31 Rx** radix aristologie, aluminis, floris eris, vitreoli, gallarum, eris vsti, ceruse lote, aloen, succi cucumeris asinini ana 3 iij. And boyle hem wiþ hony and vynegre and anoynte þerewiþ þe place til þe hole flesche come.

And 3if be place be to moyste, make a cauterie. For bese bynges whan bei beb olde beb harde for to cure. And berfore, Y put to be cure restorynge bynges.

Pis oynemente is goode for vlcera þat beþ ful of quyttur and euel for to do awey whan þe body is makyd clene:

**32 Rx** antimoni, eris vsti, litargiri, cathime, argenti viui, marcasite, cersue lote, balaustie, aluminis, sarcocolle, corticis thuris, pamfiligos ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j. Medle hem to gedre wiþ fecis of olde oyle and wex and make þerof an oynement.

Pis drawiþ wiþ out any bytynge. And þerfor, it is goode for lemys þat beþ sencible and for delicate men.

Vnguentum for to drye and make fayre placis þat beþ hory and foule and ful of moysture:

**33 Rx** gallarum, corticis maligranati, sanguinis draconis ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  ij, ceruse, aloes, sarcocolle, litargiri, cathime lote, aluminis, eris vsti and ablute, mirre, corticis thuris, pamfiligos ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  iij. Make pouder þerof and medle hem wiþ oyle of rosis and make þerof an oynement.

Take goode kepe of bese medicynes bat beb in bis capitulo for bei beb merueilouse in her causis.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>151</sup> See commentary

## De Inpetigine et Serpigine 152

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Inpetigo, serpigo beb infecciouns of be skyn bat comib of sotil colre wib grete humours and erby, so bat colre is most sotile and som tyme<sup>153</sup> most grete and some tyme euene. And whan bere is most of colre, it is most lizt for to curye. And whan grete humours beb, bat [is]<sup>154</sup> most harde for to curye.

Make clene colre after his conplexioun. And whan hys body is clene and goode regimen ysett to hym, make hym a babe for it sotilyb and makib open and helpib for to avoyde be humours.

Jnpetigo bat is in childerne may be cured wib fastynge spotle or take bis medicyne:

**34 Rx** farine risi, milij, ordei, fabarum, lupinarum, cicerum ana  $\S$  j, gallarum, ossium mirabolanum, mellis ana  $\S$   $\beta$ . Boyle hem in vynegre and in be iuse of bleta til it bycome bicke and anoynte berwib be place.

And 3 if it be olde, anoynte it wip oyle of whete oper make bis oynement:

**35 Rx** nitri, litargiri, piretri, <sup>155</sup> foliorum agni casti, eris vsti ana ʒ j, vitreoli, **[f. 27v]** sulphuris viui ana ʒ iij. Boyle hem in vynegre til þei bycome þicke and anoynte þerwiþ þe place.

And 3 if it icche and pylye be skyn awey, ban anoynte hyt wib bis oynement:

**36 Rx** anacardi, costi, ellebori nigri, attramenti, aristologie combustorum ana 3 iij. <sup>156</sup> Grynde hem and sarce hem and medle hem wip water oper take alle and medle hem wip oyle and wex for it wole clene be bettre.

Pis is a goode ownement agen alle rednesse and infecciouns of be skyn bat comyb of colere ober of blode. For bobe schyndib be skyn in what place so it be.

**37 Rx** sulphuris viui, auripigmenti rubei ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  ij. Poudre hem and sarce hem and medle hem wiþ þe iuse of fumi terre. And  $\frac{3}{5}$  if bou ne haue hyt no $\frac{3}{5}$ t, medle hyt wiþ sirupo de fumo terre and make þerof gobbetys and drowe hem in [r]ed wyn. And whan bou wult vsye hem, distempere hem wiþ vnguentum citrinum and anoynte þere wiþ þe place. And þan afterward wasche þe place wiþ hoote water and bran and þis schal be do ofte til it be cured.

Oleum de sinapi dob awey inpetigiem, as dob oyle of whete and be same dob acetositas citri and sinapis wib vinegre and sulphure citrinum [wib] vynegre and ryndys of maligranati ober make bis:

**38 Rx** vnguenti citrini, vnguenti fusci, litargiri ana ʒ ij. <sup>158</sup> Medle hem to gedre.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>152</sup> Emended to a subheading from chapter 22

<sup>153</sup> tyme] is preceded by tyme deleted in red ink

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<sup>155</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>156</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>157</sup> red] sed

<sup>158</sup> See commentary

### De Formica Miliari<sup>159</sup>

Formica miliaris is a litel pustule wib a scharpe hede and hy passib ffrom place to place and is hoote and some tyme beb many pustulis and some tyme bei chaungib from place to place and some tyme bei makib vlcus.

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Pei schulleb be cured as herisipula. For to fore be vlceracioun bou myzt do berto moyste bynges and afterward nozt. In be first bygynnynge, ley vppon be place lactuca ygrounden and portulaca, 160 muscilaginis psillij. And in be myddel, ordeum and brede bat is branny and plantayne and ryndis of maligranati. And towarde be ende, sal and [n]itrum<sup>161</sup> and ruwe and cucumer asinini, and medle hem wib childis pisse and iuse of planteyne. For in al bese bynges be mater is venymous. Grete studye and grete cautele bou most do berto, as it were in igne persico.

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# De Fistula<sup>162</sup>

Fistula is vicus bat is holou wibin and wyde and ful of quytture and strayte wib out, whiche some tyme wole be open and some tyme close. And by bese accidencis a festre is ysayde.

Defye first be matere wib oximelle duretik and sirupo de fumo terre and purge hym wib ierapigra and yerarufini. And styue hym and lete hym vsye triacle and goode dietynge and goode regimen.

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[f. 28r] Pis pascioun is harde for to curve and prinsplay whan it is olde. For it is nede bat wib cauterijs or wib ober medicynes bat alle be dede flesche be remeued awey til it come to be quycke flesche. And some men louyb more for to lyue in be same manere ban to be cured.

3iff fistula be in be flesche, ban be quyttur berof wole be whyte. And 3if it is in be boon, it wole be as it were waschynge of flesche. And 3if it be in be nerues, it wole be blak.

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Whan be body is makyd clene, make be hole more wyde wib gencian or wib be pibe of elleryn. And pan studye in what manere pou myzt best put in poudre, wip a tente or by be maner of enplastre, so bat be vertue of be medicyne mow come to be botme of be festre and waste awey al 163 bat dede flesche bat is rotyd til be clene rede flesche schewye. And ban bou most do berto mo cautelys for to regendre flesche. For bouz it so be bat he be youred, zitt bat flesche wole nozt be regenderyd euene and ban in be botme ne wole engendry no quyttour. Perfore, be tente schal be wett in byngy\s/164 bat regenderiþ flesche contynuelly til it be ful regendered of hole flesche. Þis medicyne is goode in fistula:

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39 Rx zinziberis z iii, viridis eris z i, aloen z ii. Puluerizentur and boyle hem in vynegre and do berto hony 3 β. And boile hem agen til it bycome as it were an oynement and wete herwib a tent and put in be festre.

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Or make hyt in bis manere ffor bese bynges sleib a festre: aristologie, mirra, aloen, cerusa, litargirum es vstum, viridis eris, vitriolum, tartarum, radix yreos, radix scolopendrie, cathime, 165 teste ouorum

 $<sup>^{159}</sup>$  Emended to a subheading from chapter 23

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>160</sup> portulaca] *preceded by* pl *deleted in red ink with red dots* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>162</sup> Emended to a subheading from chapter 24

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>163</sup> al] preceded by an illegible deletion in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>164</sup> þyngys] þyngyge *corr. by deletion of* ge *in black ink* 

cathime] preceded by cah deleted in black ink

combuste, nitrum, spuma maris, stercus humanum combustum, argentum viuum extinctum, limatura ferri, calx viua, sulphur viuum, sal armoniacum, auripigmentum rubeum and citri, vitreolum, alumen, realgare compressum, cantarides, [sal, nitrum], 166 sapo gallicus, centaurea, orobus, elleborus, opopanac, plumbum vstum, sal tostum, succus titimalli, hermodactili, affodilli, [sticados], 167 melle, aqua rute, aqua celidonie, aqua rute distillata per alembicum, agrimonia, acetum, auxungie porci antiqua.

Alle bese beb materiales wib whiche alle vlcera bat beb foule and euel to hele, hy mow be cured, 3if bei be curable.

Pou schalt entendye þat in þese ne in oþere Y put noon noumbre ne Y ne chese noʒt, þo þat beþ most propre ne lest propre, ne Y ne sette noʒt hou myche þou schalt do þerto. For þou schalt worche by crafte and by techynge. For many þynges beþ ytake to þe worchynge of þe leche. For in partyes beþ many dyuersytees. For þe pascioun is some tyme newe and some tyme olde and some tyme it is aboue [f. 28v] and some tyme it is depe and some tyme in a noble leme and some tyme in anoþer place, some tyme in flesche and some tyme in nerues and some tyme in bonys. And after þys, þou most dyuerse þy materes.

Pe ffirste is feble matere and some stronge and some of grete helpe and some of lytel and herafter pou schalt dyuerse pe zeuynge perof. Make herof some oper many as it is forsaide and put in be festre.

Whan be festre is olde and depe, ban make bis watere:

**40** Rx salis armoniaci, vitrioli, auripigmenti rubei and citrini, viridis eris ana. Poudre hem and put hem in a stillatorye of glas and leute hem wel to gedre and make lente fyre and cast awey be firste water. And be alembik bycomyb rede kepe wel bat water in a vyole and stoppe hyt fast for ellys it wole fle awey.

Pis water is of so grete vertue bat it preschib alle bonys and metallys. And berfore, in be holounesse of be festre put oo drope and it wole ffrete as fuyre. And do awey be akynge and be brennynge wib whyte of an eye and buttre. And do berto a cautele bat is seyde in genderynge of flesche for bis water mortefyeb euery festre, but whan bou dost hyt, bou moste do hyt wib grete cautele ffor it is swybe stronge. Saf for men bat beb sore agarste and for childeren, make bis medicyne:

**41 Rx** ffolia rute, celidonie, agrimonie ana. And ley hem al hoole in aqua vite makyd of whyte wyn and noþynge els and þan distille hyt aʒen. And herof a drope schal be put in þe festre.

Oper make bis drinke bat cureb euery festre in be first bygynnynge:

**42 Rx** agrimonie, foliorum oliue, ceterac ana M j. Kutte hem smal and put hem in whyte wyn and lete hym euery day drynke þerof in þe morne a cuppe ful til he be cured.

**43 Rx** radicis ellebori put in be festre cureb hym and be roote of scolopendria ygaderyd wib a pater noster and ybore at hys nek cureb be festre.

Pou schalt entendye þat þis is a goode experyment þat grete lyʒt of resoun go to fore and for al bese materiales beb some stronge and some feble and some in be mene. Þerfor, bou schalt take of bese

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sal, nitrum] alhtram

sticados] cicade

3 þynges: take some of þe strongest and in lytel quantite, and of þat is most feble and in myche quantite, and some of þe mene and in meene quantite and medle hem to gedre and vse hem by manere of poudris ober of oynement and by enplastris ober by waterys distilled ober infused and boug bei ne helpe nogt alle [. . .]

Missing the final few lines of De Fistula, all of the subheading De Cancro, all of Chapter 19 (De Verucis et Porris et Lupis), Chapter 20 (De Apostematibus Frigidis), including all of the subheading De Glandulis, Nodis, et Scrophulis and the first few lines of the subheading De Apostematibus Duris et Lapideij, De Scrophulis Clarificacio. Summaries of the missing materials follow.

### [End of De Fistula]

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See commentary. The final lines of this section conclude with a statement that the condition is very difficult to treat.

### [De Cancro]

This *apostema* is said to be caused by the melancholic humour (principally *adust*). It begins as a small swelling, the size of a bean, and it is hard, round, and dark. Sometimes the swelling has heat and extreme pain and it may be ulcerated or non-ulcerated. To be diagnosed as cancer, three conditions must be met. It must be round, hard, and full of veins. It is said that as a crab holds tightly to its food, so does this condition persist. Signs of the beginning of a cancer include corrosion of the surrounding area without holes, redness, hardness, and heat. Signs of an old cancer are when it becomes green, livid, and dark. However, from the beginning it is a difficult condition to diagnose. If a cancer has just begun or if it is external, it is possible to cure it; if it is old or internal, it is incurable. Eight recipes are given in the cure. Thirteen points of clarification are provided, including how to distinguish a cancer from other skin conditions, such as leprosy, impetigo, serpigo, and carbuncles.

#### [De Verucis, Porris, Acrocordinibus, et Lupis, 19]

The Middle English chapter heading in the extant chapter list omits *Acrocordinibus*. Verrucas are derived from phlegmatic and melancholic humours. They are hard and occur mainly in the hands and feet. Porri are similar to verrucas, except they are smaller, have hair, and are principally melancholic.

Acrocordinibus are soft, pliable, hang from the skin, and are phlegmatic. Lupis is a growth mainly in the eyelids, but also in other parts of the body, of phlegmatic matter. One recipe is given for the cure of verrucas. Other cures include abstaining from all things that are melancholic, lancing the area and allowing the blood to flow, and anointing the area with the milk of figs. Lupis and Acrocordinibus are to be removed completely via rubbing the area with garlic and salt for a period of nine days. Five points of clarification are given, including a recommendation to use universal purgations instead of phlebotomy.

### [De Apostematibus Frigidis, 20]

It is important to distinguish between cold and hot *apostemata*. Cold *apostemata* have a variety of causes, including phlegmatic matter, melancholic matter, wateriness, and wind. Those that are phlegmatic are soft, humid, without heat, and tractable. Assuming that universal purgations are performed, a good diet and a good regimen are the first recommendations. One recipe is given in the cure.

### [De Glandulis, Nodis, et Scrophulis]

The phlegmatic humour is the primary cause and the cure is three-fold: binding with repressed lead solder, application of cauterizing medicine (one recipe provided), or removal by cutting (stripping of the flesh) and then treatment of the area as a wound. There are two cautions. First, the physician is instructed to be certain that all of the growth is removed otherwise it will return. Second, the physician is instructed to be careful not to damage tendons or nerves. Scrofula is said to be generated the most in soft flesh, especially in the neck and armpits. Scrofula can appear as great and thick, with multiple nodes, or as resembling a bunch of grapes. Phlebotomy and purgation are the first treatments. One

purgative recipe based on turbith is provided. Several additional materials are listed to be used at the physician's discretion. If medicines fail to cure the condition, surgery is the final option. It is noted that kings could cure scrofula by touch, especially *Rex Francorum* (King of the Franks), so the disease is known as *Morbus Regius* (the King's Disease). If the patient fears surgery, the scrofula can be ruptured using cantharides and fat of a goat; however, because the treatment is foul and the illness is difficult to cure, total restoration of the patient is forsaken.

### [De Apostematibus Duris et Lapideij; De Scrophulis Clarificacio]

The chapter begins by stating that *apostematibus duris et lapideij* are caused primarily by phlegm and melancholy. See commentary.

**[f. 29r . . .]** and enplasteris bat resoluyb siche harde enpostemys beb bese: henne grece and duckis, voxis and wulfys<sup>168</sup> and lyouns and be grese of a grype and be marow3 of a calf and of an herte and ober mo bat be fresche. Fenigrec, lynsede and bese gummys: oppoponac, galbanum, serapinum, bdellium, storax calamita, ladanum, mastix, pix naualis. And alle bese byngys be more fresche bat bei beb, be bettre bei beb. Tempere bese gummys in vynegre whan it is in a neruous place and make a conposicyoun as bou yseest bat is best; anoynte ober enplasteris wheber bou wolt.

Clarificacio. Pou schalt entendye þat scrofule þat ne biþ noʒt harde, ne in place þat is neruous, ne in harde flesche, þouʒ þei haue more gaderynge to gedre for so myche þat þey ne beþ noʒt engenderyd by wey of congestioun, saf by wey of puttynge out, and þerwiþ þese lemys ne beþ noʒt redy for to take þis matere ffor þe ffastenesse of hem, saf for nesche flesche þat is rachynge as a sponge þat takyþ liʒtly siche superfluitees. And þerfore, þey beþ most in þe necke and vnder þe armes ffor þe flesche is nesche and [emy]nctorye.<sup>169</sup>

Jn þe secunde, þou schalt entendye þat olde man haueþ most habundaunce of ffleume and of malencolie by kynde and for so myche þat þey be most feble and more feble þan childern. Neuerþelattre, scrofule wexiþ more in childeryn for þey vsiþ more glotenye and biþ worste of regimen and here lemys beþ more able for to resseyue superfluitees for neschenesse of here flesche. And olde men for þe most parte beþ of bettre regimen and her lemys biþ more harde and ne resseyueþ not superfluytees so sone. Wherfore scrofule multiplyeþ more in childerne pan in olde men.

Jn þe 3, þou schalt entendye þat of scofule beþ mo þan veruce and glandule for þe mater is more worse and þerfore it multiplieb more hys lickenesse. Ober men may sey þat scrofula nys noon ober

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>168</sup> wulfys] *preceded by* vul *deleted in black ink* 

emynctorye] enioynctorye

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>170</sup> childerne] *preceded by* somer *deleted in black ink* 

bynge ban glandula ywoxe myche for whan we seib on, glandula it schal be yclepyd, and whan bere beb many to gedre, ban bei schullyb be clepyd scrofule.

Jn be 4, bou schalt entendye bat repercussyues ne beb nozt good in scrofulis ne in noon bynges bat beb like berto, as in enpostemys bat beb harde. And be enchesoun berof is bis: for be mater is so grete and gadered to gedre bat it ne may nozt be putt awey ne garsynge nys nozt berfore ffor akynge scholde be more ydrawe perto. But castynge is goode perfore, bouz it ne avoyde nozt be mater bat is ioyned to gedre and goynge to fore. Neuerbelatter, it avoydib.

In be laste, we mowe caste berto and douty of be ordre of oure resseytys for we puttib some tyme materialis and we ne puttib nozt how myche bere schal be zeue berof.

[f. 29v] J sey bat here is yzeue a techynge for to worche after be comyn manere and ffor bere is myche dyuersyte in worchynge. Perfore, we mote ofte chaunge and some tyme do berto more and some tyme lasse, as it is aforsaide whan we speke of ffistula. And berfore, we mowe putte her a canoun of Heben Mesue. Whan any mater is symple and stronge of vertue, ban we schulleb putte berof in lytel quantite. For we dredib be office berof, as in scamonia and in ellebore and pulpa coloquintida. And in be same maner we may entende in alteratyuys. 3if it be of feble vertue, we schulleb put berto myche quantite for it nolde do noon effecte but it were so, as in cassiaffistula and so in opere alteratyues.

3if a bynge be of grete helpe, ban we schulleb putte berto myche berof, as pionia, ruta, and ysopus in epilensia. 3if it be lytel helpynge, þan we schulliþ putte þerof in lytel quantite, as endiuia in a colrik feuere.

We schulleb caste 3 if a bynge be of grete helpe and lytel of vertue, ban we schullib putte berof myche for bobe beb goode.

3if a bynge be of grete helpe and be vertue be stronge and lytel helpynge, ban we schulleb putt berof in mene quantite for oon resseyueb and oon denyeb. 3if it be of grete vertue and lytel helpynge, putte we berof lytel and bobe acordib.

3if it be of lytel vertue and of lytel my3t, put we berto in be mene ban for we puttib lytel by resoun of helpynge. But 3 if be vertue be feble it ne hab noon effecte and in his manere a leche hat is diligent may be enfourmed in zeuynge of medicynes.

## De Lepra, [21]<sup>171</sup>

Lepra is an euel bat is semlable bat corumpib fygure and schappe and conposicyoun of lemys and dissoluyb bat is contynuel and comyb of malencolieous mater and departib hym into alle be body.

Pou schalt entende bat malencolious mater is departyd to al be body or to some partye of be body. And 3if it be departed to alle be body oper it rotyb or it rotyb no3t. 3if it rotye, ban it engenderyb feuere of malencolie. And 3if it rotye no3t, ban it is put to be fflesche or to be skyn.

3if be mater be put to be flesche, it engendrib lepra. 3if it be put to be skyn, it engendrib morpheam. 3if it be putte to oon partye of be body and be wib out be skyn and ne be nozt ybrende, ban it engendrib verucas and nodos.

3if it be vnder be fflesche and ne be noʒt brende, ban it engendrib sclirosim<sup>172</sup> and hardnesse. 3if it be ybrende oper be matere grete oper sotil. 3if it be grete, it engendrib cancrum. And zif it be sotil, it

<sup>171</sup> 21] 31

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>172</sup> sclirosim] *preceded by* skys *deleted in red ink* 

engendrib herpes estiomenous. And in be same maner herpes estiomenous may be [f. 30r] engenderyd of malencolie aduste wip brennynge of hoot humours, as it is forsayde of bese byngys bat schewib wel bat lepra is a semelable euel and byffallynge and bei mow bob be seyde after comyn manere of speche, as it schal be sayde heraftere. And in be same manere in lepra is 3 manere euel: bat is euel semelable, comyn, and officyal. Semelable is for euel conplexioun colde and drye, bat is enchesoun of be myddel and by hym self and be ioynnynge to gedre errib. And berfore, Galen seib sexto de morbo bat lepra is an errour of vertue bat scholde assemble to gedre in flesche. And berfore, Galen seyb in naturel vertues whan þat vertue of digestioun erriþ and endiþ þan etike is engenderyd and whan vertue erriþ in semblynge to gedre ban ydropisi is engenderid.

Euel conplexioun colde and drye pat abidip in be flesche, for malencolious matere ne may nogt bis mater bat is corupt and vncouenable <sup>173</sup> ioyne to gedre <sup>174</sup> wib be flesche, so bat it be rede and verray flesche, saf it engenderiþ fleumatike flesche þat is ful of graynes and departyd fro naturel flesche and in pat manere lepra is engenderyd. It schewib wel bat lepra is a pascyoun semelable and official for it corumpi[b]<sup>175</sup> be schappe of a man and it is engenderyd of wickednesse of conplexioun bat corumpib schappynge and fygure of a man, as it schal be sayde here after.

And it is a comyn euel ffor it brekyb bynges bat scholde be hole, but 3if deb come. Perfore, it was wel ysayde in be techynge of bis pascioun bat lepra is an euel semelable bat corumpib schappe and fygure and alle be conposicioun of lemys and onliche vndob bynge bat scholde be contynuel and comyb of malencolious matere departyd into alle be body.

Cause. Lepra is errour of oon vertue bat is asemblyd in flesche. Lepra comyb of hys modere wombe and bat is for he was engenderyd in tempere menstruorum ober he was a leprous mannys sone oper a leprous man lay by a womman bat was wib childe. And in bat maner be childe bat is ybore may be leprous of bese corupciouns bat beb forsaide. Of generacioun lepra may be engendered.

Also, it may be for be ayre is corupte and pestilencyal ober for he hab vsed malencolious metes, as beb lentes and oper mo, and potages, and fflesches bat engenderyb malencolie, as of fox, borys, gotys, harys, assis, beef, and oper mo. For in some regyouns alle bese metis whan bei beb salt beb yzete. And it may come of myche talkynge wib leprouse men and for to lye by a leprous woman ober wib a womman bat a leprous man hab yleye by be while be kynde is in here marice. For be [f. 30v] lyinge by a leprous man be woman nys nozt enffecte, but zif bei contynue beron longe ffor be bickenesse of be maryce. And 3if an hole man ligge wip a womman bat a leprous man hab leye berby and his sede be in here marice, he schal be leprous. For be poris in a man beb bynne and takib be matere anoon and ban it passib into al be body. And berfore, a man mote be war berof. And if any maner happe ober 'malice' constrayne<sup>176</sup> a womman berto bei schal by wit dauncie and lepe and babe and wasche here maris and wib clensynge waterys and make drye longe tyme to fore in as myche as it is possible. And bere beb many opere maneres bat we ne schulleb nozt telle for to putte out be seede.

And zif it ne be nozt do in his manere, put hym self to an house of leprouse men and to endely schame.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>173</sup> vnconuenable] *preceded by* coueneble *deleted in red and black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>174</sup> to gedre] *preceded by* geg *deleted in red ink with red dots* 

<sup>175</sup> corumpiþ] corumpit

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>176</sup> constrayne] preceded by myracle deleted in red ink with black dots

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Also, euery man schal be ware þat he ne lygge wiþ no leprous womman. For Y wolle to what byfalliþ þerof. A countesse þat was leprous come to Mounpeleris and atte last heo was in my cure. And a squier þat serued here lay by her and brouzt her wiþ childe and þe man bycome leprous. Þere fore, þey schulleþ be yblessyd þat beþ war of peryles.

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Also, for to ete mylke and fysche at oon mele makyb a man leprous and grete replecyoun of hoot metys bat brennyb blode ober of colde metys and drye, as it is forsayde.

Colerike men þat beþ leene and hoot and aduste and hauyþ hoot lyuere, be hem war for þei beþ in þe myddel way, þouz þat þe myddel cause þerof be malencolious and euel conplexioun colde and drye. And in þis maner þere nys but oo maner of lepre. But for to take consyderacyoun of alle, þere beþ 4 maneres. For whan colere is brende and tournyþ into malencolie, þan it engendriþ lepre þat is clepyd leonina, þat is preschynge of alle. And whan blode is adust, þan allopicia is engenderyd and þat is best for to curye of alle. And afterward þat comyþ of colere is nexte. And whan malencolye is aduste, it engendriþ elefanciam and þat comeþ last to his staat and is laste ycured. And whan fleume is aduste, it engendriþ tiriam and þat is in þe mene amonge þese.

1615

Signa. Signes herof biþ þese: whan þe heris falliþ awey of þe browys and þey bycomyþ grete, and his eʒen bycomyþ rounde, and his nostrelles bycomyþ grete wiþ outforþe and strayte wiþin, and strayte of breþe, and he spekiþ alle as it were wiþ þe nostrelles, and þe coloure of his face [f. 31r] bicomeþ ledy and ffusk and horrible byhaldynge, and wiþdrawynge off þe browys and of þe nostrelles. And by oo signe herof we schul not iugye hyt, saf by 2 oþer 3. Þese signes beþ þe most serteyne signys of alle. And þere biþ many oþere, as pustule and wexinges and wastynges awey of hys braun and prinspaly þat is bytwixe þe þombe and þe nexte<sup>177</sup> fynger þerto and brekynge of þe skyn. And whan hys blode is ywasche þer biþ blacke gobettis þeron and as it were grauel and many oþere, but þese signys sufficeþ to me and prinspaly signes þat beþ in þe fface, as it schal be sayde her after in clarificacioun of þynges þat beþ forseyde. Þese þynges beþ dyrecte and knowe in whan þat þey schewe he is sequestered.

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Obrene signes of lepre beb bese: whan be colour of be face bycomyb reed and tournyb toward black, and his brebe bygynneb for to chaunge, and his voys bycomeb rawe, and his herys bygynneb ffor to ffalle, and hys swetynge and his brebe stinkyb, and he hab malencolious maneres and euel and many dyuerse, and myche pascioun in his slepynge, and prinspaly vppon hys body, and in some beb scabbys and pustule and morphea in alle hys body, and be body bygynneb to be al foule. And whan his body nys nazt corupt, he nys nozt to forsaken, saf bou schalt byhote hym harde.

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Signes þat signifyeþ þat it is confermed and is neiz hys tyme. Whan þat boon bytwix his twey nostilles þat is clepyd cartilago ffretiþ and ffalliþ awey, and whan his hondys brekyþ and hys feete falliþ awey, and whan hys lippes bycomyþ grete, and hys body is glandulous, and haþ disma and ne may nozt wel drawe hys breþe, and his voyse sounyþ as it were a cattis, and horrible lokynge, and þe colour of hys face blacke, and his voys<sup>178</sup> is rowe, and hys pouse lytel.

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Signes of humour þat is in þe cause. 3if þat lepre comyþ of blode, þe colour of hys face wole be rede and derke and some dele swellynge wiþ many rede whelys, and hys eyzen rede and hys eyzledys tourned in and out, and for lytel enchesoun he wole blede at nose, and þe sauour of hym is greuous and stinkynge in al þe body. His vryne wole be reed and þicke. 3if it come of colere, his coloure wole be

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>177</sup> nexte] preceded by lytel deleted in red ink with black dots

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>178</sup> voys] preceded by v deleted in black ink

zelowe, and he schal haue grete prickynge and knawynge in hys face and in hys ezeledys, and he wole be wrebfulle, and hys vryne wole be zelow and byn.

And some tyme it [f. 31v] is inpetigo and serpigo bat comyb anoon to hys staate.

3if it come of fleume, his colour wole be whyte and tournynge somewhat to blacke and his face somewhat to swolle and pere wole falle of hym resoluciouns, as it were bran, and hys vryne wole be whyte and picke and as pere were quyttour peron.

3if it come of malencolie, his face wole tourne to blackenesse. And 3if it be hoot ayre, his colour wole be some tyme rede and some dele blacke and he schal haue many knappys in alle hys body and hys vryne wole be bynne.

3iff be pascioun come of blode, it is yclepyd allopucia. And 3if it be of colre, leonina. And 3if it be of fleume, tiria. And 3if it come of malencolie, elephancia.

Pronosticacio. We may make a serteyn pronosticacioun bat wibout ende after be tyme bat lepra is confermed and tournib to corupcyoun of be body, it ne schal neuer be youred, but we mowe make hys lyf be more longe and lette bat be venymous matere ne go no3t to be herte ne to be lemys bat beb prinsypale. For bou schalt entendy bat lepra bygynneb wibin first and afterward in be fface and in lemys wib out and ban it tournyb in a3en and ban it makyb hym deed. For be noble lemys ne mow no3t susteyne so grete ffallynge of humours. Neuerbelatter, for be grete horribilite of be matere and for be euel conplexioun bat is colde and drye bat beb contrariouse a3en be lyf and berfore Auicen seide<sup>179</sup> in what manere lepra schal be cured bat is yolepyd a cancre into alle be body and ban it nel no3t be cured. Allopicia is lasse perylouse and li3te for to cure atte be bygynnynge. And leonina is more li3te for to curye and hys malice is more wexynge. And elefancia is longe or he come to hys staate and is most harde for to curye, as it is forseyde. And tyria is in be mene.

Jn þe ffirst we schul bygynne wiþ blodeletynge. And þou schalt entendye þat after þe tyme þat þis pascioun is confermed, blodeletynge ne helpiþ but lytel ne no stronge medicyne nys noʒt goode þerfore. For it ne avoydiþ noʒt for þan þe mater nys noʒt in þe veynys but in þe lemys. 3if þat blodletynge be good in lepra þat is confermed, þat is whan þe pascioun comyþ of blode and ʒif he haue myche blood on hym oþer ʒif it be in a woman propter retenc[i]onem<sup>180</sup> menstruorum oþer emoroidarum or ʒif þe pacient be in grete peryle so þat he ne mow noʒt drawe hys breþe, þan it is drede lest he be achokyd. And in noon oþer manere blodeletynge nys noʒt good. And it is lasse harme ʒif it be in smal veynes þan in grete oþere [f. 32r] cuppe hym and garce hym bytwixe þe schuldris or garce in þe leggys. And in þe first bigynnynge, letynge blode in veynes is bettre ffor þan þe mater is in þe veynes. Þan lete hym blode as it is nede. And for þe most party [þei] erriþ in þys ffor many men doþ boþe. And þerfore, we mote wakye.

Jn þe 2, we mote take consyderacyoun of medicynes laxatyues and in what manere þe matere schal be defyed. For in þe ffirst byginnynge þis pascioun is curable. And after þe tyme þat it is confermed we ne schulle take no kepe þerof as for to cure hym, but ffor to make þe more longe his lyf.

And 3if be leche be prinspaliche ybede, ban in be ffirst bygynnynge defye be matere wib bese bynges:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>179</sup> seide] seide seyde

retencionem] retenconem

**44 Rx** succi fumiterre, succi boraginis, succi scabiose, succi lappacij acuti ana  $\S$  iij, florum boraginis, florum violarum, florum sene, epithimi, cuscute, polipodij, anisi, liquirice munde ana  $\S$  j, melle roset, panis ʒuctare ana quarter iij. <sup>181</sup> Make herof a syrupe and clarefye hym.

1680 3iff hoot humours regne on hym, do perto sirupus endiuie, scariole, lactuca, and vynegre.

3if þat colde matere be in cause, do þerto þus, origanum, calamentum, anthos, sticados, anisum, and maratrum. And ʒif it be a womman and haue retencionem menstruorum, i.e. wiþholdynge of menstruoram, þan do þerto arthemesiam and sauinam and serpillus. And after dyuersyte of tymys of þe ʒere and of oþer particulers, we mote make more oþer lasse þe medicynes. For ʒif he be a pore man and þe mater be hoote, þan defye þe mater wiþ oxisacre and sirupus de ffumo terre. And ʒif þe cause be colde, wiþ oximel duretik and squillitico and sirupo de ffumo terre.

3if he be a delicate man and riche, ban deffye be mater wib bese electuaris:

**45 Rx** diambre, diacitoniten, julij, <sup>182</sup> diamargariton. And 3if he be a pore man, wib dianthos, dianiso. And 3if he cause be hoot, do berto 3uccare roset, triasandali.

1690 Whan be matere is defyed, ban in be birde place we mote come to medicynes. Medicynes bat beb stronge wib ellebre ne schulle nozt be zeuen, but in be myddel of veere onys and in be myddel of autumpni onys.

Lizte medicynes mow be zeue perauenture euery day oper to oon good sege or tweyne oper lytel more after be particuleres.

**46 Rx** fflorum boraginis, [florum] violarum, foliorum sene, epithimi, polepodij, anisi, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, liquiricie munde ana  $\S$  j. Seþe hem in gotys whay and in þe decoccioun tempere ryndes of mirabolanum indorum, belliricorum and emblicorum bene gummosorum ana  $\S$   $\beta$ . Frote hem in lent fuyre and clense hem til half a pounde in þe morowtyde. Þis decoccioun is swyþe profitable and þerfore kepe hyt wiþ grete diligence.

If be mater be prinsypal of hete, do berto mirabolani citri ober diagridij wib mastic boyled in a sachel. **[f. 32v]** And 3if be mater be ffleumatik, ban do berto mirabolanum kebulorum ober turbithe wib esula, 3in3iberis, and mastix boyled in a sachel in be decoccioun.

Stronge medicynes beb bese: yerarufini, yeralogodion, theodoriton euperiston makyd scharpe wib pulpis coloquintidis in lytel quantite. And zif colre be in be cause, do berto electuarium de succo rosarum.

Jn an hoot mater, zeue þis:

**47 Rx** electuari de succo rosarum, oxi laxatiuo, yera ru'fini ana ʒ iij, interioris coloquintide, bdellij ana ʒ β. And make þerof pelotis.

3iff be mater be fleumatik:

**48 Rx** yerapigra ₹ β, yerarufini ʒ iij, esule, masticis ana ʒ j. <sup>183</sup> And make berof pelotis.

182 See commentary

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1685

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>181</sup> See commentary

3if malencolia be in be cause:

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**49 Rx** diasene, diaborage, yerarufini ana 3 iij, pulpa coloquintida, bdelij ana [3]  $\beta^{184}$  [iij]. Make herof pelotis.

And zeuynge herof schal be dyuerse after dyuerste of particulers. For some men beb stronge of conplexioun and some beb ffeble and some men dwellib in hoot regiouns and some in colde. And berfor, be zeuynge herof mote be put to be kunnynge of be leche. For medicynes bat beb makyd wib ellebre beb perilous and alle bat beb made wib coloquintidis. For amonge alle stronge bese beb acordaunt bat men mow saue hem from bis periles. Pere is grete plente of raphanus, feniculi, petroselini. Take be rotys herof and perce hem and larde hem wib ellebre nigro and putte hem in a vessel and couere hem wel and sette hem vnder erbe 40 daies and ban whan bou wolt vse hem, do awey alle be lardys berof and of be remenaunte make oximelle and it wolle wel deffye be mater and avoyde hyt.

Obere avoyde hym in his manere alle he zere and by happe it wolde suffice:

**50 Rx** puluerem epithimi. And euery day in be morow tyde lete hym take a sponeful berof wib gotys whay. And bis is of so grete vertue bat who bat vseb hyt, boug he be able for to be leprous, bis medicyne wole defende hyt, gif he wole vse hyt.

Off be maner of laxatyues, we wolleb telle whan we spekyb of serpentys and we wole speke of laxatyues, bouz bei suffice bat beb forsaide.

Jn be 4, we wole speke of capudpurgia and cauterijs. Whan hys body is makyd clene, purge hys hede in bis manere:

**51 Rx** celidonie, tapsie, nasturcij, agni casti, pulegij regale, origani ana M  $\beta$ , macropiperis, nucis musca ana  $\beta$  iij. Breke hem<sup>186</sup> and boyle hem in whyte wyn, oleum sizaminum  $\beta$  ij<sup>187</sup> and boyle hem to gedre and clense hem and wete peron wolle oper cotoun or hempe and pe pacient schal ligge vprzte and wrynge in his nostrelles oo drope oper tweyne and pis schal be do in pe morow tyde to fore mete and pat wole make hym fnese or pisse and it wole purge pe hede of watery humours. Or cast in pe iuse of maiorane oper of pe myddel rynde of ellern or make hym fnesse wip pouder of ellebore, piperis, or make hym **[f. 33r]** a pynge for to holde in his moupe:

**52 Rx** euforbij, piperis, castorei, <sup>188</sup> sinapis ana ʒ j. Medle hem wib oximell squilliticum and wib a lytel wex and make berof cerotum and lete hym holde hyt bytwixe hys teeb softliche. Oo partye herof schal be also myche as a bene, and purge hys hede in oon of bese maneres.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>183</sup> See commentary

 $<sup>^{184}</sup>$   $\beta]$  preceded by quarter deleted in red ink

<sup>185</sup> iij] z

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>186</sup> hem] *preceded by* h *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>187</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>188</sup> See commentary

And been make hym cauterijs in bobe leggys vnder be kne and sett ones in be necke and make hym cauterijs in his armys and cuppe hym bytwix be twey schuldrys wib garsynge and make hym cauterijs in be polle of be hede, 3if be pacient may suffre al bis, and holde hem opene xl daies.

In be 5, go we to babynge. Styue be pacient in bis styue:

**53 Rx** fumiterre, lappacij acuti, anthos, floris sticados, camomille, mellilote. And take grete quantite herof.

And schaue his hede and his browys and babe beron alle hys body and his hede wib bis decoccioun:

**54 Rx** piretri, staffisagrie, euforbij, macropiperis, nucis musca, sulphuris viui, a[u]ripigmenti<sup>189</sup> rubei, sinapis, aloen ana. Poudre hem and boyle hem in vynegre and hony and wete beron a clobe bat be scharpe and frote bere wib alle hys body ffro be hede to be ffeete to fore and byhynde and ban wasche hym wib swote watere bat be hoote and ban 3eue hym triacle 3 j wib a decoccioun off fumiterre in wyn.

be manere of alle bese bynges is bat in be morne whan he arisib he schal excytye hym self in as myche as he may for to put out alle superfluytees of hys body and ban he schal go into hys styue and bere he schal frote hym self al hys body and ban wasche hym as it is forseide. And bis schal be ydo many daies and monebis contynuly ober allegate be secunde day, so bat be pacient mow suffre hyt. And whan he gob out of hys babe, whan alle be forsaide bynges bib ydo and or bou zeue hym triacle, anoynte hym wib bis oyle ffor to kepe be moysture of hys body: boyle galle and mirabolanum and oleum sizaminum in vynegre and anoynte berewib alle hys body. And after alle bese bynges zitt make hym a styue wib be forseide herbis and ban anoynte hym alle his body wib triacle and ban anoynte alle hys body wib bis watere:

**55 Rx** radicis lilij, yari, dragauncie. Stampe hem and distille hem in alembik and do perto water of flouris of benys and water of rosis and a fewe clowys and note mygge. And wip pis watere he schal euery day wasche hys face and alle hys body.

Pese beb be medicynes bat makyb hym faire and whyte and huydib be pascioun and be same dob be blode of an hare hoote anoyntyd berwib his face and alle hys body.

In be 6 place come we to serpentys bat beb founden in drye placys wib blacke riggys. And bynde hem toward be hede and be tayle and wib smal 3erdys bete hem and ban sodeynliche twey men schullen kutte of her hedys and [f. 33v] her tayles alle att onys. Pat oon man schal kutte of be hede and bat ober be tayle and alle at onys and lete hem meuye vppon be grounde. For be more bat bei meueb, be more bei wolleb blede and bei wolleb be be bettre. Pan skyn hem and wasche in salt watere hoot and afterward in wyn and bus serpentis schulleb be vsed in what manere bat bou wolt. For to speke schortely, after profyte mundificacioun, we ne haueb noon ober wey but bis. Sebe hem in watere til be flesche departye from be boon wib fenel and anete and brede and a lytel salt. And ban he schal soupe be brobe and ete be fflesche berof. Ober in anober manere, grynde be fflesche of hem wib be wynges of an hen and a litel zinziberis and coriandre, croco and put hem in a vessel and boile hem togedre. Ober in

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>189</sup> auripigmenti] aripigmenti

anoper manere, take be fflesche of hem and grynde it wib be poudre of zinziberis, nucis musca, zuccare and make berof electuarium.

Oper in anoper manere, take serpentis and put hem in goode wyn wib epithimi, sene, polipodium, anisum, feniculi, aneti, and lete hym drynke noon oper wyn in tempre quantite wib watere.

1780

Or take bese forsaide bynges and medle hem wib most in tyme whan men makib wyn and lete nozt be vessal be foule and whan be wyn is clere put it in anober vessael and kepe hyt. Pis wyn wole make hym<sup>190</sup> laxatyf twyes or bre sibes a day and it is mete and drinke and medicyne. And wasche alle hys body wib be water bat be serpent was soden beron. And whan we seib after grete vsynge of bis serpent bat he pelib and hab scotomiam and sincopin and alle hys body swellib, bat is goode signe. And berfore, serpentis bib goode and in noon ober maner he ne may nozt be cured ne kepte. And berfore, triacle is myche worbe. And alle bese bynges schulleb be do whan his body is maade clene.

1785

Jn þe 7, come we for to do a wey þe knappis and arysynges þat beþ in his body. Þese manere þynges some men cuttiþ and some men wastiþ wiþ corosyues. But þe best manere for to do hem a way is þis: arere vp þe knappe wiþ an hooke and þan kutte it awey clene wiþ a rasour an so do awey alle, 3 if he may suffre it. And kepe alle þe blode þat ffalliþ out þerof and medle hyt wiþ litarge wel poudered and þerwiþ make an enplastre to þe place and lete it ligge þerto þre daies and þan wasche hym wiþ water and bran. And in þys manere þou schalt do of alle þe oþere. And þan anoynte hym wiþ þis oynement:

1790

**56 Rx** vnguenti citri libra  $\beta$ , vnguenti ad scabiem, vnguenti fusci, litarge ana  $\S$  ij. Medle hem togedre. Missing the end of De Lepra and the beginning of Chapter 22 (De Morphea). Summaries of the missing materials follow.

## [End of De Lepra]

The eighth point of the cure contains medicines to relieve obstruction of the nose. The ninth point contains a recipe for regenerating hair of the eyebrows. The tenth point provides the treatment plan for a man that has slept with a leprous woman and is beginning to show signs of the condition. The final point is a treatise on diet. Following the section on cures is a lengthy discourse on the history of lepra, which contains 12 points. These include an examination of the writings of Ibn Sīnā and Galen, further discussion of the signs of confirmed lepra and the causes, and a discussion of the efficacy of phlebotomy and bathing in the treatment of lepra.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>190</sup> hym] preceded by w deleted in red ink

#### [De Morphea, 22]

Morphea is skin defiled by spots. All the causes of morphea are the same as lepra. If the spots on the skin are red and dark, then it is sanguine. If the spots are yellow and dark, then it is choleric. If the spots are white, then it is phlegmatic (this cause is notable). If the spots are black, then it is melancholic (this cause is also notable). If the morphea is new or it occupies a small space, then it is curable. If it is old or it occupies a great space, then it is incurable, except with great difficulty. If the place of morphea is pricked with a needle and blood flows, then it is curable. If water flows out, then it is incurable, except with very great difficulty. See commentary.

[f. 34r...] cause, Y ne do no force wheher it be clepyd morphea or infeccioun of he skyn so hat he place be reed or 3elu. Whan his body is ypurged and good dietinge is enioyned to hym:

**57 Rx** auripigmenti rubei wiþ iuse of fumiterre. Make it as it were paaste and make þerof litel gobettis and drye hem in schadowe. And whan þou wolte vse hem, distempere oon þerof or tweyn wiþ sirupo de ffumiterre and make þerof an oynement and anoynte þerwiþ þe place. And in þe morowe wasche hym wiþ watere and bran hoot.

Pis schal be a general rule in every infeccioun bat is rede or zelu in what place of be body so it be: bat he ne schal nozt wasche be place wib colde water, but wib hoot watere. For colde water colorib hyt more and hoot water discolorib hyt more. And bis schal be a reule, bat in bese infecciouns do berto fumus terre.

3if morphea come of colde cause, whan his body is purged, frote wel his body wip fyge leuys and ban anoynte hym wip oleum tartare<sup>191</sup> bat is made in bis manere. Take tartree and calcine hyt in a fourneys of calcinacioun and ban lay hyt vppon a marbre stoon and bat distillib adoun by bredys is oyle of tartre. And kepe hyt in a glasyn vessaelle and anoynte berewib be place. Pis manere nys no3t yknowe but to alkimistis. And workes of alkemye is ful profitable in many binges of medicynes<sup>192</sup> and in ober binges it is ful nyouse for many man hab be lost beron.

Oper in þis manere, ʒif þe cause be hoot, anoynte þe place wiþ unguento citrino made scharpe wiþ litarge. And if it come of colde cause, do þerto vnguentum fuscum, vnguentum ad scabiem and scharpe hyt wiþ sulphure viuum. Or þou myʒt make an oynement of þese þingis: calx abluta, sulphure canonatum, attramentum, auripigmentum rubeum and citrinum, [sal] armoniacum, viridis eris, alumen es vstum, litargirum, cathima aurea and argentea, marcasita, aristologie, radix cucu[meris]<sup>193</sup> asinini, radix lilij, and genciane, dragancee, and yari, sanguinis leporis, affodilli, cantarides, aloen, mirra, staffisagria, spuma maris, vitis alba, and seminis sinapis and seminis raphani, eruca, flos papaueris rubij,

1800

1805

1810

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>191</sup> tartare] preceded by tr deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>192</sup> of medicynes] of medicynes of medicynes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>193</sup> cucumeris] cucurbite

gummi rute agrestis, euforbium, acetum, squilla, enula, folia fficus, vipera, piper, melle, and ober mo. Take som herof ober al after her serteyn ʒeuyngis after þe particulers of þe pacient and poudre hem and boyle hem in oyle and anoynte þerwiþ þe place. Ober take alle þe substaunce and oyle and wex and make þerof an oynement and þou myʒte make herof enplastris and ober þinges after þe connynge of þe worchere. [f. 34v] And ʒif þere come bladdris in þe place and þere come out water and blode, þat is signe þat þe mater voidiþ a wey. 3if morphea ne be noʒt wiþ þese þinges, þan cure hym wiþ curis of þe lepre and so þou schalt entendye of euery infeccion. For we haueþ ysaied many cures in lepra and þerfore þis chapitre schal be þe more schorte. And þerfore, for to fulfille þis cure go we to þe chapitre of lepra.

Clarificacio. Pou schalt entende þat in morphea, as wyse men seiþ, þat blodeletynge nys noʒt goode. And þat is soþe, for þei ne puttiþ but twey spices þerof and boþe beþ of colde cause. We may sey þat in some spicys, as in lepra, bloodletynge nys noʒt goode and prinspaly whan þe pascioun is confermed. For þat wolde drawe þe mater fro þe place wiþin to placis wiþ out.

Saf ʒif þou woste wel þat morphea come of blode oþer of reednesse, in þe first bygynnynge bloodletynge is goode. And ʒif morphea come of colre and hys body be replete, þan in þe bygynnynge þou myʒtest lete hym blode. And me þinkiþ þat þe resoun þat Auicen seiþ nys noʒt goode ffor in place þere is myche euel bloode and lytel good blode. Letynge bloode takiþ awey þat is goode and leuyþ þat is noʒt. Þan Y sette þis caas þat bloode rotye in þe vesselles, as in sinocho. Þan þere is more euel blood on hym þan goode. And ʒitt he schal be letyn blode þe resoun þerof nys noʒt ffor kynde haldiþ good bloode and letiþ þe euel goon awey, 194 as we iseiþ in laxatiues þat doþ a wey superfluytees of þe body, ffor atte last it avoydiþ. Þerfore, in morphea þat comyþ of bloode, in þe first bygynnynge, blodletynge is goode and ʒif his body be replete.

Jn be secunde, bou schalt entende bat be enchesoun of morphea is erroure of be birde digestioun. For bat pascioun in be skyn may be errour of ober digestioun and prinspaliche of be lyuere bat engendrib rotyd matere, whiche mater whan it is put to be skyn be 3 vertue of digestioun may nost make it like to be skyn. And berfore, be puttynge out ne errib but by hap. For so myche bat lemys wib in puttib be matere out and be vertu of be skyn hab feble puttynge out and ne may nost putte be matere ffrom hym. Pe digestioun errib by hym self and be puttynge out by [f. 35r] happe.

Jn þe 3, entende þat whan naturel þinges beþ profyte and þey þat be innaturel beþ ylad by hem, þan þe 4 humours beþ obedient and ne trespassiþ noʒt neiþer in qualite ne in quantite. But whan þis ordre is to broke and whan humours trespassiþ in quantite and qualite and ne beþ noʒt obedient by what resoun ffleume and malencolia whan þei ne beþ noʒt vnder naturel disposicioun, þan þei beþ inobedient and engendriþ morpheam. Þe same bloode and colera whan þei ne beþ noʒt in naturel disposicioun, þei beþ inobedient and engendriþ morpheam. And þe same manere as þei engendriþ lepram, þat is more harde.

Jn þe 4, entende þat ictericia defouleþ alle þe skyn and noʒt in morphea and þe cause why is þis. For in ictericia þe mater nys noʒt so violent ne so swyþe corupte and þerfor alle þe parties of þe skyn resseyuyþ hym al euene. Jn morphea þe matere is more corupte and þerfore þe strengist placis of þe skyn puttiþ it awey and þe feblest resceyuyþ hyt.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>194</sup> awey] preceded by a deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>195</sup> þat] þat þat

Jn þe 5, entende þat morphea þe more place þat he occupieþ, þe worse he is for to cure. For þe matere is þe more and his vertue is þe more feble, saf in ydropico whan alle þe body is to swolle þat is lizter for to cure jn þe first bygynnynge þan þat ne swelliþ nozt al þe body ffor so myche as þere beþ twey maneres þerof, as tympanites or aschites. But morphea is alle oo matere in parte and in alle.

1860

Jn þe 6, entende þat þe while þe mater of morphe[a] is in veynes, þou myʒt letyn hym blode, but after þe tyme þat it is broken out, þou ne schalt noʒt, as it is foraide.

1865

Jn þe 7, entende þat in þe first bygynnynge of morphea þou myʒt ʒeue hym stronge medicynes, but it schal be ʒeue in litel quantite. And þoʒ þis pascioun be longe durynge, neuerþelattre, þou myʒt ʒeue hym feble medicynes in boþe maneres. And ʒif þe pascioun be confermed, it is perile. And þerfor, it is halde peracutus as to þe strongnesse of medicynes, but noʒt to þe quantite. And þerfore, Ypocras: ad vltimas egritudines [vltime] curantes sunt potentes.

## De Scabie, 23

Scabies is infeccioun of be skyn somtyme wib squamis and somtyme drye and some tyme moyste and some tyme ful of quyttour. And ffor be most parte in be ferbest parties of be body and some tyme [f. 35v] it occupieb myche place.

1870

Cause. Pe cause of his pascioun beh humours corupte and engenderyd in he lyuere and han hei tournyh into ffume and into vapour and by he vertue of he regymen of he body hey bih put out. Vapours bih sotil and goh out liztly and wih out felynge.

3iff he ne be nozt so sotile and be porys of hym be bicke, ban bey wole tourne into [swete]. 196

3if þei be grete, þei engendriþ scabbis. 3if þey be in þe mene, þey engendriþ icchynge. And after more and lasse corupcioun þey engendriþ dyuerse infecciouns.

1875

Greuous swetynge bat hab foule sauour gob to fore. And 3if corupcyoun go to fore and wexe it engendrib icchynge. And 3if it be more stronge, it engenderib scabbe. And 3if it be more, it engenderib stinkynge scabbe. And 3if it be more stronge, inpetiginem, serpiginem. Heron is more brennynge and bere is no quyttour beron. And 3if he be more, it engendrib morpheam and after bat lepram. Lentigines, panni, and ober infecciouns many bib engenderyd off superfluytees bat beb put out to be skyn. Whan be mater is malencolious and be vertue of puttynge out is ffeble, ban bei leuyb in be skyn and engendrib dyuerse infecciouns after dyuersyte of humours bat beb in be cause.

1880

Signa. Pere beb 4 maner scabbis: of bloode, of colre, of malencolie, of fleume salsum. Pe blode brennyb whan a man vsib in his metis and drinkes hoot spices, as peper and ober mo and garlek and stronge wyn and trauaile in be sunne and so of ober bynges bat brennib humours.

1885

Scabies, 3if it come of bloode, ban be place wole be rede and moyste and grete icchynge and he schal haue grete delyte in bat icchynge and atte last he schal haue akynge. 3iff it come off fleume salsum, he schal haue many squamys and myche quyttour and icchynge and grete delyte in clawynge, but in be ende he schal haue grete akynge.

1890

3if it come of malencolie, be place alle about tournyb to blackenesse and be whelys berof and be scabbe wole be drye.

3if it come of colre, be place wole be zelu wib grete icchynge and dryenesse and brekyngis.

<sup>400</sup> 

<sup>196</sup> swete] soþ (Latin: sudorem)

Pronosticacio. Quittour in olde men is ful harde eiber inpossible for to cure. It sufficeb ynowz for to stoppen hyt and enioyne hym good regimen. Scabbe bat stinkib and makib vlcus and occupieb myche place of be body and rotib and makib grete sickenesse, it is fful harde ffor to cure. And zif it be lytel and occupye lytel place and ne makib noon anguysche ne takib awey a mannys slepe, bat [f. 36r] may be liztliche cured.

Cura. 3iff it come of blode, lete hym blode and purge hym wib manna, cassiafistula, tamarindis and he schal to fore oxisacra and sirupo de ffumoterre and bou schalt purge hym wib mirabolani citri, indis and cassiaffistula appareyled as bei scholde be. And 3if it be a stronge scabbe and ne be no3t cured, purge hym wib electuario de succo rosarum, trifera sarasenica, and yerarufini.

If it come off fleume and his body be replete and be vertue of hym be stronge, lete hym blode and ban lete hym vsye oximelle duretik, oxi[s]acra<sup>198</sup> medlyd wib suripo de fumoterre. And ban bou schalt purge hym wib mirabolanis kebulis and indis in bis manere:

**58 Rx** fflorum boraginis, florum violarum, fflorum sene, epithimi, liquirice munde, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis ana  $\S$   $\beta$ , agarrici, turbithe, ʒinʒiberis ana  $\Im$  iij. Make a decoccioun in gotis whay and in be decoccioun tempere cortices mirabolanum kebulorum, indorum ana  $\Im$  j. Frote hem in lent fure and clense hem and  $\Im$  eue hyt hym at morne til libra  $\Im$ .

And if bou wult purge more harde, ban purge hym in bis manere:

**59 Rx** aloen, agarici, turbithe, ana  $\Im$  i and β, pulpe coloquintidis grana 6, foliorum mente, foliorum absinthium ana  $\Im$  β,  $\Im$  gin $\Im$ iberis, masticis, bdellij ana  $\Im$  j. Medle hem wiþ oximel squillitico and make þerof pelotis and  $\Im$  que hem in whan his stomak is voyde after þe 7 day off his confeccioun.

3iff bou wolt make his purgacioun more stronge, purge hym in bis manere:

**60 Rx** yerapigra, <sup>199</sup> yerarufini z iii, esule, masticis ana  $\mathfrak{I}$  j. Medle hem to gedre and make berof pelotis.

3if it come of malencolie, lete hym vsye oximel duretik, oximel squilliticum, sirupo de fumoterre ana libra β. Medle hem to gedre. Whan þe matere is defyed, purge hym in þis manere wiþ mirabolanis indis, belliricis, emblicis, and epithimo appareiled as þei scholde be. And ʒiff þou wolte make more stronge:

**61 Rx** diaborage, diasene, yerarufini ana  $\S$  iij, lapidis armenici nouies abluti ana  $\Im$  j. Medle hem to gedre and make pelotis. Whan he is makyd clene, make hym a styue. And  $\Im$  if be cause be hoote, putte bese bynges in be stuwe:

**62 Rx** fflorum boraginis, florum violarum, nenifar, epithimi, camomillis, mellilote, ffumiterre ana libra  $\beta$ . Medle hem to gedre.

Whan he gob out of his stuwe, zeue hym rubea trociscata  $\vartheta$  ij and ban anoynte hym wib bis oynement:

1895

1900

1905

1915

1920

 $<sup>^{197}</sup>$  citri] preceded by kebuli deleted in red ink with red dots

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>198</sup> oxisacra] oxiacra

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>199</sup> See commentary

**63 Rx** vnguenti citri libra β, litarge ξ ij, sulphuris viui χ iij. Medle hem wiþ sirupo de fumo terre. <sup>200</sup> Anoynte hym wiþ þat oynement.

If be cause be hoote, put in be styue bynges bat beb forsaide and scabiose and lappacium acutum, ana libra j. Whan he gob out of be styue, zeue hym euery day aurea **[f. 36v]** alexandrina z  $\beta$  and anoynte hym wib bis oynement:

1930 **64 Rx** vnguenti citrini, <sup>201</sup> vnguenti ffusci, vnguenti ad scabiem ana libra β, calcis extin[c]te, <sup>202</sup> sulphuris, litarge ana χ β. <sup>203</sup> Medle hem wiþ sirupo de fumoterre.

Materiales oper oynementis bat bib goode for be scabbe after more and lasse bib bese: succus borage, succus fumiterre, succus scabiose, succus lappacij acuti, succus enule campane, succus raphini and squille and sicle and be rotys herof and be braunchis and be leuys, ffullig[inis]<sup>204</sup>, aloen, litargirum, cathima, pomfiligos, cerusa, calx lota, sulphure extinctum, oleum de sinapi, aristologie, elleborus, tartarum, oleum antiqum, auxungia antiqua, acetum, argentum viuum extinctum, sal armoniacum, fflos eris, radix cucumeris asinini. Also babe in water of be see is goode and sulphure water and alum water, whaper bei be naturel or no. Take oon herof ober many and medle hem wib oyle of rosis ober wib oyle of nottis or wib buttre or wib oyle of senvy<sup>205</sup> or wib grece and vynegre and wex and make berof an oynement.

3if he be delicate:

1935

1940

65 Rx radicis enule campane, auxungie porcine recentis ana. Medle hem wiþ lent ffuyre ober þis:

66 Rx ffulliginis, olei rosati, olei nucis, aceti. Medle hem and make berof an oynement wib a litel wex.

Ober his hat nys nozt only goode in scabbe, but in viercibus hat quitturih and beh euel forto hele:

1945 **67 Rx** antimonij, eris vsti, litargiri, cathime argenti, marcasite, ceruse, balaustie, aluminis, sarcocolle, corticis pomfiligos ana  $\frac{3}{3}$  j<sup>206</sup>. Medle hem wiþ draftis of oyle þat be olde and wex and make þeroff an oynement. Þis is goode in cancrene as it is forseyde.

In more stronge whan his body is makyd clene:

**68 Rx** radix ellebori albi recentis and stampe hem wel wib swynes grece bat be fresche and make berof an oynement. Pis dob awey alle maner olde scabbe and malum mortuum.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>200</sup> fumoterre] *preceded by* t t *deleted in red and black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>201</sup> See commentary

extincte] extinte

<sup>203</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>204</sup> ffulliginis] ffulligo

senvy] preceded by Su deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>206</sup> See commentary

#### De Scabie Sicca cum VIceribus

Pis maner comyb ofte in be handys. And berfor, whan his body is makyd clene sette hem goode dietynge and lete hym wete his hondis euery day in a decoccioun of malue, bismalue, doust of barliche, and of ote in water. And ban he schal anoynte hem wib ffresche swynes grese or of a capoun or make hym bis oynement:

**69 Rx** succi apij, succi ffoliorum lilij, succi papauerys albi, aqua rosacea ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j, aceti albi  $\frac{3}{5}$  j,  $\frac{207}{5}$  aloen  $\frac{3}{5}$  iij,  $\frac{208}{5}$  olei sisamini, cere quod sufficit. And make þerof an oynement and anoynte þerwiþ þe place þat icchiþ.

Ober bis is goode in drye scabbe:

70 Rx dragaganti, gummi arabice infusorum, semen malue, bismalue ana ¾ β, aloen, sarcocolle ana [f.
 1960 37r] ʒ j. Medle hem wiþ swynes grece ffresche or capouns grece oþer wiþ oyle of swete almaundis and wex and make þerof an oynement.

#### **De Malo Mortuo**

1965

1970

1975

Malum mortuum is a manere scabbe þat is engenderyd of naturel malencolie adust and of fleume salsum aduste wiþ blacke colour and ledy and wiþ crustis and pustules and biþ foule and wiþ out quyttour. And þe pacient ne schal noʒt wel fele þe place and it is foule forto yse. Þis pascioun comiþ allegate in þe hepis and in þe leggys for þe most parte.

Causa. Pe enchesoun of bis maner scabbe is bis: of metys bat engendrib malencolie, opilacioun splenys, retencioun menstruorum, and emoroydarum ouer tyme bat beb ywonyd and ober mo.

Cura. Defye be matere in bis manere:

**71 Rx** radicis feniculi, petroselini, brusci, sparagi, graminis, corticis capparris, ffraxini, tamarisci ana 3 ij.<sup>209</sup> Stampe hem and tempere hem in whyte vynegre a day and a ny<sub>3</sub>t. And þan take þis:

**72 Rx** borage, scabiose, ffumiterre, lappacij acuti, buglosse, mellisse, vtriusque sticados ana libra j,<sup>210</sup> ffoliorum sene, epithimi, polipodij, anthos, fflorum boraginis, fflorum violarum ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  iij, anisi  $\frac{3}{5}$  j, melle roset, panis zuctare libra j. Make herof a syrupe.

Whan be mater is defyed, purge hem wib yeralogodion or theodoriton euperiston and 3eue hym berof at onys 3 iij. Pat may be 3eue wibout perile. Whan he is purged, stuwe hym many daies, fastynge, and be herbis bat beb forseide in be sirupe put in bis stuwe. And euery day whan he gob out of be stuwe, at euery tyme, 3eue hym auream alexandrinam, tiriacam ana  $\vartheta$  j wib a decoccioun of ffumiterre in wyn. And 3if it be a womman, 3eue her only auream alexandrinam. And anoynte hym wib oynementis bat bib<sup>211</sup> forseyde or wib bis:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>207</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>208</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>209</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>210</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>211</sup> biþ] preceded by w deleted in black ink

**73 Rx** succi raphani, spatule fetide, aristologie, cucumeris asinini,<sup>212</sup> borage, fumiterre, scabiose, lappacij acuti ana quarter j, vtriusque ellebori, sulphuris, calcis viue ana ʒ iij, argenti viui extincti ʒ ij.<sup>213</sup> Poudre alle bese and medle hem wib be fforseide iuse and oyle of notys and wexe and make berof an oynement.

Pou schalt entende þat 3if þis pascioun come of þe reume, oþer of scofulis, oþer of glandulis, oþer of þe sp[l]ene,<sup>214</sup> or of menstruis, oþer of emoroydis, þan þese pasciouns schulleþ be cured first and prinspaly þe splen.

## De Pustulis, [24]

1985

1990

1995

2000

2005

2010

Pustule beb a maner lytel bladdris as grete as graynys of fygus and bei mow come of hore of swetynge and bei may be clepyd **[f. 37v]** properly brolladura. Pese comyb somtyme of enchesouns wib outforbe and some tyme of enchesouns wib inforbe.

Cause.<sup>215</sup> 3if þei come of enchesouns wiþout, as of ffallynge or of smytynge oþer trauaile oþer necligence for to make clene oþer wasche his body oþer his cloþis and for oynementys þat beþ stronge þat beþ yput to þe body, as tapsia, virdis eris and oþer mo.

3if it come of enchesouns wib inforbe, bat is for grete habundaunce of humours and for euel qualite of hem, and berfore bei comyb ofte after slepe and swetynge wib icchynge. And some tyme bey comyb of bloode and some tyme of colre and somtyme of fleume and some tyme of malencolie.

3if þei come of causis wiþ out foryþ, by þe schewynge of þe<sup>216</sup> pacient þou schalt yknowe. 3if it come of causis wiþ in and be of blode þe cause, þe colour wole be rede and þe place wole be hoote and ake.

3if it come of colre, þan þe place wole be ʒelu and prickynge. 3if it come of fleume, þe place wole be white wiþ squamys and icchynge.

3if it come of malencolie, it wole be ledy and blak and prickynge and bytynge.

Pronosticacio. Alle pese pustule, zif a man ne take no kepe perof, pei ne schullep nozt be makyd clene. Pen pei wole tourne into scabbe. And zif it come of hoote cause, pei wollep turne to serpiginem and inpetiginem and into oper euel pingis.

3if it come of fleume, bei wolleb tourne into a festre.

3if þei come of malencolie, þei beþ þe more harde for to cure. And ʒif men takiþ noon kepe þerof, þei woleþ turne into a cankre.

Cura. 3if bei comyb of bloode and ban clense hys body wib cassiafistula, tamarindis and ober mo.

3if it come of colere and 3if his body be replete, lete hym blode and þan deffye þe mater wiþ oxisacra and sirupo violato and þan purge hym wiþ oxi laxatiuo de succo rosarum, and to boþe baþynge is goode. And enoynte hym wiþ popileon or wiþ vnguentum citrinum yscharpid [wiþ] litargirum.

3if it come of fleume, defye be mater wib oximel duretik and sirupo de fumoterre and ox[is]acra<sup>217</sup> composita and purge hym wib yerapigra and yerarufini.

152

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>212</sup> asinini] preceded by an illegible deletion in red and black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>213</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>214</sup> splene] spene

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>215</sup> Cause] preceded by cause deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>216</sup> [be] preceded by yera deleted in red ink with red dots

3if it come of malencolie, deffye þe matere wiþ oximel squillitico and sirupo de ffumoterre and purge wiþ diasene, diaborago and yerarufini to þese tweyn causis. Styues beþ goode and baþis and anoynte hem wiþ þis oynement:

**74 Rx** vnguenti fusci, vnguenti ad scabiem ana libra  $\beta$ , litargiri  $\beta$  iij, tartari  $\beta$  ij, vtriusque ellebori ana  $\beta$  ij, argenti viui extincti  $\beta$  j. Medle hem wib draftis [f. 38r] of oyle and vynegre ober wib bis:

**75 Rx** succi fumiterre, celidonie, scabiose, <sup>218</sup> lappacij acuti ana quarter j, litargiri, ceruse lote, eris vsti ana  $\mathfrak{F}$   $\mathfrak{g}$ . Medle hem wiþ vynegre and draftis of oyle and wiþ olde grece and make þerof an oynement.

Pis wole availe noʒt only here, but<sup>219</sup> in euery scabbe and in eche infeccioun. And þerfore, ʒif þou ne knowyst noʒt what þou schalt do, vse þis oynement. And þou ne schalt not be desseyued and it schal be clepyd vade mecum.

Entende as Auicen seiþ, ʒif þese pustulis come of enchesouns wiþ out fforþe and his body be noʒt replete, þan colde water is goode ysprenged þeruppon. Oþer baþe hym in colde water and lete hym swymme þeron and sprenge vppon hym afterwarde þe ffloure of vecchis and of barliche. Oþer anoynte hym wiþ litargirum, and aceto, and sandalis, rosis, and oleo rosato. And ʒif þe mater wexe, make clene hys body and purge hym.

3iff be cause be colde, babe hym in swete watere whan his body is purged 3if it be nede. For ban it ne drawib no3t and in bis maner it may amye wib vapours and resoluynge and it makib helpe.

Jn be secunde, 3if pustule come of causis wib inforbe ober by vertu of clansynge of be body, ban bei comyb most in veer. 3if bei come of enchesouns wib outforbe ober of trauaile ober of hete, ban bei comyb most in somere.

## De Vulneribus, [25]

2020

2025

2030

2035

2040

2045

Vvlnus is a brekenge of þynge þat scholde be hool makyd in a leme semelable and official. And in þis manere it is a comyn euel to boþe. Þis brekynge of place þat scholde be hool oþer it comyþ of enchesouns wiþ outforþe oþer of enchesouns wiþ inforþe.

3if it come of enchesouns wiþ inforþe, þan it comyb of bloode aduste þat brekiþ þe skyn, or of colere aduste, ober of malencolie aduste, ober of wynde rotynge, ober of hete of þe sunne eiber of þe fuyre, ober of coldenesse þat makyb vlcus. And þese brekyngis may bettre be clepyd vlcus. For eche brekynge wiþ reede quyttour and foule, it may be clepyd vlcus, as Auicen seib.

3if it come of cause wip out, as of ffallynge or smytynge oper wip a swerde or wip oper mo, pan 3if it be in flesche it schal be clepyd plaga, pat is a wounde oper vulnus. 3if it be in pe boon, it schal be clepyd a brekynge. 3if it be in pe braun oper in pe nerues wip [f. 38v] ffallynge pynge, it is clepyd a bruysure. Of pe namys herof ne schal be no stryf, but go we to pe pynges ffor ffulfillynge of pynges of medicynes is knowynge and none talis, as it is seide tertio de morbo.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>217</sup> oxisacra] oxacra

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>218</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>219</sup> but] preceded by b deleted in black ink

Spices of brekynge of þynge þat scholde be hole þat beþ present beþ 4. Þere is oon þat is symple wiþ out lesynge of any substaunce. Þe secunde is brekynge of þynge þat scholde be hoole wiþ lesynge of substaunce and þat is clepyd a caue.

Pe 3 spice is a wounde pat is depe, so pat be deepnesse and pat pat is aboue makip be 3 spice.

Pe 4 is clepyd bruysure and be cure berof nys nozt ilike to noon of alle be ober, as Galen seib de ingenio. For in euery wounde mundificatyues beb goode, saf in bruysure atte ffirst byfallib rotynge binges.

Now bese bynges beb dyuerse and hauyb many dyuerse accidencis, as myche and lytel, rounde and bresquare, ful of hore and quytture, colde ober hoot, flesche to myche, veruca, an enpostem, fflux of bloode, fflux of humours, fretinge, ledy coloure, redenesse, newe, olde, and ober many mo. Alle bese accidencis and conposiciouns ne beb nozt differencis forto make a newe spice as we hauyb declaryd tertio de ingenio.

Brekynge of þynge þat scholde be hoole in ffel and flesche and in veynys and in arterijs and in synewis and in braun and in ligaturis and in bonys and in yonctis, þat is clepid dislocacioun in lemys þat beb prinspal and in lemys þat beb noʒt prinspal. And in alle þese þingis a leche most be besy and diligent whaþer þe wounde be myche oþer lytel or ʒif it be deepe oþer no and ʒif he haþ loste any substaunce oþer wiþ out. Somtyme it is in a prinspal leme and somtyme noʒt in a prinspal. Somtyme it is in a leme þat is sensible and somtyme noʒt sensible ouermyche. Зif it be wiþ lytel akynge or wiþ grete, ʒif it be wiþ flux oþer wiþ out flux, or wiþ hore or wiþout hore, oþer simple or conponed, and þou schalt take kepe of þe mychelnesse of þe conposicioun. 3if þe lippis of þe wounde go myche abrode oþer lytel and ʒif þe brekinge of a boon is wiþ teit and a nerfe be prickyd oþer ykutte, ʒif þe herte be wounded, ʒif þe brayn be wounded oþer þe skulle oþer pia mater oþer dura matere oþer þe substaunce of þe [f. 39r] brayn, and ʒif it be wiþ bruysure or wiþ out bruysure, þou most knowe þe kynde þerof and þe mychelnesse and þe 4 spices of scharpinges and þe holounesse and þinges þat falliþ þerto. And ʒif þese þynges come of malencolious humours oþer of vncunnynge of a leche or of any þynge þat is wiþ outforþe, alle þese þynges schulleþ be take kepe of wiþ goode witte and besynesse.

Signa. 3if we haueb wille for to come to be cure herof. 3if be brekenge of place bat scholde be hoole come of causis wib inforbe, as of blode, be place wole be rede and hoote and prickynge and wib quitture. And 3if it come of colere, be place wole be 3elu and brennynge.

3if it come of fleume, it wole be whyte and moyste. And 3if it come of malencolie, be colour wole be ledy. And so of alle be signes bou most take kepe.

3if it come of causis wib outforbe, by be pacient bou most be sertefyed. And 3if it be in a leme of goode conplexioun, it wole li3tly be youred. And 3if it be in a man wib euel conplexioun, it is ful harde for to cure.

Pronosticacio. Alle woundes þat beþ in men þat haueþ þe ydropesye oþer any place to broke þat scholde be hoole, þei ne scholde neuer be hoole oþer it wole be ful harde for to make hem hoole. Woundes of þe herte mow noʒt be hoole. Woundes of þe hede, of þe stomak, of þe lyuer, of þe splen, of þe reynes, of þe bladdre, of þe maris, of þe guttis, ʒif þei be lytel þei may be cured.

3if þei beþ myche, þei ne schulle neuere be cured or ful seelde þei biþ cured. Woundes of þe longis ne mow nozt be cured. Woundis in lemys þat beþ rootis, þoz þei lese her substaunce, þei may be ycured in childehode and nozt in oþer agis, but þere comyþ an hole al about.

2055

2050

2060

2065

2070

2075

2085

Woundis in lemys bat beb rootis and lesib some of be substaunce, bei ne beb neuer profytely restored.

3if smal veynes and capilleris beb ylost in grete braun, ban kynde engendrib in place of hem poris and meatus bat beb ffleschy.

Woundis in a nerfe, eiber it is kytt or pricked, bis makib spasmum and out of hys wytte and makib debe come, but 3 if it be wel yholpe and wib grete diligence. And 3 if it be ykutte alle bur3, it nys no peryle, but be leme bat it [f. 39v] serued schal lese his meuynge ober felynge ober bobe after dyuersyte of nerues.

Wondis in be guttis wib flatynge and flux of wombe beb wicked. Brekynge of bonys wib teit, bei beb ysouded wib perile, but after bat it is harde for to breke.

Brekynge of a boon bat is playn wib out raggis, it wole soudye anoon, but afterward it wole liztly breke. Eche wounde þat passiþ from þe hyest place to þe hyest place is euel fo[r]<sup>220</sup> kynde wote neuer whare he schal take bygynnynge.

In woundis 3 if spasmus oper of his witte ffor grete flux, for be most partye, bei deib. And 30xinge and sincopis, ban deb is neiz.

In be first bygynnynge founde vs vppon be wordys of Ypocras and seib in bis manere: woundes ne beb nozt hole, but bei be makyd drye. Galen expouneb bis tertio de ingenio.

Entende bat in eche wounde whan be leme is enfebled ban bere comyb to double superfluyte whan kynde may nozt clicnye><sup>221</sup> nourschement to hym bat is to seye sotil and grete. And berfore, he bat nedib of double medicynes bat make clene and drye.

In eche wounde bere fallib berto drye medicynes bat wolleb acorde to conplexioun of be leme and bat is whan hete nys nozt myche out of tempere.

In eche wounde drye bingis beb goode, saf in dyuerse maner for naturel conplexioun of be leme schal be kepte.

3if pere be a wounde in a leme pat be drye and anoper in a leme pat be moyste, in pe leme pat is drye we schul putte more drye medicynes and in be moyste leme lasse drie binges. For zif bou putte to a moyste leme swybe drye bynges, ban be naturel conplexioun wole rotye, but bat scholde be kepyd in tyme of sikenesse, as to be entencioun bat we spekib now. Perof grete moysture is to takynge kepe and 3if bere be myche hore in be wounde, ban drie bynges schulleb be layde berto. And 3if be leme be moyste and lytel hore beron, do berto somwhat drie bynges. And 3if be leme be drye and lytel hoore beron, ban lasse drye schal be do beron. And 3if be leme be moyste and myche hoore beron, ban bou schalt do more drie peron and so of alle. Pou mizte ise pat a surgian mote kunne pe conplexioun of lemys and be kynde of medicynes.

In simple woundes, symple medicynes schullip [f. 40r] be ydo berto only makynge clene and drye. 3if it be vlcus ful of quyttour wip myche hore, ban stronge medicinis mote be ido berto, as calx, attramentum, viridis eris, and oper mo. And perfore, of verdegres and oyle and wexe, as Galen seib, it may be cured. Verdegres is preschynge and dissoluyb and prikeb and brennyb, but wex and oyle makib moyste and makib rotye and so be oyle and be wex dob awey his grete bytynge. Wharfore bou myzt make a medicyne berof in tempre after kynde and settynge of be leme.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>220</sup> for] fo

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>221</sup> licnye] perhaps from lechen(?) Latin: assimilare

Saf in bese binges a leche mote be myche experte. In euery brekynge of place bat scholde be hoole, bou most haue consideracioun of 3 bynges. First, be flux mote be take awey.

Jn be 2, bou most kepe hyt from rotynge.

Dietynge. Jn be 3, bou schalt cure hym wib medicynes and metys bat be couenable for hym and gode regimen in Galen binges non naturalibus. J sette bis caas bat vlcera come of causis wibin, ban bou schalt zeue hym an vniuersal purgacioun and ban make hym clene as fallib to be humour. And bese bynges beb ofte tyme ysaide and it nys none nede ffor to reherse hyt azen.

**76 Rx** litargiri, seruse lote, cathime lote, eris vsti [and] abluti ana 3 ij, aloen, sarcocolle, radix aristologie, tartari ana  $\vartheta$  j. And make perof sotil pouder and ley vppon vlcus and wasche pe place wip wyn and hony hote. Or do perto a litel of wex and oyle and make perof an oynement.

Oper put in viceribus bat beb hoote vnguentum citrinum yscharped wib litargirum. And in colde, vnguentum fuscum scharpyd wib poudre of aloes and aristologie. And 3if it be vicus wib hete ober by enchesoun of hete or by enchesoun of brennynge of fuyre ober of hoote watere ober of be sunne, ban enoynte be place wib popileon and wex and vnguentum citrinum. Ober make an oynement of bese byngis: muscilago psillij, camphore, and sandali, and rosis, and succo portulace, plantago, papaueris, and coriandri.

3if a wounde come of coldenesse of mater, enoynte be place wib grece of a ffox ober wib oynement to scabbe makyd scharpe wib asafetida and galbano and serapino and ober mo.

Pese sufficib by cause of schortenesse of vlceribus bat comyb of enchesouns wib inforbe.

3if cuttynge oper wounde oper bruysure oper brekynge oper holouynge **[f. 40v]** deep oper prickynge ffalle to a mannys body for enchesouns wip out forbe kepynge<sup>222</sup> alle be canouns bat beb forseide wip be helpe of God. Schortely, bus Y wole bygynne ffor to worche. A wounde oper it is myche oper it is lytel. 3if it be lytel, kynde sufficip for to cure hym self oper lay beruppon larde and a lynnen clope aboue oper lay berto wenet of attrecoppis oper schauynge of lynnen clope.

3if it be a myche wounde oper it hab lost som of his substaunce oper no and ban lette be bloode renne. For be most parte, it helpib. For it kepib ffrom enpostem and bat is bynge bat we myche dredib.

3if we wole restrayne bloode: take stupis of hempe and make hem moyste in colde water and þan in gleyre of an eye and lay þeruppon and þan in þe lippis of þe wounde. And be war þat þere ne falle noon oyle ne poudre ne noþynge in þe wounde out of kynde and þan sew þe wounde. And þe þrede schal be euene of silke and þe nelde schal be square and in euery pricke a knotte schal be ffrom þe [by]gynnynge<sup>223</sup> to þe ende and bynde hyt and ley þeruppon double lenett. And be war þat no water come in þe wounde.

3if we bep constrayned for to wasche by enchesoun of some hap bere ffallib berto, ben enplastre be wounde and bynde hyt and anoynte it in bat manere bat be water ne mowe no3t touche be wounde. And in eche grete wounde bou moste worche wysely, ffor bat is gaderyd euery day it schal be makyd clene, and bere schal be an hoole byneb forbe bat be place mow be makyd clene.

3if be wounde be myche wib lesynge of any substaunce, ban be lippis ne schulleb nozt be yoined. But bou most make clene be wounde and be war bat humours ne mow nozt falle to be place. Wib alle

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bese bynges bou most loke bat his body ne be nozt replete. And ban zeue hym metis bat engenderib flesche, as hennys, partriches, lamberyn of xij monebis olde and ober mo.

Materiales þat engendriþ in wondis beþ þese: aloen, thus, aristologie es vstum, cathima lota, cerusa lota, mirra, sanguis draconis, sarcocolla, orobus, **[f. 41r]** radix lilij, farina fabarum, and oþere mo. Oþer þis, take galbanum and molte in oyle of mirtis and wete þeron an olde lynnen cloþe þat be clene and makyd smalle and sprenge þeruppon pouder of olibani, aloen, radicis aristologie and make þeron an enplastre and bynde þeruppon.

Whan be fflesche comeb all an hyze, ban make hyt harde for to stonde in stede of skyn and bat is wib bese byngis: mirra, aloes es vstum, galla, balaustia, sanguis draconis, dragagantum vstum, and ober mo. And bou schalt entende bat medicynes bat engendrib flesche in oon leme, ne engendrib nozt in anober ffor some lemys beb moyste and some drye. And woundes, some beb wib myche hore and some wib lytel hoore. Wherffore mater of woundes bat beb in preuay placis beb nozt in be same maner as bey byb in be eyzen. For in preuay lemes medicynes schullen be most drye and in be eyzen lasse drye and ober bynges for nerues and ober for fflesche and ober to arterijs and so of alle be ober. Perfore, be surgian mote be bysye ffor knowe be conplexioun of lemys and kynde of hys medicynes and so he may chese of his medicynes whiche fallib to oon man whiche to anober. And in bis maner he schal be to fore obere ffor beron is alle and afterward by expermens he mote appreuye. Pese beb opyniouns of philosoffrys bat haueb most fayre speche of bynges.

3if þe brysour be wiþ betynge of a stafe, þan in þe first bygynnynge lete hym blode, þoʒ his body ne be noʒt replete. And þan do þerto colde þynges and stiptica þeruppon þat þere ne ffalle no flux of humours to þe place. And þan þou most hasty for to avoyde hym wiþ in and wiþ out. For elles þere wole be an enposteme oþer quyttour hastely oþer a cankre oþer a festre wiþynne. Dissolue hyt in þis manere. Seþe centaurea maior and costus in sirupo acetoso and lete hym drynke hyt in þe morowe and an eue. Wiþ out lay wolle vnwasche and ywette in a decoccioun of camomille in watere and, ʒif it be nede, sette hym a ventose wiþ garsynge. Whan þe rotynge and corupcioun beþ remeued awey, cure hym as in oþer woundes.

Pis cure, as Galen seib, is dyuersyd ffrom ober woundes. 3if a wounde be depe, put a tente anone to be botme<sup>224</sup> and make hyt clene euery day tway sybes for elles it wole festre.

3if a veyne ober an arterie be ykutte and come out grete fflux of blode, bynde þe place and stoppe hyt þe while þou makist þis enplastre: [f. 41v]

**77 Rx** aloes, thus<sup>225</sup> minutum, sanguis draconis, boli armenensis, pilos leporis.<sup>226</sup> Medle alle bese togedre wib gleyre for bis is be last medicyne berof.

3if þere be a wounde eiþer prickynge in a nerfe and 3if it be in wommen oþer in childeren, þou mayst do þerto not so stronge þynges, as rosyne, picche, and hore of bein þat hongiþ to þe hyuen, but it schal be maked clene and ywasche wiþ lyze. And medle hyt wiþ draftis of olde oyle and wyn and make þerof an enplastre oþer oynement.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>226</sup> See commentary

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3if it be in an harde body, do perto euforbium and fimum columbinum, sulphre, lyme aqueynte, asa fetidis, opopanac, serapinum, lac titimalli. For pe prickynge in a nerfe mote haue drye pinges and medicynes and prinspaly whan it is depe and in pe last make a cauterie.

J suppose bat his body be makyd clene wib letynge blode and medicynes laxatyues and abstenense. For 3if it ne be no3t so, he may liztlich falle in a spasme ober apostem and in ober harmys. Pou ne schalt no3t berfore do berto bese medicynes, but 3if he be purged to fore ober wib a clistere.

3if þere be an enposteme in a nerfe, þan þese beþ goode: orobus, farina ordei and fabarum. And medle hem to gedre wiþ water þat serapinum be resolued þeron and at ende wasche þe place wiþ wyn ysode.

3if þere be any boon out of þe ioynte þat þou myʒt yknowe for þat wole be hyer þan it scholde be oþer lowʒer and ʒif he ne may noʒt meuy þerwiþ. For ʒif he may meue þerwiþ toward euery place, it nys noʒt out of þe ioynte. And it ffalliþ seelde þat a place be out of þe ioynte þat þere ne comyþ þerwiþ a wounde oþer brekynge of a boon oþer brysour oþer enposteme oþer corupcioun and þan þe medicynes mote be double. Some tyme þei haueþ so myche akynge þat we ne dareþ noʒt put it in aʒen in his place and þan it mote be out þre daies and þan put hyt in hys place aʒen. And whan it comyþ in somtyme þere is yherde a sonde. And wasche<sup>227</sup> þe place wiþ vinum ponticum and bynde.<sup>228</sup>

3if it come of grete moysture bat make a ioynte goone oute, ban make hym a cauterye and make an enplastre and laye beruppon of galla, acacia, balaustia, and nucis cipressi, gummi iuniperi and a lytel castor.

3if a boon be to broke it fallib ful seelde bat bere nys more harme berwib. For some tyme it is to bruysed ober a wounde [f. 42r] ober a dentynge adoun or aposteme ober flux of humours ober rotynge and ober binges. And of alle bese bynges bou most take grete kepe. Whan bis is ydo, sette to gedre be endis and in a childe it wole soudye anone. And whan it is bycome harde, it engendrib alle aboute hym poris.

J suppose pat it be in be legge, ban be pacient schal be layde in a bedde vpwarde and strecche out bobe his leggys euene. And be legge pat is to broke schal be somwhat longer. And be bonys bat be broke ne schulleb noʒt be ioyned al to gedre ffor ban he scholde haue grete akynge and a feuere and he ne schal noʒt be drawe out to longe for ben he scholde haltye. Perfore, in be friste bygynnynge, it schal be in be mene and whan be bonys beb yfelyd to gedre, lete euery partye go in obere and euery toob in his place bere he scholde be. And be war bat bere ne leue noon holownesse in be boon bat is ioyned for it wolde engendre corupcioun and rote be leme. Whan bis is do, bynde it wib a bende of lynnen clobe and brode after disposicyoun of be leme. And bygynne be byndynge in be myddel of be brekynge and drawe hyt hyder and byder in be maner of a croys bat oon party aʒen bat obere ffor bat wole strayne wel be leme and bat moste be euene wib out any knottys and lete hym be so large bat he come ouere vppon be hole flesche. And in be brekynge it schal be most strayte and in be hoole place leste strayte bat be superfluytees may renne outward. And be byndynge schal be so strayte bat it make some akynge for it most nede be faste, but noʒt so fast bat it make humours falle berto. And ban in euery birde day or in be ferbe remeue hyt yseit. And ʒif he haue myche icchynge, wasche be place wib hoot water til it bycome a lytel rede. And ʒif it be nede for to do berto medicynes for to soudy, ban do berto nux cipressi wib

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>228</sup> Marginal comment by later reader: Dislocaschoun of joyntis

vitriolum. And þan bynde hym aʒen and do þerto lynet double þat þe byndynge may be þe more stronge and þan spletys. And in þis maner þou schalt do in leggis and in armys. For ellys, ʒif he meued, þe boon wolde liʒtliche to breke. For he myʒte mete, i.e. 'dreme', whan he were a slepe and sodeynly meue, [f. 42v] þan, but ʒif his leme were wel ydʒt, it were drede of brekynge. And whan a mannys legge is to broke he schal haue ouer hys bedde a corde hongynge ffor to tourne hym þerby whan he wole and his bedde schal be holou þat he may go to sege þeron. For in þat tyme it is grete peryle for he mote ligge stille 40 daies. And he schal vse mete for to engendre poris, as of a calf þat soukiþ, and rostyd whete ysoden, benyn broke, and oþer mo. But for þese þynges byndeþ. Þerfor, he mote vsye oþer þynges and by enchesoun of happis þat ffalliþ þerto we mote do many þynges aʒen kynde of pasciouns and we mote worche after þe kynde of euel and of happis þat falliþ þerto and after condiciouns of þe pacient.

3if þe sculle boon be to broke oþer it is wiþ a wounde oþer dura mater is yhurte and þat may be wiþ a wounde or wiþ bruysure oþer wiþ preschynge and þere wiþ oþere it is myche oþer lytel and so of alle oþer differencys. Preuay brekynge of þe sculle þou schalt yknowe<sup>229</sup> in þis manere: ffor he slepiþ heuilyche, and ne may not wel go to sege ne make vryne, and he ne may noʒt breke a note but wiþ grete agreuaunce and þe same manere of a cruste, and ʒif he halde a strenge of an harpe bytwix his teeþ and þou drawe hyt strayte and smyte hyt wiþ þy nailes ʒif it agreuyþ hym. Alle þese beþ signes þat þe sculle is to broke. And allegate in brekynge of þe scullebone þe pacient schal haue a feuere and flatynge of mete. And ʒif pia mater or dura mater be harmed, þan he schal be in þe frenesye and his face red and he ne schal noʒt wel meue his yʒen and he schal be feble in alle hys vertuis.

In be ffirst make hym a drynke bat is goode in bise woundes and in fistula and in mo ober bynges:

**78 Rx** agrimonie, pimpinelle, betonice, veruene, centaure maioris, sticados, saluie, pilocelle, trium consolidarum, plantago, sanamunde, rubee<sup>230</sup> maioris, caulium rubeum, pedis columbini, gallitriti, absinthi, tanaseti, lingue auis, edereterrestris, ffragarie, buglosse, genciane. Grynde alle bese ober be most parte and boile hem in whyte wyn and do berto a litel hony and lete hym drinke berof euery day. And 3if he haue a stronge feuere lete him take berof in litel quantite and 3if he haue no feuere, in myche quantite. For bis is goode in euery wounde ober in vicere bat is ful of hore.

And þan lay þerto þis enplastre vppon þe sculle boon and vppon piam matrem and duram matrem whan þei beþ hurt:

**79 Rx** picis liquide, cere, terrebintine ana libra  $\beta$ . Molte hem to gedre and cast hem in vynegre and medle hem wel to gedre; and 3itt molte hem azen and caste in woman mylke oper of kyne; and 3it molte hyt azen and cast in be iuse of beteyne and ban medle hem wel to gedre; and 3itt molte hem azen and cast in be iuse of centaurea **[f. 43r]** maior and ban medle hem wel to gedre. And take berof oon partye and lay vppon a skul boon bat is to broke.

Enplastrum magistri Anselini Iamensus. And he vsed þis enplastre to euery wounde þat ʒede toward þe brayne and in euery wounde of þe heed.

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**80 Rx** terrebintine ij parties, cere albe oon partye. Molte hem to gedre and clense hem into vynegre. And whan bei beb colde, wrynge out be vynegre berof and molte hem azen and cast it into iuse of herbis, as betoyne ij partijs, verueyne oon partye, millefolij oon party. Medle hem wel to gedre, molte hem azen, and cast in womman mylke ober of kyne. A[n]d<sup>231</sup> zif bou myzt nozt haue be iuse of bese herbys, take be poudre of hem and do as it is forseyde.

And bou myst do berto lucidariam and centauream and be poudre of centaure, bou myst do vppon be plastre. Make holou be clobe in many placis wib scherys and ley be enplastrum vppon be clobe and burs oon hole it may passe in hoot and listely and after be birde day remeue hyt away. And sif it stinke, it is signe bat it wole be youred. Make hyt clene and lay berto be same ober a newe. And for bis cure is euel for to doon and perilous and longe and hab grete nede of bysynesse, berfor Y resigne 232 hyt to surgyans.

Clarificacio. Pou schalt entendye þat after þe medicynes þat beþ forseide þat in brekyngys sotil dietynge is gode and fomentaciouns. But sotil is in double maner, as wortys and chekenys, by þe resoun of lytel quantite, as biþ þynges rosted and whete ysode, but þei schulleþ be ʒeuen in lytel quantite. And þerfo[r],<sup>233</sup> whan auctours seyiþ sotil dietynge is goode, þei seyin soþ, but þat þou schalt entende towarde þe quantite. For toward þe qualite grete metys þat engendriþ grete flesche and stronge beþ goode, saf in a pascioun sotil metis biþ goode. For ʒif he ete grete metys by enchesoun þat he ne trauaileþ noʒt he ne may noʒt defye hem. And þerfor, grete metis biþ goode in lytel quantite ytake.

Jn be secunde, entende bat lemys of be wounde some mow be restored as flesche and some no3t, and 3itte bobe may failye by generacioun and mater for in be wombe nober be marice ne dindimum ne seede ne sanguis menstruus.

J sey þat blode is as it were superfluyte for superfluytees mow be restored in a mannys body as it schewiþ in þe taylys [of] stelionum.<sup>234</sup> And þerfore, þey may be restorde in a mannys body for flesche comyþ of blode and blode is in flesche and þerfore þei may alwey be restored. Sed ne may noʒt in þat manere for place of generacyoun may faile, þat is þe marice in wommen. And þe seed of a man faileþ in a womman ffor þe rootis þerof ne beþ noʒt yfounde in hem wiþ alle condiciouns for þei beþ engenderyd of foure seedys þere; ʒif þei biþ discontynuyd þey [f. 43v] schulleþ ony wel and ʒif her substaunce be ylore þei ne schulliþ neuere ony. And þis is þe enchesoun for þe rotys of hem, for þe most part, beþ colde and drye, but þe prynsipalys and þe noble lemys. And ʒif her substaunce be ilost for her necescyte and her noblete or þey were restored, deþ wolde come. And ʒif it be oþer, þan þei beþ colde and drye and so accidence faileþ for it wexiþ by hete and of þe seed þat wexiþ sechiþ large poris and digestioun wexiþ by hote and moyste and þerfor in þat manere nys noon restorynge. But flesche is hoot and moyste and þerfor hym faileþ noʒt and þerfore it may be regendered in euery tyme, þouʒ it come of sedys after condiciouns þat beþ forsaide.

Jn þe 3, entende þat þere beþ naturel moystures in lemys and some falliþ by happe. Þan if a wounde be in a leme þat is moyste of kynde, it wole more liztly be helyd þan in a drye leme. But in a

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moyste leme þat comyþ by hap, it wole be lattre hool as in ydropisy. Þerfor, woundes þat beþ in lemys þat biþ naturel moyste<sup>235</sup> wolleþ be raþer hoole þan in drye<sup>236</sup> for grete nourschement.

Jn þe 4, entende þat in brekynge of placys þat scholde be hool, some man haþ prickynge contynuelly as it were nedelys and þan þere is more akynge þan ʒif it come sodeynly and if þe leme bycome schorte þere wiþ. And þe resoun of þynges þat beþ forsaide biþ þese, as Galen seyþ quarto de morbo, in a wounde oþer in a brekynge þere nys noon akynge, but ʒif it abyde, ffor whan it come sodeynly and passiþ a wey anoon it nys noʒt akynge, but þynges þat leuyþ contynuelly is pascioun and akynge.

## De Fluxu Sanguinis, 26

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Flux of blode in a wounde comyb some tyme for a wounde and oper bynges wib outforbe and, boug it be sayde, Y wole passe schortely ouere. Some tyme flux of blode is lytel so bat it suffice for to sette his fyngere bere uppon or a lynnen clobe ywette in colde water ober in water of rosis or stupys of hempe ywette in glayre of ayryn or schauynge of lynnen clobe or be wenet of an attercoppe. Some tyme a wounde is myche or a grete veyne ikytte or an arterie, as it is forsaide. Þan halde hyt wiþ þyn honde oper wip by fyngre or wip lynnen clobe ywette in watere or wip some queyntyse. Halde hyt til be medicyne be redy ffor men schulle ful seelde fynde be medicyne redy. And whan be blode comyb out swybe, zif it come of an arterie, it wole be sotil and clere and it wole come out lepynge [f. 44r] and wib grete wille and somtyme vpwarde and somtyme a dounward and some tyme in oon syde and somtyme in þat oþer. In a comyn veyne nogt so and it wole be grete. Do þerto þis medicyne of thus, aloen, mastik, sanguis draconis, bolus armeniensus, herys of an hare ykutte smal. Medle hem to gedre wib glayre of an eye and lay it beruppon. And in be secunde leggynge berto ne remeue bou nozt a wey be first ffor bat were drede lest it come out agen. And if bou dost it a wey, do it softely and wib queyntyse. 3if it ne may nozt be restrayned in bis maner, ban brenne hyt wib an hote yre. And zif be pacient drede be fuyre, make a cauterie wib mirra, aloen, attramento, calce viua, sanguis draconis. Of ober fluxis we wolleb speke in her chapitres.

Clarificacio. Entende þat mete in tempre and þe flesche of motoun þat is xij moneþis olde engendryþ fflesche kyndely, as it is forsayde. And herys of an hare and oþer medicynes makiþ clene, and dryeþ, and doþ a wey þe superfluyte þerof, and makiþ conplexioun in tempre, and wiþstondiþ superfluyte, and confortiþ, and makiþ cauterijs, and stoppiþ, and constrayneþ, and so of alle þe oþere. Ferþermore, entende þat anoon as þe wounde is makyd þe fflux of blode ne wole noʒt falle out ffor hete and þe spiritus fleiþ inwarde. And þerfor, many men þat beþ wounded ne wityþ noʒt þerof ne feliþ hyt noʒt, saf after a lytel whyle. Þe spiritus and þe hete and blode rennyþ for openye and makiþ flux of blode.

Hoote bynges in be 4<sup>237</sup> degre mowe restrayne blode wib here brennynge.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>235</sup> moyste] *preceded by* moste *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>236</sup> drye] *preceded by* mo *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>237</sup> 4] preceded by first deleted in red ink and red dots

#### De Panartico, 27

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Panarticum is a enposteme hoot and akynge in be rootys of be nailys, somtyme wib vlcus, somtyme wib quytture blody, and ban hys fynger ne lackib noon angwysche. Make hym sotil dietynge and ban lete hym blode and after make hym medicynes laxatyues. And whan hys body is clene make hym an enplastere wib muscilago psillij made in water of rosis and ache and camphora and barliche mele.

In be wexinge, anoynte be place wib be hore of byn ere.

Jn þe staate, wiþ muscilago psillij makyd wiþ mylke. And in þe myddel of þe staate, presche hyt wiþ a nedle and in þe goynge awey make hyt clene wiþ mele of lupinis and hony. And ʒif vlcus be þeron, þan cure hyt wiþ aloen, thus, and arsenico. And ʒif it be brekynge of þe naylys, þan anoynte þe place wiþ mastic dissolued in oleo siʒamino. And if spasmus come þeron and leprousnesse, whan his body is purged, anoynte þe place wiþ hennys grece and oyle of senvye. And þan schafe þe place wiþ glas and þan make an enplastre þerto of lynsede and gummi cipressi. And ʒif þou wolt þat þe nayle falle a wey, anoynte hyt wiþ oyle and lynsede and sulfre, **[f. 44v]** arsenic, and vynegre. And ʒif he become blacke wiþ attricioun of blacke blode vnder þe naile, þan presche softely þe nayle wiþ a nedle and lete þe blode come out and þan wasche hyt wiþ whyte wyn and camomille. 3if þere be whytenesse in þe nayle and foule, þan anoynte hyt wiþ nux cipressi and mele of lupinis and vynegre. And ʒif þei be ʒelu, anoynte hem wiþ oyle of ruwe.

Clarificacio. Entende þat nayles comyþ of superfluytees of þe body and þerfore nailes beþ as e[mu]nctorijs<sup>238</sup> of þe body. And neuerþelatter, in panartico repercussyues biþ goode as in oþer enpostemys and more for þei beþ in a tendre place. And þerfore, þei makiþ myche akynge. And þerfor, colde þynges ne beþ noʒt only goode, saf narcotica, and þe mater þeron nys noʒt venymous and, þouʒ it be venymous, ʒitt repercuscyues beþ goode. Þouʒ it turne to ledy coloure and blak, þis comyþ more of disposiciouns of þe place þan of malice of þe matere as by kynde. Þe mater of panarticum nys noʒt so myche adust þat repercuscyues ne beþ goode; þerfore, þouʒ it be [em]yn[c]torium<sup>239</sup> for it is so grete way from þe herte þat þe mater may be consumpte wiþ vapours and put out þat noon enchesoun ne come to þe herte. Þerfor, it nys no drede of malice of þe mater. And in þe bygynnynge þou myʒt lete hym blode in þe partye aforneaʒen and do þerto repercussiues. Þis is soþe whan he is euel gouerned. Þe quytture þerof wole bycome blody and þan it is drede of lesynge of hys fyngre.

Jn þe 2, entende þat teiþ and nailes beþ þe hyest place of bonys, saf noʒt of þe first matere þat is þe rote þerof; saf it is like þerto<sup>240</sup> for þei beþ engenderyd of grete matere and erþy.

Perfore, bou schalt ywyte bat nayles beb engendered in ferbest place of fete and hondyn for veynes and arterijs endib bere. And in some bestis nailes beb in stede of armys, as in bryddis and in men bat bei mow clawe hem silf and bat bei may take smal bynges berwib and bei makyb fyngeres be more stronge. And berfore, whan nailes beb grete and boystouse in men it signefyeb grete humours wexinge in be body and 3if bei be sotil it signifyeb be contrarye.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>238</sup> emunctorijs] enioynctorijs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>239</sup> emynctorium] enioyntorium

perto] preceded by perto deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>241</sup> stronge] *preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink* 

## De Incendio Ignis et Aque, 28

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A mannys body is brende somtyme wiþ fuyre and sometyme wiþ water and somtyme wiþ oyle and so of oþer þynges. Hys dietynge schal be sotil. And lete hym blode, ʒif particles falle þerfore. Þan anoynte þe place wiþ popileon or vnguentum citrinum. For some tyme þere ne biþ no bladderys and somtyme þere biþ and þere come no wounde þerof, do **[f. 45r]** þerto colde þynges and moyste. And þere be a wounde, do þerto frigida and sicca.

Materialys þerof beþ þese: bombax, stupa canobina, pannus lineus, lana abluta, pannus de serico, and oþer mo. And wete hem heron as acetum, aqua frigida, aqua rosacea, oleum rosaceum, succus semperviue, lactuca, endiuie, plantago, portulaca, seminis mirte, serusa, bolus armeniensis, chimolea, camphore, albumen ouorum, and oþer mo. Wete cloþe hiron in alle oþer some and lay it þeruppon and remeue hyt ofte.

Clarificacio. In þis mater þou schalt entende þat whan any man haþ brenned hys fyngre wiþ a candele oþer wiþ any swiche þynge, þan experiment techiþ þat ʒif his fyngre be yput in colde watere þe akynge wole a wey. And ʒif it be put in tempre hete aʒen þe fuyre, þe akynge wole a wey lytel and lytel. Here we may take cautele for to do þerto noon oþer þynges þat be colde in dede, saf flache, and þan þou schalt do þerto anodina. Anodina biþ þinges þat beþ swyþe mytigatyf by actuel hete þei resoluyþ and by resoun of her vertue þei biþ alteratyf. And so þei remeueþ a wey þe fuyre.

Jn be 2, entende bat hote bynges haueb 3 effectis: for it worchib temprely makynge hote and defyeb and ban it makib whyte. And zif it be aforsed more, it wole brenne and make dede and blacke. And zif it be more aforsed, it makib tourne to asky colour and to whyte.

Jn be 3, entende bat zif oyle nys nozt goode in antrace for so myche as it wolde make it brennynge ffor so myche as bere is grete hete beron. Neuerbelatter, in brennynge, oyle of rosis is goode for it nel<sup>242</sup> nozt make hyt be more brennynge.

Jn þe 4, entende þat whan þere nys noon vlcus in þe place, take quyk lyme and wasche in many swete wateris þat be colde and þan medle hyt wiþ oyle of rosis.

#### De Ragadijs, 29

Ulcera and ffissure bib brekynges in a mannys hondys and fete. Some tyme bei comyb of grete coldenesse ober of attriccioun ober of schone and of ober bynges. And bei mowe be liztly helyd wib vnguentum fuscum and citrino and grece and hoot watere.

3if it come of enchesouns wip inforbe, it comyb of colre adust ober of malencolie. Pan bou most make clene hys body and ordeyne hym good dietynge. And ban go we to be particularis of what cause bat it come. Make hym fomentaciouns wip hoot watere and bat ofte tymes. And ban do berto oynementis bat be makyd hirof: maroz of a calf and of an herte, grece of hennys and swynes and of a gandre, seruse wasche, litargire, cathima lota, cortex maligranati, sumac, acasia, [f. 45v] oleum rosaceum, dragagantum, gummi arabici, oleum sizaminum, oleum amigdalarum, cepum yrcinum, cera alba, succus liquirice, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>242</sup> nel] nel nel

2410

Entende bat acasia is colde and drye and constraynynge and soudib and drieb. And berfore, 3if ragadie be wip hete, bat is goode berfore for it makib colde. And it is gode for vicus for it dryeb and soudiþ.

3if þis pascioun come wiþ grete coldenesse, þan it nys nogt gode by hym self, but gif it be put wiþ many oper bynges and so in dyuerse maneres it may be put ouer al.

2415

Jn be 2, entende bat malencolia of hym self ne makib noon vlcus. For it ne preschib noat ne departibly neighbor by resoun of his substaunce ne by resoun of his qualite, saff by happe whan it is aduste ober wib pressynge ober wib opilacioun. Þerfore, in alle bese bynges it is goode ffor to avoyde hym wib thymus and gotys whaye.

2420

Pan Y aske zif nailes be of be matere of bonys. Pat it is so, it schewib wel, as Auicen seib. Pe contrarie perof proue Y in his manere. Bonys comeh of he matere of sperme and herfore zif hey be lost, bei ne may nozt be restored. But nailes bat beb iloste bib restored; wherfore, bei ne comyb nozt of sperme.

2425

J sey for to be of be matere of bonys is in bre maneres: ober it is of be same matere bat bonys bib noursched wip, oper of be superfluyte of nourschment of be bonys, oper it is of be same nourschement bat is grete wherof bonys comyb. And in bis last manere, Auicen takib by teeb and nailes bat bei beb of be mater of bonys and bouz bei be lost bei may be restored agen and regendered.

Also, Y aske zif nailes haueb any regimen. It semeb bat bei haueb for euery bynge bat wexib and is nourschyd hab vertue by whan he drawib nourschement. Nayles beb in bis manere.

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Pe contrarie herof is yfounde of Galen in tegni, bat seib bere nys no regimen of nailes. Pat Y graunte wel to be argument of be contrarie. Y sey bat wexinge is seyde in 3 maneres: bat beb longe, brode, and depe, and nayles ne wexib but abrode and longe. And berfor, it ne falleb nost bat bere be regymen berto.

Pan Y askye why nayle[s]<sup>243</sup> be in be ferbest place of a mannys lemys. And ban J aske why bat we takib sotilnesse of wytte, as Auicen seybe, and gretenesse berof.

2435

Jtem, Y aske why nailes wexib more wib outforbe ban wib in. To be ffirst askynge J answere in bis manere: bat nailes schulleb be in be ferbest place of lemys, as Auicen seib, by 4 enchesouns.

Oon enchesoun is þat þei [f. 46r] scholde be þe more stronge.

Pe 2, 244 is bat we mow be better take berwip smal bynges, as brede and herys.

Þe 3 cause, þat men may clawe hem þerwiþ.

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Pe 4 cause is bat bei may be in stede of armys, as in briddys.

To be secunde, Y sey bat it is more skele bat bei be wib out ban wib in for bei beb more of defence wib out.

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To be birde, Y seye bat nailes bebengenderyd of superfluytees of be herte and sotil humours bib enchesoun of sotil wytt and grete humours bib enchesouns of grete wytte. For 3if a mannys nayles be grete, it signifieb grete humours and sotil nayles, sotil humours. And in bat manere by nayles we may wyte wheber a mannys wytt be sotil oper no. Also, bei be in be ferbest place of lemys, bat is be fete and in be hondyn, ffor bat arterijs bat comeb of be body endib bere and engendrib nailes.

nayles] nayle

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>244</sup> 2] 2 secunde

J aske whaper panaricium, bat is enpostem in be same place, 3if be same medicynes be goode berfore as it is for ober enpostemes, ffirst repercussyues and sibbe ober mo.

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Perto J answere and sey þat þei beþ goode in þis enposteme, ʒif þe matere be ryʒt hoot. For aposteme in þat makyþ myche akynge for þe tempre of flesche þat is þere wherfor it is þe more sotil.

Jn þe 4, Y aske why fflesche by adus[t]ioun<sup>245</sup> bycomeþ whyte ffor Auicen seiþ þat whan hoote þynge worchiþ in moyste it makiþ hym blak. And ʒif þe same worcheþ in drye, it makiþ hym whyte. Þan siþþe þat fflesche is moyste, it scholde raþer bycome blac þan whyte.

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J sey þat þe fuyre þerof haþ double worchynge. Þe first is forto make whyte. Þe 2 is for to brenne. Þe 3 is for to make hyt like askis. Perfo[r], <sup>246</sup> Y sey after þe tyme þat fflesche is sode it bycomyþ whyte and to þe argument of þe contrarie herof whan þat hote þynges worchiþ in moyste, etc.

J sey bat is sobe, 3if it worche by brennynge, but by sebynge it bycomeb whyte.

2460

Jtem, Y aske wheher of his makib more imprescioun, water oher fuyre of colys. Pat fuyre makib more imprescioun it semyb wel ffor it is of gretter substaunce, as yre hoot and colys, ban it makib more imprescioun ban hote colys be contrarye herof schewib.<sup>247</sup>

J sey perto pat of scaldynge of fuyre and of hote watere may be entended in double manere, as off **[f. 46v]** qualite, and so it is more of fuyre, oper by quantite, and so it is more of water, ffor water is sotil and preschip more depe.

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Jtem, Y aske of be cure herof whaber oyle of rosis be goode berfore ober no. Pat it nys nozt gode it semyb for it wole make be place brennynge. Perfor, it nys nozt goode.

In herisipula, be contrary semeb by lettre. Y sey bat it is gode berfore.

To hym bat seyb it nys noʒt goode in herisipula, Y sey bat it nys noʒt semelable. For in herisipula, hete is made euene and ban ʒif bou do berto oyle, it wolde make hyt more brennynge. But for to speke of brennynge be hete is now a go and berfor in bat place it nel noʒt make it brennynge, saf it wole make softe and do a wey be akynge.

Jtem, Auicen seib bat lyme is goode berfore and be contrarye berof schewib ffor lyme wole make vlceracioun. J sey berto bat lyme is take in twey maneres: ober be lyme is quycke or aqueynte and ywasche. 3if it be aqueynt and ywasche in many wateris and ban medled wib oyle of rosis, ban it is goode. And ellebre, it nys no3t.

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Jn þe 4, Y aske of ragadijs and fissuris. And first, Y aske ʒif waschynge be gode for hem þat traueyleb ouer contreyis<sup>248</sup> and anoyntynge afterward. For Auicen seib þat it is gode. Þe contrarye herof Y proue. For euery þynge þat makib nesche þe nerues enfebleb hem þat scholde trauaile. Waschynge and anoyntynge dob þe same; [it is]<sup>249</sup> noʒt goode þerfore.

2480

J answere herto bat waschynge and anoyntynge schal be attendyd in twey maneres, as toward meuynge, and so it is noʒt gode berfore, ober towarde coldenesse of be ayre, and in bat maner it is goode. For waschynge of hoote water drawib be spiritus outwarde and ban wib enoyntynge be poris beb ystopped and kepte in be naturel hete and in bis maner it may halde out coldenesse of be ayre.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>245</sup> adustioun] aduscioun

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>246</sup> þerfor] þerfo

See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>248</sup> contreyis] *preceded by* contrari *deleted in red ink* 

it is] ger it

Jtem, Y aske of dedenesse in a mannys fete þat comyþ of colde and J aske wheþer hote water be bettre for hem þan colde. Som men seyn þat hoot watere is bettre for hem. J sey þat colde water is bettre for hem, 3if he be stronge of conplexioun, for þat wolde confortye þe naturel hete wiþ in and humours þat beþ congelyd, it wole dissolue as it schewiþ in fruytes þat beþ congelyd. Put hem in colde watere and þe congelacioun wole a wey and þou puttist hem in hote water, þe kyndely hete wole out þerof, etc.

Jtem, Y aske ʒif fuyre agreuyb [f. 47r] lemys bat haueb ytake colde. Pat it scholde helpe hem it semyb wel for euery cure is by be contrarie.

J sey þat fuyre scholde agreue hem þat haueþ itake coldenesse in fete and in hondyn for it wolde sodeynly dissolue humours þat beþ congelyd and it wolde make þe more akynge for þe coldenesse wole bycome brennynge as it schewiþ in congelacioun of frost and snowe. And þerfore, it is bettre þat lemys þat beþ as it were dede wiþ coldenesse þat þei stonde first fer from þe fuyre and achafye hem lytel and lytel þat þe humours þat beþ congelyd be dissolued lytel and lytel and become hoote.

Jtem, þis is a questioun to whiche men it falliþ in somer for to wasche her hondys and her fete in colde water and to whiche men in hoot water. J sey þat men þat beþ lene, it is goode for hem to wasche in colde water þat naturel hete may be holde in for by oþer hete ffumys wolleþ passe out ynow3. Men þat beþ þicke and fatte, ffor hem it is goode ffor to wasche in hoote water þat þe hete þat is enclosed wiþ in mow passy out. But J aske þan why it is goode for a man þat is yscalded for to hete þe place softely to þe fuyre for þat ne semyþ no3t good þerfore ffor þinge þat is cause of akynge nys no3t þe cure þerof. Þe contrarie herof schewiþ by alle men. J sey þat in brennynge, softe hete of þe fuyre is goode þerfore. For by cause of brennynge þe skyn bycomyþ harde and þe hete leuyþ wiþ in and makiþ akynge, but afterward by softe hete þe skyn vnstoppiþ and so þe hete enclosed wiþin passiþ out. Oþer Y may sey in anoþer manere bettre þat ffuyre haþ vertue forto drawe his liknesse to hym.

Jn þe last, Y aske of ragadijs in what maner þei beþ engenderyd as of coldenesse þat semyþ fals for euery þynge þat constrayneþ ne makiþ no brekynge neiþer ffissuras noþer ragadias. Coldenesse is of þe same kynde, þan coldenesse ne scholde noʒt. Þe contrarye herof Viaticus settiþ in his booke.

J sey þat coldenesse haþ 2 maner doynges. Þat oon is for constrayne in þe myddel and þan it makiþ noon ragadia ne brekynge of place þat scholde be hoole, saf in anoþer manere coldenesse makiþ ragadias and brekynges þat is whan coldenesse meueþ aboute and brekiþ in to centre and passyd inward.

# De Iter Agentibus, 30

Every man þat schal make longe [iour]neys<sup>250</sup> and longe trauayle oper passe be see and to go to batailys oper to many oper violent trauayles bat be euel, as is duellynge in bataile, ffirst, he schal **[f. 47v]** purge hym self and make hym clene wib blodeletynge and medicynes laxatyues and babynges and abstenencys bat hys trauaile may fynde hym clene ffor elles it were drede of ffeuere of enpostemys oper of grete flux oper of brekynge of veynes. In be secunde, he mote be war of oper bynges, as of ayre and of brist and of opere happis.

Jn hote tyme and in hote regioun þirstynge agreueb men sore. Make bese pelotis for halde vnder his tunge:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>250</sup> iourneys] ioneys

**81 Rx** s[u]cci<sup>251</sup> vue acerbe [acetose],<sup>252</sup> [succi]<sup>253</sup> maligranati, [succi]<sup>254</sup> summitatum papaueris albi, s[u]cci<sup>255</sup> portulaca ana libra  $\beta$ . Medle hem to gedre in a vessel and hem makye recidence. And  $\beta$  han take a wey  $\beta$  water  $\beta$  aboue and  $\beta$  at  $\beta$  type atte botme, medle hyt wi $\beta$  sugre in hoote sonne oper in hote askis and make  $\beta$  perof pelotis. And lete hym holde vnder hys tunge and of  $\beta$  pynne watere  $\beta$  perof medle hyt wi $\beta$  sugre and make a syrupe  $\beta$  syrupe of grete hete, lete hym soupe hyt wi $\beta$  colde water.

And he may vse bese electuarijs:

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**82 Rx** dragaganti frigidi, diapapaueris, 3 guctare roset, violis, 3 triasandali ana 3 ij and 3. Medle hem to gedre oper make pelotis herof.

**83 Rx** quatuor semina frigidorum made clene, semen papaueris albi, succi liquiricie, dragraganti frigidi infusi, semen portulaca ana. Medle hem wib sirupo nenifarino and make berof pelotis.

And lete hym vsye sirupus limonum wiþ colde watere and sirupo nenifar oþer rosas, violas oþer sirupo acetoso oþer sirupo<sup>257</sup> ribes. And ʒif þou ne myʒt noʒt fynde ribes in þis regioun, as it is yfounde in þe regioun of soure þynges, lete hym vse a syrupe made of þe iuse of citrangulorum and of alle oþer iuses þat be soure and swote off sauoure. Þat þynge þat most aceesiþ þirste is þis: lete hym take colde water of a welle and do þeron a lytel vynegre oþer wyn of pome garnetis or a lytel sugre and alle colde lete hym drynke þerof a grete draʒte and he schal haue grete hete in hys hede and in his pijs. Take oyle of wiþy and oyle of nenifar, olei rosati, olei of papy, olei de muscilagine psillij. Medle hem to gedre and anoynt þerwiþ his hede and his pyce. Or take newe whyte wex and medle hyt wiþ þese oyles and make þerof an enplastre to þe brest and vppon þe templis.

He schal keuere his hede and his oper lemys as it fallib berfore.

3if it so be bat a man mote trauaile in wynter in snowe and in wynde, he schal enoynte his pyce wib arrogon, marciaton and he schal ete rostyd metys wib garlike and clene wyn. And he schal vsye bese letuarijs:

**84 Rx** diatrion pipereon, diamente, dianthos wiþ [modico]<sup>258</sup> pliris duplicatum [cum musco], crocum **[f. 48r]** cum mus[c]o,<sup>259</sup> ambra, and swyche swote þinges of sauour þat beþ hoote.

And if it be a pore man, euery day in be morne he schal ete 3 graynys of thus ober vj leuys of mentis ober of wormode and he schal smelle ladanum and ambra. For be reume: thus, mastik, and ober mo. Ober make berof an ampul or put hem in watere and lete hym take be fume berof or vppon colys. His furroure schal be of fox. And 3if he go on hys fete, he schal wasche hem on eue wib hote watere bat be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>251</sup> succi] sicci

acetose] sicci acetose

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>253</sup> succi] sicci

succi] sicci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>255</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>256</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>257</sup> sirupo] *preceded by* siro *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>258</sup> modico] musco

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>259</sup> musco] musto

salt and holde peron longe hys fete. And whan bei beb drye, he schal anoynte hem wib grece of an henne molte wib oyle of castor.

3if he be swype wery in pe morne, he schal go softe and he schal nozt ete or hys mete and drynke be clene defyed. And zif he be drounke and ne may nozt slepe, he schal ffrote his ballokys wip salt and vynegre and wip caule leuys or wip be iuse perof.

And gif he ryde, he may be bettre kepe hys dietynge. And whan a mannys stomak is swybe ful, he ne schal in no maner ryde. For if he do, it is drede of grete akynge and nausea and of flux of be wombe and gnawynge and akynge of be stomak and indigestioun. Erly whan he arysyb he schal go al softe til be superfluytees of digestioun be defyed. And ban he may ryde and he ne schal ete but lytel mete and drynke til he come bere he wole leue al anyzte and ban he may take mete ynowz, as it is necessare. For an eue be most parte of mete and drynke schal be ytake.

3if he be costyf, lete hym vsye þis electuarijs, on þerof oþer many: electuari ducis, stomaticon laxatiuum, diaturbit.<sup>260</sup>

Men þat trauaileþ, þei may vsye þis pouder in her sause:

**85 Rx** zinziberis albi libra  $\beta$ , cinamomi optimi  $\mathfrak{Z}$  iiij, gariofilorum, nucis muscate, spicenarde ana  $\mathfrak{Z}$  j, zuccare  $\mathfrak{Z}$  j and  $\beta$ . And make perof pouder and do it in a sachel of leper. And if pou wolt make hyt laxatyf, do perto pouder of sene leuys, epithimi, polipodij.

3if he be to myche laxatyf, lete hym ete perys to fore mete ober coctana and ober fruytes bat byndib ober he may vsye newe chese wib out salt or boyle chese in many waterys til be saltenesse go awey berof ffor bis restraynyb gretely.

3if he trauaile in be see, chese he hys place in be schyp in also myche as it is possible fro be place bat is clepyd sentina and bat is ferbest from alle hore. And he schal chese be hyest eyre beron. And 3if he braky liztly he schal holde hym by a pyler and he schal smelle rostyd brede wib vynegre. [f. 48v] And 3if be water be corupte, evente hym wib vynegre a lytel. And 3if hym fayle ffresche watere, take salt watere and lete hyt passe burz sonde ofte tyme and it wole bycome swote. Ober boyle salt watere in a caudroun and honge ouere a clene schete for to take be fume berof and ban presse be schete and take be water berof. Or distille salt watere wib a stillatore al softe and it wole be swote and fresche. Salt flesche schal be wel ysode in fresche water. And he ne schal ete no grewel, but he may vsye brobe and bat but lytel ne of mete neiber of drynke. Oure Lorde Jhesu safe hem in quiete.

3if he be in a grete ofte in tentys or wiþ kynges or wiþ grete lordys, he schal take þe hyest place of al oþer þe wynde syde. And in no maner he schal put hym in þe syde of þe ofte ffor þere wole be euel erye. He schal chese goode ayre in also myche as it is possible and he schal sette hym self fer from pittys and stinkynge placys.

Jn somertyme he schal vsye hys tent toward be norbe and in wynter toward be soube. And a leche schal be bysy for to benke on alle bese bynges ffor defaute bere comyb many sikenessis. In oftis he schal benke hiron in as myche as it is possible whaber be tyme be pestilencial hoote and moyste, fful of rayne, and many caroynes vnbyried, many foule stinkynge pittys. God 3eue ous pes in oure tyme for now is bygynnynge of grete tribulacioun. Of ober particuleris we wolleb leue ffor we wolleb ordeyne a

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>260</sup> diaturbith] diaturbit

chapytre in what manere a man schal kepe hym in hele and þynges þat we leueþ byhynde in oþer chapitres þeron þey schulleþ be.

Pou schalte entende þat baþynge ne waschynge of fete in swote hote watere nober in þis trauayle ne in noon ober trauaile nys noʒt gode. For þat makiþ þe nerues nesche and lettiþ a mannys meuynge and makiþ þat þe fete may take superfluytees. But he may wasche his fete wiþ salt water ful wel.

And 3if he be a 3onge man ful of flesche and<sup>261</sup> be for trauailed in be way or in ober trauaile in somer tyme, 3if he fyndyb a clene ryuere he may put hym beron and swymme and acolde hym self. And in bat manere he may accesse hys birste and his werynesse and his naturel hete may be conforted bere by, **[f. 49r]** as we haueb declared tertio de ingenio.

Jn be secunde, entende bat 3 if any man passe fer placys of snowe and he haue grete coldenesse in his lemys, so bat he mowe no3t wel ffele hem, as bei were dede, he mote be war bat he ne put hem no3t sodeynly in hote water ne to ney3 hote ffuyre. For it wolde engendre grete akynge in be nayles. And whan euel conplexioun is euene, dyuerse bynges mote be doon.

Pe chapitre herof we wole schewy in be Galen booke de mala complexione diuersa, ban it is better bat he put his lemys in somdele colde water ober flache and halde hym selfe ffer fro be fuyre bat it ne be nozt chaunged sodeynly.

Jn  $\$  be 3,  $\$  bat  $\$  boz we schul wasche oure fete in somer wi $\$  colde water,  $\$  jn wynter we schul wasche in  $\$  hote $\$  water. And  $\$  bei  $\$  bat haue $\$  grete porys and  $\$  bicke skyn,  $\$  bey schul wasche wi $\$  hote water. Neuer $\$  belatter, lene men schul wasche in colde water.

# Book 2

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Incipit liber secundus

Capitulum primum De Allopucia

Capitulum 2 De Casu Capillorum

Capitulum 3 De Asperitate Capillorum

Capitulum 4 De Canici Capillorum

Capitulum 5 De Furfure Capillorum

Capitulum 6 De Pustulis Capitis

Capitulum 7 De Fauo

Capitulum 8 De Tinea

Capitulum 9 De Pediculis

Capitulum 10 De Dolore Capitis

Capitulum 11 De Vertigine et Scotomia

Capitulum 12 De Litargia Vera

Capitulum 13 De Memoria Corupta

Capitulum 14 De Litargia Non Vera

Capitulum 15 De Congelacione

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>261</sup> and] *preceded by* ad *deleted in red ink* 

hotel corr. by deletion of colde in red ink

Capitulum 16 De Sompno Innaturali

Capitulum 17 De Stupore<sup>263</sup>

Capitulum 18 De Vigilia

Capitulum 19 De Mania et Malencolia

Capitulum 20 De Amore Hereos

Capitulum 21 De Ebrietate

Capitulum 22 De Frenesi

Capitulum 23 De Sternutacione

Capitulum 24 De Jncubo

Capitulum 25 De Epilencia

Capitulum 26 De Appoplexia

Capitulum 27 De Paralisi

Capitulum 28 De Spasmo

Capitulum 29 De Tremore Cordis<sup>264</sup>

Capitulum 30 De Congelacione

Capitulum 31 De Tortura

#### [De Allopucia, 1]

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Allopucia is ffallynge a wey of herys wib pittis and shorfe and pouder as it were bran.

Humours þat beþ infecte and corupt beþ enchesoun of þis pascioun. For þei cuttiþ þe vapour wharof þe herys scholde be engenderyd, as blode, colre, fleume, and malencolia. Þerfore, **[f. 49v]** we wole bigynne here in what manere herys beþ engendered and þe kynde of hem.

Herys comyb of drye vapours resolued of be body. And whan bei passib out burz be poris, bei wexib longe and rounde and bycomyb drye wib ayre.

Causis of heris beb foure. Pe cause bat makeb hem is hete bat resolueb be mater in to vapours and fume. And berfore, colde men be wibout berde and wib fewe herys and berfor herys fallib ligtliche. In olde men whan bat hete passib a way, ban herys fallib. And some tyme hete consumyb vapourys and makib hem passe out bat vapours ne may nogt congely. Perfor, colrik men bat beb hote and drye ligtly falleb into hoornesse be while bei be gonge.

Pe enchesoun bat makib hyt is hete bat ne passib nozt myche of tempre.

Pe material cause is drye vapoure. Drie vapour is entendyd in double manere and moyste. Moyste vapour is be mater of swetynge. Drye may be entended in 3 maneres: some is swybe sotil and passib o[ut]<sup>265</sup> wib out felynge, and some is grete bat is be mater of nayles, and some is in be mene and bat is be mater of herys. And berfor, amonge alle men, colrik men beb most ful of here for be enchesoun bat makib acordib wib be mater. For whan drye mater fayleb, ban herys ffaylib and fallib awey and ne mowe nogt be regendered agen, as it fallib in tysik and eti[k]<sup>266</sup> and in men bat beb cosumpt and in olde men.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>263</sup> 17] 17m

 $<sup>^{264}</sup>$  Capitulum 29]  $\it marginal\ note\ of\ 'quare\ in\ quarte\ libro\ c.\ 11'$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>265</sup> out] o

etik] etiþ

Pe enchesoun of schappe berof beb porys. For whan be porys of be skyn beb in be myddel, ban vapours beb wibhalde and bycomyb harde and tournyb into be kynde of herys.

be manere of her engendrynge is bis: whan be vapour is wibhalde in be porys and bycomyb [. . .]<sup>267</sup> and ban be secunde vapour smyteb be firste and onyb wib hym and be 3 smyteb be 2 and put hem out and makib be porys holou. And in bis manere beb herys engendered wib out any ober regymen.<sup>268</sup> be vapours beb yschape after be kynde of be porys. For 3if be porys be ry3t be vapours woleb be strau3t and 3if it be turnynge hyder and byder his here wole be crispe, as Galen seib in Conplexionibus: non est deuenire a tortuositate et rectitudine nisi mollificentur.

Afterward, bere beb ober enchesouns of crispe here, as hoot and drye whan bei beb myche and feblenesse of vertue to put out be vapours and opilacioun of be porys and croked, as it is forsaide. And whan be porys beb schaply, **[f. 50r]** ban be herys beb comly and somtyme bynne. And whan be porys beb bicke bat is enchesoun bat herys wexib no3t in bat place. And berfore, in be pame of be honde ne wexib noon herys for be vapours passib allegate out wib out felynge and it ne may no3t be wib halde, ne in be plantys of be fete for grete bickenesse. And berfore, in bestis bat beb schily, herys ne wexib no3t for grete bickenesse of porys, as Galen seib in Conplexcionibus.

Pe cause of schappe is necessare and profytable and fayre. Necessarynesse perof is for to knowe a man fro a womman, and goode fro euel, and be berde and herys of be yelyddis beb forto defende be yzen.

Pe profyte of herys beb bese: for to make clene be body of drye humours for ellys bey myʒt make grete agreuaunce and berfor herys vnder be armepittis and in be grynde and in ober parties. And berfore, Y aproue who bat lettib engendeynge of herys in maydenys wib narcoticis ober wib cauterijs ober in any ober manere be ilke vapours bat bib wib halde mowe make many pasciouns. Also, herys beb for to make a man be more fayre, as in be hede and in be ober placys of be body. And berfore, ʒif bei fallyb a wey out of kynde, we benkib engendre hem aʒen. For myche fayrenesse of be body passib a wey whan herys beb frotyd awey and it may make many [enjuries]. <sup>269</sup> Perfore, it is goode as me bynkyb for to make a chapitre of allopucia and be malyce of humours bat dob awey be herys.

Signa. Whan we yseep herys falle awey of be hede, we mote loke wheber bere be any schalys beron ober resoluciouns or as it were bren and we mote take ke[pe]<sup>270</sup> ʒif bere be eny vlcera in be rotys of be herys and noon ober bynge, ban it is allopucia. And it come of blode, be coloure berof wole be somdel rede and ban be blode is enfecte. And ʒif be coloure be ʒelu, it comib of colre. And ʒif it be whyte and ful of quyttoure, it comyb of fleume. And ʒif it be blak ober ledy, it comyb of malencolie.

Pronosticacio. Euery ffallynge or takynge a wey of herys þat comyþ of naturel causis ne may noʒt be restored. And þerfore, we traualeþ on ydel in hem þat biþ ballyd of kynde and in men þat beþ in etik and in men þat haueþ noon berdys and in olde men and in men þat beþ consumpte and in placys þat beþ ybrende. And ʒif it come of causes wiþ out forþe and it be newe, it may be holpe. And ʒif it be olde, it is ful harde oþer inpossible forto do it. Ypocras makyd þis **[f. 50v]** pronosticacioun: whan varices beþ engenderyd þat is þe enchesoun þat makyþ herys falle a way. Þe cause þerof is þis. For þe euel mater

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>267</sup> missing word; Latin: condensatus

regymen] followed by men deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>269</sup> enjuries] eumingis (Latin: nocumenta)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>270</sup> kepe] ke

kut a wey be herys and is resolued a dounward and berfor witib what is to done. Perfore, it is goode for to make pronosticacioun bat we ne byhote no3t inpossible bynges.

Cura. Jn þe first, purge þe matere þat is þe enchesoun þerof. 3if blode be in þe cause, lete hym blode and purge hys body wiþ manna, cassiafistula, tamarindis, and diapapauere, and oximel, and sirupo violato, de borage, and sirupo de fumo terre and avoyde hym wiþ mirabolani citri and yndis ytempered wiþ mylke and iuse of rype grapys and liquirice. For by a general reule mirabolanum schulleþ be tempered in mylke oþer in whay and in þe iuse of rype grapys. For elles it wolde frete þe stomak and wolleþ make wicked weyes after hem. J wole recorde hyt þat mirabolanum beþ gode medicynes in placys þat beþ neiz ffor þei purgiþ alle humours. Mirabolani citri purgiþ colre; and kebuli, fleumam; indi, malencoliam; bellerici and emblici, adustam. And in þis manere we may purge alle humours wharfor here after take we hem in reuerence.

3if be pascioun be olde and be pacient be stonge, ban purge hym wib electuario de succo rosarum and yerarufini. And ban schaue his hede and make hym a stuwe wib myche fumiterre and ban late hym vsye rubea tr[o]ciscata<sup>271</sup> and do in be same manere as in pasciouns bat beb infecte.

3if it come of fleume, lete hym vsye hoote metis and defye be mater wib oximel duretik and sirupo de fumo terre and avoyde hym wib mirabolanum kebulorum and wib yerapigra and wib yerarufini and make hym a stuwe wib duretik herbis and 3eue hym aurea alexandrina and triacle. 3if be mater come of malencolie, defye hyt wib oximel duretik and squillitico and sirupo de fumo terre and purge hym wib mirabolanis indis and lapidis<sup>272</sup> armenici or wib yerarufini or wib diasene. And make hym stuwys and 3eue hym opiata and ober bynges as it fallib berfore whan his body is makyd clene. Go we to medicynes bat schulleb be ido to be place.

3if be cause be hote, anoynte hym wib bis vnguentum and be materialis bib bese: cortex castanearum, amigdalarum amarum, auellanarum, nucum, stercus caprarum, melle, and acetum. bese schulleb be brend and maked to poudre and medled wib hony and vynegre and make an oynement berof. First his hede schal be schaue and yfroted and ban enoynted berwib.

3if þe cause be colde, do as it is forsaide and þan anoynte hym wiþ þis oynement. Þe materialys beþ þese: elleborus, stercus columbinum, euforbium, staffisagria, tapsia, <sup>273</sup> gummi rute agrestis, nasturcium, sinapis, ruta, [f. 51r] coloquintida, stercus sor[icis], <sup>274</sup> nitrum, spuma maris, thus, ladanum, spicanard, radix canne, and folia [ficus]. Take alle þese oþer some and poudre hem and medle hem wiþ oleum laurinum or wiþ oyle of bittre almaundys and wiþ wex and make þerof an oynement. And þan wasche hys hede wiþ a decoccioun of benyn in water and sicla and vse þis so longe til þou haue þy wille.

Clarificacio. Som man may douty of what conplexioun biþ herys. J sey þat herys of her owne kynde biþ colde and drye. \alphauicen seyb coldest bynges after fleume beb herys and berfore no best nys noursched by hys herys. Herys of her owne matere biþ colde vapours and drye. Speke we of be conplexioun of herys after be cause bet makib hem and of dyuerse hete bet makib hem ofdyuerse colours and mychelnesse and lytelnesse and crispe. For myche her signifieb grete hete and lytel her signifieb coldenesse in what place of be body so it be, bobe in be hede and in be pyce and in be wombe and in be grynde and so of alle be ober placis. Hete multiplieb here and coldenesse dob hem a wey and

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>271</sup> trociscata] trciscata

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>272</sup> lapidis] preceded by a deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>273</sup> tapsia] preceded by tapsi deleted in red ink

soricis] sortis

as bere beb dyuerse here after dyuerse conplexioun, also bey beb dyuerse after dyuerse climatis of be worlde. In conplexioun of malencolye herys wolleb be glauci and in fleumatik whyte ober flammi. And zif fleume be yrotyd, bei wolleb be hoore.

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And 3if colre regne, þan þe herys woleb be 3elu. And 3if blode, þei wolleb be rede. And 3if humours be adust, bei tourneb to blackenesse. Rizte as it is of conplexioun, so it is of agis. For in childehode bei wolleb be somwhat whyte and ban red and afterward zelu and after bat rede and ban blac. And in be same maner it farib of regiouns and climatis. For Y haue seve Ethiopes haue blak here and crispe and Englische men and Theonici haue whyte here and straute and be myddel in be mene manere. And bouz myche here signifie hete, neuerbelatter, alle men beb nozt hote. For glauci is dissolued of hete. Here by bou myzt yknowe of what maner conplexioun bey beb and of be materialys wherof bei comyb.

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Jtem, in be secunde, telle we of gluyschenesse. <sup>275</sup> Balled is some kyndely and some comyb of dede. Naturel comyb of grete hete. And bouz hete multeplye herys, neuerbelattre, zif it be to myche, it wole destrie and corumpe herys. Hete whan it passib out of mesure, it wole waste moystenesse and hym self. Pe ffirst distrieb be doynge berof bat was cause of herys. In be secunde, bere faileb mater for be hete consumyb hyt.

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Jn be 3, hete makib [f. 51v] hym an ayre bat is coldenesse. Now coldenesse closib porys and in be same maner vapours, 3if bere eny be, ne may no3t passe out. It schewib wel bat colrik men beb sone hote, but childerne, and olde men, eunchi, and wymmen ne beb nozt hote sibbe bat hete nys nozt so myche bat it may consume be mater of herys and bat prinspaly in be forsyde of be hede, sibbe bat place is most hoot and be substaunce of be brayne more sotil and fer fro be sculleboon, as Auicen<sup>276</sup> seib tertio de historijs animalium, capitulo primus. And berfore, bis manere ballednesse ne resseyueb no cure.

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Pere is some ballednesse bat comyb by hap, as in men bat rekeuereb of euelys and men bat haueb grete hunger and men bat beb enprisoned and men bat vseb myche coitum. For in hem defautib matere and berfore wib grete reste and myche nourschynge and wib babis bei schulle be yeured, lest hys herys falle and he become balled for corupcioun of humours. And berfor, some causys beb ysaide and some schulleb be saide her after.

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Jn be [4], 277 entende bat gob to fore herys beb humours bat beb engendered in be lyuere, but be myddel mater berof comyb of be birde digestioun. Some lemys ne beb nogt engendered for her vnclennesse, boz some ober be engenderyd of hem by way of rotynge. Pe matieral superfluyte of be birde digestioun is most clene and berfore bere bib engenderyd of bat clene mater lemys, as herys, nayles, and hornys, and solys.

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Jn be [5], 278 entende bat in allopucia blodeletynge is goode somtyme and medicynes laxatyues and bat mote be in hole men oper in seke men. 3if it be in hole men, medicynes laxatyues schulleb tofore whan we ne dredip nozt corupcioun of humours and bat after lete hym blode and in bat manere fumes bat beb lefte wib in passib out. 3if it be in seke men, ban blodeletynge schal go to fore sibbe bat rotynge is more hasty and blodeletynge is vniuersal purgacioun and medicynes laxatyues schulleb

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>275</sup> gluyschenesse] see commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>276</sup> Auicen] see commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>277</sup> 4] 3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>278</sup> 5] 4

2740 folewe bere after. In his manere cause medicyne laxatyf ne schal nogt go tofore, but gif bere were a lygt medicyne as cassiafistula and oper bat beb lyzt.

#### De Casu Capillorum, 2

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Fallynge a wey of herys is flux berof softely wib out stengbe of humours. After be tyme bat we haueb yspoke of fallynge awey of herys wib grete violence and wib strengeb of humours, nowe we [f. 52r] wole speke of ffallynge a wey of herys wib out<sup>279</sup> stengbe of humours. And be enchesoun berof is in tway: takynge away of be mater and be porys ne beb nozt wel disposed. Takynge awey of be matere is in hem bat fastib to myche and in ffeueres of fleume and in hote feuerys and in oper mo. In bese pasciouns be porys bycomeb vncouenable or it comyb of euel conplexioun hoot ober ffor be sunne and trauaile and babys and hote oynementys. For in bat maner be vapour ne may nogt congele or some tyme bei may congelye and ne mowe nogt passe out and somtymes be porys be constrayned wib colde ayre or snowe or wib colde oynementis.

Signa. Takynge awey of humours is yknowe by lene schap of be body and by a feuere goynge to fore and by schewynges of be pacient. Litel here is yknowed by contynuel flux of herys. Pickenesse of herys is knowe ffor it is longe or bey come vp. And alle bese bou myzt yknowe by be schewynge of be pacient.

A leche may make pronosticacioun pat be pacient may be hoole 3 if he wole be obedyent.

Pronosticacio. 3if it be by takynge a wey, he mote haue grete reste and he mote vsye moyste mete and restorynge and anoynt his hede wib oleum de lapdano and mastice. 3if it come of grete racchynge, ban anoynte hym wib oleo rosato and wib myrtino and sizamino and wib oyle of citonijs and wib ryndes of auellanys and wib be [rotys] of canna rostyd and wib oyle of gallys and capilli veneris.

Cura. 3if it come of opilacioun, enoynte hym wib oyle of almaundys rostyd and wib oleum laurinum and wib oyle of wermode and wib oyle of spicanardi and wib cockel ybrende. And wib siche maner oylys bat beb hote and openynge and stiptica. And who bat ne may nozt haue symple, lete hym haue medled to gedre and make oynementys, emplastris, and pouderys, etc.

Clarificacio. Entende þat for þe most parte herys falliþ raþer in þe hede þan in any ober party of be body, boug be brayn be colde and be porys yelosed wharby he scholde be saued. 280 J sey bat herys wexib more in be hede ban in any oper party of be bodye after naturel dispocisioun. For be hede is as it were an helynge for alle be body. And berfore, fumys liztly aryseb vp and makib herys wexe. 3if bere come any v[n]kyndely<sup>281</sup> bynge berto, bei fallib bere firste for be longenesse of be way ober for lytel arysynge vp of fumys ober 3 if it aryse vp it is consumed for malice of humours and obere bynges.

Hete faileb first in lemys bat beb ferrest ban in lemys bat beb in be myddel. For be natural hete is fer fro bannes and be vertu of regimen. And berfor, deb bygynneb first in be fete, [f. 52v] as Galen seib in Pronosticacioun.

In be berd and in be face herys ne fallib nozt so lyztlyche ffor kynde is more bysy in be regymen of be face ffor be noblete of be v wittys bat beb. And a berde was yordeyned for to knowe man and womman only by sygt ffor ells men mygte be gyled in knowynge. Kynde ne lettyb nogt herys of be berde

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>279</sup> out] *preceded by* grete violence *deleted in red ink* 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>281</sup> vnkyndely] vkyndely

ffalle awey ne vnder be arme pittys ne in be grynde for bat beb e[mu]nctorijs<sup>282</sup> of hote lemys. And berfore, bere passib vapours ynowz out in bat placys ne herys ne fallyb nozt away in be pijs, for be herte, ne in be wombe, for be lyuere. Here by it schewib wel bat herys fallib first in be hede<sup>/283</sup> ban in any oper parties of be body.

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In be 2, entende bat herys ne beb nozt in alle be body and be enchesoun berof is bis: for swetynge is more sotil vapoure and herys beb of gretter vapoure. Anober cause bere is. For bickenesse lettib generacioun of herys, moyste bynge may more liztlyche passe out.

Jn be 3, entende bat men haueb berdys ffor bey be more hote ban wymmen. And for so myche as men scholde knowe difference bytwix man and womman. Eunichi bat beb men bat haueb no berde and in elde bey ne schulle haue no berde.

In be ferbe, entende bat in an hoot regioun men beb most hoote of conplexioun and hete meuyb vapours and openib be porys and makeb herys wexe.

In a colde regyoun and in colde conplexioun, herys ne comyb vp not so sone for be contrarye of be cause bat is forsaide.

Jn be 5, entende bat in leprous men herys fallib first in her browys for vapourys bat beb corupte and hydeb hem in be nerues, as it is forseyde in be chapitre of Lepra.

## De Asperitate Capillorum, 3

Asperitas capillorum, bat is kuttynge of be herys bat comyb to men and wymmen bat bib hote of conplexioun and zonge.

Causa. Some heris comyb of foule dispocisioun and comyn maner of speche ciroyes ober pole 2795 oper gnawynge of rattis, as it were kutte a way wib rattis bytynge, some schorte and some longe. And bis pascioun is clepyd asperitas capillorum and it comyb of colre adust bat cuttib a way vapours. And perfore, oon here semyb longe and pere oper schorte, as miys eted hyt vneuene and it is for hete is fastened to som vapour. And in some partye he [f. 53r] wastyb vapour and brennyb and berfor it ne may wex no longer for hys matere faileb and for it brenneb vneuene. Perfore, be hedys of be herys schewib 2800 vneuene and be hedys berof ne beb nozt ykutte away for bei ne wexib nozt forbe. And Y may sey bat bei last bib ykutte wib out for grete brennynge and bat is for necligence of hymsilf. And it is whan be vapour is grete and adust. And berfore, bei beb engenderyd in be herys and bib some schort and some longe for colre aduste nel nozt lete hem passe out.

Signa. Signes herof beb seyde after be tyme bat we knowib be caas banne we witib what is for to done.

Cura. For bis pascioun is foule in 30nge men bat beb gay and for it annye afterwarde. Perfore, enioyne hym bynne dietynge and colde and ban defye colre aduste wib colde bynges and moyste and banne avoyde hym. And for bese bynges bib ofte ysayed and schulleb be asayed, berfore, it nys none nede for to reherce in euery place digestyf of humours and evacuacyoun.

Go we now to remedijs of be same place. First anoynte his herys and hys hede wib lynnen clobe ywett in bese oyles: oleum sizaminum, oleum rosaceum, violaceum, nenifar, de salicibus, de coctanis, de

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>282</sup> emunctorijs] enyonctorijs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>283</sup> hede] corr. by deletion of body in red ink

cucurbitis, aqua psillij, aqua ordei, aqua cucurbite. Make moyste hys herys al be nyzt hirwib and in be morne wasche hys herys wib hote watere.

3if he haue a feble hede and he be disposed ligtliche to a reume and emygraneam, ban make alle bese bynges wib grete cautele.

Pis mater ne hab none nede of clarificacioun ffor it is clarefyed by ober sentence ffor be pascioun bat is aforsayde acordib wib bis.

## De Canicie, 4

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Horynesse is infeccioun of whytenesse in herys and some is fusk. Entende þat þere is double maner causes of horynessse. For some is naturel, as in elde, and some innaturel, as be while a man is 3 onge. And of innaturel hoornesse Y wole speke in bis chapitre.

Pe mene enchesoun berof is fleuma rotyd. Pat ober cause is alle bynges bat feblib be hede and makib be naturel hete passy out and lytel helynge of be hede makib a man hoore and ofte waschynge and pasciouns of be stomak and alle bynges bat gaderib fleume in be hede and in be stomak. Hoornesse is opene, but his is difference bytwixe naturel and innaturel. his is naturel hoornesse: whan<sup>284</sup> herys hip hoore on<sup>285</sup> be hede and blak in be rotis. Jnnaturel hoornesse is whan herys bib blac in be hede and hore in [f. 53v] be rotis.

Pronosticacio. Of hoornesse some beb remeued and some schewib remeued. Enchesoun is 3if he haue a feble hede of kynde or a feble stomak and 3if he be a man of euel regymen or 3if he be engenderyd of an hoore man and olde.

Schewynge signes beb: for his hede is ful of fleume corupte. Pronosticacioun berof is bat signe of deb comyb vppon hys hede.

Jn be first, he schal vse trauaile and his metis schulleb be hote and he schal eschewe alle bynges pat engenderip fleume and his hede schal be frotyd. And pan defye pe matere wip oximel duretik and purge hym wib yerapigra ober wib medicynes bat elleborus gob beron, as yerarufini and theodoryton euperiston, yeralogodion. And he may vsye bis medicyne:

86 Rx aloes, agarici, turbithe ana ij, pulpe coloquintide  $\vartheta$  ij, masticis, bdellij, zinziberis, anisi, cinamomi, foliorum absinthium,<sup>286</sup> ffoliorum mente ana  $\vartheta$  j. Medle hem wib oximelle squillitico and make berof pelotis. And 3if it hym after be vij day after his confeccioun 3 iij or 4 ober more after bat he may bere hyt.

And bis is a goode laxatyf forto avoyde fleume wheher it be in neyz placys oher in fer. And bis is a medicyne bat bere ne may be no perile beron, but zif he take to myche berof ober be pacient be feble oper zif bere falle eny errour. And he ne may nozt be costyf, and he ne may nozt be feble, and he mote haue alle bynges bat bib necessare for hys lyf. And be mater mote be wel confecte and wel repressyd and wel proporcioned, ban Y sey bat his medicyne nys nozt perilouse for her ne gob beron noon elleborus, etc.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>284</sup> whan] preceded by whb deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>285</sup> on] *preceded by* and *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>286</sup> absinthium] *preceded by* ab *deleted in black ink* 

Whan his body is clene, go we for to colourye herys and prinspaly in wymmen bat bei mowe plese her housbondis bat bey ne be nozt yholde olde.

Materialys for to colure wip herys beb pese: gallys ibroke and fryed in oyle nux cipressi, cortex nucium, stipites fabarum, limatura ferri, agrimonia, cortex auellanarum combustarum, lacerta viridis, cortex malorum granatorum, alumen es vstum, dragagantum vstum, <retuhip><sup>288</sup> calx<sup>289</sup> viua cum sapone Saresenico, oleum [nucum, and acetum], <sup>290</sup> etc.

be manere herof is bis: take some herof and medle hem wib reyne watere and anoynte berwib his herys ober medle hyt wib oyle of notys and make berof past ober water ober what bou wolt. And anoynte berwib his herys and bis wole make hem rizt blak. Neuerbelattre, bou moste be wel ware of grete [f. 54r] hete for bese beb for be most part colde and stiptica. And it is better to haue a lytel schame, ban euermore akynge.

Entende in þis place þat alcanna is of þat vertue þat ʒif he be distempered wiþ oyle of notis, it wole make blak; and ʒif it be distempered wiþ rede wyn, it wole make herys rede; and ʒif it be distempered wiþ whyte wyn, it wole<sup>291</sup> make a mene colure in herys.

3if bou wolt make herys whyte, make leyze of caul stockis and do berto alym and lete hym wasche berwib his hede ofte tyme. Pis wole apparaile be herys for to resseyue euery coloure. Pan distempere camphore in be forseyde leyze and wasche berwib hys herys and bei schulleb be whyte.

And 3if bou fumyst his herys wib sulphure, bei woleb bycome whyte, as it wole schewy wel in a floure of rede papy and in a rede rose. 3if bei be fumed wib sulphure, bei bycomyb whyte.

3if bou wolt make rede herys, ban<sup>292</sup> tempere leuys of buxi in be forseyde ley3 and be schauynge berof and celydoyne and doust of barly and of otyn and of lupinis, nitri, and mele of cicerum.

3if bou wolt make here flauy, tempere in be forseide lyze flourys of sticados and of brome.<sup>293</sup>

3if bou wolt do awey heris, ffirst styue be place and ley berto bis psilotrum made of quyk lyme and of orpyment. Boyle hem in watere til a feber put beron pilye awey. And 3if it be to bicke, tempere hyt wib vryne and ley it vppon be place and after bat wasche be place wib hote watere. And 3if it be a riche man, do berto muske.

3if þou wolte þat þe herys ne wexe noʒt aʒen, enoynte þe place wiþ oleum iusquiami oþer mandragore oþer wiþ opium oþer wiþ þe blode of a grene frogge oþer of a rere mous.

3if bou wolt make hem sotil, do alle bese wib a decoccioun of orobus in water and lupinorum, galle of a boole, spume of be see, nitri, coloquintidis, aloe.

3if bou wolt make herys crispe, take quycke lyme, litargire, emblici, galle ana  $\S$  ij and make berof pouder and tempere hyt wib be iuse of mirte and anoynte berwib hys herys and bynde hem.

3if bou wolt ofte wasche byn hede wib soope, it is goode to wete how it is made. First make stonge lyze of bene stelys and take berto ij parties of askis berof and be birde of quycke lyme and make

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 $<sup>^{287}</sup>$  cortex] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

retuhip] illegible with no corresponding Latin equivalent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>289</sup> calx] preceded by car deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>290</sup> oleum nucum, acetum] oleum nucleacium

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>291</sup> wole] preceded by a deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>292</sup> þan] *precedeed by* 3if þou w *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>293</sup> brome] *preceded by* be *deleted in red ink* 

herof [f. 54v] stronge lyze. And zif bou wolte make Saracenys sope, take 2 parties of bis lyze and be birde of oyle and sebe hem to gedre til be water be wastyd awey.

Frensche sope is makyd of twey parties of þis lyze and þe þirde of schepys talowe. And þerfore, it nys no wonder þouz sope make clene. And þou myzt make suppositorijs of Frensche sope.

Clarificacio. Entende pat hoornesse ne comyp nozt of goode dygestioun. For siche maner whytenesse is dede. And ferbermore, euery maner whytenesse ne comeb nozt of hete, as it schewib in snowe and in whyte vryne and caropos and spetynge bat is whyte and sotil. And it schewib in men an[d]<sup>294</sup> wymman be more whyte bat bey beb, be more colde. For whytenessse is be dougter of coldenessse. Hoornesse ne signefieb none digestioun, saf corupcioun, and it comyb adedynge of naturel hete in be brayn. And whan hete scholde drawe fatnesse of blode to hym for noon poer he drawib w[a]terynesse<sup>295</sup> of blode and in bat maner herys bicomyb whyte, bat is iclepyd hoornesse. And bis wittnessib Auicen<sup>296</sup> tertio de historijs animalium. And bouz fleume be moyste and bis hoore here be engenderyd of fleume, neuerbelatter, it nys nogt engenderyd of be most moyste matere, but of be moste drye partie of bat waterynesse. For alle herys beb engendered by a maner wey of adustioun. And bis is nozt so grete adustioun bat it may make be herys blac for it is engenderyd of watery fleume rotyd and distruyed. Herys bat beb engendered of naturel fleume bib somdel zelu and bat comyb of innaturel fleume tourneb to hoornesse. And bey bat comyb of malencolie schulleb be in be coloure as it were of a brizte horn. And zif bey come of blode, be[i]<sup>297</sup> wolleb be rede. And zif bei come of colre, bey wolleb be zelu. And herys bat comyb off tempere wolleb be rufus. And herys bat comyb of adustioun beb somdele blak. And perfore, alle herys bat beb engenderyd by way of adustioun be blak.

Pe vapour þat nailes beþ engenderyd þerof ne mow noʒt for her gretenesse be so adust for to bicome blak, þouʒ þat nailes be engenderyd by a maner adustioun, neuerþelatter, by kynde þei biþ whyte. And þe same manere as it is of humorys, so it is of conplexiouns and regiouns and elde and in þe same manere herys biþ proporcioned. Þoʒ þat whyte resydence in vryne signifie goode, zitt whyte herys ne signifieþ not goode, but þey signefye as it is sayde in þis proverbe: canicies veneranda [f. 55r] patrum.

Jn be secunde, entende bat bouz be birde digestioun be whyte and be herys come of be birde digestioun, zitt by kynde bei ne bib nozt whyte but blac; bey beb engenderyd by a maner adustioun.

Jn þe 3, entende þat in elde is kyndely þynge forto be hoore, <sup>298</sup> but whytenesse in bestis is noon hoornessse. But whytenesse and þat comyþ of conplexioun þat is colde and moyste and þis comeþ allegate in elde wiþ feblenesse of vertue and to some man more and to some man lasse.

## De Furfuribus Capillorum, 5

Fvrfura beb a maner squamys in be skyn of be hede as it were bran wib out any whelys and dob a wey be herys and makib a foule disposicioun in be hede.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>294</sup> and] an

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>295</sup> waterynesse] wterynesse

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>296</sup> Auicen] see commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>297</sup> þei ] þe

hoore] *preceded by* hoole *deleted in red ink* 

Causa. Pe enchesoun hirof is vapours resolued of humours and corupte and tournyb be skyn into squamis and it makib herys to falle awey and it comyb most of fleume salsum ober of rotyd blode ober of colre aduste or of malencolia adust.

Þe signes of þis pascioun beb open to knowe.

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Pronosticacio. Pe pacient mote be war of bis pascioun lest he falle in lepre.

Cura. 3if his body ne be not replete, þan gargarismes and styues and ventosis and ffrotinges and oynementis sufficieþ.

And 3if he be replete, ban lete hym bloode and purge hym after be maner bat fallib berfore. And if it be symple, make a symple laxatyf. And 3if it be conpouned, double by laxatyf and purge hym and ban styue hym and ban 3eue hym opiata and so of alle be ober. And for it is ofte ysayde of bese humours, berfore, it nys noon nede for to reherce hem. Pan go we to medicynes bat ffallib for be place.

Pe materialys þat þe medicynes beþ makyd þerof biþ þese: farina ciceris, farina lupinorum, orobus, fenigreci, succus blete, foliorum siʒaminum, mirtus, malua, furfure, ossa mirabolanum, aqua maluarum, staffisagria, nitrum, and alle maner galle. Of þese þynges þou myʒt make water oþer oyle oþer oynement oþer enplastre. And þei may be medled wiþ vynegre oþer wyn and wiþ draftis of oyle oþer wiþ oyle of notys and wex. J resigne þe maner of worchynge to hym and þat schal worche hyt and proporcioun and þe ʒeuynge þerof.

Clarificacio. Entende þat þis pascioun is in som place myche and in som place lytel. For some comyb in allopucia wib grete schurfis and some is lytel and ne brekib noʒt hys skyn. And þere beb some resoluciouns as grete as schellys ober bran as bou myʒt yse in some men **[f. 55v]** whan bey clawib her hede. And som tyme in al be body whan bei be in be sunne ober neiʒ be fuyre whan bei clawib bere fallib of hem siche resolucyouns. And ʒif bey be blowe, bey fleeb hyder and byder. And ʒif bis pascyoun breke be skyn, it makib be herys falle a wey.

Jn be secunde, entende bat bese resoluciouns may signifye lepram to comynge. And in lepra it signefieb hele. And lepra is engenderyd of humours corupt and aduste and bis pascioun is engendered of humours corupt and adust. Wherfore 3 if he vsye euel regimen, it may turne in lepram. Also, it may signefye be cure of lepre in anober manere whan his body is makyd clene wib grete vse of serpentys. For venym put out venym and ban bere fallib from hym bese manere resoluciouns.

Jn þe 3, entende þat furfura is pascioun of þe skyn for it peliþ hyt a wey as it were schilles and in þe hede it makiþ þe herys falle away after þat.

Jn be ferbe, entende bat bog herys ne haue no propre vertue of berynge ne fix, but only engenderynge and bei beb profytable and necessare and fayre. And now we spekib of furfura. By resoluynge it takib a wey herys and in bat manere it is a pascioun and afallynge to a pascioun.

Jn þe 5, entende þat þoʒ vynegre be enemye to neruys, neuerþelatter, ʒif it be wel repressyd wiþ oþer þynges it may be put in þis pascioun and in oþer mo.

# De Pustulis Capitis, [6]

Pvstule beb lytel empostemys bat wexib in be hede as it were lytel whelys ober be hede of tetys ober as it were bete wib nettlys ober as it were ybyte wib hungry lyse.

Causa. Þe enchesoun herof is euel humours þat wexiþ in þe hede or in þe body.

Signa. Signys of bis pascioun beb ofte ysayde and it nys no nede for to make pronosticacioun.

Cura. Pe general cure schal be do as it is ofte sayde after pe humour pat is in pe cause oper in pis manere: take nux cipressi and pe leuys perof, litarge, cerusa, acasia, galla, ypoquistides, sulphure, ossa mirabolanum, galia muscata, nitrum, cortex maligranati, oleum rosaceum, acetum, cera, aqua, vinum. Make herof dyuerse conposicioun after dyuersyte of pe parties. In pis conposicioun pou schalt entende 3 pingis. Pe ffirst is pat in hote causis put perto colde oynementys pat bep made hiron. And jn colde causis, pe contrarie. In pe 2, entende pat in olde [. . .]

Missing the end of De Pustulis Capitis, all of Chapter 7 (De Fauo), and the beginning of Chapter 8 (De Tinea). Summaries of the missing materials follow.

#### [End of De Pustulis Capitis]

See commentary. The final point in the section on cures contains one recipe and states that narcotics should only be applied in small quantities. The four points of clarification concern the ingredients ceruse, sulfur, vinegar, and oil of roses with egg whites.

#### [De Fauo, 7]

2955

Favus is a sharp pestilence of the head without swelling due to phlegma salsum aggregated under the skin. If the area is pressed, an offensive odour is released with itching like honey flowing from honeycomb, since the phlegm is putrefied in cavities under the skin. First, the body should be cleansed by universal purgations. Next, the following actions should be performed: scraping or shaving the head, wash and cleanse the area, scarify, and then anoint with the materials provided (such as ceruse, arsenic, myrrh, vinegar, oils, and many more). Phlegm causes pustules that are moist, purulent, watery, and with much itching and pain. Thus, the following materials may also be applied: theodoriton euperiston, ellebores, myrrh, roses, and vinegar.

#### [De Tinea, 8]

Tinea is a scab of the head with scales, crusts, hair falling out, ash colour, a foul odour, and a horrible appearance. The cause of tinea is corrupt humours. Sometimes it is contracted in utero or postpartum via a bad regimen. Also, it sometimes comes with bloody matter, favus, and a foul odour and sometimes

it does not. For the most part, tinea is dry rather than wet due to the corrupt and adust humours. Tinea can be diagnosed when there is a thick encrusted scab in the head with multiple scales, ash colour (like a blazing furnace), a foul odour, and the hair is bifurcated and falling out. Recent tinea is difficult to cure, while old tinea will never be cured, except by great effort and over a long period of time. Four recipes are provided in the cure. The clarification section begins with a discussion of phlebotomy, which is where f. 56r commences. See commentary.

**[f. 56r. . . ]** after be tyme of vij zere til he come to elde bat he may be lete blode in be arme. Neuerbelatter, men byzonde vseb more bis letynge blode ban bat obere.

Off be secunde, Y sey bat in cause bou myzte caste medicynes in his ere may amende hym.

And of be birde, Y sey bat olde gallys bat beb yholyd beb best. For grene gallys constrayneb to myche and prinspaly in childerne.

Off pe fferpe, Y sey of pynge pat is present in pis caas, mineralys bep yput to medicynes wip in and pat ne semyp nozt resounable ffor siche pinges<sup>299</sup> bep as it were venymous and leprouse. Pis is wel iknowe to hem pat knowip any pynge in alkemye.

To be last, Y sey bat it may be take a wey 3if it be put in lytel quantite and be medled wib ober bynges.

Jn be secunde, entende bat in tinea is grete stinkynge and be enchesoun berof is for be most part beb engenderyd of hote humours corupte and prinspaly of blode corupte. And some men clepib bis pascioun semotim for it medlib wib hym in many parties of be hede and it is clepyd tinea for it occupieb alle be hede for be most quantite. And berfor, entende bat in tymes whan he clawib hem self in be first bygynnynge bey haue grete delyte beron and after bere bey hauyd grete akynge for humours corupte drawib berto and for bey brekib bat skyn.

Jn be 3, some men doutip for lete hym blode in tinea bat is confermyd and 3itt it is open ynow3 so bat be of elde and ober particulers acorde berto. And in be same manere bei may meuye bat variolis bat beb confermed blode letynge nys no3t goode. Pat Y graunte wel bat in variolis it nys no3t goode for be corupcioun berof is myche and ban it were drede lest be matere corupt went in a3en. But in tinea it nys no3t so for, bo3 it be corupt, it nys no3t so venymous as in variolis bat beb confermed. Perfor, in tinea bou my3t lete hym blode and nou3t in variolis.

## De Pediculis, 9

Pediculi beb lyse and lendes beb nyttys and pessolate beb lyse bat be engenderyd in be grynde and vnder be armys and bese beb engendered by way of putrefaccioun by be skyn for bey comyb of humours in be body bat kynde ne may no3t gouerne and puttib out to be skyn by way of a manere driynge. And be mater is grete ffor it is nei3 be skyn and for hete worchib about bat mater; it [f. 56v] dryeb be mater and gaderyb a maner skyn. And in be skyn is enclosed a vapour wib a manere hete and it

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>299</sup> binges] *preceded by* bink *deleted in black ink* 

2985

worchiþ in kynde by boylynge for it drawiþ to hoot and moyste. Þerfore, it takiþ spiryt of lyf and engenderiþ wormys in þe hede and in alle þe body and vnder þe armes and in alle þe body. Pessolate beþ engenderid in þese placis in partijs þat beþ more moyste. Lyse þat beþ engendered and in partiis þat biþ more drye biþ engenderyd nut in partiis of waies biþ, but engendered pessolate.

2990

Causa. Pe enchesoun goynge hyrto may be for euel gouernynge, as drunkenesse and etynge of many fygus, of chasteynes and of oper ffruytes and for defaute of waschynge of pe hede and of alle pe body and selde chaungynge of clopis and oper mo.

Signa. Whan bese bestis, and prinsipaly lyse, beb engenderyd of blode, be coloure of hem is rede and of colre to 3elounesse. And 3if bey come of fleume to whytenesse and of malencolie to blackenesse.

2995

Pronosticacio. Whan lyse beb multiplied and prinspaly of causys wib inforbe bey signifieb morpheam ober lepram. For be naturel hete wastib and ne may not gouerne be mater as it scholde and ober maner hete bygynneb for to boyle.

3if it come for siche [re]sounes<sup>300</sup> wiþ out forþe, it signifieb pouerte ober necligence of hys lyf. Pore men and religious men multeplieb her metis fleumatik and engenderib lyse and be same manere vppon be londe bat takib lytel rewarde of her apparayle.

3000

Pe cure herof may be by chaungynge of hys lyf. And of hys regimen he mote vse goode metys and purge be humour bat is in be cause and he mote vse trauayle in mesure and babe hym in salt water and he mote chaunge his clobys and make hys body clene and ban anoynte hym wib bis oynement.

3if his body be hote take quyk siluere aqueynt and medle hyt wip<sup>301</sup> lytarge and vynegre and oyle and medle hem to gedre and anoynte perewip his hede and hys body oper anoynte perwip a gerdel and girde hym vppon hys bare skyn for it wole sle hem.

3005

3if he be of colde conplexioun, þan make a medlynge wiþ auropigmento and staffisagria and oyle of almaundes bittre and enoynte þerwiþ his body oþer a girdel and do it to his skyn. And þis is couenable to religious men. [f. 57r] Staffisagria is yclepyd herba pedicularis for he sleeþ lyse and also in bryddis and it schal be grounde and ysprenged vppon flesche and zeue to briddes and prinspaly to hem þat leuyþ by rauayne for it delyuereþ hem suffereynly of harme þat þey haueþ in her skyn. Ferþermore, þis is my medicyne ffor to destruye lyse. Ho so haþ manye, as haueþ many childeryn, make hym wortys of rede nettlys and lekys and sede, zif þere is eny, and make hym wortys þerof wiþ motoun and lete hm vse þerof 3 siþes a day, þre daies contynuly. And þis schal destruy hem wel.

3015

3010

It is meruayle bat lyse signifieb lepram, sibbe bat bey bib engenderyd by way of clensynge and for it is siche a mater bat it takib spyryt of lyf. In lepre is corupcioun and dednysse. Y sey in bis manere bat grete plente of lyse bib be ffirst signe of lepre. For lepre is engenderyd of euery humour wib feblenesse of hete bat is naturel and boylynge of vnkyndly hete. For whan humours beb corupte it makib boylynge and engenderib lyse and in bis maner it may signifye lepram in whiche is corupcioun fulfilled, saf it may be defended in many maneres, as it is forsaide in be cure. And lyse ne comyb no3t by way of clensynge. For in bat bey takib spyryt of lyf, bey beb engendered of rotynge, etc.

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Jn be secunde, entende bat lyse beb engenderyd of naturel hete<sup>302</sup> bat put be mater out and about be skyn it rotyb and in bat manere yit consequed hete and in bat manere it consequeb spiryt of lyf, as bou myzt yse in ober wormys bat beb engenderyd by wey of corupcioun.

<sup>21</sup> 

resounes] souns; Latin: causas

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>301</sup> wiþ] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

Jn þe 3, entende þat þynges þat beþ profitable for blode biþ for colre in alteraciouns, but noʒt in avoydynges. And þe same maner it is in fleume and malencolia.

Jn þe 4, entende schortely, and it is a profitable worde, þat some sekenesse schewiþ hem more in oþer lemys þan in þe lemys wherof þey comyþ, as it schewiþ in pasciouns of þe stomak and of þe marice.

#### De Dolore Capitis, 10

Akynge of be hede is a worchynge of mater bat sewyd be conplexioun. Enche[souns]<sup>303</sup> of bis pascioun byb 3 bynges: as euel conplexioun and dyuerse and brekynge of placys bat scholde be hoole ober bobe. Dyuerse causis of bis pascioun bib 12. Some beb of enchesouns wib inforbe, and some beb wib mater and some wib out matere, and some akynge is a **[f. 57v]** pascioun by hym self, and some by hap, and some akynge is of enchesoun of be brayne, and some of enchesouns wib out. Some akynge contynueb alle be hede and some oon partie, and some is stronge and some is feble, and some comeb sodeynly in tyme of hele,<sup>304</sup> and some is newe and some is olde, and some is wib a reume and some wib out a rewme.

Now we wolleb sewye be enchesouns bat comyb wib out forbe and wib inforbe.

Enchesouns wip out bip many and for to bringe alle to oon numbre pere bip 13. Pe first is of ffallynge or smytynge.

Pe secunde may be of hete of pe sunne oper of fuyre oper of pe ayre in canicler daies oper hote oynementis and oper mo.

Pe 3 cause may be of grete coldenesse of ayre oper of watere oper of oynementys.

Pe 4 may be grete dryenessse of be ayre ober of oynementys.

Pe 5 may be of grete moysture of water oper of rayne oper of oynementys, etc.

Pe 6 enchesoun may be grete wynde and prinspaly be norberne wynde after be souberne wynde.

Pe 7 cause may be of vapours areryd of stinkynge þinges wiþ out, as of careynes and asafetida or of þynges þat<sup>305</sup> haueþ swete sauoure, as muscus. Oþer ʒif a man biholdiþ olde pittis oþer cauernys in þe erþe of [mineralys].<sup>306</sup>

be 8 cause is grete meuynge or grete wrebbe ober wodenesse and grete trauayle of be body as rennynge and swyfynge to myche and ober mo.

Pe 9 cause may be grete slepe and depe and out of reule and out of tyme and grete wakynge.

Pe 10 cause may be babynge to myche in sulphure water.

Pe 11 may be grete replecioun and grete drunkenesse and etynge of fumous metis, as garlek and oyniouns and stronge wyn and ffruytes and oper mo.

Þe 12 may be of grete sonus, as bonder and ober mo.

Pe 13 cause may be to myche keuerynge of be hede. For be hede is nozt so stronge bat it ne may be enfebled zif it be contynued. Pese binges bat comyb wib outforbe and ober mo makib hede akynge.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>302</sup> hete] *preceded by* resoun *deleted in red ink* 

Enchesouns] Enchensonys

hele] preceded by elde deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>305</sup> þat] *preceded by* þar *deleted in red ink* 

mineralys] neumeralys

If it come of causis wib inforbe, ban it is for blode ober colre ober fleume ober malencolie ober wynde ober wormys. And bese binges beb be prinspal berof.

3060

Som akynge is wib mater and some wib out matere and some of euel conplexioun colde ober of humours symple ober conponed. 3if it be wib mater, bat is whan bat blode is cause ober colre ober fleume ober malencolia ober wynde ober waterynesse, symple ober conponed.

3065

Pe 3 diuisioun principal of akynge in be hede: [f. 58r] some is pascioun by hym self and some by hap. By hym self as whan noon oper pascioun is cause berof, as woundys, fallynge, smytynge, and oper mo. By happe is whan bat ober feueres folewib hed akynge or enpostemys or obere pasciouns.

Pe 4 diuisioun prinsipal ys some akynge comyb of causis ypriued of be brayn and some of cause

remeued. A cause ypriued is whan be mater is in be brayn and ne comyb of noon ober cause. Cause

remeued is whan vapours and fumys aryseb vp of be stomak or of be lyuere or of be splene ober of be marys and so of alle be obere.

3070

Pe 5 prinspale cause is for some akynge is wib out and some wib in. It is clepyd wibin whan it is vnder be skulbone, as in be vilmis and in ober partijs; ffor opilaciouns in be veynes and in be arterijs; and whan blode and colre stoppib by resoun of to myche; and fleume and malencolia by resoun of gretenessse ffor fleume is viscouse; oper whan it is in partijs bat curib brayn and in placis nez.

3075

Pe 6 is bis: some akynge contynueb alle be hede and some oon partye of be hede. And whan it is in alle be hede, ban it is clepyd cephalea. And 3if it contynueb half be hede, ban it is emigranea. And 3if it be in oon partye of be hede, it is clepyd clauis for ban it semyb hem as it were pricked wib a nayle ober wib a nelde.

3080

Pe 7 is som akynge is stronge and some is feble. Feble as in litargia. Stronge is so myche somtyme bat zif it come in childerne it brekib be skulle boon, as Auicen seib. 3if it come in men, it engenderyb be spasme.

Pe 8 is bis: akynge bat comyb sodeynliche and in tyme of hele and none euel goynge to fore bat

comyb of myche mater ober of wynde. 3if it come lytel and lytel, it comyb of feblenesse. Pe 9 is bis: some akynge signifieb crysim and some nozt. 3if it be in be 3 day and akynge come in his hed wip redenesse of his face and metynge of lampys, bat signifieb crysim by flux of blode at nose.

And 3 if it come wib akynge of be brest and prickynge, it signifieb crisim by castynge.

3085

Pe 10 is to some akynge of be hede folewib ober euelys and in some nozt. For some akynge is so stronge bat feuerys folewib and wakynge and spasmus and enpostemys and so of ober bynges. And some tyme noon of alle bese, bat is whan be pascioun is feble.

3090

Pe 11 is bis: some akynge is newe and some is olde. Newe is whan it ne hab yderyd but lytel tyme. Olde whan it derib longe tyme. For sometyme bis pascioun is so stronge and malicious bat it is clepyd dolor galeatus. And it is some tyme so stronge bat be pacient ne may nozt yse nozt lizt and [f. 58v] he ne may here no grete voys.

3095

Jtem, stronge akynge bat is clepyd galeatus comyb of disposiciouns wib inforbe and bere bib twayne stronge and scharpe and grete ffelynge of be brayn and bere wib grete feblenesse of kynde. Enchesoun wib outforbe bib twayne. Pat is ofte and myche etynge of binges<sup>307</sup> bat bib fumous, as oyniouns, garleke, stronge wyn, and ober mo. Þat ober cause is to myche keuerynge of his hede. Some bib woned in childhode haue forhede cappis and hodys and afterwarde bey vsib tway hodys and in bat

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>307</sup> of þinges] of þynge of þinges

manere bey racchib her hede and makib hyt ded, as bey dob bat waschib her hede to myche. Pese enchesouns makib stronge akynge bat is yclepyd galeatus and is in curable.

3100

Pe 12 and be laste of be causis. Some akynge of be hede is wib a reume and some wib out a reume and somtyme it fallib to some partijs bynebe forbe, as to be eryn or to be yzen or to be nose or to be palet ober to be pische ober to be stomak, etc. Pis pascioun is wib out reume whan noon of alle bese binges byfalleb.

3105

Enchesouns wip outforpe bou myʒt yknowe by be schewynge of be pacient and of men bat bib about hym. Take kepe ʒif be colour of his face be reed and swellynge ober to ledy coloure and to be place whar be cause be hote ober colde. And ʒif bey dob harme, be cause is hote and in bis manere a diligent leche schal knowe be causis wib outforbe.

3110

3if it be [en]chesouns<sup>308</sup> wib outforbe, ban bou most yknowe wheber it be wib mater or wib out matere. For whan bere is mater, bere is greuousnesse in be leme. And 3if he honge adoun hys hede and vp agen he schal fele grete aggreuaunce, ban it is wib matere. be 3 signe is whan many superfluytees fallib to be nose and to be palet ober to be ygen. And 3if it be wib out mater, be contrarye schewib.

Signes of hete bou myʒt iknowe in bis manere: by hete and swellynge.

Signes of coldenesse by lytel hete and lytel swellynge and malice of grete benkynge.

Dryenesse is knowe for binges of voydynge and bouzt gob to fore.

3115

Signes of moysture beb stupor.

Signes of blode bib redenesse and swellynge of be veynes in be whyzte of be yen and bytynge and brist.

Signes of fleume beb lytel briste and swellynge and whyte coloure and heuy slepynge and many superfluytees.

3120

Signes of malencolia beb lytel hete, ledy coloure, and slepynge agreuouse, and oper many, as elde and conplexioun. And forto haue be signes [f. 59r] verrayliche, we mote go to naturellys and ban to binges bat comyb out of kynde and ban we schulle come to specyal signes and in bis manere diligence of be leche ne schal no3t errye.

Signes of wynde beb pipynge in be hede and meuynge from place to place.

3125

Signes ofwormys beb ffretynge, akynge, prickynge. And be akynge is lasse whan he restib.

Signes of be reume bib: bere falleb out myche superfluyte of his nose ober of his palet ober of his yzen ober of his pijs, etc.

Signes of causis þat beþ in þe brayn: þe akynge is continuel and ne haþ no reste. And ʒif it come of oþer lemys, it restiþ somtyme.

3130

3if it come of be stomak and by castynge and abhominacioun of mete and by euel digestioun. And 3if it come of colre, he schal haue most penaunce tofore mete. And 3if it come of fleume and malencolia, he schal haue most agreuaunce after mete.

Entende bat euery akynge of be hede bat comyb of be stomak is lasse after mete. For so myche bat be mete lettib arysynge vp of be vapours. But 3if fleume and malencolia be enchesoun, after mete he hab pascioun. And 3if it come of replecioun, help berof wole leste longe tyme. And 3if it come of be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>308</sup> enchesouns] chesouns

 $<sup>^{309}</sup>$  and] preceded by  $\P$  deleted in red ink

lyuere, be akynge wole be in be rizt syde of be hede ffor bat partye is proporcyoned berto. And zif it come of be splene, he schal haue most akynge in be lifte syde of be hede.

3if it come of wynde, he schal haue most akynge in be forhede. And 3if it come of be marys, he schal haue akynge in be nolle. And in what partye be mater be, bere schal be be akynge. Ober signes may be knowe by schewynge of be pacient. And 3if we haueb any binges for3ete by binges bat bib forsayde bou schalt yknowe hem.

Vryne as it were of a beste, it signifieb akynge of be hede and drawynge of mater to be hede.

Vrina in feuere acuta bat is whyte and bynne, it signifieb akynge of be hede.

Vryne wib a grete sercle signifieb akynge of be hede.

Vrina ful of graynes signifieb be reume and akynge of be hede.

Euery akynge of þe hede þat takiþ awey, þat bynemyþ his slepe and his mete, it is euel and signifieþ deþ.

Euery akynge bat is scharpe in a feuere wib euel signes signifieb deb.

Akynge of be hede in a feuere ofte tyme signifieb crisim, as it is forseyde.

Euery akynge þat is stronge and scharp in þe hede lettiþ al naturel worchynge til he be ycured þerof. For grete akynges doþ<sup>310</sup> awey vertues.

Olde akynge þat [f. 59v] comyþ sodeynly wiþ a voyse is euel for it signifyeþ apoplexiam.

Olde dolour pat is clepyd dolor galleatus, amonge alle it is worst and most hard ffor to cure.

Euery akynge of be hede bat spasmus comyb berwib and swellynge of be yzen signifieb deb.

Cura. Akynge of be hede of hote conplexioun, 3 if it be wib out mater, may be cured wib alteratiues bat bib colde. And 3 if it be wib matere, whan his body is makyd clene, wib be same it may be brougt to purpose.

Materiales herof beb bese: oyle of olyue noʒt rype wib out salt and of be same ʒere. And in bat oyle<sup>311</sup> bou myʒt boyle some of bese bynges: croppys of wiby, of be whyte vyne, portulaca, cucurbita, lactuca, rose, nenifar, mala granata acetosa, and ober mo. And ʒif bou wolt make more colde, do berto opium, jusquiamum, mandragora, papauer, but bese binkes ne schul noʒt be do berto but in grete nede and in dispeyre.

Whan bou wolt make byn oyle rizt colde, ban make hyt flache and put hyt in a depe pytte neiz water for ban be coldnesse of be watere wole presche bere on for so myche as it was made hote to fore. Wib bis oyle anoynte hys hede for it wole putte a wey be fumys strongly.

Entende þat whan we wolleþ þat coldenesse of þe oyle preschiþ inward, þan take also myche of vynegre as of oyle and make hem flache and anoynte þerwiþ hys hede for þis preschiþ inwarde.

Entende þat þere biþ many hedys þat lytel coldenesse suffisyþ þerto, as þe hedys of olde men and of wymmen and of childerne for þey haueþ feble hedys and þey myʒte liʒtliche falle in litargiam and oþer pasciouns of þe hede. Alle þese mote be ykept from alle þynges þat beþ to colde; þouʒ it so be þat her hedys be hote, þou most softeliche wiþ colde þynges bringe it aʒen to tempere.

3if he be replete of blode and be particulers acorde, lete hym blode. And 3if bey ne acordib no3t, sette hym a ventose wib garsynge and, in be ffirst bygynnynge, it schal be in be partye aforne3en.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>310</sup> doþ] *preceded by* seyþ *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>311</sup> oyle] preceded by 3ere deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>312</sup> pereon] corr. by deletion of watere in red ink

3iff colera be in be cause and he ne haue ne reume, ban defye be mater wib oximel and sirupo de fumoterre and sirupo violato and sirupo nenifare and purge hym wib cassiafistula, manna, ober wib electuarium<sup>313</sup> de succo rosarum, and so of alle be ober electuarijs bat [f. 60r] beb founden in be antedotare bat makib clene colre, as diaprunys and many ober. And make bis decoccioun bat is ofte ysayde and may be zeue in what manere bat bou wolt and it purgib colre liztly.

87 Rx florum boraginis, fflorum violarum ana  $\frac{3}{4}$  j, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis  $\frac{3}{4}$  j. Make a decoccioun in gotys whay and in be de[co]ccioun<sup>314</sup> tempere aday and any3t be ryndis of mirabolani citri and ffrote hem wip lizte fuyre and clense hem and do perto cassiafistula made clene  $\frac{7}{3}$  j, masticis, diagridij ana  $\Im$   $\beta$ . Medle hem to gedre and zeue hyt hym on be morowtyde.

In bis decoccioun nys noon perile, but 3if be pacient be feble ober his wombe laxatyf ober costyf ober opilacioun or enpostem obere a womman wib childe, but of his owne kynde it is lizt ynowz and wib out any perile it may be zeue.

In be ende, we may make fomentaciouns, embrocaciouns wib a decoccioun of barlige, violis, and nenifar in watere and camomille, croppys of whyte popy and prinspalyche 3if he ne may no3t slepe. And Damascenus seib in akynge of be hede zif he haue a feuere and a feble hede, we ne schulle do berto no mylke ffor þat wolde closye þe porys and lettiþ þe vapours þat þey ne may nogt goon out. And þe contrarye herof is be comyn manere.

3if<sup>315</sup> akynge of be hede come of euel conplexioun colde wib out mater, ban anoynte hys hede to fore for be oyle wole presche best whaper it be hoot oper colde.

J sey wip hoote oyles, as oleum de castoreo, de costo, de ruta, de lilio and of oper hote bynges. And 3 if it be nede for to haue hotter oylys, ban take oleum de euforbio. And Damascenus seybe by autoryte of Galen, bat Galen asaide oleum de balsamo and he ne fonde noon helpe beron and bat is mervalye, sibbe hyt is hoote and preciouse and myche comendyd of auctours, but by sobnesse of experyment Y forsake hyt.

In olde akynge of be hede, oleum de lilio is best. 3if it be wib matere of malencolie, ban defye hyt wib oximel squillitico and purge hym wib diasene, diaborago, yerarufini scharped wib lapidis armeninsus oper wib lapidis laʒli ywasche and maked clene. And make bis decoccioun:

88 Rx florum boraginis, florum violarum, [foliorum] sene, polipodij, epithimi, anisi, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, liquirice munde ana ξ β. Sebe hem wib gotys whay and tempre beron wib cortices mirabolanum indorum, belliricorum, and emblicorum [f. 60v] bat be gummosorum ana ξβ a day and a nyʒt and þan frote hem wiþ lent fuyre and clense hyt and ʒeue hyt in þe morowe tyde.

3if fleume be cause, defye be mater wib oximel<sup>316</sup> duretik and purge hym wib yerapigra ober in bis manere:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>313</sup> electuarium] *preceded by* oleum *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>314</sup> decoccioun] deccioun

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>315</sup> 3if] 3if 3if

<sup>316</sup> oximel] preceded by ell deleted in black ink

**89 Rx** aloen, agarici, turbithe ana 3 ij, pulpe coloquintide 9 ij,  $^{317}$  foliorum absinthium, foliorum mente, masticis, anisi,  $^{318}$  cinamomi, bdellij ana 3 ij. Medle hem wib oximel squillitico and make berof pelotis and 3if it from bre 3 to 4 after be particulers of be pacient. Ober 3 eue hym bis decoccioun:

**90 Rx** florum boraginis, florum violarum, pollipodij, anisi, turbithe, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, liquirice munde ana  $\frac{3}{5}$   $\beta$ .

Oher make a decoccioun in gotys whay and in be decoccioun tempere mirabolanum kebulorum bat be gummosorum  $\S$  ij a day and a nyʒte and ban medle hem and clense hym and ʒeue it hym in be morowtyde. And ban we may come to be forsaide oylys bat bib hote and bou myʒt make hym fomentaciouns wib bese herbys ysode in watere: camomilla, mellilote, anthos, vtriusque sticados, baccarum lauri and foliorum eius, maiorane, basiliconis, and ober mo.

And þis þou schalt entende, ʒif akynge of þe hede come of enchesouns wiþ outforþe, ʒitt it may wel be þat his body be replete. And ʒif a colrik mannys hede be made hote in þe sunne and he be replete oþer ʒif þe hede of a fleumatik man bicome colde and he be replete and in þat maner þe humour may be chaunged out of hys kynde for enchesouns wiþ outforþe and þey may represse so myche þe causis wiþ inforþe þat his body haþ grete nede for to be makyd clene. And after his purgacioun ʒeue hym opiata.

And 3if be cause be hote, lete hym vse rubea trosciscata. And 3if it be colde, aurea alexandrina. And 3if akynge of his hede be wip a reume of hote cause, lete hym smelle frigida stiptica bat haue swote sauour. For bat is bettre ban fumigacioun, as bib rosis, sandali, camphore, etc.

3if þe cause be colde, he schal smelle storacem calamitam, ambram, ladanum, nucem cipressi, and oþer mo. And frote hys hede and hys hondys and hys fete and make hys wombe laxatyf and hete milium and salt and put in a bagge and lay to hys hede. And zif þe cause be colde and he haue a reume and þe akynge of hys hede ne acesye nozt, þan take þese: stercus columbinum nemoris, mirre, <sup>320</sup> piretri, staffisagrie, castorei, gummi rute agrestis, euforbij. Medle hem wiþ wyn and anoynte [f. 61r] his hede.

3if akynge of be hede come in a feuere for closynge of be porys for coldenesse, ban he schal drawe vynegre and water of rosis burz his nostrallys.

3if be akynge come for opilacioun of be brayn, ban make clene hys hede wib gargarismys and masticacioun and castynge in atte nosebrilles and make hym evaporatyues.

Entende þat ʒif akynge of þe hede come of hote cause and of replecioun of mete, enioyne hym slepe and rest and moyste mete, as rere ayren, broþis of flesche, mespulia, etc.

3if be cause be colde and he be replete of mete, he mote wake and frote hym and he schal ete lytel and drinke lytel, etc.

3if akynge of be hede come of wynde ober of vapours ober of swete sauour, goode ober euel, in alle bese causis he mote absteyne hym of wyndy metys, as garlek, oynyouns, leke, and stronge wyn and newe wyn, and notys, and datys. And 3if it be nede for to clense hys body and lete hym smelle rosis, nenifar, violis, and oyle of wiby, and sandali, camphore, and anoynte his hede wib oyle of rosis and

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<sup>317</sup> See commentary

<sup>318</sup> See commentary

<sup>319</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>320</sup> mirre] mirre mirre

mirtino and put berof in hys nostrallys and in hys erys. And 3if hys wombe be enclosed,<sup>321</sup> he mote vse oleum de camomille, melle, and sugre and coriandre apparailed in vynegre.

3245

3if be cause be colde, whan his body is made clene, he schal smelle muscum, ambram, lignum aloes, and enoynte hys hede wib oleum de lapdano and of notys of cipressi and lete hym vse aurea alexandrina and dianyso. And 3if wynde be enclosed wibin, make hym a fumigacioun wib anyse, comyn, spicenardi, folijs laure boiled in whyte [wyn] ober make herof oyle and cast in his nostralles and in his erys.

#### **Cura Doloris Ex Ebrietate**

3250

Dronkenesse comyb of vapours of wyn drinke. Now drunkenesse is in double manere iholpe: bat is kepynge and cure. Kepynge may be in bis manere. Whan any man etib wib a man and he hab a feble hede and wolle liztlyche be drunke and ne may drynke no wyn medled wib water of euel custome, ban he schal ete caulys and souke be stalkys berof. For bat kepib appetyte and cureb hym of bristynge and he may ete perys, coctana, and ober binges<sup>322</sup> bat bib stiptica. Ober he may bere wib hym bis pouder. Take drie coriandre, papy, and berberis, citoniorum, seminis caulium, spodij, camphore ana  $\frac{3}{3}$  j and make berof pouder. And lete hym vse bis [f. 61v] pouder wib water and vynegre ober wib wyn of pome garnetes ober wib be water and iuse of limonum ober citrangulorum ober wib be iuse of sorylle ober wib be iuse of soure grapys. Pis is gode tofore drunkenesse and after.

3255

3if a man falle in drunkenesse, ban make hym a castinge wib hote watere and oyle and put hys fyngerys in his brote ober take be hede of raphani, attriplicis and boyle hem in oximel and lete hym soupe hyt for it wole make hym cast wib helpe of hys fyngeres.

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3if he ne may noʒt cast, lete hym slepe so þat he be ykepte from hete and coldenesse alle an hole nyʒt. For slepe is þe best helpe þerof. And he ne may noʒt slepe, frote his hondys and his fete wiþ salt and vynegre and his ballokys and ʒif it be a womman, her tetys. And ʒif hy be noʒt cured þerwiþ make hym clisterijs and do þeron yerapigra and anoynte his hede wiþ oleo rosato and oleo mirtino.

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3if he ne be noʒt ycured herwiþ, þan enioyne hym longe trauaile by lowe placys. And ʒif he ne be noʒt þere wiþ, ʒeue hym yerapigra and þan make hym styues and baþis and þan ʒeue hym aurea alexandrina and hys mete schal be sotil and liʒte for to defye and in lytel quantite, as chekenys, fische þat duelliþ amonge many stonys, mete ymade wiþ barly and otyn, and he schal vse fruytes þat beþ stiptica. And make hym fomentaciouns to hys hede wiþ camomille, mellilotum, violis, and barly and lete hym vse pouder þat is forsaide. And so ofte þou schalt reherce hyt til he be profitely cured. And ʒif þe pascioun be olde, oyle of lilies is goode þerfor.

3270

3if bis akynge come of to myche coitus, anoynte his hede wib oleum mirtinum and lete hym vsye brobis and ʒilkis of eyren. And ʒif he ne may noʒt absteyne hym berfro, he ne schal not do hyt be while he is hungry.

3275

3if þis akynge come of ffeblenesse of þe hede and hys body ne be noʒt clene and prinsplay þe stomak, make hym clene and lete hym vse metys þat be liʒt forto defye and after mete he schal vse olyues and erliche and late he schal vse þis electuarium: pliris cum musco, dyantos cum musco.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>321</sup> enclosed] enchlosed

binges] preceded by binkeg deleted in red ink

3if any man haue an hede þat wole liʒtlyche ake, he mote vse whete þat be clene and barliche,
lactuca, portulaca, and flesche of leonys. 3if akynge of þe hede come of a feuere, schaue hys hede and
enoynte hyt wiþ oleo rosato, mirtino [. . .]

Missing the final few lines from the subheading Cura Doloris Ex Ebrietate, four additional subheadings, and the beginning of the clarification section for the conclusion of De Dolore Capitis. Summaries of the missing materials follow.

## [Cura Doloris Ex Ebrietate]

See commentary. Narcotics may be used for severe pain, but they should be administered with much caution. The section concludes with a final point that if the pain is due to worms, the head should be purged using yerapigra, caputpurgia, and amara administered through the nose.

# [Curatio Doloris Capitis ex Percussione]

It is important to prevent the development of *apostema* in this condition. This is accomplished mainly through the use of phlebotomy and purgatives.

#### [Curatio Doloris Capitis propter Ascensum Vaporum ad ipsum Caput]

This type of pain is caused by toxic hot or cold matter arising to the head from the stomach, liver, spleen, kidneys, uterus, arteries, or lower extremities. The cure is by cleansing the offending part of the body by administration of specific herbs intended to counteract the hot or cold condition.

## [Dolor Fortis]

This condition presents with very strong pain. It is known as *cephalea* or *dolor galeatus*. The cure depends on whether the cause is hot or cold. Once the cause is determined, it should be counteracted by the application of appropriate materials. One recipe is provided to counteract severe cold.

#### [Cura Emigranee]

This condition is pain in one side of the head, either internal or external, which occurs cyclically. The cure for this condition is the same as for dolor fortis.

## [Clarificacio]

Folio 62r picks up in the phlebotomy discussion of the clarification section. The broken sentence begins with a question as to whether phlebotomy is useful on the same side or the opposite side in dolor capitis (see commentary). When deciding which side to perform phlebotomy, the confirmation of the illness is not as significant as determining whether the matter is much or little. In the missing Middle English folios, the numbering of the points in the clarification section does not agree with the Latin text. The phlebotomy section beginning in f. 62r is point 6 in the Middle English, while it is point number 7 in the Latin text. Also, there are 12 points in total in the Latin, while the numbering concludes with 11 in the Middle English.

**[f. 62r. . .]** and whan replecioun is myche, ban lete hym blode in be syde aforzen and zif be mater be lytel, in be same partye. Replecioun ober myche or lyte[I]<sup>323</sup> makib differencys in placys for in alle sikenessis bat bib aboue dyafragma and hys body be replete, bou schalt lete hym blode in party afornezen. 3if he haue lytel replecioun, ban lete hym blode in be same partye.

Jn euery sikenesse þat is byneþe<sup>324</sup> dyafragma, whaþer it be in þe arme oþer in þe soffene, ʒif he be myche replete lete hym blode in þe same syde. And þoʒ he be lytel replete, lete hym blode in þe same syde for þe grete longenesse of þe weyes. For þis seyþ Galen in þe first particle of Pronosticaciouns: solet que illic egritudini, etc.; and in þe same partye whan Galen seiþ quando dolor ad spatulas and ʒitt Galen seiþ hit septimo de ingenio.

Jn þe 7, some man may douty ʒif baþynge and incisiues and dissolutyues and openynges and makynge þe flux be gode in monepogia, þat is akynge of þe hede þat is stronge, þat is clepyd dolor galeatus. For þese þynges meuyþ þe mater and makiþ flux. Y sey þat þei may be gode whan þe pascioun goþ awey and hys body clene. And ʒif þe mater be of colre, lete hym smelle ffrom stiptica wiþ fewe dissolutiues, as biþ rosis, violis, drye sandali, camphore, camomilla, absinthium. And lete hym ete þese electuarijs: ʒuccare roset, dyadragantum ffrigidum and þan purge hym and make hym clisterijs and ffrotynges and hard byndynges in hys armys and hys leggis and in þe ende make fomentaciouns ffor his

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<sup>323</sup> lytel] lyte

byneþe] *preceded by* bynesse *deleted in red ink* 

hede wiþ rosis, violis, and barliche to broke, and camomille, mellilote, and ryndis of papi ysode in water wiþ a lytel vynegre. And þat man þat is ywoned myche helye hys hede, he schal leue hyt lytel and lytel.

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3iff þe mater be colde, deffye þe mater wiþ swete þinges as storax calamita, ambra, and oþer mo. And lete hym vse dyambra, diaolibano and purge hym and make hym clisterijs and ffrotynges and byndynges and oþer mo. And in þe ende make hym fomentaciouns wiþ camomille, mellilotum, antho[s], 325 and oþer mo. And lete hym smelle muscum, lignum aloes in tempre and þan wyn is goode. Some biþ goode in þe bygynnynge and some in þe ende.

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Jn þe 8,<sup>326</sup> entende þat Auicen seiþ þat moyste þynge ne engendriþ noon akynge **[f. 62v]** neþer by hym self noþer by hap; and Auicen seiþ in þe sexto Of Naturis in þe secunde particle in þe chapitre of ffelynge. And some pascioun ne makiþ noon akynge, as ethica, and oþer pasciouns þat makiþ lytel inprescioun ne beþ noʒt yfeled. For felynge ne takiþ noʒt, but ʒif it be somwhat grete it ne makiþ no pascioun, as Auicen seiþ, for qualite is pascioun and feblenesse and by hem self þey ne biþ noʒt felyd, but by hap þey may be felyd. For moysture brekiþ placys þat scholde be hoole. For moysture may be wiþ grete mater<sup>327</sup> by enchesoun of mychelnesse, so it makiþ akynge by hap.

3310

Pinges þat makiþ grete inprescioun mowe be cause of akynge and in þat manere coldenesse and hete by hem silf biþ enchesoun of akynge. For þey biþ qualitees of dede and makiþ grete inprescioun. Also, solucione continuitatis, þat is brekynge of place þat scholde be hoole, by hym silue is enchesoun of akynge whan it makiþ grete inprescioun, as it is forsayde.

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Jn be 9, entende bat swote smellynge bynges harmyb for it drawib hem from naturel conplexioun, as it schewib whan an hole man smellib a lylie ober muscum anone he is agreued. And a man bat is sike, it wole cure hym for it bringeb hym to tempre; 3if it be so by be contrarye, as it schewib in hoot and colde and so of obere.

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Jn be 10, entende bat bouz fumys wib inforb aryse vpwarde, <sup>328</sup> zitt it ne harmeb nozt alle be partijs of be brayn iliche. For some partijs bib more stronge ban some and be stronge partijs puttib to be feble parties. And berfor, some tyme be forparty of be hede is iharmed and some tyme byhinde and some tyme in be myddel and some tyme boz oon partye be harmed anober nys nozt ffor be tempere of bat oon. And berfore, no man no haue no wounder bouz vertige be engenderyd of fumis arysinge to be hede and, neuerbelattre, it ne engenderyb litargiam and so of ober mo.

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Jn þe 11, entende þat þe substaunce of þe brayn ne feliþ noʒt of hym self for it is þe mater of bone, but hyt feliþ by resoun of þe panniculis and of þinges þat beþ engenderyd þerof, as dura mater and pia mater [f. 63r] and so of oþer mo. And þe substaunce of cerebellare feliþ and þoʒ he ne haue noon instrument takynge, ʒitt he haþ sendynge.

# De Vertigine et Scotomia, 11

3330 Scotomia and vertigo bib propre pasciouns of be brayn.

<sup>325</sup> anthos] antho

 $<sup>^{326}</sup>$  8] preceded by 7 4 deleted in red ink

mater] preceded by moysture deleted in red ink

<sup>328</sup> vpwarde] preceded by noʒt deleted in black ink

Causa. Þe mene cause of vertigo and scotomia is malice of ydel þinges wiþ grete pascioun of þe nerfe þat is yclepyd optici. And þerfor, it is contrarye azen comyn witt. And by happe is<sup>329</sup> corupcioun of sizte for þat is comyn witt and after þat of vertue of ymaginacioun þat iugiþ euel.

Scotomia and vertigo acordiþ in some þinges and deferenciþ in some þinges. For in boþe is corupcioun of siʒt and ymaginacioun of þinges þat biþ ydel. And þerfor, þey mys entendiþ and ʒeueþ euel dome þeron. Þere is difference in hem. For in vertigine it semiþ þe pacient þat al þinges meuyþ about and þe mater is more sotil wiþ wynde enclosed and moysture þat is viscouse for it ne haþ noon passynge out and þerfor it meueþ about. And ʒif he byhalde cloudis þat renniþ blyue oþer water þat rennyþ blyue oþer a whele rennynge blyue, hym semyþ þat he meuyþ forþ þerwiþ. And þerfor, he wole halde hym self by þe nexte place þat he may oþer he wole ffalle oþer sytte.

In scotomia it nys noʒt so for þe mater is more grete and stable. Hym semyþ þat he seeþ flyen and gnattys. And þerfor, it is clepyd scotomia. Of scotes, þat is as myche to sey as yse, and myas, þat beþ flyen, þat<sup>330</sup> is as myche to sey as yse flyen. Þis comiþ of euel humours corupt and derke vapours þat beþ in þe brayn, and prinspaly in þe forhed, oþer it arysyþ of þe stomak oþer of al þe body.

3if be passioun come of mater in be brayn, ban it is contynuel and grete agreuaunce in be brayn and tinnitus in hys eryn. And 3if it come of be stomak, ban he schal haue agreuaunce in be stomac and nausea and abhominacioun of mete. And some tyme it restib. And be vapours comyb of rotyd blode and hym benkeb bat he seeb rede bodijs.

3if it come of colre, hym semyb ʒelu bodijs and hym þenkeþ in his slepe þat he ffleiþ. And ʒif it come of fleume, he schal mete of whyte bodies and he schal mete myche of wateris. And ʒif it come of malencolie, hym schal þenke myche of blacke bodijs and he schal dreme þat he trauailiþ **[f. 63v]** in greuous placys and derke.

Pronosticacio. Pese pasciouns bib ilike to epilencia and appoplexia. Perfor, 3if bey multeplye euel regymen bey fallib beron. Perfore, bou most take kepe berof bisyly.

Cura. What cause so it be, 3 if his body be replete, lete hym blode for it is drede of corupcioun of humours and bou most purge hym longe and make hym clene after be humour bat is in be cause. And for be most part, it comib of fleume. Perfor, purge hym ofte wib yerapigra.

Euery man bat hab vertiginem, he mote eschewe ymaginaciouns of alle binges bat meuyb swyftliche, as grete whelys and waterys and cloudys bat meuyb wib grete cours and he ne schal nozt renne vppon hye hillys and he ne schal nozt ryde in cartys ne in schippes. And zif he mote nedys, ban he schal close hys yzen and he ne schal loke adounward in no depe place but vpwarde.

And 3if it come of fallynge oper of smytynge oper of grete wynde and tournynge about as childerne dobe, þan lete hym be in stille place and derke<sup>331</sup> and lete hym slepe.

3if it come of hunger, lete hym ete a gobett of brede iwette in þe iuse of citoniorum and of ffruytes þat biþ stiptica.

3if it come of vyse of þe stomak wiþ vyse of mater, þan purge hys stomak of þe humour þat is in cause.

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<sup>329</sup> is] preceded by it deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>330</sup> þat] preceded by a deleted in black ink

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And 3if it come of be brayn, ban purge hym as it is forseyde after be humours bat beb in cause and make hym clisterijs wib centaurea and pulpa coloquintida and make hym gargarismes and purge hys hede and ban sett ventosys in hys necke and cauterijs and setones. And in be houre of hys angwysche ffrote hym in be handys and in be fete. Hard purgaciouns of humours bib forsaide in dolour capitis, Y nel addy berto nobynge more, but 3if be mater be corupte ban do in euery cause fumus terre and prinspaly whan colre is in be cause bobe in preperatiues and in laxatiues.

Clarificacio. Entende þat after þe techynge of Auicen, sexto in Naturis, as we haueþ quarto de morbo, and for to make hym yse ariʒt and discremie, þou most make a cauterie in þe nerfe þat is clepyd optici. For elles hym schal seme þat oon þynge is tweyn and in þat manere he is disseyued and iugiþ euel.

As in þis maner Y sett þis caas þat a carte renne blyue it semyþ alle a sercle. And ʒif droppynge [f. 64r] of<sup>332</sup> reyn come bylyue, it semyþ al on lyf. And þis may seme to a man þat is hoole lasse wonder it is of a man þat haþ þis pascioun þoʒ he ne iugye noʒt. Þerfore, iugynge may be disseyued in many maneres. Þerfor, to gode iugynge tempre is myche worþe of conplexiouns and of humours. A man þat is corupt, his discresioun is corupt. Þerfor, a man<sup>333</sup> of goode conplexioun is firste to chese of a leche. For þouʒ a body of goode conplexioun, þoʒ it bygynne for to rote, it may liʒtliche be amendyd, but þe best þinge of alle is goode regymen of metys and drinke and goode maneres, etc.

# De Litargia Vera, 12

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Litargia is an enpostem of be hede byhynde vnder be skulbone.

Causa. Enchesoun of þis pascioun is alle þynge þat multeplieþ fleume and ffilleþ þe hede wiþ vapours, as garlek, oynyouns, leke, and stronge wyn, and drunkenesse, and myche vse, and rawe fruytes, and of ffische, and of bonys, and of milke, and porke þat is fresche, and reste, and replecioun, and oþer mo þinges.

Whan vapours ariseb to be brayn in be nuber parte, ban it engenderib enpostem vnder be skulbone and in be holys and in be wayes and late in be panniculis and in be substaunce of be marou. 334 Litargia is expouned of lites, bat is to sey in Englysche forzetynge, and in so myche bat it is clepyd forzetynge. Jt nys no pascioun, but it is a fallynge to an euel. And 3if an enpostem come berwib, ban it is an euel and for be most parte it is engenderyd of fleume and some tyme of malencolie.

Entende þat in þe same manere as sengle enpostemys biþ engenderyd in þe brayn, in þe same manere biþ double enpostemys in þe same place. For ʒif colre 'be' medle[d]<sup>335</sup> wiþ any of alle, it wole be ful scharpe and dyuerse.

Signa. In litargia, allegate a lente furye folewiþ þerwiþ and litel akynge and forzetynge of resoun. And zif it come of ffleume, it hab many occasiouns and he schal haue myche spetynge and allegate slepynge and his yzen closed to gedre and zif he openye hys yzen he wole forzete hem opene and hys moube eke and forzetiþ whan he makiþ foule vnder [f. 64v] hym and his ordure schal be þynne and his vryne as it were of a beste and his breþe and hys pous beþ smal and strayte. And zif he be clepyd hyze by hys propre name, he wole answery anoon þei wole falle a slepe azen, but it nys no propre slepe but

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dednesse wib grete agreuaunce. 3if be mater come of malencolie, he wole stere hym hyder and byder and he haldib his yzen open and he bihaldib scharpe in a man. And zif be mater come of fleume, ban he is allegate slepynge and pessible and stille.

And 3 if colre be in be cause, ban he schal wake myche and he schal be out of hys mynde. Pronosticacioun. Colde swoote in be hede signifieb deb. And 3if bou put a waterleche to hys forhed, 3if hyt no cleue nozt, it signifieb deb.

3if any of bese be and hys pascioun bygynneb for acesye and hys vertue bygynneb<sup>336</sup> to be stronge, bat is signe of cure.

Cura. Jn be ffirst bygynnynge, to lete hym blode, but any grete bynge lettynge, and ban frote hym harde in hys hondys and in hys fete and make hym clisterijs yscharped wib yerapigra for hyt helpib wel. And ban make hym caste wib a febere and ban anoynte his hede wib oleum rosaceum and vynegre and make hym gargarismes and caputpurgia and after 2 daies enoynte hys hede wib vynegre and castor and wib acetum squilliticum. And 3if he may bere hyt, defye be matere in bis manere:

91 Rx vtriusque saluie, vtriusque mente, vtriusque rute, vtriusque calamenti, betonice ana  $\frac{3}{2}$  iii, anisi, maratri, cimini<sup>337</sup> ana ₹ i,<sup>338</sup> melle and ʒuccare ana libra β, aceti albi ℥ iii.<sup>339</sup> Make þerof a syrupe.

If he have a feuere, zeue hym perof in lytel quantite wip a decoccioun of capillis veneris, brusci, sparagi in water and purge hym wib yerapigra.

**92 Rx** yerapigra  $\frac{3}{2}\beta$ , pulpe coloquintide, bdellij ana  $\frac{3}{2}\beta$ . Medle hem and make berof pelotis.

Ober in bis manere:

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93 Rx aloen ʒ iij, 340 agarik, turbithe ana ʒ ij, 41 pulpe coloquintide ʒ ij, 42 bdellij, anisi, cinamomi, masticis, zinziberis ana z j,  $^{343}$  foliorum mente, foliorum absinthium ana  $\theta$  j and  $\theta$ .  $^{344}$  Medle hem wib oximel squilliticum and make berof pelotes and zeue berof z ij ober [iij]<sup>345</sup> after be particuleris.

3425 Whan hys body is made clene and alle binges ydo bat scholde be done, ban anoynte hys [f. 65r] hede wib hote binges and dissoluynge. Pe materialys berof bib bese: castoreum, mirra, piper, piretrum, euforbium, sinapis, sulphur, affodilli, stercus columbinum, gummi rute agrestis, origanum, calamentum, ruta, mentastrum, laureola, pix naualis, and oper mo. Of bese bingis, bou myzt make electuria, enplastris, ffomentaciouns, subfumigaciouns, sternutaciouns, and ventosis bib goode wib garsinge. 3iff 3430 be cause be myche of blode, lete hym ligge in an house ful of peynture and fful of lyzt. And zif he be allegate slepynge, as Y haue sayde many tymes, þan drawe hys herys of hys berde and of hys grynde and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>336</sup> bygynnneþ] bygynnneþ bygynnneþ

<sup>337</sup> See commentary

<sup>338</sup> See commentary

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<sup>340</sup> See commentary

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hys nose and wringe hys fingeres wib double strayuynge and hard and harde byndynge of hys hondys and of hys fete and hard ffrotynge wib out any mercy. And haue sowys and piggys in be same house to fore hys face. And make hym crye harde and make trompynge about hym and tympanys and bellys and contynuliche make noyse and bete brasyne vessel wib an hamour and make horrible soun and cryes for ellys he schal dye slepynge for he ne etib nozt. And many men deyeb for hem bat beb about be pacient for bey leuyb bat bis cure nys nozt and ne wolleb nozt suffery bat bis cure be don, but it is good for to awarne hem berof for perile bat may befalle. For Y haue ysawe many ascape wib bis maner curys and many men dye for defaute of bis cure and prinspaly whan we ne mote nozt do be cure.

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3if he forzete for to make watere oper to go to sege, þan frote hys bladdre and hys wombe and make hym embrocaciouns þeruppon wiþ barlige and camomille and anthos and make hym suppositorijs þat be scharpe.

3if be mater be conpouned, make a conposicioun of be medicynes. And 3if colre be in be cause, do berto colde bynges. And 3if it be fleume, do berto hote binges. And 3if malencolie, do berto hote binges bat purgib malencolie.

Entende þat whan þe conplexioun of þe brayne is in tempre, þan alle þe worchynges of þe brayn biþ clere and clene and þan is þe body in tempre to worchinges of þe soule. And þis nys noʒt yfounde but in þe ende of ʒongþe, **[f. 65v]** as Auicen seyþ. Þerfore, nesche makiþ bettre inprescioun and better takynge and dryenesse bettre haldynge. Herof Galen seiþ þus, liʒtnesse of berynge is in ty[m]e<sup>346</sup> of neschenesse and þat makiþ mynde allegate lastynge.

3if he be rizt an olde man, þan alle hys operaciouns, i.e. workynges, be yharmed, and prinspaliche zif he be colde and moyste. For coldenesse enffebliþ þe spiritus and moystenesse aquenchiþ naturel hete. And þerfor, Galen seiþ in de interioribus þat coldnesse harmyþ þe soule in þe first degre and moysture in þe secunde. And in litargia, ffleume haþ þe maystry in þe hynder partye of þe hede þere þe mynde is. Þerfore, þe mynde is corupt. Þerfor, it nys no mervayle þoz mynde be loste in olde men for coldenesse þat regnyþ on hym and moysture. Neuerþelatter, by hap an olde man haþ good mynde. Þerfor, þere biþ 3 maner of men þat by happe haueþ good mynde, as childerne, religious men, and olde men.

Childeryn, ffor here grete ymaginacioun, bey takib sone ffor here schappe is newe and berfor bey takib hyt fast and haueb grete mynde beron, as it is ywrite in bis wisdome bat be newe schille takib, it saueryb in elde.

Religious men haueb goode mynde ffor grete restynge of hyr soule and for bey ne haueb no grete trauayle in worldis nedis. For be wyse man seybe a soule bat sittib and restib bycomeb wyse and queynte.

Olde men haueb good mynde ffor bey haueb stronge ymaginacioun and takib strongly ffor bey wenyb neuer to come a binge.

Þe secunde enchesoun is for þei biþ in reste and ne workiþ noon harde werkys. Þerfore, alle<sup>348</sup> olde men biþ as it were relygyous men.

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Pe 3 is for naturel dryenesse. For after be tyme bat it is pressed in hem it is ful hard for to departye hyt from hem. Perfor, wysdom regnyb in olde men. For it is ywrite in wysdom bat no man take 3 onge men verditis. For elde men bib true in be way of credens.

Jn þe 2, entende þat litargia haþ causys goynge as colde ayre and moyste, and vse of colde metys and moyste, and euel conplexioun colde and moyst, and fleumatike humour wexiþ, and hyt haþ enchesonys double as enpostemys [f. 66r] of fleume in þe hynder parte of þe hede. And he haþ signes of pronosticacioun, as galpynge and forzetynge. And he haþ signes of schewynge, as his moube allegate opene and signes of deþ. For ʒif þou sette waterlechys to hys fforhede, þey nelliþ noʒt cleuye.

Jn þe 3,<sup>349</sup> entende þat for to haue good mynde 3 þinges biþ nedeful. Þat þe disposicioun of þe brayn be hoote and drye and he ne may huyre but fewe mervayles and he mote haue rest in body and in soule and þan hys soule wole be able for to take and holde and haue mynde þeron, as it is forseyde a soule þat sittiþ and restiþ bycomeþ wyse.

Jn be 4, entende bat bog lettynge blode make colde in litargia, 3itt it is goode bycause of replecyoun and bycause of enpostem and bycause of a feuere, but 3if any grete perile lette hyt.

Jn þe 5, entende þat in litargia his vryne is as it were of a beste ffor þe mater is fleumatik and in a frenesi. Hys vryne schal be þynne and lowe in coloure ffor þe hete ariseþ vppward.

Jn be 6, entende bat some tyme mynde is ylost for habundaunce of grete moysture. Pe signe berof is for he hab euel mynde of binges bat bib apassed, but he hab goode mynde of binges bat bib present. And 3if he lese hys mynde ffor grete dryenesse, ban he hab goode mynde of bingis bat bib idon tofore and euel mynde of binges bat beb present. And whan it comyb of drynesse, ban confeccio anacardina is no3t goode berfore, as it schal be seyde in be next chapitre here after.

# De Corupcione Memorie, 13

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Off þis pascioun it is myche ysayde in þe nexte chapitre tofore. Þerfore, Y wole passe ouere as liʒtliche as Y may and þan Y wole make in þis chapitre of corupcioun of mynde. Corrupcioun of mynde is a pascioun of þe brayn in þe hynder parte of þe hede.

Causa. Pe enchesoun of bis pascioun for be most parte comyb of euel conplexioun colde and moyste. And some tyme it comeb for euel conplexioun hoot and drye. Forzetynge and corrupcioun of mynde comyb somtyme be while a man is hoole for enpostem. And bis nys no mervale, as<sup>350</sup> it is seyde in capitulo de litargia, but in bis chapitre Y speke of corupcioun of mynde and be causis herof ne bib nozt so stronge.

**[f. 66v]** Signa. 3if enchesoun be of euel conplexioun drye pan he hap myche wakynge and he ne hap no goode mynde of pinges pat bep present. For pan inprescioun is ful harde and he schal haue mynde of pinges longe to fore. For it is hard for to departe from drynesse.

3if it come of moysture, þan he haþ greuous slepe and myche and haþ goode mynde of þinges þat beþ present for it is lizt forto make inprescioun in moysture.

Pronosticacio. 3iff it come of euel conplexioun hoote and drye, it wole be lattre be hoole. And 3if it come in tyme of heele, it signifieb litargiam ober enpostem ober epilenciam.

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Cura. 3if it come of euel conplexioun bat is drye, ban moyste binges bib goode for hym as sleube and slepe and moyste metys, as 3elkis of ayryn and brobis of flesche and inselys. And anoynte hys hede wib oyle of almaundys bat bib swete and wib oleum sizaminum. And make a fomentacioun for his hede wib a decoccioun of malue and bismalue and barliche and camomille, mellilotum, anthos, lilij.

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So but be exposicioun of hem be hoot in tempre for to drawe moysture to be hede and berfor trauaile in tempere is goode and ffrotynge byhynde hys hede and ventosis and electuaria but bib restauratyf.

3if be cause be colde and moyste, ban bou moste be bysi bere aboute. Hys ayre schal be clere and

his house bat he is in fful of lyʒt. And ʒif bou ne myʒt haue noon hoote ayre make hyt by crafte: strawe in be house, origanum, calamentum, and ober mo. And he mote be ywar of blowynge of wynde and prinspaly of be norbe. And he mote leue as<sup>351</sup> myche as it is possible waschinges, babis, and fomentaciouns of hote water and of colde. And he ne may noʒt slepe to myche and prinspaly aday and whan he is replete. And he ne may noʒt wake to myche ffor bey dob a wey vertu. And he mote forsake in also myche as it is possible brobys and soppys and insselys and porke<sup>352</sup> bat is ffresche and al maner

fysche. And he schal vse rostyd mete as myche as it is possible. Pan go we to materialys. Defye be mater and purge hym lytel and lytel arysinge toward strengbe.

In be first bygynnynge, defye be mater in bis manere:

**94 Rx** acori, cipressi, yreos, aristologie, vtriusque calamenti, vtriusque nasturcij, **[f. 67r]** vtriusque saluie, vtriusque centauree ana  $\S$  iij, <sup>353</sup> maratri, ameos, siceleos ana  $\S$  j, mellis libra  $\beta$ , aceti albi  $\S$  ij. Make þerof a syrupe.

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Whan be mater is defyed, purge hym in bis manere:

**95 Rx** yerapigra 3 vj, pulpe coloquintide, bdellij ana grana 6. Medle hem to gedre and make þerof pelotis and þan make hym a stuwe and put þeron þe herbys þat biþ in þe syrup. And whan he goþ out of hys stuwe, 3eue hym aurea alexandrina and tyriaca ana  $\Im$  j and þan make hym capudpurgia and fomentaciouns and oþer þinges as it schal be seyde herafter.

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3if he ne be nozt profitely cured herof, þan after a fewe daies bygyn forto defye þe mater azen in þis manere:

**96 Rx** trium generum piperis ana  $\S$  ij, acori, ciperi ana  $\S$  j, mirre  $\S$   $\beta$ , [croci]<sup>354</sup>  $\S$  ij, panis  $\S$  juccare quod sufficit. And make perof electuarium.

And ban purge hym in bis manere:

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**97 Rx** yeralogodeon 3 ij, theodoriton, anacardinum  $\S$   $\beta$ . Medle hem to gedre and make þerof pelotis and þan make hym caputpurgia and oþer þinges as it is forseyde.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>351</sup> as] as is

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<sup>353</sup> See commentary

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3if he ne be noʒt ycured þerwiþ after a lytel tyme defye þe mater in þis manere:

**98 Rx** acori,<sup>355</sup> radicis ciperi, spicenardi, piperis, anisi, cimini, piperis longi, cinamomi optimi, nucis muscate, gariofilorum, cardamomi ana  $\frac{7}{3}$  ij. Make pouder þerof and put it in saue warde and lete hym vse of þis poudre erliche and late wiþ broþe of cicerum.

And ban avoyde hym in bis manere:

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99 Rx yeralogodion 3 iij, theodoriton, anacardinum 3 v. 356 Medle hem to gedre and make berof pelotis.

Pese medicynes may be makyd more ober lasse after be particulers. And ban make hym caputpurgia and styues and ober bynges as it falleb berfore.

Entende þan whan þis pascioun comiþ of terminacioun of an euel and ne wole noʒt be defyed, þan we haueþ nede forto make many avoydynges. And þan þe maner of worchynge mote be chaunged. As in þis manere, ffro feble medicynes þou moste aryse to hyer. And þan he mote vsye caputpurgia and masticatorijs of ʒinʒiberis oþer of pelettre forto drawe out watrinesse of þe hede. And þan cast in his nostrellis þe iuse of maiorana oþer of el[lern]<sup>357</sup> oþer a decoccioun of pelletre in wyn and þan late hym vse medicynes for to fnese wiþ piper and castor. And þan make hym a fomentacioun of camomille, anthos, florum vtriusque sticados and centaurie. And þan enoynte his hede wiþ oyle of lilij and castor and þan lete hym smelle ambram, storacem [f. 67v] calamita, lignum aloes. After þese, he schal vsye confeccioun of anacardinum for þat is prinspal of alle þinges for goode mynde. And þe resseyte þerof is þis:

**100 Rx** piperis, macropiperis, mirabolanum kebulorum, emblicorum, belliricorum, indorum ana ʒ ij, costi, anacardinum, ʒinʒiberis, butiri, baccarum lauri ana ʒ vj, ciperi ʒ iij. Grynde anacardos by hem self and þan þe oþer medicynes and medle hem wiþ buttre and hony ana boyled wel to gedre first. And ʒeue hyt hym after vj moneþis. Whan it is made, þou myʒt ʒeue þerof ʒ ij wiþ water of feniculi [and] apij. And lete hem be war of grete trauaile and coytu and drunkenesse.

# De Litargia non Vera, 14

Litargia bat nys nogt verray is an enpostem conpouned of colre and fleume in be hynder part of be hede.

Causa. Enchesoun of þis pascioun is drunkenesse and replecioun of mete and drinke þat biþ dyuerse hoote and colde in oon borde and kynde ne may noʒt defye ne gouerne. And þerfor, enpostemys and feuerys biþ engenderyd.

Signa. Signes of þis pascioun biþ þese. Whan fleuma meuyþ or regnyþ, þan his signes schewiþ as pesyble and ful of slepe and it semyþ þat he is dede and he schal close his yʒen to gedre. Whan colre meuyþ, þan he spekiþ of foliys as he were mad and haldiþ his yen opene and bihaldiþ<sup>358</sup> a man stikel. And after þat þe humours regniþ oþer biþ medlyd, so þe signes herof dyuersiþ.

<sup>355</sup> See commentary

<sup>356</sup> See commentary

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Litargia þat nys noʒt verray is ylike to litargia þat is verray. For in boþe be enpostemes in þe hyndere partye of þe hede and þerwiþ feuerys and forʒetynge and rotynge of mynde, but þere is difference bytwix hem. For in litargia þat is verray is enpostem of colde matere and he haldiþ allegate his yʒen close, but by hap whan he is made þan he haldiþ his yʒen open and forʒetiþ forto close hem. Jn litargia þat nys noʒt verray þe mater is allegate conpouned of contrariis and he haldiþ his yʒen allegate open and þe colure of his face chaungiþ somtyme into ledy coloure and somtyme into ʒelu. His pous is more swyfte þan in litargia þat is verray and þere is difference bytwix þis pascioun and suffocacioun of þe maris. For in þis pascioun it is possible þat he may speke and [f. 68r] in suffocacioun of þe maris<sup>359</sup> a womman ne may noʒt speke, þoʒ þey mowe huyre. And þere is difference bytwix appoplexia and epilencia. For þese þinges comeþ sodeynly, in litargia it comyþ lytel and lytel.

And pere bep opere signes comyn, as vnredy wordys and he ne may nozt wel swolowe ne drawe his brebe and of vryne.

Pronosticacio. Euery ffeuere and euery enposteme and euery conposicioun makyd of contrarijs is euel. For grete vrynes is euelnesse þerof for kynde ne may noʒt [. . .]<sup>360</sup> hym for þe contrariousnesse þerof, as in emitricijs, etc.

Cura. His dietinge and alle be medicynes schalle be medlyd rizt as be matere is conpouned. For zif oon humour haue any maystrie vppon anober, ban bou most sette medicynes berfore. And zif be humours be euene, do euene medicynes berto. And zif be ffeuere be stronge, do berto more colde binges.

In pe first bygynnynge, make hym clisterijs medled, as it is forseyde, and pan anoynte his hede wib oyle of rosis and wib aceto squillitico and pan lete hym blode and pan defye pe matere wib oximel and sirupo violato, oximel duretico and purge hym wib yerapigra, electuarium de succo rosarum and make hym fomentaciouns of rosis and violis, nenifar, camomille, mellilotum, and anthos. And schortly do alle pe pinges pat bib ysayde in litargia pat is verray, but only pe mater herof is conpouned and after conposicioun of pe matere pou most dyuerse by medicynes.

Clarificacio. Entende þat oon herof ne temperiþ noʒt þat oþer, saf boþe biþ corupt and harmyþ kynde and makiþ hyt feble and þerfor þat oon corumpiþ þat oþer and þerfore þe pascioun is þe worse.

And herof bou myzt entende bat bere is comyn medlynge of humours by wey of medlynge, as in colera citrina ober in humours aduste and bis medlynge in as myche as it is of hym self it ne makib nozt dyuerse acesynges. Pere is anober medlynge as of colre and fleume and so of ober mo and bis maner medlynge and bis makib dyuerse signes in bis pascioun.

Jn þe 2, entende þat þouʒ colde mater ne be noʒt couenable forto do þerto repercussiues by hym self, neuerþelatter, in þe first bygynnynge þey may be goode by resoun of þe enpostem and bycause of þe feuere and prinspaly in litargia þat nys noʒt verray. For þeron repercussyues biþ bettre and blodeletynge þan in litargia þat is verray.

# De Congelacione, 15, [f. 68v]

Congelacione is a pascioun off be hede byhynde. Wherfore a man lesyb his wytte and hys meuynge in alle hys body. Pis pascioun comyb of opilacyoun in be hinder parte of be brayn of euel conplexioun bat is

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maris] followed by for in bis pascioun deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>360</sup> [...] *missing word;* See commentary

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colde and drye oper of malencolie bat is colde and drye. And berfor, bis pascioun comyb to hem bat etib colde ffruytes and drynkeb colde water bere aftere and ober colde binges wharfor bere comyb opilacioun of be spiritus and makib hem grete. And be spiritus ne mowe nogt presche to lemys bat beb bynebe and so hem lackib ffelynge and meuynge.

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Signa. Signys of þis pascioun biþ whan his yzen beþ open and is in þe same manere rizt as þe pascioun come vppon him. For zif he stonde whan þe pascioun comyþ vppon hym, he schal stonde forþe alle styf. And zif he wryte, he schal sytte as þouz he were wrytynge. And zif he slepe, he schal ligge as he sleped. And zif he lokyd in þe firmament, in þe same manere he schal stonde forþe. And so of alle oþer þinges. For in þe same disposicioun þat þe pascioun fyndyþ hym, he schal abyde. And þouz þou touche hym, he not feliþ hyt, and þouz þou clepe hym, he answeriþ nozt. And þerfor, many men wenyþ whan þey seeþ a man haue þis pascioun þat he be rauesched and þat he speke wiþ God and wiþ his angelys.

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Pronosticacio. But 3if þey be achaufed and makyd moyst, þey schulleþ dye ri3t as þey were congelyd in snowe.

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Cura. Þe first counsayle is make hym stronge clisterijs and þere schal be þeron fumusterre, thumus, epithimus, cuscute, yerarufini, oleum siʒaminum. And þan frote hym on his fete and in hys handys and bynde hys hepys fast and make fomentaciouns for his hede wiþ anthos, borage, camomille, aneti and anoynte his hede wiþ oyle of lylye and oleum siʒaminum. And ʒif he may suffre hyt, defye þe mater wiþ sirupo de fumo terre and oximel squillitico and purge him wiþ yerarufini and yeralogodion. Whan we witiþ what mater is in þe cause, þan worche we after þe mater and after þe particuleris of þe pacient. Þe clarificacioun hirof is ysayde to fore, and hirafter it schal whan we spekiþ of vertue, meuynge, and felynge of þe soule.

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Clarificacio. Entende þat þouz þere be made mencioun herto fore and after þis schal of difference bytwix naturel slepe and stuporem and congelacionem and litargiam. For in alle þese **[f. 69r]** vertue of touchynge and meuynge is corupte. Alle þese semyþ slepynge. Galen spekiþ herof in fine quarti de morbo and vppon þis afforism: sompus et vigilie, etc.

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Litargira and congelacione biþ in þe hynder parte of þe hede. Naturel slepe and stupor biþ in þe forþer partye of þe hede. Þere is difference bytwix litargia and congelacione. For litargia comyþ of colde and moyste, but congelacione, þat<sup>361</sup> Galen clepiþ catalexim, comyþ of colde and drye. And þere is difference bytwix stupor and congelacione. For stupor is in þe vertue of touchynge most and congelacione is in þe vertue of meuynge. Jn congelacione, his yʒen biþ open and in stupore noʒt.

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Also, litargia and slepe makib difference. For in litargia is a feuere and in slepe nys noon and bob to may be awakyd ʒif þey be clepyd by her propre name. And þere is difference bytwixe þat and congelacione. For a man þat is<sup>362</sup> congelatus is colde and as it were in þe crampe. And þere is difference bytwix þis pascioun and apoplexia and epilencia and sincopis and causis of þe marys. For þese pasciouns ne mowe noʒt be excited, but by cure of þe anguysche. And somtyme þouʒ þey be excited, þey wolleþ anoon falle into her pascioun aʒen, but þey be contynuly excyted.

<sup>361</sup> þat] þat þat

is] preceded by hic deleted in black ink

#### De Sompno Innaturali, 16

Slepe is reuersioun of be spiryt inward wib takynge awey of witt and meuynge, but bat is necessare to be brebe.

Causa. Pe enchesoun of bis pascioun is coldenesse in be forsyde of be hede and moysture ober grete trauaile ober takynge awey of naturel hete and of spiritus. Some slepe is naturel and some is in naturel and some slepe is like to naturel slepe and some to in naturel.

Naturel slepe is reste of bestis andof naturel vertuys \for meuynge awey of naturel hete inward and be spiryt of lyf turnyb inward.

Entende þat Galen seyþ quarto de morbo þat in slepe comyn wytt is ybounde, þat is in þe forparte of þe brayn, and it is ybounde wiþ moyste fume þat is resolued in tempre of þre digestiouns. And þerfore, þey acesiþ and restiþ. Þe spiryt of ymaginacioun ne restiþ noʒt, as seyþ þe fylosophre in hys philosefye, noþer in tyme of slepe ne in tyme of wakynge. Þe spiritis of worchynge restiþ þe while a man slepiþ and þat makiþ goode digestioun and þe vertue of þe body bicomyþ þe more stronge.

3if it be swybe depe ober to longe ober in tyme bat nys not dewe, berfor [f. 69v] bat nys noon naturel slepe. For naturel slepe comyb only of moysture. Euery slepe bat ne comeb no3t herof is in naturel.

Pere is slepe þat goþ toward naturel slepe, as a man þat haþ a stronge feuere and ne may noʒt slepe, þan after crisim he slepiþ fast and longe. Þis maner slepe goþ toward naturel slepe. For in þat caas it is goode. And in tyme of hele it nys noʒt goode. Þe same manere it is after a medicyne laxatyf.

Also, bere is slepe bat is ilike to innaturel slepe, as after grete trauayle and werynesse and ober mo.

And bere is anober maner slepe bat is innatural and bere beb 4 enchesouns berof. Pe first cause is grete coldenesse wib in ober wib out bat comyb of ayre ober of wynde ober of colde medicyne itake wib in ober wib out, as opium, mandragora, iusquiamus, papauer, coriandrum, lactuca, and ober mo. Pis maner slepe is ylike to congelacione and stupor.

Pe secunde cause is grete moysture þat stoppiþ and makiþ nesche þe nerues and þat is ylike to drunkenesse.

Pe 3 is necessare coldenesse wip moysture. And 3if his brepe leue in his disposicioun, it is like to litargia. And 3if it be agreued, it is ilike to apoplexia and epilencia. In alle pese pre causys, slepe is in naturel, greuous, and depe. And pis maner depe slepe is iclepyd subet of Auicen.

Pe 4 cause may be agreuaunce of be brayn and of ober lemys and of ffallynge and compressinge of be brayn and stupor and fumys resolued and peripleumonia and pleurisis and mete bat leuib longe in be stomak. And it may come of be lyuere and of be marys. Whan euel materys bib corupt, bei ariseb to pe brayn. And it may come of agreuaunce of be spiritus.

Signa. Whan slepe is naturel wib good digestioun, he schal fele hym liʒt and gladde. And whan it is innaturel, he feliþ hym agreued and heuy. And ʒif coldenesse be in þe cause, þan he schal be colde and haue þe crampe. And ʒif it come of kynde of alle þe body, þe sauour schewiþ in his moube and his coloure bicomyþ ledy. 3if it come of moysture, þe coloure of his face schal be whyte. And ʒif he be hole, it tournyþ to rednesse. And ʒif þe causis be double, þe signes schulleþ be double. And ʒif it come of oþer lemys, þou schalt iknowe hyt by akynge of þe place. For þere þe akynge is, þere is þe pascioun.

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3if it come of be brayn, ober of any ober cause, allegate [f. 70r] be agreuaunce is in bat leme whannys be mater comyb.

Some man may doute whiche is depe slepe and greuous þat is clepyd subet, as Auicen seiþ, and þis nys noʒt ilike to apoplexia. For in apoplexia witt and meuynge biþ take awey in al þe body. And þerfor, he ne may noʒt answere noþynge and he ne may noʒt wake. But in þis pascioun he may be awaked and þe meuynges<sup>363</sup> of hym biþ more liʒt. 3if it come of sincopis of þe herte, hys face schal be like a ded manes face. Jn þis pascioun noʒt so, but to an hole mannys face and somdele swellynge.

3if it be of suffocacioun of be marys, bog humours entende he ne may nogt answere, in bis cause, he may be awaked and speke and ober signes bub sayde in be chapitre here tofore.

Pronosticacio. Euery slepe þat comyþ of grete replecioun and feblenesse of þe spiritus, oueral, it is next to deþ. For to slepe vppon þe rigge it is euel. And slepe in þe schynynge of þe mone, and prinsplay whan he schynyþ in att an hole, þat is euel. For it congeliþ blode and so seyþ Auicen for þe grete moysture. And men þat haueþ proued hyt seiþ þat ʒif þe schynynge of þe mone touche a man þat haue vlcera, it may be cause of hys deþ. Euery slepe wiþ agreuaunce in þe ende of paroxismus in a contynuel feuere is mortal. Þe significacioun of a feuer contynuel<sup>364</sup> is ful greuous for þey haueþ paroxismum in her manere. And in þe ende þerof stronge acesse scholde helpe. And ʒif it noye, it is mortel.

Euery slepe þat is longe makiþ a man able to litargiam and apoplexiam. And þerfor, Ouidius seiþ what þinge is slepe þat is depe and longe, but an ymage of deþ. And longe rest makiþ colde rest.

Cura. 3if a greuous slepe and a depe come in be first paroxismo of a feuere, bat is ful euel. Pan put be pacient in a ligt house and agreue hym and frote his hondys and his fete and lete hym smelle vynegre and anoynte hys hede wib oyle of rosis and vynegre.

3if it come of pasciouns of oper lemys, þan cure hem. 3if it come of narcotica, lete hym vse triacle. 3if it come of euel conplexioun colde, lete him vse metridatum and þis electuarium:

**101 Rx** dianthos cum musco, pocionis muscate ana  $\frac{3}{2}$  iiij. Medle hem togedre.

And lete hym smelle muscum and lignum aloes. 3if it come of moysture, he schal smelle castor and nucis muscus and make of hem oyle berof and anoynte hys hed berwip. 3if it come of bobe, as of colde and moyste, ban it ne may no3t be wibout mater. And ban do alle binges as in litargia. [f. 70v] Perfor, after vniuersal purgaciouns make hym fomentaciouns in be forpartye of his hede of ruwe, castor, euforbio, and calamentum, and ober mo. And make hym ofte agreued forto halde hym wakynge.

3if it come of replecioun of mete and drinke and goynge out of be spiritus per cas, ban bere nys no way. 3eue hym be iuse of hennys rostyd and brede wib wyn and lete hym smelle roste and alle manere swote binges and lete hym reste in pees.

Clarificacio. 3if any man doutye whaper hoot oper colde make more harme, J sey þat more harme comiþ of coldenessse for þat is a qualite doynge and moysture is a qualite sufferynge and may liztliche be amended, as seiþ Galen 7 de ingenio. But for þat he seiþ tertio de interioribus þat moysture is confusioun of þe soule in þe 2 gradu and coldenesse in þe first. And þerby it semyþ þat moysture is more agreuous. Y sey þat is for humours and for þe most part it is wiþ mater. And þerfor, it is þe more foule and so by hap it may anoye more. But by skele coldenesse harmyþ more þan moysture. And in þat

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>363</sup> meuynges] *followed by* h *deleted in black ink* 

contynuel] contytuuel

manere, depe slepe and stupor and congelacione bat comyb of colde mater bib worse ban bey bat comyb of moyste.

# De Stupore, 17

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3720 Stupor dob awey wytt and meuynge.

Causa. Pe enchesoun herof is al binge bat lettib passynge of be spiritus to be nerues.

Entende þat some men clepiþ stuporem whan wytt and meuynge is take awey. Þat nys noʒt stupor, but it is apoplexia oþer epilencia. Some men clepiþ mollificacioun stuporem, but þat nys noʒt properliche stupor, but paralisis. By stuporem, Y entende takynge awey of touchynge. And some men clepiþ hyt slepynge of a leme. Þis maner slepynge is yclepyd stupor. Þerfor, after þe chapitre of slepynge, Y sette þe chapitre of stuporem. For þey biþ ilike to gedre for he ne may noʒt fele. Þerfor, it is clepyd stuporem.

Entende þat wytt and meuynge comiþ some tyme by oon nerfe and some tyme by twayne. 3if it come by oon and þe spiritus ne mow noʒt passye sufficiauntly to þe leme, þan stupor is takynge awey of witte and felynge, and þe nerfe þat sufferiþ and noʒt þe felynge nerf, þan it perteyneþ more to þe palesy oþer to spasmum. And þan Y may sey properliche þat it nys stupor, but ʒif touchynge [f. 71r] and witt suffre for ellys þe leme ne wole noʒt slepe. And þerfor, Auicen clepiþ stuporem a pascioun of offyce. Enchesouns þat lettiþ passynge of þe spiritus to þe nerfis biþ many. Þe first is lytel hete and fewe spiritus þat ne biþ noʒt myʒty.

Pe secunde cause may be grete coldenesse wiþ in oþer wiþ out þat makiþ þe spiritus þicke and stoppiþ þe nerfe oþer prickynge of some venymouse best oþer touchynge of a fische þat is clepyd narton.

Pe 3 cause is grete drynesse bat gnawib in synewys and bat cause is ful euel.

Þe 4 cause is grete moysture þat makib opilacyoun.

Pe 5 cause is byndynge oper grete pressynge of be leme.

Pe 6 cause is opilacioun of be leme of euery humour whaber it be blode bat stoppe for gretenesse ober fleuma for his viscosite ober malencolia for hys gretenesse ober colera wib medlynge of any ober.

Pe laste cause is gretenesse and hardenesse of be nerfe.

Signa. Signes of stupor biþ open by þe schewynge of þe pacient and humours biþ<sup>366</sup> iknowe by hare propre signes.

Pis is be difference bytwix stupor and innaturel slepe. Stupor comyb wakynge and slepe nozt so. Pese binges bib ysaide to fore in be chapitre de congelacione.

Pronosticacio. Stupor þat comyþ to þe brayn, ʒif it contynuwe, it signifieþ apoplexiam oþer epilenciam. And ʒif stupor be in nucha, it signifieþ paralisym oþer spasmum. And ʒif it come in þe face, it signifieþ torturam, þat is gnawynge.

And 3 if it come in oper partijs, it signifieb quakynge oper paralisym. And 3 if stupor be contynuel, bat is euel.

Cura. Jn be cure herof, zif it come of hete, cure hym wib colde binges. And zif it come of coldenesse, cure hym wib hoote binges. And zif it come of drye, cure hym wib moyste and so of alle.

<sup>365</sup> stuporem] preceded by stupr deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>366</sup> biþ] *preceded by* br *deleted in black ink* 

And purge be humour bat is in be cause and cure hym as it is forseide in be chapitre de sompno profundo \and as it schal be seyde in capitulo de tremore. And Y ne sette nobinge special here. But 3 if it come of blode, ban lete hym blode and frote be leme ofte and lete hym vse bis naturel worchynges.

Clarificacio. Entende þat stupor scholde come **[f. 71v]** most in partijs tofore. For of þis partye comyþ most vertue of touchynge and congelacione byhynde. Congelati holdiþ allegate her yʒen open and stupidi clos.

#### De Vigilijs, 18

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Wakynge is ledynge out of be spiritus to wytte for to do workis. Entende bat some wakynges bib naturel and some innaturel. Naturel wakynge nys nobinge but be contrarye of slepe.

Naturel slepe, as it is forseide, comyb of softe moysture resolued of bre<sup>367</sup> digestiouns. And whan moysture is ywastyd, ban he schal wake and bis maner wakynge is naturel.

3if wakynge be to myche in qualite ober quantite ober ordre, þan it is sayde in naturel and þat consumyþ a mannys body and his vertues and engendriþ euel humours. And by cause of indigestioun his cause wole swelle.<sup>368</sup>

Slepe and wakynge biþ þinges naturel wiþ out whiche an hool man ne may noʒt durie. And whan þese biþ as þey scholde be he is hoole and þat kepiþ hele. And whan þese biþ as þey scholde hot be, þat makiþ sickenesse.

Causa. Enchesouns of wakyngis bib manye. Pe ffirste cause is anguysche of be soule, as wrebbe and sorowze and grete bisinesse and ober mo.

Þe 2 cause is flux of be wombe.

Þe 3 cause is a feuere and be pascioun berof.

Þe 4 cause is akynge.

Pe 5 cause is grete replecioun and drunkenesse and indigestioun and for grete fumys pat arysep vp to be hede.

Þe 6 cause is myche dryenesse in be forpartie of be hede.

Pe 7 cause is grete hete and ban be cause is hoot and drye.

Þe 8 is grete habundaunce of colera rubea in be forpartie of be hede.

Pe 9 is malencolious humour bat wexib in bat place.

Pe 10 is ffleumatik humoure, as in elde men. And þerfor, elde men wakeþ and haueþ scabbe and icchinge þat comyþ of ffleume salsum. And ʒif þat þere be oþer causis, Y leue þat þey mowe be reduced herto.<sup>370</sup>

Signa. Accidencys of be soule and flux and akynge and clerenesse of grete [f. 72r] replecioun bib yknowe by her causis. Dryenesse is knowe by ligtnesse of be hede and he ne felib neiber hete nober coldenesse.

3if be cause be hoote, bou schalt knowe by brennynge and berste. In colera rubea, his face schalle be 3elu. And 3if it be malencolie, his face schal be ledy.

<sup>369</sup> scholde] *preceded by* sch *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>367</sup> þre] *preceded by* jr *in black ink* 

<sup>368</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>370</sup> herto] *preceded by* hyt *deleted in red ink* 

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In fleume salsum, bey haueb reste and myche superfluyte comynge out of hys nose.

Pronosticacio. Wakynge in elde men in goode maner do no remedye berto.

Alle wakyngis þat biþ to myche ffebeliþ a mannys body and enfebliþ digestioun and makiþ corupt humours. And after naturel slepe comyþ goode digestioun. And þerfore, Galen seiþ vppon þat afforism: ventres yeme et vere, etc. Naturel slepe confortiþ kynde. And Auicen seiþ ʒif a man wake myche and crisis come þeruppon þat signifieþ deþ.

Cura. 3if wakynge come of pasciouns of be soule, cure hym wib gladnysse and wib instrumentes of museke for bat wolle do a wey pascioun of be soule. 3if it come of fflux of be wombe, make hym a suppositore of opium, sanguis draconis, bolus armenensis, ypoquistides. And lete hym vse bis electuarium, 3if be fflux ne come no3t of opilacioun.

**102 Rx** diacodion, diapapauer ana quarter j. Medle hem to gedre.

3if it come of a ffeuere, cure hym wib binges bat bib forsayde in be chapitre of a feuere. 3if it come of akynge, accesse be akynge wib mytigatiues and anodinis, 3if it be nede.

3if it come of grete replecioun of mete and drinke, þan ʒeue hym moyst metes and nourschynge and reste and babynge.

3iff be wakynge ne be nozt to myche, make hym babis and ban zeue hym mete and after bat lete hym slepe. For after babynge he schal liztliche slepe, but zif any euel humour defende hyt.

3if it come of drunkenesse, þan enioyne hym fastynge and abstenence and purge þe humour and lete hym smelle vynegre and sandali.

And 3 if it come of grete dryenesse, make hym moyste wib reste and metys and babis. And 3 if it come of brennynge, make hym colde wib lactuca, portulaca, and morella.

3if it come of colera, defye be matere and avoyde hym. And be same maner of malencolie and fleume salsum. Whan bese binges bib ydone, go we to binges bat makib slepe, bygynnynge at feble and goynge lytel **[f. 72v]** and <sup>371</sup> lytel to more stronge.

J suppose þat drynesse be in þe cause oþere hete or boþe. In 3 manerys or 4, it may be helpe. Þe ffirst is put a medicyne forto make slepe in hys nostralles and þe pacient schal drawe inward hys breþe. Þe secunde is wete lynnen cloþe in þe same and lay to hys forhede and hys templys. Þe 3 is make hym fomentaciouns for his hede and hys fete and for hys hondys.

In be 4, zeue electuariam and opiata and emplastris bat bib goode for bis cause.

Materialis þat biþ goode here fore biþ þese: oleum rosaceum, acetum, albumem oui, aqua rosacea, lac mulieris, oleum nenifar, rosis, violis, nenifar, folia salicis, folia canne, cucurbite, folia vitis alba, lactuca, portulaca, morella, semperviua, vermicularis, cortex cucumeris, coriandrum recens, papauer, mandragora, opium, requies, rubea trociscata, dyapapauer, camphora, sandali, camomilla, ordeum, mellilotum, succus mediani corticis<sup>372</sup> sambuci yboyled in camphora, soun of watere, meuynge of leuys þat biþ in treis, and derkenesse. And ʒif he ne slepe noʒt, lete hym bygynne forto sey hys þater noster and he schal slepe anoon.

Clarificacio. Entende þat vertue of ymaginacioun, as it is forsaide, ne restiþ noʒt noþer in slepynge nor wakynge. Þerfor, whan a man slepiþ ʒif it aryse vpwarde he schalle mete þat he makiþ verse and

and] preceded by al deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>372</sup> corticis] *preceded by* cos *deleted in red ink* 

silogimis. And 3if it go dounwarde, þan he schal haue many fantasies and many metynges þat ne biþ no3t to purpos. And for þe spiritus of ymaginaciouns falleþ more a dounward þan vpward, þerfor, þis falleþ more þan þat oþere. For it is in contynuel meuynge and ne restiþ no3t. Þerfor, Auicen seiþ sexto de naturalibus, we ne may no3t take þe wynde in þe same maner we ne mowe no3t put awey þenkynges. Men þat biþ profyte puttiþ awey euel þou3tis.

Now bodiliche vertues restib in slepe and prinsplay wib outforbe, as sizt, and huyrynge, tastynge, and felinge. And naturel werkys restib be same tyme as appetite of be stomak, and goynge to sege, and makynge watere, etc.

Jn þe 2, entende þat comyn witte is a propre pascioun of slepe, whiche is in þe herte. And þe same maner Aristotle entendiþ hyt, þouz it be prinspaly in þe brayn. And þe same maner entendiþ Galen. And ʒif þou wolt leue 'it' by alle þese likeþ me wel **[f. 73r]** þat we haueþ ysayde many þinges vppon Galen quarto de morbo.

Jn þe 3, entende þat many tymes a man haþ mynde of dremys and somtyme he forzetiþ hyt. And Auicen and Galen seiþ sexto de naturalibus, men þat biþ woned to sey soþe þe while þey wakiþ, þey haue truwe metynges in her slepe.

Jn þe  $^14'$ ,  $^{373}$  entende þat somtyme men aryseþ in her slepe and cloþiþ hem self and betiþ men þat biþ a bout hem and armyþ hem silue and lepiþ vppon an hors. And some tyme þey schetiþ an hert and passiþ by perylouse placys þat þey ne darst noʒt passe if þey were wakynge. Of suche maner men we haueþ myche herde, but Y nel noʒt alle rehersye here. In þis maner men þat slepiþ  $^{374}$  worchiþ workes of wakynge men. Þis pascioun falliþ to hem þat haueþ hote brayne and moyste. For by resoun of moyste, þey haueþ grete opilacioun. And by resoun of hete, grete ymaginacioun hotiþ þe vertue of meuynge and þat is obedient to hym and þe vertue of felynge noʒt. For vertues of meuynge biþ most byhynde and felynge most to fore. For þere is comyn wytte faste ybounde for moystenesse and so vertues of felynge ne biþ noʒt obedient to ymaginacioun, but þe vertue of meuynge is. And whan þey haueþ ygo ynowʒ, þey tourneþ aʒen to here place. And in þe morne þey wenyþ þat þey metiþ so myche. Þerfore, it is ful euel forto lyue wiþ siche men in oon house. Lete hym vse blodletynge and abstenence and he schal smelle vynegre and camphoram. And he bygynneþ to aryse in þat manere, it is goode for to bete hym welle wiþ smal ʒerdys.

Jn þe 5, entende þat opium and narcotica, and prinspaly opium, but 3 þinges byfalle oþer 4. Þe ffirst is grete nede and as it were in dispeyre.

Pe 2 is bat opium be wel refrayned wib cassialignea.

Þe þridde is take berof lytel quantite.

Þe 4 is lete it stonde lytel while vppon hys body. Þat makiþ a man slepe for it dob a wey akynge and brennynge and it soudiþ and constrayneþ. In þat manere it makiþ slepe.

Take kepe what we seyde in wakynge þat comyþ of a feuere and do þerto þat we haueþ seyde in þis chapitre. And þan by Godys helpe we may make men to slepe ryʒt wel and esyly.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>373</sup> 4] corr. by deletion of 3 in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>374</sup> slepiþ] *preceded by* workiþ *deleted in red ink* 

# De Mania et Malencolia, [19]<sup>375</sup>

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**[f. 73v]** Mania and malencolia biþ corupciouns of þe þouʒt wiþ out any feuere. Humour of malencolie schendyþ þe brayne and destorbiþ þe spiritus and makiþ þe soule derke. And þat is cause of corupcyoun of þouʒt. For þe conplexioun of þe brayne is colde and moyste by hys owne kynde. And þe spiritus biþ as þey scholde be and þe spiritus clere, þan he schal haue goode þouʒt and goode myʒt, boþe slepynge and wakynge. And þey beþ out of her kynde, þan þere comyþ many dyuerse corupciouns in dyuerse partijs. For sometyme ymaginatyf is corupt, þat is in þe forpartie of þe hede, and þan he schal be out of mynde. Galen seyþ quarto de interiobus, þere was a man þat<sup>376</sup> had þis pascioun and pollyd awey \pe<sup>/377</sup> herys of cloþis and his ffrendes seyde þat he scholde be dede. And he hym self tourned and byþouʒt hym and badde þat þey scholde helpe and he ascaped.

Somtyme is resoun yschende and oper parties beb safe. And Galen merveyled berof bere was a man in a ffenestre and asked of men bat 3ede by be wey whaber bey wolde any glasyne vessel and bey helde vp her hondes and he caste to hem glasen vessel as it were a chylde. Hys vertue of ymaginacioun nas nou3t harmed ne hys mynde ffor he knewe hys ffrendys and clepyd hem by her propre name, but hys resoun fayled ffor he ne wist wheber be vessel were brokel ober no. Somtyme be mynde is harmed and no3t ober partijs, as it is forseide de corupcione memorie, after dyuersitees of humours and dyuerse placis bat bey byb on dyuerse infecciouns and corupciouns bib engenderyd. And after bat be pasciouns haued dyuerse namys, as out of mynde, and corupcioun of mynde, and folye, and mania, and malencolia, cucubithe, seu capra, aqua mania, ypocundriata, seu mirachia, and so ober.

Pis pascioun comyb most to colrik men bat beb leene and to hem bat haueb an hote herte and in hem bat humours adust bib engenderyd.

Jn ffatte men and whyte þis pascioun comyd seelde. And þis pascioun comyþ most in heruest and in veere.

Causa. Enchesoun of þis pascioun is malencolious humour corupte þat harmyþ þe brayn. Enchesouns þat goþ to fore biþ alle þinges þat engendriþ malencolie and adustioun and corupcioun and drede and sorowæ and besynesse.

Pe secunde cause may be all maner mete þat multiplieþ malencolie, as biþ fecchis, **[f. 74r]** benys, and alle manere grewel, and brede þat is clizte, and grete wyn and trouble, and olde chese, and caulys, beof þat is olde and prinspaliche whan it is hard in salt, and harys flesche and conynges, and of a bore, and fflesche of alle maner wilde bestis. And þere biþ etyn in some regiouns ffoxis, berys, and yrchonys, and assis, and mulys, and oþer mo, of whiche Galen makiþ mynde tertio de interioribus.

Pe 3 cause may be humour corupte adust, as whan blode is aduste and tournyp into be mater of malencolie. And in be same maner colre, whaper it be naturel oper in naturel. And be same maner of malencolie bat is aduste and fleume.

Pe 4 cause may be corupcioun of digestioun in lemys and be malice of makynge clene and wibhaldynge of superfluytees. Malencoliouse mater somtyme is in be brayne and some tyme malencoliouse mater aryseb fro lemys byneb forbe, as fro be herte and be stomak and fro mirac and ypocundrijs and fro be lyuere and fro be splen. And be malencoliouse humour leuyd bere ober whan be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>373</sup> 19] 18

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>376</sup> þat] preceded by pas deleted in red ink

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lyuere nys noʒt made clene of malencoliouse humour. And it may come of retencyoun of menstruorum and emoroydarum. And somtyme humour of malencolie ariseþ fro þe fete and of partijs byneþe. And Auicen seyþ þat þis pascioun comeþ somtyme of þe deuel. But in what maner þat þe cause be, myddel cause þerof is malencolie.

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Signa. Some bey beb vniuersal and some particuler and some bib prouay and some open and some fulfilled.

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Prouay signes of mania þat is to come: whan a man ymagineþ oþer þenkiþ of þinges þat he ne scholde noʒt þenke and bileuyþ þat þinge to be goode þat is noʒt. And ʒif þat he deme þat þinge be honest þat nys noʒt and hym þenkeþ þat he may take þinges þat biþ inpossible and he iugiþ euel þinge þat scholde be naturel, whaþer it be in tyme of slepe oþer wakynge, and whan he haþ dyuerse ffantesyes and horrible. Oþer ʒif hym þenkiþ in hys slepe þat he yseeþ deuelys oþer blacke monkys oþer men an honge oþer dede men and oþer þinges ylike herto. And some tyme he lauʒiþ and some tyme wepiþ and drediþ of þinge þat nys noʒt to drede and is myry for þinge þat he ne scholde noʒt.

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Signes þat biþ open biþ whan he seiþ **[f. 74v]** wiþ hys mouþe alle þinges þat he þenkiþ in herte and studieþ by hym self and spekiþ nyse wordys þat ne haueþ no<sup>378</sup> vaile and he ne ffolewiþ noʒt hys wordys þat he bigynneþ and he ne can noʒt reherce wordys þat he bygynneþ.

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Signes bat beb ffulfilled is whan his conseyuynge is corupt and binge bat he spekib and benkib he wole doon in dede and walkib hyder and byder as dob cucubithe, of whiche Auicen makib mynde. Cucubithe is a maner of reyne bat gob vppon waterys and welles and hab longe legges and whan he bygynneb for to go toward on syde or his cours be fulfilled he tourneb azen and so of alle be weyes bat he makib. And bis is clepyd propreliche capra aqua and cucubithe. And berfor, whan a man gob in bat manere ober spekib nycely, he may be clepyd be same manere. And whan alle bis desseyuynge is fulfilled and meuynge of his honden and of hys fete and his tunge and yzen, ban bey bib eritikes and ban bey nellib neuer halde oon wey ne oon ordre.

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General signes bib pese: propreliche, alle malencolici haueb he nezborys in hate and pey fleeb be company of men and pey leuyb in continuel sorowe. And bis techib Galen in fine quarte particule de morbo. Jt nys no mervayle bouz malencolici drede, ffor bey berib<sup>379</sup> wib hem contynuelly enchesoun of drede for her soule is wrapped in [derkenesse]. Perfore, bey dredib as childerne and folys bat bib agarst in derkenesse anyzt. Hardy men ne bib nozt so. Ypocras seib bat drede and sorowze, zif it derib longe tyme, it makib malencolicum. And bey dredib allegate and longe drede makib malencoliam.

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It is goode for be war of þis pascioun. For þey ne mowe noʒt worche riʒtfully, ne entende, ne speke, ne rede, ne teche, and þere biþ oþer signes in dyuerse partijs. And þerof Galen spekeþ quarto de interioribus. Some men weneþ þat God Almyʒty bicomyþ olde and þat angel meueþ alle þe worlde and hem þenkiþ þat þey schul be adreynte. And some wenyþ þat þey be a cocke and crowiþ and meueþ her armes as it were wynges. And some of hem semyþ þat þey seeþ glasen vessael and erþen and biþ agarst [f. 75r] ffor to touchye hyt and rennyþ away. And some semyþ þat þey biþ profytes and þey beþ enspyred wiþ þe Hole Goost and bygynneþ to make proficye and telliþ of many þinges þat schulleþ come

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>378</sup> no] *preceded by* nober *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>379</sup> beriþ] *preceded by* br *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>380</sup> derkenesse] drunkenesse

of be worlde and of Antecryste. And so of ober binges bat ne mowe nogt be noumbred and alle bis day ne wolde nogt suffice for to speke berof.

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Blode. Special<sup>381</sup> signes beb bese: 3 if it come of blode, he wole lawae and his yaen rede and his veynes fulle and many causes of blode gob to fore.

Collere. And 3if it come of colere, it is clepyd mania and þan þey wolleþ lepe and loke wildeliche and some men clepiþ hyt demonium lupinum.

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Malencolie. 3if it come of malencolie, he hab grete sorynesse and drede and euel bouztis.

Fleume. 3if it come of ffleuma, bey haueb myche slepe.

Entende þat whan þe brayn is drye, þan his hede is lizte and he þirstiþ and wakiþ myche and haþ lytel superfluyte in hys yzen and in hys nose. And zif it come of moysture, þat he<sup>382</sup> haþ moystenesse and agreuaunce in his hede and ful of slepe and haþ many superfluytees in his nose and in hys yzen and lytel birst.

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3if it come of partijs bynebe, ban in be leme bat it comeb of is agreuaunce and akynge. And 3if it come of alle be body, he schal haue tremblynge and cardiacle. And 3if it come of be stomak, he schal haue myche wynde and nausea. And 3if it come of mirac and ypocundrijs, ban he schal haue swellynge and gnawynge. 3if it come of be lyuere, he shal haue akynge in be rizte syde. And 3if it come of be splen, in be lifte syde. And 3if it come of partijs bynebe forbe, bere wole be akynge in be place. And 3if it come of wibhaldynge of menstruorum ober emoroydis, bat we may wite by schewynge of be pacient.

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Pronosticacio. Þis pascioun wiþ lauʒinge is lest agreuouse. And ʒif mania come after crysim in a feuere agu wiþ oþer gode signes, he schal ascape. And if þey be euel signes, it signifieþ deþ. ʒif vlcera come to hym in his face and in his ffete, it signifieþ deþ and in curable. And ʒif maniacus lese alle his appetite, he ne may noʒt ascapye for þe malice of þe pascioun and leuynge of hys mete. Also, longe as þou yseeste maniacus loke wildeliche, he nys noʒt cured. Whan varices comyþ to mania oþer flux of emoroydis oþer ydropic[i], 383 þan þey biþ cured.

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Cura. Þe first **[f. 75v]** þat<sup>384</sup> ffalliþ in þis cure is ioye<sup>385</sup> and mirþe ffor þe moste þynge þat noyeþ hem is sorowze and bysynesse. Þerfor, his house schal be clere and ful of lizte wiþ out peynture and þere schulleþ be manye swot þinges and þey þat leuyþ wiþ hym schulleþ be ffayre. And swiche men as<sup>386</sup> he drediþ and is aschamyd of hem, zif he do any þinge but goode oþer speke any ffolijs and þey schulleþ byhote hym many gewellys þat biþ fayre and bringe to fore hym and he schal haue mynstrelcye of musik and alle maner þinges þat reioysiþ þe herte. 3if þis pascioun of ioye and to myche gladnesse þat comyþ sodeynly as zif hym come tydinges þat he schal haue a grete dignite oþer any of his ffrendes, þan it is goode ffor to make hym sory of þe same þinge.

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Jn þe 2, moyste þinges biþ goode in þis pascioun, ʒif it come of dryenesse.<sup>387</sup> And þere for, slepe and reste biþ goode for hym and baþis to fore mete and moyste metys þat ne stoppiþ noʒt. Hennys and capouns biþ goode ffor hym and a lombe þat is 12 moneþis olde, clere wyn and sotil, and fisches þat biþ

<sup>3970</sup> 

<sup>381</sup> Special] preceded by S deleted in red ink

he] followed by *he* deleted in black ink

<sup>383</sup> ydropici] ydropicum

pat] þat þat

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>385</sup> ioye] *preceded by* noye *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>ີ້</sup> as] as as

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>387</sup> come] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

fulle of schellys pat comyp of clene watere, rere eyryn, and brede of whete wel ybake and wel yleueyned wip temperate quantite of salt, and al pinge brefliche pat makip be body moyste for pat is be most parte of be cure.

Entende þat ʒif mania come of opilacioun oþer of corupcioun of fleume, þan þey scholde be made clene first. And þan amidum nys noʒt goode for hem for it stoppiþ.

Dietynge. Jn be birde, he mote forsake alle binges bat engenderib malencoliam, whaper it be naturel ober in naturel. And he schal leue clizt brede and newe wyn and trouble and alle maner grete wyn and ffacchis and benys and alle maner grewel, olde chese, beof and alle metis bat engendrib malencolie, and metis bat brennib humours. And berfor, bey schal leue alle salte binges and scharpe and alle binges bat be scharpe of sourenesse. And he schal leue al maner trauaile and wrebbe and coitus and ober mo.

Jn be 4, go we to materialis. Mania bat comib of hote cause, in be first bigynnynge, do berto repercussiues and confortatiues and binges for to make hym slepe. And berfore, enoynte his hede wib oyle of rosis and [f. 76r] vynegre and violis and nenifar and oyle of wiby and cucurbite, papauer, and aceto squillitico, camomelle, mellilotum. And 3if be cause be colde, do a wey bus and do berto anthos, sticados, camomille, mellilote, acetum squilliticum, and ober binges bat bib hote and no3t to myche hote. And ban frote him and binde his hepis and armys harde and ban make hym clisterijs. And 3if be cause be hoote, do berto electuarium de succo rosarum. And if it be colde, yerapigra, sticados, anisum, and ober after be mater. For Y nelle no3t sette here be materialys of clisterijs. And ban cure hym after be humour bat is in be cause. And he ne be not obedient, binde hym bat he ne do hym self noone harme ne none ober man and blyndfalle hym.

3if be cause come of blode, lete hym blode in sophenis bat be mater be ydrawe to placys bat bib ferre and ban lete hym blode in be lyuere vayne for to delyuere a wey his replecioun. And ban lete hym blode in be vayne bat is bytwixe be bombe and be nexte fingre berto. And ban in be hed vayne bat is in be arme, zif it be nede and zif he may endure hyt. And purge hym wib cassiafistula, manna, tamarindis, epithimo, and water of chese.

3if be mater come of colere, defye hyt in bis manere:

**103 Rx** endiuie, scariole, lactuce ana  $\S$  ij,  $s[u]cci^{388}$  boraginis,  $s[u]cci^{389}$  fumiterre,  $s[u]cci^{390}$  buglosse,  $s[u]cci^{391}$  pomorum dulcium ana libra  $\beta$ , aceti squillitici  $\S$  iij, panis  $\S$  uccare libra  $\beta$ . Make herof a syrupe and clarefye hyt. Pan purge hym wib mirabolani citri and indis, thimo, and folijs sene, and water of chese. And do so many tymes.

3if it be nede and 3if he ne be noʒt cured herwiþ and þe pascioun bycome harde, þan avoyde hym wiþ electuarium de succo rosarum and yerarufini yscharpid wiþ diagridium and mastik. Þese stronge medicynes ne schulleþ noʒt be ʒeue or þat many liʒt be ʒeue to fore.

3if be matere come of malencolie, defye hyt in bis manere:

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<sup>388</sup> succi] sicci

succi] sicci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>390</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>391</sup> succi] sicci

**104 Rx** radicis feniculi, petroselini, brusci, sparagi, graminis ana  $\S$  j, succi boraginis, s[u]cci<sup>392</sup> scabiose, s[u]cci<sup>393</sup> lappacij acuti, s[u]cci<sup>394</sup> fumiterre, s[u]cci<sup>395</sup> buglosse, s[u]cci<sup>396</sup> mellisse ana  $\S$  iij, aceti albi<sup>397</sup>  $\S$  ij, foliorum sene, epithimi ana  $\S$  iij, mellis roset libra j and β. Make a sirupe and clarefie hyt and purge hym wiþ mirabolanis indis and belliricis and emblicis and epithimo and leuys of sene and lapidis laʒuli and lapidis armenici. And apparelle hem as it falliþ þerfor and ʒeue<sup>398</sup> hym hirof many tymes.

And whan **[f. 76v]** bis pascioun is bicome harde, zeue hym yeralogodion and yerarufini and so lytel and lytel go to stronger medicynes.

3iff be mater come of fleume, bouz it ffalle late, defye be mater in bis manere:

**105 Rx** radicis apij, brusci, sparagi, graminis, scolopendrie, anisi, maratri, spicenardi, squinanti ana  $\S$  j. And do þerto þe forseyde iuse of herbis and hony and make a syrupe. And þan purge hym wiþ mirabolanis kebulis, indis, polipodio, agarico appareyled as it falliþ for hem wiþ<sup>399</sup> repressyues and ʒeue hym þerof many tymes, 3if it be nede.

And 3if bis bicome harde, purge hym wib more stronge medicynes, as wib ierapigra, yerarufini<sup>400</sup> scharped wib pulpa coloquintida. Or apparayle be mater in bis maner: take rotis of fenel ober of persyle and larde hem wib ellebre and lete hem stonde vnder be [erthe] 40 daies and make berof oximel and lete hym vse herof.

Jn be laste, whan alle binges faileb, [schaue]<sup>401</sup> his hede and kutte beron be maner of a croyse and make many cauterijs. For wib out any drede, bis wole make be humour passe out.

J sawe a man þat had þis pascioun and he was wonded in þe hede wiþ a swerde and his sculle was to broke. As longe as þe wounde was open, so longe he was cured. And as sone as þe wounde was hole, he ffelle in mania azen. And Y suppose ʒif his wounde hadde be holde open and he hadde medicynes þat biþ forsaide þat he sc[h]olde<sup>402</sup> be hoole.

3if mania come ffor enchesouns wip outforp, as of smytinge, ffallynge, and oper mo, ban make hym clisterijs and lete hym blode and conforte his hede wip oleum rosaceum and aceto and womman mylke. And whan his body is made clene make ffomentaciouns  $for^{403}$  his hede wip camomille, mellilotum, anthos, sticados, etc.

3if it come for arysynge of ffumis vpwarde, þan make him remedijs after þe particlis of þe pacient. 3iff it come of þe herte, zeue hym þese electuaria:

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succi] succi]

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**106 Rx** dyacameron, dyarodon, julij, diamargariton, dya ambra, leticia Galen, pliris cum musco, dya anthos ana.

And so of obere medicynes bat falleb ffor be herte, as spodium, ambra, lignum aloes, aurum foliatum, buglossa ben album and rubeum, margarite, os de corde cerui, doro[nicum], doro[nicum], ogimum, semen maiorane, semen basiliconis, croco, do ober mo.

3if it come ffro be stomak and vpodrijs and [...]

Missing the end of De Mania et Malencolia and all of Chapter 20 (De Amore Hereos). Summaries of the missing materials follow.

#### [De Mania et Malencolia]

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See commentary. One recipe is provided to comfort the stomach.

#### [De Amore Hereos, 20]

De Amore Hereos is lovesickness caused by the melancholic humour. Signs of this condition include insomnia, refusal to eat or drink, affliction in the whole body (except for the eyes), deep thoughts, and sighs of mourning. If they listen to sad songs about lost love, they immediately begin to weep and mourn; alternatively, if they hear about a loving union, they immediately begin to sing and laugh. The pulse is diverse and out of order, but quick if the person the patient loves is named or seen. If relief is not provided, the patient is liable to succumb to madness or death. If the patient is reasonable, remove the false imaginations by talking with the patient. If the patient is unreasonable, then the patient should be flogged. It is also advised to change the regimen. The patient should be among friends, go to pleasant places (meadows, mountains, streams), and listen to musical instruments. Six points of clarification are given, such as the positive effects of coitus, wine, and bathing in treating this illness.

## [De Ebrietate, 21]

[f. 77r] Ebrietas, bat is drunkenesse, is a pascioun of be brayn ffor grete fumys bat bib resolued of wyn.

<sup>404</sup> doronicum] doromitus

<sup>405</sup> croco] crocour

Causa. Whan wyn is take in myche quantite oper in stronge qualite ban be vertue of digestioun of be stomak and of be lyuere ne mowe nost ouercome byt ne defye byt and ban it resolueb into fumys and aryseb to be brayn and nescheb be nerues and distorblib be instrumentis of be brayne and of al be body, as ymaginacioun and mynde. For bis ffume<sup>406</sup> is a schawe to a mannes wytte as is a cloude to be sunne and bis pascioun is like to folye and wodenesse.

Signa. Þe ffirst leme in whiche þat it schewiþ on is þe tonge for many nerues þat biþ þeron. And berfor, bey spekib stamerynge and ban his ober lemys bygynneb to quake and faile and so be ober signes.

Pronosticacio. 3if a man contynue bis longe it ne may nozt be but he deye ober haue apoplexiam ober epilenciam ober be palesye ober quake ober be goutis. For bouz wyn<sup>407</sup> be hoot, zitt it may be cause of colde pasciouns, as Galen seib secundo de morbo.

Cura. Pe cure herof is 3 if he be of hoote conplexioun, do colde binges to his hede, as oleum rosaceum, acetum, nenifar, and ober mo.

3if his conplexioun be colde, do perto hote pinges in tempre, as camomille, mellilote, anthos and oper mo. Lay hem to his hede and make hym clisterijs and frotynges in his hondys and in his fete and lete hym vse stiptica. 3if he be of colde conplexioun, he schal drinke be iuse of mente and absinthium. And 3 if he be hoote, lete hym take be iuse of caulium and citoniorum. And bis cure is sayde in be akynge of be hede. Perfor, Y nelle speke no more berof.

Clarificacio. Þat drunkenesse and happys þat fallyþ þerto biþ dyuerse in dyuerse men. Þey þat haueb an hoot stomak schulle first be drunke and so be cured berof. And be contrarie is of colde.

Jn be same maner it is of conplexioun hoote and colde in be brayn. Grete wyn makib drunke lattre and is worse to cure. Sotil wyn makib raber drunke and raber is cured.

Happis of bis pascioun beb dyuerse after dyuersite of conplexioun. For sanguinei, whan bey beb drunke, bey lawzeb and walkib hider and byder, as it were in folye.

Collerici telliþ myche and walkiþ and rennyþ as þei be wode, but fleumatik men bycomeþ slepy and heuy.

Malencolici bicomeþ sory and bygynneþ to wepe. And þey þat haueþ a colde stomak [f. 77v] haueb hed akynge berwib, but bey slepib more ban. Whyte wyn and clene makib<sup>408</sup> rabest drounke and first is cured. And bey bat haueb an hoote stomak and colde brayn bib sone drunke.

Jn be 2, entende bat bere bib many binges bat makib a man as he were drunke, as ale in whiche is nigella and in brede for it makib a man heuy and slepy as he were drunke for it makib many vapours, but [ptisana]<sup>409</sup> ne dob not so for be grete goodenesse of his decoccioun.

Jn be 3, entende bat to drunken men and to hem bat haueb a feble hede and ful of humours indigest, hem semyb bat about be lizte of a candele is a grete whele of dyuerse coloures and bat is for be spiritus of lyzt bib distourbled.

In be 4, entende bat Galen seyb bat is goode forto be onys drunke in a moneb, nogt for be drunkenes, but for to make hym cast and swete and go to sege. And bese binges makib be body clene.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>406</sup> ffume] *preceded by* pa *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>407</sup> wyn] wyyn

makiþ] makiþ makeþ

<sup>409</sup> ptisana] siʒanna

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J sey bat bere bib many ober purgaciouns bettre ban bis. For a man bat caste myche may take apoplexiam<sup>410</sup> and berfor me binkib bat it is goode for to done a wey.

Jn be 5, entende bat as Galen seib in de complexionibus, bat turneb into hete \and and and approximate in the spiritus is wyn bat tourneb sincopin, as Galen seib tertio de ingenio, and somtyme it dob many helpys bat is sobe 3if it be take in tempere. And whan it is take to myche, it makip<sup>412</sup> many harmes. Pe ffirst for it filleb be hede wib vapours and so it disturbib be soule and alle his werkes, but by resoun of indigestioun it turnyb into sauour of vynegre and smyteb be nerues and so it is enchesoun of paralisis.

In be 6, for it makib rawe medicynes presche to lemys and so it is cause of be goute rigt as wyn is fyn triacle whan it is take in tempere, rizt so it is venym whan it is take to myche.

Jn be last, entende bat coitus in be ende of bis pascioun, 3if his body be makyd clene, to hem bat haueb leue is goode, so bat it be taken in tempere.

# De Frenesi, [22]<sup>413</sup>

Frenesis is an hote aposteme in be vilmis of be brayne engenderyd.

Causa. Pe enchesoun herof is clene colere oper ebulcioun of blode in pe body oper in pe lyuere. Pe cause goynge to fore may be a zonge colrik man and somer tyme and he trauaileb in caniculer daies and stondib in be sunne his hede vnkeuered and he hab myche [f. 78r] ffast and etib hote metys bat makib be body hote and drye.

Off ffrenesis, some is verray and some is nozt verray. It is verray whan colera rubea clene oper colera rubea adusta oper vapour of blode boylynge in be lyuere and in be body, bey gaderib hem to gedre in be brayne about be vilmys ober in be substaunce of be marows and bere bey makib an enpostem to whiche folewip a contynuel feuere oper a brennynge ffor noblete of pe leme and disposicioun of be matere.

Frenesis bat is nogt verray is engendered of colera citrina ober bere folewib him a feuere, as terciana, causon, enpostem of be lounges, of be syde and diaffragma, and of be stomak, and of be maris, and so of ober<sup>414</sup> parties.

Signa bib bese: contynuel feuere, out of mynde, brist, wakynge, blackenesse of tunge, and meuyb vnstilly wip his fete and his hondis and wip alle hys body, and allegate talkynge, and harde accidencys berwib.

In ffrenesy bat nys nozt verray alle bese signes bib more in reste.

Pronosticacio. Frenesis sleeb in alle hys kynde. Some is in be substaunce of be marowa, and bat is worst of alle, and ban bat is in pia matre, and ban bat is in dura matre.

Frenesis þat comyþ of colera rubea clene adust, þat is þe worste of alle. And þan þat comyþ of blode and ban bat comyb of colera citrina and so of al be obere.

Signes of deb bib bese. First, whan his vryne is ycoloured and now whyte and bynne, and contynuely out of hys wytte, and contynuel wakynge, and 3if his vryne and goynge<sup>415</sup> to sege be wib

<sup>414</sup> oþer] oþerþer

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>410</sup> apoplexiam] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

and] corr. by deletion of of in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>412</sup> makiþ] makiþ makiþ

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>413</sup> 22] 21

goynge] preceded by conty deleted in black ink

halde, and zif his leggys swelle bat he may nozt folde hem he ne may nozt vndo hem azen, and zif bere aryse a bladdre in hys bombe, and 3if sincopin come to hym. 3if bese signes schewib, deb sittib on his fete; be leche ban leue hym.

Cura. 3if bese signes of deb ne schewye nozt, jn be ffirst bygynnynge, zif be particuleris acorde, lete hym blode in be hede vayne til he swoune almost, zif his vertue may bere hyt, and ban in be veynes bat bib vppon his nose. And ban take swynes here and make his nose blede wib inforbe and ban lete hym blode in hys forhede and ban frote hym and make hym clisterijs and ban lay colde binges to his hede, as oleum rosaceum, acetum, aqua rosacea. And 3if it [f. 78v] be nede to haue stronger, take be iuse of oon herof oper manye: lactuca, portulaca, cucurbita, semperviua, morella, papauer album. And wete heron flex oper wolle and lay vppon his hede flache and to his templys and to his forhede and contynue hyt 24 houres fro be bygynnynge. And lete hym vse bis sirupe:

**107 Rx** s[u]cci<sup>416</sup> lactuca, s[u]cci<sup>417</sup> cucurbite, s[u]cce<sup>418</sup> portulaca, lentiginis, aqua ana libra β, quatuor semina frigidorum, semen papaueris albi ana 🖁 j, vini malorum granatorum 🖁 iij, omnium sandalorum 🤻 iij, zuccare libra j. Make a syrupe and clarefy hit.

Purge hym wib bis decoccioun and in be ffirst bygynnynge to fore defyinge of be mater:

108 Rx florum boraginis, florum violarum ana 3 j, prunorum 20. Sebe hem and resolue beron cassiafistula, tamarindis ana 3 j. 3eue hyt hym to fore day.

3if him no mete and, 3if it be any nede, 3eue hym crommys of brede ywett in water 419 and 3if hym water of barlige yclensed, iiij semina frigidorum maked clene and tempered wib almande milke ober wib wyn of mala granata and sugre wib a lytel water of rosis. Ober make bis confeccioun wib water of limonum and sugre.

3if bis pascioun be confermed, bat bou schalt wite 3if his wodnesse acesib no3t and he wakib allegate, ban leve bou no colde binge to his hede nober in dede ne in poer, but take quycke cattys and kutte hem by be rigge and lay al hoote to his hede. And whan bat bygynneb for to be colde, take anober. And 3if bou ne my3t no3t fynde so many, take cockys, ffor bey bib as goode, and be lounges of a weber take al hoote. And bese bib be last remedies.

His house schal be colde. Springe hyt wib colde watere and vynegre and wib water of rosis and he schal haue many colde herbis and flouris, as nenifar, folia vitis alba, salicis, cannarum, rosis, and violis. 3if he ne may nogt slepe, lete hym vse dyapapauer and make a fomentacioun to hys hede wib papauer, rosis, pouder of papy seed. Medle hem to gedre wib mylke of a womman ban nourschinge a mayde childe and wasche his moube wib water and vynegre and put psillium in sachelle and lay vppon his tunge ywet in colde watere and anoynte his chekebone bynebe and his brote and his pyse wib bis oynement:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>416</sup> succi] sicci <sup>417</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>418</sup> succe] sicce

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>419</sup> water] *preceded by* wyn *deleted in black ink* 

**109** Rx dyadraganti frigidi infusi in aqua rosacea, muscilaginis psillij made in wyn of mala granata. Clense hem [f. 79r] and do þerto ffarina papaueris albi, oleum rosaceum, and acetum, cera, and fiat vnquentum.

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Agen blackenesse of be tunge and brennynge anoynte wib out and do berto ober binges bat bib ysayde in bis boke. And lete hym holde in his moube folia portulaca, vppon hys tunge gobettys of applys ykutte bynne. And whan bey bygynneb for to keuery, digt hym as a man bat is keuerynge.

3if he haue parafrenesis cure hym riʒt<sup>420</sup> as þis and þe placys wharof it comyþ. 3if it come for defaute of wytte, ffrote hym aboute pecten and make embroca wiþ water of camomille, anthos,

4155 sticados, menstastri, mente. And he ne may haue no reste and be al wode, lete bynde hym so þat he ne haue noon harme ne none men þat biþ aboute hym whan he is lete blode.

Whan he akeuereþ, lete hym vse baþis and þinges to make hym slepe and þinges þat biþ lyʒt for to defye. Frenesis somtyme is medled wiþ mania lupina. And þan his pascioun is horrible ffor þan he wole cleme by wallys. 3if it be medled, cure hym after þe particuleris þat biþ forseyde ffor it \were^{/421} to longe to telle hem alle.

Clarificacio. Entende pat a mannys brayne and bonys mowe be apostemed, pouz Damascenus sey pe contrarie, and pe resoun herof is ffor al pinge pat may swelle ffor nourschemente may be enpostemed. And poz brayn be moyste and watry, it may swelle. And perfore, it may be enpostemyd.

Jn þe 2, entende þat enpostemys of þe brayn biþ curable wiþ repercussyues and evaporatyues and wiþ þingis þat remeueþ þe mater away fro þe place. And þouz þere be þeron quyttour oþer vyris, kynde<sup>422</sup> may purge hyt awey by þe noseþirles wiþ out any felynge.

Jn þe 3, entende þat in ffrenesi, þouz it come of colera rubea, blodeletynge is goode. Þoz men sey nay, Y sey it may be goode by resoun of replecioun ober of enpostem ober by resoun of þe feuere ober by resoun of akynge. For it makiþ colde and draw[iþ]<sup>423</sup> awey þe mater and it is goode azen rotynge. Neuerþelatter, zif he be myche replete for boylynge of blode [f. 79v] in þe lyuere, þan blodeletynge in þe arme is goode, but properly it semeþ bettre in þe hed vayne. And Galen in Regimento in þis particle: quando dolor ad spatulas, etc. But in þis caase, he letyþ blode þe hed vayne for þat vayne goþ out of vaynes þat norschiþ þe partijs of þe hed. Þerfor, it avoidiþ replecioun of þe hed and drawiþ awey þe mater. Þerfor, it is goode in þe hed vayne.

3iff ffrenesis come ffor boylynge of blode in be lyuere, lete hym blode in basilica. And 3if it ne be no3t so, lete hym blode in be hede vayne and so of alle ober causys.

Jn þe 4, entende þat colde þynges in þe ffirst byginnynge mow be do to him. For þey puttiþ awey þe mater and confortiþ þe leme. Þerfor, oleum rosaceum is goode þerfor and vynegre and oþer þinges þat biþ forsaide.

Jn be laste, entende bat in ffrenesi whan it is confermed, bouz bou do al bese medicynes to hym, jt ne availeb nozt, but bey makib colde be matere and puttib out vapours. And it is so myche be bettre zif be iuse of ache be medlyd berewib.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>421</sup> were] *corr. by deletion of* wel *in red ink* 

<sup>422</sup> kynde] preceded by g deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>423</sup> drawiþ] drawiþiþ

# De Sternutacione, [23]<sup>424</sup>

Sternutacione, bat is fnesinge, is a natural meuynge of be brayn for to put out mater bat harmyb.

Causa. Enchesoun hirof comyb wib out ober wib in. 3if it cause wib outforbe, bat may be pouder of ffrotynge ober be sunne. 3if it come of causis wib in, ober it is naturel ober violent. It is naturel whan bere is any euel matere in be brayn, ban be vertue bat is sensible felyb hyt and meuyb be vertue of be soule for to put hyt out. And berfor, bis puttynge out wib grete soune is clepyd sternutac[io], 425 of whyche spekib Galen quinto de morbo and seyb bat is no meuynge of euel, but of kynde.

Pe material cause is humour vaperous by wey of reume pat agreuep be brayn. And somtyme it comyp of plurisis and somtyme of peripleumonia. Whan bey arysep to be brayn, bey makip corisam. And bis maner meuynge may be a meuynge of euel.

Pese signes bib open and ne mow no3t be prouay. For bere is grete soun beron whan it passib by strayte placys.

Pronosticacio. Ypocras seiþ **[f. 80r]** in pronosticacioun ffnesynge wiþ a reume is euel and ffnesynge in euery sikenesse is euel and properly of þe rybbis and of þe longys.

Entende þat ffnesynge is in þe first bygynnynge of pasciouns wiþ a reume oþer in þe ende and wiþ out reume. 3if it be wiþ a reume, it is allegate euel in what place so it be. 3if it come in þe ende oþer whan þe sikenesse goþ a weyward, þan it is goode and prinspaly 3if þe pascioun be deplyche, as Galen seiþ in Pronosticacioun vppon þis particle: sternutacio, etc. Jtem, sternutacio is goode to put out secundina and a dede childe ffor it is an hoot meuynge þat smyteþ hard a dounward. And in a sikenesse, 3if þou make stronge medicynes ffor to fnese and he ne ffnese no3t, þan þe nede is isped of þe pacient.

Cura. 3if it come of primityf causis it may ligtly be cured. Whan be cause is remeued, gif it be hoote, anoynte his nostrelles and his templys wib oyle of rosis, violis, and nenifar. And gif it come of coldenesse, do it wib oleum camomille and nigella. And gif it come of an hote reume, fume hym wib rosis, sandali, aqua rosaceum, and aceto and ober mo. And gif it come of a cold reume, fume hym wib ladanum, ambra. Entende bat in euery reume it is bettre for to make hym swe[te] smellynges. Alle his metis bat he etib schulleb be hoote. Wibhaldynge of be brebe is goode berfore and corisa and prinspaliche in a colde cause.

Clarificacio. Entende þat basilicon and oþer þinges þat smellyþ swete<sup>426</sup> and biþ hote and resoluynge mow be goode in fnesinge, oþer it comyþ of a reume oþer of euel conplexioun oþer coriʒa is goynge a weyward and it may come of colde cause. And þan þis may availe to drawe awey þe breþe and conforte and make hoote. Herafter we wolleþ speke of þis matere in þe chapitre de egritudinibus narium.

## De Jncubo, [24]<sup>427</sup>

Incubus is a fantasye in slepe bat pressib be body and agreueb and dob awey meuynge and speche.

Causa. Jncubus is a name of a deuel. And þerfor, olde men seieþ þat whan jncubus is directe vppon a mannys body and prinspaly whan he slepiþ vpward, corupcioun falliþ on hym þat hym semeþ

sternutacio] sternutaco

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>424</sup> 23] 22

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>427</sup> 24] 23

bat he schal [f. 80v] be abraste. And zif it come to childeryn soukynge, ofte tyme bey dyen beron and for bey ne mowe nozt suffre so grete corupcioun. And bis is opinyoun of philosofres. Comyn men seyen bat it is an olde womman bat tredib a man. And it nys nozt so. Jncubus comyb somtyme of causis wibout and somtyme of causis wib in. 3if it come of causis wib out: 3if a man slepe and bere come sodeynly colde vppon hys hede bat pressib and stoppib ober whan eny man slepib vppon grete replecioun of mete and drinke.

Causis wibin is vapour corupt and resolued of humours bat stoppib and agreuyb be brayn and be herte so bat be spiritus ne mowe nogt plenerly go in al be body. And for bey faileb first in fete and hondis; perfor, it semyb be pacient bat it bygynneb first atte fete litel and lytel and after bat it occupieb alle be body. After bat be vapours agreueb. And berfore, bey spekib in her slepe derkely and cryeb after helpe as wel as he may speke. And he schal be sore agarst and bat is for fummis bat bib corupt and derkib be spiritus, whiche ffume comyb of blode and somtyme of colera grossa and somtyme of fleume and somtyme of malencolie.

Signa. Signes of his pascioun bib iknowe by he pacient. Signes of humours bib ofte ysaide.

Pronosticacioun. To what man bis pascioun comyb ofte, but he be cured berof, he schal falle in apoplexiam oper epilenciam oper spasmum oper paralisim oper in sodeyn deb. And zif bis come be while a man wakib, bat is worst of alle. And zif he swete bereafter a colde swoot and his herte quake, it is euel.

Cura. Jn be first bygynnynge to what man bat bis pascioun is ywoned for to come, he mote haue a prouay falle for to wake hym anone whan he huyreb hym ffalle in his slepe, ban he schal awake hym and frote hys hondys and his fete and his hede harde and sprenge hys face wip watere of rosis and make hym cast and zeue hym dya anthos wib musco ober dya ambra.

3if it come of grete coldenesse of be hede, anoynte hym wib oleum laurinum, costino, rutaselino, and ober mo.

3if it come of grete replecioun of be stomak, make hym caste and clisterijs and abstenence.

3if it come of blode, lete hym blode. And 3if it come of oper humours, purge hym as it ffallib [f. **81r**] berfore. And allegate do berto yeralogodion ober yerarufini.

Hys dietynge schal be sotil and he schal leue in joye and in gladnesse and schal forsake alle maner sorowze. And he schal vse medicynes bat confortib be herte, as dyacameron, dia arodon, julij, and ober mo. And purge hym wib euforbium and pulpa coloquintida appareyled and repressed as it ffallib berfore.

## De Epilencia, [25]<sup>428</sup>

Epilencia is a pascioun of be brayn official bat dob awey meuynge of al be body for opilacioun bat is in be ventricu[les]<sup>429</sup> of be brayn bat bib prinspal.

Causa. Enchesoun of bis pascioun is humour ober wyn bat is grete bat stoppib be ventricules of be brayn bat lettib bat be spiritus ne mowe nozt passe to alle be body. And berfor, bey beb constrayned to falle sodeynly to be erbe and bey ne felib nozt and bey ne mowe in no maner stonde, but zif be pascioun be lytel, as it schal be seyde hiraftere. And he meuyb allegate wib his hondis and wib his fete

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>428</sup> 25] 24

<sup>429</sup> ventricles] ventriculeris

and his brebe is ful of spume and his moube. And ʒif be prinspal ventricules of be brayn be stoppyd bat hyt is appoplexia for of be same mater is bat oon bat is bat ober. But in apoplexia be passingis out bib mor prinspaly stopped. In bis pascioun be[i]<sup>430</sup> litle bib ystopped. And berfor, paroxismus of epilencia nys but schort and it nys noʒt mortel of hym silf.<sup>431</sup> And paroxismus of apoplexia is contynuel til he be dede. And ʒif he schal leue, he schal be delyuered wib in be ferbe, but it wole passye in paralisym sibbe be mater<sup>432</sup> of epilencia is in be meatis of be brayn and noʒt in be prinsipal and be mater is neiʒt to be nerues of be hede ban bis matere is depe in be nerues and be nerues drawib abrode and bicomyb schorte. And in bis maner epilencia is wib be crampe.

Pe nerues bicomyb schorte and bib drawe to here propre place bat bey mowe be bettre put awey binges bat agreuyb, as Auicen seyb. And somtyme be mater is so sotil bat spasmus schewib but lytel. Pis opilacioun comib of fleume, for be most parte, and afterward of malencolie and ban of blode and it comyb last of colre ban of any ober humour. And some tyme it comyb of wynde and of vapours resolued of humours and allegate mater bat is wyndy is horrible.

[f. 81v] Causis goynge tofore bip norberen wynde bat sittip somdele to be norbe and alle pinge bat makip his hed hoote, as longe duellynge in be sunne, ober babis neiz be fuyre, ober grete coldenesse, and mete and drinke to myche, and drunkenesse, and vsynge of metys bat bip fumous, as garlik, oynyouns, ffruytes, and ober mo, and prinspaly euel regimen and of euel dietynge, as Galen seip vppon bis afforism: epilentuorum inuenibus, etc.

Pis pascioun pat is so horrible ne may nozt come but of euel dietinge, but hapliche in hem pat hauep a feble hed oper zif he take hyt in his generacioun for in suche men lytel trespas helpip perto.

Epilencia comyb of causis priued ober of causis goynge to fore. Pat is to seyinge bat some tyme it comyb of be brayn and somtyme of ober partijs of be body. For somtyme malicious fume wyndy ariseb of be loungys to be hed and stoppib be meatis and makib paroxismus of epilencia. And somtyme it comeb of be lyuere and somtyme of be splen and somtyme of be reynes and of be guttys and of be bladdre and somtyme of be fete and somtyme of be hondis.

Epilencia somtyme kepiþ peryodos and somtyme it ne doþ noʒt. For somtyme it folewiþ þe meuynge of þe sunne and comyþ onys in þe ʒere. And somtyme it folewiþ þe meuynge of þe mone and somtyme it comyþ in þe first quarter of þe mone, þat is moyste, oþer in þe 2, þat is more moyst, and somtyme it comeþ after þe fulle of þe mone and þan þe mater is more stronge. Somtyme it passiþ twey moneþes or þis pascioun come oþer 3 and somtyme more. Somtyme it comyþ of vycis of þe marys and corupcioun of sperme and menstrua. And somtyme þis pascioun comyþ anoon after þat he is bore. And somtyme þis pascioun is longe duringe and stronge and somtyme it is schorte. And Y haue yseyʒ hyt somtyme so schorte þat þe pacient ne dede no more but lenede to þe wal oþer to some oþer þinge. And whan he frotyd his face a lytel it went awey. And somytme it is so schorte þat he ne lenyþ noʒt, but he haþ perturbacioun of his hed and his yʒen duskiþ and he was war þerof. And er he had seyde 3 aue maria, his pascioun passyd a wey and he caste a lytel and alle it went awey. <sup>433</sup> But þis pascioun come ofte aday and somtyme ne hauyd no mynde after her fallynge in what maner [f. 82r] it was wiþ hym and some haueþ mynde afterward of her fallynge. And some men defendiþ hem in paroxismo and some

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>430</sup> þei] þe

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>431</sup> silf] *preceded by* sel *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>432</sup> mater] *preceded by* na *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>433</sup> awey] followed by an illegible deletion in red and black ink

men castiþ and some men schitiþ and of some her kynde passiþ from hem. And þis falliþ al after dyuersite of þe mater and qualite and quantite and þe place þat it sittiþ on and after þe particuleris of þe pacient. And somtyme epilencia comyþ for wormys. And somtyme it is wiþ anoþer euel, as of sincopis as of þat is corupt and turneþ into kynde of venym and goþ to þe herte and makiþ sincopin and so it goþ to þe hede and makiþ epilenciam and þan þey haueþ euel lokynge. And ʒif a man þat haþ þis pascioun haue þe fume of his owne nayles he schal falle and riʒt so wiþ galbanum and þe same of mirre and þe same maner of ache. 434

Epilencia comib myche to childeryn. And somtyme it comyb to hem for euel ordynaunce of be norice and whan childeryn drinkib myche wyn and bib drunke berof and somtyme it comyb of venymous bestis.

Signes herof bib open. Signes of epilencia bat is to comynge bib bese: his tounge ʒelu and somdele whyte and his veynes grene bat bib vnder be tunge, scotomia, vertigo, jncubus. Alle bese signifieb epilenciam bat is to comynge. Pe same manere dob greuous slepe wib false fantasies bat bib dredeful. Signes of be humour bat is in be cause bib itake in paroxismo and some to fore and some after. In paroxismo whan his spume is myche and viscouse and whyte and his pascioun dure longe wib myche agreuaunce, bat is signe of fleume. And after his accesse bou schalt loke wheber he be fleumatik or no: and ʒif he lyue in reste and vsib metys bat engenderib fleume and ʒif he be replete and ʒif his vryne be lowe in coloure and bicke in substaunce wib a maner residence ilike glas molte, and ʒif bese signes be and ober ylike hirto, ban we may be serteyne bat be mater is fleumatik. And ʒif al bese be more bynne in colour, it is signe of fleume salsum. Whan he is in his accesse, ʒif be spume in his moube be ʒelu and his face rede and after his accesse he haue signes of blode and redenesse of veynys bat bib in his yʒen and ʒif he vse dietynge bat multiplieb blode and berwib ʒif his vryne be rede and be tyme be in veer, ban be mater comyb of blode.

3if his accesse be lytel and lyʒt and his spume ʒelu and after ʒif his face be colerike, hoot of conplexioun and wraþful as he were somdele wode, and þe tyme somer, and ʒif he vse regymen þat engenderiþ colere, and his **[f. 82v]** vryne be ʒelu and þynne, þan it comyþ of colre. 3if his spume be lytel in paroxismo and ledy, and his face ledy in the solure and blak, and after his accesse ʒif his colour be of malencolie and he be agarst and nyse, and it be in heruest tyme, and he haue vsed metis þat engendriþ malencolie and [h]is tyrne be lowe in coloure and þynne, þan it comyþ of malencolie. And ʒif þis malencolie be engendered wiþ blode adust, þan after his accesse he haþ a maner lawʒinge and is ylike to mania lupina. And ʒif it come of fleume salsum, þan he haþ a maner reste. And ʒif it come of malencolie adust, he schal be sory and besy and haregous lokynge.

Signes in what place be mater be. If it be in be brayn, be pacient ne schal noʒt wite whan his pascioun wole come and allegate he schal haue akynge in his hed and agreuaunce wib disterbaunce of wytte. 3if it come of ober lemys, ban he schal be war to fore or his accesse come so myche tofor bat bey huydib hemsilf and akynge is in be same place whannys be mater comyb. 3if it be in be stomak, he hab fflatynge and akynge in be stomak. And 3if it come of mirac, it is wib wynde. And 3if it come of be lyuere, he schal haue agreuaunce in be rizte syde and be same maner of be splen in be lifte syde. And 3if be

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>434</sup> ache] preceded by an illegible deletion in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>435</sup> in] *preceded by* and *deleted in black ink* 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>437</sup> his] is

mater be in be reynes, ban his kynde gob fro hym in his accesse. And zif it be in be bladdre, he bepissib himsylf. And zif it be in be guttys, he defouleb hymsilf. And zif it be in be maris, menstrua bib wibhalde. 3if it come of corupcioun of sperme, ban it comeb to weduis and to men bat kepib hem silf from wymmen and nere nozt ywoned do so. And of what leme it come, allegate he schal haue agreuaunce in be same place.

Pronosticacioun. 3if þis pascioun come to a womman wiþ childe, in þe berynge of þe childe heo is delyuered þerof.

3if his accesse be lizt and schorte and after he knowiþ hyt wel and is aschamyd þerof, þat is signe þat he may [be cured]. 438 3if morphea alba come in his hed, it is signe þat he may be cured.

3if his accesse be longe and greuous and he ne haue no mynde perof after pe tyme, pat is signe pat it is hard to cure oper inpossible.

3if a childe take epilenciam in his moder wombe and after þat castiþ and purgiþ hym of many superfluytees **[f. 83r]** þat biþ watery, it is signe of delyueraunce. And ʒif it ne be noʒt so, it nys no signe of delyueraunce. For whan any man is engenderyd in tyme of menstruorum oþer of vnclene spermis oþer his fader and moder haþ þis pascioun and þe childe haue þat pascioun, he nys noʒt curable. For after tyme þat he is out of his moder wombe þe euel conplexioun folewiþ hym.

And 3if any man haue in be ferbe 3ere ober in be vij 3ere any man haue be epilencye of a cause priued of be brayne, 3if he contynue by elde, he ne schal neuer be cured for be elde bat comyb after bib colde and be sikenesse hab ytake eritage.

3if bou dout whaper he be cured or no, ffume hym wib gotys hornys. And 3if he ne ffalle no3t, he is cured. And 3if he ffalle, he nys no3t youred. And 3if be accesse of epilencia come ofte, and prinspaly in an olde man, bat is perile of deb. Pus myche Y sey 3ow of epilencia. Y had many in my cure, 3onge and olde, and pore and ryche, men and wommen, and almost of euery maner spice of epilencia, and 3itt by me, ne by no man bat Y euer sawe, ne was no man cured berof, but it were a childe ober be pascioun come of euel regimen and ne dured no3t longe tyme and Y was ri3t diligent bere about and be pacient obedient. Wharfor Y sey 3if bere come any swiche pacient to 3ow, ne make 3e no fals bihestis fforto cure hym for in euery epilencia is ful hard for to do awey whan he is irootyd.

Cura. Whan any man is in bis accesse and lyeb adoun, put by moube ouer hys ere and say bese versus 3 sypes:

Jaspar fert mirram, thus Melchior, Baltaʒar aurum.

Siqius portat secum h[i]c<sup>439</sup> tria nomina regum, soluitur a morbo Deum petate<sup>440</sup> caduco.

Whan bese versus bib ysayde bre sibe<sup>441</sup> in be hole of his ere it is aproued ofte bat bey ariseb vp. And some men seyb bat ʒif it be wryte in a scrowe and bere hyt atte hys necke bat it cureb hym profyteliche. Also, men seyen bat ʒif his fader and his moder ober his frendes fast bre daies and ban bey schul go to chirche and huyre masse and after be masse a truwe preste schal seye ouer his hede a godispel bat is yseyde in ymberne of quatuor temporum after be feste of be croyse. And bis is in be godisspel: [f. 83v] erat spumans et stridens et hoc genus demonij non eicetur nisi orotione et j\end{be}e<sup>/</sup>iunio.<sup>442</sup>

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<sup>438</sup> be cured] see commentary

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>440</sup> petate] *preceded by* pa *deleted in black ink* 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>442</sup> jeiuino] corr. by deletion of u in black ink

And be same prest mote rede hyt ouer his hede aneue azen and ban he mote wryte be same godispel and lete be pacient bere hyt at his necke. Pis cureb hym profitlyche wib out any drede.

Pere biþ many þinges þat cureþ epilenciam. Oon is viscus quercinus. 3if it be bore at his necke, þis cureþ hym profitely and yzeue in what maner þat þou wolt. Jtem, pionia romana doþ þe same.

Pe sauour of rue ofte ytake oper allegate is goode perfore. Gumma rute agrestis, 3 if it be medlyd wib barliche mele and vynegre, lete hem smelle hyt allegate; it is goode perfore.

A girdel made of a woluys skyn, 3if it be weryd next hym, is goode þerfore. 3if þe blode of a wesel medlyd wiþ vryne, lete hym bere hyt ober ete hyt ffor it is goode ffor hym. Jtem, peletre tempered wiþ hony and ibore at his necke, it is goode þerfore.

Jtem, take a brid bat is clepyd cuculus and lute him in a potte and brenne hym in a fourneys til he may be pouderyd and 3eue be pacient of bis poudre for hit cureb hym.

Jtem, be runnynge of an hare is goode berfore. Jtem, piretrum conditum is gode berfore. Take pelletre and kutte hyt to smal gobettys in be gretenesse of a beene ober half a been and make hyt moyste in water many daies, as me dob of ʒinʒiberis, and ban make hyt wib sugre and lete hym vse berof for it is goode for hym.

Whan he is in his accesse, frote wel his hondys and his fete and put some tre bytwix his teeb for be drawynge of his brebe, so bat bou ne harmy no3t his teeb and frote his tunge wib triacle ober wib metridatum ober wib be iuse of ruwe and cast be iuse of ruwe in his nose. And after his accesse make hym cast and frote his hede and alle his body bygynnynge aboue and drawe dounward and ban lete hym reste. And ban he schal ete mete bat be li3t for to defye, as partriges, hennys, and capones. And ban avoyde be mater and first defye be matere after be humour bat is in cause and after bat be pacient may bere hyt.

J wole bygynne at childern for it comeb most in hem for myche drinkynge of wyn and for corupcioun of mylke and for euel regymen. Perfor, in be first amende his regimen and of be norise. And lete hym vse sotil dietynge and temperate and be noryse may nozt vse coitus and be childe ne schal drinke no wyn and alle drunkenesse mote be forsake.

For Galen spekip **[f. 84r]** of wyn and seyp as wyn is helpe to olde men, so it is confusioun to childerne. Lete hym smelle ysope for ruwe is to stronge for a childe. 3if he be so olde pat we may sikerly do medicynes to hym, pan 3if pe cause be of blode oper his body be replete, in what cause so it be, lete hym blode de sophena after pat de sephalica and pan in pe veynes pat bip vnder pe tunge and pan sette hym ventoses vnder his schulderys and pan make hym cauterijs.

In hote causis he schal vse bis syrupe:

**110 Rx** endiuie, scariole, lactuca, coriandri recentis ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  iij, rute, pionie, ysopi, polij montani, absinthium ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j, s[u]cci<sup>443</sup> fumiterre libra  $\beta$ , semen rute, semen pionie, sesileos, anisi, maratri, iiij semina frigidorum ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j, mellis and  $\frac{3}{5}$  uccare ana quater iij. And make herof a syrupe.

And pan purge hym wib bis medicyne:

**111 Rx** agarici ʒ iij, pulpe coloquintide, diagridij, reuberberata ana ʒ j, masticis, bdellij, semen rute, siseleos, gariofilorum, foliorum absinthium, foliorum mente ana ȝ j, yerarufini ʒ iij. Medle hem wib

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<sup>443</sup> succi] sicci

4405 oximelle squillitico and medle hem after 15 dayes bat bey bib made. Pou myzt zeue hym ξβ and make berof pelotis oper zeue hym berof more ober lasse after be particuleris.

And 3 if his body be purged sufficiauntlyche make hym a styue and do beron be herbis bat bib in be syrupe, alle saf hony and sugre. And bis schal be done fastynge 15 daies to gedre onys a day to fore mete ober more, zif hym likeb wel. And euery tyme bat he gob out of his stuwe, lete hym vse bis opiata:

4410 **112 Rx** tiriace, rubee trosiscate ana  $\vartheta$  j. 3eue hem wib a decoccioun of absinthium in wyn.

3if be mater be of fleume, bat fallib most, defye be mater in bis manere:

113 Rx radicis yreos, aristologie, rosarum, squille, ysopi, pionie romani, visci quercini, polij montani, origani, calamenti, vtriusque saluie, vtriusque rute ana  $\frac{7}{3}$  iij, semen rute, sicileos, semen pionie romane, anisi, maratri ana ℥ ij, florum sticados arabici ℥ iiij, s[u]cci<sup>444</sup> absinthium, fumiterre ana libra β, mellis libra j and β. Make herof a syrupe libra ij.

3if be mater come of be stomak do berto mentis. And 3if it be in be lyuere, spicenarde, squinantum, calamus aromaticus. And zif it come of be maris, do berto rubea maior, arthemisia, sauina, and so of alle be ober. Do berto binges bat haueb properte to be same leme. Whan be mater is defyed, purge hym in bis manere:

4420 114 Rx agarici, turbithe, aloen ana ζ iij, euforbij, pulpe coloquintide, esule ana ζ j, yeralogodion ζ β, masticis, bdellij, siceleos, semen rute, zinziberis, foliorum mente, [f. 84v] semen absinthium, gariofilorum, spicenar[di]<sup>445</sup> ana  $\vartheta$  j. Medle hem wib oximel squillitico and after 15 daies of his confeccioun, 3if hym from 3 iij til foure ober more ober lasse after be particulers. Þan stuwe hym and in be stuwe put be herbis bat bib in be syrupe and at euery tyme he schal vse tiriaca and metridatum ana 3 4425 j. And zeue it hym as it is forseyde by ordre.

3if be mater come of malencolie, defye hyt in bis maner:

115 Rx radicis feniculi, petroselini, brusci, sparagi, graminis, aristologie  $\frac{3}{4}$  ij of alle, ysopi, pionie romane, rute, polij montani ana ξ j, s[u]cci<sup>446</sup> boraginis, s[u]cci<sup>447</sup> scabiose, s[u]cci<sup>448</sup> fumiterre ana libra β, semen pionie, semen rute, visci quercini, epithimi, foliorum sene, polipodij, anisi, florum sticados arabici ana 3 iij, mellis roset libra ij. Make berof a syrupe.

Whan be mater is defyed, purge hym in bis manere:

116 Rx agar[i]ci, 449 pulpe coloquintide ana 3 ij, lapidis armenici [nouies] abluti 3 iij, yerarufini 3 vj, bdellij, masticis, semen rute, secileos, cinamomi, gariofilorum, ffoliorum mente, foliorum absinthium ana 3 β. Medle hem wip oximel squillitico. And after 15 daies of his confeccioun, zeue hym z iij ober more ober

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<sup>444</sup> succi] sicci

spicenardi] spicenar

<sup>446</sup> succi] sicci 447 succi] sicci

<sup>448</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>449</sup> agarici] agarci

lasse after be particuleris. And ban stuwe hym wib be same herbis bat bib in be syrupe and 3eue hym triacle wib auream alexandrinam and kepe be ordre bat is forseyde.

And after be tyme bat he is clene, lete hym vse caputpurgijs and medicynes to make hym fnese and fomentaciouns and babis. Caputpurgia schulleb be made wib maiorana; ffnesinges wib castoreum; [ellebre], 450 and piper; ffomentaciones wib anthos, sticados. And 3if be cause be colde, make hyt hote. And 3if be cause be hot, make his hede colde wib temperate binges. And 3if it be drye, make hyt moyste. And 3if it be moyste, make hyt drye. Alle bese binges schulleb be done by ordre 3 tymes in be tyme of veer, bat is in be first bygynnynge and in be myddel and in be ende. And 3 tymes in heruest and onys in somer and onys in wynter.

3if bis pascioun come of be splen, cure hym as be pascioun of be splen and be same manere of be stomak and of be lyuere and of obere lemes. 3if it come of be bombe, strayne hym harde to fore his accesse and make a cauterie and so of be ober lemys, 3if it be possible.

Entende þat longe vse of metridatum curiþ ep[i]lenciam<sup>451</sup> and longe vse of þis confeccioun cureþ hyt prinsplay.

3if be cause be colde, take many squillys made clene and appareyled as it ffallib for hem and put hem in an erben vessel yglared and do berto so myche [f. 85r] hony bat keuery hem and hele be potte wib a grete skyn and sette be poot in be sunne in be canclere daies. And euery day meue hyt to gedre in be maner of conserf of rosis 40 dayes. And ban boyle hyt in oximel duretico and 3eue hyt hym in be maner of a syrupe. Pis confeccioun may be 3eue by hym self til 3 ij euery day in be mornynge. 3if we ne mowe no3t abide so longe tyme, di3te hyt vppon askys bat be hote.

Jtem, make hym clisterijs wib bobe centaure. Jtem, make hym cast wib seed of radic and wib oximel duretico.

Jtem, jn a colde cause, lete hym vse bis electuarium:

3if he be riche:

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117 Rx dia ambra, dya cameron, dya margariton ana  $\frac{3}{2}$  iiij. Medle hem to gedre.

3if he be pore, lete hym vse bis:

**118 Rx** dya mente, diattrion pipereon, dyacitoniten ana libra  $\beta$ . Medle hem to gedre.

3if be cause be hoot, lete hym vse bis electuarium:

119 Rx triasandali, zuccare roset, dya rodon abbatis ana  $\frac{3}{2}$  iiij. Medle hem to gedre.

Jtem, 3if þe cause be hoot, lete him vse coriandrum in his sauce. And 3if þe cause be colde, he schal vse þis poudre:

**120 Rx** trium generum piperis, ysopi, mente made drye ana  $\S$  j, gariofilorum, cinamomi, cubebarum, nucis muscate, cardamomi, galange, ʒeduarij, semen rute, semen pionie, siceleos, anisi, maratri, cimini

<sup>451</sup> epilenciam] eplenciam

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>450</sup> ellebre] electuarium

ana  $\S$   $\beta$ . Pulueryzentur and put hem in a sac de aluta and lete hym vse of þis poudere in alle þinges þat he etib.

Jtem, 3if be cause be colde, lete hym vse bis confeccioun in whiche is myche helpe:

**121 Rx** ambra gresie, storacis calam[i]te<sup>452</sup> ana  $\S$  ij,<sup>453</sup> lapdani purissimi, masticis, thuris, gariofilorum, ligni aloes ana  $\S$   $\beta$ ,<sup>454</sup> musci  $\Im$  ij. Medle hem wib water of rosis.

Off þis confeccioun he may vse in 3 maneres. First, make þerof pelotis in þe gretenesse of ciceris and in þe mornynge he schal swolewe hem hool. And take 3 þerof and lay vppon colys and lete hym take þe fume þerof. Þe þirde is þat he schal take þe sauour of alle þe confeccioun.

3if be cause be hoot, lete hym vse bis confeccioun:

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**122 Rx** ambra gresie, semen pione, ysopi, [b]lacte<sup>455</sup> biʒancie ana ʒ iij, sandali, musc[at]elini,<sup>456</sup> coriandri ana ʒ j. Medle hem wib water of rosis and vynegre and a litel ladani. And lete hym vse hyt in be maner bat is forseyde.

3iff he may wite tofore of his fallynge, þan bynde fast his hondys and his fete þat þey ake aʒen and frote alle his body and prinspaly his hondys and his fete and þe maner of froty[n]ge<sup>457</sup> is bygynne aboue and drawe adounwarde. Alle causis of epilencye schulleb be eschewed and prinspaly replecioun of mete and of drinke and he [f. 85v] schal leue alle maner ffumous metis, as garlik, oyniouns, and alle binges bat bib to hote, and alle ffruytis, saf bat bib stiptica and bat after mete, and he schal leue alle grewellys and al binges bat bib harde for to defye, and longe slepe, and forto slepe vppon his rigge, and forto hange his hede adoun. And whan he is on an heyʒ place, he ne schal noʒt loke adoun into depe placis. He ne schal noʒt huyre no soun of grete bellys ne criynge of lyouns ne noon horrible crye. And he schal forsake wrebe and pasciouns of be soule, as drede and grete bysnesse and he schal leue alle binges bat makib be spiritus passe out.

His ayre schal be clene and clere turnynge toward drynesse. Perfor, it is goode for hem to wonye in hote regiouns and his duellynge schal be fer from waterys bat bib hory. His chambre schal be fumed wib ysope, ruwe, and storax calamyta. And alle be holys schulleb be closed and ban alle his chambre wole be ful of bis fume. Pan open oon of be fenestres and avente hyt a lytel and ban he schal go in his chambre and lygge vppon his bedde and his hede enhaunced an hey3 wib pulis. And be flore schal be strawed ful of ysope leuys<sup>458</sup> and ruwe, pionie romane, polij montani. And in be mornynge whan he aryste and be superfluytees be put out, ffrote hys hede and al his body in be maner as it is forseide. And lete hym holde in his honde be forseyde appul and he schal walke<sup>459</sup> in clene placys bat bib delytable.

<sup>452</sup> calamite] calamente

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>453</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>454</sup> See commentary

<sup>455</sup> blacte] lacte

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>456</sup> muscatelini] muscelini

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>457</sup> frotynge] frotyge

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>458</sup> leuys] *preceded by* rei *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>459</sup> walke] *preceded by* war *deleted in red ink* 

Pan take he mete in tempere and he schal nozt wasche hym self wib colde water ne wib hote but as lytel as he may.

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Of his brede. His brede schal be of whete pat growip in ligt londe and nogt in claye londe and his brede schal be well bake and well yleueyned and wip temperate quantite of salt and it schal be of oon day oper of tweyne to be moste. Alle oper maner brede he schal forsake.

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His wyn schal be clere and clene and rype and swote of sauour. And olde wyn he ne schal nozt vse for be grete hete ne newe wyn for be troublenesse. And he schal<sup>460</sup> take berof in lytel quantite after be kynde of be wyn and be tyme of be zere and after be regyoun.

His water schal be of a clene welle wip out any euel sauour and rennynge estward, so pat be sonne mowe smyte beron in be morowtyde. And be place bat it rennyb [f. 86r] vppon schal be clene and be water bat he vsib schal be take sumdele fer fro be welle bat it may clanse hym self by vertue of be sterres.

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His fflesche in also myche as it is possible, he schal vse briddes þat biþ in vse, as saf þo þat swymmeþ in water. And ʒif he ne may noʒt come þerto, lete hym vse flesche of a lombe þat be 12 moneþis olde and of a calf þat soukiþ and of kyddys and konynges and al oþer maner flesche he mote byleue.

4515

Off ffische he schal leue alle maner fische, but 3if he be constrayned for to ete fische, þan he schal ete fische þat is ful of schilles ysode in clene wyn wib salt and persile.

Off ayren, he schal vse ayren rere.

Of wortys, 3if be cause be hoote, he schal vse lactuca, spinarchia, coriandro, endiuia, and scariola, and attriplicibus. And 3if be cause be colde, he schal vse borage, betis, saffran, fenel, persile, sparagus. Alle ober maner herbis he schal forsake. Alle manere chese he schal leue, but buttery chese and fatte and a lytel berof after mete. He ne schal ete no mylke.

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Off ffruytes, he schal forsake alle maner fruytes, saf stiptica and þat in lytel quantite after mete, as it is forsayde.

Off coitus he may vse and, 3if he haue leue þerto, in tempre. Of his trauaile, he may trauayle tofore mete as myche as he wole and after sopere ful lytel.

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Grete replecioun of mete is ful noyouse for hym and honger is euel for hem and prinspaly to hem bat haue sencyble moube of be stomak. Grete hunger makib his acesse come to hym whan he is ful replete of euel humours.

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3if epilencia come of causis goynge tofore, remeue hem a wey. And 3if it come of fumys resolued of partijs bynebe, cure hem first after be party and humour bat is in be cause, bat his fume be ylett bat it ne aryse no3t vp in as myche as it is possyble. And who so wole be bysy in bese binges bat bib forsaide, he may fynde wey ynow3 berto of li3t.

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Clarificacio. 3if any man doute in what maner humours mow aryse fro parties bynebe to be hed, sippe bat bey bib grete and humidouse, J sey bat Galen answerib vppon bis amphorisum: non febricitantibus fastidium, etc. And he seyb bat colera wib vapours<sup>461</sup> may aryse to be brayn and prinspaly to hem bat bib venymous and horrible **[f. 86v]** and ffoule, as it schewib in bestis bat haueb epilenciam. Of what leme bat it come, it wole be watery bat is orrible and foule, but in be noble lemys no3t so. For

 $<sup>^{460}</sup>$  and he schal] and he schal and he schal

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>461</sup> vapours] *preceded by* w *deleted in black ink* 

3 if it 3 ede to be herte, it wolde engendre sincopin; and 3 if it aryse to be brayn, it engenderib epilenciam. For vapours congelib in be brayn and afterwarde whan bey bib bicome harde bey fallib adoun. And in bat manere, bey stoppib; and in bat maner, bey lettib be passynge of be spiritus. Pis is be manere berof, etc.

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Jn be 2, some may doute why be accesse of epilencia nys not contynuel, sipbe it comyb of causis ypriued for be akynge is contynuel whan be mater is in be brayn. Y sey bat lytel mater 462 may suffice ynows for to make akynge, but to engendre epilenciam be mater mote be myche. And bous be mater hirof be in be brayn, 3itte be mater nys no3t so myche to make<sup>463</sup> his accesse allegate durynge.<sup>464</sup> And 3if it were contynuel, it ne were nost epilencia but apoplexia.

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Jn be 3, entende bat boz wyn be preschynge, zitt it is goode in epilencia to hem bat haueb a colde stomak, so it be take in lytel quantite and in tempere qualite. In oper it ne schal nozt be zeue, but in be goynge awey of be pascioun and whan his body is makyd clene whan it tourneb be mater in vapour.

In be ferbe, entende bat whan bese accesse comyb ofte, it dureb lytel while and bat signifieb bat be pascioun may be liztly cured. Pe seelder bat it comyb, be worse it is to be cured.

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In be 5, entende bat 3if be mater be in be stomak, he schal cast; and 3if it be in his guttys, he schal make ordure; and zif it be in be bladdre, he schal make vryne; and zif it be in be reynys, he schal lese his sperme, as it is forseyde.

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Jn be 6, entende bat be mone hab 4 quarteres bat bib ilike to be 4 tymys of be zere. Pe first is hote and moyste bat is ilike to veer. Pe 2 is hote and drye bat is ilike to somere. Pe 3 is colde and drye bat is ilike to heruyst. Pe 4 is colde and moyste bat is ilike to wyntere.

3if any man sey bat be secunde quarter nys nozt drye for whan be mone wexib alle moysture wexib, as it schewib in conchelibus. J sey bat wexinge berof is in double manere. Pat is oon<sup>465</sup> is verray, bat is be first quarter, and bat ober is fantasticum ober schewynge, bat is be 2 quarter. For moysture bat is drawe a brode it occupieb be more place and alle maner moysture wexib whan be mone wexib ober beynge ober schewynge.

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## **De Apoplexia, 26, [f. 87r]**

Apoplexia is a pascioun of be brayn bat takib awey meuynge and ffelynge in alle be body bat comyb sodeynly wib grete voyse ffor grete opilaciouns in be passynges out and in be ventriclis of be brayn, bobe prinsipal and nozt prinsepal.

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Causa. Cause of bis pascioun is of causis wib out ober wib in. Wiboute, as fallynge, smytynge, and grete coldenesse comynge to be brayn ober to his hede ober of snowe or of ober binges. Ober zif a man vse myche for go barhede<sup>466</sup> in depe templis<sup>467</sup> bat bib of marbre. 3if it come of enchesouns wib in, ban it is of enposteme oper of a feuere or for blode pat fulfilleb be ventriclis or be arterijs oper it comyb of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>462</sup> mater] preceded by akynge deleted in red ink

make] preceded by ma deleted in red ink

<sup>464</sup> duryinge] preceded by dr deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>465</sup> oon] *preceded by* is *deleted in black ink* 

barhede] preceded by b deleted in red ink

templis] preceded by snowe deleted in red ink

fleumatik humour<sup>468</sup> oper for bobe oper of colere, but þat is seelde. And ʒif it falle, it is so myche þe worse for it is aʒen þe particuleris.

Enchesoun goynge to fore may be drunkenesse and grete replecioun of mete and drinke and reste. And 3if he was ywoned to be lette blode and leuyb hit, and wibhaldynge of superfluytees, and grete vse of letynge blode be while he is 3onge, and myche rayn in wynter tyme in elde, and moyste mete, and leuynge of trauaile bat he was wonyd to do, and grete replecioun out of vse, and so of ober mo.

Entende þat apoplexia haþ 3 maneres. Þat is distincioun by partye of matere whan þe ventriculys biþ fulfilled boþe principal and vnprincipal and þe passingis out al, þan it is clepyd þe moste. And whan þey biþ yfilled racchingly, þan it is þe myddel. And ʒif replecioun goon to þe myddel, þan it is þe lest. And it may be knowe by his accidencis. For whan he drawiþ his breþe wiþ grete trauaile and spume in his mouþe and his voyse as he were astrangled and his breþe out of ordre, þan it is þe moste spice þerof. And ʒif he be wiþ out voys and breþe and spume and meuynge and felynge, þat is most worst. Jn þe 2, spice is sikynge and trauaile for to drawe his breþe, but no spume ne his voyse as he were astrangled.

Signa. Whan bou arte clepyd to a pacient and bou seest hym wibout felynge and meuynge as he slepe in a grete slepe, bat is clepyd sebib and routib. Pan clepe hym by his propre name an hyge and drawe hym by be herys and make fast by fingerys beron and strayne hem wel and pricke hym wib a poyntel. And gif he ne answerib in no manere, ban it is appoplexia. [f. 87v] And bat gif it come sodeynliche vppon hym wib a grete voyse, somtyme it is grete doute wheber he be dede ober alyue for he ne feleb ne meuyb nogt and ne drawib nogt his brebe. Pan close alle be holys in be house and take a lytel wolle bat be smal icarded and lay hyt to his moube. And gif be herys of be wolle meuye, he lyueb gitte. And gif bey ne meue in no manere, he is dede. Ober in bis manere, take a cupful of water and sette vppon his breste and lete al men in be house sitte gif it be in a soler and lete bat water rest. And ban byholde and if it ne meuyb nobinge, wib out drede he is dede. And gif be mater 469 meuye, he leuyb gitte.

Entende þat apoplexia is ilike to epilencia in mater and in settynge and þere is difference bitwixe hem. For epilencia comyb by serteyn tymes and apoplexia ne dob noʒt so. For it wole make a man ded ober it wole ende in a palesye. Þe mater of appoplexia is so grete þat it ne may take no profyte determinacioun, but whan he is cured þerof he turneb into þe palesye. For whan þe mater of apoplexia is departyd in nerues engenderiþ paralisim. As þe mater of þe palesye whan it is gaderyd to gedre engendriþ apoplexiam, þe same maner þe palesye terrmyniþ in appoplexia and appoplexia in paralisim.

Ferbermore, bou schalt ywite bat appoplexia dyuersib from slepe bat is greuous and depe, bat is iclepyd sebethe, and it dyuersib from litargia and from sincopis. For alle bese comyb lytel and lytel, but appoplexia comib sodeynly and in appoplexia nys no drawynge of brebe ne none answere, but in be ober pasciouns wib grete violence.

Jt dyuersiþ also from sincopi cordis for in appoplexia his face semeb as it were a quycke man, but in sincopi his face is like to a dede mannys fface. Sincopis þat comyb of þe stomak and of þe marys þou schalt yknowe þe humour þat is in þe cause in þis manere. 3if it come of blode alle his face wulle be

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<sup>468</sup> humour] preceded by huo deleted in red ink

<sup>469</sup> mater] mater mater

rede. 3if it come of fleuma, his face wole be pale wib grete moysture. And 3if it come of causis medlyd to gedre, be cause wole be medled. 3if it come of blode infecte wib malencolie, ban his face turnib to ledy colour. And 3if colere, to 3elu wib lytel moysture. And 3if it come of enposteme, it is allegate wib a feuere and bat is be worst of alle. And 3if it [f. 88r] come of primitif causis, by hem it may be knowe.

Pronosticacio. Ypocras techiþ pronosticaciouns of appoplexia and seiþ þat it is inpossible for to cure apoplexiam þat is stronge. And it be liʒt appoplexia, it is ful harde to cure. Þe first spice and þe secunde ne biþ noʒt ycured wiþ mannys honde, but þe þirde may be cured wiþ grete maystrie. Ypocras entendiþ þat whan any man lesiþ sodeynly his felynge and his meuynge and his voys þat wiþ in þe 7 day he schal dey, but ʒif a feuere take hym. And he seyþe ʒif a drunken man falle sodeynly in a crampe wiþout any voyse he schal dey, but a feuer come þeruppon oþer ʒif he be wonyd þerto in þe tyme whan his drunkenesse goþ awey. And Auicen seiþ þat some man is somtyme wiþout meuynge and felynge and wiþ out breþe as he were ded, but after a lytel while his pous meuyþ and he saiþ þat þis man may awake aʒen for his hete is so feble and caste awey þat it haþ none nede to any ayre wiþ outforþe. And a man þat haþ þis pascioun schal abyde houres 72 er he be buryed. And euery man þat haþ apoplexiam schal also longe abyde or he be buryed, but þere biþ many men þat haueþ fewe frendys and þerfore many men biþ buryed quycke. And þoʒ Ypocras and Auicen make pronosticacioun hirof, Y sey þat Y haue ysawe many men in þis pascioun and Y ne seyʒ neuer none delyuered þerof. God schelde vs from sodeyn deþ.

Cura. 3if be cause come of blode, first lete hym blode in bobe sephalica. And 3if be cause be of fleuma and his body be replete, 3itte lete hym blode in cephalica, 3if his vertue may abere hyt. Jn be 2, make hym a clistere wib sticados and ober comyn binges and resolue beron yerapigra or yerarufini or yeralogodion. And ban frote his fete and his hondys hard wib salt and vynegre flache, ban make hym fnese.

**123 Rx** ellebori albi, piperis, castorei ana  $3 ext{ j.}^{470}$  Make berof pouder and put some hirof in a rude and blowe in his nose and 3if he fnese, it is good for him.

And  $\beta$  fume hym wi $\beta$  alip[t]a<sup>471</sup> muscata and galea muscata and  $\beta$  an make hym a fomentacioun to his hede wi $\beta$  a decoccioun of  $\beta$  best herbis:

**124 Rx** vtriusque calamenti, vtriusque mente, vtriusque rute ana M ij. <sup>472</sup> Breke hem and boyle hem in wyn and make a fomentacioun for his hede. And þan make his hede drie **[f. 88v]** wiþ hote lynnen cloþys and wasche his hede wiþ a decoccioun of ruwe in wyn and þan anoynte hym herwiþ:

**125 Rx** euforbij, piretri, castorei, galbani, serapini, opopanac, trium generum piperis, sulphuris viui, sinapis, auxungie leonis ana  $\S$  j. Medle hem to gedre and lete it be colde and make berof be maner of a cappe and lay hyt vppon his [hede] and lete it be so hote bat it brenne be herys almost. And whan it is almost colde hete anober and do berto.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>470</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>471</sup> alipta] alippa

<sup>472</sup> See commentary

And bese binges be do by ordre wibout any lettynge so longe til he awake ober ligge stille ded, bat men ne mowe noʒt seye bat he deyde for defaute of medicynes. For Auicen seyb bat a feuere wibout apostem somtyme termyneb in aposteme and he may termyne to gode and ʒitt he stondib as a dede man and after bat he leuyb aʒen. And berfor, no man bat hab bis pascioun ne schal noʒt be buryed til after 3 daies and bat is be space of houres<sup>473</sup> 72. 3if he awake by Goddis grace, make hym caste and ʒeue hym sotil mete in lasse quantite ban in epilencia and ban ʒeue hym oximel duretik and oximel squillitico and purge hym wib yerarufini, yeralogodion and do alle bese by ordre, as it is forseyde in epilencia. For bey acordib in causis and in cure; berfor, it nys no nede to reherce.

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Clarificacio. Entende þat while þe breþe dure in appoplexia ne spare noʒt to do medicynes to hym. For wiþ out medicynys he may dey riʒt as a man þat is aþrast. Somtyme his breþe may be so feble þat it ne schewiþ noʒt to vs and prinspaly in hem þat haueþ a colde herte. Now breþe in appoplexia nys noʒt for vertue of þe soule, but for kynde meuynge of wille, as Galen seyþ. And ʒif any man seyþ þat, J sey þat it ne meueþ noʒt in tyme of hele, but in tyme of grete nede, as in þis caas.

4655

Jn be secunde, entende bat appoplexia for be most parte is incurable. Pat is for be noblete of be leme and for be gretenesse of be mater. For a noble leme ne may nog suffre for longe durynge of bis pascioun for grete anguysche berof.

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3if he be cured pat ne may not be profitely for pe mychelnesse of pe matere pat is viscouse, but whan kynde bicomyp stronge pan he puttip to placis pat bip next and for in pat place neruys bip engenderyd. Perfor, pe mater fallip in pe nerues and in pat maner paralisis is engenderyd, as it is forsaide.

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Jn þe 3, entende **[f. 89r]** þat paralisis comyþ more in þe rigte syde þan in þe lifte. For it is more racchinge and þe holys biþ more open. And somtyme it comyþ in þe lifte syde for feblenesse of place. And þerfor, in what place þat it falliþ it engenderiþ.

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Jn be laste, entende bat in appoplexia and epilencia, bou schalt put a bal ober a tre bytwix his teeb for to lete his brebe gon out wibout harme of his teeb.

## De Paralisi, 27

Parralisis is mollificacioun of be nerues wib takynge awey of felynge and meuynge.

4670

Cause. Some causis be wip out and some wip in. Wip out, as fallynge, smytynge, racchinge of be nerues, brekynge and kuttynge ouerpiwert, dislocacioun, wrepe and drede, and grete coldenesse pat pressip and closip be porys, opere grete hete pat makip be humours passe out, and constraynynge, and byndynge, and oper mo.

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3if it come of causis wibinforb, ban it bib alle binges bat stoppib in be generacioun of be nerues so bat be spiritus ne mow not passe to lemys bat bib sugett. Pese causis bib many, as fleume, for be most, and malencolie lasse and blode lasse and colre lest, but 3if it be medled wib any ober humour ober wib enposteme and ober mo, as crisis. Pere bib 4 pasciouns bat mowe turne in paralisim, as appoplexia, feuere cronica, colica, suffocacione matricis.

Entende bat bere is palesye, some is vniuersal and some is particuler. Particuler is in be fete or in be marice or in be bladdre or in be guttis or in be stomak or in be tunge or in be nose or in obere lemys.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>473</sup> houres] preceded by two illegible deletions in red ink

Oper it is vniuersal whan hit haldip half be body endelonge and somtyme it is in bat oon sydy and somtyme in bat oper and somtyme in bobe. And 3 if it be in be hede, ban it is appoplexia.

Bytwixe spasmum and paralisim is difference. For in be palesye be lemys drawib alonge for be hool drawib be sike and in paralisi be mater is departed into lemys.

Pe birde difference is for be most of moyste mater and in bat manere be nerues drawib a longe and wexib schorte in brede and be contrarie is in spasmo. First, for be leme becomyb schorte in lengbe and wexib longe in brede. In spasmo, be hole leme [f. 89v] drawib be seke. For be mater is adraugt and acordib in be holis of be nerues and berfor be nerue wexib abrode. De last diffirence is for be mater of spasmus drawib more to drye and determyneb in his propre terme. Paralisis is mollificacioun of be nerues bat bou mygt take in byn honde a leme bat is in be palesye and heue hyt vp and down as it were a welte leber. In spasmo it nys nogt so for be nerues bib contracte.

Signa. Pe pous of paralisi is prouay and feble and bisy and out of ordre. His vryne whyte and þinne and somtyme it is myche ycoloured. For þe reynes þat ne mowe departie oþer by resoun of akynge oþer of a feuere oþer of some pascioun and partiþ þerwiþ.

Pe place of be pascioun is somtyme so colde as it were put in frost and be hoole syde is as hote as it were fuyre. And his yzen somtyme bicomeb lyte. Pe signes of be humour bat is in be cause bib bese. 3if it come of blode, be pous wole be foule and be coloure of his body rede and his veynes ful.

3if it come of fleume, it wole be whyte and signys of fleume schewiþ in alle þe body. 3iff it come of malencolie, it wole be ledy of whiche it ne may not come by hym self. And 3if it be so, it is wiþ medlynge of some ober humour and þat falliþ seelde and þan signes biþ medlyd. 3if it come of aposteme, it is wiþ a feuere and hardnesse is in þe place.

Causis bat gob tofore bou schalt knowe by be signes of be pacient.

Pronosticacio. 3if a childis vryne þat haþ þe feuere be grene, it signifieþ þe palesye to comynge oþer spasmum. Paralisis þat is in olde men, it is ful hard to cure hem. Tremlynge þat comyþ vppon paralisis and it come of dislocacioun oþer of constraynynge of nerues oþer of rupture or of kuttynge ouerþwert, it ne takiþ no cure.

Cura. In be cure of paralisis bou most entende bat in be first bygynnynge bou schalt zeue hym no medicyne medlyd of hote and colde.

Jn þe 2, take kepe þat medicynes þat biþ to hote doþ harme and þerfor it is goode to take camomille, mellilote, anthos. For þinges þat biþ to hoote dissolueþ to myche and departiþ þe mater and makiþ þe pascioun wexe more.

Jn be 3, entende bat be medicyne [f. 90r] schal be put in be bygynnynge of nerues for ells it wolde availe lytel.

Jn þe 4, þou most take kepe of effecte of medicynes þat biþ hoote vppon þe leme of þe palesye. For somtyme it makiþ to hoote and makiþ vlcera in þe leme. And þerfor, he ne feliþ noʒt wheþer it helpe hym oþer do hym harme. Þerfor, we schulleþ ofte byhalde ʒif þe colour be rede and þe flesche to swolle. And ʒif þou preyse hyt and it bicome whyte, it is goode signe. 3if it ne bicome noʒt whyte<sup>474</sup> whan þou presist hyt but leuyþ rede, þat is signe þat it is to hoote and ʒif vlcera come þerwiþ and þerfor þou most chaunge þy medicynes.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>474</sup> whyte] *preceded by* wh *deleted in black ink* 

Jn ffirst bygynnynge, dyete hym wib water of barlige and ydromelle and wib bynne dietynge not only to 3 daies but to vij ober 13, zif his vertue may bere hyt.

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His mete schal be birdys rostyd and yfryed and ydiʒt wel wiþ spicerye þat haþ goode sauour. And he may vse no wyn til þe ende of þe pascioun. He mote be wel apayed of mede and he ne schal drinke noon ale. Alle 6 þinges in naturel schul turne to dryenesse, <sup>475</sup> as ayre, mete, drinke, slepe, wakynge, and so of þe oþere. And he schal drinke litel and his mete schal be drye. And he schal leue coitus, and slepe vppon replecioun of mete, drinkynge colde watere, and drinke after mete, stronge drunkenesse, wyn, ffastinge, and etinge of flesche and of fische, al maner soure þinge, and myche letynge blode, and longe duellynge in baþe, and argentum viuum, and vynegre, colde ayre, applen, quinsis, trauailous meuynge vppon replecioun, and in colde ayre he mote kepe hoot his honden and his fete and nucha. He schal drinke lytel in al maner hunger and þrist. Þis is þe first cure.

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3if it come of blode, lete hym blode. And þan lete hym take ox[i]sacram<sup>476</sup> and oximel diuretik and purge him wiþ catarticum imperiale and oxi laxatiuo and yerapigra. And þan enoynte hym wiþ oleum<sup>477</sup> laurinum, costino, camemillo.

3if it come of malencolie, defye hyt and purge hym as it ffalliþ þerfore. And 3if it come of enpostem, cure hym as it falliþ for enpostem and so of causis primityf. To a sengle mater þou schalt put to sengle medicynes. And 3if þe pascioun be conpouned, þe medicines schulliþ [f. 90v] be medlyd. But for þe most part it comyþ of fleuma. Þerfor, of þat cure we woleþ most speke.

Jn be first bigynnynge make hym a clistere:

**126 Rx** malue, mercurialis, abrotani, vtriusque centauree, vtriusque sticados, vtriusque rute ana M j,  $s[u]cci^{478}$  blete libra  $\beta$ . Make herof a decoccioun and in  $\beta$  decoccioun resolue comyn oyle  $\beta$  iij, mellis, salis, furfuris ana  $\beta$  j, yerapigra, yeralogodion ana  $\beta$  ij. Medle hem to gedre and clense hem and make  $\beta$  berof a clistere.

3if he be costyf make hym first a mollificatyf and þan þis and þan frote wel his honden and his fete and be place of be pacient softely. And ban defye be matere wib pipere and asa, ober wib piper and acoro, ober pipere and triacle, or wib piper and metridatum, ober wib diatterion pipereon. And frote be partijs wib be rotis of lilie and purge hym wib yerapigra and yeralogodion scharpyd wib pulpa coloquintida and bdellium. Ober defye be mater in bis manere:

**127 Rx** radicis feniculi, petroselini, apij, genciane, aristologie, rosarum, capparis, squille, acori, piretri, raphani, lilij ana  $\frac{3}{3}$  iij. Stampe hem and tempere hem in whyte wyn a day and a ny3t.

Tunc, **128 Rx** nar[c]ici, <sup>479</sup> vtriusque saluie, vtriusque rute, vtriusque calamenti, centauree minoris, costi, ysopi ana ʒ ij, <sup>480</sup> anisi, maratri, carui agreste, semen rute, spicenardi, squinanti ana ʒ j, mellis libra j. Make hirof a syrupe of libra ij.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>475</sup> dryenesse] *preceded by* hym *deleted in red ink* 

oxisacram] oxsacram

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>477</sup> oleum] *preceded by* ye *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>478</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>479</sup> narcici] nartici

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>480</sup> See commentary

Whan be matere is defyed, purge hym in bis manere:

**129 Rx** agarici, turbithe 3 ij, euforbij, pulpe coloquintidis, elacterides ana 3 j, masticis, 3 in 3 iberis, bdellij, salis gem[me],  $^{481}$  serapini, castorei, carui agreste, semen rute ana  $\Im$  j, yerarufini, yeralogodion, yerapigra ana 3 iij. Medle hem wiþ oximel squillitico and make þerof a gobett. And whan þou wolt vse hyt, lete hym take þerof 3 iij oþer  $\Im$   $\Im$  or more or lasse after þe particuleris. Þis medicyne schal be  $\Im$  eue xv daies after his confeccioun,  $\Im$  if þe pacient may abide so longe.

And þan enoynte hym wiþ þis oyle þat is oleum costinum, laurinum, juniperium, oleum de nuce romana, acoro, aut pireto, aut euforbio, aut spicenardi, aut nigella, aut ruta, aut sinapi, aut mirra, aut cordimine, þat is carui agreste oþer ysope, and so of oþer oylis þat biþ sotil and hoot þat resolueþ and consumiþ, as oleum de balsamo, mel, anacardinum, adeps vulpis, vulturis, and oþer mo þat biþ hoot. He ne schal not haue þis oynementis til his body be clene **[f. 91r]** and þan he may vse drye styues. And þou schalt do þe same herbis in þe styue þat biþ in þe syrupe. And whan he goþ out of his styue, euery tyme ʒeue hym tiriaca and aurea alexandrina ana  $\frac{3}{5}$   $\beta$ . Þis schal be contynued many daies whan his stomak is voyde. And do þerto þis enplastre wiþ cautelys þat biþ forsaied:

**130 Rx** gummi rute agresti, euforbij, opopanac, serapini, galbani, castorei, mirre, ase fetidis, bdellij, piretri, nucis muscate, nucis romane, trium generum piperis, anacardi, tapsie, nigelle, sinapis, carui agreste, semen rute ana  $\frac{7}{3}$   $\beta$ . Medle hem wiþ oximel squillitico and make þerof a plastre and lay it vppon þe leme þat haþ þe palesye and þan þou myʒt baþe hym.

Take a fox in his skyn and sebe hym alle in water wib ruwe, calamentum, carui agreste, acoro, and babe hym in bis water. Many men bib deseyued in bis babinge for bey dob hyt or his body be clene. And berfor, be pascioun wexib more. Caputpurgia and castinge bib goode for hym. Jn be ende of bis pascioun, 3eue hym colde wyn bat be hoot, but in lytel quantite. He schal ofte haue ventosis wib strayte moubis wib out garsinge vppon be hedys of be nerues for it helpib wel. Fnesinges made wib elleboro bib goode and wib medicynes bat bib resoluynge and stiptica schullib allegate be do berto. Whan he bygynneb for to amende, it is goode to meue bat leme vp and doun ofte.

Clarificacio. Entende þat paralisis acordiþ wiþ þese particuleris. He is a colde man of conplexioun oþer an olde man and þe tyme is colde and þe regioun and he lyueþ his lyf in drunkenesse and in sleuþe and myche drinkynge of wyn and percaas his office is stronge colde, <sup>482</sup> as a fischer and so of oþer mo.

Jn þe 2, entende þat þe leme þat haþ þe palessye, þoʒ he ne fele hyt noʒt, is<sup>483</sup> febly noursched. Pat schewiþ wel for it wexiþ allegate more lene and drieþ. And þoʒ þe spiritus ne mowe not presche þerto, ʒitt þe nourschement preschiþ for a litel cloude lettiþ shynynge of þe sunne, but profyte attriccioun drawiþ and it is harde to drawe, as it schewiþ in smyþes belewys for þey ne drawiþ noʒt only ayre but graynys and pouder and st[r]eis.<sup>484</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>481</sup> gemme] gem

colde] preceded by as deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>483</sup> is] preceded by it deleted in black ink

<sup>484</sup> streis] steis

Jn þe 3, entende þat wyn nys noʒt goode in no pascioun of nerues ne ioyntis ffor **[f. 91v]** it makyb rawe materes preche. But in þe ende of þis pascioun it may be goode whan his body is makyd clene, so þat he ne take noʒt þerof to myche quantite.

#### De Spasmo, 28

Spasmus is a pascioun of nerues bat drawib hem to here propre place ffro whannys bey comyb and takib awey meuynge of leme.

Pe causa. Some cause is wip out forp and some wip in. Causis wip oute bip many, as grete coldenesse pat pressip oper grete hete pat dissoluy or prickynge of pe nerue wip a poyntel or a nelde oper prickynge of scorpiouns oper bytynge of venymous bestis or grete trauaile oper to myche coitus oper grete flux of pe wombe or any pinge pat constrayne pe nerue to tourne to his owne place, as fallynge, cuttynge, and oper mo.

3if be cause be wib inforbe bat bib many causis, as enpostemys bere be mater is gaderyd in oon place of be nerfe ober in his bigynnynge.

Jn oper causis be mater comprehendib be nerfe more and berwib is grete wynde bat ne hab no passinge out. And somtyme be wynde is so lytel bat it passib awey anoon by him silfe or wib a lytel frotynge and berfor whan it comyb in be legge comyn men clepib be crampe. Somtyme be cause berof is of blode and somtyme of malencolie and somtyme of fleume, herof it comyb for be moste parte. Somtyme a feuere is in be cause and drunkenesse and reste and slepe to myche and ober mo.

Entende þat spasmus takiþ infecciouns. Euery spasmus oþer it comyþ of replecioun or of lernysse. And ʒif þere be any oþer cause hirto þey may be reduced.

Pe 2 diuysioun is þis: spasmus is vniuersal oþer particulere. Particuler is whan it is in on partye. And ʒif þe leme be constrayned forþward oþer abackewarde oþer boþe, þan þey haueþ propre namys: procastamus, empercastamus, tetanus, þat is to sey haldynge al, ffor þan alle nerues biþ contracte to fore and byhynde. And þis [is] harde to knowe for þe schappe leuyþ in his owne dispocisioun. Þat Y entende þat þis spasmus ne come noʒt in þe hede. For þan it were epilencia, þat is spasmus of al þe body.

He is particler whan he is in oon partie of be body, as in be face ober in be fete or in be hondyn ober in be bladdre and so of be ober. 485

**[f. 133r]** Pe 3 diuisioun is for some spasmus is in childeryn. And þat comyþ in childeryn liztly and liztly it wole be cured. And some comyþ wiþ grete hardnesse and it is hard to cure. Some spasmus goþ to fore ffor þe most parte comyþ of replecioun and some folewiþ a feuere and þat comyþ for þe most parte of lernysse. Spasmus, some is wiþ grete akynge, <sup>486</sup> as þat comyþ of replecyoun, and in some þere nys nozt so grete akynge, but zif it were by resoun of bytynge, as in spasmo of þe stomak for colere and for wormys. Þese biþ somtyme cause of spasmus and epilencia.

Signa. Whan bou seest a leme contracte and colde and it ne may no3t be reduced to his disposicioun bat is naturel, ban bat leme is in spasmo. And 3if it come to an hole man sodeynly, ban it comyb of replecioun for ban be nerfe is dyminute in lengbe and waxib more in brede as farib euel in wynter.

<sup>486</sup> akynge] *preceded by* ler *deleted in red ink* 

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See commentary

3if it come lytel and lytel oper after feuere and trauaile, þan þis spasmus comyþ of lernesse and þeron schortynge of þe nerue in lengþe and in brede, as þou myʒtest ise in þinges a somere. And whan spasmus tournyþ aʒen to his propre kynde anoon þat nys no verray spasmus as it schewiþ in galpinge and in ʒoxinge. Þe pous of a man þat haþ spasmus is feble and besy and out of ordre. His vryne some tyme is þinne in coloure for arysinge of humours to þe hede. 3if it come of blode, þan þe leme wole be rede and þe same manere of malencolie and of fleume, of whiche signes it is ofte tyme ysayde.

Pronosticacio. Spasmus þat comyþ of replecioun is curable for it is more ligt ffor drye a þinge moyste, as it is ywrite septimo de ingenio. Spasmus þat comyþ of elleboro is mortel. Spasmus þat comyþ vppon woundys is mortel and spasmus þat comiþ of lernysse is mortel. If a man be leere for any cause and a feuer come þeruppon and spasmus come to þe feuere, þis maner spasmus is incurable. And spasmus þat comyþ of replecyoun is curable and þerfor spasmus in childeryn is ligtly cured for his nerues biþ nesche. And for euery ligt cause it comyþ as for wepinge and costyf and [s]o<sup>487</sup> a feuere. And rigt as it comyþ ligtlyche, so it passiþ awey ligtly. For spasmus þat comyþ in childeryn for a feuere it comyþ of replecioun for childerene entendiþ to noþinge, but only to ete, as Galen writeþ in þe ende of Pronosticaciouns whan he spekiþ [f. 133v] of spasmum puerorum.

Spasmus þat for prickynge of nerues is euel. For þerof spekiþ Galen in Tegni, nerui vero et tetanes punctura, etc.

Cura. 3if spasmus come of coldenesse, 3eue hym hoote þinges, resoluynge, as oleum de lilio, de costo, de castoreo, de nuce indica. 3if it come of hoote, enoynte þe nerues wiþ oyle of nenifar and of wiþy and of rosis.

Entende þat in spasmo of þe face þou schalt put medicynes vppon þe nolle of þe hede. And ʒif it be in any partijs byneþe, do it vppon his rigge.

3if it come of prickynge of a nerue, þan lay þeruppon hoote oyle of euforbium, opopanac, piretro, castoreo and opene þe place and bren hyt, ʒif it be purged to fore. For þis spasmus is myche perilous for þere may falle grete errour þerof. Þerfor, wakiþ.

3if spasmus come of scorpiouns and of venymous bestis, 3eue hym triacle and metridatum or medicynes bat bib goode for venym, 488 as saluia, aristologie, rosis, genciana, bacce lauri, and ober mo. And 3if it come in childeryn, ban resoluynge oylys sufficib, as costinum, laurinum, camomillium, etc.

3if it come of enpostem, cure be enpostem as it ffallib berfore. 3if it come of wormys, sle hem wib bitter binges, as absinthium, centonica, pe[r]sicaria, 489 aloen, agaricus, galle, semen ʒedoarij, amigdalarum amarum. And bou myʒt make herof emplastris and drinkes, as it schal be seyde in her placys, and so of ober causis, whiche schulleb be reduced to hir kynde by her contrarye. 3if it come of bloode, lete hym blode. And ban make hym clisterijs and ban make resoluciouns and of oyles bat bib forseyde.

3if be cause come of malencolie, defye be mater and purge hym as it is forseide and be same manere of fleume.

In colde causis, zeue bis drinke bat defyeb and auoydib, zif it be contynued.

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<sup>487</sup> so] fo

bib] preceded by big deleted in black ink

persicaria] pesicaria

**131 Rx** ase fetidis, opopanacis, castorei ana  $\mathfrak{z}$   $\mathfrak{g}$ . Medle hem to gedre and  $\mathfrak{z}$  eue hym euery day  $\mathfrak{z}$  ij or defye be mater wib oximel squillitico and purge wib yerarufini and yeralogodeon mad scharpe wib euforbium, pulpe coloquintide and make a syrupe.

And make hym oper þinges, as styues and oper mo þat biþ forseyd in paralisi. Sulphri baþis biþ goode for hym. And ʒif [f. 134r] þou ne haue hem, make hyt by crafte wiþ myche sulphure and salt. And he ne schal noʒt lyue longe in þe styue. And a drie styue is bettre þan a baþ of watere. Anoynte þe leme wiþ oleum de euforbio, piretrum, spicenardi, castoreo, apopanac, serapino and medle hem wiþ foxis grece and of a wulf and of wultur. Herof þou myʒt make enplastris and leye vppon þe leme foxis skynnys and of wultur. And ventoses biþ goodefor hym.

3if be cause be lernesse wib a feuere, 3eue hym ordeatum, auenatum, lac amigdalarum, dyadragantum frigidum and anoynte hym wib oleum violaceum and nenifar and salicis. And make his house colde and sprynge alle aboute stronge colde binges and anoynte his grynde and his riggebone wib oyle of violis. 3if he ne haue no feuere, 3eue hym milke to drinke and wete alle his hede in milke and babe hym alle, 3if it be possible. And 3eue hym 3olkis of ayren and ober binges bat bib restoratyf and nourschynge and lete hym haue reste and softenesse.

3if tethana, he schal be babyd in colde water, as Ypocras seib. 3if he be 3onge and ful of flesche and myddel of age, ban his kyndely hete drawib inward and whan bat comyb, it cureb hym. And Auicen seib 3if \ren^{490} be grounde wib his fatnesse and ylayde vppon be bigynnynge of be nerfe bat hab spasmus it is goode berfor and ober binges by ordre bat bib forsayde.

Clarificacio. Entende þat ʒif a feuere come vppon spasmus it cureþ spasmus and oþer sikenessis of neruys, so þat þey be 3 condiciouns þerwiþ. Þe firste is so þat þe pascioun be material and come of colde cause. For ʒif it come of lernesse it wolde make þe pascioun wexe þe more.

Pe 2 is pat his body be makyd clene. For els it were drede of a rotyd feuere oper of enpostem oper be pascioun wole wexe more oper of deb. For grete penaunce of be pascioun and of be feuere bat comyb beruppon.

Þe 3 is þat þis feuere is effimera. Wiþ þese condiciouns, þou myʒt surely anoynte his arteries wiþ þe grece of a lyon oþer wiþ þe iuse of flammula. And in þat maner þe feuere wole come.

Jn þe 2, entende þat a leme þat **[f. 134v]** haþ spasmus nys noʒt dede ffor he feliþ þerwiþ. Þe cause þerof is for þere biþ many [more]<sup>491</sup> weyes to meuynge þat falliþ to witt. And þerfor, þe multitude of spiritus may be lost þat is necessare to meuynge, but a lytel may leue þerof þat may suffice to oon nerfe. For a lytel spiritus may suffice to oon, siþþe it is vertue of dede.

Jn be 3, entende bat spasmus comyb to childerne for mollificacioun of here nerues and ligtly it gob a wey. In olde men it comyb late for bey bib more harde and lattre bey bib cured berof.

Jn þe 4, entende þat spasmus þat comyþ of blode may first be cured; þe 2 of fleume; þe 3 of malencolie. And þoz malencolie be most ylike to nerues, þerfor þat cause scholde be raþere ycured for þe gretenesse þerof it ne may nozt presche. Þis pascioun comyþ selde of colre.

Jn þe 5, entende þat þoz paralisis come in þe rizt syde and in þe lifte syde, zitt spasmus ne doþ nozt so. For in paralisi þe nerues rachiþ a longe and þe leme alle nesche and ne may nozt wel fele

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ren] corr. by deletion of ruwe in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>491</sup> more] meue

berwiþ. In spasmo, þe nerfe bicomyþ schort and contracte þe riʒt syde and þe lifte syde ne mowe noʒt schortye þe sore syde flecchiþ raþer þan þe strayte syde now þe sydes biþ more strayte. Þerfor, þey ne mow noʒt bicome crokyd for þe ribbes and þe riggebone lettiþ and þerfore þere ne biþ but 3 spices of þe spasme to fore and byhynde. And thetanus þat is whan it is to fore and eke byhinde. And men mowe seye þat spasmus nys noʒt in al þe syde for it may be in þe arme oþer in þe honde and þey may be makyd schorte wiþ spasmus and longe wiþ þe palesye. 3if þe cause be oon and þe particle of þe pacient on, saf in spasmo, þe mater is more grete and more ygaderyd togedre and in paralisi moyste more and departyd, etc.

## De Tremore Membrorum, 29

Qvakinge is lesynge of vertue þat meuyþ riʒt and stupor is lost of felynge or tremor is a contrarious batayle of vertue of wilnynge vpward.

Pe meuynge of quakynge is conpouned of meuynge of kynde and meuynge of þe pascioun, as Galen seyþe quinto de morbo.

3if be vertue ne were nozt disturbed<sup>492</sup> [f. 101r] he myzt arere vp his leme and gouerne hyt and kepe hyt, but for it is ilett by bis pascioun. Þerfor, bere is contynuel meuynge.

Causa. Pe cause of þis pascioun is all þinge þat enfebliþ þe vertue, as ymaginacioun and drede as whan any man goþ vppon an hyʒe wal oþer vppon a strayte brigge þat is depe vnder oþer vppon hyʒe hilles oþer vppon hyʒe tourys and lokiþ adounward, þan he þenkiþ þat fallynge were euel and drediþ and in þat maner he quakiþ and somtyme falliþ for drede. Also, ʒif any man be to fore an heregous<sup>493</sup> prince, as Galen seyþ, oþer in þe siʒt of a lyoun and oþer moo causis.

Pis same dob ioye and wrebbe and alle bingis bat enfeblib be vertue of be soule.

Pe 2 cause is þinge þat febliþ instrument and þat is coldenesse ded and paralisis oþer hete þat resoluyþ and enfebliþ oþer moysture þat makiþ nesche oþer drynesse þat makiþ lere and consumyþ and þe same doþ reste to hym þat was wont trauaile and drunkenesse and, aboue alle þynge, to myche wyn ydrunke makiþ quakynge and myche drinkynge of colde water and alle þinge þat enfebliþ and makiþ nesche þe leme.

Quakynge is departed for some is in be hede and some in be rizt honde and some in be lifte honde and some in bobe and be same manere of be fete. Pe signes bib yknowe by her causis.

Pronosticacio. Tremor is a way of spasmus and to be palesye.

Quakynge in elde men ne may noʒt be cured. Quakynge in þe lifte syde is worse þan in þe ryʒte<sup>494</sup> syde, as Auicen seiþ. Quakynge in þe neþer lippe signifieþ castinge. Ypocras techiþ pronosticacioun: causon tremor alienacio veniens soluit, etc. And Galen<sup>495</sup> ne haldiþ noʒt þis afforism. And Auicen haldiþ hym in anoþer manere þat þe sikenesse schal be dissolued þerwiþ and a worse engenderyd. Auicen haldiþ þat it is possible þat it be so and þe same maner toward þe þinge.

Cura. 3if it come of be soule, he schal remeue hem awey and vse medicynes for to make hym confortyd.

<sup>493</sup> heregous] *glossed with* dredfull *in a later hand* 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>492</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>494</sup> ryʒte] *preceded by* lifte *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>495</sup> Galen] preceded by g deleted in black and red ink

And gif it come of hete, make hym colde. And gif it come of coldenysse, make hym hoot. And gif it come of moysture, consume hyt and drie hit. **[f. 101v]** gif it come of drynesse, make hym moyste.

Cure hym in alle þinges as it is forseyde in capitulo de paralisi and de spasmo. It is þe same cure. 3iff it come of colde cause and moyste, þat ffalliþ most, cure him in þis manere:

**132 Rx** caprifolij, sticados, eupatorij ana libra  $\beta$ . Make a syrupe libra ij. Lete hym vse herof late and erliche.

For bese binges haue properte for quakynge. And herof bou my3t make hoyle and anoynte hym and make berof electuaria and ban purge hym wib yerapigra scharped wib pulpa coloquintida and bdellium. And ban make hym styues and do bere binges bat gob in be syrupe and do more berto as sulphery salt and nitrum. And ban he schal vse triacle and aurea alexandrina ober babe hym in sulphery babis ober in salt watere made by crafte, as Auicen seib. And he seyb bat be brayn of an hare brende is goode berfor.

Clarificacio. Entende þat wyn and myche colde water dob myche harme to nerues, but rayn water dob lasse harme. And some man may doute ʒif a medicyne laxatyf schal go to fore babis or no or be contrarie. For Viatik spekib hirof and first he spekib of medicynes laxatyues and oylis and babis, etc.

J sey whan he spekib first of babis and ne makib no relacioun of medicynes, but of oylys, he ententid bat medicynes laxatyues and ban oylys and oynementis.

# De Jectigacione, [30]<sup>498</sup>

lectigacione is a meuynge bat walkib for kynde bat is enclosed bat ne hab no passinge and berfor it is a meuynge of an euel and noʒt of kynde, as Galen seib secundo de morbo. It comyb in lemys bat mow recche and constrayne, as flesche bat is ful of lacertis. And berfor, for be most part, it is in be face bitwix be skyn and fflesche. And berfor, it ne comyb noʒt in a leme bat is nesche ne in noon harde leme, as in bonys, and it may be in be skyn of be herte and in many ober placys and prinspaliche neyʒ be skyn. And it comyb of wynde, bat schewib wel, for it comyb sodeynliche and gob sone a wey or wib a lytel frotynge.

Causa. Causis of þis pascioun biþ al þinges þat tournyþ matere into wynde. And whan it is engenderyd it is ful hard to consume and þerfor wynde makiþ lepynge and iectigacione and meuyþ as it were a worme. Þis is feble hete þat nys noʒt myʒty to resolue ne consume and causis gaderynge to gedre biþ reste and softenesse and myche mete and drinke and accidencis of þe [f. 93r] soule, as wreþ, drede, ioye, and oþer mo. Signes biþ open.

Pronosticacio. 3if bese signes of lepynge, bat is clepyd iectigacione, it makib pronosticacioun of epilencia ober apoplexiam or stuporem or be palesye or be crampe.

Cura. Pe most parte of bis cure is aventynge of digestioun<sup>499</sup> and his mete ne schal no $3t [\dots]^{500}$  and 3eue it hym in siche a quantite bat it ne tourne into noon vapours. Perfor, 3t it come of colde

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>496</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>497</sup> babis] *preceded by* water *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>498</sup> De Jectigacione] *illegible gloss by a later hand* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>499</sup> digestioun] *preceded by* þis *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>500</sup> See commentary

causis, zeue hym hoote binges bat consumyb, as ruwe, agnus castus, castoreum. And purge his body after be particuleris and ban make hym drye styues, as it is forseyde in be chapitre of Paralisi, and sulphery babis and water of be see ober make hym salt babis by crafte and ventosis wib out garsinges. Make hym cauterijs and kutte be arterijs bat nourschib be mater. Perfor, zif it be in be face, it is goode to kutte be arteries of be templis whan alle ober medicynes passib tofore. Pis pascioun schal be cured as tremor.

4970 Clarificacio. Jt semy contrarye bytwix Galen secundo de morbo and Viatik. For Viatik seib bat iectigacione is meuynge of kynde and of noon euel, but Galen seib bat it is meuynge of an euel. For wynde meuyb and ne hab no passinge out. And berfore, it meuyd as it were a worme ober an emite or in be manere of lepynge and rennynge vnder be skyn. Þis pascioun is myche like to quakynge bat is forseyde and þerfor to þat schewynge Viatik jugid and seyde þat it was a meuynge of kynde and noon 4975 euel.

Jn be 2, entende bat boz be herte be most hoot, neuerbelattre, by resoun of be matere bat is viscous he may suffry iectigacione in hym self ober in be skyn berof.

#### De Tortura, 31

Tortura is an euel official bat corumpib be naturel schappe of be face.

Causa. Pe cause of his pascioun is be palesye oher spasmus hat comyh in nerues and in lacertis of be face ober enpostem in be necke and so of ober binges bat harmyb be nerues, as it is forseyde in be chapitre de paralisi and capitulo de spasmo.

Signa. Pe signes of tortura is whan his lippis ne mowe nogt joyne to gedre. Jif it be in any ober place, be hole place may be drawe wib byn honde and drawe to his disposicioun. Pe partye bat is sike ne may nozt so.

Signys of tortura is myche spetynge oper wibhaldynge berof. Pe signe of paralisis is recchinge of be same parte and mollificacioun and moysture and myche spetynge. Pe signe of be crampe is hardnesse, [f. 93v] contraccioun, akynge of be hede.

3if it come of replecioun, it comib sodevnly.

3if it come of lernysse, it comyb lytel and lytel. And binges bat makib lere gob to fore, as ffeuere and wakynge and ober mo. And his face is euel coloured.

Pronosticacio. Pronosticacioun herof is in bis manere. 3if tortura dure 7 monebis, it ne schal neuer be cured. Lepynge signifieb torturam and spasmus ober be palesye ober apoplexiam ober epilenciam. 3if bis pascioun be stronge, wib in 4 daies it sleeb. And 3 if he passe be 4 daies, he may askape.

Cura. Cure of bis pascioun is in letynge of blode and in medicynes laxatiues and in ober binges, as it is forseyde in be palesye and in spasmo. Special medicynes<sup>501</sup> to torturam bib bese: yera heremetes,  $\sqrt{3}$  if it be contynued longe tyme euery day til  $\sqrt{3}$  1. Achorus is goode berfore and nux muscata,  $\sqrt{3}$  in  $\sqrt{3}$  iberis. And berfor, of bese bou myst wib hony make electuaria ober oylys ober enplastris and lay hem in be necke byhynde and vppon be templys and vppon be partye bere be mater is. Ober wib bese 3 binges do pelletre and make gargarismys oper caputpurgia oper sachelle to halde in his moupe.

A sengle helpe is bis:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>501</sup> medicynes] preceded by signes deleted in red ink

<sup>3]</sup> preceded by an illegible deletion in black ink

**133 Rx** auricule muris, ciclaminis, nucis [indice], radicis cucumeris asinini, nucis muscate, acori, piretri ana. Stampe hem to gedre and boyle hem in wyn and wete flex in þat wyn and lete þe pacient ligge vpward and put in his nostrallys ij dropis. And þis schal be do many daies and many tymes whan he is fasttynge. For þis purgiþ þe hede wel and confortiþ þe nerues.

And here may be makyd oyle ober enplastris and lay vppon be bygynnynge of be nerues. Pis medicyne is goode in sikenesse of be nerues whan his body is made clene. Frotynge of his hede is goode for bis pascioun and of be necke in be partie bat hab harme. And it is goode for hym to loke euery day in myrouris. And 3if be myrour be<sup>503</sup> of stil, it is so myche be bettre. And he mote studie to close his lippis and schape his face wib his hondys. And it is goode for hym to trumpe myche and blowe an horn for bat makib be schappe myche to come azen. Jtem, it is goode for hym to make fumigaciouns and fomentaciouns ober bobe wib alle binges bat bib forseyde and do berto mustard seed and opopanac.

Pe last remedie perof is a cauterie in pe veynes pat bip behynde pe eryn, as Auicen seip, or in his necke.

Explicit pars 2

## Book 3

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[f. 94r] Capitulum primum De Anathomia Oculi

Capitulum 2 De Coniuctiua<sup>504</sup> et Sunt 13

Capitulum 3 De Vulneribus Cornee

Capitulum 4 De Pascionibus Vuee

Capitulum 5 De Debelitate Visus

Capitulum 6 De Pascionibus Que Pertinet ad Totum Oculum et Primo De Scabiositate

Capitulum 7 De Pascionibus Palpebrarum

Capitulum 8 De Pascionibus Aurium

Capitulum 9 De Tinnitu et Sibillo

Capitulum 10 De Dolore Auris et Apostemate Auris

Capitulum 11 De Vlcere Auris et Sanie

Capitulum 12 De Sanguine Existente in Auribus et Aquositate

Capitulum 13 De Re Cadente in Aure et Opilacione Auris

Capitulum 14 De Apostemate in Radice Auris

Capitulum 15 [De Pascionibus Narium]<sup>505</sup>

Capitulum [16 De Reumatice et Coriza]<sup>506</sup>

Capitulum [17 De Fluxu Sanguinis Narium]<sup>507</sup>

Capitulum 18 De Sternutacione

504 Coniuctiua] followed by oculi deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>503</sup> be] be be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>505</sup> Capitulum 15 De Pascionibus Narium] Capitulum 15 De Fluxu Sanguine Narium

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>506</sup> Capitulum 16 De Reumatice et Coriza] Capitulum 16 De Pascionibus Edd Capitulum 16] Capitulum 17

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>507</sup> Capitulum 17 De Fluxu Sanguinis Narium] Capitulum 17 De Reumatice et Coriʒa

Capitulum 19 De Egritudinibus Oris

Capitulum 20 De Egritudinibus Lingue

Capitulum 21 De Fluxu Saliue et Ablacione Odoris

Capitulum 22 De Fetore Oris

Capitulum 23 De Pascionibus Oris

Capitulum 24 De Lentiginibus Facei

Capitulum 25 De Pascionibus Dencium

Capitulum 26 De Pascionibus De Perforacione et Vermibus Dencium

Capitulum 27 De Pascionibus Gingiuarum

### De Anathomia Oculi, 1

As Galienus writeb septimo de iuuamentis membrorum and seybe bat be brayn was made for be yzen bat bey myzt be in be most able place of al be bodye as a bihalder bat sittib an hyze.

Out of be brayn comyb 2 nerues, as Galen seyb quarto de morbo, bat bib holowe and bey bib clepyd nerui optici, burz whiche passib be spiritus of sizt to be yze and to bat place bat is clepyd humore cristallinus. Pan be spiritus multiplieb hem wib in anone to be yze aboue and ban he takib kynde of binge bat is visible bat is ycast to humore cristallino, bare is be first chau[n]gyinge of colours and neruus opticus seruib to bere be spiritus of sizt vp and doun, in and out, to comyn wytte.

Poo twey nerues bat bib iclepyd optici whan bey comyb out of be rizt syde and of be lifte syde bey byb ioyned to gedre in be maner of a croys and bib ymade in be signification of a croys. Pere is oon hool beron in whiche ydel binges of sizt bib; zif it were in any ober maner, hym scholde benke bat oo binge were tweyne. And after be croys [f. 94v] bey forgib hem to gedre and departib hem in twey partijs and oon berof gob to be rizte yze and bat ober to be lifte yze.

And þan wexiþ a cote þat is clepyd tunica sclirotica þat comyþ of dura mater and help þe yʒe in þe maner of half a cercle. Þe helpe herof is to defende þe yʒe from hardnesse of þe sculle. And þan wexiþ þe secunde cote þat comyþ of pia mater and defendiþ þe yʒe as it were half a cercle.

Pan comyb tunica rethina and comyb in be same manere and is ful of veynes and arterijs to noursche be yze. Pan comyb humor vitreus; be colour berof is whyte turnynge toward rede and in be holounesse berof is humor cristallinus in be maner of half a cercle and berof, by wey of attricioun and reservacioun, be humour cristallyn is noursched. Pan comyb humor glacealis bat is in be myddel of be yze and is bere by hym silue and al bey bib for dyuerse helpynges and bere is be firste chaungynge of colours and it is of a kynde bat is clepyd diafona. For to reseyue alle dyuerse colours and of rounde schappe for to saue hym from superfluytees. And in be for parte it hab a schappe bat is clepyd figura elisa bat it mowe be bettre take sizte of binges.

Þan comyþ tunica aranea þat is engenderyd in [re]tina<sup>509</sup> and þere schewiþ þe schappe and fygure whan any man byhaldiþ stedefastely þe yʒe and is to fore cristallinum þat he ne schulde noʒt be harmed of humours of albugineum.

Pan comyb humor albugineus and bat be draste and be superfluyte of be humoure bat is clepyd cristallinus. And it is berfore to defende cristallinum fro meuynges bat comyb wib out forbe.

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<sup>508</sup> chaungyinge] chaugyinge

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>509</sup> retina] artina

Pan comyb tunica vuea bitwixe blacke and grene to make stronge be vertue of sizte and somtyme bey comyb of ober colours bat bib dyuerse in yzen.

Of þis colour, Galen makyþ no mynde in Tegni, but only of þe colour þat comyþ of disposicioun of humor cristallinus oþer albugenei oþer spiritus.

Now vuea tunica is holowe in be myddel bat be spiritus of sizt mowe passe rizt in be manere of a grape and be hongynge berof is remeued.

Þan comyþ tunica cornea þat is whyte and faste as<sup>510</sup> an horn to defende þe yʒen from harme wiþ outforþe and conteynyþ on hym 4 cotys þat ʒif oon be hurte þat oþer mowe be saf.

Pan comyb tunica coniunctiua. And bat is be same bat we yseeb white bat gob al aboute and byndeb be yze in as myche as it is nede to be sizt. Pan comyb musculi and lacerti bat byndeb be yze alle about in as myche as it is nede to be syzt and meuyb be yze vpward and a dounward and in bat oon syde and in bat ober. Pan comyb be yzeledys bat oon aboue and bat ober bynebe to keuere be yze and defendib hyt. And bat aboue meuyb most and bere bib herys beron to defende awey poudre and swote and fro ober binges bat en[n]ieb. 511 And bei bib blacke to make be sizt stronge.

Pis chapitre of anothomia **[f. 95r]** we settip schortely in also myche as it is possible bat we may be bet ise be pascioun of be yzen. For be yze suffrib al maner euelys, as euel bat is clepyd semelable and official and comyn. For<sup>512</sup> be sikenessis of coniunctiua comyb most. Perfor, we woleb first speke schortely of be pasciouns of coniunctiua, and ban of euelys bat comyb in lacrimali, and ban hem bat comyb in cornea, and ban of hem bat comyb of tunica vuea, and ban of hem bat comyb in humore albugines and cristallino, and in be spiritus of sizt and in neruo optico, and ban of pasciouns bat comyb in be yzelyddis, and ban of pasciouns bat comyb in lacertis bat meuyb be yze. Pis we wole do by be grace of God schortely and wel. For be pasciouns of be yzen bib hard to knowe and hard to cure.

## De Pascionibus Coniunctiua et sunt 13, [2]

#### [De Obtalmia]

Obtalmea is an hote enpostem of be yze bat is in conjunctiua.

Causa. Þe cause of þis pascioun comyþ wiþ out forþe oþer wiþ ynne. Wiþ out as grete hete oþer grete coldenesse oþer hote baþe oþer poudre oþer wynde and oþer mo.

Cause wib in is blode, or colere, fleume, or malencolie, ober wynde, ober vapours bat comyb fro partijs bynebe forb and somtyme bey falleb fro be hede and somtyme for be veynes wib inforbe and bat is ful euel.

Signa. 3if be cause come wib out bou schalt knowe hyt by schewynge of be pacient. 3if be cause wib out be remeuyd, bou myst listly do be cure, but sif his body be gretely replete.

3if it come of blode, he schal haue akynge, swellynge, and betynge, and be yzelyddis closed to gedre and oper signes of blode.

3if it come of colre, he schal haue grete akynge and prickynge and 3elu coloure and ober signes of colere.

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 $<sup>^{510}</sup>$  as] preceded by and deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>511</sup> ennieþ] enmieþ

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3if it come of fleume, he schal haue grete swellynge and be yzelyddis ytourned and whytenesse ouercomyb rednesse wib agreuaunce and akynge bat is nozt ful stronge and so of ober signys.

3if it come of malencolie, he schal haue lytel akynge and lytel coloure and lytel swellynge of be yzeliddis and so of ober signes.

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3if it come wib wynde, it is wib grete arysinge and wib lytel agreuaunce. And 3if it come of be stomak, it is wib nausea. 3if it come of be hede of causis wib outforbe, ban bere is agreuaunce in partye wib out. And 3if it come wib inforbe, he schal fnese and all maner swiche flux is ful euel for it ne may no3t be holpe ri3tfully to put medicynes berto.

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Pronosticacio. Ase longe as lippa þat is blerenyed is watery and sotil, þe sikenesse is in þe **[f. 95v]** ffirst bygynnynge. And whan it bygynneþ to be grete and whyte, þan it is wexinge. And whan lippa is so myche þat it closiþ þe yʒeledys, þan it is in þe state. And whan it bicomiþ for to bicome lasse, þan it goþ a wey. And lippa þat haþ smale gobettys is ful euel, as Auicen seiþ.

5090

Obtalmia in wynter wib particuleris bat ffallib berto in colde tyme, lattre it comyb and lattre it gob awey. And it is more perilouse for closynge of be porys bat comyb in somer. And in be myddel tyme it comyb ligtly and ligtly it passis a way.

Obtalmia nys nogt to despice. For gif it be euel cured, it leuyb bihynde hym euel relkys, as macula, pannus, tela, and so of ober mo.

5095

Obtalmia þat is olde and medicynes ne profiteþ noʒt þeron is þe worste of alle. For it signifieþ humours corupt and viscouse þat rotiþ þe nurschementis oþer veynes wiþ inforþe in þe hede nourschiþ þe mater.

Akynge þat is swyþe scharpe is ful perilous for brekynge of cornea oþer fretynge. Þerfor, in þis caas, þou moste warliche wake.

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Cura. In pe first bygynnynge put him in a derke place, but from smeche and poudre and fro al pinges pat my3t harme hym. He ne schal no3t slepe a day; he schal holde vpwarde his hede and pere ne schal be nopinge pat strayne his necke. He mote forsake wreppe and swyfynge and al maner besynesse and schal be in quiete and in pais. And he ne schal ete neper lactucas ne fische ne none fruytes ne none pinges pat bep watery ne fumous ne soure pinges ne salt ne scharpe. Alle his diete schal be sotile. He schal vse hennys and partriges and wilde bryddes and oper mo pat bip temperate.

5105

3if it be wip a reume and be cause be hoote, ffirst we mote helpe be reume for it lettib alle kyndely worchynge. He schal smelle sandalys, camphorum, rosis, aqua rosacea. Of bese binges wib acacia, bole, and sanguis draconis, and albumen ouorum. Make an enplastre and lay vppon his forhede and his templis and lete hyt stonde bere on houre or tweyne ban remeue hyt a way. 3if be cause be colde, constrayne hyt wib thus, masticis, camomille, mellilotum, rosis.

5110

Whan his hede is confortyd, 3if blode be in be cause oper 3if his body be replete, lete hym blode in be hede veyne of be ferber parte. And 3if it be nede after bat in sophenus ober in be same partye. And somtyme bere is so grete maystre of blode and humours bat bey lettib to lete hem blode in vaynes bat bib in be forhede ober in be templys ober in be hede ober kutte arterijs and lete blode in veynes bat bib in be yzen. And it is goode to sette ventosis in be necke ober bytwix his schuldris ober put berto waterlechis. [f. 96r] Also, it is goode in a stronge reume to make cauterijs in be hede. And somtyme put berto resolutiues wib sulphre and castor, camomille, and ober mo. For whan enposteme bicomyb olde and be reume be stronge and come of causis wib inforbe and medicynes ne profiteb no3t, ban bou

moste take goode kepe. 3if be mater be euel of colre, purge be mater and abide bou none defyinge wib oxi laxatiuo, electuario de succo rosarum ober wib mirabolis citrinis and cassiafistula.

3if þere be noʒt so grete akynge defye þe mater wiþ sirupo rosato, violato, nenifarino. And þan purge hym wiþ oxi[s]acra. 513 He ne schal haue none duretikes.

3if be mater be fleumatic, defye hyt wib ydromel and boyle beron ysope and ban purge hym wib yerapigra ober wib a decoccioun of polipodij and turbithe.

3if be matere come of malencolie, in be forseyde manere whan it is defyed, do berto a syrupe of borage and purge hym wib diasene and diaborage and a lytel of yerarufini ober wib<sup>514</sup> a decoccioun of mirabolanum yndorum and epithimi.

3if he be costyf make hym clisterijs and frote his hondis and his fete.

Entende aboute pe cure of obtalmia pat in bodijs pat bep vnclene pou ne schalt putte noon euaporatyfes in her yzen til his body be suffisauntlyche made clene.

Also, bis is a reule bat bou schalt put none narcoticum in his yzen, but in akynge bat is swybe violente of colre bat is scharpe and sotil in bat cause it is goode for bey makib colde be mater and grete.

Fro be first bigynnynge put bou no colirium in his yzen nozt or after 3 daies, but zif grete akynge make hyt.

Jn þe first bygynnynge, he ne schal noʒt wasch his yʒen wiþ colde water ne wiþ noþinge þat is colde in dede, but ʒif grete nede it make. For colde þinges closiþ þe porys and constrayneþ þe matere.

Jn obtalmia þat comyþ of hote cause whan al þinges biþ do to fore þat scholde be done, he schal vse þis colirium: take psillium and make þerof muscilagine in water of rosis and þe same þou myʒt do wiþ sedys of citonia and þe same þou myʒt do wiþ dragagantum. And þan take muscilagines þerof and presse hem out and medle hem wiþ whyte of ayren harde to gedre and do þerto womman mylke and make þerof a colire. Þis put a wey þe mater and acesiþ þe akynge.

3if bou wolt make hym slepe and do a wey be akynge, make bese muscilagines and do beron a decoccioun of whyte papy in water and it is meruelouse.

3if grete akynge constrayne ous, do þerto opium in lytel quantite and do þerto cerusam ywasche and ymade clene and þe iuse of coriandrum. Of al þese þinges make colirium.

In hote materes, whan **[f. 96v]** his body is made clene jn be first bigynnynge of bis pascioun, to do a wey akynge and make hym slepe, bou ne myʒt fynde no bettre ban is forsaide. Lete hym vse herof til be wexinge of sikenessis. And be wexynge he schal do berto muscilagines and fenigreci for it makib materatyf. In be staate do berto bis: make muscilagine of dragagantum and gummi arabici and fenigreci. Presse hem out wib womman mylke and medle hem to gedre and put in his yʒen ofte a day. For it rotib and makib clene and dob awey akynge. And he schal make clene his yʒen wib olde lynnen clobe ywet in glayre of arrin and milke.

Jn be ende he scahl vse bis: take tuthie 9 sibes aqueynt and apparailed as it fallib berfor, sarcocolle noursched in womman milke, amidi, lichij ana  $\vartheta$  ij. Medle hem wib water of rosis and whyte of ayren and womman mylke.

oxisacra] oxiacra

514 wib] *preceded by* bere *deleted in black ink* 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>513</sup> oxisacra] oxiacra

3if we haueb nede to haue any stronger medicynes, do we berto aloen es vstum made clene, memithe, marcasite, cathime auree. Aparaile hem as it fallib berfor. Pis makib clene and dob awey whyte herys and euel relikes bat bib left in be yzen.

Now all wyse men acordib heron bat sarcocolla nys nozt good in obtalmia, but in be ende berof.

3if þis pascioun come in wynter tyme and his poris be closyd, whan his body is clene, put a sponge in hoote water and ley vppon his yʒe to drawe out þe vapours and put in þe water [of] rosis oþer coriandrum oþer papauer and wete þeron þy sponge and presse it out and lay vppon his yʒen. And in þis maner þou schalt make colde and repercuscyues and euaporatyues.

Jn be wexinge and in be staate do berto bese binges: dragagantum, gummi arabici. Jn be ende, remeue hem awey and put berto camo[m]ille, 515 mellilotum, ordeum, violis. And boyle hem a lytel and put in water a sponge ober wolle clene ywasche or cotoun ober clene lynnen clobe and presse out a lytel and lay vppon his yzen. 516

In alle bese worchinges, bou most consydre bat his body be made clene. For ellys bis wole make more agreuaunce.

3if be cause be colde, whan his body is makyd clene and ober binges bib apassyd tofore, do bese remedies: put rede rosis in a sachel and tempere hem in whyte wyn colde and ban lay be sachel vppon his yzen. And after oon houre put bese binges in be sak: rosis, camomille, mellilotum ana. And put hem in hoote water and presse out be water and ley be sachel vppon his yzen an houre and bat ober an ober houre. Whan bis pascioun is fer apassed out make bis muscilago in water of rosis, of gummi arabic, fenigric, [f. 97r] seed of letuse, malue, and presse out. Pan take sarcocolle noursched in womman mylke ober asse mylke, spicenardi, mirte, cinamomi, aloe, castorei ana  $\Im$   $\upbeta$ . Poudre hem as it fallib for colirijs and ban take be double of muscilagines and medle berwib and put in hys yzen. Pis colirium resoluyb oon partye and some makib maturatyf and some repercussyf. And berfor, it is goode in be ende of obtalmia bat comyb of colde cause and in be wexinge and in be state.

In be ende do bese remedijs, but be proporciouns bib chaunged berof for muscilagines schulleb be in half double and be poudris in double and berwib in be ende put hym in a babe and 3eue hym clene wyn but in lytel quantite. His diete schal be sotil. In maladijs bat bib conpouned medle medicynes berfor.

Entende in þis place þat in euery mater, and prinspaly hiron for þe noblete of þe leme and perile of þe cure, somtyme þere falliþ particlis þat mannys tunge ne may noʒt telle hem. Þerfor, Y mote putte hem to þe leche þat werkiþ þeron. And in some þou most addye and in some þou most laskye after þe kynde of symple and conpounis and after þe kynde of þe euel and of þe tyme of þe ʒere and after þe kynde of conplexiouns and of oþer particuleris. And þerfor, þe leche þat worchiþ by þe particuleris after tyme þat he knoweiþ materialys he schal medle hem and ordeyne hem after þe fourme of regymen þat is ytake of þe cours of þe particuleris.

3if obtalmia come of wynde, do a wey be vapours wib milium in a sachel.

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<sup>515</sup> camomille] camoille

<sup>516</sup> y3en] preceded by le deleted in black ink

#### **De Vngue in Coniunctiua**

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Unguis is be secunde pascioun bat comyb in coniunctiua. Vnguis is a wexynge in be mydel bytwixe be disposicioun bat is neruous and bat ober bat is fleschy bat wexib vppon coniunctiuam. And somtyme it bygynneb on bat oon syde of be yze and somtyme in bat ober and somtyme in bobe and somtyme hyt helyb coniunctiuam and somtyme it tilleb anone to corneam and somtyme it is of oon colour and somtyme of anober coloure and so of all be obere.

Cura. J suppose þat his body be clene, þan fume his body wiþ water of maluis and bismalue and þan he vse þis colirium:

**134 Rx** vitreoli, viridis eris vsti, salis armoniaci, fellis tauri ana  $\mathfrak{D}$   $\mathfrak{h}$ , aloe, cinamomi, ʒinʒiberis, trium generum piperis, fragmentorum scutelle terree viridis ana  $[\mathfrak{D}]$  j. Poudre hem as it falli $\mathfrak{h}$  for colrijs and medle hem wi $\mathfrak{h}$  iuse of fenel, maiorane and wi $\mathfrak{h}$  a lytel hony and make  $\mathfrak{h}$  perof a collirie.

3if he ne **[f. 97v]** be noʒt ycured herwiþ, go we to surgyans. Opene his yʒelyddis and take out vnguis wiþ a crooke and arere hyt vp wiþ þe ende of a penne þat be sotil and kutte hym a wey wiþ a payre sesourys. And in þe cuttynge þou most haue 2 cautelys. Þat oon is þat þou schalt kutte awey al to gedre for els it wole come aʒen.

Pe secunde is bou ne schalt touche noʒt of be flesche bat is naturel bat is in be cornere of be yʒe. For els hys yʒen wole watery allegate. Pan lay berto salt and comyn iche wib bat be yʒelydde ne close noʒt to be yʒe. Perfor, his yʒe mote allegate meue. Perefore, he schal slepe a lytel and make berto an enplastre wib be ʒelke of an eye and a lytel oyle and bynde berto and twyes a day it mote be apparailed.

## De Macula Rubea Super Coniunctiuam

This is be bridde pascioun of coniunctiua wherof bou schalt entede bat vppon coniunctiuam schewib a rede poynte of blode ygaderyd to gedre as it were a drope of blode ober as it were a wem bat cleuyb to be yze. And bis pascioun comyb to be yze somtyme of enchesouns wib out, as fallynge, smytynge, brekynge of coniunctiua, and ober mo. Somtyme blode fallib berto of brekynge of a veyne and in bat manere blode gaderyb in coniunctiua and makib bere a wem of blode. Somtyme it is of blode mortefyed.

Cura. In be first bygynnynge whan it scheweb for swellynge of enposteme, lete hym blode in be hede veyne and his dietynge schal be bynne and take whyte of ayren and defye hyt in watere of rosis and medle berwib sanguis draconis and put in his yzen. And zif coniunctiua be to broke, do berto salt ychewyd wib comyn and ban droppe ofte womman milke in his yzen. Pan zif he ne be nozt ycured, put in his yze ofte blode of a culuere itake out vnder be wynges. 3if he ne be nozt ycured herwib take water of radiche distilled and put in his yzen. 3if it be olde and mortefyed, ban fume his yzen wib a decoccioun of ysope, barlyche, and calamentum in water. Pan take culuere turdys and distille hem wib whyte vynegre and whyte wyne and droppe berof in his yzen.

3if he ne be nozt yeured wip bese binges, do berto nitrum and sal armoniac dissolued. 3if he ne be nozt yeured herwib, make bis colirium and put in his yzen:

**135 Rx** vitreoli, salis armoniaci, sarcocolle, aloe, piperis, thuris, eris vsti, corelli, margaritarum, dragagantum, gummi arabici, ceruse, amidi, sanguis draconis ana  $\Im$  j. **[f. 98r]** Poudre hem as it falliþ for

colirijs wiþ culuer blode and make þerof lytel gobettis and drawe hem. And whan þou wolt vse any berof, dissolue hyt in womman mylke and do in his yzen.

#### De Panniculo in Coniunctiua

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Pis is be 4 pascioun bat comyb in coniunctiua whan his body is replete and prinspaly his hede. Pan be veynes bat bib in coniunctiua bib replete and weuyb hem self to gedre and makyb a webbe in be manere of a fume and keueryb al be whyte of be yze and somtyme corneam. And it is ofte wib grete icchynge and many terys and myche redenesse and it wole somtyme keuere be sizt.

Cura. In be fyrst bygynnynge lete hym blode in be hede vayne and afterward, ʒif it be nede, in be veynes bat bib in his forhede and in his templis and ban in be veynes bat bib in be corneris of his yʒen. Pan purge hym wib yerapigra. His dietynge schal be sotil and he schal leue al fumous metis and drynkes and ban he schal vse bis colirie bat is repercussyf:

136 Rx acacie ablute, gummi arabice, eris vsti. Medle hem wib reyn water and make berof colirium.

3if þe pascioun dureþ longe, his body is clene, lete hym vse þis colirium: take schellys of ayryn þat biþ newe layde and tempere hem in stronge vynegre 9 daies and þan drye hem in a schadowe and þan poudre. Þan take sarcocolle noursched, aloen, ʒinʒiberis, gummi arabici ana wiþ þe poudre of schellys and medle hem wiþ water of eufrasye distilled and make collirium. And he may vse þis by maner of poudre oþere make hyt lyquide wiþ fresche swynes grece oþer make þerof gobettis. And whan þou wolt vse hem, distempere hem wiþ womman mylke and wiþ þe iuse of celydoyne. And in þis maner we may dyuerseliche worche in pasciouns of yʒen after þe particuleris. 3if he ne be noʒt ycured herwiþ þan go we to a surgyan þat is yletteryd and expert and lete hym arere vp þe webbe wiþ a croke<sup>517</sup> as it is forseyde in vngue. And departe hyt wiþ þe ende of a penne þat be sotile and kutte hyt awey wiþ a payre of scherys and lay þerto salt and comyn chewyd and þe ʒelke of an eye wiþ oyle lay vppon a cloþe and bynde vppon his yʒe and he schal meue hys yʒe þat flesche ne wexe noʒt þeruppon and in þe morne wasche his yʒen in water þat rosis be soden þeron.

# **De Puluere Cadente in Coniunctiua**518

**[f. 98v]** This is be 5 pascioun of conjunction ober of all be yze whan poudre fallib in be y[z]e<sup>519</sup> ober a moot or any bynge. Pan wasche his yze wib swete watere and lete a womman mylke beron. And zif it honge fast beron and be yhud heue vp his yzelede and take hyt a wey wib nesche leber ober wib a payre smale tonges.

#### **De Tumore Coniunctiue**

Pe 6 pascioun of conjunctiua is swellynge oper wynde oper watere of fleume oper malencolie.

<sup>517</sup> croke] preceded by croke deleted in red ink

Coniunctiua] preceded by illegible deletion in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>519</sup> yʒe] ye

beron] preceded by b deleted in black ink

Cura. Pe cure of þis is sotile dietynge and purge his hed wiþ yerapigra and baþe hym and make 5255 hym fomentaciones for his yzen wiþ hote water ofte in whiche be camomille, mellilotum, absinthium, anisum. And lete hym vse þis colirium:

**137 Rx** eris vsti 3 ij, <sup>521</sup> magaritarum, coralli, spicenardi, musci ana 9 j, sanguis draconis 9  $\beta$ . And medle hem wib water of rosis and make berof colirium.

#### De Duricie in Coniunctiua

The 7 pascioun of coniunctiua is hardenesse, so bat be yze ne may nozt close to gedre ne opene. And be cure berof is in mollificatyues and dissolutiues. Whan his body is made clene, boyle malue and bismalue, dust of barliche and of otyn and wete beron a spunge and lay vppon hys yzen and make hym ofte a fomentacyoun wib bis water and make enplastre to his yze wib zelkys of ayren and oyle and drye be terys wib agresta.

### De Pruritu [in] Coniunctiua

Pis pascioun comyb of scharpe humours salt and viscous. Perfor, purge his body of be ilke binges and ban babe hym and styue hym. And ban make a fomentacioun for his yzen wib hote water ofte and ban wasche<sup>522</sup> his yzen wib water of fenel, celidoyne, veruene, and eufrasye.

## De Apostematibus Paruis Nascentibus in Coniunctiua

The 9 pascioun of conjunctia. Somtyme in coniunctiua bib enpostemys as it were graynes as grete as milium and somtyme more and somtyme lasse, somtyme rede and somtyme whyte. Purge his body of be humour bat is in be cause. And 3if be cause be hoote, make hym colirium of ceruse and whyte of ayryn. And 3if be cause be colde, sp[r]en[ge]<sup>523</sup> vppon be place poudre of margarite, [i.e.] perlys, coral, and of schellys of ayryn.

#### De VIcere et Sanie in Conjunctiua

Pe 10 pascioun of coniunctiua is vlcus and somtyme it is wip quytture. Purge his body wip letynge blode and wip sotil dietynge and lete hym vse pis colirium:

138 Rx cathime auree, eris vsti, ceruse ablute, plumbi [f. 99r] vsti, dragagantum, gummi arabici ana θ ij,
 aloe, mirre, musci, 524 olibani, sarcocolle nutri[t]e, 525 opij ana θ β. Medle hem wiþ water of rosis and make þerof colirium.

<sup>521</sup> See commentary

<sup>522</sup> wasche] preceded by w deleted in black ink

<sup>523</sup> sprenge] speren; Latin: aspergatur

<sup>524</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>525</sup> nutrite] nutrice

#### De Excrescencia et Diminucione Carnis in Coniunctiua

Pe 11 pascioun of coniunctiua is wexinge of fflesche beron ober wanynge. 3if flesche wexe beron, bere nys none ober counsayle, but whan his body is made clene a kunnynge surgiaun schal take hyt awey, as it is seyde in be chapitre de vngue and in be chapitre de panniculo in coniunctiua. 3if fflesche be wanyd beron by a surgian bat is no3t cunnynge, as in cure of vnguis and pannus and cancer and fistula, ban bere nys no cure. For bat binge bat is remeued berof is a rote and it ne takib no cure wherfor in be cure berof bere mote be grete queyntyse. 3if bere be any binge take awey berof, ban make bis collirium:

**139 Rx** aloe, olibani ana  $\vartheta$  ij,<sup>526</sup> sanguinis draconis, sumac ana  $\vartheta$   $\beta$ . Make þerof colirium wiþ water of rosis in whiche gumme arabic be dissolued.

## De Fistula in Lacrimali

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The 12 pascioun of coniunctiua is a festre<sup>527</sup> bat is engenderyd in be cornere of be yze. Entende<sup>528</sup> bat enpostemys bat bib nesche<sup>529</sup> bib engenderyd in be cornere of be yze toward be nose and for be most parte it tournyb in  $^{1}$ to  $^{1}$ to a festre.  $^{531}$ 

Jn þe ffirste<sup>532</sup> bygynnynge make clene<sup>533</sup> hys body and þan make hym fomenteciouns wiþ a spunge wete in a decoccioun of galle, sumac, and a lytel hony \and<sup>534</sup> water and after þat in a decoccioun of mala granata in water and leuys of ruwe. And þan make hym þis collirium:

**140 Rx** viridis eris, attramenti, salis armoniaci, vitreoli, calcis viue, auripigmenti, cantaridarum, aluminis ana  $\mathfrak{Z}$   $\beta$ . Make herof poudre and putt þeron a lytel quantite þerof oþer medle hyt wiþ vryne of a childe and wiþ draftis<sup>535</sup> of<sup>536</sup> oyle and make þerof an oynement and wete heron a tent and put in þe festre. <sup>537</sup>

And after be tyme bat be festre is mortefyed make an oynement of aloen, olibanum, sarcocolle, sumac, cortices, malorum granatorum to regendre flesche. Pan zeue hym bis drinke:

**141 Rx** foliorum agrimonie, foliorum oliue. Stampe hem and tempere hem wib whyte wyn and lete hym drinke hyt. For wib out any drede, ʒif his body be made clene and be pacient be of goode regymen, ʒif bis drinke be contynued, it wole cure bis festre.

<sup>526</sup> See commentary

festre] glossed with ffistulays by a later hand

<sup>528</sup> Entende] glossed with onderstonde by a later hand

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>529</sup> nesche] glossed with softe by a later hand

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>530</sup> to] inserted by a later hand

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>531</sup> festre] glossed with fistulaye by later hand

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>532</sup> ffirste] *preceded by* ffestre *deleted in red ink* 

make clene] glossed with purge by later hand

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>534</sup> and] corr. by deletion of an illegible word in black ink

<sup>535</sup> draftis] glossed with dracches by a later hand

<sup>536</sup> of of of

festre] glossed with fistulaye by a later hand

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>538</sup> regendre] *glossed with* incarne *by a later hand* 

Jtem, gadre agrimoniam wip a pater noster and pat curep a festre for pe most parte. And also, 3 if it be bore at his necke.

3if he ne be nozt cured **[f. 99v]** here wiþ, þan go we to a surgyan. Make a cauterie in þe place and do oþer þinges by ordre as it falliþ þerfore. Of þis mater we haueþ yspoke in þe first book. Do we þis þerto and in þat manere þe truþe may be knowe.

#### **De Lacrimis**

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Pe 13 pascioun of coniunctiua bib terys rennynge out of be yze. And it may come of causys goynge tofore, as smytynge, fallynge, hete, coldenesse, febris, sorynesse of soule. Whan bese binkys beb remeued terys wollib be remeued. Somtyme bey comyb of takynge a way of flesche in be cornere of be yze ffor a surgyan bat is vncunnynge and berfor it nel nozt be cured. Neuerbelatter, zif bou yseest any way make bis collirium:

**142 Rx** aloen, sarcocolle nutrite, sumak and make berof collirium.

Somtyme terys comyb for feblenesse of be yzen. Pat schewib zif he be moyst, <sup>539</sup> nesche, and whyte. For bat wole be cured. And [zif bou] <sup>540</sup> benke goode, do berto olibanum wib be forseyde collirium and lete hym vse berof.

Some tyme terys comyb for flux of humours of partyes wib in of be brayn. And be signe berof is 3if bey come contynuly and wib fnesynge. Pese terys mow be cured, but it is ful hard. In be fyrst bygynnynge conforte his brayne wib ambra and storax calamita, 3if be cause be colde. 3if be cause be hoot, wib camphore and rosis. And purge hym wib yerapigra, 3if be cause be colde; jn an hote cause wib electuarium de succo rosarum. And afterward sette ventosis in his necke and ban setones. And he schal forsake replecyoun and longe slepe and he schal smelle confortatyf binges after be particuleris.

3if it come for causis wip out, conforte his brayn and ley stiptica vppon his forhed and his templys after be particulers of sanguis draconis, acacia, mirra, olibanum, whyte of an eye. Frote hym harde in be hynder parte of his hede. And 3if we ne haueb noon ober wey, kutte his arterijs bat bib in be templys and ban conforte his y3e, 3if be cause be hoot, wib bis collirium:

**143 Rx** rosarum margaritarum perforatarum, ossium mirabolanum, coralli albi and rubij, camphore ana 9 ij, acacie, sanguinis<sup>541</sup> draconis, sumac, corticis maligranati, opij, olibani ana grana 6. Medle hem wip watere of dragagantum and gummi arabici and make berof collirium.<sup>542</sup>

3if be cause be colde, ban lete hym vse bis collirium:

**144 Rx** tuthie preparate, sarcocolle **[f. 100r]** nutrite, mirre, olibani, aloe, masticis, storacis calamite, ambra ana  $\vartheta$  j, rosarum, sumac, sanguis draconis ana grana 6. Medle hem wib muscilagines  $\circ$  dragagantum, gummi arabici and make berof collirium.

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 $<sup>^{539}</sup>$  moyst] preceded by my deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>540</sup> ʒif þou] þe

sanguinis] *preceded by* sa *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>542</sup> See commentary

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Clarificacio. Entende about þis mater þat Galen semyþ contrarie to hym self in þe ferþe particle de morbo and seyþ þus: ʒif þere be enposteme in coniunctiua of blode it agreueþ þe syʒt. And anone ryʒt afterward þe lettre sewiþ and seyþ, ʒif any man haue obtalmiam oþer vngulam by hym self it makyþ derke þe syʒt and obtalmia comyþ somtyme of blode þan enpostem anoyeþ þe siʒt. What is þat to sey þat apostema sanguineum agreueþ þe syʒt by hap and obtalmia by hym self. For obtalmia is enposteme þat comyþ of blode for þe most part. What schul we sey herto? J sey þat Y ne se noʒt but as vnder a cloude. 3if þe lettre be soþ we schulleþ sey in þis manere in also myche þat is present þat humor cristallinus is in þe yʒe by hym self and oþer biþ to helpe. 3if alle þinges þat biþ in þe yʒe suffrie and þe siʒt ne be noʒt yharmyd, it nys noon euel by hym self, but enchesoun of euel, as Galen seyþ primo de morbo, and it is so þat enpostem of blode is an euel of coniunctiua. For in coniunctiua biþ many veynes and in þat maner þere may be engenderyd oon greuaunce oþer enposteme þeron of blode. Now her is agreuaunce of party and noʒt of al. For so myche þat þe syʒt nys noʒt harmed. Þerfor, apostem of blode nys noʒt by hym self an euel of þe yʒe. For of nede it ne harmyþ<sup>543</sup> noʒt þe syʒt þoʒ it be an euel of

3if be cause be conpouned, medle be medicyne as be wyse dome of be leche.

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Entende þat in what manere so þe cause go for þese wordys þe enchesoun ne þe signes ne þe worchinge nys noʒt ychaunged. Þerfor, me semyþ þat disputaciouns is of þe namys. Quare, etc.

coniunctiua. Now obtalmia nys nozt seyde properliche of  $pey[3]e^{544}$  ne of coniunctiua, but zif  $pey[3]e^{5$ 

berfor, Auicen in be 3 chapitre whan he seyb bat a verray obtalmia is enpostem in conjunctiua and after

12 lynis he seyb bat a verray obtalmia is enpostem in be sizt followynge wib coniunctiua. And so it schewib wel bat obtalmia nys nozt only enpostem of coniunctiua, but of be syzt. Also berfor, obtalmia

**[f. 100v]** In be 2, entende bat obtalmia comyb most in veer ban in any ober tyme of be zere and ban it comyb most of blode; and zif it come in somer, it comyb most of colre; and zif it come in heruest, it comyb of malencolie; and zif it come in wynter it comyb most of fleume.

Jn þe 3, entende þat in obtalmia ʒif his body be ful þou myʒt lete hym blode in cephalica in þe party aforneʒene and after þat in þe same partye, ʒif it be nede. After þat do þerto repercuscyues, ʒif his body be made clene and þe sikenesse in þe first bygynnynge.

In þis manere þou schalt knowe ʒif obtalmia is in þe first bygynnynge: whan hys [yʒe] suelliþ and þat goþ out þerof is sotil; and whan his yʒeleddes wexiþ grete and rede, þan it is in wexynge; and whan þat is defyed, þan it is in þe staate; and whan it bicomyþ lytel, it is in þe ende.

Jn þe 4, entende þat in ʒeuynge of watere in obtalmia oþer it is ʒeue wiþ out oþer wiþ in. 3if it be wiþin and þe tyme be colde and þe cause colde, it schal be ʒeue to defye þe mater and þe water schal be hoot to put awey þe vapours. 3if it be wiþ out þat is to make a fomentacioun to þe yʒe and þan it schal allegate be hoot, but ʒif grete akynge lette hyt.

Jn þe 5, entende þat fenigrecum is goode in obtalmia þat comyþ off fleume. For it dissolueþ and defyeþ and, ʒif þe mater be colde, it may be good wiþ medlynge of colde þinges, as dragagantum, muscilago psillij to make hyt maturatyf in þe ende of þe wexinge and in þe bygynnynge of þe staate, þoʒ it be hoote of conplexioun.

by hym self may anove be syst.

harmyþ] preceded by he deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>544</sup> yʒe] ye

Jn be 6, entende bat bog blode drawe to be skyn and ne harmyb nogt be skyn ne makib noon infeccioun for his tendernesse it preschib. Perfor, in be first bygynnynge it schewib in be maner of a poynt and somtyme in be manere of a wem. And berfor, in be first bygynnynge, bloode of a culuere nys nogt goode. For enchesoun of be hete it wolde make be more blode falle berto, but after be tyme bat ober binges haue passed tofore, it is goode.

Jn be laste, entende bat cause goinge tofore of terys somtyme may come of be stomak and somtyme of all be body, but be propre enchesoun comyb of be hede.

# De Pascionibus Cornee, [3]<sup>545</sup>

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Tvnica cornea is be same cote bat schewib open in be yze in be maner of a brizt horne and it is vppon be poynte of be yze and bat suffrib many sikenessis, as Galen seib quarto de morbo. Pe pasciouns<sup>546</sup> [f. 92r] berof bib vlcus, woundes, bladderys, variola, brekynge, webbys, wemmys, cicatrix, gretenesse, chaungynge of coloure, and ober mo, as bou schalt yhuyre by processe in particuleris and bere bib 8 pasciouns berof.

# De VIceribus et Plagis Cornee

Tvnica cornea is a cote in be manere of a rynde and bat haldib wib in hym 4 cotis. And some tyme ber is vlcus beron and bat comyb of scharpe humours. And vlcera bib dyuerse beron after dyuersyte of settynge of be ryzt syde and of be lyft syde and of depenesse and hyznesse and after dyuersyte of causys. And in bat manere bere bib many spyces berof and alle bey may have oon cure. And berfore, Y ne do no force to sette hem in dyuerse placys.

Cura. Jn þe fyrst bygynnynge put hym in a derke<sup>547</sup> place and lete hym be in pees and in reste. And hys dietynge schal be sotil. And he ne schal noʒt ligge vppon þe same partye of þe yʒe þat is iharmed. And alle þinges schulleþ be done almost as in obtalmia. Lete hym blode and purge hym wiþ mirabolis citrinis and violis. Whan hys body is clene, in þe first bygynnynge, lete hym vse þis collirium:

**145 Rx** ceruse ablute 3 ij, dragaganti, gummi arabici ana 3 iij, opij  $\mathfrak{D}$   $\beta$ . And make herof collirium wip whyte of an eye.

After be tyme bat he hab vsed bis collirium, cast in his yze womman mylke. 3if vlcus close to gedre, open hyt wib a decoccioun of fenel and corona regia in water and ban cast mylke beron and after lete hym vse bis collirium. Do bese 3 binges in be forsayde collirye: tuthie apparailed, cathimia ywasche and es vstum ywasche. And 3if we wole regendre flesche to alle bese we mote do bese 3 bingys: aloen, sarcocolle, olibanum. Now in euery wounde ober vlcus is grete akynge. Perfor, it is nede to make clene his body and colliria ne schulle no3t be to bytynge and his yze schal be wasche euery day twyes in hoot reyn water and sugre and hony schal be beron.

See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>545</sup> 3] 2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>547</sup> derke] *preceded by* d *deleted in black ink* 

#### **De Vesica Cornee**

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Pe secunde pascioun of cornea is a bladdre and it is dyuerse in coloure and akynge and liʒtnesse and malice after þat þe watrinesse is gaderyd wiþ out bytwixe þe ryndes þat biþ in cornea oþer wiþ in oþer in þe myddel. And after dyuersite of humours þat biþ [f. 92v] in þe cause oþer by resoun of qualite oþer of of dyantite oþer of boþe.

Now a bladdre oper a pooke in be first bygynnynge is as it were a rede poynt, but vlcera tournyb more toward whytenesse.

Cura. Pe cure herof is wiþ letynge blode and medicynes laxatyues and colirium þat is forseyde in þe chapitre de vlceribus cornee. Oþer make þis collirium:

**146 Rx** tuthie preparate, cathime lote, antimonij abluti, cicoree, eris ablute ana  $\Im$  j, opij grana 6. Medle hem to gedre wib muscilago fenigreci.

Pou schalt apparaile tuthie in þis manere: make hyt rede as fuyre 10 siþes and euery tyme aquenche hyt in childes vryne þat is mayde<sup>549</sup> and 5 siþes in water of rosis and þan make þerof poudre and tempere hyt in þe iuse of maiorana and þan do a wey þe iuse and make drye þe poudre of thutie in a schadewe.

# **De Ruptura Cornee**

The<sup>550</sup> 3<sup>551</sup> pascioun of cornea is brekynge and it schewiþ somtyme as grete as þe hede of a grape and somtyme þe gretnesse of a nayle. Somtyme it brekiþ for enchesouns wiþ out forþe, as fallynge oþer smytynge. And somtyme for enchesouns wiþin, as scharpe humours oþer enpostemes and dyuersyte of causis, so þat somtyme vuea goþ out and is foule in syʒt.

Cura. Pey þat biþ curable in þe firste bygynnynge biþ cured wiþ þinges þat biþ forsayde in þe chapitre de vlceribus cornee þat is forseyde. Jn þe first bygynnynge make clene hys body wiþ letynge of blode and medicynes laxatyues and þan do þerto repercussyues and make enplastre of citonijs, acasia, sanguis draconis, bolus armeniensus and bynde þerwiþ his yʒe and lete hym lye vpward. And make hym a fomentacioun wiþ a decoccioun of rosis, planteyne, bursa pastoris in water and he may vse þis colirium. And þan þis:

**147 Rx** antimonij vsti [and] abluti, ceruse vste [and] ablute, c[l]imie $^{552}$  vste and ablute, acasie ablute ana  $\vartheta$  ij, spicenardi, aloe, thutie nutrite, sarcocolle nutrite ana  $\vartheta$  grana. Medle hem wiþ muscilago of dragagantum and [make þerof] collirium.  $^{553}$ 

In his schewynge hat is foule and horrible, Y ne counsaile nozt to be kut for it were drede lest al he yze molte a wey.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>548</sup> oþer of] corr. by deletion of and in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>549</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>550</sup> The] *missing a* T *decorated initial* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>551</sup> 3] corr. by deletion of 4 in black ink

<sup>552</sup> climie] chimie

<sup>553</sup> collirium] see commentary

#### **De Cancro in Cornea**

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Pe 4 pascioun of cornea is a cankre. It is engendered somtyme of colere aduste. And it makib somtyme vlcus and fretynge and an hole and kynge of be hede and wakynge and takib a wey his **[f. 102r]** appetyte of mete. And 3if it be no3t cured in be first bygynnynge after bat tyme it nel no3t be cured. And somtyme it is engendered of malencolie and makib lest akynge and is harde.

Cura. In pe first bygynnynge lete hym blode. And 3if it come of colera adust, purge hym wip oxi laxatiuo and electuarium de succo rosarum and yerarufini. 3if it come of malencolie, purge hym wip dyasene and yerarufini.

Cancre bat comyb of colere, make hym a mytigatyf wib bis collirie in be first bygynnynge:

**148 Rx** ceruse ablute, amidi ana  $\vartheta$  j, opij  $\vartheta$   $\beta$ . Medle hem wiþ whyte of an eye and wiþ muscilago made of dragagantum and water of rosis.

Oper do perto enplastre made of 30lkys of eyren and oyle of rosis and womman mylke. Oper make bis in be maner of a collirie.

Whan be akynge nys nozt so horrible lete hym vse bis collirie:

**149 Rx** tuthie preparate, amidi, memithe, coralli albi and rubij, terre sigillate, margaritarum ana  $\vartheta$  j. Medle hem wib muscilagine of dragagantum, gummi arabici and make collirium berof.

## **De Mutacione Coloris Cornee**

The 5 pascioun of cornea is chaungynge of colour naturel into in naturel, bog be yze be hoole.

Entende þat for opilacioun of þe splene and of þe lyuere, as in ictericia and in oþer mo, þe naturel coloure chaungiþ into rednesse oþer ʒelunessse oþer blackenesse oþer grene. In so myche þat somtyme þat hym semyþ þat alle þinges beþ ʒelu. Þe colour and þe fygure changeþ, as in lepra. Þe coloure chaungiþ after dyuersyte of þe colour þat is in humore cristallino and albugineo and spiritus and after dyuersite of coloure of humore vitrei.

Cura. Pe cure herof is in remeuynge of be cause and make a fomentacioun to his yze wib a decoccioun of nenifare, rosis, camomille. And zif bou wolt coloure be yze in black coloure make hyt in bis manere:

**150 Rx** gallas and bonis of mirabolanum. Poudre hem and at last tempere hem in oleo sizamino ober in oyle of nottys and put hem in a glasyn vesseal in be sunne and droppe hyt in his yzen as a collirium.

#### **De Humectacione Cornee**

Pe 6 pascioun of cornea. Somtyme superfluytees rennyb to corneam and engenderib bere a fume and a cloude and his sizt is helyd. Pe cure berof is purge hym wib pillulis aureis and make a collyrie to his yzen wib be galle of ancipitis.

# De Duricie Cornee [f. 102v]

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The 7 pascioun is corugacio bat bycomyb lytel and hardnesse as it fallib in elde men. And ban it is goode to make hym fomentacyouns wib a decoccioun of barlyge, rosis, violis, nenifar, and ober mo. And droppe in his yzen ofte womman mylk.

# De Albugine et Macula et Cicatrice in Oculis

5460 Pe 8 pascioun of cornea. Entende þat vppon bifalliþ many pasciouns þat þere ne semyþ no difference þeron, but some more and some lasse, as a cloude, albugo, macula, pannus, tela, whiche comyþ for cours of humours, and somtyme for fallynge and smytynge, and somtyme þey comyþ of enpostemys euel iheelyd.

Entende þat cicatrices comyþ in cornea after þe cure of vlcera and variolis and oþer mo and alle þey biþ whyte and þey semyþ wemmys. And men trauaileþ in cure of cicatrices, as in wemmys and þe trauaile þerof is an ydel for citatrix ne takiþ no cure. Some men supposiþ þat a wemme þat is in cornea<sup>554</sup> nys noon oþer þinge þan cicatrix of cornea. Boþe of þese tweyne biþ disceyued.

In cicatrice ne trauayle bou noʒt, but to make hyt fayre. Pese infecciouns bat comyb in cornea, ʒif it be in be first bygynnynge ober in childeholde, bey may liʒtly be youred wib womman mylke icast ofte in his yʒen and after bat wib be poudre of cepia ober in bis manere:

**151 Rx** s[u]cci<sup>555</sup> papaueris rubij, s[u]cci<sup>556</sup> [centauree]<sup>557</sup> minoris. Medle hem wiþ hony. Þis wiþ out drede cureþ albigines and maculas in her fursty and in childeryn. Þe same doþ þe iuse of lingua passerys, and it is clepyd poligonia after Diascorides, and it is wel yliche centinodium. Þis is an herbe þat swalewis beriþ to her bryddes whan her yʒen biþ put þurʒ wiþ a nelde and þey rekeueryþ her syʒt þere wiþ. And Y made þat þis was broʒt from a place of þe noble kynge of Maioraitarum.

3if bou ne canste noʒt fynde bis herbe, presche be yʒen of swalowys bryddes and after 3 daies asay ʒif bey haueb rekeuered her siʒte and take bat herbe and make berof poudre and put in hys yʒen. 3if bis wem bycome hard it is ful euel to cure hym ober it nel neuer be cured.

Pe maner of worchinge berof is bis: his dietynge schal be sotyl and purge his hede wib yerapigra and ban make be wem nesche wib a decoccioun of malue, bismalue, palea ordei and be doust of otys in water, and violis, and rosis, nenifar, and comyn. Pan put of bis [f. 103r] poudre beron<sup>558</sup> euery day:

**152 Rx** ossis cepie  $\vartheta$  ij, zinziberis albissimi  $\vartheta$  j, piperis  $\vartheta$   $\beta$ . Poudre hem as it falliþ for collirijs and medle hem and put þerof in his yzen oþer make þis collirum:

**153 Rx** calamine  $\S$  j, tuthie z iij, ligni aloes  $\Im$  iiij, cuperose  $\Im$  j and grana 10, licij  $\S$   $\S$ . Pe maner of worchynge is take calamine and tuthie and make hem rede in fuyre and aquenche hem in childes vryne bat be a mayde 10 sybes. And after bat in water of rosis and ban tempere hyt in be iuse of maiorana and

<sup>554</sup> cornea] preceded by co deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>555</sup> succi] sicci

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medle hyt wib be forseyde binges and make berof poudre. Pis poudre we may vse in 3 maneres. First in poudre as it is. Pe secunde is bou myʒt medle hyt wib water of fenel and celydoyne distilled. Pe 3 is medle hem wib swynes grece fresche and make berof collirium. Ober lete hym vse bis collirium and we ne schulle fynde none bettre. And ʒif he ne be noʒt ycured bere wib, lete hym be in pees.

**154 Rx** tuthie preparate, sarcocolle nutrite, aloen, piperis longi, corticis testarum ouorum calcinatarum, fragmentorum scutellarum terrearum viridium, vitrioli, eris vsti, ceruse lote, stercoris lacerte viridis, cathime auri, margaritarum, coralli, viridis eris, castoree, mirre, licij, musci, dragaganti, serapini, galbani, spume maris, opij ana  $\vartheta$  ij, ffellis wulturis, balsami, ambra, limature auri purissimi ana  $\vartheta$  j. Medle hem wiþ þe iuse of eufrasye whan it is wel pouderyd as it falliþ þerfore. And make þerof gobettis and drye hem in schadewe and anoynte hem wiþ bame. And whan þou wolt vse þerof in delicate men, tempere oon þerof in womman mylke and make þerof collirium and some þerof þou myʒt tempere in þe iuse of fenel and celidoyne and þou myʒt vse hem as it is forseyde in many placys. Þou myʒt vse þerof in poudre and in þe manere of a collirie made wiþ swynes grece as it is forsaide.

Clarificacio. Entende pat about pis mater pat a wem and pannus and a webbe ne bip noon euelys infectyf. For pere nys resolued but lytel pinge perof. Lippa is an euel infectyf. For pere is resolued pinge perof. Euelys pat bip infectyf bip conteyned in pese verses.

Febris acuta, ptisis, pedicon, scabies, sacre ignis,

Antrax, lippa, lepra, nobis contagia prestant.

Jn be secunde, bat malencolie is purged by be yzen; ffleume by be nose and by be palette; and colere by be erys, but blode ne hab e[m]yonctore for it is clene and ne hab noone superfluytees.

Jtem, entende þat þoʒ colde humours presche late þe [f. 103v] panniculis of þe ribbys, neuerþelattre, colde humours preschiþ bytwix þe twey cotys and þan cataracta is engenderyd, as þou schalt yse herafter. Some tyme it gaderiþ to gedre vppon cornea and engenderiþ þere albugines, and wemmys, pannos, webbis, and oþer mo.

## De Pasionibus Vuee Sicut Est Delatacione Constricione Pupille, 4

The ffirst pascioun of vuea, þat [is] pupilla, þat is þe siʒt. Somtyme it wexiþ so brode þat it touchiþ coniunctiuam. Þis wexinge is somytme naturel, for he was bore in þe same maner. And þis maner ne may noʒt be cured in noon manere. Somtyme it comyþ by hap in what maner so þat it be it anoyeþ þe syʒt. For oþer he ne seeþ noʒt oþer in lasse quantite þan is þinge þat is visible and þat is for þe mychelnesse of disposicyoun of þe spiritus wexinge abrode þat comyþ by hap as of causis wiþ out forþe, as fallynge, smytynge, akynge of þe hede. And it may be engenderyd of causis wiþ inforþe and þat may be for enposteme oþer for many humours of albuginei oþer for moysture rennynge to vueam oþer for dryenesse of vuea oþer for drawynge abrode and in þat manere þe hole bycomyþ more as it schewiþ in skynnes yholed whan þey biþ drye. Þan drawynge abrode of vuea is an euel by hym self and it schewyd al bycome lasse.

3iff it come of dryenessse of vuea, þan he mote vse dietynge, restorynge and moyste and nourschynge, and he schal lyue in reste. And he mote be ofte ybaþed and make hym a fomentacioun

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>559</sup> emyonctore] enyonctore

wib swete water and cast in his yze womman mylke. 3if it ne come nozt for be humour of albugineum oper for moysture, his dietynge schal be bynne and purge his hede wib yerapigra. And wasche his hede and [h]is<sup>560</sup> face ofte in salt water and vynegre and bey schulleb be hoote and put colliria in his yʒen bat bib forsayde in be chapitre de albugine et macula and bey bat schulleb be seyde heraftere in be chapitre de cataractis et aquis.

3if it come for enpostem oper for fallynge oper smytynge enyoine hem bynne dietynge and lete hym blode and ban sett hym ventosis. Pan lete hym blode in vaynes bat bib in be cornere of be yze. And 3if bey be rede, make enplastre to his templys wib sandalis and sanguis draconis and whyte of ayren and lay vppon his yzen a sachel wib rosis and nenifar ywett in watere of rosis ober bis:

155 Rx [f. 104r] ffarina ordei, fabarum, vitellum oui and medle hem to gedre wib oyle of rosis and wib be iuse of endyue and lay vppon hys yze and þan afterward cast womman milke in his yze and after þat culuer blode.

Enpostem schal be cured as it is forseyde in chapitre de obtalmia. Wexinge abrode of be sizt bat comyb of beryinge ne takib no cure, but 3if kynde by hym self be confortyd and bygynne to restrayne, and perfor racchynge of be syzt bat is clepyd vuea is euermore euel.

# **De Constriccione Pupille**

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Pe 2 pascioun of vuea is constranynge to gedre of be sizt.

Causa. Pe cause of bis pascioun is grete dryenesse and runid to gedere a bout forbe and in bat manere it bicomyb lytel. And by hap it ne takib no cure. And it comyb of lytelnesse of albugineum humour and liztly it may be cured. And it may be constrayned to gedre of some humour þat pressiþ him toward be sentre. Pis constraynynge of pupille is naturel ober comyb by hap. 3if it be naturel, it helpib for bat makib spiritus ony to gedre and confortib hem. 3if it come by hap, ban it agreueb allegate and makib it seme more ban it scholde be.

3if be cause be ydel, make<sup>561</sup> hys yze moyste and alle hys hed wib metys bat bib moyst and babis and make fomentacyouns for his yzen wip a sponge ymade wet in swete water bat be hoot and ffrote hys face and his hed. For only moyste binges agreueb, as Auicen seyb.

3if be cause be of replecyoun, purge hys hede and ban lette hym vse bis electuarium:

**156 Rx** croci, musci, aloe, stercoris lacerte viridis  $[\ldots]^{562}$  ana grana 6. Medle hem wib water of fenel distilled.

# De Aquis et Cataractis

The 3 pascioun of vuea is water oper kateracta.

Entende bat watery vapours ariseb somtyme of be stomak to be yzen and distourblib moysturys bat bib clere of lyʒt, whiche signe is bat to fore mete is worst ban after mete. Somtyme fallib<sup>563</sup> a doun

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>560</sup> his] is

<sup>561</sup> make] makynge make

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>562</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>563</sup> falliþ] preceded by it deleted in black ink

from be brayn and be signe berof is bis: bat be pascioun is euene tofore mete and after and ban bat is grete perile of gaderynge of watere in be yze. Pat water gaderib bytwix be cote bat is clepyd cornea and be cote bat is clepyd vuea rizt tofore be poynt of be sizt. And ban in be first bygynnynge he hab many ymaginaciouns and dyuerse, as rerys and nailys and conynges and flyes and ober bestis bat flieb ober alle binges semeb hym holou ober as poyntes and so of ober binges many and dyuerse. And bis is after dyuersite of be place bat it sittib on and **[f. 104v]** of be humour bat is in pupilla and after dyuersete of qualite and quantite. And coloure dyuerse schewib rede ober whyte ober zelu ober blacke and so of ober dyuersyte of humours, as Galen seib quarto de morbo. Now it is so bat bese fumys and cloudys whan bey bicomeb to be bicke bey gaderib water ober cataractam and lettib be sizt ober destruyeb for opilaciouns of pupilla. For be takynge of be sizt bat he seeb ne may nozt be cast into cristallinam. Now be spiritus of sizt may presche anone into corneam and in bat manere be sizt is ylette. In be first bygynnynge it may be cured of a goode leche, but after be confirmacioun nozt so, but of a surgian. And of hym nozt allegate but whan it is in be myddel disposicioun.

Cura. Jn þe first bygynnyge ordeyne hym sotil dietynge. He mote forsake al maner fische and fruyte and al þinges þat biþ fumous and alle þinges þat biþ watery and alle scharpe þinges and alle schorte þinges þat makiþ vapours aryse to þe hede. And þan purge him wiþ yerapigra ofte tymes, but in lytel quantite. Þan ʒeue hym triacle. After þat lete hym vse þis collirium:

**157 Rx** ffellis ancipitris, balsami ana  $\mathfrak{z}$  ij, ellebori albi, piperis ana  $\mathfrak{P}$  j. Medle hem wiþ water of radiche and make þerof a collirium and cast þerof in hys y $\mathfrak{z}$ en. After þat he schal smelle ofte maioranam and lay to hys y $\mathfrak{z}$ en.

3if he ne be nozt youred herwib, þan go we to surgiauns. Water ober kateracta, þat is al one, somtyme it is sotyl and somtyme grete þat it ne may nozt descende a doun; it wole tourne azen into his first disposicioun.

In be myddel disposicioun it is sotel. Now be maner to knowe hyt is in bis manere. 3if bou beholde his yze in a brizte tyme, zif be coloure of be water be as it were be coloure of chalke ober of a grayne ober of blacke it signifieb bat it is longe bycome harde. And ban it nys nozt sotyle and ban bou ne schalt nozt trauaile bere about. In be secunde, bou schalt knowe hyt in bis manere. Pou schalt frote hys yze softe wib by bombe and bat ober yze schal be close and ban open his yze and zif bat water ne go nozt awey, ban it nys nozt sotile, but it is confermed. 3if bat water go a wey and come azen, ban it is sotil. And zif bou wolt bat it be confermed anone, lete hym vse fische.

3if be coloure of be water be as it were ayre, ban it is sotil. For ban it is in be myddel disposicioun bitwixe confermed and noʒt confermed. And ban chese a surgian bat be diligent. First his body mote be purged. Bynde [f. 105r] his yʒe fast and make an hole in cornea wib a nelde bat hab a rounde poynte and put it in vppon vueam, but it ne schal noʒt passye forbere and presse be water adoun and ne drawe bou noʒt be nelde out anone, but it schal abyde a whyle bat be water ne passe noʒt vp aʒen. But arere vp be nelde and ban presse out be watere in be neber partie. Pou ne schalt noʒt make an hole to drawe out be water ffor ban it were drede of avoydynge of be humour bat is clepyd albugineum, as Auicen seyb. Perfor, it schal be done in be cornere. Pan make enplastre vppon his yʒen of ʒolkys of ayren and saffran and oyle of violis and he schal be in a derke place by 7 daies.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>564</sup> and cloudys] and cloudys and cloudys

#### De Debilitate Visus, 5

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Sizte is enfebelyd for causis wibout ober for causis wibin. 3if it be for causis wib out bat is for smyche and poudre, ober wynde, ober bihaldynge in any binge, ober rede smal lettre, ober grete wakynge, ober to myche slepe, ober myche hete ober myche coldenessse, ober dryenesse ober moysture, ober grete replecioun of mete and drinke, drunkenesse, and castynge. And coitus agreueb myche and metys bat bib wyndy and scharpe and salt, as oynyouns, garlek, like, and fruytes, and ober mo. <sup>565</sup>

3if it come of causis wiþ in, þan it biþ many þat doþ a wey þe siʒt oþer rotiþ hyt oþer destruyeþ, as biþ sikenesses of þe hede, as reume, frensye, vertigo, scotomia, and oþer mo; and enpostem in þe nerfe þat is clepyd opticus, oþer stoppynge, and alle 4 conplexiouns, boþ symple and conpouned, wiþ mater oþer wiþ out mater. Þat same is for euel disposiciouns of þe cotys and humour vitreus and albuginei and for cristallinum and for þe settynge of hym. For ʒif it be tourned toward þe cornerys hym semyþ alle þinges crokyd. 3if he tourne vpward oþer a dounward, þan on þynge semyþ tweyne and his siʒt bicomyþ feble for þe causis þat biþ forsayde and open as pasciouns vuee oþer cornee oþer coniunctiue. And it is enfebled for vapours arysynge of þe stomac, as it is forseyde in þe chapitre de cataractis. Þat þou schalt yknowe ʒif þe schewynge of ymaginis stonde 6 moneþis and pupilla semyþ clene, þan it comyþ of þe stomak.

Whan it comyb of be brayn it nys noʒt so longe tyme wib out gaderynge of water, neuerbelattre, his siʒt may become lasse ober rotye for disposicioun of be spiritus of siʒt. Þis spiritus, ʒif it be myche and clere and sotil, it makib bat binge bat is yschewyd is wel discreued a fer and nyʒe. 3iff [f. 105v] it be myche and grete ban he seib and discreueb bettre binges bat bib fer ban binges bat bib neyʒ.

3if þe spiritus be sotil, þan he seeþ wel þingis þat biþ neiz, but rizt þinge he ne may nozt comprehende a cornere. 3if it be grete and smal þan he discreueþ euel þinges þat biþ neiz and þinges þat biþ fer. Þis mater is expouned of ous quarto de morbo.

Cura. Pe cure herof is 3if be si3t be rotyd for binges bat byb lere. Conforte be sy3t wib reste and moyste metys and babis and fomentaciouns made wib out be y3e wib swete water flache and mylke.

3if be cause be replete, envoine hym dietynge and purge his body wib yerapigra and pillule auree and pillule sine quibus esse nolo and make collirijs of briddys gallys bat lyueb vppon raueyn and bame.

Entende about þis mater þat þere biþ some men þat seeþ a day wel somdele and azeuous nyzt, noþinge oþer lytel. And þat is for gretenesse of þe spiritus and of humour. And some men haueþ þe contrarye þat a day yseeþ a lytel oþer nozt and anyzt þey seeþ bettre. And þat is for þe spiritus biþ swiþe sotyl and lytel.

# Curacio Particularis Debilitatis Visus et Potissime cum Oculi Videntur Sani et Visus Debilitatur

Pouz pere be many signes seyde of pis matere, 3itt we wollep drawe herof more of particuleris pat agreuep pe yzen. Aboue alle pinges in pe worlde pat bip pus: to myche coitus and after pat drunkenesse and grete replecyoun of mete and drinke and myche castynge and to slepe anoon vppon his mete or he haue any digestioun and his hede vnkeuered whiles he slepip and longe slepe and depe and to slepe yhosyd and yschode. And it greuep to byhalde schynynge pinges, as pe sonne oper pe mone oper fuyre

Marginal note from a later hand: 'thyngis anoyous for the sighte'

oper snowe and oper mo. And derkenesses agreuep, as it schewip in hem bat bip longe in derke prisoun. And alle hote binges and vapourys agreuyb and wyndy and binges bat makyb corupcioun and binges bat bib euel to defye, as oynyouns, garlik, like, stronge wyn and newe and bicke, and alle maner ffruytes, and alle grewel, and hard ayryn, and hard chese, caulys, and beof, mylke, and fische. And it [f. 106r] agreueb to rede myche smalle lettre. And schortely alle binges bat filleb be hede wib vapourys oper agreub be stomak.

Alle þinges þat biþ contrarie herto helpiþ and confortiþ. And prinspaly grene coloure and blac, as a monkys couele. And ʒif he passe myche by snowe he mote wasche ofte his yʒen wiþ colde water and his yʒelyddes schulleþ be open, but ʒif elde lette hyt. After þis take ly[m]pha<sup>566</sup> [n]i[t]or<sup>567</sup> speculum clarificant oculum.

Off medicynes, 3if his body be replete and nobinge ne lette, lete hym blode in be hede vayne and sette ventosis in his necke wib garsinge and bytwixe his schulderys and ban lete hym blode in be cornere of be y3e. For be most part, derkenesse of be y3e comyb of fleume ober malencolie ober bobe. For bese bicomyb grete and heelyb and makyb derke. And it is goode to defye be mater in bis manere:

**158 Rx**<sup>568</sup> maiorane [M iij], <sup>569</sup> saluie, rute, sileris montane, <sup>570</sup> eufrasie vere montane, saxifragie, fragarie, feniculi ana M ij, anisi, maratri, dauci, carui, sileris montani ana  $\S$  ij, mellis libra j and  $\beta$ . And make herof a syrupe. And he schal vse hirof erliche and late.

And 3if be mater come of malencolie do berto a syrupe of ffloures of borage, flourys of sene, epithimi, cuscute ana 3 iij. Þan purge be mater in bis manere:

3if be mater be ffleumatik:

**159**  $Rx^{571}$  yerapigra  $\frac{7}{3}$   $\beta$ , yeralogodion  $\frac{7}{3}$  ij,  $\frac{572}{3}$  euforbij, pulpe coloquintide, masticis, anisi, bdellij, gariofilorum ana pondus granorum 6. Medle hem wiþ þe iuse of absinthij and make þerof pelotis and  $\frac{7}{3}$  eue hym þerof whan he goþ to bedde.

3if be mater come of malencolie, purge hym in bis manere:

**160 Rx** diasene, diaborage ana  $\S$   $\beta$ , yerarufini  $\Im$  iij, lapidis armenici nouies abluti  $\Im$  ij. Medle hem to gedre.

Whan he hab vsed goode dietynge and goode regimen and his body is made clene, lete hym vse bese remedies, particuler and experte, bigynynge wib hem bat bib most lizt and to more stronge.

Make hym bis watere and euery day he schal do berof in his yzen as ofte as he wole:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>566</sup> lympha] lynpha

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>567</sup> nitor] viror

nota written in the margin by a later hand

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>569</sup> M iij] men

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>570</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>571</sup> nota written in the margin by a later hand

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>572</sup> See commentary

**161**  $Rx^{573}$  celidonie, feniculi, rute, sileris montani, eufrasie, veruene, rosarum rubearum ana libra  $\beta$ , gariofilorum, piperis longi ana  $\frac{7}{3}$  ij. Breke hem and put hem in a stillatorie of glas and make a lent fuyre and make perof water as men dob of rosis and kepe hyt.

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Pe secunde experyment is þis: take a brydde þat is clepyd pica oþer picas **[f. 106v]** many and put hem al hole in a newe potte yglaryd and lute hym and put hem in a fourneys til þou may make poudre of hem so þat þey ne be noʒt ybrende and make þerof poudre and put in his yʒen oþer make þerof a collirium. Pica hap þis proprete þat in what manere so it be take, it is good for þe siʒt.

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be 3 experiment is bis: take be lyuere of a goote and larde hyt wib<sup>574</sup> smal gyngeuere and clouys and piper longe and roste hyt and be ffatnesse bat droppib out berof drowe hyt and take partijs of be forseyde larde and grinde hyt smal and wib be forseide distillacioun drowe hyt and poudre hyt as it ffallib for collerijs and make berof a collirie wib water of rosis. And he schal fume bat lyuere and ete hyt and bis schal be do many tymes.

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Þe 4 experyment is þis: take tuthie ybrende and aqueynte 5 siþes in childes vryne<sup>575</sup> þat is mayde and 5 siþes in water of rosis þat be fyn § 1, balsani ʒ 3, vini albi purissimi § 1. Medle hem togedre.

Þe 5<sup>576</sup> is þis: lete hym vse þis poudre in al his metys:

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**162 Rx** eufrasie, saluie, mente, sileris montani, ana  $\S$  ij, anisi, maratri, ʒinʒiberis, gariofilorum, piperis longi ana  $\S$  j, florum boraginis, florum sene, epithimi, liquirice mundate, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, corticis mirabolanum indorum ana  $\S$  ij, panis ʒuccare  $\S$   $\beta$ . Make herof poudre and put hyt in a sachelle of leber.

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Pe 6 is þis and it confortiþ wel þe siʒt, but ʒif þe pacient haue abhominacioun þerof. Take elys in þe most drye place þat þou myʒt and bynde hem toward þe hede and þe tayle and bete hem wiþ a smal ʒerde and sodeynly kut of þe hedys and þe tailys and skynne hem and wasche hem in wyn and salt and seþe hem in whyte wyn and fenel til þe fische departe from þe bone. Þat fische he schal ete oþer he schal ete hyt wiþ sugre. And make þerof electuarium. Longe \vse<sup>/577</sup> herof doþ many meruayles.

Pe 7 is þis: take mirabolani kebule oþer pillule auree oþer pille cochie and lete hym vse þerof oþerwhile. For þat scharpiþ þe syʒt.

Þe 8 myche vse of triacle confortiþ þe sizt. Þe 9 experyment and þe last is þis þat Gode ne schewyd neuere til þis day a better.

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**163 Rx** sileris montani, maiorane, eufrasie, rute, celidoyne, feniculi ana  $\S$  iij,  $\S$  in $\S$  iij,  $\S$  ingiberis, spicenardi, piperis longi, gariofilorum, tuthie extincte, sarcocolle nutrite, ligni aloes ana  $\S$  j, fellis aquile, ancipitis, and hirci, balsami  $\S$   $\S$ , mellis roset  $\S$  j. Poudre hem þat wolleþ be pouderyd **[f. 107r]** and stampe hem þat wolleþ be stampyd as it falliþ for collirijs. <sup>578</sup>

3if it be in somer, medle hem to gedre in be sunne 40 daies and euery day meue hem.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>573</sup> 'a good water for eyen' written in the margin by a later hand

wiþ] corr. by deletion of y in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>575</sup> vryne] v vryne

<sup>576</sup> nota written in the margin by a later hand

vse] corr. by deletion in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>578</sup> See commentary

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3if it be wynter, medle hem to gedre in askys þat be as hote as henne neste whan hu sittiþ and meue hyt wel to gedre. And kepe hyt in a glasen vessel and droppe herof in hys yzen. Þis is so grete of vertue þat it makiþ elde men rede smal lettre wiþ out any spectacle.

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Clarificacio. Entende bat in euery noctilupa letynge blode may be goode. And for pe most part it fallyp in olde men and fleumatik and in hem bat wollep be myche drunke and in hem bat colde humours and grete wexip. For so myche as his body may be replete and in pat manere it may by good resoun of vniuersal purgacioun. Pou3 pere be anoper particuler cure as it is ysayde in pe ende of of pe chapitre pat is ysett defynge of colde mater.

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In be secunde, entende bat in feblenesse of be sizt letynge blode may be goode bat be mater ne be nozt ydrawe to be same partye but in effecte to be place afornezen after tyme bat it puttib outward. For whan be cause ceesib, be affecte acesib. be particularis in whiche castynge may be goode but bus whan be mater is contyned in be holounesse of be stomak and bat he cast liztly and bat his hede ne be nozt replete and bat his yzen ne be nozt swybe feble in bis particularis castynge may be goode in feblenesse of sizt.

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Jn þe 3, entende þat bestis þat haueþ sotil spirytus yseeþ anyʒt and noʒt aday, as owlys for a nyʒt her siʒt bicomyþ more stronge for þe coldenesseof þe nyʒt. And þey þat haueþ sotil spiritus and stronge yseeþ a day and also anyʒt, as cattys. Þey þat haueþ spiritus tournynge toward gretenesse yseeþ a day for her spiritus is made clene by cause of þe clernesse wiþ outforþe, as in men. Þey þat biþ in þe mene herof, þat is bytwixe grete and sotil, þey seeþ in þe euetyde. And þey þat her spiritus tournyþ to myche gretenesse, þey ne may noʒt yse after þe day goþ awey, as in noctilupa. And þat yʒe<sup>579</sup> þat is in derkenesse yseeþ þat yʒe þat is in lyʒt in þe contrarie noʒt. For ʒif any þinge schal be yseiʒe, it is nede þat þinge be made liʒt. For liʒt is fourme of coloure in so myche þat coloure may be seyʒ, as Auiroyen seyb.

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# De Pasionibus que Pertinent ad Totum Oculum, 6

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**[f. 107v]** Swabosites, as Galen seyb quarto de morbo, þis ffalliþ in twey maneres. First, whan þe yʒe is drawe toward þe riʒt syde oþer toward þe lyfte<sup>580</sup> syde. And þan it affallyþ a man to none agref, but þat þinges semyþ croked and þat is for myche partye of þe yʒe lyueþ wiþ out liʒt.

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3if it be drawe vpward oper a dounward þan oon þinge semyþ hym tweyne for þe most parte of pupilla is helyd. And whan þe siʒt is lette in þe nerues þat biþ yclepyd optici þere þey sittyþ acroyse. Þan allegate oon þinge semyþ hem tweyne for similacrum is in boþe yʒen. After þat þey metyþ to gedre in þe croys of þe nerues þat biþ clepyd optici and of twayne bicomyþ oon and þat makiþ hym to se ariʒt. And whan þis nys noʒt as it scholde be, þan oon þinge semyþ twayne oþer oon þinge semyþ anoþer.

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Pis mater we hauyb ysayde quarto de morbo and berfor we spekib berof schortly here. Entende bat Auicen tretyb of bis mater sexto de naturalibus in be 3 booke and in be 8 chapitre. Pe ffirst cause as it is forseyde bat makib a man se amys is welnysse of cristalliam and of be

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keuerynge þerof þat þe syzt ne may nozt be put rizt out. And þerfor, it comyþ wiþ a manere waterynesse and so oon partye is raþere in þe signacioun of þe croys þan þat oþere and for þey ne metiþ nozt hem to gedre he ne seeþ nozt aryzt. For þan oon þinge semyþ tweyne oþer many.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>579</sup> yʒe] *preceded by* it *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>580</sup> lyfte] l lyfte

Pe 2 cause may be to myche meuynge of be spiritus toward be ryʒt syde and toward be lyfte syde and to ward be fore party of be yʒe and for it meuyb by a maner waterynesse he ne comprehendib noʒt aryʒt. Perfor, oon binge semyb hym many. Pis schewib wel ʒif be sunne schyne in water bat stondib stille and bat water be ameuyd it semyb bat be sunne me[ue]<sup>581</sup> and bat bere bib many sunnys. And bis schewib also ʒif be lyʒt of a candele be in be hede of an hous anyʒt. 3if bou frotyst be syʒt of byn yʒe wib byn honde be schal seme bat be lyʒt daunsib and lepib vpward and adounward and nere and fer. Pis schewib wel bat be waterynesse of be yʒe corumpib be iugement of be syʒt.

Pe 3 cause may be to myche meuynge of be spiritus bat meuyb to comyn wytt and ne tournyb noʒt aʒen to be signacioun of be croys and bat makyb wynd bat meuyb and distourblib be spiritus. Wharfor hym semyb bat alle binges meueb about forbe, as in vertigine. And ban ʒif he bihalde a water bat rennyb ober a cloude fleynge ban his meuynge wibin is distourbyd. For be lickenesse of be meuynge wibout and makib hym stonde stille ober falle and bis makib [f. 108r] be variaunce of meuynge bat is wibin.

Pe 4 cause may be to myche sotilnesse of spiritus bat meuyb liztly for euery cause. And berfor, euery binge bat corumpib ymagynacioun in be signacioun of be croys in be nerues bat bib yclepyd optici bat corumpib be iugement of be sizt, as we seeb in droppys of watere bat fallib swybe bat semyb ous a ryzt lyne. And as it schewib in a binge bat is square zif it meue swyftely, it semyb al rounde, bouz hyt be foure square.

Entende about þis mater þat þe spiritus of syʒt passiþ from oon yʒe to þat oþer þat schewiþ wel in men þat schetyþ wiþ an arublast. Whan þey wolliþ schete riʒt þey closiþ her oþer yʒe þat her syʒt may be more stronge in þat on yʒe.

Jn þe 2, it schewiþ þat ʒif þou closyst þy oon yʒe þou myʒt yse þat oon syde of þy nostrel and ʒif boþ þyn yʒen be ope, þou ne schalt not se.

Jn þe 3, it schewiþ in boltys and schaftys whan we wollyb aprouye whaber bey be ryʒt ober no, ban we closeb bat oon yʒe and ban bat obere yʒe bycomyb be more stronge of syʒt and be more sotile, as it is forsayde. Þis proueb wel bat be spiritus passib from oon ye into bat ober after dyuersyte of spiritus it fallib to yse dyuersely fer ober neyʒ, as it is forseyde.

Grene coloure confortib be yzen myche, as it is forseyde. Who bat wole knowe pasciouns of be yzen, he mote haue oure exposicyouns vppon quarto de morbo.

3if strabositas come of childehode, þan in þe first bygynnynge it may be amended. And þere nys none oþer maner but put a candel afornzen oþer a rede þrede oþer some þinge hongynge and lete hym bihalde þeron contynuely, þat wole amende. And in þe same manere whan a lytel ffenestre is in an hous þat lyzt comyþ in, zif a lytel childe bihalde<sup>582</sup> hyt ofte it becomyþ wel yzed. Of þis þinges take kepe þat rizt as þis pascioun comyþ to elde men, for spasmus þat comy of replecyoun oþer of lernesse oþer for þe palesye or for epilencia and for oþer causis of þe hede. And whan þe causis biþ cured, þan cure þis pascioun.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>581</sup> meve] me

<sup>582</sup> bihalde] *preceded by* bicomyb *deleted in red ink* 

#### De Eminencia Oculi

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Pe secunde pascioun þat fallyþ to alle þe yʒe is þe schewynge þerof. Somtyme þe yʒe aryseþ outward. For many causis þat is for grete replecyoun of þe brayn and of þe yʒe and of al þe body and for wynde and for enposteme of þe hede and of þe brayn and oþer mo þat puttiþ out þe yʒe. And it comyþ for mollificacioun and palesye of [f. 108v] lacertis þat meuyþ þe yʒe wherfor þe yʒe falliþ outward. Also, it comyþ for grete akynge of þe hede and for castynge and for grete criynge and for grete aforsynge whan a man sittyþ at sege, as in tenasmon, and puttynge of fet[us]. Sissa 3if þis wexinge out be lytel, þan lytel mete and drinke sufficiþ. And lete hym lygge vpward and put in his yʒe water of rosis þat sumac be þeron and þe ryndes of thus.

3if þis wexinge out be myche, lete hym blode wiþ acordynge of þe particulers. And þan make hym medicynes laxatyues and þan sette hym ventosis in his necke and make hym a fomentacioun wiþ a decoccioun of galle, sumac, balaustia, masticis, thus in water and wet þeron a sponge and lay hyt ofte to his yʒen. Oþer make enplastre of been mele and franke encense and whyte of ayren and wiþ kernellys of datys stonys ybrende.

## De Profunditate Oculi

A mannys yze depiþ in for malice of a feuere and for wakynge and for anguysche and sorowz and for obere mo bat consumyb naturel moysture of be yze. Remeue hem away and ban cure hym wib moyste metys and fomentaciouns wib swete water and ober mo.

Clarificacio. Entende þat yʒen þat biþ hyʒe ysette biþ worse þan yʒen þat biþ somdele depe. For þe spiritus biþ departyd and by þe same resoun a grete yʒe ys ysett worse þan a lytel for þe spiritus biþ departyd. In a lytel, þey biþ gaderyd to gedre. For vertu þat is onyd to gedre is more stronge þan þat is departyd. And þerfor, he seeþ bettre þat haþ pupilla strayte by kynde. Pupilla þat is large agreuyd þe siʒt whaþer it come by kynde oþer by hap, as it is wryte quarto de morbo.

Entende þat in derkenesse of siʒt, as it is forsayde, balsamus and gallys of bryddes þat lyueþ in rauayne doþ myche goode in þis cause, ʒif his body be made clene.

# De Pascionibus Palpebrarum et Sunt In Numero 16, 7

# De S[c]abie,<sup>584</sup> Pruritu, Asperitate et Rubore

Whan salt mater oper adust renneh to be yzelyddys first hyt engenderyd ycchinge. After bat, zif it dure, it wole e[n]gendre<sup>585</sup> scabbe and ban scharpenesse and ban rednesse and ban it makib vlcus.

Pe ffirst counsaile perof is make clene his body after pe mater and pe humour pat is in pe cause and after pat drawe pe [f. 109r] mater to pe contrarie and pan enoynte his yzeledys wip pis oynement:

**164 Rx** eris vsti, cathime lote, ceruse lote ana 3 j, aloe, mirre ana 3  $\beta$ , salis armoniaci, floris eris ana  $\theta$ . Poudre hem and medle hem wip hony.

<sup>583</sup> fetus] fete

scabie] sabie

engendre] egendre

And 3if any binge leue berof a surgian mote kutte hyt awey.

# De Nodis seu Lippa et Petrificacione in Palpebrarum

Cvre hym in bis manere:

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**165 Rx** armoniaci, opopanac, galbani ana ʒ j. Tempere hem in stronge vynegre a day and anyʒt and medle hem and make þerof a enplastre. Þis makiþ nesche and resoluyþ.

3if it ne be noʒt ycured in þis manere, he mote go to a surgyan. His yʒelyd mote be tourned out and kutte a wey þat knappe þat is clepyd lupia and drawe hym out and cure þe wounde as it falliþ for a wounde.

# De Inviscacione et Congluticacione Palpebrarum

In be first bygynnynge wasche his yze wib a decoccioun of fenel, comyn, and salt and do berto a medicyne of fenigrek, lynsede, aloen, sarcocolle. 3if he ne be nozt youred her wib ban go we to surgiauns. Halde vp his yzelede wib a croke as myche as is possible and kutte awey bat is necessare and wasche hyt wib salt and comyn and put a lynne clobe in be myddel berof and make an enplastre of zolkis of ayryn and oyle of rosis and lay hyt beruppon and bynde hyt.

# **De Separacione Palpebrarum**

The yelydys departip somtyme of childhode, somtyme afterward. And 3if it be afterward, pat is for woundys euel youred oper for wexinge of flesche and oper mo. Oper it comyp for lernesse oper spasmus oper for mollificacioun of lacertis pat meuyp be y3elydes. And 3if it come of childehode, it nel no3t be cured. And 3if it be of vlcera and wexinges, cure hem firste. And 3if it come of lernesse, make his body moyste wip metys and babis and make a fomentacioun for his hed and for his y3en wip moyst pinges.

3if it come of mollificacioun, purge his hede and do berto dryinge binges and cure hym as paralisis. 3if it come of spasmus of replecioun, bein do as it is forsayde in spasmo and de replecione and purge hym, etc.

## **De Ordeolo**

Pvrge his body and þan anoynt þe place wiþ opopanac resolued in wyn. Þan ʒif he ne be noʒt ycured herwiþ and wiþ **[f. 109v]** diaculon, make hym þis medicyne:

**166 Rx** fermenti, muscarum,<sup>587</sup> lapdani, mirre, olibani, nitri ana. Medle hem wiþ draftis of oyle of lilye and ley vppon ordeolum.

## De Carnositate in Palpebra Exteriori

Consume hyt awey wib bis medicyne:

587 See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>586</sup> See commentary

**167 Rx** aloe, memithe, sarcocolle nutrite, litargire ana  $\Im$  ij. Medle hem wiþ þe iuse of celidoyne. 3 jf he ne be no3t ycured herwiþ, go we to a surgian and lete hym kutte a wey alle þinges þat biþ out of kynde and þan ley þerto salt and comyn yc[he]wyd and lay þeruppon a sotil lynnen cloþe and þan keuere al his y3e wiþ stupis made wette in whyte of ayren.

# De Pruritu Palpebrarum

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In be ffirst bigynnynge, lete hym blode and purge hys body after be humour bat is in be cause and sette ventosis in his necke. And 3if bis icchinge come wib redenesse, in be first bygynnynge, lay berto bis medicyne:

**168 Rx** sumac, semen portulaca, lencium excorticatarum ana  $\vartheta$  j. Poudre hem and medele hem wiþ oyle of rosis and whyte of ayryn. And ʒif it be olde, do as it is forseyde in be chapitre de scabie. 3if bis icchynge come wibout rednesse, cure hym wib sarcocolla nourschyd in be iuse of celydoyne.

# De Vlceribus Palpebrarum et Sanie

In be first bigynnynge sebe vecches and ryndys of malagranata in whyte wyn bat be feble and wasche berwib vlcus. And ban do berto collirium of zelkys of ayrin and croco, olibano. And zif bere be quyttoure beron, wasche hyt wib salt water.

# **De Tumore Inflacione et Pinguedine Palpebrarum**<sup>590</sup>

Jn be ffirst bigynnynge, enoynte his yzelyddys wib a medicyne made of aloen, acacia, croco, and aceto. 3if he ne be nozt ycured hir wib, ban go we to surgiauns. Make a lytel cuttynge in his yzelede bat be fatnesse may passe out lytel and lytel and presse hyt til be fatnesse may passe out lytel and lytel and bat it be al apassed out and ban wete lynnen clobe in vynegre and salt water and lay it beruppon.

Somtyme bere fallib in be yze lyddys an hard enpostem and red and afterward it bicomyb blac and it is foule in sizt. Make clene his body wib letynge blode and medicynes laxatyues and make a repercussyf of acacia and bole armenico and iuse of plantayn and ban wasche it wib water and vynegre and medle hyt wib oyle of camomille and wex and lay it beruppon.

#### **De Tumore Palpebrarum**

[f. 110r] Pe yzelyddys bib somtyme to swelle somtyme for causis wib outforbe and somtyme for causis wib in.

3if it come for causis wib out,<sup>591</sup> as for causis of pricckynge of a spyber ober for ruwe ober garlik and ober mo.

3if it come of causis wib in, as for wyn and wakynge ober grete slepe ober ydropesye ober cathachia ober sebeth and ober mo. 3if it come of causis wib in, cure hym as it fallib berfor. And 3if it

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>588</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>589</sup> ychewyd] ycewyd

<sup>590</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>591</sup> out] *preceded by* in *deleted in black ink* 

come of prickynge of any venymous bestis, laye peruppon triacle wip sal gemma. And 3 if it come of ruwe oper of any oper hote pinge, ley perto oyle of rosis and whyte of ayryn.

## **De Verucis**

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Veruce þat comyþ in þe yʒelyddys biþ drye and hard þat comyþ of malencolie, þan purge hym of malencolie. 3if þey be rede and moyst lete hym blode and þan remeue hem wiþ milke of fygus ystampyd wiþ barlige mele oþer breke hem a wey wiþ an hors here oþer kutte hem and bren þe place.

# De Deficultate Aperiendi et Claudendi Oculos

3iff be cause be naturel, purge his body after be humour bat is in be cause.

3iff be mater be collerik, dissolue hyt wib volubili and ban wete a sponge wib hote water ofte and laye vppon hys yzen. Obere do beron whyte of ayryn wib oyle of rosis ober wib hennys grece and muscilaginis of lynsede and oyle of rosis.

# De Casu Pilorum in Palpebris

3iff þis pascioun come of defaute of matere, þan make his body moyst and his hede and his yʒen and do þerto hote and atractyf. 3iff it come of euel humours þat rotye þe rotys of þe herys, purge hys body after þe humour. And ʒif it be red, enoynte hyt wiþ mala granata ysoden in hym silf. And it be of gretenesse of þe yʒelyddys oþer of humour, þan enoynte þe place wiþ þis medicyne:

**169 Rx** spicenardi, mouse tordys, lapdani, bonys of datis ybrend, tordys of swalewys ana  $\Im$  ij. <sup>592</sup> Medle hem wib hony.

## **De Pilis Additis Inuersis**

Take awey be herys bat wexib amys<sup>593</sup> in be yʒelyddis and ban enoynte be place wib blode of a frogge ober of a lous ober of a whelpe ober do hyt wib emitis ayryn ygounde wib rouste of yre and saluia ober wib bis medicyne: take psillium and make mucilago berof and ban take spuma maris, salis armoniaci, vngule asine aduste. Medle hem in stronge vynegre and wib muscilaginis bat is forsaide and **[f. 110v]** enoynte berwib be place. 3if he ne be noʒt ycured in bis manere, brenne be place wib a cauterie and ban enoynte be place wib whyte of ayren and oyle of rosis. Some men takib herys bat sitteb amys and puttib in be  $y[3]e^{594}$  of a nedle and holyb be yʒelyd and bringen hem to her kynde ordre.

## De Pediculis Palpebrarum

In be ffirst bygynnynge, purge his hede wib yerapigra and ban make a fomentacioun for his hed wib a decoccioun of bleta and stafisagria, salis, piretri, sulphuris. Pan enoynte hym wib bis oynement:

170 Rx salis armoniaci, aloen cicotrini, aluminis, staphisagria. Medle hem wib acetum squilliticum.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>592</sup> See commentary

amys] preceded by anens deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>594</sup> yʒe] ye

# De Pascionibus Aurium, 8

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The instrument of huyrynge is made of an holou boon and a nerfe bat gob berto is clepyd neruus opticus, bat is holou and wib out wynde and tournyb hyder and bider in be hole of be ere and in be cartilago bat is wib outforbe in be manere bat is clepyd of [ost]raceorum. 595

Entende bat whan naturel eyre is in pees bat is in be nerfe bat is holou and meuyb fro ayre bat is wib out ban his huyrynge.

To huyringe comyb 3 accidencis rigt as comyb to ober wittis as Galen seyb tertio de morbo. For somtyme it is take awey and somtyme it bicomyb lasse and somtyme it is corupte. It is take awey whan he ne hereb nogt. It bicomyb lasse whan he ne may nogt huyre but gif me[n]<sup>596</sup> crye loude. It is corupt whan hym semeb bat he huyreb sounes and cries in his hede and in his eryn.

Causa. Pascioun of huyringe ober it comyb of be tyme bat he was bore ober aftere. 3if it come after, ober it comyb by way of crisis ober wib out crisis. 3if it come wib out crisis, ober it comyb wib inforb ober wib out. 3if it come wib outforbe, it is for fallynge, smytynge, bundre, poudre, flein, and ober mo. 3if it come wib in ober it comyb for agreuaunce of be instrument of huyrynge ober for conplexioun of ober lemys. 3if it come of ober lemys, as for pasciouns of be hede ober of be teeb, ober wibhaldynge of flux and ober mo. 3if it come of be instrument of huyringe, ban it may be for be spiritus bat comyb fro be brayn bur3 be nerfe bat is clepyd opticus ober for agreuaunce bat is in be hole of be ere. 3if it come of be spiritus ban bat is by resoun of qualite ober of quantite ober to hoot ober to colde ober to grete and so of ober signes.

3if it come of be nerfe and of be bonys bat may be for 3 bingys. **[f. 111r]** Pat is euel conplexioun hoot, colde, drye, and moyste, symple ober conpouned, wib mater ober wibout matere; ober for an euel bat is official, as herdnesse, enpostem, opilacioun of be nerue bat is clepyd opticus; ober for a comyn euel, as dissoluynge of binge bat scholde be contynuel.

3if bere be any binge in be hole of be ere in place bat be neiz, bat may be for 3 binges. As it is forseyde, bat may be for euel conplexioun ober for pasciouns bat bib official, as whan opilacioun comyb for quytture and blode ober humours ober veruca ober for flesche wexinge ober for wormys ober enpostem and ober mo; ober for comyn euel, as solucione continuitatis.

Signa. 3if þis agreuaunce come for kynde oþer of causis primityf oþer of sikenesse of þe hede oþer of oþer lemys. 3if it come for crisim, þan þese biþ opene ynow3, who so takiþ kepe þerof. 3if it come for agreuaunce þat is in þe hole of þe ere, lete hym stonde in a liʒt place and þan þou myʒt yse hyt.

3if it come of agreuaunce wibinforbe in be nerfe and in be boon and in ober placys bat fallib for huyringe, ban, 3if it be wib matere, it is wib agreuaunce of be hede and of be place; and be contrarie 3if it be wibout matere.

Pe secunde signe pat euery discrasia is harmyd wip pinge pat is ilike perto and pe contrarie helpip and in pis maner we may knowe discrasiam for pinges pat helpip and harmyp.

Entende þat replecioun of þe body lettiþ þe iugynge of þinges þat doþ goode and harme. For ʒif discrasia be hoot and his body be replete, he schal haue harme of hote þinges for þei<sup>597</sup> biþ ilike þerto

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>595</sup> ostraceorum] raceorum

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>596</sup> men] me

for þei] for it þei

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and he is harmed by contrarie þinges by resoun of comprescioun þat makiþ akynge. J entende colde þinges in bodies þat biþ replete<sup>598</sup> and þerfor many men be disseyued.

3if discrasia be hoot, he schal fele hete wibinforbe and akynge and hote binges dob hym harme.

3if it come of colde conplexioun, he felip coldenesse wip in and colde pinges dop hym harme and hote pinges dop hym good. 3if pe mater be made lasse, for 3if his body be replete, it dissoluyp pe matere myche and so it makip more agreuaunce.

3if it come of drie cause, he schal wake myche and for be most liztnesse of be hede. 3if it come of moysture, ban his face wole suelle and he schal liztly falle in a reume.

3iff it come of enpostem, þan þere is allegate miche akynge and hete and betynge and feuere effimera.

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3if it come of vicera, [f. 111v] ban bere is prickynge and bytynge and akynge.

3if it come of wormys, he schal haue akynge and tournynge vp and doun and vertigine.

Pis experiment bou myʒt do to asaye whaper bere be any watery humour and quyttoure beron. Take a sponge and hete hyt to be fuyre and lay to his ere and leye an hoot lynnen clobe beruppon and lete hym slepe beruppon al nyʒt. And ʒif bere be watery quytture in his ere, amorew he schal fynde be lynnen clobe hory. 3if it ne be noʒt, wib out any drede it nys no pascioun of moysture in be erys, but it is of ober binge.

Pronosticacio. Deefnesse þat comyþ of kynde ne may noʒt be cured. Deefnesse þat is olde is in grete drede to be holpe and yclepye hyt elde whan it passiþ 2 ʒere.

Deefnesse bat comyb of dissoluynge of be nerfe of huyrynge is curable.

Deefnesse bat comyb of enpostem bat is hard is curable.

Deefnesse bat somtyme wexib and somtyme laskib may be holpe.

Cura. About þis cure þer falliþ 9 canonis. Þe first is þat þou ne schalt put noþinge in his eris þat is to hoot ne to colde, but it schal be flache oþer in tempere.

Pe 2 canoun<sup>599</sup> is bat nobinge ne schal stonde in his erys ouer 3 hourys.

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Pe 3 canoun is pat er pe secunde medycyne be put perto pat pe first schal be remeued awey. He schal ligge vppon pe same syde pat pe pascioun is and wip an instrument make his ere clene.

Pe 4 reule is bat binges iput in his ere schulleb be in lytel quantite.

Pe 5 canoun is pat whan be medicyne is put in his ere he schal ligge vppon be hole syde.

Pe 6 is pat pere ne schal be put nopinge in his erym but his body be made clene.

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Pe 7 cause 3if bou my3t cure hym wib fumigaciouns and enplastris ban do it dilygently. And tarie we as longe as we may er we cast any binge in his erys. For what binge bat bou cast in his ere after tyme bat it hab wro3t it agreueb, but 3if it be made clene, as it is forsaide.

Pe 8 reule is 3 if be humours be sotil and bere ne be none opilacioun in be body, ban we mowe avoyde hym for be mater is obedient.

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3if be mater be grete and his body stopped, ban defyinges schulleb go tofore.

Pe particuler cure is þis. 3if þe cause be hoot and his body replete, lete hym blode de cephalica and purge his hede wiþ electuario de succo rosarum and make a fomentacioun wiþ [. . .]

 $<sup>^{598}</sup>$  þat . . . replete] þat biþ replete in hem þat biþ replete

canoun] glossed with i.e. recet by a later hand

erys] *preceded by* he *deleted in red ink* 

Missing the end of De Pascionibus Aurium and the beginning of Chapter 9 (De Tinnitus et Sibilo). Summaries of the missing materials follow.

# [De Pascionibus Aurium]

See commentary. Three recipes are provided in the final point of the *Cura* section. The chapter concludes with a *clarificatio*.

# [De Tinnitu et Sibillo, 9]

The external causes of this condition include things that violently disturb the air, such as vomiting, work, drunkenness, and indigestible foods. Internal causes are from vapours arising from the stomach to the head. The signs of the condition are openly known. The Middle English text provides the final lines of the *Signa* section. See commentary.

**[f. 112r**...] ffele arysinge vp and a doun as it were most boylinge. And 3if wynde tourne to moysture, it semyb hem bat it rayneb. And 3if it tourne toward gretenesse, it semyb be soun of a mylle. And 3if it tourne to dryenessse, ban it semyb brekinge of trees.

Pronosticacio. Pese biþ þe first þinges of deefnesse and ʒif it dure longe it nel noʒt be cured. 3if þe cause be primytif oþer remeued, it wole liʒtliche be cured, but his body be swyþe replete oþer for scharpenesse of wytte þan cast in his eryn castoreum, granum pini medlyd wiþ vynegre. 3if þe cause be material, þan purge his body lytel and lytel.

Pou schalt entende þat medicynes schulliþ be chaunged noʒt toward þe vertue, but to þe kynde and to þe maner. For þis is þe properte of medicynes þat helpiþ oon leme ne helpiþ noʒt anoþer and helpiþ þis and naʒt þat. And some helpiþ in oon man and noʒt in anoþer. And þat is meruaile and þis makiþ þe variaunce and þe proprete of þis worlde.

Defye be mater wib oximel diureticum and purge him wib yeralogodion yscharpyd wib pulpa coloquintida, but bey schulleb be zeue in lytel quantite and after be particuleris of be pacient. After bat make hym caputpurgia and fumigaciouns and ban binges<sup>601</sup> to cast in his ere and cauterijs. Babis and fomentaciouns he ne schal nozt haue for it meuyb be mater. And zif it be goode, bat is in be goynge awey of be pascioun whan his body is made clene and bere mote be many binges to consume be moysture.

Materialys wharof fumigaciouns schulleb be made and binges to cast in his ere bib bese: elleborus albi, spicenardi, spica seltica, calamus aromaticus, calamentum, bacce lauri, succus porri, succus cepe, oleum muscelinum, oleum laurinum, oleum de lilio, 602 oleum costinum, de ruta, castoreo, aqua raphani

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<sup>601</sup> binges] preceded by bue deleted in black ink

 $<sup>^{602}</sup>$  lilio] followed by oleum laurinum oleum de lilio deleted in red ink

distillata, vinum album purum. A wyse leche may worche wiþ þese þinges and dyuerse hem after þe particuleris þat falliþ to hym. For Galen seiþ þere ne may be none bettre þinges herfor. But þis may be addid þat betoyne is hoot in þe þridde degre and it is goode in tynnitu in what maner so it be ʒeue. 3if he ete þe leuys þerof erliche oþer tofore mete oþer tempere hem in whyte wyn and lete hym drinke hyt oþer boyle hem in wyn and lete hym take þe fume þerof flache ycast in his eren. And ʒif it come of þe stomak, do þerto absinthium.

Clarificacio. Entende þat what any auctours seye, it is bettre to **[f. 112v]** leue narcotica in þis caas þan do 'hem' þerto. And ʒif þou most do narcotica þerto, take þerof in lytel quantite and represse hem wel wiþ castor, croco, and it schal abide þerto a litel<sup>603</sup> while to my dome it sufficiþ þat is forsayde in acuitate sensus, as castoreum, grana pini, acetum, and alle instrumentys off huyringe, as colde, neruous, and bony.

Jn þe 2, entende þat about þis mater tofore and aftere þat a man haþ þe most temperate conplexioun amonge alle bestis. And þerfor, he passiþ alle in wytte. But in ffelynge, oþer bestis passiþ hym, as it is ywryte in þese verse:

Nos aper auditu, linx, visu, simea gustu, wultur odoratu pracellit aranea tactu. 604

And bou schalt entende bat an arayne ne passib nogt a man in wytte of ffelynge bat is to seye bat he ffeleb bettre ban a man bat wytt hab only a man of be temperature of his conplexioun, but an arayne passib a man toward here weuynge and spynnynge.

Jn be 3, entende bat deef men of kynde bib dome for spekynge nys nozt in ous of kynde, but by inquisicioun and berfor it is saide bat huryinge is be zate of entendement. And berfor, be versefycator seyb bus:

Quicquid Roma legit, quicquid studuistis At[h]enis,605

Quicquid ad electos argumento disputas ore,

Quicquid Aristotle diuino pectore sentit cessat ab auditu docilis prudens que perisset, 606

Littera si surdus auribus esset homo.

Jn þe 4, entende þat þoug it be forseyde þat deefnesse ne receyue no cure, þat is soþe gif it come of euel conplexioun of þe nerfe þat is yclepyd opticus in þe way þat goþ outward, but it may be cured gif þe opilacioun may be take a wey.

Jn þe 5, entende þat what þinge be forsayde þat in grete akynge of þe eryn whan þe cause is hoot it nys noʒt only profitable to putt opium in his eryn, but it is necessare. For þis akynge makiþ somtyme a man wode. And þan we ne haueþ noon oþer wey, saf do þeron opium and womman mylke, castoreum, croco, as it schal be seyde in þe chapitre folewynge hir aftere.

# De Dolore Auris et De Apostemate Auris, 10

Akynge of be erys ober it comyb of causis wibout ober wibin. 3if it come of enchesouns wib outforbe, as grete wynde ober hete ober coldenesse, ffallynge, smytynge, ober some ober binge fallynge into be ere. 3iff it come wib inforbe, bat is for euelys bat bib semblable, as of some euel conplexioun wib mater ober

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 $<sup>^{603}</sup>$  litel] preceded by and 3if bou most deleted in red and black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>604</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>605</sup> Athenis] Atenis

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>606</sup> See commentary

wib out mater ober for euelys bat **[f. 113r]** byb official and prinspaly for enpostemys of colre ober of blode ober of fleume ober of malencolie ober for comyn euelys, as for brekynge of place bat scholde be hole.

Signa. 3if it come for causis wib out, bat bou my3t haue by schewynge of be pacient. 3if it come of causis wib inforbe bat bib hote, ban he schal fele hete and hote binges dob hym harme and be contrarie is of colde binges.

3iff it come of enpostem bat be venymous, he schal haue sodeyn akynge and a feuere. 3if it come of colre, be akynge is for wicked and makib hym somtyme falle into be frenesye wib prickynge and bytinge and wakynge.

3iff it come of blode, þan it is wiþ betynge in þe ere. 3if it come of fleume, it makiþ lasse akynge. 3iff it come of malencolie, þere is lest agreuaunce.

3iff it come of wynde, it comyb lytel and lytel. 3if it be to broke, it is wib prickynge and bytynge.

Pronosticacio. Stronge akynge of be eryn bat comyb of enpostem hoot of causis wib in is ful euel and makib many euel accidencis.

Akynge of eryn þat is most scharpe is mortel in ʒunge men and lasse in childeryn and more lattre in olde men.

Enpostemes of be eryn bat comyb of crisis ober of signes of digestioun in die cretica wib ober euel signys bib ful greuous and perilouse. 3if it come after signes of digestioun wib goode signes<sup>607</sup> he may ascape.

Cura. 3iff it come of þinges þat falliþ in þe ere, it schal be sayde hir after. 3if þe akynge come of causis wiþ in and þe cause be material, make clene his body as it ffalliþ þerfore and ʒeue hym couenable dietynge and þan cast þinge in his ere þat be colde. 3if þe cause be hoot, as oleum rosaceum, aqua rosacea, acetum, oleum nenifar, salicis, muscilaginis psillij, cucubite, lactuca, morelle.

3iff be cause be colde, cast hoot binge in his eryn, as ruta, maiorana, calamentum, spicenardi, anisum, maratrum, storax calamita, and ober mo. Pat oon ober many bou my3t boyle in oyle ober in wyn ober in water of radiche and clense hyt and cast in his eryn.

Cura. Entende þat cure of enpostemes of þe eryn dyuersiþ fro curys of oþer enpostemes in twey maneres. Þe first in repercussiues. For riztfully þey ne falliþ nozt þerfor, but mytigatyues. Þe resoun þerof is for it were drede lest þe mater renne to some noble leme and to þe substaunce of þe brayn and in þat manere it **[f. 113v]** myzt engendre frenesim and litargiam. And zif it renne to þe lounges it wole engendre ptism, etc.

Entende þat ʒif þe akynge be so stronge þat it ne mai noʒt be take awey, þan þou myʒt do þerto narcotica.

Jn be secunde, it departib ffrom be cure of ober enpostemys in maturatyues. For clene maturatyues hoot and moyste ne schulleb nogt be do berto, but gif bere were drye binges beron, as we mowe take ensaumple of Galen wordys quinto de ingenio sanitatis, capitulo 6. Pare he spekyb de vlceribus aurium. Pere was a leche bat supposed bat bere was an enpostem in an emperourys ere and ne layde berto no binges to rotye, but he taugte berto be cure of vlcus and sanies.

3iff þere be enpostem þeron, þese biþ goode þerfore: rust of yre ygrounde<sup>608</sup> smal and coluere tordys and vynegre. Boyle hem til þey bicome þicke as hony for drie þinges biþ goode þerfore by resoun

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>607</sup> signes] *preceded by* sige *deleted in black ink* 

of conplexioun of be leme. For boug be cure of an euel be do by be contrarie, neuerbelattre, be conplexioun of be leme schal be kepte wib binges bat be semiable. Fou ne schalt nogt do berto clene maturatyues bat engendrib quytture bog it be wib out vicus. For cure of enpostemys of be eryn ffor speke comynliche toward repercussives and maturatyues.

We wole bygynne wip cure of hote enpostemys of be eryn so bat he vse couenable dietinge and letynge blode and medicynes laxatyues be ydone tofore after be particularis. Cast womman mylke in his eryn ofte tyme and cast beron oyle of rosis wib a lytel vynegre iboyled and ban do beron oleum sizaminum and ban ffatnesse of a maulard and of an henne wib muscilagine ffenigrece and lynsede, ban do beron bis medicyne bat is good in euery enpostem of be eryn and prinsplay in hoote cause:

171 Rx ffarine volatilis molendini  $\S$  iij, granorum pini, muscilaginis fenigreci, semen lini ana  $\S$  iij, <sup>609</sup> resine thuris, litargiri, ceruse ana  $\S$  j, aceti albi  $\S$   $\beta$ . Maturatyf. Medle hem alle [wiþ] oleum sizaminum oþer wiþ swynes grece þat be fresche and anoþer porcioun of þis medicyne be ymade so clere þat it may be droppyd in his eryn and anoþer partye so þicke þat þere may be made an enplastre þerof and lay vppon his eryn ffor þis is a goode maturatyf.

3iff þis enpostem come of colde cause, þan þou myʒt do þerto wuluys grece, ysopus, oleum [omfacinum]. 610 Oþer make him þis:

**172 Rx** carabies, þat biþ wormys þat<sup>611</sup> biþ yfounde vnder orceolo, and boyle hyt in oyle of scorpiouns and cast in his eryn. And ʒif it be swiþe colde, seþe þeron þe galle of a bole til it be dissolued.

Jtem, in colde enpostemes:

173 Rx<sup>612</sup> majorane, spicenardi and boyle hem in oyle and droppe hyt in his eryn. [f. 114r]

In be ende of enpostemes, bobe of hote and of colde, his ere may be made clene wib oximel diuretik and whyte wyn.

3if be akynge be violent and ne mowe noʒt be take awey whan he is ilete blode and ypurged, do berto colde binges. Take filomum and distempere hem wib womman mylke and droppe berof in his erys. Pis ne schal noʒt be do but in colrik mater and in grete hete bat makib hym sounye. And ʒif grete ageuaunce come hirof boyle castoreum in oyle and droppe in his eryn and or bis be done: do berto axungie, coriandri, iuse of morelle, oleum rosaceum, oleum siʒaminum, acetum, aqua rosacea, lac mulieris. We mote wake wel in bis cause ffor Y haue yseyʒ many men deye in bis cause in surgiauns hondys. Jt ffel me onys bat an olde surgyan hadde pascioun in be eryn bat ne myʒt noʒt be take a wey and he hadde tofore vniuersal purgaciouns after be techinge of Galen, Auicen, and ober auctours and al ne availed noʒt. And ban Y dede berto oyle of camomille and for sertayn he was ycured. Perfor, it is goode to asaye dyuerse binges and it nys noʒt goode to do hyt but by resoun.

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 $<sup>^{608}</sup>$  ygrounde] preceded by ycur deleted in red ink

See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>610</sup> omfacinum] enifasion

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<sup>612</sup> See commentary

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6070 Curacio doloris aurium:

**174**  $\mathbf{Rx}^{614}$  mirre, thuris, licij, galbani, nitri, croci ana  $\mathfrak{I}$  ij, amigdalarum  $\mathfrak{I}$  j. Medle hem wiþ vynegre and make þerof gobettis. And whan þou wolt vse þerof, distempere hyt in oyle of rosis and clense hyt and droppe þerof in his eryn.  $\mathfrak{I}$  if it be vlcus þat be olde:

**175 Rx** conchilia mari[n]a<sup>615</sup> alba roste hem and make poudre perof and medle hyt wip oximel and clense hyt and droppe perof in his eryn.

Jtem:

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**176 Rx** caricarum and boile hyt  $^{\ }$ in $^{/616}$  ley3 and droppe þerof in his eryn.

Clarificacio. Entende þat colde and moyste, as is þe iuse of cucurbita, coriandri, and oþer mo, we may putte in hoote enpostemys of þe eryn by cause of þe place. Þis enpostem nediþ noʒt haue repercussyues as it is forseyde, but by cause of accidencis whan þe akynge is sweþe euel and prinspaly whan þere nys noon vlcus.

Jtem, maturatyues mow be goode in enpostemys of be eryn and prinspaly whan it is wibout vlcus. And Y ne sey nobinge bat schal be contrariouse to be seigninge of Galen quinto de ingenio. Pere he reproue blechis bat puttib tetrafarmata in be eris of an empourer. For so myche as bere was vlcus beron and quytture bey schold putte beron drye binges and clansynge. And bey put beron moyst and wende bat bere were an enpostem beron and wolde make it maturatyf and berfor bey were to blame. For bey ne knewe no3t in what maner bey scholde worche to be accidencis ne to be particuler of be pacient. [f. 114v] And Galen answeryd no3t wib seyinge bat maturatyues ne were goode berfore in enpostemys of be eryn, 3 if it be ydone as it is forseyde.

#### De Vlcere Aurium et Sanie, 11

Enchesoun of quytture may be enpostem wib in ober wib out and some humour fallynge berto and for ffeblenesse of chau[n]gynge<sup>617</sup> and ober mo.

Signa. Signes bib open.

Cura. Jn þe ffirst bigynnynge make clene his body and asigne hym þynne dietynge and lete hym ligge vppon þat party þat is sore þat þe quytture may renne out.

3iff be cause be hoot, make his medicyne. Take squamys of yre and make hem reed in he fuyre and aquenche hem in vynegre 7 sibes and allegate newe vynegre and han drye hem and make poudre berof and boyle hyt in vynegre and oyle of rosis and clense hyt and putt oon droppe berof in his ere.

3iff be cause be colde, take poudre of mirre, castor, aloen and boyle hem in oleum laurinum and clense hyt and droppe in his eryn. And ban make clene his eryn wib oximel diuretik ober wib whyte wyn ober wib water of olyue. 3if be place be enfestrid, put in his erys fel tauri wib be vryne of a childe bat is mayde.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>614</sup> See commentary

<sup>615</sup> marina] maria

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>616</sup> in] corr. by deletion of and in red and black ink

<sup>617</sup> chaungynge] chaugynge

Clarificacio. 3iff quytture and akynge come to gedre and his akynge be so grete þat hyt take awey his slepe, ffirst, þou schalt bygynne to do a wey akynge þoʒ þe quyttoure ffrete and haue many euel qualitees ffor akynge doþ awey vertues and akynge makiþ euelys and lettiþ alle naturel worchinges, as we haueþ declaryd in tabula Curacionis Morborum.

# De Sanguine Fluente ab Auribus, [12]

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Blood rennyb out of a mannys eyrn ober it comyb of causis wib outforbe ober wib in.

3iff it come wib out bat is for fallynge ober smytynge. 3if it come wib in, ban it comyb for crysis ober for grete replecioun of blode ober for scharpenesse.

Cura. 3if it come of causes wip outforpe, 3if pe particuleris falle perfore, lete hym blode in pe syde aforngene and pan constrayne pe blode, as it schal be sayde hir aftere.

3iff be akynge be grete for a stoke, take cromys of newe bake brede and wete hy at be iuse of absinthium and in hote wyn and laye hyt beruppon. 3if it come for crysis, do nobinge berto, **[f. 115r]** but it passe out ouer mesure. And 3if it come of myche blode, lete hym blode. 3if it come of scharpenesse, make clene his body and his eryn. Make clene wib<sup>619</sup> be iuse of leke and whyte wyn, ban cast in his eryn be iuse of plantayne and be iuse of bursa pastoris. And ban do bis medicyne in his eryn:

**177 Rx** acacie, psidie, balaustie, gallarum, sumac, masticis, thuris ana [ʒ j].<sup>620</sup> Poudre hem and boyle hem in vynegre and clense hem and droppe þerof in his eryn.

3iff þere come water of his eryn, droppe in his ere nitrum, antimonium boyled in oleo scorpionum.

Clarificacio. Entende þat in cure of fflux of blode þat comyþ of þe eryn, ffirst we schulle lete be þe flux. Jn þe secunde, we schulleþ make clene þat þere leue no quytture ne none enpostem. After þat we schulleþ constrayne and in manere mundificatyues schulleþ go to ffore constructyues. And þouz mundificatyues open, ʒitte þey agreueþ noʒt ffor þe blode is destruyed. And anone after þat schulleþ folewe soudynge þinges, etc.

# De Re Cadente in Aurem et Opilacione eiusdem, 13

Opilacioun ffalliþ in þe ere somtyme for watere, somtyme for poudre oþer fflein oþer wormys oþer vertue oþer fflesche growynge to hyze and oþer mo.

Cura. Whan his body is made clene, drawe out þat watrinesse in þis manere: take a canele and put in his ere and some foule boye<sup>621</sup> schal soke þat canele hard wiþ his mouþe.

Jn be secunde manere do bus: take a canele bat childeryn drawib water berwib of depe placys bat is clepyd in our comyn speche reginis lardina. And put bat oon ende herof in his ere and ban bat staff bat is beron schal be drawe out sodeynly ban kynde ne leuyb no voyde place and bis drawib strongly outward be watrinesse.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>618</sup> worchinges] *preceded by* worschipe *deleted in red ink* 

 $<sup>^{619}</sup>$  wiþ] preceded by of deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>620</sup> 3 j] j 3 3] preceded by  $\Im$  deleted in black ink

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Jn þe 3 manere do þus: put a canel in his ere and sette fuyre in þat oþer ende. For þis wole drie þe watrinesse þat is wiþ in oþer þurʒ þe canele put an yren ʒerde rede wiþ fuyre oþer lete hym receyue þe ffume of ruwe, anisi, comyn, calamente ysode in wyn oþer putt in his ere a sponge ybounde wiþ a þrede oþer wollen oþer lynnen cloþe<sup>622</sup> and drawe it out sodeynly. 3if þere be wormys in his ere, sle hem wiþ bittre þinges, as absinthium, centaurea, aloen, amigdale amara, persicaria, succi persici, ffella, acetum, cucumeris asinini, scammonia, elleborus. Þan make hym fnesse and caputpurgia. And þey mowe be drawe out wiþ cautelys as þus: kutte a rype apple in þe [f. 115v] myddel and lay to his ere and lete hym ligge vppon þe apple and þe wormys wulleþ falle to þe apple and þan remeue hem a wey sodeynly.

3if it be any opilacioun of wexinge beron as fflesche ober wertys and ober mo, ffrete hem awey wib orpiment. And 3if it ne may no3t be so, kutte hem a wey. And 3if bey be fer in, it is ful hard for done. 3if bese binges come of be berynge of his moder, ban somtyme medicynes helpib and somtyme bei ne helpib no3t. 3if he haue ycchinge in his ere, cast beron oyle bat absinthium hab be sode beron.

Clarificacio. Entende þat soukynge wiþ a ruyde and fnesynge and ffuyre and oþer mo mowe be ydo in pasciouns of þe eryn as it is forsayde. And þoʒ þis be stronge and meuye and dissolue, ʒitt þey may noʒt agreue. For Y suppose allegate þat his body schal be clene. And ʒif you putte in his eryn 'wolle' ywette in terebintyne, þan þe hore of his ere wole honge þeron and fflein and oþer þinge and in þat manere þey may be drawe<sup>623</sup> out of þe er, ʒif God wole.

# De Apostematibus in Radice Auris, 14

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Apostema is engenderyd wib out in be rote of be ere somtyme by wey of crisis. And after signes of digestioun and in die cretica it is possible bat it may be for goode. And 3if it come in any ober manere, it is ful harde 3if he ascape. For in bat maner Y haue ysey3 many men perische. Somtyme bey comyb by wey of congestioun ober of puttynge out, ban purge hym after be humour bat is in be cause and cure bat enpostem as ober enpostemes, but only repercuscyues ne bib no3t goode berto. For be mater of bese enpostemys is grete. Make hyt rote wib whete mele, ffenigreci and lynsede and hennys grece and duckis and be rotys of malue and medle hem wib oyle of camomille. And 3if be enpostem be olde, ban make an enplastre of armoniac, bdellium, storax liquida and hertys grece and drye fygus and oyle of lilye. Pan 3if it ne breke no3t by hym silf, open hyt wib quycke lyme and nasche sope. Y haue ysey3 in siche manere enpostemys sette berto waterlechis and somtyme bei ascapyd, 3if bey hadde goode signes, and some ne ascapyd no3t and prinspaly whan bey had berwib a contynuel feuere and rawe vryne.

# De Pascionibus Narium, 15

**[f. 116r]** Stynkinge of be nosebrillis is corupcioun of smellynge riʒt as worchinges of ober wittys suffrib riʒt so bis suffrib 3 accidencys bat bib euelys. Pe cause is takynge a wey, makynge lasse, and corupcioun. And in be same manere, smellynge somtyme is take awey whan he ne smellib none odoures. Somtyme it is made lasse whan he ne smellib noon odores, but ʒif bey haue grete sauour. Somtyme it is corupt and bat is whan swete smellys semyb to hym bat<sup>624</sup> bey stinkib ober whan his nostrallis stinkib and hes brebe

<sup>622</sup> clobe] preceded by chi deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>623</sup> drawe] preceded by d deleted in black ink

<sup>624</sup> pat] followed by pat deleted in red ink

bobe to hym self and eke to ober men. And of bis maner stinkinge of be nostralles bat comyb of ober causis wib in we spekib hir.

Pe nostralles bib made of many binges. First of bonys bat is clepyd colatorium bat is holow anon to be brayn bat superfluytees of be brayn mowe purge out burg bat and to drawe brebe and ayre to be hede to tempere blode in be arterijs of be brayn.

Jn þe 2, þe nose is made of twynne helpinges comynge ffrom collatorium in þe maner of þe poynte of a tete þere is þe dome of smelle to þat place is bore to vapour of smellynge by ayre.

Pe 3, it is ymade of flesche bat is clepid cartilaginosa bat is wib out forbe bat was made to defende bat ober partye and to kepe vapours.

In be 4, it is made of lacertis bat racchib and constrayneb to drawynge in and puttynge out.

Causa. Stinkynge in be nostrellys and in be brebe comyb for many binges, as for corupcioun of be brest and of be loungys and for corupcioun of be stomak and of be teeb and gomys and for vicera of be nostralles and for polupus and pustulas and opilacioun of be nostralles and it comyb of euel conplexioun wib mater ober wib out matere and for euel salte humours ober reumam ober of euel conplexioun in be brayn.

Signa. 3if it come of be brest, ban his spetinge is grete and bicke ober as it were quytture.

3iff it come of be stomak, ban his brebe schal be worse tofore mete ban after.

3iff it come of be gomys ober of be teeb ober of vysis bat bib in be nostrallys, bese bib open ynow3. And 3if it come of wexinge ober of be brayn, it may be knowe by takynge a wey of ober signes. And hirof also, 3if his moube be ful of watere ban 3if his brebe stinke, it comyb of be brayn. And ban be pacient schal fele be stinkynge hym self.

**[f. 116v]** Pronosticacio. Whan a man þat is in a feuer agu þenkiþ þat alle þinges stinkyþ in þe maner of ffische þat is rotyd oþer of oþer þinges, þese maner signes biþ euel and mortel.

Cura. 3iff it come of be lounges ober of be stomak ober of be gomys, cure hem as it ffallib berfor as it schal be sayde in her placys.

3iff it come of be hed and be hoot<sup>625</sup> and brennynge, ban be cause is hoot. 3if it be colde and wib out bytinge, ban be cause is colde. 3iff it be wib agreuaunce ban bere is mater of euel conplexioun. J suppose bat stinkynge of be nosebirlles come of euel conplexioun hote; 3if his body be ful and his vertue stronge, ban lete hym blode in be vayne bat is in be hede of be nose. And ban purge his body and ban make hym cauterijs in his hede and vnder his chynne.

Pe presse hirof schal be in þis manere. Fume his hed in a hoote cause wiþ a decoccioun of rosis, violis, camphore in water and ordeyne his dietinge as it ffalliþ þerfore.

Jn a colde cause, lete hym smelle a decoccioun of mentis, absinthium, maiorana, basiliconis and lete him vse oximel diuretik and purge hym wip yerapigra and yeralogodion and cast in his nostrallys oleum costinum, laurinum, muscelinum and make hym fnese wip elleborus, piperis, and castor.

3iff it come of opilacioun of be nostrallis, ban blewe in his nose<sup>626</sup> pouder of nigella and boile nigellam in vynegre and squillis and lete hym drawe hyt in at [h]is<sup>627</sup> nose.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>625</sup> and be hoot] and be hoot and be hote

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>626</sup> nose] *preceded by* house *deleted in blue ink* 

<sup>627</sup> his] is

3iff it come of ober wexinges, a surgian mote kutte hem awey and cast beron poudre of aluminis, 6205 nitri, litargiri, mirre. Ober boile hem in vynegre and wete beron a tent and putte in his nose. 3iff it be a wete whele anoynte hyt wib bis oynement:

**178 Rx** litargiri, ceruse, cathime, galle ffrixe,  $^{628}$  aluminis, nitri ana 3  $\beta$ . Medle hem wib oyle of camomille and wex.

And 3if bat whele be drye, anoynte hyt wib bis oynement:

6210 **179 Rx** medulle vituli, gummi arabici, dragaganti, olei sizamini, cere alba quarter  $\beta$ . 629 And make þerof an oynement.

Oper bou myzt do awey bis maner wexingis wib orpement, vitriole, sal armoniac. And bou myzt brenne hyt wib a cauterie.

3iff bou ne myzt not remeue awey bat stinkynge for nobinge, zitte bou myzt amende hyt.

180 Rx semen<sup>630</sup> maiorane, basiliconis, gariofilorum, nucis muscate, cinamomi, ligni aloes, storacis calaminte, ambra ana  $\up3a_1$  ij, musci  $\up3a_2$   $\up3a_3$  Medle hem wip water of rosis bat be good and make berof lytel pelotis. And euery dey erliche he schal ete twayne berof and tweyne he schal holde in his moube. Pis wole make his brebe bettre of sauour.

3if a leche hauyþ **[f. 117r]** þis<sup>631</sup> pascioun, it were a foule repref for hym and prinspaly whan he comyþ<sup>632</sup> wiþ grete maysteres.

Clarificacio. Entende þat stinkinge mater corupt þat is in þe brayn may make a mannys breþe stinke, þoʒ oþer parties ne suffre not þerof ffor so myche as kynde sendiþ to oon partye and somtyme to anoþer. And somtyme oon parte is more able to resceyue þat mater þan anoþer and so of oon mater may come many effectys after dyuersite of kynde.

Jn þe 2, þat sugettis of oþer wyttys ne chaungiþ nogt her wytte of touchinge. But gif þat wytte be lost, it chaungiþ alle þe wyttys. For so myche þat touchinge is comyn for alle wyttys.

Jn be 3, entende bat chau[n]gynge<sup>633</sup> of smellynge ne may be no signe of euel ne none euel. For by chaungynge Y entende qualite harmyd; in bat maner it may be an<sup>634</sup> euel. And zif it be by hap, it is signe for binge bat ffallib 'to' a pacient; it is signe to be leche. Wherfor oon and ober after dyuerse maneres may be an euel and hap and a signe and so we mowe entende of ober binges. We wollib telle of bis mater hirafter in be 8 chapitre and zitt azene in be ende of bis particule.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>628</sup> See commentary

<sup>629</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>630</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>631</sup> þis] þis þis

<sup>632</sup> comyþ] comynþ

<sup>633</sup> chaungynge] chaugynge

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>634</sup> an] *preceded by* harmed *deleted in red and black ink* 

#### De Reumate et Coriza, 16

Reuma is a flux of humours fro be hede to parties bynebe.

Pere biþ 3 maner reumys, as autours seyn, as coriga, brancus, catarrus. It is clepyd coriga whan it falliþ to þe nose; brancus whan it falliþ to þe chekys; catarrus whan it falliþ to þe brest.

Reuma may be a kynde and berfor it is clepyd reuma, bat is to seye a fallynge matere.

A man ne schal noʒt take liʒt of a reume. For þe most part, it is moder of alle sikenessis þat schewiþ wel. 3if it ffalle to þe eryn, it wole make a man deef oþer it makiþ tynnitum. 3if it falle to þe yʒen, it engenderiþ caliginem. 3if it falle to þe nose, it engendriþ stinkynge of polupum. 3iff it falle to þe tunge, þe palesye. 3if it ffalle to þe þrote, it engendriþ squinanciam. 3if it ffalle to þe brest, it engendriþ tysic oþer pleuresim. 3if it falle to þe stomak, fastidium oþer castinge. 3if it falle to þe guttys, fflux of wombe. 3if it falle to þe ioyntis, artheticam. And so of oþer lemys, saf only to þe splene. For þe splen ne may noʒt be enpostemyd ne stoppyd wiþ a reume. For pasciouns of þe splen comyþ of grete mater. Þe mater of a reume is sotil. For [f. 117v] ellys it nolde noʒt ffalle and þoʒ fewe men playnyþ hem of þe reume, ʒitt it<sup>635</sup> is goode to be holpe þerof anone ffor alle lemys byneþe biþ redy to reseyue sikenessis. Þerfore, it is goode to helpe hyt as sone as me may. Þou myʒt in þis caas ʒeue medicynes laxatyues wiþ out any defyinge of þe matere and prinspaly ʒif it falle to þe brest.

Causa. Reuma oper it comyb of causis wib out oper wib in. 3if it come of causis bat is of wynde bat is clepyd septemtrionalis, bat comyb after a wynde bat is clepyd meridionalis. And coldnesse of snowe and ffrost ober grete coldenesse oper grete blowynge of wynde oper slepe after grete replecioun of mete and prinspaly longe slepe and to smelle binges of grete sauour as lilium, mentastrum, muscus, and oper mo and to ete binges bat bib vaperouse, as oynyons, garlik, and stronge wyn, and drunkenesse and babis and letynge blode and schortly alle binges bat dissoluyb vapours in be hede oper by wey of pressinge oper dissoluynge.

3iff it come wiþ in, þat is for humours of þe brayyn þat wexinge hote oþer colde and it comyb of vapours of þe stomak ober of al þe body arysinge vp to þe hede.

Signa. 3if it be of hote humours, þan his hede wole be hoote and his fface red oper ʒelu, prickynge, and bytinge, and takynge awey his appetyte of mete, and he schal þreste myche. 3if þe cause be colde, þe signes wolleþ be contrarie hirto and þis cause comyþ most.

Pronosticacio. Ypocras saiþ in pronosticacioun þat a reume þat comyþ in olde men nel noʒt roty oþer it is ful hard to make hym rotye. Þey þat hauyþ an hote hede and þe partijs bineþe be colde, þey beþ seelde wiþ out reume. And ike þe contrarie - þey þat hauyþ a colde hed and an hoot herte, þan þere arysiþ many vapours to þe brayn þat ne mowe noʒt be defyed in þe brayn and whan þe brayn is hoot þan þere is myche attricioun of vapours.

Catarrus wip hete of be hede it is ful hard to cure for bat hede is feble naturelly.

In autumpno, catarrus comyb more ban in any ober tyme of be 3ere. Þei bat hauyb myche be reume ne hauyb no pascioun of be sp[l]en.<sup>636</sup> Men bat bib reumatik beb able to take alle maladies.

Cura. Pis is be comyn cure in euere reume. 3if be mater ffalle to any noble leme, auoyde and ne abyde no3t after no defyinge of be matere. Purge hym wib pille auree ober [f. 118r] cochie and lytel

636 splen] spen

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>635</sup> it] it it

mete and drinke and myche wakynge and he ne schal nozt slepe a day and he ne schal vse none babys ne fomentaciouns ne waschinges ne stronge trauaile and his wombe schal be laxatyf. He mote suffre hongre and berst as myche as he may.

Curacio particularis is þis: ʒif þe cause be hoot and his body be replete and<sup>637</sup> þe mater remeue adounward, lete hym blode þan defye þe matere in þis manere:

**181 Rx** summitatum papaueris, rosarum, lactuce ana  $\S$  ij, candi, penidiarum ana  $\S$  j, omnium sandalarum  $\S$   $\beta$ , ordei libra  $\beta$ , mellis, <sup>638</sup> nenifar ana  $\S$  iij, panis ʒuccare libra j. Make hirof a syrupe and lete hym vse hirof erliche and late wiþ water of barliche. Þis syrupe is goode in reume þat comyþ of hoot cause and prinspaly whan we drediþ lest<sup>639</sup> þe matere falle to þe brest.

Fume hym wip a decoccioun of barlyche, violis, rosis, nenifar, sandalis, papauer, camo[mille]. <sup>640</sup> Lete hym smelle a colde apple made of sandalys, rosis, camphre, lactuca, portuluca, sumac, and medle hym wip water of rosis, bat be goode. <sup>641</sup>

3iff he be costyf make hym suppositorijs ober clisterijs and wib mirabolis citrinis. Frote his hondys and his ffete and purge hym, 3if be mater be in be stomak. And 3if be mater be in be hede, purge hym wib \electuarium de\succo rosarum, diapapaueris, oxilaxatiuo. And lete hym vse bis electuario:

**182** Rx<sup>642</sup> diapapaueris, diadragaganti frigidi, ʒuccare roset made wib drie rosis ana ¾ iij. Medle hem to gedre and anoynte his nostralles wib oyle of rosis and violis.

Jn be goynge awey of bis pascioun bou my3t make hym styues and babis ober fomentaciouns wib camomille, mellilotum, rosis, violis, and barliche. And he may vse rubea trociscata.

A ffumigacioun made of bran and vynegre is goode þerfore. Also, vynegre ffallynge vppon a mylstone.

3iff be cause be colde and be matere renne to a noble leme, purge hym wib pillulis aureis and yerapigra. And defye be mater wib bis sirupe and prinspaly 3if bou drede lest be mater falle to be brest:

**183 Rx** radicis yreos, ysopi, liquirice mundate ana  $\S$  ij, nucis cipressi, ffoliorum cipressi, masticis, thuris ana  $\S$  j, mellis roset libra j. Make herof a sirupe.

Make hym a fumigacioun wib a decoccioun of masticis, thus, lapdani, storacis cala[mita], <sup>643</sup> camomille, mellilote, an appul made of storax calamita, ambra, gariofilorum, nucis cipressi, nucis muscate, thus, lapdani, pauco li[gno] <sup>644</sup> aloes, muscus. Enoynte his nostrallys **[f. 118v]** wib oyle of mastik.

Take milium and salt and make hem hoote and put in a bagge and lay to his hede and wynde his hede in an hoot lynnen clope and fume hym in bis manere. Make a tyil hoot and cast beruppon wyn and

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 $<sup>^{637}</sup>$  and] preceded by andj deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>638</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>639</sup> lest] followed by lei deleted in red ink

<sup>640</sup> camomille] camo

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>641</sup> goode] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

<sup>642</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>643</sup> calamita] cala

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>644</sup> ligno] lingo

ban poudre of nigella and lete hym reseyue be fume and his hede wel yhelyd ober make nigella hoot and put in a lynnen clobe and lete hym smelle berto. And ban purge his hede wib yerapigra and alle binges bat he schal vse schulleb be hoote.

Jn be ende berof make hym babis and ffomentaciouns wib a decoccioun of camomille, mellilotum, mente, rute, anthos, calamenti in watere. After alle bese binges, 3if he ne be no3t youred:

**184 Rx** stercoris columbini, gummi rute agrestis, picis naualis, semen rute, sinapis ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j. Medle hem wib oleum laurinum and acetum squilliticum and make berof an enplastre and lay hyt vppon leber and laye hyt vppon his hede in be manere of an hatte and keuere his hede wib lynnen clobe wib in. And his hede schal be schore and layde berto.

Whan alle binges fayleb, make hym a cauterie in be het.

Clarificacio. Diuretica bib neuermore goode in a reumatik mater.

Entende aboute þis matere þat þe prinsiple of a reume oþer þe ffirst bigynnynge of an euel, þan þe mater is watery. Whan it bygynneþ to wexe grete, þan it is wexinge. And whan it is in þe myddel, þan it is in þe staat, as it schewiþ in o[b]talmia. Gas 3if kynde whan he bygynneþ to defye þe reume and bigynneþ to bicome grete, þan þe leche, þat is a servaunt of kynde, schal bigynne wiþ þinges þat makiþ grete.

In a reume bat comyb of hoot cause, bou schalt do berto colde binges and stiptica wib a fewe dissoluynge binges. For dissoluynge binges makib stiptica preschie and temperib hem bat be mater ne schal no3t bicome to hard.

3iff be cause be colde, do berto hote binges and stiptica in be most part and dissolutyues in be leste parte.

Jn be ende berof whan his body is made clene dissolutyues and evaporatyues bib goode. For bere is lytel mater and berfor it wole liztliche goon awey wib vaporatiues. Dyuerse binges bib good berfore after dyuerse tymes of be euel.

Jn þe 2, entende þat a reume þat is engenderyd wiþ myche mater comyþ most in **[f. 119r]** veer. And ʒif it come of hete, þan it comyþ most in somer. And ʒif it come of ffeble conplexioun, it comyþ most in haruest. 3if it come of coldenesse, þan it comyþ in wyntere. Jn þe same maner þou schalt entende of elde and of tymys of þe ʒere.

Jn þe 3, entende þat þoʒ it be iseyde in reumate þat letynge blode nys noʒt goode, ʒitt Y sey þat it may be goode whan he is replete of blode and whan his body is replete and þe mater ffalliþ adoun. And þerfor, it is goode in squinancia and in pleuresi and oþer mo þat for þe most parte biþ engenderyd of a reume.

Jn be 4, entende bat slepe nys nozt good in a reume. For bat makib more rennynge of mater, but whan it gob a wey and whan his body is clene. But wakinge is bettre for hym to make euaporacioun outward and trauaile nys nozt good berfor in be first bygynnynge and his body be vnclene. For bat makib more flux. Reste is good berfore. And zif any man sey bat rest nys nozt good berfor for bat is ilike to slepe and slepe nys nozt goode, Y sey bat bis resoun nys nozt for in bis poris reste nys no slepe. For reste makib humours in pays and slep makib hem renne and openyb be passinges out and bis ne comyb nozt in reste, saf it closib more.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>645</sup> obtalmia] optalmia

Jn þe 5, entende þat men þat haueþ a colde hede by kynde þey biþ seelde wiþ out þe reume. Þei biþ most harmyd of causis wiþ in for feblenesse of digestioun and lasse of causis wiþ in, for closynge of þe porys. But þey þat haueþ an hoote hede haueþ pascioun of þinges wiþ out for openynge of þe porys and lattre of þinges wiþ in ffor goodnesse of digestioun.

Jn be laste entende bat men bat bib reumatik mowe be kepte 3if bei swete longe in a styue. But bis bou schalt supposye bat after be styue he mote be war of 3 binges: bat is of wynde, of longe slepe, and repelcyoun of mete and drinke. And his hed schal be wel dried lest be wetenesse bat is amonge be herys engendre reumam. Jtem, entende bat we mowe<sup>646</sup> be kept from be reume wib pillulis bat bib good berfor and it is goode for be cure and makib bat be mater ne may no3t renne to parties bynebe. 3if be cause be hoot:

**185 Rx** semen papaueris albi, semen portuluce, semen lactuca, candi, penidiarum, dragaganti **[f. 119v]** infusi ana ʒ j, opij, croci, ana ʒ j.<sup>647</sup> Medle hem wiþ sirupo mirtino and wiþ sirupo de papauere and make þerof pelotis and holde hem in his mouþe þe while he wakiþ and þe while he slepiþ.

3if be cause be colde:

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**186 Rx** storacis calamite, nucis cipressi, masticis, thuris, lapdani, ambre ana ʒ j, liquirice mundate, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis ana ʒ j. Medle hem wiþ ydromel and make þerof pelotys and lete hym holde þerof in his mouþe. Þese 2 pelotys biþ ful necessare hirafter in pasciouns of þe brest to kepe þat þe mater ne falle noʒt to þe brest.

# De Fluxu Sanguinis Narium, 17

Flux of blode of be nose comyb for openynge of be vaynes bat bub in be nose and it comyb for 3 binges ober it comyb by resoun of be leme ober of vertue ober of humours. 3if it come of a leme bat be to myche recchinge ober for vertue of puttynge out bat is stronge and be haldynge eble. 3if it come of humours for bey bib many ober scharpe ober watery and sotil. Pis mowe be comyn causis in alle binges bat bib in be body, as Galen seib sexto de morbo.

Causa. Þe cause of flux of blode of þe nose oþer it comyþ of causis wiþ out forþe, as smytynge, fallynge. Wiþ in, þan it comyþ wiþ crisis<sup>649</sup> oþer wiþ out crisis. Wiþ crysis, as in frenesi oþer in pleuresi oþer in enpostem of þe splen or of þe lyuere oþer in sinocha oþer in terciana and in variolis and morbillis and oþer mo.

3iff it come wip out crisis, pan it comyp of pe hede oper of pe lyuere oper of pe splen oper of pe marys, etc.

Signa. 3if it come of causis wib inforbe, ban bou my3t knowe hyt by schewynge of be pacient. 3if it come for crisim, bat schewib sikenessis goynge tofore.

3iff it come of be hede, he schal haue agreuaunce in be hede. And 3if it come of ober lemys, by be akynge berof bou schalt knowe hyt.

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 $<sup>^{646}</sup>$  mowe] preceded by an illegible correction deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>647</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>648</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>649</sup> crisis] *preceded by* in *deleted in black ink* 

3iff it come of be maris of retencioun of menstruorum ober in die cretica, lytel and lytel and be pacient amende berwib and his face clerye berwib ban it signifieb goode. De contraries hirof signifieb be contrarie.

3if it come out wib lepynge and contynuel, ban it comyb of arterie. 3if it come of be rizt nostalle, ban it comyb of be lyuere. And 3if it come of be lyft nostralle, ban it comyb of be splen. And 3if it come of bobe, ban it comyb of be lyuere and eke of be splen.

3if his face be **[f. 120r]** rede, þan it comyþ of replecioun of blode. 3if hu be ʒelu, it comyþ of colere. 3if it be whyte and somdele ledy, þan it comyþ of ffleume. 3if it come of ffeblenesse of haldynge, þe signes þerof biþ of pasciouns goynge tofore and stronge puttynge out. Þan it makiþ þe pacient more liʒt. 3iff it come of fulnesse, þan his pous is grete and his vryne þicke and coloured. 3if it come of colre, it is wiþ prickynge and bytinge and so of alle oþer partijs.

Pronosticacio. Flux of blode þat comyb for pascioun of þe hed, it nel neuer be cured ober it is ful hard to cure hym.

Flux off blode þat passiþ ouer libras 4 is euel . And ʒif it passe ouere libras 8, it is worse. 3iff it go to 20 libras oþer 24, he ne may lyue no lenger.

Flux of blode bat makib a man pale of colour oper grene oper ledy bat is euel and mortal.

Fluxus þat a man swony is mortel.

Flux þat makiþ hondys and ffeet colde is mortal.

Euery flux bat makib be pacient more list is goode.

Cura. No fflux þat is creticus þou 'ne' schalt 'not' restrayne, but it makyd hym to ffeble. Ne fflux þat is clepyd sinthomaticus ne schal noʒt be restraynede sodeynliche, but lytel and lytel. But ʒif þou drede lest his vertue wolde ffalle, cure hym after þe cause. 3if it come of ffeblenesse of vertue, þan þou most conforte þe blode wiþ hoot þinges and stiptica wheþer it be mete or drinke<sup>650</sup> oþer medicyne.

3iff it come of colere, purge hym wib mirabolani citrini. In fflux of blode atte nose bat is to myche in parties bat fallyb berfore lete hym blode de sephalica in be parte afornezen. And zif it come of bobe nostrallys, lete hym blode in bobe armys ban sette a ventose bytwixe his schulderys ober aboue ober vppon his lyuere ober vppon his splen after dyuersyte of be leme wharof it comyb. Ober lete hem blode de sophenys in retencione menstruorum. Whan bis is do, frote hem in her hondys and in his fete wib salt and vynegre and ffrote be ballokis in a man and be tetys in a womman. And make hem colde wib vynegre and water of rosis and morelle and make hirwib his ffete and his hondys schulleb be made colde wib bis same medicyne. And half his body schal be babed in colde water. After be tyme bat be mater is avoyded and ydrawe awey, ban bou schalt do remedyes aboue. Make enplastris to his forhede and his templys wib argilla medlyd wib vynegre and water of rosis, whyte of ayren, boli armenico, sanguis draconis, acasia, ypoquistidos. And put in his nose a tent ywette in iuse of plantayn. 651

**[f. 120v]** His diete schal be ffacchys ysode in watere, rise, parchyd benys ibrende and ysode wib some porcioun of vynegre, hard ayren, ffresche chese, mylke myche<sup>652</sup> ysode, stronge wyn, and, schortely to telle, alle binges bat makib his blode grete. Perfor, alle binges bib goode hirfor bat bib gode in flux of be wombe.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>650</sup> drinke] followed by I deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>651</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>652</sup> myche] myche myche

Now bou hast yseye alle bese binges bou schalt entende, as Galen seib, bat bere bib 5 medicynes bat bib goode in cure of fflux of blode of be nose. Pe ffirst is take of colde binges, as opium, lactuca, portulaca, morella, coriandrum, camphore, acetum, aqua rosacea, plantago, bursa pastoris, and ober mo.

Pe secunde manere is take of kynde of stiptica, as acasia, galla, sumac, berberis, psidia, balaustia, granum rose and pes eius, ypoquistidos, citoniorum, bolus armenicus, terra sigillata, chimolea, sanguis draconis, galla, fructus arborum stipticorum, as bib pira, sorbe, corne, mespilia, citonia, and ober mo.

Pe 3 kynde is take of soudynge þinges, as olibanum, dragagantum, gummi arabici, farina volatilis molendini, ffarina siliginis, albumen oui, and oþer mo. Pe 4 manere is take of cauterijs, as attramentum, vitriolum, fra arsenicum, sal armoniacum, succus porri and oþer mo.

be 5 is take of vertue of tordys, as be torde of a swyne, lete hym smelle hyt, and of an asse. Pere bib some binges bat dob bis 3 vertuys, 654 as colde and stiptica, as antimonium, mirra. A leche bat is wyse, whan his body is clene and his mater distracte, he may take of bese bingis after be particulers. And bou myzt double bese medicynes ober multeplye hem. Make berwib enplastris, poudris, and oynementis ober drinkes. But of cauterijs take kepe bat whan be crust berof is remeued, it wolle liztliche make more fflux of blode.

Clarificacio. Entende þat in retencione menstruorum, fflux of blode atte þe nose may helpe<sup>655</sup> whan it is to longe yholde and prinsplay for þe tyme for it puttiþ out þe mater þat is agreuous. Neuerþelattre, þat maner fflux nys noʒt goode þerfore. Þerfore, ʒif he be gretely replete, þan lete hym blode in epatica. After þat in sophenis. After þat make menstrua renne out wiþ magdaleonibus.

Jn þe 2, entende þat ʒif flux of þe nose ʒif it come of to myche blode, þan it rennyþ to myche.

3iff it come of scharpenesse and fretynge, it comyb most of colere and be same manere entende of eldys and of regiouns and conplexiouns.

Jn þe 3, entende þat coldenesse ne makiþ no flux of blode atte nose, **[f. 121r]** but whan it is constrayned by hap it brekiþ þe vayne.

Jn be 4, entende bat bog blode bat comyb of be arterijs is more hoot and more sotil ban blode of vaynes, neuerbelattre, fflux of blode bat comyb of be nose ne comyb nogt most of an arterie, but it comyb most of an ober vayne. For a vayne ne hap but oon cote, an arterie hab twayne. And berfor, it wibstandib more brekynge ban openynge.

Jn þe 5, entende þat flux of blode makiþ ffeble and blodletynge makiþ feble, neuerþelatre, in flux of blode of þe nose blodletynge may be goode, ʒif his vertue be stronge. And it may acesy þe fflux for it drawiþ þe mater to þe contrarie and for it drawiþ awey.<sup>656</sup> Þerfor, it helpiþ.

Jn þe 6, entende þat baþinge is goode in to myche fflux of menstruorum and ʒitt it is noʒt goode in fflux of blode atte nose and þe resoun hirof is þis: for þe blode of menstruorum is grete and bi baþis is more sotil and so it drawiþ into alle þe body. But þe blode þat comyþ of þe nose is sotil and in þat maner it bicomyþ more sotil and in þat maner it rennyþ þe more and drawiþ þe more vpward.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>653</sup> vitriolum] *preceded by* vitreolol *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>654</sup> vertuys] preceded by þinges deleted in black ink

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# De Sternutacione, [18]

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Sternutacio is meuynge of be brayn bat comyb naturelly for puttynge out of binge bat is greuous. Rizt as singultus is in be stomak and cowze in be pysche, in be same manere fnesinge is in be brayn. Dis maner meuynges ne bib none euelys, 657 saf bey bib meuynge of kynde.

Causa. Pe cause may be wib out oper wib in. Wib out, as be schynynge of be sunne whan it preschib in at nostrellys oper poudre bat fallib into be nose bat prickib and byteb and ober mo. 3if it come of cause wib in, ban it is vapour ober wynde ober some binge bat agreuyb be vertue ober be soule bat is sencible, bat felib binge bat agreuyb and meuyb be vertue bat is naturel. Pe naturel meuyb be expulsif and ban it meueb wib grete force to putt out binge bat is greuous. And is medlyd wib ayre and put out and makib a soun for it passib out bur3 strayte place. And berfor, fnesynge is stronge meuynge of be brayn to put out binge bat is greuous. Pronosticacio. Fnesynge in be ende of an euel is good signe, as Galen seyb, 3if be sickenesse be perilous for it signifieb strengbe of vertue and rekeuerynge. And berfor, fnesinge wib out reume and his body be clene, whaber it be wib crafte ober of kynde, it is goode for it [f. 121v] rememeuyb akynge of be hed and makib be hed clene. And berfor, it is good in sikenessis of be breste so bat be body be clene tofore and be sikenesse be goynge awey and wib out reume. And also in pasciouns of be maris for be vertue is stronge and berfor it exciteb vertues of puttynge out of lemys bat bib neruous. Perfor, it helpib to putt out a dede childe and secundinam and ober mo.

Sternutacio wib a reume is allegate euel. 3if his body be replete, to myche fnesynge makib a mannys hed replet and makib vertigine and scotomiam, and ober mo.

Jn any siknesse 3if bou be bere aboute to make hym ffnese and he ne fnese no3t, he ne schal neuer be cured. 3if bou do it wib stronge binges, as elleborus albus, piper, castoreum, sinapis, euforbium and ober mo.

Cura. First cure hym wib stronge haldynge in of his brebe and bat he puttib out lete hyt be by his nose and bat is good in a reume.

Jn be secunde, cure hym by stronge accidencis of be soule, as wrebe, bysinesse, drede, and ober mo.

Jn be 3, cure hym wib hote binges and euaporatyues. And prinspaly, 3if be cause of fnesynge be colde, make hym a fomentacioun for his hede, whan his body is clene, wib a decoccioun of camomille, mellilotum, anthos, anisi, maratri, spicenardi and enoynte his nosebrilles wib oleo laurino, costino.

3if be cause be colde, ban ennoyte his nostrellys wib oyle of rosis, violis, nenifare and make hym fomentaciouns of be same and frote his hed and his hondis and his feete and myche slepe is good berfor.

Jn be 2 particle of bis booke whan we speke of sikenessys of be hed bis mater was speke, but for be sikenesse we makib a chapitre berof and of be same Galen seib bat finesinge is a naturel meuynge. But whan finesinge comyb in pleuresi and peripleumonia, ban it nys nozt meuynge of kynde but of an euel.

J sey þat fnesynge oþer it comyþ in tyme of hele, þan it is meuynge of kynde and in þat manere Galen entendyd quinto de morbo. 3if it come in tyme of sickenesse, þan 3if it come by wey of crisis and makynge clene þan it comyþ by naturel meuynge rizt as digestioun in vryne.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>657</sup> euelys] *preceded by* siche saf *deleted in black ink* 

3if it come of sinthomatia, ban it may be meuynge of euel.

# De Fissura Labioram, 19

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Fissura labiorum, þat is brekyne of þe lippys. For it is tendre fflesche oþer it comyþ of causis wiþ in oþer wiþ out. Of þinges wiþ [f. 122r] out, as of poudre and wynde and hete and coldenesse and ffallynge and smytynge and oþer mo. 3if it come of causis wiþin, þan it comyþ of scharpe humours þat prickiþ and brekiþ þe lippys oþer engenderiþ pustulas. Þese humours somtyme comyþ of þe hede by way of a reume. Somtyme comyþ vapours of þe stomak and of alle þe body. Somtyme þey comyþ by way of crisis. Signes hirof biþ opene.

Cura. 3if it come of causis wip out and be cause be hoot, enounte his lippys wip oyle of rosys and violis and grece of an henne fresche and muscilagine dragaganti made in water of rosis. And enounte hyt wip plumo oper wip oon of hem oper wip alle.

3if be cause be colde, ban tempere in water of rosis, hony roset, dragagantum, gummi arabici, masticis, thus and enoynte vlcera wib bis forseyde binges.

3iff it come for causis wib in, whan his body is made clene, enoynte his lyppys wib bis medicyne:

187 Rx ceruse lote, amidi, cathime lote, litargirij. Medle hem wib muscilagine dragaganti.

Clarificacio. Entende þat þouz moyste þinges rotye and rotynge þinges ne biþ nozt goode in vlceribus, neuerþelatter, ffresche hennys grece may be goode in vlceribus labiorum. For it is mytigatyf and prinspaly whan it is drie ffor in þat maner þe dryenesse may be tempered and made moyste ffor so myche as it is temperyd wiþ litargiri and oþer þinges medlyd and enonytyd þerwiþ.

Jn be secunde, entende bat pustule and vlcera of be lippis 3 if it come in a tercyan and in ober feuerys after signes of digestioun, ban hy bib signes of good. And comyn men seyn bat whan a mannys lippis brekib and he is cured. And berof may come anober mervayle or pustule and vlcera may signifye in a feuere whan bey comyb in be lyppys and bey may signifie harme and be resoun berof is bis: for lippis bib tendre lemys yput wib out and berfor whan be kynde bycomyb stronge it puttib be superfluytees to be lippys. Pe tonge is a noble leme and sencible and berfor 3 if bese binges come bey comyb more by wey of sinthomatia ban of mater. And berfor, it is allegate euel.

Jn be last, entende bat whan ffissura comyb in be neber lippe in a womman and comyb of kynde, ban it signifieb peculatam wib dryenesse of be maris as some men seyn.

# De Pascionibus Lingue, 20

[f. 122v] Ther bib many pasciouns of be tunge, as paralisis, spasmus, brekynge, enpostem to grete ober to lytel, corupcioun of tast and of spekynge and ober mo. Pe tunge is conpounyd of fflesche and nerues and arterijs, as Galen seib 4 de simplici medicina. And he hab twey noble worchinges bat is tastynge and speche. Speche comyb by meuynge and tast by felynge; and for bere bib mo binges necessare to meuynge ban felyne, berfor, he may raber lese speche ban taast.

To bese worchinges, as to ober binges, comyb bre accidencis, as takynge awey and makynge lasse and corupcioun. Ensaumple hirof as somtyme a manne lesib his speche alle, as in dombe men. Somtyme it is made lasse rizt, as it is in hem bat ne mowe nozt well bringe out binge bat bey consequeb.

Somtyme it is corumpyd, as in men þat ne noʒt sounye. <sup>658</sup> Þat biþ clepyd trauli and blesi þat sounyþ o letter for anoþer þat comyþ of grete moysture, as in childeryn. In some men it is corupt in sillabilys, as in hem þat scholde sey dominus and seyeþ dodominus. And Aristotle seiþ þat þey biþ clepyd cuttynge, as it is yseyde in þis amphorism, trauli adiariai, etc.

Also, tastynge is somtyme ylost, as whan he ne hab no sauour of binge bat is in his moube ober it bicomyb lasse whan he ne felib no sauour, but bat is excellent. And somtyme it is corupt whan hym semyb alle binges bytter ober salt ober in any ober sauour ban hy schold be, etc.

Cause. Causis of þis pascioun beþ euelys þat [biþ] semelable and official and comyn. Somtyme þei comyþ for pasciouns of þe tunge oþer of oþer pasciouns. Causis of þese pasciouns biþ somtyme sikenessis of þe hed and of þe brayn, as apoplexia, epilencia, litargia, ffrenesis, mania, and flux of humours.

Signa. 3iff it come for pasciouns of be hed, berby it may be knowe. 3if it come wib out, bat is for remeuynge of ober signes. 3if it come for pasciouns of be tunge, bat may be knowe [f. 123r] ffor bat is open. 3if it come of euel conplexioun hoot, ban it is wib prickynge an[d]<sup>661</sup> bytynge and 3elu coloure. 3if it come of coldenesse, ban his tunge schal be whyte and colde. 3if it come of moysture, ban he hab grete spetynge. 3if it come of dryenesse, ban it makib brekynge and vlcera. Somtyme fleumatik mater bat is grete and viscous cleuyb to be tunge, as in a feuere and be tunge bicomyb blak and some men wenyb bat it come of hete and it nys no3t so. Enpostemys of be tunge comyb of dyuerse humours and schewib by her signes. Ober signes bib open.

3iff it come of be stomak and of be splene ober of be lyuere, it schewib by be signes of be sikenesse be same manere in a feuere. For be pasciouns of be tunge may lightliche be knowe, gif be leche wole take kepe berof.

Pronosticacio. Jn feuer acutis, ʒif a blac whele come vppon his tunge, it is signe of deþ. Jn feuer acutis blackenesse of þe tunge and vlcera biþ euel.

Cura. Whan pasciouns of be tunge comyb of ober euelys, cure be euelys first and ban cure be pasciouns of be tunge; and bib bis pasciouns of be hed, of be breste, of be stomak, and of al be body, and pasciouns of be moube.

3iff it come of euel conplexioun of be tunge wib hoot mater in partijs bat fallib berfor, ban lete hym blode. Pan make hym clene wib binge bat ffallyb berfor. Pan sette hym ventosis wib garsinge. Pan make hym a gargarisme wib iuse of lactuca, portulaca, morella, cucumeris, cucubite, and ober mo.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>658</sup> sounye] *followed by* r *deleted in red ink* 

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3iff be mater be colde, deffie be mater wib oximel diuretik and purge hym wib yerapigra. And make hym gargarismus of sauge, mente, ysope, calamynte, piretrum, and ober mo. And make hym cauterijs. 3if it come of enpostem:

**188 Rx** vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, iuiube, sebesten, fenigreci, caricarum. 3if þe cause be hoot, boyle hem in water and do þerto cassiafistula and lete hym holde þat water in his mouþe ofte. Make past of þat oþer part and make þerof brode pelotis and medle<sup>662</sup> þerwiþ a lytel wex and sirupus nenifar and ley hyt vppon þe enpostem.

3if be cause be colde, boyle hem in wyn and ydromel and make berof brode pelotis and lay beruppon, but bou schalt allegate entende bat his body be clene tofore of be humour bat is in be cause wib blodletynge and medicynes laxatyues after be humor and repercussyues schulleb go tofore.

3if it come of pasciouns of be nerues bat meuyb, ban ley a enplastre of castor, euforbium, **[f. 123v]** staffisagria, piretrum vppon his necke. 3iff blackenesse of be tunge come for malice of a ffeuere:

**189 Rx** s[u]cci<sup>663</sup> pomorum acetosorum, succi acetosi, aceti, aqua rosacea, vinum malorum granatorum. Medle hem and tempere þeron<sup>664</sup> þe seed of citoniorum, psillium, dragagantum and make þerof muscilago and presse hyt out. And whan it is pressyd out medle hyt wiþ sugre and make þerof pelotis and lete hym holde in his mouþe.

3iff þere be vlcera and ffissura, cast þeruppon poudre of thus, litarge. And ʒif it come of nasche matere and moyste, whan his body is purged, ffrote his tunge wip triacle and wip a decoccioun of bayes in wyn.

3iff his tast be corupte, purge his bodye af[ter]<sup>665</sup> be humour bat is in cause. 3if be cause be hoot, he schal vse soure metys. 3if be cause be colde and gret, lete hym vse scharpe metys, as bib garlik, oyniouns, like.

3iff paralicis of be tunge and blode be in be cause, lete hym blode and purge hym wib yerapigra and after bat wib yeralogodion.

Materialis þat biþ good in paralisi lingue wiþ mollificacioun. And whan any man is lette of speche ffor myche moysture biþ þese of whiche þou myʒt make gargarismes and ffrotynges and pouderys and pelotys and enplasteris to ley to his necke and syrupis and, schortely, alle þynges þat we 'nediþ'666 and biþ þese: saluia, acorus, menta, origanum, calamentum, ruta, primula veris, nux muscata, peretrum, castoreum, staffisagria, euforbium, sinapis, cortex capparis, piper, ʒinʒiberis, asa fetidis, sal gemma, sal nitrum, sal armoniacum, [n]itrum, 667 and oþer mo.

Jn be first bygynnynge, boyle ysope, sauge, and acorus, primula veris in oximel squllitico. Make berof a sirupe and purge be mater as it is bifor seyde and hirof and of ober mo make gargarismes. After be particlis and be maner worchinges of bese binges, Y resigne to be leche bat worchib, but bere schal

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>662</sup> medle] *preceded by* lay beruppon *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>663</sup> succi] sicci

beron] preceded by on deleted in black ink

<sup>665</sup> after] af

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>666</sup> nediþ] *corr. by deletion of* mowe *in red ink* 

<sup>667</sup> nitrum] vitrum

be cautele whan bou worchest in pasciounibus of be moube and dost berto any stronge binges, as arsenicum, elleborus, and ober mo. He mote be war bat he swolewe none berof. For arsenicum makib vlcus in be lunges and elleborus makib hyt laxatyf.

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3iff childeryn be longe or be mowe speke, ffrote hir tunge euery day wib sauge while bei bib but 3ounge. Whan bei bib in more elde boyle ysope, sauge in ydromelle and yuery. 3eue hym a gargarisme bereof and ffrote his tunge ofte and constrayne hym to speke hastely.

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3iff spasmus come in be tunge and it come of replecioun, purge his body after be humour and wasche his necke and his tunge wib a decoccioun of aneti, ffenigreci, corona regia. 3if it come of lernesse in a feuere, anoynte his necke and his tunge wib oyle of weby and nenifar and oyle of violis. 3if his tunge be to **[f. 124r]** grete and it come of blode, ban lete hym bloode and cuppe hym in be necke and ffrote hys tunge wib be ryndes of maligranata and acetositate citri.

3iff þis gretenesse come of fleume, purge his body and frote his tunge wiþ ʒinʒiberis, pipere, sal gemme.

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3iff his tunge be more schorte þan it scholde be for þe ligaturis þat biþ vnder þe tunge, þan kutte hem and brenne hem wiþ medicynes. 3if it come of spasme, it is forseyde.

3iff he haue hard glandulys vnder<sup>668</sup> his tunge, lete hym blode in be vaynes bat bib vnder be tunge and ffrote be place wib sal armoniak and vynegre and do berto a medicyne off dragagantum ybrende and whyte of an eye and hermodactule.

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3iff þere be grete vlcera, whan his body is clene, cure hym wiþ galle, and psidia, spodio, rosis, acacia, and alumen. But þis may not be do in childeryn.

3iff he haue myche moysture in his mouth and it come of hoote mater þat dissoluyþ, lete hym blode and lete hym vse metys þat be stiptica and soure þinges. 3if it come of fleume, purge his body and make hym cast and ffrote hys tunge and his moube and his palet wib aurea alexandrina.

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Clarificacio. Entende þat þoʒ many nerfes come to þe tunge and oon may wiþ out anoþer, neuerþelattre, ʒif any þerof suffre, þe tunge schal suffre for alle biþ necessarieto worchinge of þe tunge. After dyuersyte of agreuaunce in þe nerues after þat comyþ dyuerse accidencis in þe tunge. And þerfor, somtyme his speche is take awey and somtyme made lasse and somtyme yrotyd.

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Jn þe 2, entende þat in enpostemys of þe tunge þat biþ hoote, whan [h]is<sup>669</sup> body is purged, repercuscyues biþ goode. And þerfor, gargarismes biþ good. Lete hym holde in hys mouþe þe iuse of lactuca, portulaca, morelle, cucumeris, cucubita and oþer mo, as in squinancia.

and p dispe 6620 schev

3iff any man seye in bis place bat be mater wole go to a noble leme, Y sey bat bey bib fer atwynne and bere bib many lemys bitwixe and be tunge is a noble leme. Perfor, it is bettre bat mater be disperplyd in many partijs ban it gadre in bat one place. For be tunge hab noble worchinges. Pan it schewib wel bat in enpostemys of be tunge bat bib hoot repercussyues bib goode whan his body is makyd clene. Whan we speke of bis cure hirtofore, we passyd berof schortely bat bes werk ne were no3t idrawe to longe as in many ober places.

Jn be 3, entende bat boz bere be myche superfluyte and moysture in olde men and childerne, neuerbelattre, olde men ne bicomyb nozt trauly ffor his moysture is grete and **[f. 124v]** viscouse and ne may nozt presche and berwib his nerues bib hard and ne receyueb no mater.

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<sup>668</sup> vnder] vnder vnder

<sup>669</sup> his] is

Jn childerne is be contrarie ffor watrinesse in hem is sotil and her nerues bib nesche. Perfor, childeryn bat bib trauli ne ffallib nozt in dyarream, as it is seyde: trauli a diarrio, etc. For to myche superfluyte of be hed gob into be guttis and engenderib fflux of be wombe.

## De Fluxu Saliue et Ablacione Odoris, 21

3iff he haue myche moysture in his moube bat is myche spetynge and come of myche hete bat dissoluyb, lete hym blode and enioyne hym abstenence and lete hym vse metis bat be stiptica, as fechis and benyn, sumac, and ober mo. 3iff it come of myche fleume, enioyne hym abstenence and defye be mater wib ysobo yboyled in oximelle and purge hym wib yerapigra and ffrote his tunge and his moube wib sauge and aurea alexandrina. And make hym medicynes to drie his bodye.

3iff any man ne haue no goode brebe to smelle, make hym a gargarisme of ruwe, ysope ysode in aceto squillitico. And he schal ofte  $c[h]owe^{670}$  3edoarium.

### De Fetore Oris, 22

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Stinkynge of be moube 3 if it come for rotyd teeb, ban do hem a wey. 3 iff it come for mollificacioun of be gomes ober for quytture, ban make hym a gargarisme of sauge, mente, ruwe, gariofilorum, piretri, ligni aloes in wyn. 3 if be stinkynge and be stomak and be cause be hoot, lete hym vse percisis and defye be mater wib sirupo limonum and purge hym wib mirabolani citri apparailed as it fallib for hem.

3iff be mater be colde, defye be mater wib pocione muscata and purge hym wib mirabolani kebuli and make his brebe swete wib pillulis de alipta muscata. 3if it come of be pyche, lete hym vse dyayris, dyaysopo, dyacalamento. It is ful hard to cure stinkynge of be nose, as it is forseyde in be chapitre 15 de fetore narium.

Clarificacio. Entende þat in stinkynge of brethe fflesch nys noʒt goode and prinspaly whan it comyb of be stomak. For flesche rotib hastely. 3if stinkynge of be stomak come of hoot cause, it rotyb wel be raber for Haly seib in be Boke of Kynges bat ffresche fische makib more berst ban salt and bat ne semyb noʒt sobe, but bey rotyb raber ban fysche.

Jn stinkynge of brebe salt fysche nys nozt goode ne rere ayren ne mylke **[f. 125r]** ne no fflesche bat wexib amonge bowelle ne ffruytes ne nobinge bat wole rotie anone.

Jn þe 2, entende þat amonge alle humours þat humour þat most makiþ corupcioun of breþe is ffleume. For 5 processe þat biþ þeron. Þe ffirst is ffor it is a colde humour. Jn þe 2, ffor it is moyste; þerfor, it rotyþ anone. Þe 3 is ffor it makiþ liʒtliche þe reume. Þe 4, for it multiplieþ by euel regimen. Þe 5, ffor amonge alle humours, after blode, it wexiþ most.

Jn be 3, entende bat stinkynge of brebe bat comeb of be stomak nys noʒt continuel. For after mete it is lasse, but whan it is in be pyis it is continuel for be brethe. And bis maner stinkynge signifieb vlcus of be lounges; berfor, it is signe of deb.

Jn þe 4, take kepe wherfor in contynuel feuerys nys noʒt contynuel stinkynge, siþþe þat þere is þeron contynuel rotynge. J answere þerto þat þere is double rotynge. Some comyþ by way of boylinge and þat ne makiþ no stinkynge and þat is in feuerys. And þere is anoþer þat is substancial corupcioun and þat makiþ stinkynge. And þerfor, whan in contynuel feuere comyþ stinkynge, it signifieþ deþ.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>670</sup> chowe] cowe

Jn þe 5, Y aske why þat garlik and oyniouns hauyþ a maner stinkynge and piper and mustard biþ hoot in þe same degre and þei ne hauyþ no stinkynge. J sey hirto þat oynyouns and garlik hauyþ many moysturis and resoluþ liʒtliche and rotyþ. And þerfor, þey hauyþ an heuy sauour. Of piper and mustard is lytel resoluynge ffor þei ne hauyþ noʒt so myche moysture. Herof entende þat some men seyn þat clowis engenderiþ stinkynge of breþe, and ʒitt þey biþ swote in sauour. Y suppose þat þey make stinkynge breþe þat may be for twey þinges. For longe vse þerof and in a colrik stomak oþer for some moysture þat þey haueþ whan þey comyþ in a stomak þat haþ corupcioun, þan þey rotyþ liʒtliche.

### De Pascionibus Oris, 23

The moupe is an instrument of voys and speche in men. Off voys in alle bestis þat hauyþ a necke and a tunge, þe tunge is a prinspal to speke and chewye and swolewe and goþ anone to ysofagum and tracheam arteram. Ysofagus is þe wey of mete. Trachea arteria is þe wey of breþe. Ysmon is in þe myddel.

Jn þe mouþe biþ many lemys þat meuyþ, as þe tunge, þe palette aboue and byneþe, and þe rote of þe tunge. Jn þese lemys comyþ pustule, vlcera, apostemata, cancer, fistula, herpestiomenus, carbunculus, <sup>671</sup> and oþer mo.

Causa. 3if it come in a childe be while he soukib bat is for corupcioun of mylke ober for be mater makib clene be body of **[f. 125v]** humours corupte. 3if it come in more elde, ban it comyb for malice of humours.

3iff it come of blood, be coloure berof is reed, as be coloure of a rose bat is ffresche wib suellynge. 3if it come of colre, it is a zelu coloure wib a litel suellynge and prickynge and hete. 3iff it come of fleume, it wole be whyte and swelle and lytel akynge. 3if it come of malencolie, be coloure bereof wole be blacke and harde.

Pronosticacio. Euery pustula of whiche be coloure tournyb toward blacke is euel ffor it signifieb herpestiomenum and grete corupcioun of humours. Euery pustula in be moube and vlcus and euery pascioun be more depe bat it is inward it is be worse.

Cura. 3iff it come in a childe be while he soukyb, ban garse hym in be nasche of be erys. And 3iff it falle berfor, do it in be necke and vnder be chyn. And 3iff he be in more elde, lete hym blode in cephalica. After bat sette ventosis in his necke, ban lete hym blode in his lippis and in be vaynes bat bib vnder be tunge and make clene hys [blode]<sup>672</sup> wib cassisafistula, tamarindis, manna. 3if it come of colere, purge hym wib dyaprunis and wib oleum de suco rosarum. 3if it come of fleume, purge hym wib yerapigra. 3iff it come of malencolie, purge hym wib diasene, yerarufini. Whan his body is clene in an hoot cause make a gargarisme<sup>673</sup> of dyamoron ober take be branchis of trees bat bib stiptica and sebe hem in water and vynegre and make berof a gargarisme. 3iff it be carbunculus ober wilde fuyre, make hym a gargarisme wib be iuse of plantayn, coriandre, morelle in wyn of maligranata flache.

3iff it come of fleume, make hym a gargarisme wib sumac, galle, psidia, balaustia, mastix, thus, mel, acetum. 3iff it come of malencolie, do awey berof be vynegre. 3if it be ffustula, wasche hyt wib a decoccioun of agrimonia in wyn and hony.

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<sup>671</sup> carbunculus] carbuncculus

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>672</sup> blode] Latin: mundificetur sanguis

<sup>673</sup> gargarisme] followed by of dyamoron deleted in red ink

3iff it be a cankre, do berto water and sprynge beron poudre of ellebori nigri, radix aristolochie. Ober in bis manere: make poudre of arsenic sublymed berof, coperose and orpement ober of realgar repressyd and do be remenaunt as it is sayde in be first particule.

Clarificacio. Entende þat þere biþ some pustulis þat biþ engenderyd of malencolie clene, þey ne biþ noʒt ful perilouse. And some biþ engenderyd of malencolie adust oþer of oþer humours adust and þey be worst. And þou schalt knowe hem for þe coloure þerof is ledy and **[f. 126r]** þei biþ ful akynge and þey þat comyþ of clene malencolie biþ noʒt so.

Jn þe 2, entende þat whan any man spekiþ þan he closiþ ysofagum wiþ vuula and whan a man etyþ þan vuula closiþ tracheam arteream. Þerefor it nys noʒt good þat a man speke þe while he etyþ ffor it wold passe to þe brest, ne ete þe while þat he spekiþ. And þat may be a resoun þat religious men ne spekiþ noʒt atte mete þat oon worchynge scholde lette þat oþere.

Jn þe 3, entende þat in þe rote of þe tunge þere biþ glandule þat receyuyþ vapours arysinge of þe stomak and ffalliþ a doun of þe brayn and in þe rote of þe tunge is engendered þe moysture of spetynge.

### De Lentiginibus, 24

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Lentigines biþ infecciouns of þe skyn and for þe most part in þe fface and somtyme in þe skyn of alle þe body.

Causa. Pis manere infecciouns comyb somtyme of causis wib out and somtyme wib in. 3if it come of causis wib out, as of grete hete of be sunne ober of ayre corupt and ober mo. 3if it come of causis wib in, bat may be of crisis ober retencione menstruorum, emoroydarum, and of ober superfluytees bat were ywonyd purge hem silf<sup>674</sup> ober for strengbe of kynde bat makib clene be body of superfluytees. Pis may be knowe by schewynge of be pacient. 3if it come of crisis, it is knowe by be releuynge of be pacient and feuere aceesib. 3if it come of strengbe of kynde, ban it is wib out bytinge. 3if it come of malice of matere, ban bere comyb ober euel accidencis berwib, as akynge, prickynge, febel appetyte, and ober mo.

3iff þis infeccioun of þe skyn come of bloode, þe place wille be rede. 3if it come of fleume, þe place wole be whyte. 3if it come of malencolie, þe place wole be blacke oþer ledy. 3if it come of bloode corupt, þan þe coloure of þe skyn wole be as it were dede blode.

Pronosticacio. 3iff lentigines and infecciouns of be skyn come in a feuere tofore signes of digestioun and in be day bat nys nozt cretica, bat is an euel signe and mortal. Perfor, in bis caas bou schalt byhalde his skyn.

Cura. 3if þis infeccioun be in þe face and his body be replete oþer bloode be in þe cause, lete hym blode in cephalica. 3if it be in alle þe body, lete hym blode in mediana. Þan lete hym blode **[f. 126v]** in sophenys, garsinge in þe leggis oþer bytwixe þe twey schulderys oþer vnder þe chynne biþ good. Purge þe humour after þe cause as it falliþ þerfor. Þese þinges biþ ofte ysayde. Make hym styues and ʒeue hym opiata as it ffalliþ for þe mater. Jn þe first booke biþ many ysayde of þis mater. Whan his body is clene make hym oynementis and enoynte hym and make hym wateris to make clene his skyn.

<sup>674</sup> silf] silf preceded by sol deleted in black ink

Materialis hirof biþ þese: farina ordei, milij, fabarum, ffenigreci, lupinorum, amigdalarum amarum, sulphure, calx, vitreolum, [n]itrum, for mirra, sal armoniacum, poressellana, conchilia marina alba, corallus ben album and rubeum, amigdale, candi, penidia, liquiricia, lac ficus, arsenicum sublimatum, auripigmentum, ffella auium viuencium de rapina, aqua tartari, raphani, yari, dragancee, lilji, florum sambuci, florum fabarum, fumus terre, succus maiorane. And properliche in blode þat is mortefyed and þe cause be newe. And in an olde cause garsinge is necessare, gummi rute agrestis, cortex citri, acetum album, vinum, colatura, furfure, farina riʒi, lac foliorum ficus oþer a decoccioun of þese þinges in water. Þese þinges makiþ clene þe skyn of infecciouns. Also, figus ysode in water and þat water ydrounke helpiþ myche to put out þe mater. Of þese þinges þou myʒt make gobettis of oon oþer of many after þe askynge of þe particuleris. And whan you wolte vse any of hem, distempere hyt wiþ water made of flouris of benys oþer wiþ milk and enoynte his face an eue and in þe morowe wasche his face wib watere of bran.

In alle bese causis it is good whan his body is made clene bat his skyn be made nesche wib a fumigacioun made of malue, bismalue, dust of barliche and otyn. And for we haueb yspoke myche hirof in be first booke and in be ende of bis booke we wolleb make a special chapitre.

Clarificacio. Entende þat ʒif his body be myche replete, þan þou schalt lete hym blode de basilica. 3if he ne be noʒt myche replete, þan lete hym blode in þe myddel veyne. 3if it be in þe fface, lete hym blode in þe hed vayne.

Jn þe2, entende þat it comyþ most of malencolie. And ʒif it come of oþer humours, þan it is properliche iclepyd lentigo. For lentiginess haueþ allegate a derke coloure in þe manere of ffecchis ffor it comyþ of malencolie þat is grete. 3if þis mater come bineþe, it engendriþ [f. 127r] pustulas, scabies, malum mortum. 3if it ne be noʒt so grete þan it ffalliþ to þe face and ne may noʒt breke out by vapours. And þerfor, it engenderiþ lentigines. Colera passiþ out liʒtlyche by vapours, but ʒif it be made grete by medlynge of any oþer humour oþer by resoun of adustioun.

## De Pascionibus Dencium et Prismo de Dolore, 25

Dentes, teeb, haueb grete helpe in chewynge and haueb a goode operacioun and helpib to speke and wibhaldib be eyre and teeb makib a man fayrer, 3itt bey sufferib as ober lemys for bey suffrib akynge in hem silf and in har ligatures and bey suffrib enpostemys. For alle binge bat wexib and racchib may be enpostemyd and bey may suffre ffretynge and holdynge and wormys and meuynge and mollificacioun and ober mo.

Cause. Causis of þis pascioun comyb of enchesouns wib out ober of enchesoun wib in. 3if it come wib out þat may be smytynge, ffallynge, to myche hete ober to myche coldenesse, as whan a man etib metys bat bib to hoote and drinkib anone beruppon colde wyn, ober ʒif he breke wib his teeb any binge bat is hard to breke ober ʒif he ete any hard binges, as binges bat bib confect wib hony, ober ʒiff he ffrote myche his teeb wib binges bat bib scharpe bat takib awey be flesche in be rootys of be teeb ober ʒif he be necligent to make hem clene wib sauge ysode in wyn and ban he schal frote hem in goode maner wib ryndis bat bib stiptica and bitter, as bib ryndes of citri ober of an hasel ober of olyue and ober mo. 3if he be necligent hirof, ban bere wole gadery myche hore about his teeb bat mowe be after bat enchesoun of akynge. And ʒif hete in oon partye and noʒt in anober in bat partye bat he ne etyb noʒt

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>675</sup> nitrum] vitrum

bere gaderyb many superfluytes. Oper 3 if he vse metis bat haueb properte to rote tebe, as bib soure metis and lik and milke, fische ffresche, salt, and ober mo.

3iff it come of causis wib in, ban it comyb of be brayn ober of be gomys ober of be teeb ober of be stomak. Somtyme vapours ariseb out of be stomak bat bib corupt and comyb to be teeb and engendryb bere wormys ober ffretynge ober a cankre ober a festre ober enpostem. Castynge is euel berfore and prinspaly 3if it be soure [f. 127v] and ffumous and scharpe and rotinge and corupt.

Signa. Signes herof bib oben. For 3if it come of causis wib out, bat may be knowe by schewynge of be pacient oper by hem bat bib about. 3iff it come of be hed, bou schalt iknowe hyt by akynge and agreuaunce of be hed ffor it ffallib most berof. And zif it come of be teeb and off be gomys bat schewib anone. 3iff bou ne myzt nozt knowe in what toob it is, lete hym ffirst bygynne to holde a binge wib oo toob and eft wib anober and whan he comyb to bat same ban he schal ffele agreuaunce. 3iff it come off any nerf bat bou myzt iknowe ffor it ne schewib in noon ober place. 3iff it come of be stomak, bou schalt yknowe by akynge and agreuaunce off be same place.

3iff blode be in be cause, bou schalt knowe hyt by hete and suellynge and redenesse. 3iff it come of colre, bou schalt knowe hyt by prickynge and akynge and bytynge.

3iff it come of fleume, bou schalt knowe hyt by whytenesse and lytel akynge. 3iff it come of malencolye, ban be coloure wole be ledy and be place harde. 3if it come of moysture, bou schalt knowe hyt by myche spetynge and moysture in his moube. 3iff it come of dryenesse, þan<sup>676</sup> þe place wole be drye. 3iff it come of wynde, ban be place wole bete and meuye.

Pronosticacio. In a ffeuere, ledy coloure and grene and blac in be teeb by resoun of be ffeuere it is evel. Myche hoore hangynge in be teeb in a ffeuere it signifieb longe sikenesses. In a ffeuere contynuel, ziff hys teeb be drye, as it were tre, bat is euel signe and mortel.

Curacio. 3iff be cause be hoot and his body replete and oper particulers ffalle berfore, lete hym blode in be hed vayne, and after bat sett a ventose in his necke. After bat, lete hym bloode in vaynys bat biþ vnder þe tunge and in hys lippys. Þe same þou schalt do in a colde cause. 3iff his body be replete and ober particulers ffalle berfore, purge be humor and make clene hys body as it ffallib berfor. Pese binges biþ ofte ysayde. 3iff þere be a reume, make hyt maturatyf and conforte þe leme þat puttiþ out þe matere. Nowe bou hast ysey alle bese binges, go we to be particulers.

3iff be cause be hoot do berto colde binges, as lactuca, portulaca, solatrum, cucubite, melones, vermicularis, and ober mo. 3iff<sup>677</sup> bese ne availe no3t, do berto narcotica, as opium, mandragora, iusquiamus, papaueris, ffelomum, acacia, and ober mo. And do berto vynegre. And do berto some binge to do awey be [f. 128r] malyce of narcotica, as castoreum, crocus, cassialignea. 3if he ne be nogt holpe hirwip, <sup>678</sup> make hym a cauterye wib arsenyk, vitriole, and cantarides. Neuerbelattre, bou most be war in bese binges bat no bynge ne passe in. For it wolde myche agreue. Þerfor, bese cauterijs ne mowe nozt be ydo but in be teeb tofore. 3if he be rotyd, rote hym out. 3iff bere be wormys beron, do berto poudre of aloen oper lac titimalli oper [al]kytran<sup>679</sup> oper make hym a fumigacioun wib iusquiamus, semine porri.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>676</sup> þan] *preceded by* þat *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>3</sup>iff] preceded by and do perto vynegre deleted in red ink

<sup>678</sup> hirwiþ] preceded by hr deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>679</sup> alkytran] kytran

3iff þe cause be colde, þan þese þinges biþ goode: piretrum, pipere, ʒinʒiberis, cinamomum, cortex capparis, ffraxini, sal communie, 680 alumen, mastix, thus, lapdanum, mirra, storax liquida, ambra, nux muscata, nux cipressi, storax calamita, anisum, maratrum, castoreum, saluia, sinapis, radix raphani. Þese biþ þinges þat biþ goode in al degre wheþer þe mater be hoot oþer colde and wheþer his body be ffulle oþer voyde, but þou myʒt worche þe more sikerly whan his body is clene. Radix cornu cerui, radix tunicij, þat Diascorides clepiþ polipomion, radix cucumeris asinini, radix titimalli, radix aristologie, radix celidonie, spolium serpentis, epar lacerte viridis, fructus tamarisci, portulaca, þat remeuyþ awey akynge of kynde, radix coloquintidis, and þinge þat hongiþ to hyues of been.

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Pe maner of worchinge wib bese binge bat bib forseid after be particuleris whan his body is made clene bat is bis: take oon hirof ober many and boyle hem in water and lete hym take be fume berof. Ober boyle hem in wyn, ober in oyle, ober in water of rosis, ober in rayne water, and do berto be same. Ober make hym a gargarisme. Ober take wolle ober wex and wete hyt hiron and laye vppon his chekys. Ober take oo drope berof and droppe in his eryn. Ober lete hym halde be substaunce of bis vppon his teeb, ober boyle hem in vynegre and make hym a gargarisme berof ober a fumigacioun. Poz vynegre be colde and agreuye colde lemys, 3itt it may be goode in bis pascioun for his malice is ydone awey wib binges bat bib sode beron. Perfor, it is goode in an hoot cause. Pou most sotely alsomyche as bou myst bat be vertue of be medycine may come to be place of be pascioun; and his body schal first be purged. Pinge þat kepiþ teeþ from akynge is radix titimalli. Boyle hyt in wyn and make þerof a gargarisme. Þinge bat kepib hem and makib hem whyte bib bese: nux muscata, nux cipressi, alumen assum, 'sal assum'. Poudre hem and put hem in a sachel and frote perwip hys teep. Pis is soop, 3if pe cause be colde and his body be made clene and be flux of humours wib stonde. Ober do it in bis manere: brenne comyn [f. 128v] salt and alym and aquenche hem in vinegre and drye hem. Pan brenne hem and boyle hem in wyn and make hym a gargarisme. Pis curip and kepip and makip fayre alle pascioun of be teeb bat comyb of colde cause whan his body is made clene.

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Nota. Take kepe þat narcotica schulleþ be forsake as myche as þou myʒt. Jn þe last, make a cauterie in his tooþ wiþ a ʒerde of yre put in wiþ a canele for harmynge of placis þat biþ neiʒ.

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Clarificacio. Entende þat in hoot mater þat is sotyl rennynge to þe teeþ by wey of a reume, ʒiff particuleris falle þerfor, þou myʒt lete hym blode, but þou most do þis cautele. First make hym a ffumigacioun wiþ colde þinges and stiptica, as biþ rosis, sandali, camphore, nenifar, camomilla. Whan þe mater is in any maner bicome grete and þe scharpenesse somdele ystoppyd, þan lete hym bloode, ʒiff he be replete and þat in þe morowe tyde. 3if we ne mowe abyde no lenger, make hym a ffumigacioun and þan he may þe more sikerliche lete hym bloode and drede no flux of þe reume.

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Jn be secunde, entende bat 3if be cause be scharpe and hoot, ban boyle be roote of iusquiamus in oyle and vynegre and ban ley be roote al hole vppon be toob bat akib and make wexe nesche in be same oyle and make hym a enplastre wib out vppon his cheke.

3iff be cause be swybe colde, ban take euforbium and boyle hyt in vynegre and oyle of mastik and take bat euforbium and lay vppon hys teeb and make wex nesche in be forseyde decoccioun and make hym a plastre wib out. And in bis manere we may helpe vs self in alle maneres of akynge of teeb.

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Jn be 3, entende bat lac titimalli medlyd wib mele and make berof clapsula to his teeb. For bat wole liztly make hym ffalle. Entende bat whan ffygus bib rype take mylke of titimalle and caste vppon be

<sup>680</sup> communie] preceded by come deleted in black ink

ffygus, but bou most ffirst pricke be fygus wib a nedle and do bis ofte tymes. For bis wole make be ffygus laxatyf and bey wolleb be delicate in etynge.

Jn þe 4, entende þat teeþ may be enpostemyd as oþer lemys and bonys and brayn and þere may be engenderyd quytture in teeþ ryʒt as in oþer bonys, as it schewiþ in a boon þat is afesteryd and in a tooþ þat is rotyd and holou. Þerfor, humours ffalleþ to þe teeþ<sup>681</sup> and rotiþ and takiþ hete and in þat manere þey may engendre wormys.

Jn þe 5, entende þat þe skyn of a serpent may be goode in þis cause, and ʒitt serpentys biþ venymous. J sey þat venymous bestis ne kepiþ noʒt her venym in þe **[f. 129r]** skyn in þe superfluytees, as it schewyþ in þe torde of a grene euete. Þat is goode in þis caas. And siþþe þe skyn is a superfluyte þerof, þerfor it nys no venym. Þou myʒt boyle hyt in oyle and legge to hys teeþ and wete wex in þe same oyle and leye hyt wiþ out. J suppose þat þere were some venym þeron <code>\and/</code> þat J ne leue noʒt, ʒitt þe vertue þat it haþ for teeþ passiþ þe venym, ʒif þere any be. Þe skyn of a serpent of his properte curiþ akynge of teeþ, as it is forseyde, and many oþer þinges þat biþ forseide.

Jn be 6, entende bat sanguis menstruis may be departed in 4 parties in whiche be ffirst is medlyd wib bloode bat makib schappe of lemys<sup>682</sup> and of be secunde partye of be lemys bat bib schape comyb nourschynge and it is possible bat of bis partye be engenderyd teeb. Pe 3 porcioun gob to be tetys and makib milke. Pe 4 leuyb and passib out in childeberynge.

Jn þe 7, entende þat lemys þat biþ as it were rootys biþ whyte, ʒitt it ne sewiþ noʒt þat þinge þat is whyte is a leme of rote. And þoʒ teeþ be whyte, ʒitt it ne sewiþ noʒt þat þey biþ lemys as it were rotys.

Jn þe 8, entende þat in lemys þat byþ as it were rootys þere biþ 3 maner staturis þat biþ mychelnesse and wexinge. But lemys þat biþ engenderyd of superfluytees ne biþ noʒt so, as naylys, heris, teeþ. And teeþ wexiþ by resoun of nourschynge and waniyþ by wey of mollificacioun, etc.

Jn be 9, entende bat teeb akyb by resoun of hem self ober by resoun of her ligature. No boon ne felib, saf teeb, and bey ffelyb stronglyche by resoun of hem silf ober by resoun of her ligament.

Jn þe last, entende þat þere biþ in a man 32 teeþ, but noʒt in alle men. And þerfor, teeþ biþ clepyd [inci]dentes, <sup>683</sup> þat biþ kuttynge. Þe greter teeþ biþ iclepyd molares and biþ dyuersyd as þou myʒt se in anathomia.

## De Perforacione, Putredione et Vermibus Dencium, [26]

Teep hauep many pasciouns, as holou and rotyd and wormys and meuynge and to longe and longe or pey may wexe and gryntynge in sleep and stupor and congelacione and ffebel and euel coloure and oper mo.

Cura. Pe curacioun of holou teep and rotyd. In pe ffirst bygynnynge, make clene hys body as it ffallip perfor and drawe a wey pe matere and conforte pe leme. Pan wasche his moupe wip a decoccioun of bobe myntys, bobe saugis, bobe calamyntis, piretri, pan ffille pe hole [f. 129v] wip pe poudre of grene gallys, resina terrebintiam. 3iff pe akynge ne be nozt acesyd hirwib, vnrote hym. And

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>681</sup> teeb] preceded by teeb deleted in black and red ink

<sup>682</sup> lemys] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>683</sup> incidentes] scindentes; see commentary

ban bou most do berto cautelys bat bou ne do awey noon but 3if he be greuous ober rotyd ober yfrete. For be akynge wole come azen bere be toob was. Þerfor, it is ful lytel helpe to drawe a wey teeb.

Jn þe 2, entende þat þou most haue cautelys whan þou drawyst out wiþ tenaculis þat þou ne drawe noʒt but ʒif þou smyte ffirst, elys ls it were dred of þe gomys. Whare þou wolte drawe a wey a tooþ do in þis manere.

Jn þe ffirst bigynnynge, do awey þe fflesche from þe tooþ wiþ some scharpe þinge. Þan make þis medicyne:

**190 Rx** radix cucumeris asinini, radix coloquintidis, radix celsij. Stampe hem and tempere hem in scharpe vynegre. Þan grynde hem wel and medle hem wiþ mylke of titimalli and put þerof in wex yholyd and ley hyt wyselyche to þat tooþ for wiþ out any drede it wolle make hym ffalle. Lac t[i]timalli<sup>684</sup> wiþ paast doþ þe same.

**Cura Vermium**. Fume be toob bat wormys bib on wib opium, castor, semen sepe ober wib iusquiamus and semen<sup>685</sup> porri ober wib iusquiamus and mustard seed ober put some hirof in be hole, as mirre, <sup>686</sup> aloen, storax calamita. Ober do it in bis maner:

**191 Rx** aurepigmenti, radix capparis, radix coloquintidis and make a ffumigacioun hirof oper take poudre hirof and putt in be hole of his toob. Oper sebe hem in wyn and lete hym holde in his moube.

**To Make Teep Fast**. Make clene his body of be humour bat is in be cause and drawe awey be mater. And ffor bere bib many causis wib in and wib out, berfor, Y wole reduce to bre, bat is euel conplexioun colde and moyste, ober euel conplexioun hoot and ffeblenesse of vertue. 3if it be of ffeblenesse of vertue, as in olde men, it is ful hard to cure hym. 3if it be in ober men, cure hym wib moyste dietynge and nourschynge and he may no3t ete wib bat toob bat waggeb. Lete hym vsye binge to soupe.

Pese biþ materialys to make teeþ ffast. 3iff þe cause be hoot, [p]ut<sup>687</sup> þese þat biþ colde and stiptica and þe contrarie in a colde cause: galla, sumac, balaustia, psidia, acacia, rosa, sandali, ypoquistidos, terra sigillata, mastix, thus, ladanum. Boyle þese in vynegre and make hym a garagarisme oþer cast pouder þerof vppon oþer ffrote his teeþ þerwiþ oþer make þerof enplastre and lay þerto and þou most legge hyt sotillyche to þe place.

3iff þe cause be **[f. 130r]** colde, þan þou take þis materialys: allumen, sal commune asa, anisum, cimini assum, nux cipressi, mirra, ruta, mastix, thus, ladanum, storax calamita, ambra, acacia, sumac. Boyle hem in wyn and make hym a gargarisme and so of ober maneres, as it is forseyde, wib oon ober wib many. Some men takib of be decoccioun hirof and puttib in his ere and some in be nostrallys.

Curacio cum Dentes Nimis Elongantur. Whan teep wexib to longe ober wexib to myche, strayne his toob and sawe hym a wey as myche as nedib and enoynte hem wib allume and baccis lauri, radix aristologie. Make hym ffalle awey wib be fforseyde medicyne.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>684</sup> titimalli] tutimalli

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>685</sup> semen] *preceded by* bdellij *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>686</sup> mirre] preceded by an illegible deletion in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>687</sup> put] but

**Cura cum Dentes Tarde Egred[ie]tur**. <sup>688</sup> His noryse schal ffrote hys gomys ofte wib her fyngeres and lete be childe holde ofte in his moube an instrument of syluere <sup>689</sup> yschapped rounde an[d] <sup>690</sup> hu schal enoynte hys gomys wib buttere and oyle of lylie, cerebellum of an hare hed ysode. 3iff his gomys be ffrotyd berwib and of his properte it makib a childes teeb wexe. Some men approueb bat houndys mylke makib teeb wexe ligtliche gif his gomys be ffrotyd berewib.

**Cura [Stridore]**<sup>691</sup> **Dencium**. Þis pascioun comyb for wormys of be stomak ober of be guttys ober for replecioun of be hed, so bat spasmus go tofore and ober euel sickenessis. 3iff it come of wormys, bou schalt haue be cure berof hirafter. 3iff it come of replecion of be hed, enioyne hym abstenence and make hym wake and purge his hed, as it is forseyde in be secunde booke.

**Cura Stuporis**. Lete hym holde in his moube hoot wyn longe oper salt ybrend and ffrote his teep wib portulaca oper wib be seed berof. Oper ffrote hem wib babis oper wib be rootys of aristologie longe oper squille. Lete holde vppon his teep auellanis rostyd and, schortely, alle binges bib goode bat makib his teep hoot.

#### Cura Debilitatis Dencium.

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192 Rx salis assi, cimini assi, baccarum lauri, aristologie longe, cinamomi, piperis, nucis cipressi, <sup>692</sup> aluminis assi ana. Poudre hem and put hem in a sacke and ffrote þerwiþ his teeþ euery day oþer assay some oþer queyntyse to put þerto.

Pis medicyne makib his teeb clene and confortib hem and makib bat bey ne schulleb nozt suffre liztly nober hoot binges ne colde ne soure. And boz he huyre any man vylye ober sawye and it makib bat noyse of zatys ne schulleb nozt agreuye hym and it soudib his teeb and makib hem fast and dob a wey alle foule colour.

**Cura Fedi Coloris Dencium**. 3iff a mannys teeb be ffoule, wasche his moube **[f. 130v]** wib a decoccioun of mentastrum and piper in water and lete hym vse bis medicyne in poudre ober in waschinges ober in ober maneres:

**193 Rx** ossis sepie, conc[hi]l[i]arum<sup>693</sup> marinarum albarum, porcellane, spume maris, nitri, aluminis, aristologie, rosarum, salis gemma, radicis canne vste, ordeum vstum, sulphuris combusti, cornu cerui combusti, cinamomi, piperis longi. Take oon hirof oper many. For pese pinges makip clene hys teep. It is goode to make teep clene pat pey ne rotie no3t.

Clarificacio. Entende þat gallys schulleþ be take grene noʒt holou whan þou þenkest to restrayne. Whan þou þenkest to drye, þan take holou gallys. And þerfor, in pasciouns of þe teeþ we entendiþ most to constrayne fflux of þe teeþ. Þerfor, þou schalt chese grene gallys noʒt holou. But in pasciouns of childeryn, as in tynea, þan we mote chese holou gallys for<sup>694</sup> to drye. Þerfor, entende of vynegre, for þoʒ it be colde, ʒitt it is good ffor it dryeþ and preschiþ and makiþ colde. Þerfor, it is good in hoot pasciouns

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>688</sup> Egredietur] Egrediuntur

syluere] *preceded by* S *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>690</sup> and] an

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>691</sup> Stridore] Stuporis

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>692</sup> See commentary

<sup>693</sup> conchiliarum] concularum

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>694</sup> for] preceded by to deleted in black ink

and it nys noʒt do by hymself but wiþ many oþer þinges þat takiþ a wey malice. Herby, þou myʒt take ensaumple by<sup>695</sup> barlyche. For þoʒ it be colde, ʒitt it is drye. It makiþ clene and it is medlyd wiþ oþer þinges.

Jn þe 2, entende þat teeþ mowe be lemys semelable and official. For so myche as doþ offyce of þe soule mow be clepyd official and þerwiþ by resoun of conposicyoun of teeþ and to hem comyþ nerues, villys, and lacertis.

Jn þe 3, entende þat is mervayle of boriis þat biþ ffleumatik, bestis þat haueþ so longe teeþ, ʒitt þey biþ moyste of conplexioun. J seye þat God ʒaf teeþ to many bestis instede of armys to defende hem. And to oxen he ʒafe hornys and to an hors soleas and to an hare liʒtnesse of ffete and so of oþer bestys.

# De Pasc[i]onibus<sup>696</sup> Gingiuarum, 27

Pasciouns of be gomys bib many, as bicomynge nasche, for of euery lizt cause hy wolleb blede, and bey bib moyste and somtyme fflesche wexib berin to myche and somtyme to lytel and somtyme ffretynge and somtyme corupcioun, as cancer, ffistula, apostema. Stinkynge by resoun of rotynge of be gomys, bis comyb as it is seide in ober pasciouns of teeb and of be moube ober of be stomak, as whan bere aryseb humours corupt and soure ober ffumous and rotib be gomys and ober partijs of be moube. Ober it may come of be hede and be cause be hoot ban be place wole<sup>697</sup> be reed and prickynge and ober mo. 3iff be cause be colde, ban be place schal be disturblyd and lasse akynge.

Pronosticacio. Vlceraciouns and ffretynges of be gomys 3iff bey endure longe, bey tournyb to a cankre whan be mater is **[f. 131r]** drye and malencolious. Ober into a ffestre whan it is ffleumatik. And bese bib ful perilous.

Cura. In pasciouns of be gomys<sup>698</sup> whan bou hast itake kepe of be particuleres lete hym blode in be hed vayne ban sette hym ventosis in be necke wib garsinge and ban in be vaynes vnder be tunge. Pan garse his gomys and prinspaliche whan bei wexib to myche ober swellib ober rotib. Pan purge his body after be humor bat is in be cause and after be particuleris of be pacient. Whan alle bese bib ydo, ban go we to be particuleris. In a lytel mollificacioun, in be ffirst bigynnynge of enpostemes, make hym a gargarisme of dyamoron wib croco ober boyle in wyn, gallis, sumac, balaustia, alumen. And make hym a garagarisme. Ober medle hem wib hony and anoynte be place berwib ober ffrote hem wib salt ybrend and alym, galla asa, and medle hem wib vynegre.

3iff he haue ffretynge in þat place oþer rotynge oþer cancre oþer stinkynge oþer ffestre, þan worche in þis maner. Make him gargarismes ofte of þinges þat biþ forseyde and þan make hem wiþ oximel squilliticum. Þan lete hym vse þis medicyne:

**194 Rx** vtriusque aluminis, salis communis brenne hem, psidia, balaustia, gallarum, cupularum glandium, rosarum, radix aristologie, <sup>699</sup> piperis longi, cinamomi, spicenardi, liquiricie, gummi arabici, dragaganti. Poudre hem and boyle hem in vynegre and do þerto hony and kepe hit and euery day wasche þerwiþ þe

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>695</sup> by] *preceded by* h *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>696</sup> Pascionibus] Pasconibus

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>697</sup> wole] wole wolle

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>698</sup> gomys] preceded by stomak deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>699</sup> aristologie, piperis] aristologie, rosarum, piperis

place bat is enkancred and tofore he schal wasche hys moube wib olyue leuys ysode in wyn and oxmielle squillitico. Pis schal be contynued twey tymes ober 3 a day til he be profytely cured.

Pis wip out any drede curep gomys bat bip bicome nesche and yrotyd and stinkynge and cankrous. Pis is a special medicyne ffor a cankre:

**195 Rx** ellebori, aristologie, tartari, ffiltri combusti, aluminis assi, stercoris columbini, ffecis fferri combusti, gallarum, balaustie. Poudre hem and medle hem wiþ þe iuse of olyue leuys and hony and enoynte þerwiþ þe cankre.

3iff vlcus be deep and be place be enfesteryd, lete hym vse bis medycyne:

6990 **196 Rx** calcis viue, vtriusque arsenici, ana ʒ ij, vitreoli, viridis eris ana ʒ j, gallarum, psidie, balaustie ana ʒ β. Poudre hem and medle hem wiþ oximel squillitico and make þerof gobettis. And whan þou wolt vse any þerof, distempere oon þerof wiþ swete wyn and wete þerewiþ a tent and putte in þe ffestre.

Pis medicyne is of so grete vertue þat it sleeþ þis ffestre, so þat he kepe þese 3 þinges: þat he vse sotil dietynge and þat his body be clene and so þat þe medicyne may come to þe botme. And þerfor, whan þis ffestre is depe in fflesche and in boon of þe cheke, þan yse it wel and cast þeron water [f. 131v] of arsenyk distilled and þan þe fforseyde medicyne. And þou myʒt make a cauterye in þe place wiþ a nelde of coppere. Of þise medicynes comyþ grete akynge. Þerfor, þou most make hym mytigatiues wiþ oyle of rosis and vynegre and whyte of ayren and sumac. And þerfor, we schulleþ nowe do þerto mitigatiua. And somtyme oþer þinges. Whan þou seest his mouþe clene and þe fflesche clene, þan leue of þis worchinge. Þan wasche his mouþe euery day wiþ a decoccioun of thus and hony in wyn. Þan regendre fflesche wiþ aloen, mirra, sarcocolla, mastix, thus, sanguis draconis. Medle hem wiþ hony and anoynte þerwiþ þe place euery day.

3iff it be apostema, make hym a gargarisme of plantayne, portulaca, psidie, balaustie, gallarum. And bey may be medlyd in bis manere and enoynte hyt berwib. Ober make berof an enplastre ober a gargarisme and lete hym holde it longe in his moube.

3iff be enpostem be colde, do berto bese: alumen assum, thus, mel. Pan make hyt maturatyf wib mele of ffecchis and wib smal ffloure bat hangib in be mylle wib be iuse of yris bat berib a propre ffloure and medle hem wib hennys grece and swynes and oleum o[m]facinum<sup>700</sup> and make berof enplastre ober an oynement.

3iff be enpostem be colde, do berto olibanum, ffenigrecum, succus apij, and hony. 3iff<sup>701</sup> bis pascioun come of be gomys, we may knowe hyt in bis manere: ffrote his gomys wib by fynger and smelle berto. 3if by ffynger stinke, it comyb of be gomys. Jn be 2 manere, bou schalt knowe hyt bus: wasche his moube wib wyn and 3if bat wyn stinke, ban it comyb of be gomys. Do binges bat be fforsaide and garce be place and lete myche blode passye out and make hym a gargarisme of olibanum, gariofilorum, corticis citri, cinamomi, spicenardi, squinanti in wyn and lete hym holde it in his moube, pillule ff[act]e<sup>702</sup> de alippa muscata.

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<sup>700</sup> omfacinum] onifacinum

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>701</sup> 3iff] preceded by b deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>702</sup> ffacte] ffre

3iff be cause be hoot, make hym a gargarisme of persicorum, portulaca, violis, sandali, and camphore. And lete hym holde in his moube pillule ymade of trisandali wib water of rosis and acetositate citri, sandali, mu[sca]tellinis.<sup>703</sup>

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Clarificacio. Entende bat sanguis draconis is of colde conplexioun and hab vertue to soudye and constrayne [f. 132r] and lettib ffallynge of humours to be place and tempereb ober medicynes bat bib hoot and in bat manere it may regendre fflesche; no3t of be ffirst entencyoun, ffor bese bib hoote and drie, as aloen, thus, mirra, sarcocolla, orobus, aristologie, and ober mo. But bey engenderib, drieb, and soudib and lettib ffallynge berto of humours and dob awey hete of ober binges. Perfore, in viceribus bere is nede to regendre fflesche, we may do sanguis draconis berto.

Explicit tercia particula

# Book 4

**Jncipit quarta** 

Capitulum primum De Squinancia

Capitulum 2 De Pascionibus Vuule

Capitulum 3 De Raucedine Vocis

Capitulum 4 De Tussi

Capitulum 5 De Ptisi

Capitulum 6 De Sputo Sanguinis

Capitulum 7 De Empimate et Sputo

Capitulum 8 De Difficultate Anelitus

Capitulum 9 De Pleuresi \et Asmate

Capitulum 10 De Periplemonia

Capitulum 11 De Timore Cordis

Capitulum 12 De Sincopi

Capitulum 13 De Pascionibus Mamillarum

### De Squinancia, 1

About þis mater entende þat in þe rote of þe tunge biþ twaye passingis. Þat oon is wey of mete and is yclepyd ysofagus; þat oþer is þe wey of breþe and is clepyd trachea artera and þe hed þerof is clepyd epiglotum. Þe way of mete is clepyd meri oþer ysofagus. Þe myddel way bitwix þese twayne is clepyd guttur. And þere is a gobett in þe gretenesse of a mannys ffynger þeruppon þat is clepyd ffistula and þat is vuula. Þere is fflesche in þe rote of þe tunge and biþ clepyd duo amigdala. Þe fforpartye of þe necke is clepyd gula and þat is þe way of ayre. Þe hynder parte of þe necke, þat meri is þeron, is clepyd ceruix. Now in þese placys ffalliþ many agreuauncys. And a mannys breþe bycomyþ strayte ffor many þinges and for causys wiþ out, as arista, lignum, and oþer mo. Whan þey biþ putt in smytynge and ffallynge wharfore þe bonys of þe necke mowe come out of þe ioynte. Þis maner straytenesse of breþe is ful

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<sup>703</sup> muscatellinis] mutacellinis

harde to cure. And straytenesse of brebe comyb in childeryn ffor ffeblenesse of vertue and it may come for nesschenesse of neruys and for be palesye and it may come for spasmus and ober many bynges.

Nowe we entendib to speke of straytenesse of brebe bat comyb for enpostemys bat is clepyd squinancia.

Squinancia is enposteme of be brote bat lettyb be wey of breb and be way bat be mete gob beron. We nellib nozt speke here of be ffirst digestioun, but of agreuaunce bat ffallib to be necke and to be pyis.

Squinancia comib in lacertis of be brote and bytwixe be twaye waies and hirafter ber bib [f. 132v] dyuerse spices of squinance. For in some squinancye bere schewib suellynge and rednesse of be moube.

Pe 2 spice is whan bou ne myzt not yse be enpostem but ziff bou presse a doun his tunge harde.

Pe 3 spice is whan bou ne myʒt yse nobinge berof, bouʒ bou presse a doun. Pan be epostem is hydde lowe in be waies.

Pe 4 spice is whan his prote is swolle wib in and ike wib out.

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Cause. Some causis bib wib out and some wib in. Causys wib out may be grete hete ober grete coldenesse and grete blowynge of wynde.

3iff it come of causis wiþ in, þan it comyþ for þe most parte of replecyoun of þe hede oþer of a reume. And somtyme it comyþ of vapours arysinge vp of þe stomak and of alle þe body and somtyme it comyþ of some sikenessys goynge toffore. For somtyme a contynuel ffeuere termyneþ in a squinancye and somtyme in a frenesye and somtyme in epostem of vuula and oþer mo. And þis crysys is euel and suspecte. Somtyme þis pascioun comyþ of blode, somtyme of colre, somtyme of ffleume, somtyme of malencolie.

Signa. Rednesse, swellynge, hete, akynge, a grete pous signifieb blode. 3iff be coloure be 3elu and prickynge and bytynge bib signes ofcolre. Whytenesse, suellynge, and nasche, lytel akynge, myche spetynge bib signes of ffleume. Hardnesse, ledy coloure bib signes of malencolie. Pat pascioun bat comyb of malencolie wole dure longe.

Jn be same partye bat be mater comyb of, bere he schal haue heuynesse and agreuaunce. 3iff it come of sikenessis goynge toffore ober of causis primytyf, ban bey bib open by schewynge of be pacient and by binges passynge tofore.

Signes of be squinancy bat hydyb hem wib in bib bese: strayte brebe and whan bat he drinkib it smyteb vp agen to his nose and his ygen wolleb be rede and his tunge grete and his voys as it were of a catte and his necke grete.

Signes schewynge bib bese: strayte brebe, grete akynge, and his moube open.

Entende about þis matere þat squinancye termyneþ in oon of þese foure maneres. For it termyneþ oþer by resolucyoun insencyble and þan þe signes akeuerynge. Oþer it termyneþ by nerues and lacertys of þe necke, and þe signes þerof biþ akynge and agreuaunce, prickynge, hardnesse. Oþer it termyneþ to þe loungys. And euermore it is an euel termynynge. For þan oþer it engendriþ vlcus in þe lounges oþer peripleumoniam wiþ stoppynge of breþe. And þe signes þerof biþ couʒinge, akynge of [f. 135r] þe pysche, strayte breþe. Oþer it termyneþ to þe herte and euermomre it is an euel termynynge. Þe signes þerof biþ tremor cordis, sincopis, and his pous yhuyd. Oþer it termyneþ to þe stomak. Þe signes þerof biþ akynge, castynge, and þat myʒt come to goode. Oþer it may termyne by quytture and þat signe may be goode. Þat þou myʒt knowe by spetynge.

Pese bib signes of chaunginge. 3if be mater chaunge to quytture and whan be quytture is myche engenderyd it helpeb be pacient, but bis ne may nozt be ffulfilled in 4 daies but it may wel bygynne towarde and aftere pat it may be ffulfilled. For euery squinancia for pe most parte termynep in malencolia. And be signe berof is bat be sauour in his moube is stipticus.

7080

Pronosticacio. Pese bib euel signes in squiancia and mortel. Whan squinancia comyb in a contynuel ffeuere in die cretica, sincopis, strayte brebe, as in disnia [and] origmon, <sup>704</sup> and whan he ne may nozt swolewe and whan bat he drinkib smyteb agen into his nose, his voys as it were of a catte, and whan hyt semyb as boz he spak al wib his nose, and spume in his mouthe, and puttynge out of hys tunge, and myche meuynge and puttynge out as it were an hors for 705 trauailed and spume in his moube, and his coloure blacke and ledy in hys tunge and in his lippis and in his yzen, coldenesse in his fete and hondys, and whan he ne may not ligge vppon his rigge. And prinsplay in a squinancye bat is in wayes of be brebe. For whan it comyb in be wey of mete, ban he hab most penaunce to swolew and somtyme it comb in bobe. Squinancia comyb most in veer and bat comyb wib a feuere is most perilous.

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Signes of lyf bib bese: sleep and acesynge of akynge and whan he may drawe his brebe and swolewe and schortely takynge awey al euel signes.

Cura. Pis maner sikenesse is swybe perylouse and schorte of termynynge. And berfor, in be ffirst bigynnynge he mote be holpe. And þerfor, men þat ffalliþ liztly into a squinancia whan þey feleb hem replete bey scholde anone lete hem blode.

7095

Jn be ffirst bigynnynge, make hym clisterijs and, zif his body be replete, lete hym blode de sophena in be same syde and in be hede vayne in be partye afornezen. And ban, zif it be nede and he mowe bere hyt, lete hym blode in be hed vayne of be same syde after bat be akynge tournyb more toward be [f. 135v] rizt syde ober toward be lifte syde. Pan ziff particuleres ffalle berfore, lete hym blode in be vayne bat is in be forhede. After bat in be vaynes bat bib in be lippys. After bat in be vaynys bat bib vnder be tunge. 3iff he ne may no3t swolewe, sette a ventose in his necke and vnder hys chynne ffor bat is goode in euery [apostemate] <sup>706</sup> bat stoppib a mannys brebe.

7100

Dieta. Hys mete schal be in bis manere. He ne schal ete no mete in be ffirst 3 daies, ziff his vertue may abere hyt. 3iff he ne may nozt bere hyt, he schal holde hym wel apaide wib watere of barlige oper ydromel oper sirupo acetoso oper ydromel oper be brobe of a chike. After be birde day lete hym vse ordeatum and a cheke grounde smal and ystraynd and oper soupynge binges, 'metis', after be particuleres.

7105

Purge hym wib yerapigra ober pillulis cochijs after bat ffallib to be particuleris. Whan alle binges bib ordeyned by resoun ban go we to worchinges of be same party.

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In be ffirst bigynnynge, make hym a gargarisme, 3if be cause be hoot, wib dyamoron and wib a lytel of sirupo julep ober violis ober sirupo de papauere ober make a decoccioun in water off coryaundre, sumac, galles, ypoquinstidos, mala granata ygrounde wib croco and do berto a lytel sugre and strayne hym and make berof a gargarisme.

Pillule:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>704</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>705</sup> for] *preceded by* fr *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>706</sup> apostemate] see commentary

**197 Rx** granorum rosarum, sumac,<sup>707</sup> dragaganti frigidi in sirupo nenifar and make þerof pelotys and lete<sup>708</sup> hym holde hyt in his mouþe oþer make hym a gargarisme<sup>709</sup> off oximel and watere and vynegre and þat is good in boþe causys.

3iff be cause be colde, make a decoccioun off nitre, alume ybrend, and masticis, thus, and ydromel and make berof a gargarisme. Pan make hym pelotys to holde in his moube:

**198 Rx** masticis, thuris, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, storacis calamyte ana 3 ij. Medle hem wib ydromel.

Pan in an hoot cause bynde hys necke wib wolle vnwasche ymade wette in oleo camomille. 3iff be cause be colde, grete, and viscouse:

**199 Rx** cynapis, nitri, sulphuris. Boyle hem in oyle and do þerto castor and wete þeron wolle and bynde hyt to hys necke.

Whan it bigynneb to come to wexinge make hym a decoccioun off ffenigrek, lynsed, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, summitatum papaueris, caricarum, <sup>710</sup> liquirice munde. 3if be cause be hoot, do berto sugre roset, violet, nenifar. 3iff be cause be colde, ne do bou berto nobinge more but hony.

Jtem:

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**200 Rx** olei violacei, butiri, caricarum, ffermenti, dialtee. Medle hem to gedre. Þis makiþ maturatyf and brekiþ whaþer it be wiþ in oþer wiþ out. Oþer make þerof a gargarisme.

Whanne be enpostem comyb to rotynge, breke hyt and make hym a gargrisme of oximel diuretik wib a decoccioun off [f. 136r] caricarum and ffermenti ober squilliticum ober open hyt wib by ffynger and wib by nailys ober wib an yren. Whan hit is to broke, make hym a gargarisme wib ydromel and wyn. 3if be mater be swybe grete, do berto piper, nitrum, cinamomum, sinapis.

Pinges þat biþ goode in alle degre, as oure maysteres seyden, biþ þese: turdis of swalowen and of a childe and turdys of a whyte hounde þat etiþ bonys, woluys tourdys. Þese schulleþ somwhat be dryed vppon a tyel. Þan þey schulleþ be pouderyd and blo[wed]<sup>711</sup> þerof in his mouþe oþer seþe hem in ydromel and make þerof a gargarisme. Some men seien ʒif v[i]pera<sup>712</sup> be achekyd wiþ a þrede [and] ybounde about his necke is good þerfor.

Pese experimentys Y haue no<sub>3</sub>t asayde, but alle be ober Y haue proued.

Pis is good in squinancia and in enpostemys bat achekyb and in arista and ober mo. Take a lytel sponge and bynde hyt wib a stronge brede and lete be pacient swolewe hyt and sodeynliche drawe hyt out azen and be same bou myzt do of larde. Jn be last, ziff bou wolt be in dispayre of hym, open hys

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>707</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>708</sup> lete] *preceded by* h *deleted in black ink* 

gargarisme] followed by byk deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>710</sup> caricarum] *preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>711</sup> blowed] blode

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>712</sup> vipera] vpera

prote. And whan be cure is fulfilled, soude byt agen. In cure of bese enpostemys a leche ne may nogt be neclygent ne ful of slepe ffor bis pascioun is ful scharpe.

7145

Clarificacio. Entende pat squinancia may be engenderyd of malencolie, as pleuresis, bouz it be late. For squinance is an euel of schorte termynynge and malencolia makib a longe pascioun and berwib malencolia nys noon humour þat js rennynge and preschynge and it comyb late. But it is possible þat it come in bis caas, as Auicen seib. Pe contrarie hirof seib Viaticus, but he takib bere inpossible for grete difficulte.

7150

Jn be 2, entende bat squinance comyb for be most parte of blode, after bat of fleume, and ban of colre, and ful late of malencolie. And here entende bat it comyb most of a reume and it comeb anone and it ful seelde by way of congestioun and by arysinge vp of vapours of placys binebe. For bat gaderib late to gedre and late bey ariseb and squinance comyb anoon.

7155

Jn be 3, entende bat in squinancia folewib a contynuel feuere and be resoun berof is bis. Pouz bese leme ne be nozt a noble leme, zitt it seruyb to a noble leme and berfor bis leme hab a noble worchynge. And whan bere is a feuere folewenge a squinancye, it is so myche be worse. In eny squinancye milke is goode ffor it makib clene and maturatyf, but zif we drede of be ffeuere lest he rotye. Pe secunde pat we schulle entende pat in squinancie his yzen wexib out ward. For be lacertis of be yzen gob to be [f. 136v] brote. Pe 3 is bat he puttib out his tunge bat is ffor be mychelnesse of be enpostem in be roote of be tunge.

7160

Pe 4 þat we schulleþ entende in þis þat in squinancia repercussyues biþ goode and diuretikes. And 3iff any man seye naye ffor bat wole put be mater to a noble leme, I sey nay for bere bib many bitwixe and is departyd in many partijs and in many lemys. For ziff it is gadered in oon and berewib bis leme nys no<sub>3</sub>t e[m]unctorium, <sup>713</sup> as is be place vnder be armys and be grynde. And berwib in be ffirst bigynnynge it ne hab nozt so myche malice and ffor be worchynge of a noble leme is ylett. Her by bou myzt entende bat repercussyues mowe be goode in squinancia. For ellys he myzt sodeynly be achekyd berwib ffor it is oon of peracutis.

7165

In be last, entende about his mater bat muscilago psillij and citoniorum, bouz bey be colde and viscous, zitt bey may rote and breke. For so myche bat bey makib ober binges clene.

7170

Carice and frumentum bib maturatyf and brekib. 3iff be enpostem be wib in, take lyme and blacke sope. For bat wole make hyt breke. 3iff bou ne myzt haue no blacke sope, whyte is also goode. Take whyte soope and medle hyt wib oleum laurinum and it wole be nesche and whyte.

### De Pascionibus Vuule, 2

Vuula hab 5 helpynges. Pe ffirst is ffor it kepib ffrom ffumes and poudre bat bei ne may nozt passye to be loungys.

7175

Pe 2 is for eyre chaungib bere ayre hoot and colde er it go to be loungys and to be herte. Pe 3 is bat it is goode ffor schappynge of be voys; berfor, it stondib [aboue]<sup>714</sup> bat hol as dobe be ffynger of a pypere vppon be hoole of a pype.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>713</sup> emunctorium] eniunctorium <sup>714</sup> aboue] colde; see commentary

Pe 4 is that whan a man spekyþ it stondiþ vppon meri þat þe ayre ne passe noʒt in<sup>715</sup> to þe stomak. And whan he etiþ, it stondiþ vppon þe way of þe breþe þat his mete ne [h]is<sup>716</sup> drinke ne passe noʒt to hys longes. Þerfor, it nys noʒt goode to ete and speke at onys.

Pe 5 is þis. For it kepiþ þat reumatik matere ne ffalliþ noʒt sodeynly to þe brest ne to þe stomak. For it leuyþ þerin som manere and is yfelyd and þan it is put out wiþ spetynge. Þerfor, a man þat lesyþ vuulam leseþ þese 5 þinges. And ffor so myche it ne may noʒt suffre noþer hete neþer coldenesse ne þerst and it is liʒtly harmyd of eueryþinge. Þerffor, for þe most part, men þat biþ ptisik deyeþ. Þerfor, euery man bewar þe while he is hoole þat þei ne lete noʒt kutte vuulam to make hem silf singe þe bettre. For wiþ out drede wiþ instrumentis of vowelys þey ne schulle neuer make a ffayre werke. Þerfor, wakiþ.

Vuula somtyme racchib and ffallib a doun and lettyb be way of be brebe. Somtyme bis enpostem beron and lytel mater makib enpostem in bat place. And in be same manere as vuula is enpostemyd, be same [f. 137r] manere bib be twaye almaundys bat sittib in be roote of be tunge.

Cause. Causis hirof ne bib nober more ne lasse, but as it is fforseyde in capitulo de squinancia.

Pronosticacio. Ypocras techib to make pronosticaciouns of vuula. 3iff vuula be to swolle and red, it is drede to kutte. Drede perof is in 5 maneres. Pe ffirst is drede of to myche fflux bat ne may nozt be restrayned.

Pe 2 is 3 if it ne were no3t maturatyf, bere wolde come myche akynge berof and make humours renne byder and make be enpostem grete.

Pe 3, ffor 3if pere were any partye ilost of vuula, pan he lesyp 5 helpys pat he hap of kynde.

Jn þe 4, ʒif þe mater passyd to þe loungys, it were drede of ptysik ober peripleumonia and so of ober pasciouns.

Jn be 5, 3iff be mater go to be stomak, it is grete drede of grete agreuaunce. Perfor, wakib.

Cura. Þe cure hirof is al most þe same þat is in squinancia. Jn þe ffirst bigynnynge, make hym clisterijs, ventosis, and purgaciouns, and oþer þinges þat biþ forsaide after þe particuleris of þe pacient. Whan his body is clene, make a repercussyf wiþ dyameron and hoote water oþer seþe in water, galle, sumac, psidia and do þerto a lytel vynegre and make þerof a gargarisme.

3iff þe cause be colde, do þerto alumen, salt brende, mastix, thus, and hony. 3if þe place bicome hard wiþ þese forsaide medicynes, make hyt nasche in þis manere:

**201 Rx** psillium, dragagantum, gummi arabici, ffenigreci, semen lini, semen malue, ordei. Stampe hem alle, saf psillium, and make muscilago berof in hoot water and presse hyt out. Pis medicyne he may vse in many maneres wibin ober wibout. And enoynte berwib be place bat is bicome harde ober wib a ffebere ober boyle bis muscilago in water and make berof a gargarisme ober drie hyt and make berof poudre and blowe hyt into be place.

After þat dissolue ysope and lilye rootys in oximel squillitico and make þerof a gargarisme and þerwiþ boyle þe iuse of agremoyne and centaurea in oleo laurino and wete þeron wulle vnwasche and lay hyt about hys necke. 3iff vuula be ffalle a doun and haue a feuere þerwiþ, make hym a gargarisme of dyamoron wiþ hoote water oþer boyle rosis, mirtilli, sumac, galle in water and vynegre and make þerof

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>715</sup> in] preceded by out deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>716</sup> his] is

a gargarisme. 3iff he be wib out a ffeuere and hete, ban do berto salt ybrende, alumen vstum, sal armoniak, galeam muscatam and make berof a gargarisme.

Jn be ffirst bygynnynge, make enoyntynge of hem wib a febere. Anoynte his necke and leye beruppon wolle ywette in oleo camomille and ffrote his hede and keuere hys hed to ffore wib thus and piche and kepe hym in al maneres from be reume and make hym more drye wib wakynge and lytel mete and drinke. Drie be moysture bat<sup>717</sup> is to myche in vuula as myche as it is possible.

Nowe speke we of cuttynge of vuula, [whan it]<sup>718</sup> is smal in be rote of be tunge toward [f. 137v] be<sup>719</sup> palete an hyze and grete bynebe and nys nozt rede, but somdele whyte and ledy and bere be signes bat it be rotyd ynow; and his body is made clene. And giff be place be so grete bat it be drede of stoppynge of hys brebe, ban presse a doun his tunge and kutte vuulam wib a payre of scherys, bat is to seiynge as myche as wexib out to myche. For ziff it were kutte to lytel, it nolde nozt helpe hym. 3iff it were ikutte to myche, it wolde do agreuaunce. Perfor, it mote be kutte in be mene. Ober it may be do wib a payre tenaculis, as me kut teeb berwib.

In be secunde manere bou myst kutte hyt bus:

202 Rx ase ffetidis, arsenici, vitreoli, salis armoniaci, attramenti, aluminis. And make berof pelotis wib aceto squillitico. And bou moste sotelye wib some instrument to putte hyt on vuulam and lete it ligge bere an houre and whan it bigynneb to bicome black bat sufficib. For wibin daies it wolle ffalle.

Jn be 3 manere we may worche in bis wyse. Lete a surgyan smyte be place wib a blode yre in bat place bat it is most maturatyf. And in bat manere be blode and quytture may passe out.

Pe 4 manere is bis. Take an yren nedle and lay here in be ffuyre til heo bicome rede and make a cauterie in be place, but be nedle mote passe buyz canele<sup>720</sup> of yre lest it harme any partijs bat bib neiz. And be nedel schal be schape in bat manere bat heo may ffulfylle alle be werke. Þan be pacient schal halde hys moupe open bat be blode and be quyttoure may passe out. And ziff it go to be loungys, make hym self clene wib cozinge and spetynge. 3iff it passe to stomak, make hym cast ober make hyt passe a wey bynebe. After alle bis make hym a gargarisme in bis manere:

203 Rx ysopus, yreos, liquirice, capilli veneris, rosarum, ordeum. Sebe hym in ydromel. Þan take twey parties of bis decoccioun and be birde of oximel diuretik and make berof a gargarisme ofte.

3iff we wollib kutte be enpostem bat is in amigdalis in be rootis of be tunge, ban arere hem vpward wib a crooke. And bou most be war bat alle be skyn ne be nozt take awey ffor bat were perile ffor lesynge of be moysture bey makib, bat is clepyd spotel.

Clarificacio. Entende þat vuula lyþe more to þe wey of breþe, þan to þe way of mete. Þe resoun perof is bis. For it kepib hym more from agreuaunce. For be pyes ne hab no wey but bat forto putte awey superfluytees, but tracheam artream.

But be stomak hab many wayes as vpward and adoun. Perfore, he mote be kept ffrom kuttynge. For who so lesyb hym, he lesib a fayre gewel.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>717</sup> pat] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>718</sup> whan it] see commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>719</sup> þe] þe þe

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Jn be 2, entente bat be way of brebbe, <sup>721</sup> bat is trachea artrea, lyib more to ward be fforpartie. Pat is for tway resouns. For be pijs lybe most to fore and be stomake more bihynde. Perfor, it is nede bat be passinges in go most toward her placis. Pe 2 resoun is for be brebe **[f. 138r]** is more necessare ban mete. Perfor, it is nede bat his way be moste rizte. And berfore, it is nede bat he sytte to fore. Pe way of mete is more crokyd and bis ne was nozt so necessarie. Perfor, be way of mete was sette bihynde.

Jn be 3, entende bat be way of mete is more recchynge ban be wey of brebe ffor binges bat passib buy3 trachea arterea bib more sotil. Perfor, it is cartilaginous. Pinges bat pasib by meri bib grete. For somtyme a man swolewib a grete gobett. Perfore, it is necessare bat it be recchynge for els he scholde be acheked.

Jn be 4, entende bat binges bat aryseb vp of be stomak in her waies, bat is meri, agreuyb more ban binges bat aryseb out of be brest in her weyes, bat is clepyd trachea arterea. Pere is double resoun berof for binges bat aryseb of be stomak is more in digest and more scharpe and berwib meri may suffre. Pinges bat aryseb of be brest bib more sotyl and more defyed. And trachea arterea ne may nogt fele so myche for it is hard and ful of binges bat bib clepyd cartilagines.

Jn þe 5, entende þat trachea arterea wexiþ bi kynde whan a mannys berde wexiþ. And þan ʒif he dele wiþ a womman, anoon his voys chaungiþ and þat is by cause þat his þrote wexiþ more ffor þat crafte and for hete. Coldnesse makiþ smal voys and stronge vertue makiþ grete<sup>722</sup> voys.

Jn be last, entende bat be rote of vuula is grete and be hed is scharpe, ban it nys noʒt so grete drede of suffocacioun ffor be waies nolde noʒt so sone closye. And berfor, it nys noʒt goode to kutte vuulam. But whan be rote semyb smal and be hede grete, ban it ffallib a doun and stoppib and lettib be waye. Pan for drede off suffocacioun, it is goode to kutte hyt. And zitt in what manere so it be, it is allegate perile to kutte hyt.

## De Rausidine Vocis, 3

Voys is a noble dede of be soule and gob out of meuynge of bouzt wib deliberacioun. Pese bib binges bat bib radde of Galen in his booke de voce. Pe matere of voys comyb of be lounges and passib out burz tracheam artream and smyteb cartilagines of epiglotum. In a strayte wey it 'passib to a wyde waye'.

Causa. Enchesoun of be voys is vertue bat meuyb lacertys of be pyis and epigloti bat wexib longe and schorte.

Pe fformal cause is vuula þat wiþ holdiþ þe ayre as a ffynger in a pipe. Perfor, to scharpe þe voys vuula is þe cause þerof and oþer biþ for to helpe, as þe tunge and þe palet, teeþ, lippys, etc.

Pe ffynel cause is fulfillynge of þinge þat he þenkiþ. Þerfor, it is wel sayde þat voys is a noble dede, etc.

To þis **[f. 138v]** worchynge comyþ 3 accidencys as þere comyþ to oþer worchynges. For somtyme a mannys voys is take awey, somtyme [it]<sup>723</sup> is made lasse, somtyme it is corupt. It is take awey whan it aceesyþ al. It is made lasse whan a man spekiþ wiþ grete trauaile. It is corupt whan a mannys voys is rowʒ and scharpe and quakyþ and oþer mo signes. And þese biþ causys of euelys þat biþ official, semlable, and comyn.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>721</sup> breþþe] *preceded by* bl *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>722</sup> grete] preceded by st deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>723</sup> it] is

Causa extereor, enchesoun wib out. Corupcioun of be voys, ober it comyb of causis wib out ober wib in, ban bei comyb of smeche poudre and norberen wynde whan it comyb sodeynly after be souberne wynde and of myche etynge of salte metys and scharpe metys and soure. It comyb somtyme of ffeblenesse of vertue, as in elde men and childerne and in hem bat bib longe in prisoun and religious men and it comyb somtyme of ffallynge and smytynge of be necke and harmynge of nuche and of be necke bonys and of be nerues bat comyb berof and schortely of alle agreuance bat comib of be lemys bat makib be voys. And it comyb for agreuaunce of be brayn and of be necke and nuche and of be brest and of be stomak, as be loungys, trachea, and epiglotum, vuula, be tunge, and be palett, as Galen seib in hys booke de voce. And ffor euel conplexioun hoot, colde, drye, and moyste.

Signa. Signes bib open for harmynge of lemys. For 3if it come of causis wib out, bou schalt knowe by schewynge of be pacient ober of hem bat bib about hym.

3iff it come of be hed, ban ober signes bib a way and he hab agreuaunce in be hed. 3iff it come of be necke, bou myst knowe by dislocacioun and akynge. 3iff it come of be stomak, bou myst knowe hyt by agreuaunce of be stomak.

3iff it come of be pyis, in be same manere.

3iff it come of be mouthe, bou schalt knowe by agreuaunce of be same partye.

3iff it come of epiglotum, bou schalt knowe hyt by takynge a wey of ober signes.

3iff it come of hete, his voys wole be grete.

3iff it come of coldnesse, his voys schal be smal.

3iff it come of dryenesse, his voyse wole be scharpe.

3iff it come of moysture, 3if be moysture be myche, be it engenderib rownesse. And 3if it be more, be it engenderib tremelynge voys. And 3iff it be ouer myche, be his voys is take awey.

A mannys voys is corupt for be spasme and of replecyoun and of lernesse and ober mo after strengbe and ffeblenesse of be cause. After bis bere comyb dyuerse accidencis and agreuaunce ober takynge a wey ober makynge lasse ober corupcioun.

Pronosticacio. Corupcioun of voys þat comyþ ffor **[f. 139r]** agreuaunce of nuche of þe necke and off þe necke bonys and of þe nerues þat biþ recchynge and so of þe oþer agreuauncys þat comyþ of þe hynder partye of þe nek, as dislocacioun, ffallynge, smytnge. Þey biþ vncurable oþer it is fful hard to cure hem.

Roznesse of<sup>724</sup> voys þat comyþ in elde men ne schal neuere be cured, but it be swyþe new. Rowznesse after oo zere, it nel nazt be cured. Roznesse of voys þat comyþ of a reume, ne may nozt be cured, but þe reume be cured ffirst. Whan a man is in þe reume and his voys is roze, ziff he be lete blode in þe same tyme it is fful hard ziff he euer be cured.

Cura. Ther biþ 3 þinges þat ffalliþ in roʒnesse of voys. Þe ffirst is drye ffyges and þey schulleþ be rostyd til þey swete and þan þey schulleþ be etyn anone.

Pe 2 is þat caulis, þe iuse þerof oþer þe substaunce and þe brothe oþer ymade in þe manere of a letuare is goode.

Pe 3 is fete of bestis and prinspaly of kyn. 3iff rouznesse come of trauaile and criynge oper 3if it come of grete dryenesse, þan þese þinges biþ goode þerfore: 3elkis of ayren rere, butter, mylke ffresche, malues, attriplices, oleum violaceum, oleum si3aminum, amigdalarum dulcium, wheþer þei be

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>724</sup> of] corr. by deletion of e in black ink

take wiþ in oþer wiþ out. Bathe is goode for hym. Dragagantum, amidum, penidia, vue passe, ffistice, pinee, pis[c]es<sup>725</sup> squimosi recentes þat biþ take in clene watere, ʒelkys of rere ayren, aceti, mala<sup>726</sup> granata þat be swete. And seþe hem in hoote askys and þan remeue awey þe rynde and grynde þe remenaunt and strayne hyt and do þerto sugre and lete hym soupe hyt. And slepe and reste is good þerfor and þinges þat makiþ þe body moyste.

3iff his body be replete, lete hym blode. 3iff colere be in be cause, purge hym wib cassiafistula, manna, and lete hym vse dyapapauer, 3uccare, rosis, violis, dyadraganto frigido, diapenidion wib out hote spices. And lete hym vse candi, penidi, cucubitis, melones, portulaca, ordeatum, lactuca, amigdalarum and ober mo bat bib colde.

3iff his voys chaunge in þat manere of colde causis, lete hym vse dyairis, diaysopo, dyacalamento, origano, calamento, and similia.

Now speke we of rouz voys specialy. For it comyb most of moyste matere, berffor, bis maner cure we wolleb most folewe. And for be most parte, it comyb of be reume. Perfor, in be ffirst bigynnynge, ffume his hed wib nigella and make hym a sacellacioun wib milium and salt brend. And lete hym holde bese pelotys in his moube:

**204 Rx** storacis calamite, ambra, masticis, thuris, liquirice munde, vuarum passarum mundatarum, caricarum, dragagantum, gummi **[f. 139v]** arabici. And make hym pelotis þerof and medle hem wiþ ydromel.

Whan be reume is youred, lete hym vse kebuli day and nyʒt, late and erly, wib out any mercy, as it were childeryn play. And lete hym vse lytel mete and drinke bat be sotil and myche wakynge and he schal fforsake babinge and ffomentaciouns and he schal forsake salt metys and scharpe and soure. And ʒif he vse of bese binges, he mote vse berwib binges bat makib softe, as vue passe, dactuli, fficus sicce, pinee, and ober mo.

Jtem, lete hym vse þis medicyne:

**205 Rx** zinziberis conditi, piperis longi, cubebarum, pulueris calamenti ana  $\S$   $\S$ , caricarum, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, pinearum, fisticarum ana  $\S$  ij. Poudre hem þat mow be pouderyd and þei þat mow be stamped, stampe hem. And medle hem wiþ a lytel hony vppon hoote askys and stere hem longe. And herof lete hym vse ofte aday and halde hyt longe in his mouþe and lickye wiþ hys tunge.

Pis medicyne Y halde rizt goode, neuerpelatter, colde mater may be defyed and moyste mater in pis manere and it is goode in colde pasciouns of pe brest, as in rouznesse of voys and asmate and couzinge.

**206 Rx** radicis yreos, lilij, squille, ysopi, origani, calamenti ana  $\S$  ij, siceleos, fenigreci, caricarum, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, fisticorum, pinearum mundatarum, dactulorum pinguinum, amigdalarum excorticarum, juiube, sebesten ana  $\S$  j, mellis libra j. Make hirof a syrupe libra j and  $\beta$ .

7360 Whan be mater is defyed, purge hym in bis manere:

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<sup>726</sup> mala] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>725</sup> pisces] pisses

mundatarum] followed by ab arill deleted in red ink

**207 Rx** yerapigra ʒ iij,<sup>728</sup> yeralogodion ʒ ij, bedellij, pulpe coloquintide ana grana vj. Medle hem to gedre and make þerof pelotis.

Jtem, make hym euery day a gargarisme of ydromel wib oximel squilliticum. And for dyuersyte of particulers bib many, berfore, we wolleb ioyne berto bis bat is goode in euery pascioun of be brebe of colde mater and moyste, as it is saide in be forseide medicyne. And berfor, bis medicynes schullen be rehersed in capitulo de asmate, almost ilike, and capitulo de ptisi, so bat colde mater and moyste be cause berof. Pe ffirst is bis:

**208 Rx** trium generum piperis, cubebarum, cinamomi electi ana  $\S$  j, semen lini assi, fenigreci, maratri, pinee munde, amigdalarum dulcium, liquirice munde, caricarum, vuarum passarum mundatarum<sup>729</sup> ab arillis, iuiube, sebesten ana  $\S$  ij. Medle hem wiþ hony and lent fuyre. Þis medicyne he mote vse lickynge wiþ his tunge and holde he it in his mouþe.

Jtem, be secunde medicyne bat is gode in colde causis and moyste and reumatik:

**209 Rx** ambra, storacis calamite, masticis, thuris ana ʒ j, dragaganti, gummi arabici infus [in] ydromel, mirre, liquirice munde, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, caricarum ana ʒ j. Medle hem **[f. 140r]** wib ydromel and make berof pelotis and halde hem in his moube.

Jtem, be 3 medicyne:

**210 Rx** mirre, olibani ana ʒ j. Poudre<sup>731</sup> hyt and medle þe poudre wiþ ffyges þat be drye and lete hem ete hem þe iuse of an olde henne ysode wiþ polipodij, anyse, ysoþe, and rype grapys made clene. And lete hym vse hyt.

Jtem, be laste medicyne bat is goode in dispeyre, whan be mater wexib myche and we ne haueb noon ober wey:

**211 Rx** piperis, cubebarum, mirre, costi, aristologie, cassieligne, siceleos, maratri ana  $\S$   $\beta$ ,  $^{732}$  arsenici, sulphuris, cicerum,  $^{733}$  ase fetidis ana  $\S$   $\beta$ . Medle hem wip gotys talouz and zelkis of ayren and make berof gobettis and drye hem in schade. And whan bou wolt vse any berof, lay oon beruppon colis and lete hym take be fume berof and he schal holde open his moube.

3if his prote bicome row3 of bis ffumigacioun, ban make hym a gargarisme of oximel ofte tymes and lete hym vse rype granis, datis, fisticis.

Alle maner mele bat he vseb schal be mele of whete wel ybake, mele of benys and of ryis, fenigrece, lupinorum, cicerum, and be colature of bran, amidum, and ober mo. Euery of bese may be medlyd wib milke of almaundys ober wib gotis milke ober wib brobe of fflesche.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>728</sup> See commentary

<sup>729</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>730</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>731</sup> poudre] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

<sup>732</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>733</sup> See commentary

3iff þis pascioun come of enpostem, þan lete hym vse swete \wyne<sup>/734</sup> and oþer þinges, as it is forsaide. 3iff it come of vuula, cure þat ffirst. 3iff it come of euel conplexioun wiþ out mater, lete hym vse þis pelotis þat biþ good for þerst and brennynge and scharpenesse and oþer mo:

**212 Rx** psillij, semen citoniorum,<sup>735</sup> dragaganti and make þerof muscilago in swete water and wringe hyt þurʒ a cloþe. Þan take quatuor<sup>736</sup> semina frigidorum made clene, semen lactuca, portulaca, liquirice munde,<sup>737</sup> papaueris albi, candi, penidearum, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis. Medle him wiþ þe forseide muscilago and make þerof pelotis somdele ypressed þuyʒ a cloþe. And lete hym holde þerof vppon [h]is<sup>738</sup> tunge. Þese biþ goode to defye and drawe awey þe mater þat is hoot and after þis make hym a laxatyf. \Þis medicyne is goode bifore and after.

Clarificacio. Entende þat moysture in tempere makiþ euen voys and ligt. 3if it passe mesure, it makiþ roug voys rigt in þe same manere as hete whan it passiþ mesure makiþ<sup>739</sup> grete voys and coldenesse makiþ smal voys and dryenesse<sup>740</sup> makiþ roug voys and ffeblenesse makeþ tremelynge voys. In þe same **[f. 140v]** manere, moysture whan it is myche, it makiþ roug voys. To myche moysture whan it goþ to epiglotum, it recchiþ and makiþ nessche þe nerues and lacertis of epiglotum and in þat manere rowgnesse is engenderyd. We mote studye to waste þat moysture wiþ puttynge to of 6 þinges nogt naturel, as drye ayre by crafte and so of oþer þinges.

Jn þe 2, þou schalt entende þa[t]<sup>741</sup> moysture engenderiþ rowʒnesse and moysture cureþ þe same moysture wiþ in þat is to myche engenderiþ rowʒnesse, but moysture wiþ out þat makiþ softe and dryinge þinges in tempere cureþ þe same, as dragagantum, gummi arabici, and oþer mo. Moysture wiþ in makiþ rowʒnesse and makiþ a mannys voys noʒt euene. And moysture wiþ out fforþe þat makiþ clene and softe þat cleriþ<sup>742</sup> þe voys and makiþ hyt moyste. Þerfore, þou myʒt yse þat a belle þat is neiʒ a watere haþ bettre soun þan a belle þat is ffer ffrom water.

Jn þe 3, we schulle entende þat þouz moysture make rowz voys, zitt, neuerþelattre, dryenesse ne makiþ nozt clere voys, but it makiþ rouz<sup>743</sup> voys whan it passiþ out of mesure. And in curys of þis pascioun wiþ drye þinges we mote putte to moyste þinges þat makiþ softe. Dryenesse in tempre makiþ voys of grete soun ffor þe ayre passiþ euenliche and drynesse þat is to myche agreuyd. Þerfor, tromperes castiþ water in her troumpys and to myche moysture agreueþ. Þerffor, ʒiff tre be kutte in þe ffulle of þe mone it ne schal neuere sounye wel ffor grete moysture þeron.

Jn þe 4, entende þat whan redenesse comyþ of myche moysture of blode, þan letynge blode may be goode. But ʒif þis be do in any oþer caas, it makiþ þe fflux renne þerto more and makiþ hyt colde and in þat manere it makiþ perpetuel rouʒnesse.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>734</sup> swete] deletion of wyn written above the script line in red and black ink; wyne is written in the margin

<sup>735</sup> See commentary

 $<sup>\</sup>dot{}^{736}$  quatuor . . . pelotis] emendation by deletion of duplicated lines

<sup>737</sup> See commentary

<sup>738</sup> hisl is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>739</sup> makiþ] *preceded by* gr *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>740</sup> dryenesse] *preceded by* r *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>/41</sup> bat] ban

cleriþ] *preceded by* clepiþ *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>743</sup> rouz] preceded by nozt deleted in red ink

Jn þe 5, entende þat a rowʒ fleumatik man drinkiþ somtyme hoot watere by counsayl of lechis. Þis may be þe resoun. For hoote water by resoun of hete makiþ softe and openyþ þe porys and makiþ þe watere passe out and it defyeþ fleumatik matere in þe stomak, as Auicen seyþ.

Jn þe 6, entende þat doctours þat rediþ an hyge and men þat trauayleþ to speke myche, her voys bicomyþ sone rowg. For by resoun of grete trauaile þey haueþ grete hete and akynge and in þat manere moyste mater drawiþ to þe place þat is clepyd epiglotum and to þe canele of þe lounges.

In euery euel take goode kepe of be cause and wib grete bisynesse do it a wey.

Jn be last, entende bat hete by hym self drieb moysture, but bi hap it makib moyste and softe and dissoluyb in mater bat is colde and by happe it makib drye and congelib and **[f. 141r]** makib hard and rotyb. For euery euel conplexioun and euery errour of digestioun makib a mannys body lene and drye, saf only<sup>744</sup> errour of vertue, bat is yclepyd semelable, as Galen seib tertio particula de morbo frigido. Perfor, in bis manere bey may drye and in bis maner it nys no3t inconuenient ffor to haue be same effecte in dyuerse worchinges, for oon comyb in by hym self and bat ober by hap.

### De Tussi, 4

Cow3 is meuynge of naturel vertue of puttynge out þat aryseþ vp by helpe of ffelynge and meuynge and it comyb by naturel disposicyoun about be spirituallys to put out binge bat is agreuous.

Entende bat as ffnesynge is meuynge of be brayn naturel and noon euel, in be same manere couzynge is naturel meuynge of be brest and noon euel. Pis maner meuynge comyb whan any agreuaunce comyb in be canele of be loungys. Pan be vertue of be soule bat is sencible ffelyb agreuaunce and makib puttynge out by kynde. And whan be naturel meuynge is areryd it puttyb out be mater wib grete myzte bat is in be lounges and in be canellys. And bis manere strengbe of meuynge is clepyd crisis.

Causa. Pe cause of bis meuynge may be binge bat is in be canele of be loungis bat makib agreuaunce. Pese comyb somtyme of causis wib out and somtyme of causis wib in. 3iff it come wiboute, ban it may come of poudre and smyche, soure mete and scharpe and wyndy ober take out of mesure bat fallib in be brote and ayre bat is corupt and feuere pestilencialys and ober mo.

3iff it come of causys wibin, ban it comyb of some humour bat ffallib ffro be hed and ffallib to be canelys of be loungys by way of a reume.

Also, it may come of be stomak whan euel humour ffallib to be canellys ober for bey pressib be spiritualis. In be same manere, it may come of be lyuere and of be splen and so of ober mo. 3iff it come of vyse of alle be loungys, ban it comyb of euel conplexioun hoot, colde, drye, and moyste, symple ober conpouned, ober wib mater ober wib out mater, as blode, colre, ffleume, ober malencolie, but bat comyb late, as Auicen seib. Ober it may come of enpostem of be loungis ober pleuresis ober peripleumonia ober quytture ober vlcus ober watrinesse ober a feuere and ober mo.

Signa. Signes of causis wiþin biþ open oþer by schewynge of hem self oþer by schewynge of þe pacyent oþer of men **[f. 141v]** þat biþ aboute hym. Signes of þe hed biþ signes of þe reume, agreuaunce of þe hed, þan he schal fele som þinge goynge adoun in canna.

Signys of be stomak bib bese: akynge of be place and ober pasciouns of be stomak bat schulleb be sayde in her placys.

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<sup>744</sup> saf only] saf only but only

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Signes of be lyuere and of ober placys bynebe bib akynge in be same lemys and agreuauncys and signes of her pasciouns, whiche schulleb be sayde in her placys.

3iff it come of be pysche, enpostem and quyttoure, hab his signes bat schulleb be seyde in her placys.

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3iff it come of euel conplexioun, 3iff hete be in cause, þan it wole be wiþ hete and prickynge and he schal haue harme of hoote þinges and helpe of colde þinges.

3iff be cause be colde, be signes berof bib contrarye. 3iff it come of dryenesse, ban he schal haue lytel spetynge and scharpe and row3.

3iff it come of moysture, þan it is softe and nesche. 3iff it come of bloode, þan his spetynge wole be reed wiþ a maner swetenesse of þe mouthe and oþer signes of blood.

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3iff it come of colere, þan his spetynge schal be ʒelu wiþ grete þerste and dryenesse and biternesse of þe mouthe and oþer signes of colere.

3iff it come of fleume, ban it wole be soure wib grete moysture and mo ober signes off fleume.

3iff it come of melancolie, þan it wole be soure sauoure and stiptica and his spetynge is somdele ledy and grete and entende þat spetynge is wiþhalde and couzynge is drye. Whan þere passiþ out lytel þinge oþer nozt oþer it may come of some euel conplexioun wiþ out mater and prinspaly of drynesse oþer couzinge may come of pressygne of dyafryagma and of þe spiritualis oþer wiþ out oþer wiþ in oþer of þe stomak oþer off þe loungys oþer of þe splen oþer of þe marys oþer wiþout, as ffallynge, smytynge oþer of some colde ayre constraynge oþer oynementys and oþer mo.

Pe 3 cause may be gretenesse oper viscouse mater bat ne may nogt passe out.

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Pe 4 may be myche sotilnesse þat kynde chasiþ out ffor it ne may noʒt halde so myche moyste matere.

Pe 5 cause may be ffeblenesse of vertue pat ne may nogt put out mater. Pat is an euel signe. And after pe knowynge of signes, pan pronosticacioun schal go to ffore pe cure. Perfor, we wollep make pronsoticacioun.

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Pronosticacio. Couzynge in ydropisi is ful euel and greuous in olde men. Grete coʒinge, ʒiff it dure longe, it is euel. For it makib hym etik and makib some vayne breke in be pysche and makib spetynge of blode [f. 142r] and quyttoure.

Euery couz wip a reume is euel and prinspaly zif it dure longe.

Euery couz þat takiþ a wey slepe is euel.

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Euery couz wib agreuaunce and wib grete constraynynge to spete any binge wib rednesse of his yzen, bat is euel. For it makib ofte brekynge of a vayne. In a feuer agu, it is signe of debe.

Euery couz wip lytel aforsynge and makip hym be more lyzt and lizte to put oute and wip out travaile, it is goode and helpip wel. For bat signifiep strengpe of vertue and clansynge of be brest and puttynge out of mater.

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3iff any man haue a feuere and a couz and be ffeuere acessye and be couz leue, it is signe of leuynge of euel mater.

3iff any man suffre a moyste couz and it acesye sodeynliche wib a greuaunce of be brest after bat it signifieb a rotyd feuere ober vlcus of be loungys. Euery man bat is meuyd by cozinge and ne haueb no passynge out, zif his vertue be ffeble, it is mortel. For it achekyb and makib origmon.

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Lytel couzinge pat comyp in a ffeuere is goode ffor perste. Now we hauep ysey3 alle pese pinges wip be helpe of God go we to be cure.

Cura. In pe ffirst bigynnynge, ordeyne hym some ayre good. For pat ne may nozt be ilefte. It schal be allegate contrarious to be sickenesse. 3if we ne may not have hyt by kynde, ffor tymes of be yere, ban we mote make hyt by crafte, as azen hete, coldenesse, azen dryenesse, moysture, and be contrarie. And amende ayre of pestilence ober corupt in what manere so it be, as it is aforseide in be mater of a feuere pestilencyal. Perfor, his ayre schal be clene after biffallynge of be particule. His mete schal be lizt to defye and in temperate quantite and in ordre and it schal be contrarious to be pascioun in as myche as custome and elde suffrib and conplexioun. For every evel mote have allegate contrarijs to hym.

To men bat bib replete, grete abstenence is goode. And men bat bib lere, bei mote be ffulfilled. And slepe is goode for hem, so bat it be in tempere and be mater ne be nozt reumatik ne replete. For beron wakynge is good and trauaile in tempere is good for hym bat bib replete. Pey bat bib lere, rest is goode. To hem bat bib colde, wrebbe is goode, ffor it makib hoot, and drede and ioye and gladnesse. Babinge is goode whan his body is clene and be pascioun is goynge awey. Whan be mater is lytel, coitus nys nozt good, but in be ende hirof.

Off be cure and kepynge, 3iff he abestyne hym self from alle causis [f. 142v] bat makib cou3inge bat bib sayde in be ffirst bigynnynge. Perfor, it nys no nede ffor to reherce hem hir. Nowe we haueb ysey3 alle bis, go we to be cure bat is more particuler. Pan we mote trete more dyuersely after dyuersyte off be causis.

J suppose þat þe cause be hoote and come of þe hed wiþ a reume. Jn þe ffirst bigynnynge, ffume his hede wiþ þese þinges. Take rede rosis drye libra  $\beta$ , ominium sandalarum  $\S$  j, camomille, mellilote ana  $\S$  j 'and  $\beta'$ , camphore  $\Im$  j, liquirice munde  $\S$  j. Tempere hem in water and boyle hem and lete hym take þe ffume þerof atte his nose and atte his mouþe. And his hede schal be helyd til he swete harde. Þis schal be ydo many tymes after þe particuleris of þe partye. After þis, he schal holde þese pelotys in his mouthe:

**213 Rx** dragaganti infusi in sirupo julep, cubebarum, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, amidi,  $^{745}$  s[u]cci $^{746}$  liquirice ana  $\frac{3}{5}$   $\beta$ ,  $^{747}$  semen papaueris albi  $\frac{3}{5}$   $\beta$ . Make þerof pelotis wiþ sirupo rosato.

Whan be mater in any man bicomyb grete and be leme bat puttib out be mater is yconfortyd lete hym blode, 3iff his body be replete.

3iff be mater leue ffor alle bis, defye hyt in bis manere:

7530 **214**  $Rx^{748}$  capilli veneris M iij, lactuca M ij, quatuor semina frigidorum mundatorum, semen sebesten, iuiubarum, caricarum, pinearum mundarum, liquirice munde, semen papaueris ana  $\S$  j, mellis  $\S$  ij,  $\S$  iuccare libra  $\beta$ .

Whan be mater is defyed, purge hym in bis manere:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>745</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>746</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>747</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>748</sup> See commentary

**215 Rx** fflorum boraginis, fflorum violarum, juiubarum, liquirice munde ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  ij, prunorum. Oper make a decoccioun and peron boyle in a sachel ma[s]tix, dyagridium ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  i. Strayne hem and resolue peron cassiafistula made clene, tamarindis ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  i. Pan lete hym vse pis electuarium:

**216 Rx** dyapapaueris  $\S$  j, dragaganti frigidi, dyapenideon sine cinamomo,  $\S$  uccare, mellis ana  $\S$  iij, dyapiris  $\S$   $\S$ . Meddle hem to gedre.

3iff dryenesse be þerwiþ, lete hym vse moyste dietynge þat be restauratyf and baþis and oþer mo þat schulleþ be saide in ethica. And enoynte hym wiþ vnguentum resumptyuum þat is goode in ptisik and in men þat biþ ywast.

**217** Rx<sup>754</sup> quatuor semina frigidorum mundatorum, dragaganti, gummi arabici infusorum, candi, penidearum, semen malue ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j, medulla cerui and vituli, butiri sine sale, auxungie porci recente, olei violacei, cere alba quod sufficit. And make þerof an oynement and enoynte þerwiþ his þrote and his brest.

3if it come of euel conplexioun, þan alteratyues sufficiþ.

3iff it be pleuresis oper peripleumonia oper empima, be cure of hem schal be seyde in her placis.

3iff euel conplexioun colde be in be cause, ban alteratiua sufficit oper haldynge of be brebe. 3iff it be wib mater and wib a reume, ban bou [f. 143r] most ffirst cure be reume ffor bat is almost be moder of alle sikenesses.

Fume hym in bis manere, as it is sayde in a reume aboue:

**218 Rx** masticis, thuris, labdani ana  $\S$  j and  $\beta$ , camomille, mellilote, liquirice munde ana  $\S$  j. Boyle hem in water and lete hym resceyue be ffume.

Ober herwib make hym an apple wib ambra and alip[t]a<sup>755</sup> muscata, mirra. And make berof pelotys wib ydromelle and lete hym holde in his moube. Remeue a wey mirre and in his place put carice, vue passe munde ab arillis. Make hym a sacellacioun wib salt, milium. Whan be flux is tempered, deffye be mater in bis manere:

**219 Rx** radicis yreos, ysopi, sanamunde, origani, calamenti, serpilli, capilli veneris recentis ana  $\S$  iij, caricarum, liquirice munde, juiubarum, pinearum mundarum, ffenigreci ana  $\S$  j, mellis, ʒuccare ana libra j. Make hirof a syrupe.

3iff it be an olde man and þis pascioun be olde and he ne be noʒt myche delicate, þan do þere a goode quantite of prassium and make þerof a syrupe and lete hym vse hyt late and erliche. Entende þat alle

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>749</sup> See commentary

<sup>750</sup> mastix] maxtix

<sup>751</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>752</sup> See commentary

<sup>753</sup> See commentary

<sup>754</sup> See commentary

<sup>755</sup> alipta] alippa

<sup>756</sup> See commentary

pinges pat bip zeue azen pasciouns of pe spiritualis schullip longe be holde in pe moupe. Whan pe mater is deffyed, purge hym in pis manere:

**220** Rx yerapigra  $\S$   $\beta$ , pulpe coloquintide, masticis, bdellij, liquirice munde ana  $\Im$   $\beta$ . Medle hem wip ydromel and make perof pelotis oper make hym fleumagogum of agaric, turbithe, whiche receyte pou hast herd many tymes and pou schalt here hyt.

3iff þe mater be malencolious, do þerto for to defye þe mater: epithimi, sene, cuscute and purge hym wiþ dyasene, dyaborage, yerarufini. It comyþ ful seelde of malencolie. And also of blode, in whiche letynge blode sufficiþ wiþ dietynge þat be cold. But ffor þis pascioun comyþ most of fleume, as in fleumatik men and olde men and vppon hillys and in hem þat wonyþ in colde regiouns. Þerfore, it is most nede for to tretye of þat mater to for hys purgacioun and after lete hym vse þis electuarium:

**221 Rx** dyairis, dyaysopum, diacalamentum ana libra j.<sup>757</sup> 3if he be noʒt delicate, do þerto dyaprassium ʒ ij. Medle hem to gedre. Oþer do þe same þat biþ in sirupo, saf hony and sugre. Oþer boyle hem in oyle and strayne hem and do þerto rede wexe and make þerof an oynement and enoynte þerwiþ hys brest and his necke to fore and byhynde. Oþer grynde hem atte laste and boyle hem wiþ hony and lete hym vse þerof euery day ofte and lete hym licke hyt oþer make þerof pelotys and lete hym holde hem in his mouþe. Oþer whan his body is clene, boyle hem in watere and lete hym take þe fume þerof.

3iff þe couz be olde so þat he take awey slepe to hym self and to his fel[au]is,<sup>758</sup> þan lete hym vse þis confeccioun þat schal be ysayde hir aftere capitulo de asmate, þat is made of sulphre, arsenico rubeo, **[f. 143v]** asa fetida and oþer many. And make hym a ffumigacioun oþer pelotis and lete hym holde in his mouthe. Þou most be wel war þat þis ne be nozt ydo in lene men ne in men þat biþ ffeble of vertue, but of grete nede and in dispayre. For some men wolleþ here necessaries in sengle chapitres ffynde and seye siche a receyte is here azen a couz þat is olde þat makiþ þat he ne may nozt slepe. Whan his body is clene, ziff he be lene:

**222 Rx** sulphuris viui, mirre, castor, piperis nigri, piperis longi, storacis calamite, spicenarde, costi, galbani, ysopi pouderyd, liquirice munde, opij<sup>759</sup> ana 3 iij, mellis dispumati quod sufficit. Medle hem to gedre. 3 eue hym hirof at onys 3 pelotis in be gretenesse of ciceris whan he gob to bedde.

Jtem, anober whan a co3 is moyste and in dispayre and as it were incurable and wib a reume and wib grete perile for be vaynes of be loungys and of be pysche brekyb. Cure be reume in bis manere. Whan his body is clene, schaue his hed and anoynte hyt wib hony and take poudre of senvey and sprenge beruppon and ban make bis manere cappe vppon his hed:

**223 Rx** stercoris columbini, mirre, storacis calamite, castorei ana 3 iij, [cere]<sup>760</sup>  $\S$   $\beta$ , caricarum libra  $\beta$ . Medle hem wiþ oyle of mastik and lay hyt vppon a leþere made in þe manere of a cappe þat it may wel keuere al his hed.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>757</sup> See commentary

<sup>758</sup> felauis] felis (Latin: vicinis)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>759</sup> See commentary

3iff a couz þat comyþ of þe reume ne be noʒt ycured in þis manere, lete God<sup>761</sup> cure hym þat kan ful wel.

giff it be a pore man and haue be coug of colde cause, bis is be first experyment, but he holde strongly his brebe and ofte and he schal be cured anon.

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Pe secunde is pis. Take pe poudre of calamentum and put hyt in figys and do hem in wyn and lete hym vse perof erliche and late and atte myd day.

Pe 3 is þis. Take buttre and hony and 3elkis of ayren ana  $\S$  3, piperis  $\S$   $\beta$ . Medle hem to gedre strongly wip out ffuyre and lete hym vse þerof.

Pe 4 is lete hym vse sulphre in a rere eye and prinsplay 3if it be moyste cause.

Þe 5 is þis. In a couz þat is swyþe moyste:

**224 Rx** dyatrion pipereon, diaprassium ana libra β. Medle hem.

Pe 6 is de prassio and hony medlyd to gedre and lete hym vse allegate lickynge.

Pe 7 is piper wiþ ffygys. 3iff couzinge come of þe stomak and of þe lyuere and oþer lemys, cure hem ffirste þan cure þe couz.

3iff it come of causis goynge to fore, do ham a wey.

3iff þis pascioun come in childehode þe while he soukiþ, amende his milk and anoynte wiþ dragagantum**[f. 144r]** infusorum in buttre wiþout salt and oleo violato and do in his mylke dragagantum infuse and penidia. And stoppe his hed to ffore wiþ enplastre made of thus, storax calamita. 3if Y haue any þinge forzete lete a bysy redere ffulfille hyt.

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Entende þat<sup>762</sup> meuynge of vertue puttynge out is somtyme of clene vertue naturel, as in þe body and in þe loungys and in þe lyuere and in al þe body. Somtyme it is clene of beste, as goynge and meuynge. Somtyme it is conpouned of naturel and bestel, as in goynge to sege and makynge vryne and kouʒinge and ffnesynge. Somtyme bestliche passiþ, as in tyme of hele. Somtyme kyndeliche, as in tyme of sickenesse, as it schewiþ in egestioun and vryne.

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Entende bat ziff in a couz nyous binges be put out, zif he be releuyd berwib, ban it is naturel. 3if it be wib a greuaunce and anguysche in bat manere it may be an euel.

Entende bat a drye couz bat comyb of scharpenesse may be raber cured.

3iff it come of consumpcioun of alle be body, ban it wole be lattre, bouz no binges ne ffalle berfore, but alteratyues and in moyste alteratyuys and avoydinges. Perfor, Galen seyb it is more lizt to drye binge bat is moyste, ban make moyste bynge bat is drye.

Jtem, couz for be most parte comyb more any3t ban a day. For be ny3t is more colde and closib be poris and in bat manere be mater gaderib<sup>763</sup> more to gedre. In be day, be vapours gob more out.

3iff it be a childe soukynge, sethe gotys mylke bat be newe and do perto a lytel watere and lete hym soupe hyt. Oper in bis manere: lete his noryse c[h]owe<sup>764</sup> fygys smal and ban put perof in be childys moube. In be same manere heo may do of rype grapys made clene of be pypeneys. Pe same manere of

<sup>760</sup> cere] citri

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>761</sup> God] *preceded by* good *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>762</sup> þat] *preceded by* in *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>763</sup> gaderiþ] *preceded by* closiþ *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>764</sup> chowe] cowe

fisticis and pineis. Pe same manere of swete almaundys. And for it comyb be most parte of a reume and openynge of be hed to fore, berfore, make enplastre of mastice, thus, and drie figus and lay to his hed.

3iff it be a pore man pat haue pe couz, lete hym holde ofte his brepe as myche as it is possible. 3iff he ne be nozt youred in pat manere, lete hym euery day blowe pe fuyre ofte wip out any mercy and he schal be cured.

3iff he ne be noʒt ycured hirwiþ, lete hym vse drye fygys wiþ poudre of calamentum and lete hym vse pipere grounde wiþ fygys oþer lete hym vse bettre þinges, as prassium in al manere receytys.

Oþer<sup>765</sup> lete hym vse þis receyte. Take þe leuys and þe braunchis of ysope and þe **[f. 144v]** same manere off origanum and serpillum. Seþe hem in water and strayne hem and do þerto a lytel hony. Lete hym drinke þat water oþer make hym a gargarisme þerof and þe remenaunt grinde wel and medle hyt wiþ hony and lete hym vse þerof a day and a nyʒt and licke þerof.

Pe last cure of pore men is bis. Poudre sulphre and lete hym vse hyt wib a rere eye. Alle bese bib goode in colde cause and moyste. And pore men hauyb myche bis pascioun. In bis caas, Y nel speke no more at bis tyme. Couzinge is a pascioun swybe comyn. Perfore, Y wole sette chapitrees berof in dyuerse manere.

Materialys bat be good azen be couze bib bese, in an hoote cause: barlige in what manere so bat hyt be zeue, muscilago psillij [and] citoniorum, quatuor semina frigidorum mundatorum maiorum and minorum, semen malue, semen papaueris albi, liquirice munde, vue passe munde ab arillis, endiuie, scariole, lactuca, portulaca, melones, cucubite, auenatum, ordeatum, amigdale, ffarina tritici cocta, colatura ffurfuris, capilli veneris, candi, penidearum, dragagantum, oleum violaceum, sizaminum, nenifar, and ober mo.

3iff þe cause be colde, þan þese þinges biþ goode: radix yreos, squille, lilij, ysopus, satureye, sanamunda, origanum, calamentum, serpillum, capilli veneris, dragaganti, gummi arabici, orobus, ffenigreci, semen lini assum, carice, vue passe, ffistice, pinee, liquirice munde, piperis asa, sulphure, and oþer mo.

Entende þat þere biþ 3 pasciouns þat biþ cured almost wiþ oo maner medicyne, as rowʒnesse, couʒinge, asma. Þerfore, a wyse leche may make of þe fforsayde þinges syrupis oþer pelotis oþer electuarium oþer gobettis oþer oyne[me]ntys<sup>766</sup> oþer gargarismes oþer enplastris. He may take herof oon oþer many after þe particulers. And þou myʒt fynde more off þis cure in þe 3 chapitre de asmate and de tussi and de raucedine.

Clarificacio. Entende þat þoʒ couʒ ffor þe most part be engenderyd of a reume, ʒitt blode letynge for þe moste part nys noʒt goode, but ʒiff his body be replete and þerwiþ in an hoote cause and þe mater renne inward. And whan þese þinges ffalliþ in a couʒ wiþ a reume, þan blodeletynge is goode, as it is ofte saide.

Jn be secunde, entende bat a couz may ffolewe be pascioun of enpostemys ofte tyme and bat in twey maneres. For be mater may be so myche bat it may pressye dyaffragma and afterward be loungis. Ober vapours may aryse to be hed and after bat ffalle a doun to be lounges and in bat manere it may engendre a couz and enpostem of be lyuere and of be marice and ober mo.

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oper] preceded by op deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>766</sup> oynementys] oynentys

Jn be 3, entende about bis mater bat meuynge of be couz may be saide in oon manere out of kynde and anober manere wib kynde. But to speke sympelly, couz is an euel for it harmyb worchinges ober it may signifie harme in be loungys. And be cause berof is innaturel bat prickib and meuyb be kynde. But ziff we take kepe of be ende, bat is bis to put out superfluyte and toward [f. 145r] bat entencioun it may be naturel. And berfor, Galen seib bat tussis, sternutacio, singultus bib naturel meuynges in be chapitre quinto de morbo. But bei may be meuynge of euel bere nys ne regymen of kynde, as in spasmo. Pere is a violent drawynge of be nerf and ne puttib out no vyolent binge and in bat manere it may be saide meuynge of euel.

Pis maner meuynge in a couz and in fnesynge and singultu is a meuynge yconpouned to gedre of bestiliche and naturel. For whan bestliche vertue bat is sencible felip agreuaunce it exicitip kynde and so bey twey ne makip meuynge and medlip hem wip ayre and at onys bei puttip out. Pis manere meuynge is clepyd tussis and bis comyp of vertue of regymen bat puttip out pinge bat agreuyb. Perfor, it is clepyd naturel, as crisis. Pat is good and wel to prysynge is klepyd meuynge of kynde and none euel, boz it come in tyme of euel. And tussis comyp wip a for bozt. Perfore, it signifiep bat it is naturel meuynge.

Now entende bat in bese meuyngys of kynde and bestliche ober bat oon ouercomyb bat ober and somtyme kynde ouercomyb bestial, as in disposicioun bat comyb out of kynde in tyme of slepe. And bestial ouercomyb kynde in naturel disposicioun and in wakynge, as it schewib in brebe and egestioun and ober mo.

Entende aboute þis matere þat meuynge of bestis some biþ symple and by kynde, as goynge, and some biþ conpouned and out off kynde, as sternutacio, singultus. Þis mater we hauyþ ytretyd quinto de morbo.

Jn þe 4, entende þat ʒif bloodletynge be good in þis pascioun þat is whan his body is replete. Þan lete hym blode de basilica in þe partye afornezen and after þat in þe myddel vayne in þe same syde.

Jn þe 5, entende þat whan ysope is putte in hoot causis, þan it schal be do in lytel quantite and oþer þinges in more quantite. Whan it is putt in colde causis it schal be do in myche quantite and it may be goode ffor þe first qualitees. And so of many oþer þinges we may entende þis matere.

In be 6, entende bat couzinge bat is drye hab 5 causis, as it is forseide.

Þe ffirst is euel conplexioun wib out matere.

Pe 2 is scharpenesse of be brote and of be canele. Pe 3 is puttynge awey mater, as in men bat bib ptisic and consumpt.

Þe 4 is grete humour and viscouse.

Þe 5 is sotile humour þat kynde ne may nozt take, etc. Þerfor, in þis pascioun þou most worche after dyuersite of causis in a drye couze.

Jn be last, entende bat couzinge to speke comynliche comyb more a nyʒt ban a day ffor be mater passib out more a day be while he wakib and meuyb and in be niʒte it gaderib to gedre as in reste and slepe. [f. 145v] For ban be poris bib closed and be cours berof rennyb inward. Perfor, couʒinge by nyʒte is more agreuouse ban a day and prinspaly after longe slepe. Pis we entendib in hem bat bib disposyd berfore.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>767</sup> goynge] Latin: motus progressiuus

#### De Ptisi, 5

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Ptysis is vlcus of be lounges wib wastynge of alle be body.

Cause. Causis of þis pascioun biþ alle þinges þat makiþ vlcus in þe lounges. And þerfore, reumatik mater rennynge ffro þe hed may be oon cause þerof whaþer it be of blode oþer of colere<sup>768</sup> ffretynge oþer of fleume salsum. Riʒt as a drope of water preschiþ a stone by resoun of ofte ffallynge, jn þe same maner ffallynge of þe reume makiþ vlcus þeron.

Pe secunde cause may be enpostem of be moube whan it brekib and ffallib into be longys and nys nozt wel made clene.

Pe 3 cause may be retencio menstruorum oper emoraydarum and vapours arysinge corupt to be loungys.

Pe 4 cause may be pascioun in be same place in be pice whan it is nogt well made clene, as in pleuresi, peripleumonia, spetynge of quytture, and quytture bat is gaderyd in be breste and ober mo.

Pe 5 cause may be hete wib in and coldenesse, brekynge vaynes, ffallynge, smytynge, wyndy ayre, longe duellynge in pittys bere me deluyb metallys and neiz be fournays bere me moltib metallys and worche myche wib quycke siluere and alle binges bat constrayneb and harmyb be breste.

Signa. Some signifieb apperelynge and disposicyoun to ptisic and some signes signifieb in dede. Some signifieb disposicyoun to ptisic, as to haue a longe necke and schulderys arysynge vp and wele leggys and ffallib to hem ofte bat hauyb ligtly be reume and to hem bat hauyb a strayte breste and to lene men and prinspaly in be heruest whan bey bib euel of regemen and whan bei bib in be elde of 18 gere til 35. For bis pascioun comyb late to elde men and to childeryn. De tyme of haruest openyb ptisik in man so it be and in heruest bey deyeb moste.

Open signes hirof biþ feuere ethica lenta and þei schulliþ haue more agreuaunce after mete þan to fore and þerwiþ þei schulleþ haue þe couz and agreuaunce in þe breste and spetynge as it were quytture and his face rede.

Entende about þis matere þat ptisis is in double manere. Some is properliche ysaide and þat is properliche vlcus in þe loungis and some is take in large manere, as whan it comyb for vlcus of trachea arterea ober of þe canelys of þe longys ober it may come of þe panniculis in þe lounges.

Signa distinccia biþ þese. Whan it comyb of þe canelys þan he schal haue akynge in þe **[f. 146r]** myddel of þe necke and stinkynge in his moub and þere may be vlcus in þe substaunce of þe ryngis and þat ne takib no cure. Whan vlcus is bitwixe twey ringes þan it may be cured. And þoʒ his þrote be preschyd bytwixe twey ringes, ʒitt it may be cured. But ʒif it be riʒt in þe rynge it ne may noʒt be cured.

3iff it come in any oper partye of be brest, saf onliche in be loungys, be signe berof is ban he hab more penaunce in oon houre ban in anobere. Pe 2 signe bou my3t haue by experyment. For 3if bou wete a brede in water of sanguis draconis and bynde about his breste in what place bat he is raber drie in bat place is be roote of be euel and vlcera in be breste mowe be cured. For be vaynys berof bib strayte and lytel and in partijs of flesche.

3iff vlcus be in be loungys, ban bere bib signes many and open. Pe first is ffor bey schulleb be harmyd of euery ayre whaber it be hoot ober colde.

Pe 2 signe is for his couz is more agreuous.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>768</sup> colere] *preceded by* cl *deleted in black ink* 

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Þe 3 signe is þat he ne may nozt slepe vppon no syde.

be 4 signe is akynge in be schulder lifte ober in be rizte and in be lifte tete, ban bat vlcus is in a brekynge, and zitt it may be cured. And ziff it be vlcus ffretynge in deepnesse and ffulle of quytture, it is inpossible bat he be cured, but wib be cure of Galen bat he sette de interioribus. For he helyd berwib many men bat noon berof ne ascapyd.

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Vlcera bat bib fulle of quytture in be loungis ne bib no3t youred for many binges. Pe ffirst is for vlcus is bicome to a ffestre and is depe. Pe secunde is for bere bib many vaynes and lacertis in bat place.

Þe 3 is ffor þe loungis biþ in contynuel meuynge.

Þe 4 is ffor þe wounde þeroff ne may noʒt be cured but wiþ couʒinge and þat is grete meuynge, þerfor, it makiþ þe wounde þe more. Ferþermore, oþer þe couʒ mote be aceesyd oþer no. 3iff he be aceesyd, he scahl deye achokyd. 3if he ne be noʒt ystoppyd, þe wounde wole bicome more and some veyne wole breke.

Pe 5 cause may be pe<sup>769</sup> place may be so depe bat be vertue of medicynes ne may no3t come berto. And 3iff it come berto, be vertue ban is ful lytel.

Pe 6 cause may be lacke of medicynes bat bib goode berfore. For 3if his medicynes be hoot, ban his ffeuere<sup>770</sup> wole wexe be more. For allegate a ffeuere etik gob berwib. 3iff his medicines be colde, ban be vertue berof ne may no3[t]<sup>771</sup> presche berto. 3iff his **[f. 146v]** medicines be drye, bei wolleb drye his body and wast. 3iff bei be moyste, bei wollib stoppe and rotie. And in bis manere medicynes helpib lytel.<sup>772</sup>

Pe 7 cause may be ffor bere bib ffewe lechys bat cunne knowe and hauyb indignacioun to ise his spetynge ober be pacient nel no3t in be ffirst bigynnynge schewe hem to a leche til be sickenesse be confermed. For so myche bat it agreuyb hym a lytel in be ffirst bigynnynge.

Entende aboute þis mater þat men þat biþ in ptisic somtyme þe[i]<sup>773</sup> spetiþ out partijs of here loungys, somtyme partijs of vaynes, somtyme partijs of þe ringes, somtyme a stone.

Pronsoticacio. Ptisik þat is olde ne recyueþ no cure. Whan spetynge of a man þat is ptisic stinkiþ vppon colys, þei biþ spendde. For þey ne schulleþ neuer walke longe vppon erthe. Þis Y suppose þerwiþ signes forsaide go þerwiþ. For somytyme many men be disseyued ffor empima and þe sauour þerof wolle be heuy, as it were fflesche ybrende whan it comyþ of þe loungis.

3iff be quyttoure beroff ffalle to be botme of watere, he is in curable. But somtyme it is medlyd wib viscous ffleume, ffor ban it wole fflete aboue, and ban be leche may be disseyued, but 3if he departe hyt wib a sticke. And Auicen seib 3iff pustule schewe vppon his schuldris, he schal dey wibin [7]<sup>774</sup> daies. And Auicen seib bat he sei3 a woman bat was ptisik and her lyf was made longe by 24 yere. Entende bat ptisic may longe tyme be sauyd in childeryn and olde men and in ffatte men and fful off fflesche.

Signes of ptisik þat biþ neiʒ dede: whan his herys ffalliþ a wey, and his nailys bicomyþ crokyd, and his appetyte is a weye, and strayte breþe, and wiþhaldynge of spetynge, fflux of þe wombe, his leggys to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>769</sup> þe] *preceded by* in *deleted in red ink* 

ffeuere] preceded medicynes deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>771</sup> noʒt] noʒ

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>772</sup> lytel] *preceded by* myche *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>773</sup> þei] þe

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swolle. For be most partye, ban bey bib spendde whan leues ffallib of trees. Be war in pronsticacioun of ptisik bat bey deyeb be while bei spekib and be while bey bib deiynge bei spekib.

Cura. In pe ffirst bigynnynge, 3iff blode be in pe cause and his body be replete, pan lete hym blode. He schal be avoyded lytel and lytel after pe humour pat is in pe cause. 3iff reume be in pe cause, cure pe reume wip grete diligence, as it is forseyde. For pe most parte, it compp in a reume. 3iff it come ffor brekynge of a vayne, cure hym as it schal be seyde hir after and in pat manere off alle oper causis after pe particulers.

Entende bat bere bib som binges bat bib goode in be cure of ptysic and some berof hauyb kynde of mete and drinke and medicynes and some hauyb kynde of medicynes.

Pei þat hauyþ kynde off mete and drinke and [f. 147r] medicyne biþ 3, as mylke, wyn, and ptisana. First speke we of mylke. Jn ptisis biþ 3 þinges, þat biþ vlcus, quytture, and wastinge. Vlcus mote haue saudynge þinges. Quytture mote haue mundificatiues. Wastynge mote haue nourschynge þinges. Now it so þat God schope a medicyne þat biþ þese 3 þinges þeron. Jn mylke is þe kynde of whaye wherfor it makiþ clene and þere is kynde of chese þeron. Þerfor, it saudiþ. And þere is kynde of buttre þeron. Þerfor, it nourschiþ. Milk of wommen is goode þerfore, þan of assis, þan of geet. And þe bestis most be noursched in drye placys of lesewe þere wexiþ betoyne, ffenel, persile, agrimoyne, and oþer mo.

3iff it be an asse, take kepe<sup>775</sup> þat heo be noʒt costyf ne laxatyf ne in to myche trauaile ne in to myche reste and þe same manere of oþer bestis.

Pis mater Galen spekib of de ingenio. For men bat bib in ptisic and in be 7 for hem bat bib consumpt and in be 9 for hem bat bib in etik.

be manere of takynge of mylke schal be of be breste in as myche as he may. 3if he ne may noʒt, take a clene dische and sette hym vppon hoot watere and beron be milke schal be mylked and anone riʒt he schal drinke hyt for milke corumpib anone. 3iff bou drede of corupcioun, boyle be mylke ouer be ffuyre and do beron a lytel salt and hony and he schal soupe hyt ober drinke hyt. Ober take stonys of be ryuere and make hem hoot in be fuyre and do hem in be mylke ober yre bat be reed hote. And be leche mote take goode kepe bat it be wel deffyed in be stomak, so bat after tyme bat he hab ete berof bat he ne fele no tournynge in his wombe ne akynge ne soure balkynge ne fumous. For whan milke in bis caas is wel defyed it helpib myche and whan it nys noʒt defyed it dob myche harme.

Entende þat þe while mylke is in his stomak he ne schal drinke no wyn. For it makiþ milke congelye and makiþ hyt tourne in kynde of venym. Jn no maner caas a man ne schal noʒt vse milke and wyn at oo mele.

He mote be war of milke 3if he haue a rotyd feuere. 3iff þou take goode kepe of alle þinges þat ffalliþ aboute þe 3euynge of mylke, þou schalt ffynde grete helpe þeron, as Galen wittnessiþ and resoun and experyment. 3iff he souke a womman, þe womman schal be 3unge, wel conplexiouned, and þe milk of her ffirst childe. And þe same manere of oþer bestis. And þou most take kepe of alle þinges þat ffalliþ about þe goodenesse of milkeþat we wolliþ fulfille in þe chapitre de regimen sanitatis. Milke to men þat biþ in ptisic is mete and drinke and medicyne.

Pe 2 bat is mete and drinke and medicyne, bat is wyn. For wyn makib **[f. 147v]** clene and nourschib and hastely it tournyb into hete and spiritus. His wyn schal be whyte  $an[d]^{776}$  clere and feble

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>775</sup> kepe] preceded by ke deleted in red and black ink

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and somwhat swete. 3if it be zelu and clere and nozt newe, þan medle þerwiþ reyn water. But zif he haue a rotyd feuere þerwiþ, þan þou most take kepe here as it is forsaide in milk.

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Pe 3 is ptisana made of barliche. Pis makib clene and nourschib and makib colde, as we hauyb declared in oure werke de regimen acutorum and as we wole seye in capitulo de pleuresi and peripleumonia. Pis ptisana is of so myche vertue bat it ne dredib wynde ne reyn. Perfor, he may take herof whaber he ete mylke ober drinke wyn ober leue and whaber he haue a feuere ober no. And it may be zeue to ffore mete and after and a day and a nyzt, so bat it be zeue in mesure after be particuleris.

Now we hauyb yseye \of medicynes bat hab vertue\of mete and drinke and medicyne. Now take we kepe of medicynes bat\overline{777} hauib vertue of mete and medicyne and bib 3 and bey bat bib forseyde. Pe ffirst is hony; be secunde bib crabbis of waterys; be 3 is drie fygus and ober mo fruytes.

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Off hony bou schalt entende in bis manere and it makib clene and nourschib and preschib and it is a ledere<sup>778</sup> of alle medicynes bat gob to be spiritualys. Þerfor, Ypocras in Regimento techib in pleuresi and peripleumonia ʒeue ydromel and oximel. 3iff he haue a rotyd ffeuere berwib ober grete hete, ban bou myʒt tempere ydromel wib myche water and sugre.

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Pe 2 bib crabbis of be see. Pat is be best mete for hem bat may be and medicyne, as<sup>779</sup> wyse men seyn. Sebe hem in hoot watere til bey may be made clene and ban do awey berof be schilles and be hore wibin and ban wasche hem in leiz made of vynes and after bat sebe hym profiteliche in watere of barliche and lete hym ete berof and drinke bat water bat it was ysode beron.

Pe 3 is sugre of rosis. Of þis medicyne Auicen seyþ þat a womman was cured profitliche of ptisis þerwiþ, but heo vsed þerwiþ much quantite þat it was mervaile þerof. And heo leuede þereafter many 3ere. 3if he be costyf of þe rosis, þan lete hym vse a syrupe made of ysope. And 3if he be to hoot of ysope, lete hym vse trociscos de camphore oþer dragaganto.

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Þe 4 is drie ffigus and oþer fruytes þat biþ ilike þerto, as biþ fistice, pinee, vue passe mundate, amigdale munde, juiube, sebesten, and oþer mo.

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Now we hauyb ysey3 of binges bat hauyb vertue of mete and medicyne. Now speke we of medicynes bat bib bese: radix aristologie, yreos, ysopus, capilli veneris, orobus, semen bombacis, semen papaueris, ffenigreci, and ober mo. And some bib conpouned, as tiriaca and in trocisi atis and ober mo. [f. 148r]

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Now we hauyb ysey3 of 3. Now speke we of be ferbe as of mete and of materialis. And ffirst speke of ayre.

His ayre schal be clene and clere and drie. And 3iff bou ne my3t not haue hyt, make hyt by crafte. Perfor, Galen ladde his pacientis bat were in ptisic to an hy3e hylle toward Cicile bere is continuel drye ayre in be hylle and by resoun of be clannesse of lesewe ffor his milke and for we ne may no3t haue none siche hille, 780 but 3if we sou3te wyde. Perfor, chese we be hyest hille bat we mowe and bere lete hym wonye and ordeyne hym bere ptisana and ober binges after be particulers.

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Jn þe 2, we mote take kepe of his water þat schal be reyn watere. His wyn schal be as it is forseide. His brede schl be wel ybake and wel yleueyned wiþ temperate quantite of salt.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>780</sup> hille] *preceded by* lesewe *deleted in red ink* 

His flesche schal be for be most parte al maner briddis bat bib in bat countre about vs. But he schal leue alle maner briddis bat lyueb and swymmyb in be watere.

Also, he may vse kyddes, motoun, caluys þat soukiþ, ʒonge conynges, ffete of bestis. And of alle þese lytel, but of bryddes wilde and tame. But he mote take of alle metis so lytel quantite þat he may deffye hyt. And he schal vse ballockis of a fox and þe loungys of hym. For þey biþ wonder goode. His mele schal be þis: mele of whete and þe colature of bran, ffarina milij, ffabarum lencium, risi, ordium, spelte, cicerum and lete hym vse ordeatum, auenatum, amidum and a conffeccioun þat is seyde in ydiomate prouincialium meridus. Lete hym vse almaunde milke, gotis mylk wiþ þe broþe of chikenes. And wiþ þese þingis þou miʒt medle þe forsaide melis after dyuerse intenciouns as þou wolt make mete þerof.

Off herbis he may vse spynarchijs, borage, orto, feniculo, petroselini, lactuca, portulaca, melonibus, cucubitis. And þis þou most vse after þat þou iseest þat he haþ a rotyd ffeuere, oþer none, oþer as we wolliþ make clene. For as Galen seiþ, alle þinges ne may noʒt be schewyd wiþ wrytinge.

Off his ffische he may vse ffische bat is fulle of schellys bat bib itake in clene watere and rennynge fer from pittys and from depe valaies. He may vse rere ayren and he may vse fruytes bat bib forseide.

Off his slepe, bog it schulle be in tempere, gitt he schal slepe myche, but he haue a reume ober a rotyd ffeuere ober interpolata. He mote somwhat meue hym self in trauaile and nogt myche.

Coitus he ne schal vse noʒt þerof. Baþe is goode for hym whan þe pascioun goþ a wey. Off baþinge we haueþ yspoke atte fulle in capitulo de ethica in þe ffirst booke. Þerfor, go we to oþer maner worchinge.

Off lernesse and replecioun we schullep **[f. 148v]** entende pat we mote be more bisy about replecioun, pat is to seye to goode nourschinge pat is myche to preysynge.

Off þinges þat ffalliþ for þe soule, ioye is goode ffor hym and gladnesse. And he mote forsake þinges þat biþ soure, as vynegre and scharpe. But ʒiff we entende any cure þerby whan we hauyþ ysey schortely of 6 þinges noʒt naturel, þan go we to þinges þat biþ contrarie þerto. Now<sup>781</sup> we haueþ yseyd of þinges þat hauyþ vertue of mete and drinke and medicyne and of hem þat hauyþ vertue of medicyne in þis ordre and of 6 þinges innaturel. And þoʒ þese suffice toward men þat biþ elde, ʒitt for ʒunge men Y wole speke more particulerly.

Sirupus:

**225** Rx radicis yreos, ysopi ana  $\S$  ij, <sup>782</sup> capilli veneris recentis M iiij, <sup>783</sup> quatuor semina ffrigidorum, semen endiuie, [semen] scariole, semen portulaca, [semen] lactuca, semen coriandri, semen papaueris albi, semen bombacis, ffenigreci, orobi, liquirice munde, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, caricarum, juiube, sebesten, ffisticorum, piscacearum, pinearum mundarum, amigdalarum excorticum, ordei mundi ana  $\S$  ij. Seþe hem wiþ lent ffuyre of drye tre, as of juniperum, wiþ swote water of a welle wiþ out fume. And do þerto mellis roset libra  $\S$ , panis  $\S$  uccare libra ij. Make þerof a syrupe and clarefye hyt.

Pis syrupe is good in ethica and in men bat bib consumpt and in be couze and in asmate. For it makib clene and dob a wey quytture and makib softe and nourschib and soudib and makib stronge. A wyse

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>781</sup> Now] preceded by Now deleted in red ink

<sup>782</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>783</sup> See commentary

leche may take hirof oon oper many and make perof [a]<sup>784</sup> syrupe oper enplastre oper pelotis oper trociscos oper oynementis, as he wole after pe particuleres.

Entende about þis mater þat þis sickenesse nys noʒt symple, but it is conpouned. Þerfor, it is nede to make medicynes conpouned. Þou ne schal noʒt vse allegate oon manere of makynge clene, but nowe we schulliþ make mundificatiues and þan dryinge þinges and þat makiþ softe and þan nourschinge þinges. Now a partye of oon and now a partye of anoþer; somtyme more, somtyme lasse. Y put hyt alle in his honde þat schal worche.

Electuaria þat biþ hote and clensynge biþ þese: dyacalamentum, dyaprassium, dyacinnimum, dyairis, dyaysopus, dyasquilla.

Electuaria þat biþ colde biþ þese: ʒuctare roset, ʒuctare violet, dragagantum frigidum, electuare resumptiuum, dyapenidion wiþoute spices þat biþ hote oþer dyarodon abbatis. Medle hem to gedre as þou yseest þat it is to done.

Enplastrum bat is good for men bat bib in ptisic:

**226 Rx** croppis of ffenel, croppis of anete, croppys of camomille, ffenigreci, orobus, semen lini, ordei, dactulorum pinguium, caricarum, aristologie rotunde ana  $\S$  ij. Stampe hem and boile hem. And 3iff his penaunce be stronge, medle hyt wiþ oyle of violis and laie hyt vppon his brest.

7910 Gargarisma to make clene his pyce:

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**227 Rx** radicis yreos, ffeniculi, ysopi, aristologie, malue, bismalue ana  $\S$  ij, capilli **[f. 149r]** veneris libra  $\beta$ ,  $\text{or}[\text{dei}]^{',785}$  ffenigreci,  $\text{aneti}^{'}$ , liquirice munde, juiubarum, caricarum, ordei, quatuor semina frigidorum, semen brusci, semen sparagi, mellis<sup>786</sup> ana  $\S$   $\beta$ . Stampe hem to gedre and boile hem in libra iiij<sup>788</sup> of water and do þerto hony libra j and lete hym holde ofte hirof in his moube in þe manere of a gargarisme.

After tyme þat þou yseest of cure of ptisis vniuersel and particuler, now þou schalt yse of accidentals. Happys þat falliþ to þis pascioun biþ many, as feuere putrida, reume, and he ne may noʒt wel slepe, strayte breþe, and strayte wiþ hym or he mowe slepe, costyf, and fflux of þe wombe. To þese accidencys þou most do remedies.

3iff he haue a rotyd ffeuere, þan do awey. Mylke in al manere and hony and wyn and oþer hote þinges þat biþ forsaide and do to þe syrupe þat is forseide. Endiuia, scariola, lactuca, cicorea, and lete hym vse penidia and candi.

3iff a reume come beruppon, lete hym holde in his moube bese pelotis:

**228 Rx** tiriace, rubee trociscate ana  $\Im$  j, apij, croci ana  $\Im$  j. And make perof pelotis.

7925 And þan do oþer þinges þat biþ fforseide.

<sup>785</sup> ordei] orbi

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>784</sup> a] and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>786</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>787</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>788</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>789</sup> Э] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

3iff þere come to þis pascioun spetynge of blode ffor grete aforsinge wiþ þe coʒe, þan lete hym vse þese pelotis:

**229 Rx** bolus armeniensus, terre sigillate, candi, dragaganti, semen coriandri preparati ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j, liquirice munde, vuarum passarum mundatarum, juiubarum ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  B. Make hirof gobettys and tempere hem wiþ ydromel and lete hym holde in his mouþe longe oþer distempere hem wiþ milke ysode and lete hym soupe þerof and holde hyt longe in his mouþe.

3iff asma come vppon hym, bat is straytenesse of brebe and wibhaldynge of spetynge bat is fulle euel, ban make hym a ffumigacioun hirwib:

**230 Rx** mirre, storacis liquide, galbani ana  $\S$  j, arsenici  $\S$  ij. Medle hem wiþ buttre and make þerof gobettys and whan þou wolte vse any of hem laye oon þerof vppon colys and lete hym resceyue þe ffume per embotum.

3iff he ne may nozt slepe, lete hym vse a syrupe of papy ober dyapapauer. 3iff he be costyf, lete hym vse syrupum violaceum wib water of barliche and cassiafistula and lete hym vse hirof in be ffirst biginnynge atte borde.

3iff he haue fflux of wombe, restrayne hyt anone ffor ellys it wole make hym dede anone:

**231 Rx** ypoquistidos, acacie, sandalarum, spodij, cacabre, dragaganti, gummi arabici assi, mirtillorum, sumac ana 3 j, <sup>791</sup> liquirice munde, caricarum, vuarum passarum, pinearum, fistici ana 3  $\beta$ . Medle hem wiþ sirupo mirtino and make þerof gobettys. And whan þou wolt vse hem distempere oon þerof wiþ mylke þat yre haþ be aqueynte þeron and in þat manere he schal be restrayned.

Clarificacio. Entende þat loungys ne ffeliþ noʒt of hem silf ne of her kynde, but þei ffeliþ by some partijs of hem as by resoun of þe pannicules þat goþ about hem and bi resoun of þe canels. Els þey [f. 149v] ne scholde noʒt ffele ffor þey biþ ful of cartilagynys.

Jn þe 2, entende þat þoʒ vlcera of some lemys þat biþ noble be curable, neuerþelattre, vlcera of þe loungys ne biþ noʒt so after þe tyme þat þei biþ ful of quytture. For oþer lemys haueþ passinges out and holys wher þurʒ her superfluytees passiþ out. Of þe lounges it ne may noʒ[t]<sup>792</sup> so be put out, but only wiþ couʒinge. And þeron is swyþe grete meuynge and þat makiþ þe wounde þerof wexe more and makiþ þat it ne may noʒt saude, etc.

Jn be be 3, entende bat bolus armeniensus may be good in woundys. For it lettib fflux of be reume and saudib and makib fflesche wexe and in bat manere bei consumyb moystures and superfluytees of be loungys and it is goode by resoun of dryenesse and it lettib comynge berto of superfluytees.

Jn þe 4, entende þat in ptisi is 3 maner euel, þat is semelable, official, and comyn. Official in corupcioun of fygure and makynge lene. Semelable as in euel conplexioun. Comyn ffor brekynge of place þat scholde be hoole. For þat is an euel by hym self. For wiþ out vlcus ptisic ne may noʒt be. And for þat harmyþ ffirst and somtyme it harmyþ by happe for he feliþ vlcus of þe loungis.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>790</sup> See commentary

<sup>791</sup> See commentary

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Jn þe 5, entende þat þe longis biþ propre signes of þis pascioun, noʒt þe herte ne þe lyuere. For vlcus and sanies biþ prinspal þerof. For it wastiþ þe body and it nys no defaute of digestioun ne malice of þe herte, but alle his body wastiþ for ethicam þat folewiþ þerwiþ.

Jn þe 6, entende þat þe manere comynge into etic is þis: whan þe lounges ne mowe noʒt aventye þe herte, þan vapours makiþ hoot þe herte and after þat alle þe body. And in þat manere ethica is engendered and in þe same manere wastinge. For whare ptisic be, etik is, and not þe contrarie.

Jn þe 7, entende þat þoʒ in peripleumonia enpostem be broke and þere be quyttour and vlcus, neuerþelattre, þat pascioun nys noʒt ptisic. For so myche þat þe enpostem is more in þe keuerynge of þe stomak þan in þe substaunce. And þerwiþ vlcus nys noʒt grete and þerwiþ þe rotynge nis noʒt in þe substaunce of þe longys and vlcus þerof ne haþ no passinge out but wiþ couʒinge. And þan þe wounde bicomyþ þe more and in þat manere it is a meuynge rounde about. For þe lounges ne ffeliþ noʒt of her kynde, but þey feliþ by resoun of þe panniculys þat goþ about hem and by resoun of his canelys and in þat manere he haþ ffeble felynge.

### De Spitto Sanguinis, 6

In þis chapitre we wolleþ speke of spetynge of blode. And þe causis þerof biþ some wiþ out and some wiþ in. Causis wiþ out, as **[f. 150r]** whan a man vnwetynge drinkiþ water wheron biþ waterleches and þat waterleche cleuye to þe palet oþer to his þrote an[d]<sup>793</sup> in þat maner he may allegate spete blode. And somtyme þere comyþ out blood wiþ quyttoure oþer wiþ spetynge. Whan any man slepiþ vppon þe grounde in schynynge of þe mone and prinspaly whan þe mone schyneþ þurʒ a ffenestre oþer an hole and ffalliþ vppon his hede.

Somtyme it comyb of ffallynge ober smytynge and lepynge and criynge and of wrebe and of hate and of grete castinge and of stronge couzynge and of ober binges bat may gadre to gedre ober of grete hete ober of grete coldnesse, of rennynge, and trauaile, swyuynge, and wakynge, and ober mo.

3iff it come of causis wip in, þan it may be for þe hed oper of þe nose. It come to þe palate and of oper partijs of þe moupe and it may come of þe stomak and of þe lyuere and of þe splene and for retencionem menstruorum and emoroidarum. And it may come of þe brest and whan þe mater of enpostem ffalliþ outward þurʒ þe panniculis. And it may come of vlcera of þe brest and of þe loungis and for brekynge and ffretynge and ffor scharpenesse and ffor arysinge oper þinges oper what place þat it come and þerof biþ ymade verse.

Dyabrosis venas corrodit, rixas easdem.

S[c]indi[t]<sup>794</sup> anathemasis has aperire ffacit.

Signa. 3iff it come of primytyf causis, bou schalt wyte hyt by schewynge of be pacient, 3iff be leche be diligent. Perof Damascenus spekib. Aboue alle binges he seib ne be bou no3t aschamyd to aske of be pacient. An ensample berof: 3iff be pacient hab drunke water and 3iff he be a pristy man and 3if he haue trauailed by ny3te and drunke of a welle ober of a ryuere, ban bou my3t wel supposye that he hab drunke a watereleche. Pan loke in his moube be while be sunne schyneb and loke 3if bou my3t ise any

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>793</sup> and] an

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>794</sup> Sindiþ] Scindit

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cleuye to his moube oper to his palette oper to his prote. 3iff it be so, ban it is sertyn; zitt it is possible bat he<sup>795</sup> may swolewe hure in, ban it is ful vncerteyn, but alle ober causis mowe be take awey.

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Take kepe of be causis in bis manere. 3iff it come of be hed, bou myzt knowe hyt of hete and it wole pan come out of be nose and somtyme bi be palette. 3iff it come of be palette and of be gomys, it is wib lytel restynge. 3iff it be more stronge, ban it comyb of be brote. 3iff it be most stronge, ban it comyb of be canelys. 3if it come out wib castinge, ban it comyb of be stomak ober of ober partijs of lemys wibin and bou schalt knowe hyt by akynge of be place. 3iff it come of be loungys, ban it comyb allegate wip couzinge. [f. 150v] 3iff his couz be lytel, ban it comyb of fferber parties. 3iff be blode be clere<sup>796</sup> and fful of spume and wip lytel akynge, ban it comyb of be loungys. 3iff it be blacke and grete wib myche akynge and nozt myche spume, ban it comyb of be pyce. 3iff it be rede and fulle of quytture, ban it comyb of ffretynge and a scharpe reume goynge to fore and be akynge berof chaungib by mychelnesse and dyuersite of his goynge out. 3iff it come of enpostemes, ban be signes of enpostem schullib be saide.

Pronosticacio. In pleuresi and peripleunomia, 3iff his spetynge be somdele reed, it is goode. Spetynge off blode bat comyb of ffretynge it wolle neuer be cured ober late.

Alle maner spetynge wib couz bat dureb longe makib ptisic. Spetynge of partijs bat bib ffestered tournyb ofte azen. Spetynge of blode bat comyb sodeynlyche, ziff it go to be herte, it sleeb a man sodeynliche. And 3if restrayneyb, it sleeb ffor his grete<sup>797</sup> auoydaunce. Blood bat comyb wib castinge, 3if a feuere come berwib, it is mortel. And Y ne seiz neuer no man ascape berwib.

Cura. Galen techib to cure bis flux and prinsplay, zif it come of be pyce, quinto de ingenio sanitatis. Pis fflux is perilous 3iff it come of be loungys. In partijs bat ffallib ber ffor, lete hym blode de sophenous, after bat de cephalica. After bat, ffrote hym in his handys and in his ffeete and bynde be same placys hard. Pan lete hym drinke watere and vynegre colde so bat be coug ne be nogt myche to make clene hys brest bat be blode ne congelye nozt beron. Pan soude be vayne wib constraynyge binges. Perfor, make hym enplastre of perys and coctanis vppon his breste and zeue hym triacle fro tway monbes to foure of his confeccioun.

Dietynge. Pis schal be his mete: mylke ysode ober mylke of kyne whan be buttre is take a wey, mele of whete, amidum, benyn to broke, rzye swete brede, grete wyn, reyn water hote yre aquenychyd beron, partriches, turtulys, culuerys bat bib yfounde in holys of stonys. And slepe is goode ffor hym and reste and lytel spekynge. He schal forsake coitus and babis and grete trauaile and grete bysynesse and salt metis and scharpe and soure and to fore alle binges be ware of be reume. And lete hym vse ffruytes bat be stiptica, as bib sorbe, corna, mespilea, citonia, pira, punella, and ober mo. And lete hym vse bred ywette in reyn water colde and vynegre and ffecchys bib goode for hym and costus bat be ffresche.

3iff bis fflux come of reume, ban cure be reume as it is forseide. And lete hym vse triacle wib opium ffor it nys nozt yfounde ffresche. And lete hym vse enplastre vppon his hede [f. 151r] de storace, fimo columbino, gummi rute agrestis. And somtyme he schal vse hyt and somtyme he ne schal nozt. Make hym a scharpe clistere. 3iff his reume be stronge, 3iff it come of retencione menstruorum, oper

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>796</sup> clere] followed by e deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>797</sup> grete] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

emoroidarum, þan open hem and so of oþer mo in whiche is replecioun. And ʒeue hym þinges þat engendriþ lytel blode.

Whan bou hast ysey3 alle bese bingys and his body is made clene and be blode ydrawe aweyward, ban bese bib be materialys wib whiche bou my3t soudye: portulaca and be leuys berof and be iuse berof and be seed berof is wonder goode and berwib spodium, kacabre, rose, corallus, vtriusque sandali, sanguis draconis, opium, crocus, bolus armeniensus, terra sigillata, emathites, mirra, thus, mastix, storax calamita, coriandrum assum and infuse in vynegre, acasia, sumac, psidia, balaustia, cupule glandium, coaguli leporis, centaurea maior, camphore, semen papaueris albi, ypoquistidos, mirtilli, berberi, muscilago psillij and citoniorum, dragaganti, gummi arabici, and iuse of plantayne<sup>798</sup> is good berfore, virga pastoris, bursa pastoris and water bat is yfounde in bursa pastoris. And many ober of whiche a diligent leche may make syrupys ober electuaria ober pelotis ober gobettys ober enplastris ober oylys ober oynementis. And 3iff bou make hyt aʒen pasciouns of be spiritualys do berto lycoryce and be iuse berof, vue passe, juiube, penidia, candi, ydromel. And ober binges softinge bat ledib be vertue of be medicyne to be depenesse of be breste.

3iff þey be ʒeue aʒen þe nutrityues, do þerto spicanardi, spica celtica, semen endiuie, semen scariole, semen melonis and oþer mo þat makiþ stiptica presche.

3iff it come of a waterleche, þan drawe out þe waterleche in þis manere. 3iff þou myʒt yse hym take a peyre pynsourys þat me drawiþ teeþ þerwiþ and enoynte hem wiþ aloen and take þe hede of hym, ʒiff þou myʒt, and drawe hym out. For also blyue as þey ffeliþ byttre þinges þey openiþ here mouþe and ffalliþ a wey ffor þe bitternesse. For bittre þinges sleeþ alle wormys, as aloen, absinthium. And fume hym wiþ sulphre and make him a gargarisme of vynegre and salt and lete hym vse garlik, oyniouns, like, and vynegre. And he mote forsake colde watere and lete hym drinke wyn wiþ mirre and take clene watere in a basyn to fore þe pacient and lete hym open his mouþe and honge a doun his mouþe.

3iff þe fflux of bloode come of swetynge of enpostem of þe brest, as in pleuresi and peripleumonia, þan in no manere ne do þou no stiptica þerto, but þou schalt do as it schal be seyde hirafter. 3iff þis manere spetynge come of ffretynge oþer of a ffestre, þis manere cure is in drede.

In pe ffirst bigynnynge avoyde pe humour pat makip corupcioun wip agarik and lete hym bloode, 3iff pe particuleris ffalle perfore. And lete hym vse pineis and iu[iubis]<sup>799</sup> and lete hym holde pese pelotis in his moupe:

**232**  $Rx^{800}$  thuris, semen [f. 151v] portulaca, semen malue, sanguis draconis ana 3 j, opij 3 j, opij

3iff it come off grete moysture þat makiþ nasche, cure hym wiþ cinamomum assum, anisum assum, mastix, squinantum.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>798</sup> plantayne] *preceded by* and *deleted in red ink* 

iuiubis] iubebis

<sup>800</sup> See commentary

<sup>801</sup> semen portulaca] semen portulaca semen portulaca

<sup>802</sup> See commentary

<sup>803</sup> See commentary

Clarificacio. Entende þat ffretynge may come of scharpenysse of bloode. For bloode whan it is medlyd wiþ colre oþer wiþ ffleume salsum þan it bicomyþ scharpe. Þou myʒte purge hym wiþ cassiafistula and oþer mo to lette ffretynge of þe brest and of þe loungys, but þat nys noʒt auoyde blode and þinge þat is medlyd wiþ bloode and in þat manere blode is made clene.

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Jn þe 2, entende þat a waterleche ne schal nozt be kutte wiþ scherys, but it be neiz þe hede. For els þat hede wolde allegate drawe. Þerfor, wiþout forþe whan we wollyþ auoyde myche blode þan we kuttiþ awey þe taile and in þat manere it blediþ contynuliche. And whan þou wolt meue a wey cast a drope of vynegre vppon his hede oþer bittre þinge and he wole ffalle awey.

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Jn þe 3, entende þat in what manere bloode gone out aboue it is evel, as Ypocras seiþ. For it nys noʒt naturel noþer toward þinge ne towarde þe manere. In þat place þere biþ many vaynes and arterijs. Ne in manere it nis noʒt goode ffor it nys no propre purgacioun of bloode of kynde nys noʒt aboue. And ʒiff it biffalle somtyme þat it be for goode, þat is noʒt of hymself but by haþ ffor kynde is prickyd and makiþ for done hyt. And whan þe meuynge is stronge it may be ffor goode to avoyde þinge þat is greuous.

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Jn þe 4, entende þat in men nys noon naturel place to purge bloode, saf emoroidis. For so myche þat men biþ more stronge and more hoot and haueþ more trauaile þan wommen. In wommen nys noʒt so grete hete and þey hauyþ lasse trauaile ffor þei kepiþ þe hous for þe most parte, as Galen seiþ in de complexionibus, and hu hauyþ e[m]unctorijs<sup>804</sup> schewynge as menstrua and wiþ childeberynge. Þerfor, kynde þat was wyse off whiche wysdome nys none ende ordeyned a place to purge hem.

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Jn þe 5, entende þat þoʒ letynge blode make bloode more rennynge, ʒitt it drawiþ to þe ffirst bigynnynge and so it makiþ renne a wey ward and in þat manere it may be goode. In þat manere it ne rennyþ noʒt to þe same place but þe contrarie.

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Jn þe 6, entende þat ʒiff his body be replete and he haue a colde reume, þou moste conforte his hede wiþ hoot þinges and stiptica and after þat lete hym bloode to aceesye þe fflux and drawe þe mater awey. For after þe tyme þat a vayne is openyd þou most drawe hyt aweyward in what cause so it be, þoʒ Gerardus and oþer mo sey þe contrarie þerof.

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In be laste, entende bat in fflux of blode aboue, 3iff his vertue be **[f. 152r]** stronge and his body ffulle, he schal ffirst be lete blode de sophenous in be same syde. In be  $^12^7$ , 3if he haue more nede to lete hym bloode in basilica, ban lete hym blode in be same syde. For in be ffirst bigynnynge itschal be done in be fforbest partie in as myche as it is possible. And after bat by ordre we schullib come nere til we come to placys bat bib more neig and allegate drawynge aweyward.

### De Empimate et Sputo Sanioso, [7]<sup>805</sup>

Empima is al myche to seiynge as spetynge of quytture bat comyb of be loungis ober of be brest. Þerfor, after tyme bat we haueb saide of emotoyca, we wolleb speke of empima.

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Causa. Enchesoun of empima may be a reume, ffallynge<sup>806</sup> a doun of be hed to be brest, and nys nogt put out nober by coug made clene ban it leuyb in be same place and bicomyb to quytture. Perfor, it is clepyd a gaderynge of quytture. And it may come in anober manere whan enpostem brekyb or he be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>804</sup> emunctorijs] eniunctorijs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>805</sup> 7] vij 7

<sup>806 8078</sup> fallynge] fallynge fallynge

profitelyche engenderyd to quytture and somtyme after and it rennyb to be holounesse of be brest, as in squinancia, pleuresis, peripleumonia. And somtyme bere ffallib to myche medlyd blode wib quytture. Somtyme it comyb ffor humours and vapours comynge of alle be body and gaderyb to gedre in be breste ober in be longis and of ober causis ilike hir to ffore speke largely euery quytture ygaderyd to gedre may be clepyd empima and propreliche 3 iff it come of be loungys.

Signa. Jn þis caas, þe causis biþ signes, ʒitte some þinges we mowe more putte þerto for quytture þat is in þe brest tournyþ hym self ffor ffrete and makye vlcus<sup>807</sup> in þe substaunce of þe loungys. Þe signys hirof biþ þese: a lente feuere, but more a nyʒt þan a day, rednesse of his chekys, his ffete hoote and his hondys, and lytel bladryn wolleþ engendrie in his ffete, couʒinge, and ffals reste, agreuaunce after mete.

Signes in what partie be quytture is bib tweyne. Pe ffirste is bis. J suppose bat quytture be gaderyd in be rizt syde and zif he ligge vppon be lifte syde ban he schal haue more agreuaunce ban ziff he ligge vppon be rizte syde. Pe cause berof is bis. For in be parte amydde bere is a scyn bat departib be breste in twayne endlonge and berfor quytture bat is in be rizte syde ne may nozt go to be lifte syde, but stondib vppon be myddel pannicle and makib a greuaunce. And in be same manere zif it were in be lifte syde. Perfore, ziff he liggge vppon be partye bat is sore whan be quytture lybe vppon be ribbes and by bat cause he ne hab [f. 152v] not myche akyn[g]e and ban he may better slepe and liztloker be quytture wolle renne out.

Jn be 2 manere, bou schalt knowe in bis manere. Wete a brede in bole and bynde hym berwib about be brest and in bat place bat he drowyb ffirst, bere is be roote of be matere. 3iff it be in bobe sydes, it wolle schewe hym as it is forsaide.

Pronosticacio. Quytture after be tyme bat a man spetib blode it is euel. Quytture of be brest ober it is myche ober it is lytel. 3if it be myche ober no his vertue is ffeble ober stronge, ban some partie may be putte out wib vryne and some ober partye may be putt out by spetynge and bat ober partie may passe out by prouye passinges out ober wib castinge. And oon partye berof passib to be lyuer, ban it may be put out wib vryne. And some ober partye by goynge to sege. After bat it gob to gi[b]bum<sup>809</sup> ober 3imam.

3iff his vertue be ffeble and be mater be myche, ban it may schende a man 3if it go to be herte ober to be waies off be brebe. 3iff be mater be lytel and his vertue be stronge, ban it may liztlyche be putte out wib spetinge. 3iff it be ffeble, it may be makyd clene in 40 daies. 3if it passe ouer bat tyme, it tournyb into ptisik.

Jtem, entende bat be mater of quytture be ledy ober grene, it is euel. And 3if sincopis ffalle berto it is worse. 3if it be put out wib couzinge bat be trauelous and bere lene bere wib a feuere and ne acesye no3t, it is euel signe.

3iff his spetynge be ligte and whyte wiþ lytel couginge and wiþ out agreuaunce, gif it make hym more ligt and he haue appetyte to mete and his vertues bicome more stronge þerwiþ, þan it is signe of hele. 3iff þe contrarie come, it is euel and signe of deþe.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>807</sup> vlcus] preceded by an illegible mark in black ink

<sup>808</sup> akynge] akynke

gibbum] gilbum

Item, entende þat somtyme fleumatik matere gaderiþ to gedre in þe brest and bicomyþ hard. And it semyþ to þe leche þat it is quytture and ofte tyme he is bigyled. Þerfore, he mote haue signes þat be open.

Þe ffirst is 3if þat quytture stinke.

Pe 2 is whan be quytture ffallib to be botme of water.

Pe 3 is whan it makib hym be more lene, but ffleuma ne dob none of alle bese.

Jtem, entende þat quytture beynge in þe holounesse of þe brest disceyueþ ofte lechis. For þei jugiþ ofte men in ptisic and incurable. And whan þe quytture is made clene of hem þan þey biþ ycured and þat is a grete reprof for a leche. Þerfor, take kepe of þe signes þat biþ forsaide in ptisic and þou most take kepe of his pous. And ʒif a ffeuer ne folowe hym noʒt, it ne semyþ noʒt þat he haue vlcus in his loungys.

3iff his pouse be in [. . .]

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Missing the end of Chapter 7 and most of Chapter 8 (De Difficultate Anelitus). Summaries of the missing materials follow.

### [De Empimate et Sputo Sanioso]

See commentary. The chapter is missing the *Cura* section, which contains multiple material lists and four specific recipes. The *Clarificatio* section contains four points exploring the complexion of this condition and the nature of the humours.

#### [De Difficultate Anelitus, 8]

The cause of this condition is all things that aggravate the diaphragm, lungs, throat, epiglottis, and other parts involved in breathing. External causes are related to air quality, such as too much hot or cold air, pestilential air, the air of caverns and mines, or breathing fumes associated with alchemy (such as quicksilver). Internal causes are related to other disease states of the mouth, throat, or lungs, such as reuma, squinancia, pleuresis, and peripleumonia. Diseases of the stomach, liver, and spleen are also causative factors for difficulty in breathing. The Middle English text picks up at the end of the *Cura* section. See commentary. Cures discussed prior to phlebotomy (f. 153r) include rules for the administration of narcotics, baths, fumigations, sleeping, and dietary controls.

**[f. 153r. . . ]** and be arterijs and makib a man strayte of brebe, ban lete hym blode. And lete hym vse ordeatum and water of barliche and make nesche wexe in oleo violato and nenifare and lay hyt vppon hys brest wib colde oylys. 3iff asma come in childeryn bat souken, 3eue hem be iuse of ffenel flache wib

mylke. 3iff it come off wynde, þan enoynte his brest wib oleo costino, laurino, castorei, mu[sca]tellino.810 3iff it come of oper pasciouns, ban cure hem ffirst as it is forseyde.

Jtem, bis electuarium is goode in pasciouns of be breste and in asma:

**233 Rx** sſulcci<sup>811</sup> caulium libra j. Boyle hyt and skeme hyt, croci ʒ iij, panis ʒuccare, mellis ana libra β. Make berof electuarium.

Clarificacio. Entende bat a mannys brebe is wibhalde by his wylle ober by wibhaldinge. 3iff it be wib constraynynge, anone he schal be dede. Also, a man may deve ffor deffaute of aventynge and for lacke of puttynge out of fumous superfluytees. Perfore, many men deyin sodeynliche as men bat bib abraste.

3iff hit be wib his goode wille, ban a man may be longe wib out brebe ffor he hab vapours passinge out bat he ne ffelib nozt. Whanne the brote is constrayned wib violence ban he ne hab none euentacioun nober wib ffelynge ne wib out ffelynge. Perfor, he deieb. In anober manere it may be of wib haldinge of brethe wib his wille and in anober manere agen his wille.

Jn be 2, entende bat boz be herte be an hoote leme, neuerbelatter, whanne a man drawib toward debe his herte may be colde. And in bat maner brethe, boz it come of be herte, it may be colde ober lytel hete peron. For pe herte is bicome colde. In a ffeuere agu it is an euel signe and mortal.

Jn be 3, entende bat colde binges and stiptica mowe be goode in schort brebe, as bib sandali, camphore, succus porri, and oper mo. Pis Y sey whan be vertue of meuynge of lacertis is ffeble ffor grete hete and ffor racchinge of the body.

Jn be 4, entende bat colde binges and meuynge comyb some naturel vertue wib wille and some of naturel vertue bat gouernyb. And in bat manere it comyb some of be herte wib meuynge bat recchib and constrayneb. For he bat zeue vertues zaf meuynge. And some it comyb of naturel vertue wib dede. For it drawib and recchib of wille and of vertue puttynge out bat is goode to putte out binges bat agreuyb. And in bat manere it puttib out, boz naturel vertue semy to vs. Now it is so bat meuynge of besteliche vertue ouercomyb naturel in tyme of wakynge, but meuynge of naturel vertue ouercomyb besteliche vertue in tyme of slepe.

In be last, entende bat meuynge bat comyb of racchinge and constrayinge comyb [f. 153v] of be same vertue, bog bey come of dyuerse maneres now constraynynge and now racchinge.

#### De Pleuresi, 9

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Pleuresis is enpostem, hote of be lacertis ober of be panniclis ober of be helynge<sup>812</sup> of be ribbis.

Entende pat pleuresis is in double manere. Oon is verray and anoper is nozt verray. Pat is nozt verray oper it is in be lacertys oper in be fflesche of be ribbis wib out oper in be ffals ribbes bat bib vnder dyafragma. Whaper it be wip out oper wip in oper it comyp of wynde.

Pleuresis bat is verray comyb in be helynge of be ribbis wib inforbe and prinspaliche in be place bere be helynges comyb to gedre in be ioynynge of be ribbis. For somtyme panniculis helib be ribbis wib in and some departib be spiritualis ffro be nutrityues and bat is clepyd dyafragma. And oon departib be

<sup>810</sup> muscatellino] mutacellino

<sup>811</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>812</sup> helynge] corr. by deletion of e in heelynge in black ink

pyce in twayn endlonges. Now it is so bat in partijs ferr fro be ribbis in helyngis ne may engendre none enpostem, but in partijs bat bib ioyned wib be ribbys. For bere bib vaynes and arterijs and some manere fflesche and humour. Perfor, in bat place may be engenderyd enpostem. Pleuresis bat is verray is enpostem of be helinge of be ribbis wib in and it is an hoot enpostem ober be matere is hoote ober it hab gadered hym hete by cause of rotynge.

Pleuresis may be engendryd in bobe sydes, in be rizt syde and in be lifte syde, but bat is in be rizte syde nys nozt so perilous, but it wole lattre termyne, as Auicen seib. Now it is so bat bis enpostem termyneb in many maneres - somtyme wib out felynge wib vapours and bat is be best termynynge. Somtyme it swetib out and gob to be loungis and is put out wib cozinge. Somtyme it termyneb wib quytture and gob to be canelys of be loungis. Somtyme it gobe to be holounesse of be brest and is made clene in 40 dayes. For whan be loungys recchib bey drinkib in bat matere and whan bey bib constrayned be mater is put to be canelys of be loungis. Pan it is put out wib cozinge as Galen techib de interioribus. Somtyme mater of pleuresis bicomyb hard as a stone. Some tyme it gob to be waies of be vryne burz a grete vayne. Somtyme it gob to be guttis. Somtyme it is put to ober lemys. We schulleb yse many binges hirof in be signes.

Causa. Pleuresis comyb somtyme off causis wib out, somtyme of causis wib in. 3if it come of causis wib out, bat is of grete hete and of grete coldenesse and prinspaly 3if bere come [f. 154r] myche meuynge and it come of myche drinkynge of clere wyne ober of miche drinkynge of colde water ober whan souberen wynde comyb after be norberen wynde and it comyb disposicioun of tymes of be 3ere. Perfor, it comyb most in veer, in so myche 3iff it come of replecioun. 3iff it come of colere, ban it comyb most in somere. 3iff it come of malencolie, ban it comeb most in haruest. 3iff it come off ffleume, ban it comyb most in wyntere. Pis pascioun comyb late in elde men and, 3if it come, it is grete perile. And it comyb late in men bat hauyb soure balkynge.

3iff it come of causis wiþ in, þan þe cause goynge to fore may be replecioun of þe hede and of alle þe body and prinspaliche whan þere comyþ a grete coldenesse in þe ayre.

Causa þat is mene of þese, for þe most parte, is colere. Þe secunde is bloode. Þe 3 is fleume. Þe 4 is malencolie. Wynde may be cause þerof, but þat nys noʒt pleuresis verray.

Signa. Some signes signifieb humours in be cause and some signifieb tymes of be zere and some signifieb takynge a way of be matere to anober partye and some signifieb hele and some signifieb deb and some makib distincioun bytwixe bese. And in bis manere signes of pronosticacioun bib ytake. Perfore, it nys no nede to sette no rubrike. And hereby we schulleb knowe<sup>813</sup> whane be sickenesse of be staat ffro be bigynnynge and herof comyb al be cure.

First speke we of be ffirst.

Signa. Signes þat signifieþ pleuresim biþ 4, as Galen sayþ in de crisi. Þe ffirste is akynge of þe syde wiþ prickinge. For þeron is 4 manere causes of akynge, as euel conplexioun, brekynge of place þat schold be hole in so myche þat þe mater passiþ out in þe mouthe of þe vaynes and ʒitt þat<sup>814</sup> wixiþ more in þe vaynes.

Pe 2 signe is a contynuel ffeuere. For be mater is rotyd in be lemys ober in be placys nei3 be herte. Pe 3 signe is straytenesse of brethe for compressinge of be spiritualis.

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<sup>813</sup> knowe] preceded by knge deleted in red ink

<sup>3</sup>itt þat] þat 3itt þat

Pe 4 is a co3 followynge berwib for binge bat swetyb to be canelis.

Pe 5 signe may be added wip be pous as it is forseide. For bis euel<sup>815</sup> is in a leme ykeuered wib a pannicule. Whan be matere is fleumatik ban bis is myche yhydde.

Signes of humours þat biþ in cause biþ þese. 3iff þe mater come of colere, his vryne wolle be ʒelu and hyʒ of colour and þinne and his pous hard and swyft and scharpe akynge and his spetynge ʒelu and oþer signes to take þinges naturel and innaturel and aʒenous kynde.

3iff bloode be in be cause, ban his vryne wole be rede and bicke and his pous ful and his spetynge somdele reed. And entende bat rede spetynge [f. 154v] is full euel. For it signifieb a vayne to broke. And ban he mote haue contrarious curis as in ydropesye wib a ffeuere. For pleuresis mote haue mundificatiues and a vayne bat is broke mote haue constrictyues. Spetynge bat is somdel reede is goode in be ffirst bigynnynge. For bat signifieb lordschipe of blode and bat wole liztly be deffyed. And it comyb by wey of swetynge ffro be pannicle nozt by way off brekynge. Pou schalt knowe bloode by bese signes and by ober bat bib saide off blode.

Pou schalt knowe ffleume for his vryne is louz in colour and bicke and his pous out of ordre and myche spetynge and agreuaunce in slepe.

Mater of malencolie bou schalt knowe. For it ne hab no3t myche akynge ne prickynge and be spetynge wole be ledy and lytel and his vryne lou3 in coloure and ober signes bat signifieb malencolie.

Pe 3 spice of signes is take of be tymes of the euel. And Galen spekib berof in be booke de crisi. Alle be tyme bat he ne spetyb no3t and is vndefyed and no3t moyste ne watery ober grete and viscous and hard ober wib grete trauaile of co3inge, bat is be ffirst bigynnynge of the pascioun. And whan he bigynneb to spete and is somdele defyed and bicomyb more lizte berwib and wib lasse trauaile, ban it is in wexinge. And whan his spetynge is whyte and ly3t and euene and wib lizt co3inge and is releuyd berewib, ban it is in staate. Whan alle bese bycomyb lasse and be ffeuer is goynge a wey, ban it is toward be ende.

And herof bou schalt take kepe 3iff be ffirst bigynnynge of bis euel be longe, ban alle be euel wole be longe. And whan be ffirst bigynnynge is schorte, ban alle be sickenesse wole be schorte. Now pleuresis bat comyb of colre in a 3unge man wib stronge vertue bat wole be of schorte termynacioun. 3if alle particles accorde, it wole termyne in 40 daies. Whan be mater is colde and be tyme colde ban it wole be be more longe. Somtyme it accessib in 24 dayes, as in heruest and somtyme more. And hirof spekib Ypocras of pleuresis bat nys no3t verray ober pleuresis bat comyb of colde mater.

Somtyme enpostemys brekiþ in 20 daies. Þerfor, it is fulle necessare to a leche þat he kunne knowe þe soþe þerof and þat he kunne knowe þe longenesse ffro þe state ffro þe ffirst bigynnynge rigt as tymes off an euel biþ yknowe by vryne in sikenessis of þe lyuere and of þe vaynes and in sickenessis of þe stomak by egestioun. Jn þe same manere, þe tymes of sickenessis of þe brest and off þe lounges biþ yknowe by spetynge.

Perfor, in sickenessis **[f. 155r]** of be pyce and of be loungis take goode kepe of be spetinge ober els bou ne schalt make berof no pronosticacioun ne dyete hym ne cure hym.

In pleuresi and peripleumonia be more bat he arechib and spetyb be more he is releuyd berby. For in pleuresi bat may be holpe. Pe staate nys nozt be worst tyme for so myche bat be mater swetyb

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>816</sup> pleuresis] *preceded by* pleus *deleted in red ink* 

buy3 be pannicles. And in be same manere it is put out and so he is releuyd berby. For bis nys no staat toward be accidencys but toward digestioun.

Pe 4 manere of signes is takeof hem þat makiþ translacioun. Þe mater of pleuresis by way of sinthomatia and is put out to þe herte and þe signe þerof is sincopis. Somtyme þe mater is put to þe loungys. Þe signe þerof is þat þe akynge nys noʒt so stronge, but straytenesse of breþe is more. Somtyme it tournyþ into ptisic. Þe signe þerof is more hete after mete þan tofore.

Somtyme it is put to be brayn. Pe signe berof is ffrenesis and out of mynde. Somtyme it [is] put to be nerues and be signe berof is spasmus. And alle bese<sup>817</sup> bib euel. Somtyme it is put byhynde be erys and ban it may be to gedere and in ober many maneres.

be 5 manere of signes is take of hem bat makib distinction bitwixe enpostem of be lyuere and pleuresym. For in enpostem of be lyuere his pous is watery and akynge in dyafragma in be rigt syde and his couginge is drye and his akynge nys nogt ful scharpe. 3iff it be in gima, ban his egestion is as it were waschynge of flesche. 3if it be in gibbo, ban his vryne wole be bicke and be place wolle swelle.

Signes þat makiþ distinccioun bitwixe pleuresim and peripleumonia biþ þese. In peripleumonia [h]is<sup>818</sup> pous is watery and his akynge nys noʒt ful scharpe and strayte of breþe and he schal haue more akynge bitwixe his schulderys and his chekys wolliþ be reed. Þei þat signifieþ ffrenesym, but blackenesse of þe tunge and drynesse, and his vryne louʒ of coloure and he ne haþ noon akynge of þe sydes to fore.

be 6 signe is take of hem bat signifieb hele, as whyte spetynge and lizte and euene and wib lytel couzinge and be pacient is releued berwib, so bat it come some in be first bigynnynge and contynueliche wib out drede bat signifieb hele. And prinspaly<sup>819</sup> whan ober signes accordib berwib, as goode slepe and goode appetzte of mete and zif haue medicynes bat bey availe hym and bat he ne go nozt to myche to sege ne be nozt to lyquyd and bat it be done in tyme bat is ywonyd for be done. And bat his vryne ne be nozt rede, [f. 155v] but in be mene and make goode recedence. And entende a good reule of vrynes, as saib Ysaac, vryne in egestiouns of be lyuere and of be vaynes hathe sertayn significacioun whaber it be goode ober euel.

Jn si[ke]nessis<sup>820</sup> þat biþ wiþ out þe vaynes, as in pleuresi and in oþer mo, ʒif his vryne be to preysinge it is goode, but it nys no serteyn signe of hele, in oþer particulers it may.

3if his vryne be euel and indigest, and so of oper euel condiciouns, þat [is]<sup>821</sup> serteyne signe þan of deþ. For 3iff digestioun faile in þe rote it mote nede faile in þe braunchis.

Þe 7 signe is of pronosticacioun of debe.

Pronosticacio. Signes of pleuresis 3if þei be euel and wiþ grete trauaile, þey signifieþ deþ, as grete akynge in a 3unge man whan his vertue is al awey of þe grete akynge. Also grete<sup>822</sup> straytenesse of breþe and hote and swyfte. Also co3inge wiþ grete trauaile whan it lettiþ slep and his mete. Also stronge feuere. For þat is most agreuous off alle euelys, as it is ywryte septimo de ingenio. Off his spetynge þou my3t take signes of deþe, as whan it is ledy and blacke and viscouse and wiþ grete trauaile in co3inge and whan he ne may no3t putt hyt out, þat signifieþ feblenesse of vertue and of lacertis oþer grete

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>817</sup> þese] *preceded by* þese *deleted in black ink* 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>821</sup> is] it

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mater and viscous. Entende þat in euery sickenesse of þe brest ʒif he ne may noʒt put out his spetynge, it is euel. Oper ʒif it be put out and be sodeynliche wib halde aʒen, bat signifieb agreuaunce deullynge bat is mortel, so bat be mater be defyed. For it achekyb. Myche goynge to sege and bynne is euel.

Vryne þicke and ledy, grene oþer blacke signifieþ deþ. <sup>823</sup> Also, feble pous. Entende <sup>824</sup> þat in pleuresy and in euery sickenesse, ʒiff þe leche worche skylfully and none errour ne falle and ʒif þe pacient be noʒt releuyd for medicynes þat biþ do to hym skylfulliche but it is more agreued þerby, þat is euel signe and moral. Jn swiche it nys noʒt goode to abyde. Now we haueþ yseyʒ signes and pronosticacioun, go we to þe cure.

Cura. Jn þe ffirst bigynnynge, take kepe whaþer he be costyf. 3iff it be so, þan make hym suppositorijs oþer clisteries as it ffalliþ þerfore. Þan make hym calefaccions. For þey wolleþ cure oþer de[fye]. S25 3if his body ne be noʒt replete, þey wolle cure. 3iff his body be replete, þey wolliþ make more akynge. And in þis manere þou schalt make distinccioun þat vniuersal purgacioun schal go to fore. 3iff þe akynge falle a doun and þe mater be agreuous, þan purge hym wiþ violis, [f. 156r] cassiafistula, manna. And Galen seiþ þat it is more sikerer in euery akynge, whaþer it aryse vp oþer ffalle a doun, lete hym blode ffirst. Þerfor, in pleuresi, ʒif his body be replete and his vertue stronge, lete hym blode, as Auicen seiþ, in þe same syde. And aftere þat, ʒif he may bere hyt, in basilica in þe syde afornʒen oþer, ʒif þou wole, in sophenis.

Entende in his place after he techinge of Galen vppon his particle, quando dolor ad spatulas, etc.

Off þe lyuer þere comyþ a vayne and goþ to þe herte. Þan þere aryseþ out a stocke þerof til he come to a place þere twayn ioyneþ to gedre. But after tyme þat þey departiþ of þe stocke þat comyþ from þe herte þey makiþ twey bowys. And þat oon gooþ to þe riʒt arme and þat oþer to þe lifte arme and makiþ basilicam in þe bowynge of þe arme. Þese twey vaynes, þat biþ clepyd basilice, drawiþ euene as it were of a pytte. Þerfore, by þis resoun it is also goode in oon syde<sup>826</sup> as in anoþer. But þere is anoþer þinge. Þere biþ vaynes þat biþ clepyd capillares þat nourschiþ þe ribbys aboue. Þey goþ to þe vaynes þat comyþ out of basilica. And so ʒif he be lette blode ffirst in þe same syde, þan vaynes þat biþ clepyd capillares wolleþ drawe more mater to þe place and in þat manere it wolde make þe sickenesse þe more. 3iff þe sickenesse be confermyd and his body be replete, lete hym blode in þe partye afornezen and þan wole þe mater þat is corupt drawe to noble lemys.

Perfor, in be first bigynnynge, 3 if his body be replete, he schal be lete blode in be syde afornegen ober in sophena in be same syde and after bat in be same syde. And Galen seib 3 if bou ne fynde no3t basilicam, ban lete hym blode in mediana. And 3 if bou ne my3te no3t fynde bat, ban lete hym blode in cephalica. For it what partye so it be ydo, it avoydib al be body.

Entende þis wel þat letynge bloode and medicynes laxatyues mote be wel ydo þat his vertue ne be noʒt ymade feble, þat his vertue þat cureþ euelys. Þan make hym calefactorijs wiþ a sponge oþer wiþ a vessael of bras oþer glas oþer erþe, ʒif þe mater be colrike, and a cloþe ylayde bitwixe þe vessael and his syde.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>823</sup> deþ] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

<sup>824</sup> entende] entende entend

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>825</sup> defye] de

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3if be mater be grete and viscouse, ban make hym calefactorijs of orobum, fenigrecum, ffurfur ygrounde to gedre and put in a sacke and iboyled in water and vynegre and ypressed out harde and ylayde to his syde. But in alle bese binges schal be cautele bat also blyue as bei bib colde remeue hem a wey.

ziff be mater be of bloode, ban **[f. 156v]** make hym calefactorijs of salt and mylium yfred to gedre and put in a sacke. Pan lete hym vse bis drinke in be manere of a gargarisme and soupynge and holde hyt longe in his mouthe:

**234 Rx** radicis brusci, sparagi, graminis ana  $\S$  j, endiuie, scareole ana  $\S$  ij, capilli veneris recentis, ordei ana libra  $\beta$ , quatuor semina ffrigidorum maiorum and minorum, semen papaueris albi, liquirice munde, cubebarum ana  $\S$  j, mellis  $\S$  ij, panis  $\S$  iuccare libra j. Make þerof a syrupe libra j and  $\beta$ .

3iff be mater be colde oper be tyme be colde and it be hard to bringe out be mater, ban we may do berto hony  $\S$  ij and radix yreos, ysopi, apij ana  $\S$   $\beta$  and a lytel vynegre. And 3if his cou3 be ffeble and we ne drede no3t of be straytenesse of be pyce, ban bou my3t do bese binges berto lasse ober more after be particulers. Whan we yseeb bat be forsaide binges ne helpib no3t as bey scholde, ban make bis enplastre maturatyf and mytigatyf, whan be sickenesse dureb longe.

**235 Rx** radicis malue, orobi, ffenigreci, semen lini, nasturcij, semen feniculi, amigdalarum dulcium, dragaganti, gummi arabici, [c]ubebarum, liquirice munde ana 3 j. Stampe hem and boyle hem to gedre in water and make berof enplastre wib oleum sizaminum.

3iff be mater be swybe hoot, ban make an vn[gu]ement<sup>829</sup> of popileon and butter wib out salt and dockys gre[c]e<sup>830</sup> and wib oyle of violis and wex. bis oyle and oynement mow be put in wolle vnwasche and ylayde to his pyce and lete it be bere oon houre ober tweyne. And now do oo<sup>831</sup> manere and now anober.

Now bou most take kepe of his dietynge. It mote be dyuersyd after be staat of be ffirst bigynnynge. Whan he spetyb a lytel, bou schalt zeue hym lytel; and whan he spetib more, ban zeue hym more. And whan be sickenesse is of late termynynge, ban bou schalt zeue hym more. For his vertue ne may nozt endure hyt. And whan he spetib lytel, bou schalt zeue hym lytel, bat is to seye at onys. For his vertue semyb ffeble and ne may nozt defye at onys. 3iff he spete myche, ban his vertu semyb stronge and ban bou myzt zeue hym myche mete at onys. Pis euel is of schort termynacioun. Pere ne may no man diete welle, but he knowe be staat fro be ffirst bigynnynge.

A man þat is in pleuresi mote holde hym welle apayde wiþ water of barliche ystrayned oþer wiþ ptisana þat be þicke. 3iff þis pascioun dure hym longe, þan lete hym vse ordeatum in þe morewe and lasse aneue.

He mote holde hym apaide wip water of barliche whanne [f. 157r] bou wulte nourschy and make colde and clansye.

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<sup>827</sup> See commentary

<sup>828</sup> cubebarum] jubebarum

<sup>829</sup> vnguement] vnement

<sup>830</sup> grece] grete

<sup>831</sup> oo] *preceded by* þeron *deleted in red ink* 

Jn be 2, bou myst seue hym ydromel wib water, bat is to seye  $\frac{3}{4}$  j hony and libra j of water. Whan we wolleb make clene.

8375

Jn be 3, he may vse whyte wyn bat be ffeble bat wexib vppon hyllys wib myche water. And bis bou schalt do to conforte his vertue. Pese 2 drynkys schulleb be most vsed in be ffirst bigynnynge whan be mater is colde.

Jn be 4, his drinke schal be syrupys julep, bat is water of a welle and sugre. Pat is goode for delicate men to make colde.

8380

His 5 drinke may be bis. Take water of a welle libra j, mellis, aceti ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j,  $\frac{332}{5}$  pannis zuccare  $\frac{3}{5}$  ij. Medle hem to gedre. Pis is goode drinke for delicate men whan we wollip make colde and clene.

8385

Pe 7 drinke may be of be brothe of a lytel checke, whan he is delicate and ffeble and hab myche agreuaunce. Take a lytel whyte cheke and sebe hyt in myche water of a welle wib letuse ober wib colde sedys wip out salt and flesche. Sethe hyt tile be bonys departye fro be flesche. And lete hym vse bis brobe oper whyle and no maner fatnesse beron.

Pe 8 drinke may be whan he ne may nozt slepe for berst and his tunge is drye. Pan lete hym vse sirupus violaceus and nenifar ober<sup>833</sup> syrupis papaueris wib myche quantite of sirupis julep ober wib water of barly oper wib welle water and oper mo.

8390

Entende hir a goode worde bat Auicen seib. Hony ne schal nogt be refused in pasciouns of be brest. For it is a ledere of alle medicynes bat bib goode to be spiritualis. Make his medicynes wib hony and prinspaly whan be mater is colde and grete, but it mote be tempered and repressyd as it fallib berfor.

8395

3if bese binges ne suffyce no3t, he may vse auenatum, whete mele ysode wib almaunde mylke. And he may vse, Y sey, colature of bran and he may vse ffische bat is ful of schellys ytake of clene rennynge water ysode wib salt and persyle in water.

His regimen schal be makyd grete after be longenesse of be staat. Alle bese binges Y resigne to a kunnynge leche.

Jtem, he may vse water of maluys, vyolet, longe de beef, borage. And he may vse spinarchijs, lactuca, passulis mundis, amigdalis, juiube, cucubitis and violis.

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3iff be mater be fleumatik, lete hym vse be iuse of caulium and ysopi wib hony and soupynge of whete.

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Off his brede, entende bat swete brede nys nozt for hym, ffor it stoppib, ne brede wib myche leuayne nys nozt for hym. For it wole make be enpostem breke to sone. Perfor, in be goynge a way bis brede is goode for hym and after [f. 157v] be tyme bat be enpostem is to broke and 3 if it be longe or be breke.

cherijs.

In be goynge away zeue hym cromys of brede ywasche in water and he may ete rere ayren and kyddis fflesche and zeue hym applys ysode and mala granata bat be swete and rype damescenys and

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Entende bese reulys of Ypocras. Pou ne schalt neuer lete hym blode ne zeue hym medicynes laxatiues be while he is costyf. First bou schalt make hym clisterijs and suppositorijs. And ne zeue bou hym no mete whan he is in grete akynge, but his vertue be ffeble for leernesse.

<sup>832</sup> See commentary

ober] preceded by and deleted in red ink

Pou ne schalt nozt lete hym blode ne 834 zeue hym no medicynes laxatiues, but in tyme bat he hab most reste. Pou ne schalt nozt zeue hym oximel, bat is to soure, but bese particuleris acorde berto bat bis pascioun be goynge a waye and be mater be grete and viscous and his vertue be stronge and lytel couzinge and nozt strayte of brebe. And zeue hyt hym in litel quantite wib myche ptisana els for be grete strengbe it wole do hym harme.

Entende bat some men makib repercussyues in pleuresis in be ffirst bigynnynge, but Y ne haue nozt bat opynioun. For ziff bey be put wib in, ban bey makib grete and constrayneb and makib raw and makib rotie. 3if bei be done wib out, ban it ne may nozt put away be mater for be crokydnesse of vaynes lettib and bickenesse of ribbes.

First repercussyues ne bib nozt good for it wole make be mater renne more to be place zif be mater be putte a wey byhynde and nost to fore.

Jtem, some men bib about to cure pleuresim wib attractiues whan his body is made clene, ban he settib ventosis vppon be place and hoote plasteris of mustard seed and ober mo. But Y ne am nozt of bat opinioun, but for be mater nys nost wel tretable for be kynde of be place. For it is allegate drede of encresynge of be enpostem for grete vyolent drawynge.

Jtem, some men enforsib hem self myche to aceesye be accidencis bat comyb to bis pascioun, as ffrenesis, myche wakynge, costyf ober to myche laxatyf, and ober mo. Herto Y asente, but in be ffirst bigynnynge he mote be wel kept. 3if þis pascioun be curable, þan he ne schal nogt haue þese accidencis. But Y suppose bat bese binges be erryd, ban it is a goode conseyle for do remedies berto whiche schullib be founde in her placys. Perfor, [f. 158r] hit nys no nede to make hit to longe here.

3if it so be bat be sickenesse drawe to longe and we mote nedis make hyt rotye, ban lete hym vse bis syrupe:

236 Rx radicis yreos, ysopy, lilij ana 3 j, caricarum, dactulorum ana 3 ij, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, ju[iu]barum, 835 liquirice munde, dragaganti, gummi arabici, quatuor semina frigidorum ana  $\S$  iij, capilli veneris recentis, mellis, zuccare ana libra β. And do þerto orobus, ffennigreci, lynseed, culuere dunke, opopanac. And make perof an enplastre and lay hyt vppon his syde.

3if any manere man axe of be brekynge and of be quytture and of cozinge and of ober mo, ban go we to be chapitre of be coze and in be chapitre de asmate and ptisi and bou schalt ffynde hyt atte ffulle in what manere bou schalt make mundificatiues. Pereffor, it nys none nede to make lenge worchynge berof.

Now we mote speke de ptisana. Take barlige bat be fulle and clene and rype and nogt to olde ne to newe wipout any euel brebe and euel sauour and wip out medelynge of any ober corn and bat it be gaderyd in tyme nogt corupt and bat it wexe in hyge londe fer from foule placys and corupt and bat it be kepte in placys bere ayre may come berto. Off bis manere barliche take libra j and stampe hyt a lytel and put hyt in an erben vesseal wel yglasyd wib 20 libra of water of a welle and boyle hyt wib lent fuyre wib drye wode wib out smeche and be wode ne sc[h]al<sup>836</sup> noʒt be corupt. But \zif bou myʒt lete it be of juniperum oper of oke and loke bat be ffuyre be clere and clene and boyle it to consumpcioun of be half,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>834</sup> ne] ne ne

juiubarum] jubebarum sa6 schal] scal

ban lete it coldye. After bat, strayne hyt softely and kepe hyt. Þis manere water hab alle maner goodenesse of clensynge and preschinge and makynge colde and ober mo.

Entende þat barliche wiþ þe hoole makiþ more clene and wiþout þe hulle it nourschiþ more and confortiþ. 3if þou wolt þat it noursche more, þan boyle hym til twey partijs of þe water be consumpt and be somdele þicke and lete hym soupe hyt in þat manere sickenesse. Þis is iclepyd of Ypocras ptysana colata.

3if we wolleb make ordeatum ffrumentum, ban do awey be hoolys of barlige and wasche hym in many waterys, and ban sebe hym as longe as bou wolt sebe beef, ban grynde hyt wel in a morter, and ban tempre hyt wib almaunde mylke, and clense hyt, and ban boyle ham to gedre wib lent fuyre til bey bicome bicke.

Some men makiþ ptisanam in þis manere. Þey puttiþ barliche grounde in a erþen vesseal and settiþ þat vessel **[f. 158v]** in a caudroun fful of water. In þis manere þou myʒte make ptisanam ffor delicate men and wiþ out smyche.

Entende þat þou myʒt make decocciouns of whete and spelta, auena, cicera, orobus, ffenigrecum and oþer mo, but, as Ypocras saiþ, þe decoccioun of barlige passiþ alle graynes in goodenesse. And Y bydde forzeuenesse ffor Y passye ouer so liʒtly siþþe þis mater is so euel and so perilous, but in anoþere place we hauyþ ispoke þerof, Supra Regimentum.

Whan he is rekeuerynge ban babe be particle of be pacient wib grete besynesse and make clene and conforte hyt.

Clarificacio. Entende þat pleuresis nys noʒt onliche enpostem in dyafragma, but in þe panniculis wiþin þe ribbis, as Galen seiþ in primo aphorismo<sup>837</sup> and seiþ þat pleuresis is enpostem of þe paniclis wiþin þe ribbis.

Jn þe 2, entende þat ʒif pleuresis be engenderyd of ffulnys, þan it comyþ most of blode. And ʒif it be engenderyd most by preschinge, þan it comyþ of colere. Whan þe skyn is þicke, þan colre preschiþ most. 3if it be engenderyd of a reume and ffallynge doun, þan it comyþ most of ffleume. 838

3iff it come of congestioun, þan it is engenderyd most of malencolie, but to seye þe soþe it is most engenderyd of colere and after þis resoun it comyþ most in veere. 3iff it come of bloode, and in somere. 3iff it come of colre, but þan it passiþ liʒtliche a way wiþ vapours. 3if it come of malencolie, þan it comyþ most in heruest. And in wynter, most of ffleume. After þis resoun pleuresis comyþ late in olde men

And gif it come in hem, ban it comyb most of fleume. And it is ful perilous by resoun of ffeblenesse of vertue, as in gunge men it is perilous by resoun of be mater. In gunge men it comyb most of colre and in myddel age it comyb most of blode.

Jn þe 3, we schulleb entende bat rede spetynge by hym self is euel. For it signifieb brekynge of a vayne and ban contrarious medicynes bib goode for hym as it is forsaide.

3iff it be medlyd wib whyte, it is goode ban more subrubeum ban rubeum.

Jn þe 4, entende þat in bodijs þat biþ fulle, in þe first bigynnynge, þey schulleþ be letyn blode in þe partye afornezen. 3iff it ne be nozt so ful and þe sickenesse be confermed, þan do in þe same syde. 3iff þe humours be colde, þan letynge [f. 159r] blode may be goode in akynge ffallynge adoun. For þat is most siker as Galen seiþ. And ffirst it schal be do in ffulle men, as Auicen seiþ, of þe sophene in þe same

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aphorismo] anphorismo

<sup>838</sup> fleume] preceded by reume deleted in red ink

syde oper in basilica in be syde afornzen. 3if he haue more nede, ban do it de basilica in be same syde oper in basilica in be syde afornezen.

8490

Jn þe 5, entende þat no stronge medicyne schal be zeue in pleuresi whateuer olde men seye now haldiþ þe same wey, but to leue al manere disputaciouns it ne semeþ nozt resounable. Þerfor, ziffe hym cassiafistula, manna, tamarindis, juiube, borage, buglossa, violis, pruna, and oþer mo. Bi þese he ne schal nozt be holde vnkunnynge. And make hym also suppositorijs and clisterijs þat be softe.

8495

Jn þe 6, entende, þat as it is forsaide, þat repercussiues ne biþ noʒt goode in pleuresi. And ʒif þei be goode in any manere, as seyþ Eben Mesue, þan it is goode in þe ffirst bigynnynge and þat wole make þe mater grete and in þat manere it nys noʒt goode. Þerfor, Y mervayle þat in what maner Eben Mesue erryd so þeron.

8500

Jn þe 7, entende þat maturatyues ne biþ noʒt goode in pleuresi, but whan þe sickenesse is longe and we ne haue none oþer way to make clene his body. Do þerto euaporatiues for quytture is ful perylous.

Jn be laste, entende bat vapours arysynge to be hede and ffallib to be pannicles and rotib bere and bicomib hoot and in bat manere it engenderib pleuresim.

### De Peripleumonia, 10

8505

Peripleumonia is an hote enpostem of be loungys. Pis enpostem somtyme termyneb by way of resolucioun, somtyme it bicomyb hard, somtyme be matere is put to be brayn, somtyme to passinges outward, somtyme to pleuresim, but late to be nerues. Somtyme it tournyb into empima. 3iff he be made clene in 40 daies, it is goode. 3if it ne be no3t so and his vertue be feble, it is suspecte.

Cause. Somtyme peripleumonia is engendryd of pleuresis. And allegate it is euel. And it comyb ofte of a reume and it may come of euery humour. And pleuresis ffor be most parte comyb of colre; in be same maner, peripleumonia for be most comyb of fleume.

8510

Signa. His pous is watery and he hab a stronge ffeuer, straytenesse of brebe, and myche hardenesse bat almost abrast hym, hys fface rede, and his yzen to suolle, and akynge bytwix his tweyn schulderis.

8515

Pronosticacio. Peripleumonia þat is engenderyd off **[f. 159v]** pleuresi, for þe most parte, it makiþ oon of þese twayne þinges. Oþer it sleeþ hym wiþin 7 daies oþer it tournyþ into ptysic. 3if þe mater of peripleumonia termyne to wayes of þe vryne, it signifieþ delyueraunce.

8520

Entende in þis place by grace of þe mater þat pleuresis þat comyþ of colre, ffor þe moste parte, is mortel and so euery pleuresis<sup>839</sup> is mortal. For þe most part, þey biþ engenderyd of colere. Þe resoun þerof is þis. He schal haue þerwiþ grete hete and grete akynge by cause of prickynge and þe coldenysse of medicynes ne may noʒt welle make colde<sup>840</sup> þe place þerof. For þe vertu of þe medicyne þat scholde make colde ne may noʒt come wiþ alle his vertue therto whaþer it be layde wiþ out oþer wiþ in. Wiþ out by way of enplastre ffor þe þickenesse of þe ribbys wolle lette.

Cura. Pe cure of peripleumonye is almost be same as in pleuresi, but in peripleumonia we schullib do stronge binges vppon be particle of be pacient and we mote be more besy to make hym clene wib couzinge.

<sup>0.2</sup> 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>839</sup> pleuresis] *preceded by* s *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>840</sup> colde] *preceded by* clene *deleted in red ink* 

#### De Tremore Cordis, 11

Tremor cordis is meuynge of be herte in be manere of quakynge bat comyb out of kynde.

Cause. Some biþ wiþ in and some wiþ out, as to myche hete þat comyþ sodeynly oþer coldenesse oþer lerenesse oþer accidencis of þe soule whan þey biþ out of mesure oþer venym ytake oþer bytynge of venymous bestis oþer feuer pestilenciale oþer wormys and alle þinges schortliche þat enfebliþ þe vertue of þe herte.

8530

8525

3iff it come of causis wib in, ban it comyb of grete pasciouns of lemys bat bib neig be stomak ober to be herte. And it may come of pasciouns of be brayn and of be loungis and of be stomak and of be lyuere and of be splen and of be maris. Also, bis pascioun comyb of wynde and it may come of vapous of corupt blode comynge to be herte and of colere and of fleume and of malencolie.

8535

Signa. Signes of causis wip out forp bou my3t haue by schewynge of be pacient. And whan it comyb of pasciouns of ober lemys, bou schalt knowe hyt by be pasciouns and by be signes berof. 3if it come of wormys, ban he hab most penaunce to fore mete and he takib mete bey bigynneb to aryse.

3if it come of lernesse, he hab most penaunce to fore mete. 3if it come of grete ffelynge and racchynge, þan it<sup>841</sup> comyb of euery liʒt cause.

3iff it come of wynde, ban it comyb ligtlyche and ligtly it passib.

8540

**[f. 160r]** 3if it come of hete, þan his pous and his breþe biþ swyfte and besy and out of ordre. 3iff it come off blode, þou schalt knowe hyt by naturel partijs and in naturel. 3iff his vryne be reede and his brest hote and he haue þirst and he be ʒunge and in reste and he etiþ metis þat multiplieþ blode and he be a glad man, þise particuleris biþ nexte þe soþe þat þis pascioun comyþ of blode. And þe same manere we may seye of colere. 3if his vryne be ʒelu and þynne and his pous be swyfte and grete þerst and he be a ʒunge man þat trauaile myche and etiþ þinges þat multipleiþ, þan it comyþ of colere.

8545

Off fleume his vryne is louz in coloure and bicke and his pous out of ordre and lytel. 3iff he be slepy and heuy and in wyntere tyme, ban it comyb of fleume and makib bat be herte ne may nozt meuye in naturel meuynge. For it lettib be vertues berof. Perfor, be herte meuyb in be manere of quakynge.

8550

Jn be same manere de malencolia. 3iff he be amlious and leene and in heruest and be bynne and he be liztlyche agarst and so of ober signes, ban it comyb of malencolious fumys bat gob to the herte and be herte ne may not suffrie bese malencolious fumys. Perfor, bey meuyb out of ordre and quakib rizt as quakynge comyb in hondys and fete whan be vertue of be leme ne may nozt gouerne hyt for tremelynge is a meuynge conpouned, as it is write in de morbo.

8555

Pronosticacio. Euery euel conplexioun whan it passib out, it makib feble be vertue and makib quakynge. And quakynge makib sincopis and sincopis makib deb. 3iff enpostem come to be herte, ober it is myche ober lytel. 3if it be myche, ober it is hoote ober colde. 3if it be hoote, it sleeb be same day. 3iff it be colde, it makib hym dede. 3iff it be lytel, as<sup>842</sup> a pustula, ban it sleeb hym in be 4 day. And he schal blede atte nose as it were ynke.

8560

3iff tremor cordis endure longe, it signifieb deb.

3iff after tremorem come castynge bat be grene, it signifieb spasmus and deb.

<sup>841</sup> it] it it

as] preceded by and deleted in black ink

3iff þe herte be wounded oþer it is in þe rigt syde oþer in þe lyfte syde. 3iff it be in þe rygte syde, oþer it is myche oþer it is lytel. 3if it be myche, it sleeþ hym anone. And giff it be lytel, in þe ffirst day. 3iff it be in þe lifte syde, in þe same day oþer in þe same houre whaþer it be myche oþer lytel. Vlcus in þe herte makiþ deþe.

Cura. Entende þat in euery tremelynge<sup>843</sup> of þe herte þinges of goode sauour biþ goode. 3iff þe cause be hoote, ʒeue hym þinges of goode sauour þat be colde. Neuerþelatter, entende þat **[f. 160v]** þis is<sup>844</sup> goode þoʒ discracia be myche.

Thinges of swete smellynge þat biþ colde biþ þese: violis, nenifar, rose, sandali omnes, camphore, acetum agresta, succus acetose, malorum granatorum, acetositas citri, limonum and citrangulorum, aqua rosacea, cacabre, coriandrum preparatum, and ffructus aromatici, as biþ citonia, pira, poma dulcia, lac, acetosum, ptisana, ʒuccare. Composita biþ þise: sirupus limonum, ribes. But þis ribes nys noʒt yfounde in þis londe. Sirupus rosaceus, violaceus, and confecciouns þat biþ made hirof and gobettys of camphre, dragagantum frigidum and alle siche manere. Swete smellynge þinges þat biþ hoote biþ þese: ambra, cortex citri and citrangulorum, nux muscata, cinamomi, semen maiorane, basiliconis, vinum aromaticum, folijs enule.

Conpouned biþ þese: tiriaca, metridatum, pocio muscata, letia Galen, dya ambra, dyamargariton, dya[c]ameron, <sup>846</sup> dyarodon, julij, alip[t]a <sup>847</sup> muscata, and oþer mo, and chekenys ylarded and yrosted wiþ goode wyn and water of rosis.

Pei þat biþ goode in boþe causis biþ þese: ffoyle of golde, clene siluere foyled, margaryte, corallus, rasura eboris, spodium, os de corde cerui, iacincti, bla[c]ca<sup>848</sup> bisancia, smaragdus, deronicum, crocus, melissa, borago, buglossa. Hirof þou myʒt make electuaria oþer poudris oþer gobettis oþer syrupis and oþer mo. Hirwiþ þou myʒt amende his ayre.

Now we haueb yseiz alle bese, go we to particulers.

3iff it come of blode, þan lete hym bloode. And lete hym vse sirupo de boragine and buglossa and sirupo rosato and acetoso [and]<sup>849</sup> sirupo limonum þat be þeron sandali, camphore. And make clene his body wiþ prunis, manna, and f[l]ore[s]<sup>850</sup> borago, and buglosse and lete hym smelle sandali, muscilagines rosis, aqua rosacea, acetositatem citri.

3iff be mater be colerik, defye hyt in bis manere: wib a syrupe of borage, buglossa, sirupo violato, sirupo julep, sirupo nenifar bat camphora be beron and rosis and sandali. And purge hym wib violis, cassiafistula, tamarindis. And lete hym smelle violis, nenifar, rosis, and acetositatem citri.

3iff þe mater be ffleumatik, þan deffye þe mater wiþ sirupo de borago [and]<sup>851</sup> buglosse and oximel diuretik þat cortices citri be þeron, nux muscata, semen maiorane, basiliconis. And make þerof an appul de ambra, lignum aloes and musco and purge hym wiþ yerapigra, yeralogodion yscharpyd wiþ pulpa coloquintida.

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tremelynge] preceded by te deleted in red ink

is] is is

londe] preceded by longe deleted in red ink

<sup>846</sup> dyacameron] dyatameron

alipta] alippa

<sup>848</sup> blacca] blanca

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>849</sup> and] et

<sup>850</sup> flores] fore

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>851</sup> and] et

3iff þe mater be malencolie, defye þe mater wiþ sirupo de borago and buglossa and ffumoterre and oximel squillitico and schal be epithimus, lignum aloes, gariofilorum, cinamomum. And he schal smelle [a]liptam<sup>852</sup> muscatam and purge hym wiþ yeralogodion, yerapigra yscharpyd wiþ lapidis armenicus. 3iff it come of wynde, **[f. 161r]** frote hym and ʒeue him dianthos wiþ musco, dya anisum. And he schal forsake alle þinges þat engendryþ wynde.

3iff it come of myche ffelynge, zeue hym swete smellynge þinges wiþ fewe hote þingis. And he mote forsake alle trauayle þat is to myche, bobe of body and of spyryte. 3iff it come of wormys ober of venym and ober mo, cure hem first as it is seide in here placys.

Entende þat crocus ne schal nogt be geue, but in lytel quantite. 3iff it were in myche quantite, it is venym and it wole sle hym wiþ lauginge. Þe mychelnesse of þe geuynge ne schal nogt be taugt.

Jtem, entende bat be iuse of buglossa ytake wib gariofilorum is goode in tremore cordis. Also, entende bat a cheke schal be lardyd and yrostyd and ysprengyd wib water of rosis and acetositas citri and wib swete wyne and lete hym haue be sauour berof.

3iff be mater be colde, ban lete hym ete bat cheke hoote, 3if he may ete any flesche. 3if be cause be hoote, lete hym ete hyt colde. In bis caas, take kepe of be mater and do to hym after be particuleris of be pacient.

Clarificacio. Entende þat þoʒ meuynge of þe herte naturel be a meuynge of racchynge and constraynynge, ʒitt it nys noʒt naturel, but out of ordre and out of kynde. And percas meuynge þat is as it were quakynge nys noʒt only in al þe body, but in oon leme þat meuyþ. Meuynge of þe herte nys noʒt meuynge of wille, but of kynde. But we may seye þat þis meuynge may answere to meuynge of wyl and in some manere meuynge þat is as it were quakynge may be put to þe herte by a manere paiynge.

Pe herte suffriþ quakynge and iectigacioun, siþþe it is so þat þe herte is a leme þat is rote of alle vertues and a delicate leme, þan it ne may noʒt susteyne so myche mater þat is odiouse. Þan þe herte meuyþ to sesye awey þe matere. And þerfor, þis maner meuynge is out of ordre and swyfte and þat is clepyþ tremor cordis. And it is yfelyd openliche under þe lifte tete. 3iff þere nere no meuynge to þe herte, þan tremor cordis ne myʒt noʒt come. Þis maner meuynge ne comyþ noʒt to þe lyuere ne to oþer mo.

Ne be armes whan be[i]<sup>853</sup> liggib vppon anybinge ne meuyb noʒt, but be pascioun be myche out of cours and veolent and neiʒ to a palesye, ban bis meuynge is clepyd vermiculosus ober formicans. But ban it schewib openly whan any man entendib to meue his hede wib wille ober do any binge and prinspaliche in ryʒt meuynge, ban it semythe meuynge of tremelynge. Whan any binge out of kynde comyb to lemys bat meuyb by [f. 161v] wille, ban vertue is enfebelyd and ne may noʒt fulfille his meuynge. It meuyb som partye, but ban it ffaileb. Pan kynde meuyb aboue and euel bynebe and ban meuynge bat scholde be ryʒte ffaileb bat kynde wolde ffulfille and ne may noʒt ffor feblenessse of vertue. Perfor, to speke properliche, quakynge nys noʒt in lemys bere<sup>854</sup> is meuynge by wille, but it may be putt to be herte. Poʒ meuynge of be herte be noʒt by wyl, neuerbelatter, in so myche bat it is naturel, it schal be sette ffor wille. Natural meuynge whan it is lette of nobinge, ban it is fulfilled wibout

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<sup>852</sup> aliptam] liptam

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>853</sup> þei] þe

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any defaute. Jn be same maner, meuynge of be herte is fulfilled whan<sup>855</sup> it nys lette of nobinge. But whan any vnkyndeliche binge comyb to be herte, ban bey ne may noʒt fulfille her naturel meuynge. And in bat manere 'bei<sup>7856</sup> may noʒt strecche hirself atte fulle ne constrayne hirsilf, but bey hastib to do bobe and nober hu ne may fulfille. And bis maner meuynge that is besy aboue and binebe out of ordre is clepyd tremor cordis. Pis pascioun makib sincopin and deb. Perfor, bou most wib grete besynesse take kepe berof.

Jtem, entende bat be herte may be enpostemyd in hureself and be skyn bat gob about and enpostem berof ne may nozt come to fulfillynge. For be herte ne may nozt suffre so longe. For er it come to be staate he scholde deye an hunderyd sybes.

Jn þe 3, entende þat þoʒ hoote þinges and colde be contrarious, ʒitt þei may acordye in effecte. But in cardiaca pascione boþe enfebleþ þe vertue, but in dyuerse maneres. For coldenesse makiþ pressynge and hete makiþ þe ffume passe out. And whan it is wiþ swetynge it is clepyd cardiaca dyaforetica. And or so myche accidencys of þe soule mowe engendre cardiacam and drede and sorowʒ and ioye.

Jn þe 4, entende þat þoʒ letynge blode enfebely myche, ʒitt it may be goode in þis pascioun. For his vertue enfebliþ þeron ffor myche matere.

Jn be last, entende bat be iuse of maiorana and buglossa wib gariofilorum bib goode in tremore cordis and in cardiaca and prinspaliche 3iff be cause be colde and his body makyd clene.

#### De Sincopi, 12

Sincopis is  $tak \ ynge^{/857}$  awey of ffelynge and meuynge in al be body ober in be most parte for feblenesse of be herte.

Entende about þis mater þat tremor and sincopis ne dyuersiþ noʒt, but þat oon is mor scharpe þan þat oþere. For þe causis biþ feble in tremore and stronge in sincopis. Þerfor, **[f. 162r]** causis and signes and þe cure acordiþ myche.

Entende þat mene causis of [s]incopis<sup>858</sup> mow be twayne, as al þinge þat makiþ kyndeliche hete passye out sodeynliche of þe herte and al þinges þat makiþ to myche hete in þe herte.

Cause. Causis of sincopis, some biþ wiþ out and some wiþ in, as to myche swetynge and myche baþinge and venym ytake and bytynge of venymous bestis and to myche hete þat comyþ sodeynliche and to myche coldenesse and quytture and coitus to myche and al þinges þat makiþ to myche lere, and grete replecyoun of mete and drinke and ayre of stinkynge pittes an[d]<sup>859</sup> pestilencial ayre and it comyþ for accidencis of þe soule and to myche ioye and oþer mo.

Causis wiþin biþ pasciouns of lemys wiþ in, as it schewiþ in þe brayn for apoplexiam and epilenciam, and as it schewiþ in pasciouns of þe stomak, as in myche replecioun and myche lernesse, as it schewiþ in canino<sup>860</sup> apetitu and in bolismo, and in akynge of þe stomak and betynge þerof, as it schewiþ in colica and yliaca, and in flux of þe wombe and in wormys and in fluxu menstruorum and

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>855</sup> whan] *preceded by* what *deleted in red ink* 

 $<sup>^{856}</sup>$  þei]  $\emph{corr. by deletion of}$  þe  $\emph{in red ink}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>857</sup> takynge] *corr. by deletion of* e *in red ink* 

<sup>858</sup> sincopis] cincopis

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>860</sup> canino] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

emoroidarum and in myche fflux of blode of be nose ober for myche hete of be herte and sotilnesse of humour and coldenesse and gretenesse of humours and ffeuer pestilencial and ffor akynges and ffor hard accidencis þat comyþ to a feuere and for woundys and enpostemys and quyttoure and stronge akynge and al trauaile of soule and body and letynge bloode in hem bat ne bib nozt ywonyd berto and ober mo, as it is forseyde.

Signa. Some signes per bib pat signifieb sincopini to comynge, as quakynge of be herte and chaungynge of colour in his face to innaturel coloure and choungynge of his pous into softenesse and coldenesse in his lemes wib out.

Some signes bere bib peroxismum of sincopis, as takynge a wey of felynge and meuynge and lytel pous and dede colour in be face and alle binges bat bib forsaide in be secunde booke bere we sette signes of al manere sincopis and bytwixe sincopis and debe. Some signes bere bib bat signifieb causis. 3iff be causis be primityf, ban bey may be knowe by men bat bib about hym, whoso take goode kepe berof. 3if it come of pasciouns of lemys, ban bou<sup>861</sup> schalt knowe hyt by be same lemys.

3iff sincopis come wipout any cause bat be of bobe wib out and wib in and it come sodeynliche, ban it comyb for pasciouns of be herte bat is euel and mortal.

Asaye alle partijs of be body and bou ne schalt nogt faile of be cause, wheber [f. 162v] it be bicke oper binne oper replecyoun oper lernesse oper hete oper coldenesse. Pou schalt yknowe venym in bis manere. For he schal haue orrible sauour in his body and in his moube. Oper causis bib open ynow3.

Pronosticacio. 3iff any man haue longe tremorem cordys and sincopis come sodeynly beruppon ban be nede is spedde.

3iff any man suffre longe sincopin and be colour off his face be chaungyd into ledy coloure ober grenesse ober blacke, ban he ne schal neuere walke vppon be grounde.

3iff sincopis come sodeynly and wib out any cause, bat may be knowe. And 3iff sincopis be longe, it is spedde.

3iff bou zeue to a man bat hab sincopin medicynes to make hym ffnese and he ne ffnese nozt, as poudre of ellebori al, oper 3if be pouder be cast in his nose and he ne ffsnese no3t, ban bere nys no counsaile, but bringe hym be croys and be patible.

Curacio. Pou schalt worche in parioximo and in anober manere after. 3if he ne haue no signes of deb, as it is forseyde, ban worche we in bis manere be while sincopis dureb. Frote hys hondys and his feete wib a scharpe clobe ober wib salt and vynegre and bynde be same lemys harde.

In be 2, put hym in clene ayre and clepe his proper nam[e]<sup>862</sup> and hyz ofte tyme.

Jn be 3, take water of rosis and muske and cast in his fface an hyz. Ober colde water in 3 cases: bat is 3iff sincopi[n]<sup>863</sup> come for myche coldenesse oper of myche replecioun oper of flux of be wombe.

Jn be 4, bou schalt putte to hys nose swete smellynge binges bat be colde in an hoote cause and hote in a colde cause. And cast swete smellynge binges in his nostrelles, but in oon caas bat is in suffocacyoun of be marys. Pan put galbanum to here nose, asa fetida, alip[t]a<sup>864</sup> muscata bynebe.

Jn be 5, we schulle do berto wyn, but dyuerseliche. For zif be cause be lernesse, ban zeue hym wyn wib brobe of flesche. 3if be cause be hoot, zeue hem colde wyne wib colde water.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>861</sup> þou] þou þou

<sup>863</sup> sincopin] sincopim

alipta] alippa

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3iff be cause be colde, zeue hym wyne wib hoote water. And for replecyoun zeue hym swete smellynge wyne bat be clene and in lytel quantite.

Jn be 6, open his mouth wib a knyf of tree and ffrote his tunge and his teeb wib triacle and pocio muscata.

Jn þe 7 and þe last, put þinges in his nose to make hym fnese. And ʒif he ffnese, <sup>865</sup> it is goode. 3iff he ne do noʒt, lete hym be.

3iff he ne be noʒt in paroxismo, but he drediþ þerof oþer of a ffeuere, ffor he wole lete hym bloode and dude noʒt toffore. Oþer ʒiff he haue tremorem **[f. 163r]** cordis, þan þey schulliþ alle take some swete smellynge þinge. He schal ete a gobette of brede ywette in þe iuse of citoniorum oþer in wyn oþer in watere of rosis oþer dya ambra, pocio muscata and so of oþere swote þinges after þe ffallynge off þe particuleris.

Now we hauyb ysezy al bese, go we to be cure after dyuersyte of causis.

3if it come of primytyf causis oper of sickenesses bat bib knowe, cure<sup>866</sup> hem first by her contrarijs as it ffallib berfor, as it is wryte in ober placys. As in bis manere. 3iff it come of venym, 3eue hym triacle and ober binges as it is forseyde in chapitre de venemis.

3iff it come of pasciouns of be soule, do berto be contrarye. 3if it come of ioye, make hym sory. And 3if he be sory, make hym gladde and so of ober mo.

3iff it come of swetynge, auente hym and do to hym sandali and camfre. 3if it come of fflux, restrayne hyt wib binges bat ffallib berfore. 3if it come of wormys, sle hem wib bittre binges. And so of alle ober causis. And for be causis bib many, berfor, we wollib reduce hem to 4 causis: bat is to myche hete ober to myche coldenesse ober to grete lernesse ober to grete replecyoun.

J suppose þat hete be in þe cause, þan ʒeue hym soure mylke whan þe buttre is drawen out and alle colde þinges, as biþ sandali, rosis, camphre. And his house schal be by þe grounde and sprenge hyt wiþ colde water an[d]<sup>867</sup> vynegre and lay þeron wiþy leuys and nenifar. And he schal vse a syrupe of nenifare and of violis, sirupo limonum and triasandali and ʒuccare roset and camphre and oþer mo þat biþ forsayde in tremore.

3iff sincopis come of colde cause, þan ʒeue hym swete smellynge þinges þat be hoote, as muscata, lignum aloes, ambra, pocio muscata, and oþer mo þat biþ forseyde in chapitre de tremore. And ʒeue hym alle þinges þat be hote in dede. And make hym goode ayre by crafte þat be hoote wiþ swete smellynge þinges.

3iff sincopis come of replecioun and it be about hys stomak, make hym cast. Medicynes to make cast bip ofte sayde. 3if be replecioun be aboute his guttys, make hym clistere. And 3if blode be in be cause, lete hym blode wip confortynge of be stomak wip in and wip out.

3iff it be replecyoun of oper humours, purge hem and lete hym ete lasse and lyue in abstenence as it fallib berfore. In bis caas he ne schal not be constrayned to resceyue mete. For be comyn manere is to 3eue mete whan a mannys vertu failib ffor grete replecyoun and bat wole make hym more apraste. [f. 163v] Therfore, Ypocras seyb Y ne fynde no leche bat knowib be strengbe of sickenesse. For be comyn

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>865</sup> ffnese] preceded by ffn deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>866</sup> cure] *preceded by* b *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>867</sup> and] an

maner ne makib no distinccioun wheber his vertue be ffeble for lernesse ober for replecyoun. Þerfor, enioyne hym abstenence in tempere after be particulers.

3iff sincopis come for lernesse, ʒeue hym mete þat be sotile and lyʒt to defye and of in lytel quantite. 3eue hym broþe of flesche and croumys of brede and ayren ygrounde wiþ lytel quantite of swete wyn. Oþer make hym þis maner mete: roste for hym hennys oþer partrigges oþer motoun and larde hyt wiþ larde and \clowis \frac{1868}{868} and cast þeruppon watere of rosis and vino mutascellinis and lete hym smelle þerto longe. After þat tyme, grynde hyt wel and do þerto swote smellynge wyn and put alle þese in a clene cloþe and presse out þe iuse þerof and make hyt hoot wiþ lent fuyre and ʒeue hyt hym. Þis is a grete confortatyf in men þat biþ lene and wiþ out a feuere. God ne ʒeue vs neuer no better til þis day. And ʒeue hym oþer þinges þat nourscheþ and restoriþ as it is forsayd in lene men þat biþ in etik and consumpt. But þese þinges þat smelliþ swete schulleþ be ʒeue in lytel quantite. Allegate by ordre. Oþer causis schulleþ be sayde in her places. Þerfor, go we þerto.

Clarificacio. Entende pat sincopis is prinspaliche a pascioun of pe herte. Jn pe 2, it is a pascioun of pe brayn. For peron is wytte and his meuynge for pe msot parte.

Jn þe [3],<sup>869</sup> entende þat in sincopi his pouse is take awey for þe most parte and in some manere it leuyþ, but it is lytel perceyued.

Jn þe [4],<sup>870</sup> entende þat it is possible to dey sodeynly off ioye, as Galen seiþ in Morbo. For alle his hete passiþ out whan kynde ffeliþ hym self so dispeyred in þe herte it it restrayneþ and bicomyþ a grete dosynge. And in þat maner he may deye for contrarious meuynges. And þoʒ sincopis may be engenderyd of wreþe sodeynliche and þoʒ in wreþ be myche exalacioun and sodayn and, neuerþelattre, myche generacioun and sodeyn and in þat manere is boylynge of bloode in þe herte. And in þat manere þey ne costraynyþ noʒt hir silf for defaute. But in ioye is myche passinge out and contynuel lousynge. For þey chaungiþ contynuelliche and engendriþ noʒt aʒen. Þerfor, whan kynde ffaileþ þei wene forte helpe hemself wiþ constraynynge and sleeþ hemself wiþ aþrastynge and percas þe[i]<sup>871</sup> wolde [f. 164r] ffaile, þoʒ þei constraynynge not made for defaute of hete and lesynge of kynde.

Jn þe [5],<sup>872</sup> entende þat in a grete herte sincopis comyþ more þan in a lytel. For þey wole raþer<sup>873</sup> lese here hete. And in a lytel herte þe hete is bettre kept. Þerfor, in grete bestys þat biþ dredful, God ordeyned a boon in þe myddel of þe herte þat þey ne scholde noʒt fayle anone for drede, as in an herte.

Jn þe [6],<sup>874</sup> entende þat colde water in sincopi þat comyþ of ffulnesse closiþ þe poris and makiþ colde. And in þat manere þe cause is addyd. Neuerþelatter, in some manere it may be sufferyd noʒt for þe ffirst entencioun. But for þe secunde, þoʒ it excyte hete, slepynge by cause of þe stroke, and for it ffalliþ fro an hyʒ and is icast vppon hym wiþ grete wille and excitiþ hym, in þat manere it may be gode. Neuerþelatter, me þinkiþ þat it were bettre in þis caas to excyte hym wiþ ffrotynges and cryes and wiþ suete smellynge þinges and auentynges and fnesingis and oþer mo. What schul we do? Y resigne hyt to

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<sup>868</sup> clowis] corr. by deletion of chewe hyt in red ink

<sup>869 3]</sup> secunde

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>870</sup> 4] 3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>871</sup> þei] þe

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>872</sup> 5] 4; corr. to 4 by deletion of 3 in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>873</sup> raþer] *preceded by* re *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>874</sup> 6] 5

be leche bat worchib. In be last, entende bat ffrotynge is goode in sincopi bat comyb of lernesse. For it drieb and consumyb and excyteb, 3iff it be do in tempere.

### De Pascionibus Mamillarum, 13

Tetys biþ glandulous lemys ihelyd wiþ vaynes and arterijs to regendre mylke to noursche þe bacheler þat is newe bore til he mowe take gretter mete.

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To tetys comyb many pasciouns, as takynge a wey of milke and to myche mylke fallynge berto and congelye beron. And berof comyb suellynge to be tetys and enpostemys may be engenderyd in be tetys and nodi and glandule and hardnesse and vlcera and fretynge<sup>875</sup> ffistula and hy mowe wex to grete. But in bis place Y wole speke of stinkynge of be tetys and of all be body. And berof we wolleb speke schortely. Mylke is multiplyed for mychelnesse of bloode and for be goodenesse berof.<sup>876</sup> Mylke bicomyb lytel for lytel blode and for be malice berof.

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Causa. Enchesouns þat makiþ lytel mylke biþ many, as drawynge of blode to anoþer partye, as myche fflux of menstrua, and of oþer mo. It bicomyþ lasse for þinges þat makyþ drye, as lytel mete and drinke and myche trauaile and oþer mo. It is also for euel qualyte of blode ffor kynde ne may noʒt gouerne hyt. And it may come of habundaunce of colere, ffleume, and malencolie.

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Signa. 3iff hyt come of ffluxis ober of abstenence ober of trauaile, it may sone be knowe **[f. 164v]** by be knowynge of be pacient.

3iff it come of waterinesse, þan it may come of to myche rest and for þey useþ wortys and fruytes and fische.

3if it come of to myche blode þat be euel in conplexioun, þou myʒt knowe hyt by hys body and for 8795 hure blode is þredy.

3if it come of colre, bou schalt knowe hyt by 3elunesse of be mylke and by ober signes of colre.

3if it come of ffleume, bou my3t knowe ffor here blode is myche, watery, and here mylke, and ober signes of fleume.

3iff it come of malencolie, bou my3t knowe ffor hure milke is swybe grete and stipticum and by ober signes off malencolie.

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Curacio. 3iff it come of myche fflux, restrayne hyt and drawe hyt aweyward. 3iff it come for defaute of mete and drinke oper of euel conplexioun oper of euel mete and trauayle and oper mo, ban cure hym by be contrarie; bat hu haue mete and amende be euel qualyte of mete and of trauaile and of oper mo and bey mote haue reste.

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3iff it come of waterinesse, ban amende be euel conplexioun and make hire clene.

3iff it come of colre, defye hyt and avoyde hyt and 3if here colde metys, as letuse, cucurbita, melones.

3iff it come of ffleume, defye hyt and avoyde hure and 3eue here hote metys and drye in tempere.<sup>877</sup> Jn be same manere of malencolie purge hym and 3eue hym metys hote and moyste. Metys and medicynes and materialys bat engendrib and multiplieb<sup>878</sup> in clene bodyes is whete isode and mele

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>875</sup> fretynge] *preceded by* ffe *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>876</sup> perof] preceded by *bI* deleted in black ink

temperel preceded by tr deleted in red ink

multiplieb] corr. by deletion of j in multiplijeb in black ink

berof and amidum and a confeccioun bat is clepyd [triti]<sup>879</sup> and risi and clene barliche and mele of cicerum and benys, sizaminum, swete almaundis, oleum sizaminum and carice, zinziberis albi, cinamomum, pannis zuccare.

Hirof he may make mete oper decocciouns and colatures wib wyne oper drinke or oper confecciouns after be ordynaunce of a wyse leche. And bou schalt entende bat binges bat engendrib mylke engendrib sperme.

### De Habundancia Lactis<sup>880</sup>

Bloode by kynde gob to be tetys and tournyb be kynde of mylke in 3 causis: ober for a womman hab consequed oper heo hab ibore a childe oper menstrua bib wibhalde.

Whan mylke wexib to myche in be tetys it makib swellygnge and hardnesse and congelib. And bis congelynge schal be discreued fro enpostem. For it is in alle be te[tys]<sup>881</sup> oueral and yliche greate wib a manere ledy coloure. Enpostem wole be in bat on syde.

Curacio. 882 Jn be first bygynnynge do repercussyues and resolutyues berto wib hoote water and vynegre and e[m]brokis<sup>883</sup> aboue and mylke ofte bicomyb lasse in oon of 4 manerys: wib swybe driynge binges, as bib lentes, ffabe, acetum, ober [f. 165r] wib colde binges as muscilago psillij and citoniorum and papaueris, oper wib grete resoluynge binges and hote, as gummi rute agrestis, oper wib binges bat bib to moyste, as bib grene<sup>884</sup> leuys of coriandre and iuse of cucurbita. Alle binges bat makib lytel sperme makib lytel mylke. Make lass<sup>885</sup> here nourschement and drye be blode and resolue and make hyt colde and moyste and in bat manere it mote nedis bicome lasse. For myche mylke comyb of grete replecioun of blode.

Whane mylke bicomyb hard in be tetys, somtyme it comyb of grete hete bat bou myzt knowe whan be mylke berof is zelu and alle be tete hote. Somtyme it bicomyb hard of colde mater bat bou my3t knowe whan here mylke is watery and al be tete colde. 3iff bis hardnesse come of coldenesse, ban resolue hyt wib hoote binges, as wib be iuse of blete, succus rute, ffennigrecum, anisum, ciminum, siceleos, abrotanum, succus ffeniculi.

Take oon hirof<sup>886</sup> ober many and medle berwib mele of lupinorum and mirra and croco and whyte wyne and make berof enplastrum and ley vppon be tete. Ober do berto clobis ywette in be forsayde iuse and lay hem beruppon fflasche. 3iff bis hardnesse come of hete, ban take be iuse of caul, iuse of morel, iuse of coriandre, iuse of portulaca an[d]<sup>887</sup> þan medle þese wiþ oyle of rosis and stronge vynegre and wib barlige mele and make berof an enplastre. And bou myzt do berto a lytel quantite of mirre and croco bat it may presche be better and it schal be layde allegate berto flache bingis. Milke bat bicomyb hard and dob a wey akynge and swellynge of be tetys so bat bey vse goode regimen bib bese: vynegre,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>879</sup> triti] oci

<sup>880</sup> Emended to a subheading from chapter 14

<sup>882</sup> Curacio] preceded by Cu deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>883</sup> e[m]brokis] enbrokis

<sup>884</sup> grene] preceded by ge deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>885</sup> lass] corr. by deletion of e in lasse in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>886</sup> hirof] *preceded by* hr *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>887</sup> and] an

whyte wyn, hote water. Hete hem alle to gedre and cast beruppon vppon hure tete and it wole resolue wel.

# **De Apostemate Mamillarum**<sup>888</sup>

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Pe tetys enpostemyh as dob oper lemys. 3if þe cause be hoote and þe particuleris ffalle þerfor, lete hure blode. And 3if heo be myche replete, þan lete hure blode in þe partie afornezen. 3if it ne be noʒt so, þan lete hure blode in þe same syde. And make hure body clene after þe mater. Whan þis is ydo, 3if þe mater be neyʒ þe hede of þe tete, þan do þerto repercussyues clene. 3if it ne be noʒt so, þan putte wiþ repercussyues resolutyues. For els it were drede lest þe mater drawe to þe herte. In þe ffirst bigynnynge, make a fomentacioun for here brest wiþ hote water and vynegre and oyle of rosis. And make enplastre þerto wiþ mele of benyn and barliche and camomille and a lytel quantite of sandalis and medle hem wiþ vynegre and whyte wyn þat be ffeble. And make þerof an enplastre [f. 165v] and laye þeruppon.

Pis is maturatyf and mytigatyf. Take be marouz of a calf, zolkis of ayren, ffennigreci, lynsede, smal mele bat ffleeb in a mille. Medle hem wib oleum sizaminum and make berof enplastre. 3iff be mater be colde, whan<sup>889</sup> his body is made clene, ffirst make hym a fomentacyoun wib hoote water and vynegre and whyte wyn bat be ffeble. Þan make hym bis enplastre:

**237 Rx** riʒi ʒ ij, apij ʒ j. Stampe hem and boyle hem in wyn and þan presse out the wyne and make þerof enplastre and laye þeruppon. Þan make hyt maturatyf in þis manere:

**238 Rx** lilij, 890 apij ana  $\S$  j, ffenigreci, semen lini, ffarine tritici, mirre ana  $\S$   $\beta$ , croci  $\S$  j. Medle hem wiphony and make perof an enplastre.

3iff bou wolt worche more strongly. 3if it ne be noʒt rotyd wel, it wole make hyt rotye. And ʒiff it be irotyd ynowʒ, it wole breke hyt and open hyt. Take leuys of ruwe and persici grene wib a bole galle. Ober bou myʒt breke hyt wib a bole galle ober wib quycke lyme and blacke sope. Ober open hyt wib a lancete. And bou most be wel ware bat it be softeliche ypressyd for be grete akynge. 3iff it be a venymous enpostem, as antrax and carbunculus, cure hem as it is forseyde in be first booke.

#### De Nodis et Glandulis et Duricie Mamillarum

Take dragagantum, gummi arabici, ʒelkys of ayren, oleum violaceum. Medle hem to gedre and make berof an enplastre.

3iff bou wult worche more stronglyche, molte wex and piche in oyle of rosis and do berto a lytel galle and culuere tourdys and draftis of olde wyne and lay hyt vppon be hardnesse and vppon glandulas.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>888</sup> Emended to a subheading from chapter 15

whan] preceded by w deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>890</sup> See commentary

#### De Corrosione et VIcere et Fistula Mamillarum

Take nucis cipressi, gallarum, cassielignee ana ʒ ij, aloen, corticis thuris ana ʒ j, litargiri ʒ iij. Poudre hem and tempere hem wib clere wyne 3 daies and 3 nyʒtis þan boyle hem to gedre tyl þey bicome þicke and enoynte þerwib vlcus ober ffretynge. Þis medicyne is gode in euery vlcus and in ffretynge and prinsplay in a nesche leme.

3iff be teete be afestryd, wasche hyt euery day wib whyte wyne hote bat mirre be boyled beron and ban drye hyt. Pan take sarcocollam, aloen and poudre hem and medle hem wib hony and wete beron a tente and putte in be ffestre. And bat is gode for bis ffestre, bo3 we have spoke of a festre in be ffirst booke.

#### De Magnificacione Mamillarum

Somtyme a wommanes tetys bicomyb to myche ober in lytel maydenys. 3iff bou wolt make hem wexe, ban bou most ofte make some fomentaciouns berfor wib hoote water and vynegre. And make enplastre beruppon wib [f. 166r] ceruse, chimolea, bolo armenico, terra sigilata.

3if þou wolt make more stronge, þan worche wiþ narcoticis, as opium, mandragora, iusquiamus, papauer albi, muscilago psillij. What we spekiþ in þe tetys, þe same entende in þe ballokys.

# De Fetore Ascellarum<sup>891</sup>

Stynkynge of be armepittys and of al be body, 3iff it dure longe wib out any cause, it signifyeb lepram to comynge. Amende hys regemen and his dietynge and purge his body wib blodeletynge and medicins laxatiuis after be humours bat bib in be cause. Pan make hym babingys and whan he gob out of his babe wasche hym wib a decoccioun of yreos in water and alym, litarge, mirre, spicenardi, rosis. Pan make his armpittys and al hys body. Resolue alip[t]am<sup>892</sup> muscatam, sandali, rosis. Poudre hem and medle hem wib water of rosis ober wib oleum laurinum and enoynte hym berwib his armepittys and al his body.

Clarificacio. Aboute þis mater þere biþ many þinges to take kepe. Jn þe first, why in men and in wommen biþ here tetys in þe brest and in oþer bestis in pectine by kynde in þe wombe, as in sowys. J sey þat in men and in wommen þey biþ in þe breste for þei scholde noʒt lette hem in meuynge. For ʒif þey were byneþe þan þey wolde lette meuynge. Also, þe place ne were noʒt honest to ʒeue mylke.

Pe 2 cause is for it is sode tway sibes and it is yholpe in be brest for be hete of be herte. In kyne and in ober bestis be tetys ne bib nozt in be brest. For bat wolde lette him to go in be leggis tofore, but bey bib bihynde to ward bat place be lyuere hongeb and bat ne lettyb nozt her meuynge. For be ffete bihynde folewib be meuynge of be forfete.

Sowys haueb tetys in al be wombe for bey haue many piggys.

Jn þe 3, Y aske why men hauyþ tetys siþþe<sup>893</sup> þey ne ʒeueþ no mylke. And siþþe þey haueþ tetys, why ne hauyþ hy no mylke. For Aristotle seyþ in Histore Animalium þere was somtyme a gote þat had mylke after þe tyme þat he was ymade chaste and had a maulede kydde on hire. Why is it noʒt so in men? J sey þat men to speke propliche ne hauyþ none tetys, but a lickenesse of tetys. Riʒt as wommen

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>891</sup> Emended to a subheading from chapter 16

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>892</sup> aliptam] alippam

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>893</sup> siþþe] *preceded by* swyþe hyʒe *deleted in red ink* 

ne hauyb none ballokys, but lickenesse of ballokys wib inne. Men hadde bat for fayrnesse bat bey ne scholde nozt semye dyminute, nozt ffor no werke bat hy scholde do berwib, but for fayrnesse.

Off be secunde, Y sey bat bey ne haueb no mylke for bey ne haueb none instrumentys berfor. But bey bat hauyb tetys ful of flesche it is possible bat bey haue moysture beron bat be whyte ylike to mylke, but it nys no verray mylke. And it was in be forsayde gote for be goodnesse [f. 166v] of be lese, zitte it nas nozt verray milke.

Jn be  $\sqrt{4}$ , 894 Y aske why bat tetys wexib in wommen and nozt in men? Y sey bat in bobe bey encresib and bicomyb lasse, but it is lytel in men. For it nys in hem for nobynge, but for worschype. But in wommen hy wexib myche to receyue myche mylke for be ende berof.

In be  $\sqrt{5}$ , 895 entende what tetys in wommen bib best grete oper smale. I sey bat be mene bib best. For lytel ne mowe nozt resceyue ynowz of mylke.

Jn grete tetys nys no goode digestioun. Pey bat bib in mene quantite bib best.

Jn be [6], 896 entende bat enpostem and ober euelys ffallib ofte tyme to tetys of wommen an[d] 897 more pan to men. Pat is for bey bib more and more racchinge and resceyueb mo superfluytees and here vertue is more feble. In men it is al consumyd and berfore it ne ffallib nozt to hem.

Jn be [7], 898 entende bat repercussyues bat bib in be mene in enpostemys of tetys mowe be well ydo. For be tetys bib neg to e[m]oyn[c]torijs<sup>899</sup> of noble lemys and bey ne bib nogt in be e[m]unctorijs<sup>900</sup> and be holys berof ne bib nozt so large. And be repercussyues ne schulleb nozt be swyb colde, but ymedlyd wib some resolutiues. For els it were drede leste be mater wolde go to a noble leme. Þerfor, bey schullib be in be mene.

Jn be [8], 901 entende bat lentes and ffabe may be goode to resolue. For bey dryeb and bey may be medlyd wib ober resolutiues, as ffenigreke and ober mo.

In be [9], 902 entende bat stinkynge vnder be armepyttys may be engenderyd off malencolia and of euery oper humour, nozt onliche of rotynge, bat is substaunce of corrupcyoun.

Jn be [10], 903 entende bat repercussyues mowe be goode in stynkynge of be armepittys. For bey ne schulleb not be done but whan his body is made clene. And ban it dryeb and makib clene, sibbe bey bib drye. And in bis manere mirtus may be goode and ober mo.

Jn þe [11], 904 entende þat armpittys 105 in 30nge men stynkiþ more þan in elde men. Þo3 corupt mater be more in elde men, zitte hem ffayleb hete to meue hyt. And for so myche bat zonge men bib worse of regymen and bey bib more hoote.

<sup>894</sup> 4] corr. by deletion of 3 in black and red ink

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>895</sup> 5] corr. by deletion of 4 in red and black ink <sup>896</sup> 6] 5 <sup>897</sup> and] an

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>898</sup> 7] 6

emoynctorijs] enioyntorijs

<sup>900</sup> emunctorijs] eniunctorijs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>901</sup> 8] 7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>902</sup> 9] 8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>903</sup> 10] 9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>904</sup> 11] 10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>905</sup> armpittys] *preceded* I *deleted in black ink* 

# Book 5

Capitulum primum De Difficultate Transgluciendi

Capitulum 2 De Debelitate Appetitus

Capitulum 3 De Jndigestione Stomachi

Capitulum 4 De Canino Appetitu

Capitulum 5 De Siti

Capitulum 6 De Eructuacione

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Capitulum 9 De Abhominacione et Nausea et Subuercione Anie

Capitulum 10 De Vomitu et Apendiculis eius

Capitulum 11 De Inflacione Stomachi

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Capitulum 14 De Dissinteria

Capitulum 15 De Tenasmone

Capitulum 16 De Recapitulacione Omnium Fluxum Ventris<sup>906</sup> et Continet 12 Capitula

Capitulum 17 De Yliaca Pascione

Capitulum 18 De Colica

Capitulum 19 De Mirachia

Capitulum 20 De Vermibus

Capitulum 21 De Pascionibus Ani

#### De Difficultate Transgluciendi, 1

Transglucio cibi, bat is swolewynge of mete, is a meuynge bat is conponed of bestly vertue sencible bat meuyb by wyl and of naturel meuynge of lemys. Pe leme bat seruyb for bis werke hatte meri and seruyb for be stomake.

Meri is a leme conpouned of twey cotys. Pe cote bat is wibin hab longe villys wharof comyb meuynge by wil. Pe cote bat is wibout hab villys ouerbiwert and berof comyb naturel meuynge.

Now swolewynge is ffrst and prinspaliche wib be villys bat bib enlonge wibin bat meuyb by wil and wib be villys bat bib wib out<sup>907</sup> bat meuyb by kynde. Þerfor, be meuynge to swolewe is lyʒt whan bey hauyb hem silf in kynde.

Castynge comyb wib be villys wib outforbe and berfor it is greuous.

Pere wexib flesche aboute be cote wib outforbe.

Now it is so bat be way of brebe is ysette wib outforbe in be same manere be way of mete is byhynde and is clepyd meri ober ysofagus.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>906</sup> Ventris] *preceded by* Capitulum *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>907</sup> out] preceded by wib deleted in black ink

Now somtyme be dede of swolewynge somtyme is ytake away, somtyme it is made lasse, somtyme it is corupt whan it is wib swellynge and ffallyne berto of mater.

Causa. Causis of swolewynge somtyme comyb for agreuauncis bat bib in meri, somtyme for agreuaunces of lemys bat bib neiz.

3iff it come of lemys bat bib neiz, as for dislocacioun of be necbonys ober for squinanciam ober for spasmus ober for lybernysse of binges bat he cast ober for binge bat he swolewib and ober mo.

3if it come of meri, þan it comyþ for 3 þinges: oþer for euel conplexioun oþer for enpostem oþer for vlcera.

Euel conplexioun: some is hote and some is colde and some is moyste. Enpostemys: some bib hote and some colde. It comyb also of ffeblenesse of vertue, as in hem bat haueb stronge sikenessis ober longe sikenessis ober in men bat bib rekeuerynge ober in elde men.

Signa. 3iff it come of dislocacyoun, he schal haue akynge in his necke, in be ioyntes and bytwixe be schuldris, and he ne may noʒt ligge vppon his rigge. 3if it come of spasmum, ban he schal haue akynge in be tete and in his brest and he schal halde his moube close. 3iff it come of a squinancye, bou myʒt sone knowe hyt. [f. 167v]

3iff it come of agreuaunce of castynge, as of wormys and oper mo, bou schalt knowe by be same. 3iff it come of binge bat he hab yzete, as arista and oper mo. 3iff it come of ffeblenesse, it is lizt to knowe oper by resoun of a feuere ober of elde ober by resoun of oper euelys ywoxe in bat placis. 3iff it come of euel conplexioun, bou may knowe hyt ffor his swolewynge comyb lytel and 908 lytel and wib trauayle and wib out akynge.

3iff hete be in be cause, ban he schal bristye and haue prickynge.

3iff it come of coldenesse, ban he schal haue agreuaunce and lytel birste.

3iff it come of moysture, his tunge wole be whyte and myche spetynge.

3if it come of dryenesse, ban he schal haue dryenesse of tunge and myche birste.

3iff it come of enpostem, þan he haþ akynge whan he swolewiþ. 3if þe enpostem be colde, þou schalt knowe hyt as it is forseyde.

3iff it come of vlcus, he may knowe hyt ffor whan he etyp scharpe binges, as vynegre and mustard and ober mo, ban he hab akynge. And 3if he ete swete bingis and fatte it nys no3t so.

Pronosticacio. Whan any man hab pascioun in meri, ʒiff tremor come beruppon it signifieb brekynge of enpostem ober bib open ynowʒ whan a man may noʒt swolewe, etc.

Cura. About cures of pasciouns off meri we schulle haue 3 reulys 'to' entende. Þe ffirst, whan he takiþ any medicynes wiþin he schal halde hyt longe in his mouþe and drinke þerof lytel and lytel oþer ete hyt lytel and lytel.

Jn þe 2, ʒif he ete any medicyne þerfore he schal noʒt drinke þerwiþ for it wolde make þe medicyne to sone passe doun.

Jn þe 3, whan þou dost medicynes wiþout his necke and bytwixe his twey schulderys, for meri passiþ for þe ilke partijs, þan go we to þe particuler<sup>909</sup> curys, puttynge al þinges to hir lickenesse.

3iff it come of dislocacioun, þan sette þeruppon ventosis and ffrote hym and do oþer þinges þat ffalliþ þerfore in dislocacyouns.

particuler] particulers

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 $<sup>^{908}</sup>$  and] and and

3iff it come of a squinancye oper of a spasme, as it is forsayde. 3iff it come of þinges þat he drawiþ in oþer puttiþ out, þan do þerto softe þinges, as ffygus, liquirice, and oþer mo. 3iff it come of feblenesse of vertue, þan ʒeue hym restorynge þinges and nourschinge, as rere ayryn, marowʒ of a calf, broþe of fflesche, and bryddis, and ffische ful of schillys and enoynte his necke wiþ oleo violato, siʒamino, 910 oleo amigdalarum. And he schal vse electuarium þat restoriþ, as dragagantum frigidum and mylke and baþis. 3iff it come off euel conplexioun þat be drye, do þe same. 3iff it come of euel conplexioun hote, þan he schal vse sirupo rosato, violato, nenifar and enplastre his necke wiþ muscilago psillij and citoniorum, sandali, rosis, spodio. And lete hym vse þese pelotis, whiche he schal vse holde longe in his mouþe:

**239 Rx** quatuor semina frigidorum mundatorum [f. 168r] maiorum and minorum ana  $\vartheta$  j, omnium sandalarum  $\vartheta$  ij, liquirice  $\varsigma$   $\beta$ . Medle hem wib muscilago psillij and aqua rosacea and make berof pelotys.

And he schal vse soure mylke and ptisana, lactuca, portulaca, cucurbita and oper mo. 3iff it come of euel conplexioun colde, þan boyle þese in oleo laurino and costino, mirra, mastix, calamenta, spicanardi, castoreum, armoniacum and wete þeron wulle and lay vppon his necke and bitwyxe his twey shulderys and lete hym vse þese electuaria: diacalamentum, rosata nouella, pliris, diatrion pipereon ana  $\S 1$ . Medle hem to gedre. Oper make a syrupe of maiorana, betonica vtriusque, calamento assato, and aniso, maratro, and melle.

3iff if come of euel conplexioun moyste, boyle ysopus in oximel diuretik and lete hym vse þerof and purge hym wiþ yerapigra and lete hym cast and do oþer mo þat biþ forsaide in euel conplexioun colde.

Off materialys bat bib forsaide, bou myʒt make gargarismys, enplastris, oyles, syrupis, electuarium, and ober mo.

3iff it come of euel conplexioun colde and moyste, do as it is forsayd.

3iff it come of enpostem of meri, þan laye þis enplastre vppon his necke and bytwixe his schuldris þat is somwhat maturatyf and somwhat repercussyf:

**240 Rx** quatuor semina frigidorum, semen malue, semen portulaca, semen lini, [semen] fenigreci ana § β. Grynde hem wel to gedre and medle hem wiþ muscilago psillij and lay hyt fflache vppon þe forseyde place.

Pat oper regymen schal be as it is afforsaide in mala conplexione ca[lida]. 911

3iff be enpostem be colde, lay bis enplastre uppon his necke and bitwixe his schulderys:

**241 Rx** galbani, armoniaci, bdellij. Resolue hem in oleo laurino and wib wexe make enplastre berof. 3iff it be hard to make maturatyf, do berto bis: piretrum, radix aristologie, yreos, and ober mo bat bib forsayde in euel conplexioun colde.

3iff be enpostem be to broke, make hym bis drinke:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>910</sup> siʒamino] siʒamnino

<sup>911</sup> calida] ca

**242 Rx** yreos, lilij, ysopi ana M j, caricarum, vuarum passarum mundatarum, maratrum<sup>912</sup> ana  $\S$  j, mellis  $\beta^{913}$  libra. Seþe hem to gedre til libra j and  $\beta$ . And lete hym vse hirof in þe maner of gargarismes and soupynge.

3iff it come of vlcera bat bib in meri, ban lete hym vse bis drinke:

243 Rx ysopi, absinthij ana M  $\beta$ , liquirice munde, vuarum passarum, juiube, dragaganti, gummi arabici ana  $\frac{7}{3}$   $\beta$ , mirtillorum, semen citoniorum ana  $\frac{7}{3}$   $\beta$ , mellis quater iij. Make a decoccioun þerof libra j and  $\beta$ . Pis he schal vse and holde þerof longe in his mouþe and soupe þerof litel and lytel. And þerwiþ he schal holde þese pelotis in his mouþe:

**244 Rx** sarcocolle, spodij, cacabre, dragaganti, gummi arabici, amidum<sup>914</sup> ana 3 j. Medle hem wiþ hony and make þerof pelotis.

And he may vse mylke so bat bere be vij partijs of mylke and oon of hony. 3iff we wolleb make clene, ban be buttre schal be take out berof. And 3iff bou wolt bat it soudie, ban lete **[f. 168v]** the buttre be beron.

Clarificacio. Entende þat in pasciouns of meri mylke is gode that hote stonys of a ryuere be aqueynte þeron. And ʒif any man say þat mylke makiþ euel conplexioun colde and drye and in þat manere it wole make scharpe. Y sey þat it is goode þerfore whan we wolleþ make clene and mylke doþ many helpyngis therto.

Pe ffirst for it makib bat be mylke ne may nozt congelye in his stomak ne rotye.

Ferbermore, it purchasib dryenesse in tempere, consumynge awey be buttre by resoun of whiche dryenesse it makib drye and clene. And in bat manere it ne makib no coldenesse and it ne makib nozt to myche dryenesse and for he ne vsib nozt no grete quantite berof. Quare, etc.

#### De Debelitate Appetitus, 2

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Wylnynge of mete and drinke is appetyte of be stomak 'bat felib his lernesse'. Now hungre is appetyte hote and drye because of mete and birste is appetyte colde and moyste by cause of drinke. Pese manere vertues of wilnynge ffallib properlyche to be moube of be stomak, rizt as swolewynge ffallib for meri and digestioun in be botme of be stomak. Pis vertue is conpouned of naturel and bestiliche. Perfor, whan be stomak and ober haueb hemself after kynde, ban hire worchine is 'gode'. Whan bei bib out of kynde, ban here worchinge is take a wey ober made lasse ober corupt.

Now of takynge a wey and makynge lasse we wole speke hirfor; be causis ne makib no difference but more ober lasse.

Cause. Enchesouns of ffeble appetyte oper it comyb of causis wib out oper wib in. 3iff it be wib out, ban it comyb of gete hete bat resoluyb oper coldnesse bat mortefyeb oper to myche trauayle. Poz bese make appetyte in be ffirst bigynnynge, neuerbelatter, afterward bey takib a wey appetyte. And a mannys appetyte passib a wey whan a man ffastib longer ban be tyme bat he was woned ete and to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>912</sup> See commentary

 $<sup>^{913}</sup>$   $\beta$ ] preceded by 3 deleted in black ink

See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>915</sup> gode] corr. by deletion of take awey in red ink

myche slepe and venemous ayre dob a wey appetyte and drunkenesse and metys bat bib agreuous and sleupe and accidencis of be soule and myche drinkynge of colde water and ober mo.

3iff it come of causis wiþ in, þan it comyþ of þe stomak oþer of oþer lemys. <sup>916</sup> 3iff it come of þe stomak, þan it comyþ for 3 þinges. Oþer for takygne away of vertue þat is sencible of þe stomak ffor so myche þat þe spiritus ne comyþ noʒt fro þe brayn and in þat manere þe stomak ne ffeliþ noʒt his lernesse. Oþer it comyþ of euel conplexioun of þe same stomak oþer for gete hete oþer for myche [f. 169r] fflux of þe wombe oþer of menstrua and þese causis comyþ ofte. 3iff it be take awey oþer made lasse for oþer lemys þat may be for mania and malencolia þat þey forʒetiþ and ymaginyþ oþer for a reume oþer for stronge feueres pestilencial oþer cronicas oþer for flux of þe wombe oþer for þe splen puttiþ no malencolie to þe stomak oþer for he puttiþ to myche and <sup>917</sup> it may come of to myche fflux of menstrua oþer for wormes oþer for concepcyoun oþer for enpostem.

Signa. Hirof biþ open in iuginge of þe pacient and þe causis biþ notable ffor sickenessis goynge to fore. But whan it comyþ of þe stomak, þan it comyþ for lacke of ffelynge. Þere biþ 3 signes. Þe ffirst whan he ne haþ none appetyte. Þe secunde is whan he refusiþ mete þat he desyred. Þe 3 is ʒif he ete scharpe þinges þat mortefyeþ, as mustard, peper, and after þat he drinkiþ clene wyne and he ne be noʒt agreued hirof. 3iff þe cause be colde, þan he ffeliþ indigestioun and wynde and þan he ne þirstiþ noʒt. 3iff it be of hete, þan he schal fele hete and þerste. Alle oþer biþ open ynowʒ to hym þat is diligent to enquire.

Pronosticacio. Takynge awey of appetyte, ʒiff it endure longe, it is signe of deþ. Whan a mannys appetyte bicomyþ lasse for colde matere it is ful euel. For coldenesse scholde make a man haue appetyte. Euery ffeblenesse of appetyte in every euel þat is longe is ful euel.

Curacio. In cure of appetyte we schulle forsake saffran and buttre and alle fatte þinge. Þingis þat makiþ appetyte biþ scharpe þinges and swote smellynge, as oynions and garlike and leeke and nasturcium, sinapis, piper, cinamomum, garioffilorum, spicenardi, nux muscata and al<sup>918</sup> þinges þat biþ stiptica, as ruta, absinthium, mastix, thus, storax calamita, lignum aloes, succus citoniorum, sumac, berberis, rosis, galea muscata, sandali and alle soure þinges, as vynegre and wyne of mala granata and iuse of acetosa, sourenesse of citri, citrangulorum, limonum, þe ryndes þerof and al confecciouns þat biþ ymade þerof. And tyriaca, metridatum is goode þerfor, pocio muscata, dya cytoniten, dyambra, dya margariton, ʒuccare roset, mellis roset, and oþer mo.

Jn euery defaute of appetyte, larde an henne wiþ clowis and larde and roste hure and þan sprenge þeruppon water of rosis and vino muscatello and lete hym smelle þerof ofte and many tymes. Oliue condite biþ gode for hym. Persica condita, sparagus conditus, pis[c]es<sup>919</sup> salsi, ʒinʒiberis conditum, auellane, castanee, cicera, ffabe whan þey biþ yfryed. Nowe we **[f. 169v]** haueþ yseye al þese þinges, go we to þe particulerys.

3iff malicy of appetyte come for ffeblenesse of felynge of be stomake, ban purge his brayne and make hyt clene and conforte hyt wib swote smellynge binges. Pan lete hym vse bis electuarium:

**245 Rx** pocionis muscate, dyamente, dya ambra ana libra j. Medle hem to gedre.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>916</sup> Emendation by deletion of repeated line: 3if it come of be stomak ober of obere lemys.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>917</sup> and] preceded by fflux of menstrua deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>918</sup> al] preceded by al deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>919</sup> pisces] pisses

After pat make hym pelotis of  $alip[t]a^{920}$  muscata and euery day in pe morow tyde lete hym ete 3 perof. Pan lete hym vse tyriaca, metridatum.

3iff it come of euel conplexioun colde and moyste ober bobe, defye hyt þan wiþ oximel squillitico þat ysope be boyled and absinthium, menta. Þan purge hym wiþ yerapigra yscharpyd wiþ aloen ober purge hym wiþ mirabolanis kebulis. Þan lete hym vse þis electuarium:

**246 Rx** dyatrion pipereon, dyacitoniten, dya galanga, dya mente, dya ambra ana libra  $\beta$ . Medle hem to gedre. Þan boyle absinthium, menta, nux muscata, nux cipressi in oleo laurino and wete þeron wolle and laye vppon his stomak.

3iff it come of hote cause, þan defye þe matere wiþ oxi[s]acra<sup>921</sup> and wiþ sirupo acetoso, sirupo limonum, sirupo rosato and boyle þere sandali, spodium, rosis wiþ a lytel camphore and citonia and a fewe leuys of absinthium. Þan purge hym wiþ manna, cassiafistula oþer wiþ mirabol[ani]<sup>922</sup> citri oþer wiþ trifera [sarasenica], reuberberata. Þan lete hym vse þis electuarium:

**247 Rx** triasandali, ʒuccare roset, carnium citoniorum conditorum cum ʒuccare, dragaganti frigidi ana  $\S$  ij. Medle hem togedre. Þan boyle rosis, sandali, citonia, acetositas citri<sup>923</sup> in oyle of rosis and wete þeron wulle and lay to his stomak.

3iff it come of be splene, vnstoppe hyt and it clene of malencolie. 3iff it be for conceyuynge, ban lete hure vse trauaile in tempere and late hure vse wyne bat haue swote sauour and lete hure vse bis electuarium:

**248 Rx** dyacitoniten, pocionis muscata ana libra  $\beta$ , conserue citrangulorum  $\frac{3}{3}$  j. Medle hem to gedre. Cure alle oper causis as it schal be sayde in her placis.

Clarificacio. Entende þat takynge a wey and makynge lasse of mete þat be notable in sickenessis longe derynge, it is euel signe in hym self. For no \man may no3t be longe wib out mete. Þerfor, it is euel in cronicis.

Jn þe 2, entende þat whan a man ne haþ none appetyte and ʒif he be constrayned and bigynneþ to ete and after þat he haþ grete appetyte to ete and etiþ wel, þis ffalliþ for his appetyte is excited. For he ate a lytel ffirst ober for þe mete þat he etiþ distruyed þe cause þat takiþ a wey his appetyte. Verba gratia, J suppose þat any man lese his appetyte for euel conplexioun colde and he **[f. 170r]** bigynneþ to ete oynyons and garlik þat makiþ hym haue appetyte for þat mete destruyeþ þe cause. Ober ʒif þe cause be hoote and ete ffirst vynegre and oþer mo.

3iff a mannys appetyte be lost and he ete any þinge, his appetite wole wexe oþer amende.

Jn be 3, entende bat it nys noʒt conuenyent bat twey causis bat bib contrarie go to oon effecte. Oon by hym self bat ober by hap. Perfor, it nys no mervayle ziff vertue of appetite ober of desyre ober of swolewynge failye for hete and for coldenesse whan bey passib out of mesure. Poʒ hete in tempere

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<sup>921</sup> oxisacra] oxiacra

<sup>920</sup> alipta] alippa

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>922</sup> mirabolani] mirabolis

<sup>923</sup> acetositas citri] acetositas siccas citri

Jn þe 4, entende þat vertue of desyre rigt by hym self nys nogt confortyd of stipticis, but for þey dryeþ and makiþ clene oþer for þe[i]<sup>925</sup> gaderiþ vertue to gedre, giff it be dissolued.

Jn be 5, entende bat vertue of dryinge ober of appetyte ober of dede of be stomak is conpouned of besteliche and naturel. By strengbe, naturel is in all be body, but be stomake is addyd to besteliche. And for it ffallib wib out forb and of placys bat be fer and nozt onliche for hym self but f[or] all be body. Perfore, kynde ordeyned bat be stomak scholde fele his lernesse and bat is be ffelynge of a beste. Neuerbelattre, somtyme be besteliche ouercomyb naturel, as in houndis appetyte. Somtyme naturel ouercomeb besteliche, as it schewib in hongry men whan it is drawe of be lyuere or it be deffyed in be stomak and as we seeb in Jewis whan bey bib an honge by be ffete. Sitte be mete is drawe to be stomak and wolde nozt be so ziff it nere naturel and bat is agreuous arysynge vp.

Jn be 6, entende bat boz appetyte of be lyuere be for al be body rizt as be stomak, neuerbelattre, it is naturel and nozt besteliche. For so myche as it drawib wib in and of bat is nexte. Perfor, it is symple, but of be stomak it is conpouned and be cause is forseyde.

Jn þe 7, entende þat þe stomak is noursched in 3 maneres, as Auicen seyþ. Jn oon manere of blode þat is in vaynes of hym wiþ outforþe and wiþin, els it were al an ydel.

Jn þe 2, he is nourschyd of chilus, as Galen seyþ d[e]<sup>928</sup> virtutibus naturalibus and in aphorism vppon þat amphorism: eorum qui nutriuntur, etc.

Jn þe 3, he is noursched in tyme of hunger of blode þat is drawe of vaynes þat biþ clepyd miseraice and of þe lyuere and hiron in þis place nys no mervaile whiche of alle 3 be best and most profyte to noursche and herof mowe be longe talys. For some men seye þat it comyþ of chilus, but me semyþ þat it nys noʒt resonable. It semyþ most of bloode þat is in vaynes [f. 170v] wiþ in þe stomak, but now it nys no tyme to ʒeue þerof contrarie, etc.

## De Indigestione Stomachi vel Dolore et Debelitate et Mala Conplexione et Similibus, [3]

Pese hauyb grete acordaunce and bat oon ne may not be wibout bat ober and be curys berof bib almost oon.

Digestioun of be stomak somtyme is take a wey, somtyme it is makyd lasse, somtyme it is corupt. And al bis ffalib after hegnesse and lognesse and by quantite of causis.

Cause. Enchesoun why digestioun is take a wey oper made lasse oper corupt, bis comyb of causis wib out oper of causis wib in. 3iff it come of causis wib out, ban it may come for accidencis of be soule, as wrebbe, soroge, etc. And berwib it comyb for qualite of mete and drinke to myche oper to lytel oper for euel qualite oper venymouse oper colde and so of oper mo, as of hardnesse and oper mo. Oper he takib mete out of ordre, as giff he ete grete mete to fore sotyl oper rawe vppon half sode oper be houre

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>924</sup> same] preceded by sauere is deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>925</sup> þei] þe

conpouned] preceded by con deleted in black ink

<sup>927</sup> forl ful

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>928</sup> De] D

bat he vsed to ete passib ober hys slepe nys nogt fulfilled ober for myche meuynge. For digestioun wexib by reste ober for ayre is distempered ober for drunkenesse and castynge and ober mo ilike hirto.

3iff it come of causis wiþ in, þan it comyþ of þe stomak oþer of oþer lemys, as for pasciouns of þe brayn as for a remue, oþer for pasciouns of þe herte, as tremelynge of þe herte, oþer of pasciouns off þe lyuere as 3if þere come þerto to myche colre oþer for venas miseraicas and for þe guttis oþer ffor þe splene þat sendiþ to myche malencolie to þe stomak. And it may come for pasciouns of þe maris and so of oþer lemys þat may sende here superfluyte to þe stomak.

3iff indigestioun come bi resoun of be stomak, ban it may come ffor 3 binges ober by resoun of euel conplexioun ober euel conposicioun ober brekynge of place bat scholde be hole. And indigestioun may come by cause of akynge and by resoun of ffeblenesse. 3iff it come of euel conplexioun, bat is for myche hete ober ffor myche coldenesse. And for be most parte it comyb of myche coldenesse ober of myche dryenesse bat makib etik ober myche moysture bat makib ydropisi. Indigestioun comyb of euel conplexioun symple and conpouned wib mater and wibout matere. And it may come of wynde and of waterinesse and humours ffallynge to be stomak, as blood, colre, fleume, and malencolie adust ober no3t adust, and quytture and ober mo. And it comyb for oficialis, as enpostem ober of a lytel stomak ober lytel quantite ober bat he syttib amys and so of ober mo. It comyb ffor brekynge of place bat scholde be hole wib in ober wib out ober [f. 171r] ffor his stomake is enffebelyd for grete abstenence ober for he akib ober for akynge of ober lemys. Digestioun of be stomak is take awey, as it schewib in lienteria ober 3iff mete duelle longe in be stomak wib grete agreuaunce ober he suffrib corrumpcioun, as it schewib in soure balkynge ober fumous ober vapoures of some euel qualite and so of ober mo.

Signa. Entende þat whan a man slepyþ wel and whan he aryseþ of his slepe he feliþ hym lyʒt and myrye and wiþout any perturbaunce and his egestiouns biþ in þe houre þat he was ywoned, as it ffalliþ þerfore, and his vryne is wel defyed and he ne feliþ none balkynge ne wynde ne gnawynge ne meuynge and he ne ffeliþ none agreuaunce in his hede and he ne haþ noʒt in his slepe none euel fantasyes ne garstely ne ffals ne sorye, þan it signifieþ þat his digestioun is goode and his stomak resceyueþ his mete wel and he haþ goode reste and tyme ynowʒ þan his digestioun is goode and profyte.

3iff pere be disturbaunce of any hirof oper of many it signifiep disturbaunce of digestioun and oper mo, as dyuerse accidence schewip.

3iff it come of causis wib out, bou schalt haue hyt by schewynge of be pacient and of men bat bib about hym and by kunnynge of be leche.

3iff it come of pasciouns of oper lemys take kepe<sup>929</sup> of be same lemys and bou schalt knowe hyt. 3iff it come of be stomak and of euel conplexioun hote, ban he schal ffele hete in be stomak and birste and he defyeb euel his mete and colde binges dob hym goode and hote binges harmyb hym.

3iff it come wiþ vyce of humours, þan he schal haue heuynesse and agreuaunce and bitternesse in his mouþe after þe qualite and quantite of colere bicause hirof þere ffalliþ corupcioun in digestioun.

3iff it come of euel conplexioun colde, þan he schal fele coldenesse and lytel þerst and for þe most parte grete appetyte to mete and he defyeb euel þinges þat bib euel to defye and colde þinges harmyb hym and hote þinges helpib hym.

3iff it be wip vice of humours, ban he schal haue heuynesse and agreuaunce. 3iff it be off ffleume, ban he hab myche moysture and so of ober signes of fleume after be kynde berof.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>929</sup> kepe] *preceded by* kek *deleted in red ink* 

3iff it come of malencolie, be sauour of his moube schal be stipticum.

3if it come of bloode, wib swetnesse.

3iff it come of moysture, ban he schal haue myche spetynge.

3iff it come of dryenesse, ban he schal haue lytel spetynge wib dryenesse.

3iff it come for enpostem, ban he schal haue grete akynge and feuer and abhominacioun of mete.

3iff it come for brekynge of place bat scholde be hole, ban he schal haue akynge **[f. 171v]** and prickynge and hys mete leuyb lytel whyle in his stomak. And whan be mater is put to be holounesse, ban he hab castynge. And 3if it be put to be villes and cleuye bere, ban he schal haue nauseam.

3iff it come of akynge, þan it is open. Akynge ne comyþ noʒt but for euel conplexioun dyuerse oþer brekynge of place þat scholde be hole.

3iff it come of ffeblenesse, þat þou myʒt knowe by elde and tyme and conplexioun and costim and for euelys þat goþ to fore oþer for his naturel vetue is feble. Vertue in hym self ne febeliþ neuermore, but by resoun of some instrument, as conplexioun, conposicyoun, and onynge.

Pronosticacio. Euery indigestion of be stomak is euel and prinspaliche corrupcioun for it nys noʒt amendyd by ober digestyues and for it is rote and bigynynge almost of al manere sickenesses bat bib euel and longe durynge, as epilencia, lepra, scabies, ydropisi, and ober mo. Wakyb berfore.

3iff any man in his rekeuerynge haue indigestioun and his moube be soure, ban it is drede of be remenaunt lest be mater rotye. 3if any man be myche drunke and bere aryse in his face a whele of many dyuerse colours, as rede, ledy, and blak, he ne may noʒt leue longe for be mater is ful venymous and his body ne may noʒt be made clene<sup>930</sup> for drunkenesse. Perfor, go we to goode disposicyoun of be stomak wib grete diligence.

Curacio. 3iff indigestioun come of for accidencis of be soule, ban enioyne hym ioye and gladnesse. 3if it come of drunkenesse and be replecyoun be newe, ban make hym cast and take hym abstenence and longe slepe and trauayle in tempere and babynge and 3eue hym mete bat be ly3t to defye. Þan 3eue hym swete smellynge þinges and stiptica bat confortib the stomak, as dya ambra, dyamente, and triasandali, as Galen seyb [in] Sanitatis, bat in bis caas slepe is goode and wakynge; slepe to make goode digestioun and hete, wakynge to put out superfluytees.

3iff it come of be stomak, zeue hym mete in lytel quantite bat be goode to defye and ofte.

3iff it be for mete, reduce hyt by be contrarye and so of al ober causis bat bib primytyf. Amende hem as it ffallib berfore. 3iff it come off sickenessis of ober lemys take kepe berof wib grete diligence and cure hem as it schal be sayde in hure placys. It nere no3t couenable to sette hyt in euery place. And 3iff it come of enpostem of be stomak, cure hym in bis manere.

Curacio Stomachi Apostemata. 3iff enpostem be in be cause, jn be ffirst bigynnynge, ordeyne hym þ[inne]<sup>931</sup> dietynge, as ordeum, auenatum, amidum, spinarchia, lactuca, lac amigdalarum, aqua ordei, and syrupus julep, poma cocta cum ʒuccare, pruna matura. And alle þinges schulleþ be [f. 172r] ʒeuen hym hoote. Þou ne schalt make hym cast in no manere. Þerfor, þou schalt ʒeue hym softe þinges medlyd wib stiptica. Ne ʒeue þou hym no clene dissoluynge þinge.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>930</sup> clene] chlene

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>931</sup> þinne] þan

Jn þe ffirst bigynnynge, ʒiff þe particulers ffalle þerfore, lete hym blode þan lay þis enplastre 9230 vppon his stomak: portulaca, plantago, absinthium medlyd wiþ water of rosis. Þan he schal vse þis syrupe:

**249 Rx** absinthium, endiuie, scariole, lactuca ana  $\S$  iij, quatuor semina frigidorum, dragagantum, liquirice munde, ordei ana  $\S$  j, prunorum xxxx, panis zuccare libra ij. Fiat sirupus.

Pan purge hym in þis manere. Distempere in þe fforseide sirupe and in water of barliche,  $\S$  1 and  $\beta$ , cassiafistula munde. And zeue hyt hym to fore day. And of þis decoccioun zeue hym as ofte as he hathe nede þerof and els nozt. Pan make hym þis enplastre vppon his stomak:

**250 Rx** absinthium, endiuie, scariole, malue, rosis ana  $\S$  j, masticis  $\S$   $\beta$ , ffarine<sup>932</sup> ordei  $\S$  ij. Stampe hem to gedre and boyle hem and make enplastre.

3iff we woleb make more maturatyf, do berto be iuse of apium and grece of an henne and dokys. And 3if it be olde, do berto spicanardi, bdellium, and datys.

3iff be enpostem be colde, ban in be ffirst bigynnynge make hym enplastre of rosis, of camomille, ache. And after bat, whan bou wolt rotie hyt, do berto maluis, croppis of fenel, spicanarde, mastik, thus, fenigrecum, semen lini. 3iff it drawe alonge and be hard, ban do berto mirre, bedellium, armoniacum, galbanum and lete hym vse bis sirupe:

**251 Rx** absinthium, croppys of fenel, ysopi, capilli veneris ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  ij, masticis, thuris, spicenardi, rosis ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j, mellis roset, panis zuccare ana libra β. Make þerof a syrupe and in þe syrupe distempere  $\frac{3}{5}$  β yerapigre and zeue hyt hym wiþ a decoccioun of ysopi, absinthium.

And allegate be ware þat þou make hym noʒt cast. And stiptica ne schulleþ noʒt be departyd ffro maturatiues ne resolutiues. And acese þe akynge wiþ grece and camomille, melilotum<sup>933</sup> and oþer mo. And in þe same manere of þe materialis þat biþ forsayde, þou myʒt make oyle and wete þeron wulle and lay þeruppon and so of oþere. And ʒiff indigestioun off vlcera of þe stomak, þan cure hym in þis manere.

**Curacio Vicera Stomachi**. In be ffirst bigynnynge, lete hym vse bis syrupe:

**252 Rx** oxisacre, ydromelle ana libra  $\beta$ . Medle hem and boyle pere citonia, absinthium ana  $\S$  j. And 3 eue hyt hym erliche and late wip water of barliche.

Pan zeue hym yerapigra wib a decoccioun of barliche and absinthium. Deinde:

**253 Rx** gummi arabici, dragaganti, masticis, thuris, cacabre and 3 ij. Medle hem wib be iuse of absinthium and make berof pelotis and euery day lete hym vse berof oon ober twayne.

Hys mete schal be soure mylke þat buttre be take out þerof and guttys of a calf and of a kydde and medle hem wiþ vynegre and lete hym vse þerof. 3if indigestioun come of akynge of þe stomak, þan cure þe akynge ffirste.

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<sup>932</sup> ffarine] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>933</sup> mellilotum] *preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink* 

**De Dolore Stomachi**. 3iff akynge of **[f. 172v]** the stomake come for euel conplexioun hoote, þan lete hym vse smalle chekenys ysode in water and vynegre. Whan it is colde, lete hym ete þerof. Þe same þou schalt do of ffische and lete hym vse sirupo rosato, sirupo acetoso þat leuys of absinthium be þeron. 3iff colre wexe, purge hym in þis manere:

**254 Rx** fflorum boraginis, fflorum violarum, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, liquirice munde, absinthij ana  $\S$  j. Make þerof a decoccioun and tempere þeron þe ryndes of mirabolani citri  $\S$  j. Frote hem and strayne hem and do þerto aloen  $\S$  j. Medle hem to gedre and  $\S$  geue hyt hym erliche and lete hem vse triasandali,  $\S$  uccare roset and make enplastre vppon his stomak wiþ rosis, sandalis, camphore, and mele.

3iff þis akynge come of wynde, þan make hym a sacelleyoun wiþ milium and salt. Oþer take ruwe, castor, radix aristologie, anisum. Stampe hem and boyle hem in oleo laurino and wete þeron wolle and wringe hyt out a lytel and laye vppon þe place þat akiþ. Þan sette ventosis vppon his nauele. And ʒiff þese þinges ne vayle noʒt, make hym clisterijs þat þis oyle be þeron and yerapigra. And do þerto a comyn decoccioun and lete hym vse dyanisum, dya cuminum. And wyn is goode to destruye wynde and garlike. 3iff þe akynge come of enpostem, þan cure hym as it is forseyde. And whan þere comyþ akynge to a mannys stomak and it ne may noʒt be acesyd til he caste, ʒiff colre be in þe cause, do as it is forseyde. 3if malencolie be in þe cause, þan defye þe mater wiþ a syrupe of borage and buglossa and sirupo squillitico þat leuys of absinthium be þeron and purge hym in þis manere:

255 Rx florum boraginis, vtriusque sticados, ffoliorum absinthium, liquirice munde, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis ana 3 j. Make þerof a decoccioun and tempere theron mirabolanum indorum. Frote hem wiþ lent fuyre and strayne hem and do therto lapidis armenici 9 siþes ywasche and 3eue hyt hym erliche. And lete hym vse dya ambra, dyacameron and enplastre his stomak wiþ absinthium, camomille, buglossa, spicanardi, and oleum costinum.

3iff it be fleumatik mater, defye hyt wib oximel diuretik bat ysopi, absinthium be beron. And purge hym in bis maner:

**256 Rx** florum vtriusque sticados, polipodij, anisi, maratri, liquirice munde, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, ffoliorum absynthij ana [ $\S$   $\beta$ ]. And make a decoccioun þeron and tempere þeron þe ryndis off mirabolanum kebulorum  $\S$  j. Frote hem wiþ lent ffuyre and strayne hem and do þerto turbithe and ʒeue hyt hym toward þe day and lete hym vse dyamente, dya ambra, dyatrion pipereon and enplastre his stomak wiþ menta, absinthium, costus, and maiorana.

Entende þat in olde akynge of þe stomak þat makiþ sincopis, J ne fonde none so grete helpe as þis:

**257 Rx** s[u]cci<sup>934</sup> mente  $\frac{7}{3}$   $\beta$ , s[u]cci<sup>935</sup> absinthij  $\frac{7}{3}$  ij. Medle hem to gredre and lete [hym] take perof fflache euery day erliche [f. 173r] ffastynge oper lete hym vse wib a rere eye and it dob mervaylys.

935 succi] sicci

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>934</sup> succi] sicci

Some men here stomak<sup>937</sup> akyþ allegate tofore mete and after mete þey hauyþ pays. Þat me semyþ comyþ of colere þat byteþ oþer malencolie. Þerfor, it is nede to purge hym as it is forsayde and lete hym vse soure mylke whan þe buttre is ytake out þerof and conforte his stomak wiþ stipticis and lete hym vse mete þat noursche wel and in lytel quantite.

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There biþ some men þat here stomak akiþ whan þey hauyþ yzete and here akynge ne acesiþ nozt til þey haue ycast. And þey schulliþ vse at mydnyzt and erliche of þis:

**258 Rx** coriandrum preparatum, foliorum mente, ffoliorum absinthij, gariofilorum, ligni aloes ana ʒ ij. Poudre hem and medle hyt wib hony.

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3iff be ayknge come for vicera ober of ober binges bat bib opene, ban cure hem ffirst afterward bis and amende his digestion. Pis is bat we wolde haue seyde. Somtyme digestion is corupte ffor feblenesse of vertue. Whan bat is confortyd ban his digestyf schal be confortyd.

# **Curacio Debilitatis Virtuti[s]**<sup>938</sup> **Stomachi**

Feblenesse of be stomak is grete ffelynge of be stomak and is ligtly harmyd of euery binge. And berfor it is clepyd ffeblenesse of be stomak and pascioun of be stomak. Whan bou ne knowyst nogt be cause is clepyd ffeblenesse of be stomak. As in bis manere, Y suppose bat a man haue feblenesse of appetyte ober take mete wib titillacyoun and wib a manere quakynge and bis ne comyb nogt of no cause wib outforbe, as of kynde, ayre ne of mete and it ne comyb of no sickenessis bat is open ne of no pascioun of be stomak bat is notable, ban bou schalt seye bat his stomak is feble. And for bat feblenesse he ne hab none appetyte ne susteyneb no mete. And gitt in dyuersyte of vertue in hymself he ne failib nogt but in resoun of his instrument. But be cause is vnknowe, ban we assigneb to ffeblenesse of vertue, but he faylib by resoun of his instrument. But be cause for be most parte is vnknowe and bis comyb most of colde cause. Perfore, we wole ordeyne bere agen:

**259 Rx** mente, absinthij, costi, feniculi ana  $\S$  j, spicenardi, squinanti, spice seltice, calami aromatici, ligni aloes ana  $\S$  ij. Stampe hem and boyle hem in oleo laurino and wete wulle in be same oyle ober a velt and lay vppon hys stomak. Ober take newe wexe and molde hyt beron and make enplastre and lay vppon his stomak. Ober make conditum hirof ober electuarium and lete hym vse berof.

Ober lete hym vse dyacitoniten to fore mete and after mete. Þis electuarium is so myche of vertue þat a versefycator after þe tyme þat he hadde asayde þerof made þese versus:

Si vis me mitem, **[f. 173v]** si vis [dirimere]<sup>939</sup> litem.

D[e]<sup>940</sup> dyacitoniten, da [m]ihi<sup>941</sup> semper item.

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3iff be cause be hote, do lytel hirof and do berto rosis and sandali, semen portulaca, camphore and ober mo. Off alle bese binges we woleb speke hir aftere whan we spekib of euel conplexioun of be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>936</sup> See commentary

<sup>937</sup> stomak] *preceded by* ffyn *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>938</sup> Virtutis] Virtutitis

<sup>939</sup> dirimere] dimittere

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>940</sup> De] Da nihi

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>941</sup> nihi] mihi

stomak cold. Men þat haueþ a ffeble stomak and sencyble and ne may suffre no ffastynge, lete hym vsye broþe of beef oþer lete hym take a morsel brede and wyne þat perys oþer coctana be ysode þeron oþer dya ambra cum triasandali. 3iff digestioun be chaungyd ffor euel conplexioun of þe stomak drye, amende þat ffirst.

Curacio Male Conplexionis Sicce. 3iff euel drye conplexioun be in be stomak, ban he mote haue reste and sleupe and his dietynge mote be restauratfy as it ffallib for olde men and men bat be rekeuerynge. Jn be ffirst bigynnynge, lete hym go in a babe of swete watere and lete hym leue beron lytel while and lete hym nozt swete. Pan babe hym in fflache water, but he ne schal nozt leue beron but passyngliche. Pan he schal reste. Pan lete hym vse womman mylke ober of an asse ober of a goote ober of kyne and he mote take hyt of be tetys. 3iff it ne be possyble, ban it mote be take in a hoote vesseal and in be mylke bou schalt do a lytel hony and salt and boyle hyt and lete hym vse berof. And he mote be wel ware bat it ne rotye nozt in his stomak. And be bestis bat be mylke schal be ytake of schullib be 3unge and in goode regymen. And he schal vse goode mete. Off bis mater Galen spekib quinto de ingenio for men bat bib in ptysik and in be 7 for dryenysse of be stomak and 942 in be 4 for men bat bib in etik and hauyb yspoke hirof in tway placys. Whan be mylke is defyed in his stomak he schal trauaile a lytel. Pan he schal vse brope of fflesche and smalle bryddes bat ne swymmeb nogt in be water and rere ayren and he schal vse fische wib schellys and he schal lytel and lytel tourne to metys bat fallib for hym in tyme of hele. 3iff dryenesse be medlyd wib hete, ban lete hym vse letuse, cucurbitis, sirupo julep, colde water. But 3iff dryenesse be ouercome wib coldenesse, ban lete hym vse water and hony and ptisana wib hony and wyn ywatered and oper binges bat bib somdel hoote and moyste, as brobis, jusselys. Lete hym vse electuaria bat bib restoratyf wib dyarodon abbatis.

3iff indygestion come for euel conplexioun hoote, ban cure bat first.

Curacio Male Conplexionis Calida Stomachi, euel conplexioun hoote of þe stomak. Jn þis cure biþ goode persica noʒt moyste and watery and letuse, endiua, scariole, cucumeris, cucurbite, portulaca, coriandri, amigdalarum, soure mylke, chekenys whan þey be colde, vynegre, and ffresche ffische, and sugre of rosis is goode, triasandali and [f. 174r] lay a colde enplastre vppon his stomake. And it ne schal noʒt be holde þere so longe þat it constrayne his breþe ne þat þe lyuere bicome colde þerwiþ. 3iff þis hete be medlyd wiþ dryenesse, þan he schal vse sirupo violato, sirupo nenifare, sirupo julep and he schal vse dragagantum frigidum and spinarchijs, attriplicibus, maluys and pomis and aqua ordei and enoynte his stomak wiþ oleum violaceum. 3iff þe cause be medlyd wiþ moysture, þan lete hym vse oxisacre, sirupo acetoso and lete hym vse perys, coctanis and enplastre his stomak wiþ rosis, coctanis, sandali. 3iff colre habounde in his stomak, purge hym as it is forsayd in capitulo de dolore stomachi.

3iff indigestioun come for euel conplexioun colde, ban cure hem ffirst.

**Curcacio Male Conplexionis Frigida Stomachi**. He schal vse garlik and stronge wyne in lytel quantite and make hote his hondyn and his ffete and sette ventosis vppon his stomak. And he schal vse aniso, cimino, ameos, siceleos, spicanardi, lignum aloes and lete hym vse pocio muscata, dyattrion pipereon, ʒinʒiberis condito. 3iff hete be medlyd wib dryenesse, ban do lasse of hote binges and

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>942</sup> and] *preceded by an illegible deletion in black ink* 

<sup>943</sup> amigdalarum] hamigdalarum

evaporatiues and lete hym vse  $mylk^{944}$  and water of barliche wiþ hony and wyne wiþ water. And lete hym vse þis medicyne:

**260 Rx** masticis, spicenardi. Boyle hem in oyle and medle þerwiþ a lytel piche and make þerof enplastrum and lay hyt vppon his stomak.

3iff coldenesse be medlyd wib moysture, ban lete hym vse fflesche yrostyd and vinum ponticum and lete hym vse pipere, cinamonum and lete hym vse syrupe:

**261** Rx<sup>945</sup> absinthij, ysopi, calamenti ana ¾ iij, anisi, maratri, ameos, siceleos, spicenardi, squinanti, calami aromatici ana ¾ j, mellis roset libra j. Make þerof a syrupe and of þese materialis þou myʒt make oyle oþer oynement oþer emplastrum and anoynte his stomake wiþ electuario de balsamo.

3iff ffleume regne in be stomak ober malencolie and purge hym as it is forseyde in akynge of be stomak. And entende bat a lytel chylde 3iff hyt ligge longe to a mannys stomak hyt confortib myche hys vertue of digestioun, so bat he ne swete no3t. Ober a lytel welpe ober his honde yholde vppon his stomak.

3iff digestioun be take awey ffor euel conplexion moyste in be stomak, cure hem ffirst.

**Curacio Male Conplexionis Stomachi Humida**. Lete hym vse lasse mete and drinke and lete hym vse ffryed mete and rostyd and lete hym vse bese electuarium:

**262 Rx** dya anisum, dyaciminum, zuccare roset ana  $\frac{3}{2}$  iiij. Medle hem to gedre.

3iff moysture be medlyd wib hete, lete hym vse \ace\tauce\ta

Regimen in Dieta Stomachi Infrigidati et Humectati, regymen and dyetynge in stomakys þat biþ colde and moyste. His brede schal be of whete wel ybake and wel yleuayned wiþ tempere quantite of salte and his whete schal wexe in hyʒ londe, lyʒt and newe in as myche as it is possible. Al ober manere brede he schal forsake. Hys wyne schal be ʒelu in colour wiþ myddel substaunce, rype and swete of sauour, noʒt newe, and goode of sauour. Al ober maner wyne he schal forsake. His water schal be of a welle þat be grete plente of water þe wellynge is and he schal renne toward þe norþe and þe sonne schal in þe morow tyde schyne in þe welle and þat water schal renne vppon clene place. And his water schal be take ffer from þe welle þat it may clansye hym self of superfluytees by resoun of auentynge by vertue of þe sterres.

And his flesche schal be of briddys tame oper wylde. 3iff bey be tame, lete hym vse chekenes, hennys, caponys, culuere bryddys. Þese briddis ne schulliþ noʒt be to myche wibhalde in house, but go play hem at wille.

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<sup>944</sup> mylk] preceded by mych deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>945</sup> Rx] preceded by v deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>946</sup> acetosis] corr. by deletion of vent in red ink

Off wilde bryddes, he schal vse partriges, starnis, merulis, ffasianis and he schal forsake al bryddes þat swymmyþ in water.

Flesche of foure ffete oper it is wilde oper tame. 3iff it be tame, lete hym ete motoun of xij moneþis olde, ʒunge caluys and kyddys that soukiþ, pigges fete.

Off wylde bestis he ne schal vse none, but conynges ʒunge, ʒounge hertis and al oper he schal leue.

Jtem, of herbis, he schal vse ʒunge ffenel, persile, menta, saluia, serpillo, satureya, sanamunda, borago, bletis, orto, sparago, þe whyle þey biþ ʒounge. Alle oþer herbis he schal forsake.

Jtem, he schal forsake al manere grewel, saf brobe of cicerum.

Jtem, he schal forsake alle fruytes, saf auellanes rostyd oper tway nottis after fische oper half a pere sode wib a lytel chese bat be buttry after mete. Jtem, he schal vse rere ayren and fische ful of schilles bat comyb of clene watere and ysode wib persile, ffenel, sauge and lay hyt vppon a place forto frye and enbame hyt ofte wib salt water and oyle and bis is a general dyetynge.

Now go we to mor particuler. A Sonday he schal haue hennys in brobe wib zinziberis and croco and porke yrosted of be sydes of be swyne wib grene sauce wibout vynegre wib canele. In be secunde, he schal haue a brydde yrostyd wib sauce of wyne and salt.

Jn be Moneday, he schal haue wortys of borage, bletis, petroselini ygrounde wel to gedre and make hem wib salt fflesche and ffresche motoun 30nge of be ribbys and he schal haue a partrige rostyd wib **[f. 175r]** sause of canele. Jn be secunde, porke yrostyd w[ib]<sup>947</sup> oyniouns beruppon.

A Tewysday, he schal haue porke of be rigge somwhat salt wib leke and mustard. In be euetyde a conynge rostyd wib pepere in sause.

A Wendysday, he schal haue a ʒunge conynge wib spicys and a partriche rostyd.

A Þursday, he schal haue motoun in broþe and a ʒunge polete ybake and an eue bryddis yrostyd.

A Fryday, he schal haue cicera wib persyle and sauge and ffysche yrosted and al his ffische of be see schal be sode in wyne.

A Saterday, 3iff he ete fflesche, þan lete hym vse 3unge veel and tendre wel ydizte wiþ pepere and chekenys rostyd. 3iff he ne ete no fflesche, lete hym vse þe same þat he doþ on Fryday.

Hys brede schal be wel ybake and wel yleuayned. His wyne schal be olde wib out watere and in lytel quantite. And bis is a general reule, bat euery day he schal walke and trauayle er he ete tyl he bigynne to be wery. And he ne schal nogt ete, but he drinke and an eue lytel.

Now we hauyb yseyze of regymen by dyetynge. Now speke we of regymen by medicynes bat hab 4 medicynes. First in syrupis; be secunde in medicynes laxatiues; be 3 in pouder; be 4 in electuaris.

His syrupe schal be bis:

**263 Rx** radicis feniculi, petroselini, apij, brusci, sparagi, graminis ana M  $\beta$ . Tempere hem in stronge vynegre a day and a nyʒt, þan: **264 Rx** ysopi, absinthij, calamenti, pulegij, serpilli, maiorane, basiliconis, [mente, saluie]<sup>948</sup> ana  $\frac{7}{3}$  j and  $\frac{7}{3}$ , mellis libra j and  $\frac{7}{3}$ . Make þerof a syrupe libra ij.

Þe medicyne laxatyf is þis:

mente, saluie] semen maiorane

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>947</sup> wiþ] w

**265 Rx** yerapigre 3 v, aloe  $\vartheta$  ij, turbithe, <sup>949</sup> esule ana  $\vartheta$  j, anisi, cinamomi, masticis ana  $\vartheta$   $\beta$ . Medle hem wiþ iuse of absinthium and make þerof pelotis.

Pe poudre schal be bis:

**266 Rx** trium generum piperis, ʒinʒiberis, cinamomi, gariofilorum, galange, ʒedoarij, ma[sti]cis, <sup>950</sup> cardamomi, nucis muscate ana ¾ ij, anisi, maratri, cimini, ameos, siceleos, ligni aloes, carpobalsami, xilobalsami, spicenardi, spice celtice, calami aromatici<sup>951</sup> ana ¾ j, mente pulueryʒate ¾ iij, croci ȝ ij, panis ȝuccare ¾ ij. Make hirof pouder and putte hyt in a sacke de alluta.

Electuaria bib many. Pe ffirst is bis:

**267 Rx** dyamente, dyatrion pipereon and libra  $\beta$ . Medle hem to gedre.

Jtem, anober:

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**268 Rx** pliris cum musco, dyanthos cum musco, dyambra, leticia Galen, dyamente, dyatrion pipereon<sup>952</sup> ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  iiij. Medle hem togedre and lete hym vse þerof late and erliche.

Jtem, anober bat he may vse aftere mete:

**269 Rx** dyacitoniten, dyatrion pipereon, carnium citoniorum, <sup>953</sup> dyamente ana  $\S$  iiij. Medle hem to gedre.

And al þese þinges a man may vse in colde tyme and in colde regioun. But in hoote tyme and in hote regioun, þan he schal vse in lytel quantite oþer noʒt. Jn hoot tyme and in hote region lete hym [vse] [f. 175v] dyanisi, diarodon abbatis, dianthos, rosata nouella ana libra β. Medle hem to gedre.

3iff hete come by resoun of trauayle oper by cause of any oper pinge, pan lete be alle pese. 3iff he haue preste in hote tyme, pan lete hym vse pis:

270 Rx dragaganti frigidi, dyabuglosse, zuccare roset, dyarodon abbatis ana libra j. Medle hem to gedre.

Pou schalt entende in þis place þat Galen seyþ vij de ingenio, þe ffirst is þis. Þat in euery leme of þe body þere is propre worchynge þat nys noʒt in oþere þat is for conplexioun. For euery leme is made ffayre wiþ propre conplexioun, as auctours seyn. And þis is in al tyme þat hete may reduce. Coldenesse is myʒty to reduce hete, but þe manere nys noʒt euene. For lemys þat biþ neiʒ biþ harmyd of colde more þan of hete. Þe contrarie is in dryenesse and moysture. For þe manere of reducynge is euene for lemys þat biþ neyʒ ne biþ noʒt harmyd of drye ne of moyste þat is any force þerof, but tyme nys noʒt euene. For þou myʒt reduce more hastely moysture of dryenesse þa[n]<sup>954</sup> drynesse of moysture. Drye þinge may lyʒtly be reduced. Þerfor, a body þat nys noʒt nourschyd bicomyþ sone colde, as Galen seyþ,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>949</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>950</sup> masticis] macis

<sup>951</sup> aromatici] aroinatici

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>952</sup> pipereon] *preceded by* perpere *deleted in red and black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>953</sup> citoniorum] *preceded by* co *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>954</sup> þan] þa

sibbe be stomak is drye he nys nozt only enfebelyd ne lemys bat bib neyz hym, but al be body. Perfore, bou myzt wel yse bat dryenesse of be stomak mote be reduced wib grete diligence.

## De Canino Appetitu, 4

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Innaturel appetyte is in 4 maneres. Some is clepyd houndys appetyte and oon is clepyd bolismus and oon is clepyd hunger, bat makib a man swonye, and some is clepyd appetyte corupte. Of alle bese, go we by ordre.

Caninus appetitus is wonder appetyte out of resoun þat ne may neuere be fulfillyd. For þe more bat he etyb be more appetyte he hab. And it is seyde caninus appetitus ffor an hounde nys neuere fulfillyd. He wole raper caste and ban ete agene. In be same manere ho bat suffrib bis, he nys neuere fulfilled. Rizt as in dyabetica pascione is birste 'bat' ne may nozt be astauchyd, in be same manere in canino appetitu is hunger ne may nozt be astaunchyd.

Causa. Enchesoun of bis pascioun is in 3 maneres: hete resolouynge and coldenesse pressynge and soure humour prickynge be viscosite bat lettib appetyte and remeuyb hyt to be first leme. Pere may be many binges reduced hirto, as hete of ayre, rennynge, [f. 176r] trauayle, feuere goynge to fore, to myche wakynge, hete of be stomake and of alle be body. And whan hete is more in al be body ban in be stomak, ban bere is hungre and caninus appetitus. And whan hete is more in be stomak, ban his appetyte is more in drinke ban in mete. And in bat maner hete of be stomak is hete of alle be body ban it may wel make appetyte, boz hete of be stomak lette appetyte.

Reume may make appetyte and enfeble appetyte. Also, it comyb for ffeblenesse of haldynge and strengbe of puttynge out. And stronge appetyte comyb for wormys and serpentis bat bib in be botme of be stomak and in be guttis bat deuourib his mete. Pese and ober mo may be reducyd to lernesse and resolucyoun.

Pe secunde cause is coldenesse bat pressib and in bat manere it makib felynge. Perfor, 3if be stomak be lere, in be moube anone he hab appetyte rizt as he were al lere. Perfore, men bat hauyb a colde moube of be stomak bey hauyb grete appetyte and be more colde bat he is, be more is his appetyte. But it be so fer forbe bat it be mortefyed. For euery leme bat is colde hab a defaute, as Galen seyb vppon bis afforisum: quibuscunqus inuenibus, etc.

Pe 3 cause may be ffleume acetosum in be mouthe of be 955 stomak. For it bytib and excytib and enfeblib wibhaldynge and defyeb grete humours and viscous bat bib in be stomak bat defendib appetyte.

Signa. 3iff it come of hete pat resoluyp, pan he schal haue myche perste and, for pe most parte, costyf. And he hab oper signes of hete, as ziff he be hardy and ful of here and of braun. And it bifallib somtyme bat a man etib myche mete and gobe lytel to sege and bei ne bib nozt ffatte and bis comyb of grete hete bat resoluyb.

3iff it come of oper binges bat resoluyb, as ayre, trauaile, wakynge, and oper mo, bat bou schalt knowe by schewynge of be pacient. 3iff it come for wormys, ban he schal haue signes berof. 3iff it come of coldenesse, ban he schal haue fflux of be wombe and his mete wole gone out, as it were vndefyed medlyd wib blode. And entende bat euery euel conplexioun engendrib euel vertue to hymself, as it is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>955</sup> þe] þe þe

wryte septimo de morbo. Þerfor, euery euel conplexioun whan þey passiþ out of kynde þey enfebliþ vertue of wiþhaldynge. Somtyme wiþ hote, somtyme wiþ colde and hirof comyþ dyuerse signes.

3iff it come of soure humour, þan he haþ lytel þerste and soure balkynge. 3if þe sourenesse come of fleume, þan it is clene wiþ myche moysture. 3iff it come of malencolie, þan he schal haue sauour in his mouþe þat is clepyd ponticum **[f. 176v]** wiþ a manere dryenesse. 3iff it come of oþer causis þat be open, þou myʒt wite hyt by schewynge of þe pacient.

Pronosticacio. Caninus appetitus ne comyb of a reume but seelde. Caninus appetitus ʒiff it endure longe, it tournyb into bolismum and bolismus into hunger bat makib hym swounye. And bat hunger makib hym dede. Wakib berfor and byddib.

Curcaio. 3iff caninus appetitus come of hete that resoluyb, ban ʒeue hym þinge þat be hard to defye, as bib benyn to broke, whete ysode, ffecchis wib vynegre, ffische þat bib yschape as it were bestis, and schil fysche, beef, and swete brede, portulaca, cucurbite, condite cum oleo amigdalarum dulces, ʒuccare, ffete of bestis and þe guttys and diʒt hem wib vynegre and sugre and enoynte hem wib oleo mirtino and oleum rosaceum and oleo de sumac þat alum be boyled þeron.

And entende in bis place bat in cure of houndis appetyte he schal forsake alle soure binges and poutica and alle scharpe, but zif bou benke to cure hym berwib, as in hote causis and poutica and stiptica and in grete fflux of be wombe and scharpe and incisiues in ffleumatik humours.

3iff it come of euel conplexioun colde, þan diʒte hym hote oylys and ffatnesse and ganderys rostyd and clene wyne and lete hym vse pocione muscata. 3if it be water, lete hym vse garlike, oynyouns, pepere, canele, mustard and defye þe fleumatik mater wiþ origanum, calamentum, pulegum, serpillum, anisum, maratrum, hony and purge hym wiþ yerapigra.

3iff it come of malencolie, þan defye þe mater wiþ sirupo de borago [and]<sup>956</sup> sirupo de buglossa and purge hym wiþ dyasene, dyaborage, and lapidis lazuli and zeue hym zuccare roset in hote causis and mel roset in colde causis.

3iff it come of ffeblenesse of wiphaldynge, take kepe of be cause. 3if be cause be hoot, do as it is forsayde. 3iff it come of a reume, cure hym as it is forseyde. 3iff it come of be splen, make hym clene and so of ober lemys. And 3iff it come of wormys, 3eue hym absinthium wib origano and aloen and ober binges bat schal be sayde hire after. 3iff it come of causis bat bib clepyd nothe primityf, by hare contrarie bringe hem to tempere.

#### **De Bolismo**

Bolismus is a grete appetyte and whan it bigynneþ it ffaileþ. And it ffalliþ ofte to men þat trauailiþ and passiþ by placis þere that is snowe and colde and þan comyn people seyn þat he haþ ytrode an erbe þat makiþ hym hungry, but þis is þe soþnesse þat here body is lere and her stomak replete and ffeblenesse. Þerfore, whan a mannys stomake<sup>957</sup> is colde he bygynnyþ to haue appetyte and by resoun of lernesse of al þe body and **[f. 177r]** his stomak is replete and his vertue is ffeble and bigynneþ to enfeble and bicomyþ incensible þe appetyte of his stomak. Þerfor, it is nede to excyte hyt and pricke somdele his lemys wiþ out. First bete hym softeliche wiþ smal ʒerdis, þan lete hym smelle swete þinges of sauour. 3iff þe particuleris falle þerfore in colde cause, lete hym vse þis medicynys in electuaris þat he mowe ete

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>956</sup> and] et

<sup>957</sup> stomake] *preceded by* body *deleted in black ink* 

hyt. Oþer make therof an appul þat þey mowe smelle þerto oþer in enplastris oþer in oyles oþer in ceroynes and lay vppon his stomak. And þe materialys þerof biþ þese: ambra, storax calamita, lapdanum, lignum aloes, muscus, gariofilorum, nux muscata and roste a cheke and larde hyt wiþ clowis and springe hyt wiþ aqua muscata and lete hym smelle þerto and ete þerof. And lete hym vse wyne muscatellinis and oþer wyne of goode sauour. And 3iff particulers ffalle þerfore in hete, lete hym vse þis after þe ffirst manere: rosis, violis, siccis nenifare, coriandre, sandalis, camphore and rost a<sup>958</sup> cheke and larde hyt and springe hyt wiþ water of rosis and camphora and lete hym smelle þerto and ete hit whan it is colde.

### De Fame Sincopali

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Somtyme men hauyb hire mouthe of be stomak so ffeble and sencible bat bei<sup>959</sup> ne mow suffre no fastynge. And berfor in tyme of hunger 3if hem lacke mete bei schulleb sone ffalle in swounynge, ban it is so, ober bey bib in be same caas ober no. 3iff it be in dede, ban frote his hondys and his ffete harde and bynde hem harde and drawe hym by be nostrallis and by be ffyngris and springe vppon hym water of rosis. And after his ffallynge lete hym ete brede ywett in wyne and lete hym vse brobe of fflesche. And 3iff be cause be hoote, do as it is fforseyde in in be cure of bolismus. 3if it be colde, do as it is forsaide in be same.

#### **De Corrupcione Appetitus**

Corrupcioun of appetyte is clepyd a foule appetyte and out of resoun, as whan any man ober womman willeb to ete chalke ober colys, rawe ffische, rawe fflesche, newe ffruytes bat bib pontica as we seeb in wommen that bib wib childe. Ober it comyb of humours corupt and prinspaly of melancolye rotyd in be stomak and in bat manere hire appetyte is corupte. Perfor, corumpcioun wib in wilnyb corumpcioun wib out and binges bat bib horrible and out of resoun, as it were men out of mynde and ne hauyb no resoun and it ffallib to wommen bat bib wib childe ober for menstrua bib wyb halde. And it ffallib in men no3t so myche. And after dyuersyte of humours [f. 177v] be stomake and bere after bey wilnyb dyuerse binges.

Jn be ffirst bygynnynge, he schal vse castynge and ofte tyme to fore mete and after and prinspaliche, ziff it ne be nozt a womman wib childe, ban hyt schal be last. Pan purge hym wib be 5 kyndes of mirabolanum apperailed as it ffallib for hem. And he may vse salt ffische and ffresche fflesche yrostyd and he may vse mustard and canele, cubebis and lete hym vse bis electuarium:

**271 Rx** cupilarum glandium, ligni aloes, anisi, maratri, spicenardi, nucis muscate, gariofilorum, mirtillorum ana 3 j, panis 3uccare quod sufficit. And make þerof electuarium. And do þerto conserue citrangulorum ana 3 2. Medle hem to gedre.

Clarificacio. Entende pat appetyte is in double manere and some is symple. Symple is naturel and allegate it comyb of hete. And double appetyte comyb of hete and coldenesse. Colde pressib and so it

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>958</sup> a] *preceded by* a *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>959</sup> þei] þei þei

orumpcioun] corumpcicyoun

makiþ dede ilike to hym and makyþ voyde and in þat manere it makiþ ffelynge and in þat manere it makiþ appetyte and hete by hym self. And in þat manere men þat hau[y]þ<sup>961</sup> colde stomak hauyd grete appetyte. And men þat hauyþ an hoote stomak hauyþ euel appetyte. Þoʒ hete make naturel appetyte, by hap it takiþ away appetyte ffor it drawiþ out vapours þat ffulfilliþ þe stomak and lettiþ ffelynge. Þerfore, it nys noʒt inconuenyent, þoʒ hete in þe stomak do a wey appetyte and coldenesse makiþ appetyte in boþe by happe.

Jn be 2, entende bat bog appetyte of mete come by coldensse bat is conpouned.

Jn be 3, wyne is gode in cure <sup>962</sup> off appetyte bat is yclepyd caninus. For it makib hoote and defyeb ffor bere is euel conplexion colde ober colde mater. And bog wyne be appetyte of drinke and nogt of mete, neuerbelatter, wyne nys no drinke but water, but wyne is mete and drinke and medicyne. Y sey berfor, bou schalt geue hyt hym as for medicyne in a colde cause and so it cureb by resoun of be contrarie. It ne makib nogt preschye for fatty binges lettib bat gobe tofore and in cure of canini appetitus wyn may be goode.

Jn þe [4], <sup>963</sup> entende þat þoʒ castinge make ler, ʒitte in his caas it doþe awey þe cause of þe euel. Þerfore, it may be goode as in canino appetitu. Neuerþelatter, sotil þinges biþ better in bolismo for his vertue is ffeble. Þerfor, in confortyþ raþer and passiþ more to lemys.

Jn be 6,<sup>964</sup> entende bat boʒ in canino appetitu ffor colde cause stiptica ne be noʒt goode. Neuerbelattre, bey may be goode in bolismo by resoun of ffeble vertue for to **[f. 178r]** confortye hyt. For in bolismo whan hit bigynneb it endib. And berfor, it is sayde bolismus ffor wib oon mossel he is ffulfylled and bat is for his appetyte is take a wey anone and ffailib. Perfore, it mote be holpe anone lest he ffalle in sincopin.

Jn be 7, entende bat wommen bat bib newliche wib childe ober ʒiff menstrua be wibhalde, ban bey wilneb foule binges, as guttis, colis, crustis, and ober mo. And be resoun hirof is double. Oon is lickenesse, as it is forsayde, ober it may be for grete malencolious matere erby. Perfor, bey wilnyb crustis, colys, and ober mo. And percas we may seye bat malencolious humour to comparacioun of ober humours is colde and drye, ʒitte in hymself in so myche bat it is in a body liynge, it is hoot and moyste. And berfor, he coueytib colde and drye as contrarie berto.

## De Siti, 5

Piryst is appetyte colde and moyste by resoun of drinke, as hunger is hote and drye by cause of mete.

Drinke is necessare to make mete preschye to lemys.

Now somtyme perst is take a wey and somtyme it comyp to myche. 3iff it be take a wey, pat is for euel conplexioun of pe stomak colde oper moyste oper bope oper for pasciouns of pe hede, as mania, malencolia, oper ffor takynge a wey of ffelynge.

3iff þerst be grete oþer it comyþ of causis wiþoutforþe oþer wiþ in. 3iff it come wiþ out, þat may be for hete of þe sonne oþer of þe ayre oþer for rennynge oþer trauayle oþer wakynge oþer criynge oþer for hote metys, as for oyniouns, garlik, pepere, euforbium, asafetida, stronge clere wyne, salt

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<sup>961</sup> hauyþ] hauyþ

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>962</sup> cure] preceded by appetyte deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>903</sup> 4] 5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>964</sup> See commentary

watere, salt fische, ffresche fysche, whan it rotyb in be stomak, bytynge of venymous bestis and venym, vete to myche of coitus, and ober mo bat makib a mannys body binne.

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3iff it come of causis wiþ in, þan it may come of þe stomak oþer of oþer lemys. 3iff it come of oþer lemys, þan it comyþ of þe brayne, as in ffrenesi oþer in a reume þat comyþ of fleume slasum. 3iff it come of þe spiritualys, as for enpostem of þe loungis oþer of þe panniculis oþer for a rotyd feuere oþer etyke to ward þe ende oþer ptisic and oþer mo. And it may come of opilacyoun venarum miseraycarum and of þe lyuere oþer for ydropici. And it may come for chaufynge of þe lyuere oþer for enpostem oþer for flux oþer for myche hete resoluynge, as in dyabetica pascione. 3iff it come of þe stomak, þat is for hoote conplexioun oþer drye oþer boþe [f. 178v] oþer for medicyne ytake and oþer mo.

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Signa. Signes of causis wiþ in þou schalt knowe by iugynge. Signes þat biþ of oþer lemys, by hem þou schalt knowe. But signes þat biþ of þe stomak biþ clere ynow3. For bytternesse in þe mouthe signifieb colre and swettnesse, fleume dulce and salcedo, fleume salsum, and oþer after here signes.

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Pronosticacio. Jn a feuere 3iff bere come berste wib dryenesse of be body it is ful euel. 3iff a man bat haue the feuere breste myche and it aceesye sodeynliche and be ffeuer abyde and hys tunge be drye and blacke, it signifyeb deb. For be vertue of ffelynge is adedyd.

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Curacio. Preste is in many maneres to whiche menne schullib noʒt byleue and þerfore he ne schal noʒt drinke, as in þis manere, who þat þerstib erliche þe whyle he is fastinge, þou ne schalt ʒeue hym no drinke. And ʒiff he be constrayned, ʒeue hym vynegre wib oyle. Also, an eue whan a man gob to bedde, ʒiff he be aberste, þou ne schalt ʒeue hym none drinke. For ʒiff he slepe it wole aceesye. ʒif þerst come of drunkenesse, þan make hym cast and lete hym slepe. 3iff it come of a medicyne laxatyf, in þe ffirst bigynnynge, ʒeue þou hym no drinke. For þerste lybe ofte. In al þese þinges, þou ne schalt grante hym no drinke. And some men ne mowe noʒt suffry hyt. For þey bib sencyble. In hem þou most grauntye and þey mote soupe and holde it longe in here moube and swolewe lytel and lytel and holde in his mouthe pelotis þat schulleb be sayde hir after. Somtyme þirst comyþ for euel custome of drinkynge, þan þere nys no counsayle, but noursche hym lytel and lytel toward þe contrarie and þou most cure þe accidencis of his soule.

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Entende þat in þrest þat comyþ for hoote cause and prinspaliche of humour, as colere, slepe nys noʒt goode. For it makiþ hym hoot wiþin and þat makiþ hyt more.

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Jn euel conplexioun wib out mater and wib out opilacyoun, ʒeue hym colde water in goode quantite and bat wole aquenche his berste. But ʒif bere be colre, ne ʒeue bou hym no water in no manere by hym self, but it be medlyd wib wyne of malorum granatorum ober wib sirupo julep ober wib vynegre ober wib sirupo violato. 3eue hym berfore oxiʒacra wib sirupo violato and purge hym wib cassiafistula and mirabolani citri. 3if it come of fleuma selsum, ʒeue hym oximel diuretik and purge hym wib mirabolani citri, kebuli. Ober also ofte as he wole [f. 179r] drinke, gene hym ptisana of barliche as hote as he may drinke hyt. For hyt wole defye wel ffleumatik mater and many men schulleb cast bere aftere. And do as it is forsaide in be ffirst booke bat bib goode for berste. And he schal holde hem longe in his mouthe:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>965</sup> drinke] *preceded by* d *deleted in black ink* 

**272 Rx** quatuor semina ffrigidorum mundorum, semen endiuie, semen scariole, semen lactuce, semen portulaca, semen papaueris albi ana ʒ j. And medle hem wiþ muscilagine psillij, dragaganti and make þerof pelotis.

Colde ayre is goode for hem and prinspaliche 3if it come of be pyce.

3iff it come of causis wib in, reduce hem by be contrarie. 3iff it come of pasciouns of lemys wibin cure hem ffirst in bat manere. His berste schal aceesye, ban go we to ober binges.

Entende bat in berst bat is fals bat comyb of colde humours slepe is goode for hym. And in bat manere his berst wole go awaye. And purge hym. 3iff it come of euelys, cure hem. 3iff it come for takynge a wey off ffelynge, ban 3eue hym clene wyne and 3eue hym restyd metis and ffryed salt and scharpe of remedies bat bib a3en berstynge. Y passe schortly, for binges bat bib forseyde in be ffirst booke.

Clarificacio. Entende pat takynge a wey off felynge in be stomak may be mortel signe and noʒt in be ffete ne in many ober placys. For be stomak is necessare to al be body, but in many ober partijs bib noʒt. Takynge a wey of berst ffor dedynge of vertue bat is sencible in be stomak is mortal signe in a ffeuere.

Jn be 2, entende bat colde water for be most parte by hymself ytake ne astaunchib noʒt berst. For it bicomyb liztlyche hote and stoppyb and ne preschib noʒt. Þerfor, it is nede to medle hyt somwhat berwib, as whyte wyne in lytel quantite. And ʒif berst come of the stomak, ban ʒeue hym triasandali, ʒuccare roset, and ober mo.

Jn be 3, entende bat cause of appetyte of berst is hote and drye and his contrarie is colde and moyste. And men wilneb wyne, and bat is hoot, and men coueytib hyt to accesse berste.

J sey þat wyne may acesye þerst in many maneres by resoun of coldenesse in dede and moysture and liquid and for it preschiþ. And for þe most parte, it is medlyd wiþ water and it confortiþ digestioun and restoriþ and nourschiþ. Þerfor, wyne is goode appetyte in resoun of drinke. For he haþ many wayes to aceesye þerste.

#### De Eructuacione, 6

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**[f. 179v]** Eructuacio is balkynge þat comyþ of ffumys of indigestioun of þe stomak put outward to þe moþe of þe stomak by vertue of expulcyoun of þe stomak.

Entende þat about þis matere þat wynde is igaderyd of ffeble hete resoluynge þe matere in vapour þat ne may noʒt waste hyt.

Now his wynde hat is engenderyd in hat manere is put out aboue oher bynehe oher it remayneh in he myddel. 3iff it be aboue hyt vpwarde, hyt makih balkynge. 3iff it go bynehe, han it makih a ffart oher a fyest.

3iff it be in be myddel and wynde go bere wib, it makib noyse in be wombe bat is clepyd rugitus. 3iff it ne be noʒt so, it wole make a gnawynge. After bat be wynde gobe in dyuerse placys, wyde ober strayte ober after bat he is grete ober sotil. After bis he makib dyuerse melodyes, as Galen seyb, bat is clepyd prynce of lechis, sexto de morbo.

Cause. Balkynge comyb of causis wib out ober of causis wib in. 3iff it come of causis wib out, bat may be for myche hete ober for myche coldenesse ober for inordinaunce in mete and drinke ober ffor malice of mete and drinke ober for quantite to myche ober for metys bat engenderib wynde, as grewel,

benyn, and ober mo, ober raphanus, rapa pastinaca, and ober mo, ober grete wyne, as newe wyne and ober mo. Obere his slepe nys noʒt fulfilled and schorteliche for al binges bat lettib digestioun. 3iff it come of causis wib in, bat may be in tway maneres: ober for be stomak obere for ober lemys. 3iff it come of ober lemys, as of be lyuere obere of vaynes bat bib clepyd miseraice and so of ober mo bat lettib vertue of diegstioun.

3iff it come of be stomak, ban it comyb of euel conplexioun obere for euel <sup>966</sup> humours bat bib in be stomake. 3iff it come of euel conplexioun ober it is to hoote ober to colde. 3iff it come off humours, ban ober of colere obere of ffleume ober of malencolie and so of alle obere bat rotyb digestioun of be stomak. And after dyuersite of causis, dyuerse spices of corumpcioun bib engenderyd. And bere is in bat manere a manere stinkynge in balkynge. And some is fumous and some abhominable, as sauour of fische corupt ober ayryn ffryed obere fflesche and so of ober mo savours bat ne bib no3t yspoke berof ober vapours soure and ffumous. Spices of balkynge byb many after dyuerse corupciouns and corupcioun of be first digestioun ne may neuere be amendyd ober late. Perfor, bou most worche wib grete cautele.

**[f. 180r]** Signa. 3if balkynge fumous and puttynge out and indigestioun come of causis wip outforbe, bou myʒt knowe hyt wel by iuginges, ʒiff be leche is diligent. And Damascenous seyb aboue alle binges ne be bou noʒt aschamyd to aske be pacient.

3iff it come for causis wibin and come of pasciouns of oper lemys, bou schalt knowe hyt by hem. 3iff it come of be stomak, <sup>967</sup> ban it comyb of hote cause obere off colde. 3iff it come of hete, ban he schal fele hete in his mouthe and dryenesse. 3iff it come of colere, ban he schal haue bitternesse in his mouthe wib agreuaunce and it may be knowe by an experement in bis manere. Kepe be pacient in tempere dyetynge by serteyne daies bobe in qualyte and in quantite and ban zeue hym barliche brede and watere and nobinge els in be ffirst table and hirof he schal take in temperate quantite. Pan ziff he fele balkynges, wib out drede, be cause is hoot bat tournyb be mater into vapour.

3iff he ffele soure balkynges wib moysture and myche spotel, ban it comyb of ffleume. 3if it be wib dryenesse and stipticum, ban it comyb of malencolie. By way of experyment, bou schalt knowe in bis manere. 3eue hym hote metys wib temperaunce, as menta, origanum, anisum and bere wib regymen in tempere tofore. Pan 3iff he fele balkynge, ban wib out any drede it comyb of colde conplexioun. 3iff he haue stinkynge sauour and scharpe and ffumous prickinge bat comyb of rawe humours and abhominable and malencolious. But soure may come of ffische corupt and ayren corupt in fleumatik men. And in bese sauours wibout bat byb forsayde, bou most haue grete conieycture after be mater of be particuleris bat cureb and gob to fore. Perfor, it is nede bat be leche wake. Alle binges ne mow no3t be wryte in serteyne lettris, as Galen seib tertio de ingenio. Particuler signes J resigne to be kunnynge of a leche.

Pronosticacio. Balkynge oon ober twayne wib releuynge is goode signe bat his kynde is stronge to put out and it is particulere crisis. Þerfor, wynde whaber bey be naturel ober no, bey ne schulleb in no manere be wibhalde<sup>968</sup> nober by resoun of be place ne by resoun of be persone. Þerfore, whan bey bib engenderyd, be leche mote putte hem out wib temperaunce ober aboue ober bynebe. Þerfor, in bis caas

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>966</sup> euel] *preceded by* euer *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>967</sup> stomak] *preceded by* stona *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>968</sup> wibhalde] *preceded by* wibhar *deleted in black ink* 

it is<sup>969</sup> goode to putte hit out in temp[er]e.<sup>970</sup> 3iff balkynges come ofte and ne biþ **[f. 180v]** noʒt goode but euel in hem self for it signifieb corupcioun of digestioun. And bey bib euel in cure of be cause for bey corumpib be digestioun aʒen for bei meuyd digestioun. For it wexib by reste. Myche balkynge and ofte is euel.

Curacio. 3iff it come of dyetynge, þan amende hyt. 3iff it come of pascyoun of ober lemys, cure hem first. 3if it come of þe stomak, þan þou most wake. 3if it be euel conplexioun hoot, þan chaunge hyt wiþ sirupo violato, neniffar. And herof make enplastre vppon his stomak, as rosis, sandali, and ober mo. And 3if it come of colre, purge hym wiþ mirabolanis citrinis and cassiafistula and ober colde þinges as it falliþ þerfore in 6 þinges innaturel.

3iff be cause be colde, zeue hym castoreum wib vynegre of squillis and zeue hym newe origanum, calamentum, anisum, mirtinum, spicenardi, costum, ameos, siceleos. Hirof make a syrupe obere electuarium obere vnguentum obere enplastrum obere cerotum obere wete beron wulle and do berto wibout. And zeue hym bese electuaria: dyatrion pipereon, dyanisum, dyaciminum, dyagalanga, dyazinziberis, and obere mo.

3iff þat be material, purge hym after þe humour þat is in cause. 3if it be fleume, wiþ mirabolani kebuli, aloen apperailed as it sc[h]olde<sup>971</sup> be. 3if it come of malencolia, þan purge hym wiþ mirabolanis indis, lapidis lazuli apperailed as þey scholde be. Þan make hym stuwes and baþis and zeue hym triacle and enyoyne hym dietynge as it falliþ þerfore. He schal trauaile hym wel tofore mete. And to speke schorteliche, þe best cure of alle is goode regymen and dietynge.

Clarificacio. Entende þat balkynge after some manere consideracioun may be naturel meuynge. 3iff it be lytel and releuye hym, þat is goode. Þat signifieþ þat þere is lytel wynde ygaderyd and vertue of puttynge out is stronge and puttiþ out wiþ balkynge. Þan it may be wiþ kynde what cause so it be. Somtyme it comyþ myche and ofte, þan it nys noʒt only euel in resoun of þe signe, but in resoun of þe cause. For by resoun of grete meuynge it corumpiþ digestioun. And so we may attendye that ffnesinge and singultus and tussis and oþer mo, þei mowe be naturel meuynges þat comyþ of stronge vertue. 3if þey passe out of mesure, þey harmyþ and þan þey biþ accidencis þat sewiþ euelis. And in þis manere spekiþ Galen chapitre quinto d[e]<sup>972</sup> morbo.

In pe 2, we schulle entende that balkynge towarde schewynge is a pascioun of pe mouthe of pe [f. 181r] stomak. For in pat place it is most schewyd, but toward abydynge it is most in pe neper syde<sup>973</sup> pere is vapour pat is yout out. Pog<sup>974</sup> sternutacio of pe forpartye for pere is mater, 3itte it nys no3t as in pe stomak in pe party aboue for pe mater sittip in dyuerse placis.

Jn þe 3, entende þat soure balkynge comyþ of hote and of colde. Of hete it comyþ as of cause þat is fer as hete into coldenesse. But coldenesse makiþ hyt as þe cause þat is neiz. And so we iseeþ þat hete wiþout makiþ sournesse, as in wyne whan it tournyþ into vynegre. For wiþ þe boylinge hote partijs boileþ out and it comyþ of coldenesse, as it schewiþ in fruytes. In þe first bigynnynge þei biþ soure and hirof þou myzt entende þat grete hete, þoz it scholde by resoun resolue and consume, neuerþelattre,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>969</sup> is] *preceded by* is *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>970</sup> tempere] tempe

<sup>971</sup> scholde] scolde

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>972</sup> De] D

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>973</sup> syde] *preceded by* ende *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>974</sup> þoʒ] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

by grace of be mater somtyme it makib balkinges. Whan be mater is disposed, as of grewel and ober mo, and it schewib openliche in binges wib out, whan a grene tre is in be fuyre bere comyb berof grete fume, and in be same manere it is in a mannes body. Quare, etc.

Jn þe 4, entende þat malencolia makiþ balkynge soure and stinkynge for it comyþ of humour corupt and colde. Þe same doþe raphanus whan it is itake in myche quantite. For by resoun of indigestioun it tournyþ into coldenesse and whan it rotiþ it stinkiþ. But ffleume makiþ sournesse and noʒt stinkynge, for it nys noʒt so myche corupt as malencolie, and þerwiþ it is grete and viscouse.

Jn þe 5, in balkynge, as myche as it is hirof, blodeletynge nys noʒt goode. But ʒif his body be replete, þan it may be goode by resoun of humours þat biþ in vaynes.

## De Singultu, 7

Singultus is as it were a craumpe of be stomak replete obere ler of some humour for puttynge out of binge bat agreuyb.

Entende þat to speke properliche singultus nis no craumpe, but it is sayde a craumpe for it acordiþ þerto. For rizte as spasmus comyþ of lernesse and of replecyoun, þe same manere singultus. But þere is difference bytwixe hem. For spasmus is meuynge out of kynde and þerwiþ it drawiþ and ne tournyþ not azen. But singultus may be meuynge wiþ kynde and, þoz it be wiþhalde, after þat it swelliþ to put out þinge þat agreueþ in as myche as he may.

be manere of makynge is 'bis'<sup>975</sup> maner whan any agreuous binge is in be stomake and prinsepaliche whanne it **[f. 181v]** bicomib coze in be villys and in the substaunce of be stomak banne bestlich vertue sencible felib hyt and exciteb naturel vertue of puttynge out. And ban bey bib constrayned to put out wib grete aforsynge. And bis manere of be stomak is clepyd singultus. And in be same manere comyb ffnesynge and cozinge as it is wryte quinto de morbo.

Singultus is engenderyd of lerenesse and of replecyoun and of enpostem and vlcus and many oper mo.

Causis therof comyb wib out ober wib in. 3iff bey come wib out, ban it may come of colde ayre, bat schewib wel in childeryn stomakis whan bei byb colde anone bey ʒexib, and it comyb of grete replecyoun of mete and drinke and of corupcyoun in be stomak and whan a man etib pepere and after bat wyne for bey medlib to gedre.

3iff it come of causis wiþin, þan it comyþ of þe stomak and of oþere lemys. 3iff it come of oþer lemys, as for enpostem of þe hede oþere smytynge oþere fallynge oþer brekynge of þe scullebone, and it comyþ for enpostem of þe lyuere oþer for scharpe humours bytynge and prickynge oþer soure humours þat comyþ of al þe body to þe stomak. 3iff it come for þe stomak, þat may be for colde humours, coʒe, oþer of hote<sup>976</sup> humours prickynge oþer for enpostemys oþer for vlcera oþer for grete felynge oþere for grete lernesse and so of oþer mo.

Signa. 3iff it come for causis wib out, bat may be knowe by iugynge.

3iff it come of pasciouns of ober lemys ober of alle, also, bey may be knowe by iugynge. 3iff it come of lernesse, bat signe is for a feuer 3ede to fore and trauaile and abstenence and ober mo bat makib a mannys body bynne. 3iff it come of replecyoun, bat may be of reste and sleupe and for he hab

<sup>976</sup> hote] *preceded by* colde *deleted in red ink* 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>975</sup> bis] corr. by deletion in red ink

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fulfilled hym self and he hab agreuaunce and prickynge. 3iff be humours be colde, ban hote binges wole helpe hym and he schal fele coldenesse in his stomak. 3iff it come of hete, ban he schal fele hete and prickynge and bytynge. 3iff it come of ffelynge, than he schal liztly haue hyt of euery cause. 3iff it come of enpostem, thanne he schal haue akynge and abhominacyoun of mete. And boz he cast, it ne releuyb hym nozt.

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3iff it come of vlcus, þan ʒiff he ete scharpe þinges and bytynge þan he schal haue akynge and agreuaunce [f. 182r] in þe stomak.

3if it come off a feuere, ban bou myʒt knowe hyt berby.

Pronsoticacio. Singultus in crisi wib goode signes, it signifieb goode. For crisis wole passe by castinge. 3iff bere schewe euel signes, banne it signifyeb spasmum.

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Singultus þat comyþ after euery auoydaunce, whaþer it be naturel oþer by crafte, as fflux of blode oþer swetynge oþere castinge oþere flux of þe wombe and oþer mo, signifyeþ deþe after castynge. 3iff singultus ne aceesy noʒt ne bicomyþ lasse but wexiþ more, þat is euel. For þat signifieþ enpostem oþere lernesse. Jn yleon, singultus is euel. Jn wondis and smytynge, singultus is euel. 3iff enpostem come after singultum in þe ryʒt syde oþere vppon þe arme, þat signifyeþ deþ.

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3iff spasmus come after singultum, it is euel. An olde man 3if he be purgyd and singultus come to hym, it is euel. 3if singultus come after castinge, it is euel.

Cura. Þis is þe general cure þat al þe causis, boþe wiþ out and wiþ in, brynge hem to tempere by hare contrary. Verba gratia, ʒif it come of coldenesse, do hote þinges to his stomak, as absinthium, menta, costus, lignum aloes, and amende his ayre, etc.

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3iff it come of replecyoun, ban make hym lere in tempere.

3iff it come of a feuere, cure hym. Þe same of enpostem and of brekynge, fallynge and smytynge, as it schal be sayde in here placys.

Entende þat general curys of singultus biþ þese, and prinspaly whan þe cause is of replecyoun and of colde, so þat it ne come nogt of enpostem ne of lernesse. Jn þe first bigynnynge, þou schalt frote hym harde in his hondys and in his fete.

Jn be 2, make accidencys to his soule, as grete wrebbe obere grete drede obere joye.

Jn be 3, sette ventosis vppon his stomak and vppon his schulderys wib out garsinge.

Jn be 4, laye vppon his stomak medicynes bat makib rede.

Jn be 5, make hym slepe longe.

Jn þe 6, make hym fnese.

Jn be 7, make hym caste. And 3if castynge passe to fore al bese, it is good in material cause.

Jn þe 8, he schal wiþhalde his breþe as myche as he may, for it is goode. Now he haueþ yseyʒ general curys, go we to particuleris. And ffirst speke we of a colde cause for þat comyþ most. Þan þou myʒte cure hym wiþ alteratiues and so of oþer mo. 3if it be wiþ mater, make hym caste. Þan defye þe mater wiþ oximel diuretik þat absinthium be boyled þeron and purge hym wiþ yerapigra. Þan ʒeue hym tiriacam, metridatum and philomum and þerewiþ boyle þese in oyle and tempere þeron wex and lay vppon his stomak. 3if it come of wynde, þan ruwe is goode. [f. 182v] Origanum, calamentum, anisum, maratrum, castoreum, clere wyne, styues, baþis, and dyanisum is goode and dyaciminum, dyanthos,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>977</sup> and] *preceded by* and *deleted in red ink* 

dyagalanga. Alle bese ne bib nozt goode in wyndy matere, but in euel conplexioun colde obere wib mater. And bey bib best in wyndy mater and ffumous.

Entende þat in singultu somtyme schulliþ be ydo stuphe wiþ swete smellynge þinges and confortatiues þat purgiþ þe mater by dyuerse waies -somtyme by sege, somtyme by vryne, and so of oþer mo. And þerfore, þis schal be done therto: opium and oþer mo ilike þerto to make stupis þat mowe take away þe grete ffelynge, and aloen to drawe þe guttys, and spicanardi forte drawe to wayes of vryne and to conforte þe lyuere, anyse and oþer mo to destruye wynde, and lignum aloes to conforte þe herte, and croco and menta and absinthium [to] conforte þe stomak, and so of many oþer. He was wyse þat fonde ffirst þis medicyne. For so myche þat in euery euel by some lickenesse þinges þat biþ semlable mow be do þerto. Þis receyte is goode aʒen singultum:

**273 Rx** spicenardi, squinanti, calami aromatici, anisi, maratri, foliorum mente, foliorum absinthium, costi ana ʒ j, croci, lignum aloes, ambra, gariofilorum, aloen cicotrini ana ℈ ij, opij, coriandri preparati, semen papaueris albi, cassieligne ana ℈ j, conserue citrangulorum ʒ ij, panis ʒuccare þat sufficit. Make herof electuarium and lete hym vse þerof late and erliche. And kepe hyt wel, for it is goode.

3iff be cause be hoot:

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**274 Rx** sirupi rosati, oxizacre, sirupi acetosi ana libra  $\beta$ , foliorum absinthium  $\frac{3}{5}\beta$ . Medle hem to gedre and boyle hem and wiþ þis mater defye hyt.

Þanne purge hym in þis manere:

**275 Rx** yerapigra 3 ij, trifera sarasenica, reuberberata 3 iij. Medle hem to gedre.

Opere purge hym wip mirabolani citri, manna, cassiafistula apperailed as it fallip perfore. And lete hym vse malagranata and ordeatum, aqua ordei, portulaca, cucurbitis, melonibus, and oper mo. 3iff it come of lernesse, lete hym vse mylke and babynge of swete water and lete hym vse nourschinge pinges pat restorip and bip moyste, as it is forseyde in capitulo de ptisi.

Clarificacio. Entende þat þoʒ in singulu kynde be in purpos to putte out agreuous þinge and in singultu þat comyþ of lernesse ther nys no mater to putte out, neuerþelatter, þe meuynge nys noʒt an ydel. For naturel vertue is constrayned to put out euel conplexioun drye wharby he was harmyd. And þe same manere it is in tussi and oþer mo, ʒitte þere nys no vertue þerof knowynge, but of agreuaunce and felynge [f. 183r] and for euel conplexioun harmyþ ryʒt as in spasmo of lernesse þere in nys none swellynge ffor þe meuynge is al aʒen kynde.

Jn singultu, it nys noʒt so. For þoʒ þe villes be aʒen drawe, ʒitte afterward þey comyþ to here kynde and þis manere dryenesse may be etik of þe stomak and it makiþ a man able to etik of al þe body.

Jn þe 2, entende of singultus, as it is forsayde in balkynge. For ʒiff it be naturel, it schal be proporcyoned to naturel disposicoun. 3iff it be in distempere, þan it is proporcyoned to an euel. And berfor, entende as it is forsaide in dubitacione and in sentencia, þat after þe soþe singultus nys noʒt spasmus, þoʒ þei be myche ilike to gedre. For boþe biþ engenderyd of lernesse and of replecyoun, as it is forsaide, þoʒ it be in dyuerse manere. For spasmus is in lacertis and singultus in neruis oþere in partijs þat biþ neruous oþere villous. Therfore, about þis manere entende þat meuynge of singultus nys no

sengle meuynge, but conpouned of be soule and naturel. Rizt as tussis<sup>978</sup> and sternutacio ne semyb nozt a meuynge conpouned of puttynge out and wib haldynge. For wibhaldynge ne dredib nozt to halde agreuous binge. Perfore, aboute this binge bat bis meuynge may be in villes of be stomak for euyl conplexioun that cleuyb beron bat kynde is constrayned to put out. Perfor, entende bat whan childerne wepib bey hauyb singultum for euyl mater rennyb banne to be stomak.

#### De Fastidio et Abhominacione, 8

Fastidium is abhominacioun of mete and drinke wip a manere wlatynge and wille to caste for corrupcioun of mete and of humours in be stomak abydynge.

Causa. Pe cause comyb wib out ober wib in. 3iff it come wib out, that may be of grete coldenesse of ayre obere grete hete dissoluynge obere rennynge obere trauayle. Obere it may come for he takib mete in to myche quantite obere in euel qualite obere in manere bat nys nozt couenable obere for his slepe nys nozt fulfilled obere for he habe to myche trauayle obere for accidencys of be soule and so of ober binges nozt naturel bat ne byb nozt mynstred in dewe manere berof comyb corupcioun in be stomak. 3iff it come of causis wibin, ban it may come of be stomak obere of ober lemys obere partijs. And whan any euyl matere is put to be stomak bat corrumpib vertue of digestioun. Obere ziff it come of be stomak, as of some euel conplexioun whan it passib obere wib mater obere wibout matere, and it comyb of enpostemys and vicus and [f. 183v] schortely of alle binges bat corrumpib mete in the stomak and takib away digestioun. Perfor, it makib hem haue abhominacyoun and ffastidium and wlatynge.

Signa. Causis wiþout biþ knowe of iuge. Causis wiþ in, ʒif it be euel conplexioun hoote, he schal thresty and haue fumous balkynge and hote þinges wolliþ harme hym. And ʒiff þe cause be colde, þan he schal haue balkynge soure and hote þinges woleþ do hym goode. Oþer signes þou myʒt knowe as it is ofte aforsaide.

Entende þat dyuersytees of accidencys biþ in many maneres after dyuerse particuleris, whiche dyuersitees biþ as myche<sup>979</sup> as is present. Þe ffirst is makynge more oþere lasse of ffastidium. For fastidium is and haþ ydured longe and hathe grete accidencys þerwiþ þat almost sleeþ hym. 3iff fastidium be feble, þan þe accidencis þerof biþ lasse.

Pe 2 cause is quantite and qualite of mete. For to myche mete makiþ fastidium for it makiþ þe body colde and moyste by resoun off indigestioun. But ʒif it rotie and make a feuere by resoun of quantite biþ dyuerse accidencis. For ʒif þe mete be hoote, it engenderyþ hote euelys wiþ þerstynge and prickynge and balkynge fumous. And ʒiff it be sotil, it engenderyþ hote euelys wiþ many hard accidencys, as out of mynde, wakynge, and euel reste, and oþer mo.

3iff be qualite of mete be colde, it engendrib colde euelys wib soure balkynge. And 3iff it be grete, ban it engenderithe euylys bat bib longe durynge and harde to take a way wib grete agreuaunce.

Þe 3 cause is felynge of þe stomak. For if þe stomak be<sup>/980</sup> swyþe sencyble, he schal fele akynge and prickynge and euyl reste and tremblynge of the herte. 3iff it ne be noʒt sencyble, none hirof ne folewiþ þerewiþ.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>978</sup> tussis] preceded by an illegible deletion in red and black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>979</sup> as myche] as myche as myche

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>980</sup> For] *corr. by deletion (illegible) in red ink* 

be 4 cause is disposicyoun of be body. For bey bat suffrib fastidium, 3iff he haue ober ffeble lemys, anone bey fallib in agreuaunce beron. Perefore, some men haue akynge of be hede and some tynitum and some caliginem and some dul of wytte and some men suffrib in be fete and some in be hondys. After bat be lemys bib apperayled to resceyue be mater. <sup>981</sup> And 3if alle his body be ffeble, ban he ffallib li3tliche in a feuere. Perfor, it is goode to knowe dyuersite of causis and dyuersite of accidencys. And after bat, bou my3t make medicynes be more able berto.

Pronosticacio. 3iff any man ffalle ofte into ffastidium and etithe ofte þeruppon, he schal deye in euel deþe. For ʒiff corupcyoun be put to corrupcyoun, þan **[f. 184r]** it rotiþ more. Alle þese þinges schulliþ be sayde more clere in þe nexte chapitre de regimen sanitatis.

Curacio. Jn þe ffirst, make hym caste ligtliche, what cause so it be. But it be enpostem oþere vlcus, geue hym hote water wiþ oyle. And giff he caste nogt ligtly, it semyþ wel þat þe mater is viscouse. Purge his stomak after þe matere. And for coldenesse comyþ most in þis cause, þerefore, defye þe matere wiþ oximel diuretik þat absinthium be boyled þeron and purge hym wiþ yerapigra scharpyd wiþ aloen and mastik and lete hym vse dyatrion pipereon, dyagingiberis, dyacitoniten, dyanthos, and oþer mo.

3iff be cause be hoot, defye the matere wib oxizacra bat leuys of absinthium be tempered beron wib trifera sarasenica, reuberberata and lete hym vse triasandali, zuccare roset. 3iff he ne be nozt aceesyd hirwib, ban it semyb bat be mater is passyd to be vaynes. Panne letynge blode is goodly and ban styues and ban trauaile and allegate bynne dyetynge.

3iff it come of ffelynge to myche, lete hym vse dya ambra, dyanthos cum musco, triasandali. And aboue alle þinges, in cause lytel, mete and drinke is goode and trauaile to fore mete.

3iff it come of euel conplexioun wib out mater, ban alteratyues suffysib. Alle obere causis by here contrarye schyullib be reduced.

Jn ffastidio, clere ayre is goode and clene. 3iff he ne may no3t haue, amende hyt wib belwys and ober binges. And longe slepe is goode for hym and lytel mete and drinke and trauaile to fore mete, as it is forsaide. And it is goode for hym to lay his honde vppon his stomak obere a whelpe obere a childe of 4 3ere olde, so bat he ne swete no3t ober a lytel pele. 3if bou dost to hym alle bese particuleris, thanne 3iff he galpy and reume and agreuaunce in felynge hard, entendement wib out any drede he is curyd atte ffulle. Perfore, it is goode to lete blode, 3if be particuleris ffalle berfore, and ban medicynes laxatiuis after the humours and ban babis.

Clarificacio. Entende pat in fastidio to make that pe matere ne rotye nozt, castynge is goode liztliche. And ziff he ne mowe nozt cast liztly, make hym clisterijs and ffrote hym and zeue hym medicynes pat bip forsayde to make hym go to sege.

Jn be 2, entende bat naturel appetyte comyb only of hete, but bat is in be stomak is conpounyd of besteliche and naturel. Perfor, by happe coldenesse makib appetyte for it makib felynge and lernesse, as it is forsayde.

Jn þe 3, entende þat naturel hete in þe first byginnynge to take mete is somdele hyd and ffeble, but in þe ende it **[f. 184v]** avaylyþ and bigynneþ to bicome stronge and prinspaliche in a man þat is of goode regymen.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>981</sup> mater] *preceded by* met *deleted in red ink* 

Jn  $pe^{4/,982}$  entende pat late soperes in hem pat vsep goode regimen schal be more pan her mete in pe morne by resoun of pe nyzt and slepe and for engenderynge of hete. But now for pe most parte, pe vse is contrarye and in pat manere it is bettre by kynde. But by resoun of custome, it nys nozt so. But Y suppose pat of mych takynge of mete and drinke erliche opere late come agreuaunce. Pan Y aske whiche schal agreue more. J sey pat his soupere schal agreue hym more. For in pe day vapours mowe passye out. In pe nyzt pey bip wiphalde. Perfore, pe versefycatour to be kepe of custom and to agreuaunce perof and sayde:

Cena breuis vel sena<sup>984</sup> leuis, fit raro molesta.

Magna nocet medicina docet, res est manyfesta. Þat is to seye, lytel soupere oþer none agreuyþ late. Myche soupere agreuyþ as medicyne techiþ. This þinge is knowe.

Jn þe 5, entende þat hote men of conplexioun whan þey bigynneþ to ete here appetyte goþe a way anone for hete þat resoluyþ þe matere into vapours. But colde men lattre lesiþ here appetyte ffor defaute of hete. And in þat manere, nys no replecyoun of fantasye engenderyd for þe grete voydenesse. But ydel lernesse may wel be engendered in þe mouthe of þe stomak by resoun of coldenesse pressynge.

Jn be 6, entende bat nausea comyb most of colde humours for bei cleuyb moste. But castynge comyb most of hete for bey fletib aboue, as it schal be sayde hirafter.

## **Tractatus de Regimine Sanitatis**

By be grace of God, Y benke to make a tretys of regymen to kepe a mannes hele. And schorteliche we wollib ordeyne hyt.

About regymen of hele bere liggib 7 consyderaciouns. Pe ffirst is take of quantite of mete and drinke.

9960 Þe 2 is take of qualite.

Þe 3 is take off ordere.

Þe 4 of conjunctioun.

Þe 5 of custome.

Þe 6 of tyme.

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Speke we ffirst of quantite of mete. Quantite of mete and drinke schal be so myche þat hete mowe ouercome hyt. For 3iff hete be ouercome, his body wole waste. And 3if it be to myche, it is cause of rotynge and opilacyoun and his body bicomyb colde and moyste. But 3iff it rote and engenderib a feuere, Galen seyb quantite of 3euynge ne [f. 185r] may no3t be wrete by serteyn lettres. We mote go to experyment and re[c]tefye<sup>985</sup> alle binge. Pe quantite schal be swyche bat it ne chaunge no3t his pous ne hys brebe ne his vryne ne his slepe ne his wakynge and bat he ne ffele no wynde gnawynge ne ffeblenesse. And 3iff it be quantite of mete and drinke in bis manere it is in tempere. In none ober manere it nys in no tempere and no consyderacyoun nys goode, but it be approued by experyment. Jn

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>982</sup> 4] corr. by deletion of 3 in red and black ink

<sup>983</sup> kynde] *preceded by* kynk *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>984</sup> breuis] preceded by b deleted in black ink sena] preceded by I deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>985</sup> rectefye] retefye

bis manere, experyment clarefyeb quantite and qualyte and alle binges bat folewib for dyuersytees of particuleris bib many. Perfor, it schewib bat be quantite of 3euynge ne may no3t be ywrete by certeyn letteres, but by coniectynge bat is next to troube and experyment.

Pe 2 consyderacyoun is take of quantite of mete. Mete bat is goode in regymen of hele ne schal passye in qualite. For bey bat passib in qualite brennyb blode, as saluia, menta, petrocilium, piper, allea, cepe, nasturcium, and ober mo.

Colde makib dede and congelib, as lactuca, portulaca, cucumeres. 3if it be watery qualyte, ban thei rotib, as melones, cucurbite. 3iff bey be venemous, ban bey sleeb, as it schewib in fungis. 3iff it be moyste qualite, ban it rotib and stoppib. 3iff it be drye, it dob a way vertue. 3iff it be ffatte, it fletib aboue and in bis manere bey lettib digestioun. And 3iff bey be swete, bey stoppib. 3iff bey be byttre, bey nourschib no3t. 3iff bey be salt, bey brennyb and corrumpib and agreueb be stomak. 3iff bey be pontica and stiptica, bey constrayneyb and fretib and makib strayte. 3if bei be soure, ban bei makib eldeliche.

No swyche manere þinge nys noʒt goode in regimine sanitatis, but mete þat is wiþout any addynge is goode for mannys body, as Galen wryteþ de elleboris, etc.

Flesche of a schepe þat is xij moneþis olde is goode for a man and kyddys, calues þat soukiþ, hennes and capouns, partriges, ffische ful of schilles þat comyþ of clene water, rere ayryn, borago, buglossa, brede of whete wel ybake and yleuayned wiþ temperate quantite of salte. His wyne schal be 3elu and swote of savour noʒt newe, saf clere wiþ tempere quantite of welle water þat be clene, and so of oþer þinges þat biþ in tempere and ne passiþ noʒt myche out of qualite.

3if bere come any agreuaunce of any qualite bat passib out of mesure, amende hyt by his contrarie. Verba gratia,

3iff pere come agreuaunce of ffatte pinges, zeue hym stiptica, as chese, perys, and oper mo.

3if pere come agreuaunce of salte metis, pan amende hem wip vynegre and water.

3iff it come of [f. 185v] soure binges, ban amende hyt wib hony and wyne.

Salt þinges and bittere and scharpe mowe be amendyd wib swete applys and lactuca, portulaca, cucurbitys, and ober mo after be particuleris.

Þe 3 may be take of ordre.

Pe ordre and þe manere for to take mete is þis. In þe morowe whan he arysiþ he mote studye to putte out superfluytees of þe first and of þe secunde and of þe þirde digestyoun. Þan he schal kembe wel hys hede and ffrote his hede and al his body. Þanne he schal wasche his hondys and his face and his [e]yen<sup>986</sup> wiþ colde water in somere and wiþ hote water in wynter. Þan he schal frote his teeþ wiþ rindis of citri. Þan he schal make pees wiþ God. Þan he schal walke in heyʒ placys þat be clene and his cloþis schulliþ be precyous and swote of sauour. Þanne his mete schal be agreyped. And also blyue as he haþ naturel appetyte, he schal ete and tofore noʒt. For Auicen seiþ ʒiff a mannys stomak suffre hunger ouer tyme þat he is vsed to ete, it ffilliþ hym wiþ rotyd humours<sup>987</sup> and he ne schal noʒt ete to þe fulle saule, but he schal leue somwhat ffor his appetyte schal aceesye anone. And at one table he schal ete but oo manere mete. 3iff he do, þan sotil schal go to fore grete, rawe þinge ne schal not be put vppon half sode, he ne schal noʒt ete mylke and ffysche at oone mele noþer milke and wyne. For þey disposiþ a man to lepre.

<sup>987</sup> humours] *preceded by* feveres *deleted in red ink* 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>986</sup> eyen] yen

He ne schal ete electuria þat biþ to hote ne oþer hote þinges after mete. For þey corrumpiþ mete. After mete he schal reste, stondynge oþer walkynge a lytel. For euery hard trauayle corrumpiþ mete. Þan he may slepe a lytel in tempere for els his mete ne may noʒt wel defye. And þerfore, Galen seide vppon þis afforisum: ventres yeme et vere, etc.

He entendiþ in þis manere þat digestioun may noʒt be fulfilled wiþ out [slepe]. 988 nys most mete schal be aʒeue nyʒte, but ʒif custome lette hyt. He mote forsake <?> accidencis of þe soule, as soroʒ and angwysche and oþer mo in as myche as it is possible. For it is wonderliche gode in regymen of hele. He may tempere hym self wiþ swete watere baþinge oþer waschynge, so þat his mete ne be noʒt in his stomak. Þe manere of etynge schal be in þis manere: oo day he schal ete tway tymes and anoþer day but onys. And in þat manere he schal be amendyd. For that he brekiþ in þe first day, he may amende in þe secunde. And ʒiff [f. 186r] he do erroure in þe secunde, þanne in þe 3 day he may amende and so of oþer mo. For corrupcioun of oo day folewiþ corrupcyoun of anoþer for we ne mowe not in regymen of hele be wiþout erroure. Þerfor, we mote euery day amende errourys.

His ayre schal be moyste. 3if ne<sup>989</sup> be noʒt so, make hyt by crafte. And prinspalyche in cytees bere ayre is noʒt. Who bat may noʒt wonye in hyʒe placys, he schal amende his ayre wib belewys and wib swete smellynge binges.

He schal drinke at his mete as lytel as he may and his wyne ne schal nogt be to stronge.

Digestioun wexib by reste, etc. Pe manere and be ordre of zeuynge is bis.

Þe 4 consyderacyoun is ytake of conplexioun. 3iff his conplexioun be distempere, reduce hyt by þe contrarie.

To sanguine men, bou schalt zeue mete somdele colde and drye; and colrik men, colde and moyste; to ffleumatik menne, hote and sotile; to malencolious, hoot and moyst.

Entende as Galen seib octo de ingenio, bat euery euel conplexioun schal be brozt to tempere, but necessaries of lyf lette hyt.

It is bettre for a smybbe to be a fleumatik man ban in tempere conplexioun and it is best for a ffyschere to be a colrik man. Therfor, euery euel conplexioun in tyme of hele schal be reduced, but necessaries lette hyt.

Jn tyme of sickenesse, no man ne be so hardy to reduce naturel conplexioun, but 3iff it were byginne tofore his sickenesse and be contynued.

Entende as Galen seyb in his booke de regimen sanitatis, no man ne may kepe bis regymen, but he bat nys noʒt ocupyed in trauaile. It is nede to haue necessaryes to lyuynge and bat he be fre of alle condicyouns.

Pe 5 consyderacyoun is take of custome for þat is a grete þinge to kepe a mannys body in tyme of hele. For Galen seiþ octa de ingenio that custome is a manere kynde and þe same seyþ Ypocras, parum deterior cibi et potus, etc.

And seib bat binges bat a man hab used, he mote vse in trauaile and ober binges. Whane he seib mala dieta cibi et potus, etc., be same seib Ypocras, 990 usage hab grete myʒt for it iugib lawes. Sibbe bat custom hab so grete myʒt in soule and in body, it is goode to kepe hyt. And bis we yseeb by experyment

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>988</sup> slepe] digestioun; Latin: somno slepe] *followed by* may noʒt be fulfil *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>989</sup> ne] preceded by an illegible deletion in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>990</sup> Ypocras] see commentary

for some men bib vsed to ete 4 tymys a day and it dob hem none harm. Some men bib vsed to wake any3t and slepe aday and some men bib vsed to ete benys and olde beof and foxis and some men milk and fysche and ober binges many mo, and 3itt bei seyn that bei be hole ynow3 and more hole ban ober men.

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Perfore, Galen octo de ingenio, þat custome, elde, and conplexioun hauyþ nede of hire lickenesse. **[f. 186v]** Therfore, customs haþ myche myzte. Þis nys nozt open by way of experyment ne by auctours, but by resoun. For kynde is glad in custome. Þerfor, Auicen seiþ experyment hiron ouercomyþ resoun. For euel mete vsed is better þan goode not vsed. Þe contrarie hirof seiþ Constantinus. For he seyþ men ne schulleþ nozt be gladde in vsage of euel mete. For þoz þey ne haue none harme at þat tyme, þey ne mowe nozt askape periles þat biþ to come.

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J wole sey hirto custom acordib wib naturel binges ober no. 3iff it acorde berwib, it is goode to halde hyt. 3iff it acorde no3t, it nys no3t goode to holde.

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3iff a man ne be noʒt hole and be remeuyd myche fro naturel dispocisioun, þan it schal be reduced aʒen, noʒt sodeynliche, but a lytel and a lytel. First, ʒeue hym euyl metis þat he haþ vsed and a lytel goode mete þerwiþ and allegate encrese wiþ goode metys and leue þe evyls metys. For þoʒ hem semye þat þey be hole and stronge wiþ vse of euel metis, ʒitt here vertues al day falliþ away of hem and euery day þey apparayled hem self to lepre oþer to deþe. Riʒt as men þat vseþ longe tyme olde salt flesche oþere ffische þat is ilke bestis oþer grewelys oþer flesche of ffoxis oþere of beris oþere mylke and ffische oþer rawe fflesche oþer he þat slepiþ lytel oþere a man þat trauaileþ hym myche after mete oþer a man þat suffriþ hete wiþ out mesure oþer coldenesse, þat beriþ chargis and trauailiþ and suffriþ many anguysches \in'<sup>991</sup> soule and body and so of oþer mo. For soþe a man may sey to hem þat þey schul noʒt ascape, as þey þat vseþ tadchese and hennebane and oþer venymous þinges, as vsiþ maryneris and men þat biþ in prison in tyme of hungere and werre, þat etiþ rotyd metis. And þoʒ it ne do hem none harm in þat tyme, ʒitte þey rotyþ hem wiþ in. Þerfore, þey mote be reduced aʒen lytel and lytel. Þerfore, þoʒ auctours seyn þat vse and custome haueþ grete maystrie, Y sey þat is soþe, ʒif it acorde wiþ naturel þinges. And þoʒ custome be to holdynge for þe tyme, ʒitte euery euel custome is to fforsake and schal be reduced lytel and lytel.

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Pe 7 consyderacyoun is take of tymys of be 3ere. In wynter a man may vse grete mete and myche at onys and it may be hoot.

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Jn veer, his mete schal be in tempere and lytel for gete replecyoun of wynter.

Jn somere, he schal vse sotil metis somdele colde and nogt myche at onys.

In haruest, a man schal ete lytel quantite and somdele hote and moyste.

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be last **[f. 187r]** consyderacyoun of þinge þat is present is ytake of elde. Now, as Galen seiþ octo de ingenio, olde conplexioun and custome schulleb be kept wib þingis þat biþ ilike to hem, þoʒ hete be vneuene in rote in a childe and in a ʒonge man, as Galen seyb in de complexiounibus. And ʒunge men defyeb bettre drye þinges and childerne moyste þinges. In ober elde, dyetynge þat restorib schal be ʒeue and þis sufficyb by cause of schortenesse.

Men þat hauyþ goode entendement etiþ þat þey mowe lyue, but in hem þat felynge regnyþ leuyþ for to ete.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>991</sup> in] corr. by deletion of of be in red ink

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Pe tyme for to ete, be hyt erliche oper late, is whan a man hungerip so pat it be verray. And pis is atendyd in hem pat hauyp mete agrepyd, who ne hap nozt ete whan he may, pey ne bip nozt put vnder lawe of pis crafte.

Entende, as Galen seyþ, þat abstenence is þe hyzest medicyne þat may be for glotenye sleeþ mo men þan þe swerde.

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In regymen of hele, be versefycatour makib bise versus:

Si vis incolumem, si uis te reddere sanum,

Parce mero cenare caue nec sit tibi vanum. Curas tolle graues irasci crede profanum.

P[erg]ere<sup>992</sup> post epulas sompnum, fuge meridianum,

Non tenieas m[inc]tum<sup>993</sup> nec cogas fortitur anum.

#### De Abhominacione et Nausea et Subuercione Anie, 9

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Entende þat fastidium is a manere kynde of abhominacyoun and wlatynge and castynge. Of ffastidium, it is forsayde. Off castynge, schal be saide hir after. Fastidium lediþ al þis. Abhominacyoun is whan a man desyreþ a mete and whan it comyb tofore hym he hab abhominacyoun<sup>994</sup> berof for onliche by be sizt his wille cast berfro. And ziff he be constrayned to ete berof, he schal caste ober zoxe. And bat is be worste spice of ffastidium and most perilous ffor beron is take a wey appetyte and dygestioun. Nausea is wille to caste wibout effecte. For humours in be villys of<sup>995</sup> be stomak bat bicomyb touz.

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Subuersio anie is comyn appetyte of nausea. Now causis and cures of alle bese bib almost ilike.

Cause. Causis of abhominacyoun and nausea bib wib in obere wib out. 3iff bey come wib out, ban it bib alle binges bat makib corrupcyoun in be stomak and bib bese: myche reste and sleube and myche slepe and myche wakynge and myche trauaile and accidencis of be soule and to myche coitus and myche replecyoun off mete and drinke and whan grete mete gob tofore sotil obere rawe vppon half sode ober whan a man etib wibout appetyte and er bat [f. 187v] supfluytees be put out ober tofore trauaile obere for his mete is corupt ober for mete bat agreuyb, as myche vse of ganderys and ober many mo.

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3iff be cause be wibin, ban it is for be stomak obere for ober lemys wib in bat nourschib and puttib here superfluytees to be stomak. And 3iff it be for be stomak, ban it is for corrupcyoun of some qualyte berof obere of alle and oon sufficyb, 3if appetyte be corrupt ober digestioun obere puttynge out obere be villes of be stomak bib nasche, and in bat manere mete corrumpib. And bese accidencis comyb: ffastidium, abhominacio, and nausea. 3iff be mater be in be botme of be stomak, ban it comyb of colre vitellina ober of fleume salsum obere it may come of ffleume, malencolia, and bat is for be most

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Signa. Primityf causis biþ opene. 3iff it come of hete, þan he schal haue hete and þreste. 3iff þe cause be colde, þere nys none of alle þese accidences that biþ iwoned folewiþ þese pascyouns biþ akynge of þe stomak and prickynge and anguysche and euyl reste and akynge in þe schulderys and

parte.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>992</sup> Pergere] Pudere

<sup>993</sup> minctum] montum

<sup>994</sup> abhomiacyoun] preceded by abha deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>995</sup> of] preceded by b deleted in red ink

swounynge and castynge and oper mo. 3if castynge come it helpiþ myche, but it be to myche. For þan it may be cause of alle þese.

Pronosticacio. <sup>996</sup> Who þat haþ þese pascyouns ne may noʒt ascape ffro scotomiam, ydropici, swellynge of ffete and face and yʒen, etc.

Cura. 3if be cause be hoot, defye be mater. But 3iff he cast li3tliche wib oxizacrum and oximel simplici ytake wib water of barliche and avoyde hym wib twey partijs of trife[r]a<sup>997</sup> [saraʒenica] and be birde of yerapigra. Pan lete hym vse bis electuarium:

**276 Rx** ʒuccare roset, triasandali, dyarodon abbatis ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  iiij. Medle hem to gedre.

3iff be cause be colde, bat comyb for be most parte, ban, but 3if he cast li3tliche, defye be mater in bis manere:

**277 Rx** oximel diuretik, oximel squilliticum ana libra j. Medle hem to gedre.

And bey schullib be take wib a decoccioun of absinthium in water and purge hym wib yerapigra yscharpyd wib aloen and mastyc and lete hym vse pocione muscata, dya ambra, dyanisum, dyacitoniten. And lete hym vse cinamomum, mastik, absinthium, menta. For bese amendib corrupcyoun of be stomak. So be cause be colde, ban make enplastre to his stomak in bis manere:

278 Rx masticis, cinamomi, ligni aloes, ʒedoarij, [f. 188r] galange, gariofilorum, anisi, maratri ana ʒ iij.

10140 Poudre hem and medle hem wib leuys of absinthium and brede ytostyd and ywette in clene wyne and make hirof emplastrum and lay hyt fflache vppon his stomak.

Clarificacio. Entende þat slepynge and reste mowe be goode in digestioun of þe stomak, so þat it passe noʒt to myche and he mote haue abstenence þerto and þe humour mote be defyed and made sotil. Þoʒ, in al þese avoydynge be goode and alteratiues biþ goode ffor it is ful hard to cure hem whan þei hauyþ euery day a grete appetyte and euery day þey addiþ þe cause and make his stomak hoote and purge þe humour, els it wole be ful hard.

#### De Vomitu, 10

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Castinge is puttynge out of be matere bat is in be stomak aboue whaper it be mete ober drinke ober quyttoure ober watere ober humour, as bloode and ober mo. Anostrofa is clepyd lizt puttynge out bynebe and is clepyd wibhaldynge of mete corupt and afterward putte out aboue and bynebe. Perfore, some men haueb som proprete bat bey ne mow nozt holde mete bat bey hauyb ytake, but castib hyt out and after bat bey etib azen and bus bei bib in bese contynuel meuynges - somtyme wib akynge, somtyme wib out akynge. And be cause of bese is grete ffeblenesse off wibhaldynge in be stomak.

Causa. Causis comyb wib out obere wib in. 3iff bei come wib out, ban it may be of grete replecyoun of mete and drinke ytake out of ordre and agreuous mete, as ganderys, and medicynes to caste and ffallynge and smytynge of be hede and woundis, and it is an euel signe for it signifyeb be sculbone to broke and substantiam of be marow3 and ober mo.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>996</sup> Pronosticacio] *preceded by* P *deleted in black ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>997</sup> trifera] trifela

3iff be cause be wibin, ban it comyb of be stomak obere for ober lemys and for humours rennynge fro the hede to be stomak ober fro be lyuere ober fro al be body, as in crisi, and so of ober lemys bat puttib her superfluytees to be stomak. Pan hyt may be for vicera obere for humours ygaderyd in be stomak bat agreuyb be stomak. Somtyme it comyb for feblenesse of wibhaldynge and strengbe of puttynge out. Some men hauyb so febel haldynge that whan bey hauyb izete, zif bey meue ober be wrobe obere drede obere yse any binge obere yhuyre speke berof, anone bey castib and bey ne bib nozt hole.

**De Vomitu Sanguinis** 

**[f. 188v]** Bloode is cast for causis wiþ in oþere wiþ out. 3if it be wiþ out, þanne it may be smytynge oþer fallynge oþer drinkynge of a waterleche a nyʒt in a welle. 3iff it come of causis wiþ in, þan it comyþ for þe stomak oþere for oþere lemys oþer for þe brayn oþer ffor þe splene oþer for wiþhaldynge of menstrua oþere emoroydarum oþere ffor wiþhaldynge of some custom. And it ffalliþ to men þat leuyþ in a grete reste and biþ replete and it falliþ ffor þe stomake whan any vayne is to broke þeron oþer ykutte oþer openyþ, whiche bloode, whan it is gaderyd to gedre, kynde puttiþ hyt out by castynge.

Signa. 3iff it come for causis, it may be knowe by hem. 3iff it come of obere lemys, bou schalt knowe by be pascyoun of hem, saf ffor be stomak, bou schalt knowe by be greuaunce of be stomak and by takynge awey of obere and for be pascyoun is contynuel. 3iff it come of ober lemys, it restip ober while nausea signifieb castynge to come and quakynge of be neber lyppe and derkynge of be yzen. 3iff it come of colre, he schal haue berste and hete and bitternesse and zelu colour of be mater bat is cast. 3iff it come of ffleume, bat he cast schal be whyte and viscouse and soure and wibout berst. 3iff it come of malencolie, ban it wole be blacke and ponticum.

Signes bib open ynow3. 3iff it be bloode, be coloure wole be rede and bou schalt knowe by particuleris of be pacient and by akynge of be partijs.

Pronosticacio. Castynge may be goode sygne and euel. Yt may be goode signe in bis manere. In a ffeuere, 3if castynge come in die cretica after signes of digestioun wib releuynge, it is goode.

3if it in be day bat is no3t cretica and none signes of digestioun schewynge and wib agreuaunce bat is euel signe.

Castynge in feueris pestilencyal is euyl. Sengle castynge is euel for it signifieb habundaunce of humours. And 3iff he be colericus, than it signifieb grete hete. 3iff he be fleumatik, it signifieb coldnesse. Malencoly is worst of alle. A medlynge hirof is no3t so euyl.

Castinge is goode ffor alle pascyouns bat bib bynebe dyafragma and it avoydib mater arysynge vp and it drawib to be contrarie and it is goode in pascyouns of be stomak and in pascyouns of be hede, so bat he cast lightliche wibout agreuaunce, els it wolde do harm. And castynge **[f. 189r]** is euyl for hem bat hauyb euel pyce and euel gyen and so of ober mo.

Entende þat no castynge þat comyþ ofte ne may noʒt be goode. Þis mater is more tretyd of vs in oure booke de pronosticacione.

Entende bat anostropha and catastropha and colica bib al euel.

Curacio. Jn þe ffirst bigynnynge, ffrote his hondys and his fete and bynde hem hard and þan make hym clisteries. Þan cure þe leme þat puttiþ out and þan his stomak schal be confortyd. ʒif his stomak be

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hoote, conforte hym wiþ colde þinges and swote smellynge wiþ in and wiþ out. 3iff his stomak be colde, conforte his stomak wiþ swote smellynge þinges þat be hote and stiptica.

Colde materialis biþ þese: rose, sandali, coriandrum, camphore, corallus, bolus armenicus, flos mali granata, cortex and succus acetose, acetositates citrangulorum and citri, and sumac, mirtilli, berberis, pira, coctana, mel, emblicorum, opium, iusquiamus, papauer. But þese narcotica schulliþ be do wiþ grete cautele, as it is ofte forsaide.

Hote materialis biþ þese: lignum aloes, storax calamita, ambra, spicanardi, nux cipressi, gariofilorum, nux muscata, mirra, mastix, thus album, cortex citri, cortex fisticorum, menta, ruta, absinthium, panis assus in aceto infusus, pulla assa, lardata cum gariofilorum, aqua rosacea, muscata, and violis. 3iff he smelle hirto it schal do hym myche goode so þat he ne haue no feuere, so þat his dyetynge be goode and his body be clene and þe mater drawe a wey. Þan ʒif þe cause be colde, take oon þerof oþere twayne oþere many of þe materialis þat biþ forsiade and lete hym vse wiþin by manere of a syrupe oþere electuarium and he may vse hem in many oþer maneres as it is forsaide. And ʒiff þe cause be hoot, do þerto colde medicynes.

3iff castynge come ffor vlcera, lete hym vse bis drinke:

**279 Rx** mirre, sarcocolle, mumie, masticis, thuris ana ¾ j, vini optimi libra ij. Boyle hem to gedre and lete hym vse therof euery day erliche and late at euery tyme ¾ j and β.

For speke comynliche in euery castynge bis poudre is goode:

**280 Rx** cortices citri, ligni aloes, masticis, coriandrum, semen portulaca, sandali, muscatelli ana 3 ij. Make therof poudere and do berof in his mete.

Jtem, longe slepe is goode therfore and swetynge and ventosis in þis manere. 3iff he caste, sette ventosis byneþe. \And\' in a flux, þe contrarie. And in colica, in boþe sydis. And entende þat castynge þat comyþ of malencolie ne schal not be restrayned but late.

**[f. 189v]** Item, benys wib a litel vynegre bib good azen castynge. Item, sebe vecchis in water and cast awey be first water and ban sebe hem wib watere and vynegre. For bey bib goode azen castynge. A chaufynge of his hondyn is good and of his ffete and eke make hem colde and bat is meruayle. 3iff his body be replete and ober particuleris acorde berto, lete hym blode. In an hoote cause, lete hym smelle camphoram. In a colde cause, muscus, ambra, and ober mo.

3iff he caste blode, jn be first bigynnynge, lete hym blode in cephalica. 3if it come of obere partijs, lete hym blode in be lyuere vayne. Pan frote his hondys and his fete. Panne lete hym vse iuse of plantayne and after that bis electuarium:

**281 Rx** dyacodion, dyapapaueris, triasandali, zuccare roset made wib drye rosis, carnium citoniorum cum zuccare wibout spices ana  $\S$  j. Medle hem to gedre.

And oper þinges biþ goode þerfore ike, as bursa pastoris, ypoquistidos, bolus armenicus and oper mo, wiþout oper wiþin. Þe laste remedye is drinke opium wiþ iuse of plantayne and croco.

Clarificacio. Entende þoʒ castynge be þinge aʒenus kynde to þe manere, but toward þinge it is naturel. Somtyme humours arysiþ vpward and kynde avoidiþ hem and castynge may be meuynge of crisis for goode and it nys noʒt inconuenyent, as Galen seyþ. Þoʒ meri deserue propreliche to drawe in

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mete, 3itte somtyme he may putte out by castynge and þat comyb of be villys þat gobe endlonge of be tete wibin. And bis comyb kyndely wibout crisis whan humours fletib aboue in be stomak.

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Jn þe 2, entende þat whanne a mannys stomak is stronge he ne schal noʒt caste, but whan he is ffeble and prinspaly þe partie aboue. For þan when þe mater comyþ he ne may noʒt wiþstonde, but put hyt out. 3iff þe mater drawe vpward, he puttiþ hyt<sup>998</sup> out by castynge. And ʒif þe mater ffalle a dounward, þan it is put awey by sege. And ʒif it be in þe myddel, þan in boþe manere. And þis ne schal be noʒt asigned to goode vertue of puttynge out, but more to sinthomatica. And þis is ilike to hym þat beriþ an heuy borþen for he ne doþe no force whiderward he cast hyt to be delyuered þerof. And it may come of goode kynde, as in crisi þat is goode and it may be puttynge out of sinthomatica, as in crisi þat is euel.

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Jn þe 3, entende þat cause of castynge **[f. 190r]** may be þe parte aboue of þe stomak and þe partye byneþe in dyuerse maneres. For þe partye byneþe sufferiþ toward þe vetue of puttynge out þat is constrayned to put out agreuous þinge aboue. And þe partie aboue sufferiþ toward þe haldynge þat ne may halde ne wiþstonde. For castynge ne comyþ noʒt but whan þe botme of þe stomak is stronge and þe partye aboue ffeble. In none oþer manere ne may be no puttynge out vpward. And in þis manere puttynge out of castynge may be aboue and byneþe.

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Jn þe 4, entende þat castynge nys noʒt goode to kepe hele, but to putte out þat agreuyþ. Þerfor, Auicen and oþer mo praysyþ castynge onys in a moneþe, zitte it is goode to be ware of euel custom lest it drawe humours to þe stomak.

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Jn be 5, entende bat castynge may be medycyne of castynge, as akenge is cause of akynge, and gitt bese twey castynges bib contrarye toward causis and toward effecte. Toward causis bat is for euyl is cause of oon and crafte cause of anobere. For bey bib dyuerse in effecte. For oon is to good, anobere is to harme. And in bis manere it is possible bat castynge may be medycyne of castynge.

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Jn þe 6, entende þat 3iff mete ffalle adounward, þan stiptica biþ goode to fore mete. 3iff it aryse vppward, þan it is goode afer mete. 3iff it be boþe aboue and byneþe, þan þey biþ goode tofore mete and after.

### De Infflatione Stomachi, 11

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Swellynge of be stomak is wynde ygaderyd in be stomak ffor ffeblenesse of digestioun bat makib swellynge and balkynge, rubblynge, gnawynge. For wynde ygaderyd in a mannys body makib dyuerse sounys after be gretenesse of hym obere sotile and after be brede and straytenesse of passynges out and after dyuerse placys, as we seyde tofore and as Galen seib sexto de morbo. Entende bat whan hete is ffeble to be mater, ban wynde is engenderyd. For so myche it is myzty to resolue, but it nys nozt myzty for to consume. Perfore, bou myzt yse wib out bat cloudis ne bib nozt engenderyd in somere for be hete is myzty to dissolue, ne in wynter for ban nys no dissoluynge, but it is in be meene tyme. And be same manere it is in a mannys body whan hete is stronge and be mater is obedyent, ban nys no wynde engenderyd in a mannys body. But ziff hete be stronge and be mater wyndy and vaporous, as newe wyne, benyn, and ober mo, ban wynde is engenderyd. But bis is more by [f. 190v] cause of be mater ban

<sup>998</sup> hyt] hyt hyt

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>999</sup> of] *preceded by* akynge *deleted in red ink* of] of of

cause of doynge. And somtyme wynde is engendered of garlike and oynyouns and oper mo. Whan hete is ffeble wynde nys nozt engenderyd for it ne may nozt resolue.

Cause. Wynde oper it is engenderyd of causis wip in opere of causis wip out. 3iff it come wip out, pat may be of coldenesse wip out preschynge into pe stomak and oper lemys, as in colde regyouns and in ffeble bodyes, opere it may come off grete hete wip out pat makip naturel hete passye out. And it may come of myche quantite of mete and drinke opere of qualyte, as mete pat is to hoote oper to colde oper wyndy, as grewel, nepis, and oper mo. Opere he takip his mete to hoote in pe myddel of pe table opere after opere pinges pat ne folewip no3t mete pat scholde, as reste and sleepe and tempernesse of pe soule and oper mo.

3iff it come wiþ in, þan it may be for þe stomak oþere for oþere lemys, as for corrupcyoun and wynde in oþer lemys whiche after þat goþe to þe stomak, as it ffalliþ in opilacyoun venarum miseraicarum oþere as it falliþ for þe guttys aboue oþer byneþe oþere mirac, as it is forsayde. Mirac is a pannicle of ffatnesse sotil that goþ about þe guttys in þe manere of a nette, etc.

Obere it may come of be splen and of be lyuere obere of be maryce and it may come of be stomak by cause of hym self. For he ne may nogt defye wel his mete obere by resoun of be mete and of humours bat bib beron. And in bis manere, wynde folewib indigestioun and corrupcioun of mete ober of humours bat is ytournyd into ober kynde.

Signa. 3iff it come of causis wibout, bou my3t knowe berby. 3iff it come of ober lemys of be stomak, bou my3t knowe in bis manere by agreuaunce berof. And 3iff it come of ober lemys, by be same manere. And 3if it come of be stomak, his pascioun schal be contynuel. 3iff it come of hete, ban he schal haue hete and berst, balkynge. 3iff it come of ffleume, it wole be moyste. 3iff it come of malencolia, it wole be drye.

Pronosticacio. Wynde is myche ober lytel. 3iff it be lytel, it is possyble bat it come for goodenesse of vertue of puttynge out. 3iff it be grete and come ofte, it is euyl by resoun of be cause. For wynde corrumpib digestioun for be meuynge. 3if it go to be brayn, it engenderyb tynnytum ober akynge ober vertiginem and ober mo. 3iff it go to ober dyuerse placys, it dob be same manere.

Cura. Jn þe **[f. 191r]** ffirst bigynnynge whan wynde is engenderyd þe pacient mote studye to put hym out wiþ balkynge oþer byneþe wiþ ffartynge. For ʒiff it be iholde in to myche, it may do myche agreuaunce. Purge hym wiþ yerapigra. Þinges þat biþ goode to consume wynde biþ þese and confortiþ þe stomak: anisum, maratrum, ameos, siceleos, ruta, bacca lauri, costus, spicanardi, <sup>1000</sup> origanum, calamentum, and oþer mo, and dyanisum, dyaciminum, dyagalanga. Make hym a sacellacyoun wiþout wiþ salt and milium oþere wiþ anyse and comyn and ruwe oþere wiþ bran. And þou myʒt enoynte hym wiþ oleum laurinum, costinum, castoreum. Þan make hym a baþe þat þese þinges be þeron þat biþ forsayd. And þou myʒt sette hym ventosis. 3iff it come of causis wiþin, bringe hem by þe contrarye to temperaunce. 3if it come of oþer lemys, þan cure hem as it schal be sayde in here placys.

Clarificacio. Entende þoʒ ffleume be colde and moyste, neuerþelattre, som partye of hym resoluyþ in to vapour \and may haue a scharpe proporcyoun and in þat manere wynde engenderyd of ffleume nys noʒt onlyche drye as 1001 vapour engenderyd of colre and malencolie. And hirof entende þat

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1000</sup> spicanardi] *preceded by* spicar *deleted in red ink* 

 $<sup>^{1001}</sup>$  as] preceded and followed by two illegilbe marks deleted in red and black ink

rubblynge in be stomak comyb onlyche of wynde, as Galen saib de morbo. And be same manere wynde engendered of ffleume, 3iff it be in be guttys, it makib li3tliche rubblynge.

## De Tortura Intestinorum, 12

Tortura intestinorum is akynge of be stomak wib prickynge and euel reste and grete malice. Pis comyb of colre and humours enclosyd in be stomak.

Entende þat þis pascyoun haþ so hard accydencys þat it is ilike to cardiaca pascioun and pascioni ypocundriate bat is clepyd mirachia, berof we hauyb yspoke in chapitre de malencolia. And it is ilike to yliaca and colica.

Causa. Causis of bis pascioun obere bey bib wib out obere wib in.

10315 3iff bey be wib out, bat may be for myche etynge of hote metis, as bib oynyouns, garlike, and ober m[o] and metys bat bib to colde, as lactuca, melones, cucurbite.

3iff causis be wip in, pan it comyp of hote humours oper colde oper off wynde opere of venym obere enpostem obere pascyouns of be maris obere of wormys and ober mo.

Signa. 3iff it come of hete, he schal bersty and brenne and haue prickynge. 3iff it come of colde humours, bou schalt knowe for bere nys none hirof and hote binges dob hym goode and colde binges dobe hym harm. 3iff it come of wynde, it tournyb from [f. 191v] place to place. 3iff it come of enpostem, banne he schal haue a feuere. And ober signes bou schalt haue by here propre placys.

Pronosticacio. 3iff fflux of be wombe come vppon bis pascioun, it is goode. 3iff he be costyf, he schal haue be more penaunce. Perfore, entende bat men bat hauyb bis pascyoun obere bey hauyb a feble stomak opere here guttys bib swybe felynge. 3iff it be so and be pascyoun dure longe, bey schulleb falle into sincopin and deye. 3iff it ne be nozt so, bey may ascape.

Curacio. 3iff it come of causis wip out, do hem a waye. 3if it come of enpostem opere wormys and oper mo, cure hem as it fally perfore. 3iff it come of venym, zeue hym tyriaca, metridatum.

3iff it come of hoote humours, ffirst make hym a clisterie of malua, bismalua, violis, oleo violato, furfure, cassiafistula, and oper mo.

Thane defye be matere wib oxizacra, sirupo violato, sirupo nenifar and purge hym wib mirabolani citri, manna, cassiafistula oper electuarium de succo rosarum, trifera sarazenica, reuberberata. Pan make hym sacellacyouns wib milium brend obere wib branne obere wib vesica enea ful of hote watere.

3iff be cause be colde and grete, ban in be ffirst bygynnynge make hym a clisterye of ruta, origanum, calamentum, bleta abrotano, aniso, maratro, oleo laurino, yerapigra, and oper mo. Pan defye be mater wib oximel diuretik bat absinthium be boyled theron and ysopi and ober mo. Pan purge hym wib mirabolanis kebulis, turbithe, agarico obere wib benedicta. Pan putte hym in a babe bat anyse, fenel, camomille, anthos, sticados be beron. Pan make hym a sacellacyoun wib salt ytostyd, anyse, and oper mo. And enoynte hym wib oleum laurinum, costinum, rutacelieon, castoreolon, and oper mo.

Entende ziff be fflux be myche and be cause be colde, ban nasturcium is goode. And for colde cause of wynd comyb moste, berfor bese bib materiales berof: lignum aloes, carpobalsamum, xilobalsamum, spicanardi, squinantum, anisum, maratrum, ruta, galanga, zedoarium, pipere, absinthium, and oper mo. 3if be cause be hoote, ban barliche is goode and watere berof, brede ywett in colde watere of lactuca, portulaca, mala granata, and oper mo. Some men seyn pat in pis caas ericius rostyd is gode berfore and calcaneus porci.

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Clarificacio. Entende þat of oynyons and garlik and oþere hote þynges may be engenderyd wynde whan naturel hete ne may noʒt ouercome hyt whan it is so þat hete is stronge and þe mete ne be noʒt to myche, þanne it ouercomyþ [f. 192r] the malice þerof whaþer it be hote, as garlik, oþer colde, as lactuca, so þat it mowe engendre goode blode, as Galen seiþ de complexionibus. And whan þey ne biþ noʒt ouercome þan is engenderyd euel bloode. And þe same manere of hote mete noʒt wel ouercome may engendre wynde hoote and drye. And of contrarye þinges, þe contrarie.

Jn be 2, some may aske whaper wynde may be engendered of hote binges. And it semyb naye for hote þinges resoluyþ and makiþ þe mater sotil. Þe contrarie hirof seiþ Viaticus and stronge hete nel noʒt onlyche resolue, but consume contrarie, etc. And Y aske whaper come more replecyoun of fleume oper of malencolie for it is watery and medlyd. And berfore, J aske in [what] leme tortura come. J answere and seye bat wynde and rubblynge bib engenderyd somtyme most of disposicyoun of be matere and somtyme by party of worchynge more. Somtyme be mater is redy for wynde, as grete, rawe, myche, indigest, wyndy, as grewel, fruytes, and oper mo. Somtyme it nys nozt apperailed berto of hym self, as sotil metys that mowe wel be defyed. Pan in bat ober partye hete is feble and bat resoluyb nozt ober it is stronge and bat resoluyb and consumyb ober it is in be mene and bat is in be myddel. Pan Y suppose bat it be swybe feble. Pan Y sey bere nys no resolucyoun whaber be mater be apperaylyd ober no. Pan Y suppose bat stronge hete worche in be mater disposyd to wynde. Pan Y sey bat it engenderyb no wynde, but it resoluyb and consumyb. But Y suppose bat it worche swybe rawe and wyndy, thanne Y sey it wole engendre wynde for it resoluyb by resoun ofstronge hete. And for be mater is grete, it ne consumy p nozt. Panne Y suppose pat lent hete worche, pat it worchip in grete matere oper in sotil. 3if it worchye in grete, it ne schal nozt engendre myche wyndy for it resoluyb of feble mater, but it ne consumy p nozt for pournesse of hete and it is semelable to generacyoun of cloudys wib outforbe bat ne beb nozt engenderyd in grete hete ne in grete coldenesse, but in be mene. As Galen seyb sexto de morbo, bis assayleb be tway first.

To be 3, Y seye bat it comyb most of fleume for it is an humour bat liztliche resoluyb. And zif it come of malencolie, it wole lattre resolue for it is more grete.

To be last, **[f. 192v]** Y seve bat propre sugett of tortura is somtyme the botme of be stomak, somtyme be partye aboue of be guttys, somtyme bobe. After bat, be mater is icontinis in oo place obere in anobere. And it is an hard pascyoun as it were cardiaca, as it is forsaide, for grete felynge of be lemys bat bib sencible and for be gretenesse of be cause.

## De Lienteria, 13

Lienteria is flux of be wombe in whiche his mete and his drinke comyb out jn be same quantite and qualyte bat he etib hyt for the feblenesse of wib haldynge of be guttys aboue and for vicera bat bib beron.

Entende about þis mater þat flux of þe wombe is in many maneres, as it is somdele ysayde hir to fore and as it schal hirafter in Recapitulacione Omnium Fluxum.

Some fflux of be wombe is clepyd anostropha and some is clepyd pascio colica and some is clepyd lienteria and some dissinteria and some diarria and some tenasmon. Anostropha, as is aforsayde, is clepyd swyfte puttynge out aboue and bynebe. Pe cause berof is humour corupt in be stomak bat passib

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 $<sup>^{1002}</sup>$  is] preceded by is deleted in black ink

in to be lemys and tournyb agen to be stomak and kynde put hyt out sodeynliche aboue and bynebe. For so myche as it felib prickynge and bytynge and akynge.

Lienteria is flux of mete pat kynde ne worchip nopynge peron and therfore it gope out wip out any chaungynge opere defyinge, but it is put out to fore his tyme.

Dyarria is flux of humours symple and for it is cured as oper fluxis. Perfore, we nollib make no sengle chapitre berof.

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Dissinteria is clepyd flux of humours wib bloode, sauynge be honour of Galen, fflux of bloode may wel come wib lienteria.

Cause. Causis of alle flux is opere bey bib wib out obere wib in. 3iff bey be wib out, ban it may be

Tenasmon is clepyd grete wil to go to sege wib out effecte for ffretynge of longaon.

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to moyst ayre oper corupte opere venymous opere pestilencyal oper it may come for mete bat is ytake in myche quantite ober in euel qualite obere of 1003 ordre obere it was venymous obere [f. 193r] ffor fallynge obere smytynge and ober mo. 3iff it come for causis wib in, ban it may come of be stomak obere of be guttys obere for obere lemys. 3iff it comyb for obere lemys, ban it may come of be hede, as of a reume, obere it may come for

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opilacyoun of vaynys bat bib clepyd miseraice opere it may come for be lyuere bat puttib her superfluytees to be stomak and to be guttys and it may come of be splene and of be marys ober for al be body oper for crisym. 3iff it come of be stomak and of be guttys, ban it may come for euel conplexioun oper for vicera. 3iff it come of euel conplexioun, opere it is wip matere oper wipout matere. And somtyme wibhaldynge is made ffeble and vertue of puttynge out is stronge. And somtyme bobe bib feble and berwib digestyf and bat may be for some euel conplexyoun goynge to fore wib mater ober wibout matere, colde oper hoot. And it comyb also for palesye of be same lemys. VIcera comyb for hoote humours prickynge and bytynge bat makib vlcus.

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Signa. Causis wib out bib open by schewynge. 3iff bey be wib in and come of ober lemys of be stomak and of be guttys, bou schalt knowe by pasciouns of be lemys and agreuaunce of be same lemys. Verba gratia, zif it come of be hede, ban schewib signes of be reume and akynge of be hede and more flux after slepe. And 3iff his hede be to colde opere to hoote, ban his fflux wole be more, so bou schalt attende of opere lemys by agreuaunce of be partye, as it schal be sayde hire after in be chapitre de recapitulacione. 3iff it come of be stomak and be cause be colde, ban first he schal 30xie. 3if it come of a palesye, he ne felyb none akynge. 3iff it come of vlcera, ban he schal fele hete, prickynge, berst, and bytynge.

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Pronosticacio. Colica pascio, 3if it come ofte, it is euel and mortel. 3iff lienteria come for dissinteriam, it is mortel. Oxiremia bat nas nozt in be first bygynnynge in euery flux of be wombe is good, for wibhaldynge bygynneb in some manere to bicome stronge and digestyf to defye and berfor it is goode.

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Curacio. There bib 3 binges bat curib euery flux. Pe ffirst is the runnynge of an hare and of a kydde. Pe secunde is olde chese ysode in many waterys and after bat dryed and zeue hyt hym after be tyme that the saltenesse is awaye wib boylynge.

Pe 3 is milke of kyne obere ewyn whan be buttre is take out berof.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1003</sup> of] of of

Pe 4 is nasturcium **[f.193v]** yrostyd and yzeue wib gotys mylke bat yre be aqueynt beron obere stonys of the ryuere.

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Pe 5 may be rayn watere. For by resoun of hete fix to vapoure it makib be mater passye out obere it makib presche to be lyuere and so it constraynyb. For it ne may nozt come to be guttys. And here we ne spekib nozt of be cure of euery flux, but proprelich of lienteria. Perfore, be cure berof we wollib speke schortely.

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3iff lienteria come onliche of euel conplexioun wibout matere he may be cured only wib alteratyues. 3iff it come wib matere, bou most make clene his body wib mirabolanis kebulis. 3if be cause be hoot, wib mirabolanis citrinis. And 3if be cause be hoot, lete hym vse bis medicyne:

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**282 Rx** boli armoniencis, terre sigillate, coralli, omnium sandalarum, sumac, berberis, semen citoniorum, psidie, balaustie, gallarum, ypoquistidos, mirtillorum, rosarum siccarum, sanguis draconis ana ʒ ij. 1004 Poudre hem and medle hem wiþ iuse of plantayne and iuse of absinthium and make þerof gobettys and whan þou wolt vse þerof distempere oon þerof wiþ mylke yboyled and hote stonys of þe ryuere aquenchyd þeron.

3if be cause be colde, make hym bis medycyne:

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**283 Rx** anisi, cimini, nasturcij assorum, masticis, thuris, lapdani, storacis calamite, ambra, mirre, nucis cipressi [and] foliorum eius ana ʒ j. Medle hem wiþ iuse of mente<sup>1005</sup> and iuse of absinthium and make berof gobettys and ʒeue hem wiþ be forsayde mylke.

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Clarificacio. Entende pat lienteria after dissinterciam is incurable. For pe villys, pat bip lemys as it were rotys, and ne mow nogt be restored. Pey bip consumyed by cause of vicus. And sippe pey ne mow nogt be restored, it is incurable for schauynge of pe villys and lesynge perof.

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Jn þe 2, entende þat þoʒ in þe mouþe be some digestioun and in þe guttys aboue, ʒitte it passiþ out rawe in lienteria for þere is lytel digestioun þeron and percas none saf preparacyoun. And to speke<sup>1006</sup> proprely, þere is some manere digestioun þeron and gothe some blessyd þinge to þe lyuere ffor els he ne scholde noʒt leue. Þerfore, his body consumyþ for þe quantite is so lytel þat it ne may noʒt wel be felyd. And þerfor, it is sayde in þe same quantite and qualite þat it is take, þoʒ it ne be noʒt onlyche soþe by mesure yweʒye, but to ward felynge it is so. Contrarie, etc.

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Jn þe 3, some man may doutye ʒiff errour in<sup>1007</sup> þe ffirst digestion mow be amendyd in þe secunde. And it semyþ nay, ffor whan the **[f. 194r]** ffirst corumpiþ þe secunde corrumpiþ, but digestioun of þe stomak is þe ffirst and þat ne may noʒt be amendyd to none oþere.

10455

Whan be ffirst is corumpyd be stronge is corrumpyd and so bere may be no correccyoun. But be stomak is be strongere leme ffor he worchib vppon indisposicyoun and bat ober vppon disposicyoun, wherfore it ne may nogt be correcte bere agen. Pinge bat is more nobele amendib binge bat is feble. But be lyuere is a leme bat is more noble ban be stomak, wharfore be lyuere may amende errouris of be stomak.

<sup>...</sup> 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1004</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1005</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1006</sup> speke] *preceded by* sper *deleted in red ink* 

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J answere hirto and seye þat errour is in double manere: some is lytel and some is myche. And some correccyoun may be fulfillyd and some ne may noʒt be fulfylled. Than Y seye ʒiff þere be errour in þe ffirst digestioun and it be lytel, it may be amendyd by þe secunde digestioun, so þat þere falle none oþer errour, but þat vse alle þinges to amendye.

3iff þe errour be myche, as takynge awey oþer corruptioun, þan he ne may noʒt be sertefyed atte fulle, but in some manere it may be sertefyed, so þat þere falle none oþere errour. And þere is propre vertue in hem þat nys noʒt in oþer lemys, as Galen seyþ septimo de ingenio. And þerewiþ euery þinge þat worchiþ, worchiþ in mater proporcyonyd to hym and þere wiþ fourme nys noʒt yladde in, in any matere, but in apperayled and disposyd, siþþe þat þe stomak and þe lyuere biþ twayne lemys dyuerse and oon haþ one manere and anoþer haþ anoþer manere. And in þat \manere/, 1008 þat oon ne may noʒt wel fulfille defaute of anoþere.

First oon is mater and contrarie vppon whiche be stomak worchib and bat obere is vppon binge bat be lyuere worchib. And in bis manere bib contrarijs and bat ffailyb in oon ne may nozt be ffulfilled wib bat ober. Pere is a propre fourme and bat is ilad in by vertue of be stomak. 3iff here 1009 fourme be dyuerse, so here mater is dyuerse. Perfore, binge bat is lost by be stomak ne may nozt be amendyd by be lyuere ffor here vertue is dyuerse. For 3if mete come onliche rawe to be lyuere, it wole lytel amendement make. And the same manere Y sey of mete bat is corupt and by be same resoun mete rotib in be lyuere. Perfore, whan humours bib corupt in be lyuere they engenderyb many sickenessis in al be body, as scabbe, pustule, lepra, morphea, ffeuer apostemata, and ober mo.

3iff þe errour be lytel, in þe first bygynnynge it may be amendyd. 3if it be myche, it ne may noʒt be amendyd. And þoʒ it mowe in any manere be amendyd, ʒitte it ne **[f. 194v]** may noʒt be atte ffulle. And þou arguyste þat a leme þat is more nouble amendiþ a leme þat is more feble. Þat is soþe, ʒiff þey worche euene and in oo manere and vppon oon þinge. Now it nys noʒt so oþer þat biþ ysaide for þat oþer partye Y graunte as it is forsayde.

Jn be laste, entende bat sugett of bis pascioun prinspaliche is be stomak. Pe secunde may be be guttys and prinspaly they aboue.

## De Dissinteria, 14

Dissinteria is fflux of be wombe wib vlceracioun and scinnynge of be guttys.

Causa. Enchesoun of dissinteria of obere ffluxis, obere it comyb wib out obere wib in. Wib out, as corupt ayre obere scharpe metis that preschyb, as oynyons, garlike, and vynegre, and ober mo, obere medicynes, as dyagridium obere aloe ober pulpa coloquintida, and ober mo.

3if it come of causis wib in, ban it may come of scharpe collere bat makib vlcus and prickib and bytib and fleuma salsum and scharpe humours adust ober brekynge of a vayne obere opinynge obere ffretynge and so of obere causis.

3iff be causis be fferre obere for pascioun of obere lemys, ban it may come of be hede for a reume obere for be stomak obere of be guttys bat bib smal aboue obere of be grete bynebe obere it may come of be vaynys bat bib clepyd miseraice obere for opilacyoun of be lyuere obir for hardnysse

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 $<sup>^{1008}</sup>$  manere] corr. by deletion of mater in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1009</sup> here] *preceded by* hr *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1010</sup> prinsplay] *preceded by* p *deleted in black ink* 

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and opilacioun of be splene<sup>7</sup> obere for enpostemys of bese lemys obere fflux may come for be maryce obere for emoroydis ober for al be body obere for crisim obere for sickenessis bat makib liquide, as ptisik, etik, causon, and ober mo. Perfor, after dyuerse causis and lemys bib dyuerse fluxis. For some is chilosus and some watery and some colerik and some of malencolie blacke and rede and quytture and some bloody and some whyte and viscouse and some as it were askys and some stinkib and some noʒt. 3iff it be chilosus, ban the stomak ne suffrib noʒt but vaynes bat bib clepyd miseraice ne mow noʒt drawe chilum. 3iff it be watery, ban it may be for malice of be stomak. 3if it be colrik, ban it is ʒelu and blacke of malencolie, whyte ffor ffleume, and blody for blode, and as it were quyttoure and virulentus and stinkynge ffor corrupcyoun of humours and enpostem. Pey bat bib ilike to fflesche comyb for bloode congelyd and dissinteria comyb somtyme for vlcus in be guttys aboue and somtyme bynebe and somtyme in be myddel. [f.195r] And fflux of be wombe hab 4 tymys bat bib knowe by binges bat gothe out of sinthomatica.

Signa. 3iff dissinteria come of partijs aboue, þanne þere is akynge and agreuaunce and þat gothe from hym as it were schauynge and waschynge and bloode medlyd þerwiþ.

3iff it come by cause of be guttys bynebe there is akynge and agreuaunce and bat gobe from hym as it were smal schillys and branne and bloode nys nozt medlyd berwyb.

3iff it come of be myddel, ban alle binges bib in be mene and bey hauyb akynge about be nauele.

3iff it come for opilacyoun of be lyuere, ban flux is more a nyʒt than a day and no bloode beron wib lytel akynge. And for bere nys noone agreuaunce in obere partijs and his sege is of many colours.

Signes therof byb many and some bib forsaide and some schulleb be sayde hir after de recapitulacione omnium fluxum. Obere bey may be knowe by akynge and agreuaunce of be partye in be pacient obere by hete and sauour of binges bat passib fro hym obere by iugis and prinspaly whan it comyb of primytyf causis obere by binges bat helpib obere harmyb.

Pronosticacio. Euery fflux of be wombe bat comyb of malencolie adust and is cast vppon erbe and boyleb as vynegre obere 3iff fflyes ffleeb berfro and it come in be first bygynnynge of be euyl, it is mortel. In goynge away of be euyl it may come by way of clansynge bat may be knowe by releuynge and lasse agreuaunce.

Euery fflux wip pous pat is clepyd vermiculoso and formicantes that nys nozt confortyd by metys ytake and medycynes is mortel.

Euery flux þat comyþ after sickenesse and ʒiff þe sickenesse leue hyt and bicymyþ noʒt lasse and is wiþ grete agreuaunce is mortel. Þerfore, in ydropisi flux of þe wombe is euyl and prinspaliche wiþ blode.

Euery flux wip castynge and 30xinge and out of mynde is mortel. Jtem, 3iff in dissinteria byhynde be lyfte ere come a whele ilike to orobo wip grete prest, wipin xx daies he schal be dede.

3iff wip haldynge of superffluytees be agreuous and be puttynge out berof ne releuyb hym no3t but for a lytel tyme and distourbib be guttys and durib longe, it is mortel.

Jtem, euery longe fflux in olde men is mortel.

Euery flux of the stomak and of be guttys wib nausea and castynge is euel.

Euery [f. 195v] fflux þat comyþ of þe lyuere and of al þe body is euel, but it come of crisis þat be saaf.

Jtem, euery flux of be wombe, lesynge of appetyte is euel.

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Flux þat comyþ of þe stomak dureþ longest. Þe contarie is of þe lyuere. Egestioun blacke engendered of malencolie by way of adustioun departiþ fro egestioun blacke and blody and þat is engendered of colera adusta for þat comyþ of malencolie. Than, ʒiff it be cast vppon erþe, it boyliþ as vynegre. And ʒif wormys be cast þeruppon, þey deyeþ.

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Jn oper it nys nozt so and colere ne comyb nozt to so myche blackenesse, but somdele schynynge.

Chaunge of colourys in dissinteria is euel, but in medicynes laxatiues it is goode.

In ffluxis, 3iff bere schewye pustule and go a wey anone, it is euel.

Jn be ffirst bigynnynge of dissinteria, ziff be fflux be in be manere of waschynge of fflesche after bat as it were schauynge of perchemyne and after bat as it were gobettys off fflesche, ban zif it come of be guttys aboue it is spedde. 3iff it come of be guttys bynebe bat bib ffleschy, he may be sauyd.

In ffluxis of be wombe whan akynge comyb about be wombe and partijs bynebe and egestioun comyb out anone, wib out drede bere is be particle of be pacient. And 3iff be fflux ne come no3t anone but late, banne wib out drede it is in be guttys aboue.

after be humoure bat is in cause. 3if colre be in the cause, purge hym wib mirabolani citri. 3iff ffleume

Curacio. In be ffirst bigynnynge, 3iff particuleris falle berfore, lete hym blode and ban purge hym

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salsum be in be cause, wib mirabolani kebuli. 3if malencolia, wib mirabolanis indis and medle hem wib rayn water bat dragagantum, gummi arabici be beron and vue passe. 3iff it be ffleuma salsum, 3eue hym vynegre hoot. In ober causis, 3eue hyt colde. Pan make clene vlcus wib water of barliche and brobe of cicerum ober wib water of salt fflesche and hony and oyle, rosis, banne sette a ventose wibout garsynge vppon his wombe. Pan 3eue hym constrictiues and conglutinatiues and consolidatiues and regenderynge flesche by manere of oynementis obere enplastris ober poudris obere drinkes ober electuaria obere

trociscorum.

3iff be cause be in be guttys vppon be particle bat is sore, ley hyt.

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**[f. 196r]** 3iff it come off guttys bynebe make hym a clisterie bat bee ffattenesse beron of be raynys of a goote wib out salt and ober mo. 3iff it be in be myddel guttis, than 3eue hym medicynes aboue and bynebe and wib out and to fore and byhynde.

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3if the cause be hoot, þan materialis þerfor biþ þese: plantago, quinqueneruia, 1011 portulaca, succus mororum 1012 immaturorum, succus caude equine, succus pedis coruini, succus coriandri, ypoquistidos, acacia, bolus armenicus, terra sigillata, rose sicce, sanguis draconis, corallus, emathites, sandali, sumac, balaustia, galla, mirtilli, extremitates, and ffructus arborum stipticarum, as biþ pira, coctana, mespilea, corna, and oþer mo, cortex maligranata [and] fflores eius, cerusa lota, cupule glandium, and oþer many mo. Make hirof drinkys oþer clisterijs oþer gobettys and 3eue hem wiþ rayn water oþere wiþ ffresche mylke þat hote stonys of þe ryuere be aquenchyd þeron. Other make þis þat is appreuyd in dissinteria cronica:

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**284 Rx** ossa omnium mirabolanum and roste hem.<sup>1013</sup> Þan take bolus armenicus, cakabre and poudre hem and medle hem wiþ muscilago dragaganti and gummi arabici infusi in iuse of plantago and make

 $<sup>^{1011}</sup>$  quinqueneruia] preceded by lq deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1012</sup> mororum] *preceded by* mar *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1013</sup> See commentary

berof gobettys. And whan bou wolt vse hem, distempere hem wib milke, as it is forsayde. And wibout drede, bis is goode.

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3iff be cause be colde, banne take bese ryndes of chastaynys and roste hem. And mirra is goode and castore, cortex thuris, storax calamita, anisum, ciminum assum, and oper mo. And do perto oper colde þinges, as sumac, mirtilli, cupule glandium, bolus armenicus. And entende þat coagulum leporis wib iuse of plantayne ytake curib euery flux.

A clisterie azen dissinteria:

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285 Rx succi portulaca, succi plantago, s[u]cce<sup>1014</sup> virge pastoris ana  $\frac{3}{2}$  ij, sumac, mirtillorum, cupularum glandium, acacie, carte combuste, aluminis vsti ana 3 ij, cepa renum caprarum, vitillorum ouorum coctorum ana  $\frac{3}{4}$  iij. Sebe hem in rayn water and make hym a clistere berof ofte tymes.

3iff he ne mow nogt slepe, make hym a suppositore to make hym slepe and bis is grete remedye. Make hyt of mirra, storace calamita, croco, opio, succo plantago, and albumen ouorum. And bou most lokye bat it honge wel to gedre by hymself ober wib lynnen clobe ober wib coton.

10585

De dieta. He ne schal ete but lytel and drinke lytel at oon tyme and prinspaliche whan be fflux comyb for opilacyoun of be lyuere. Perfore, zeue hym mete bat nourschib myche in lytel quantite ytake, as be ballok of a cok and be lyuere of a ffatte henne and 30lkys of ayryn somdele harde and yrostyd, brede of whete swete, risi ytostyd wib mylke bat buttre be take out berof, and grete [f. 196v] wyne, and ponticum wib rayn water colde, and ffete of bestis, and smal ffisches yrostyd, and hennys bib goode, and touturis yrostyed, ziff he ne haue no feuere. 3if he haue a feuere, sebe hem wib rayn water bat be beron seed of citonia, sumac, milium ysode wib mylke bat buttre be take out berof and benyn to broke byb goode and ffecchis yhulled and ysode in rayn watere and mylke and a lytel vynegre.

10590

Jtem, tyriaca is goode in ffluxis and prinspaliche 3if be cause be colde and ober many opiate, as requies, filomum, rubea trosciscata, and ober mo.

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3iff be cause be hoot, bese electuaria bib goode: dyacodion, triasandali, carnium citoniorum conditorum cum zuccare wibout spyces, zuccare roset made wib drye rosis, micleta ana § 2. Medle hem wib rayn watere.

3iff be cause be colde, zeue hym bis electuarium:

286 Rx dyaolibani, dya mente, dyacitoniten, diacodion ana z iij. Medle hem to gedre.

## **De Fluxu Ventris Propter Catarrum**

10600

He schal slepe as lytel as he may and whan he arysep of his slepe make hym caste. 3if he ne may nogt caste, zeue hym yerapigra. Than shaue his hede and sette ventosis about and frote hym harde and enoynte his hede wib vnguento made wib iuse of ache and culuere dunge and oleum laurinum and make a sacellacyoun to his hede wib milium and salt and fume hym wib nigella and make hym ca[u]terijs<sup>1015</sup> in his necke and lete hym holde bese pelotis in his mouthe, day and nyʒt:

<sup>1014</sup> succe] sicce

cauterijs] caterijs

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**287 Rx** mirre, castoreum, thuris albi, storacis [calamite] ana ʒ j, opij, dragaganti, gummi arabici ana ʒ ij. Medle hem wiþ ydromel and make þerof pelotis.

## **De Fluxu Propter Opilacione Epatis**

In fflux þat comyþ for opilacyoun of þe lyuere, ʒeue þou noþinge that is stipticum and no brede, ʒiff it be possible þat he mow be wiþ out. 3if he may noʒt be wiþ out, ʒeue hym þerof in lytel quantite and brede ymade of spelta and þe iuse of rype grapis, pinee, ffractici, and none datys for þey biþ harde of digestioun, aqua ordei, aqua ciceris. Lete hym vse bryddys as myche as it is possible, as chekenys, partriges, ffesauntis, and oþer mo. And he schal ete foure siþes a day in lytel quantite. His wyne schal be whyte. Al hys mete schal be lyʒt to deffye and sotil and preschynge. He schal vse castynges wiþ þe myddel [f. 197r] rynde of el[lern]. And lay medicynes vppon his lyuere to do away þe opilacyoun wiþ spodium and make hym gobettys wiþ lacca, eupatori, absinthium, and spicanardi, semen melonum. And he schal vse hem wiþ broþe of cycerum.

## De Fluxu Ventris Propter Splenem

Make clene his splene of malencolie wib leuys of sene, epithmo, cero caprino wib a lytel quantite of mirabolanum indorum. And vnstoppe be splene, as it schal be sayde hir after. And lete hym blode in be splene vayne in be lifte honde. 3iff malencolia be myche, purge hym wib theodoriton euperiston.

## **De Fluxu Propter Colicam Pascionem**

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Pis fflux makib myche disturbaunce. Perfore, ne ʒeue bou hym no mete as myche as it is possible. And make hym caste wib water and oyle and sette a ventose vppon his stomak and make a sacellacyoun wib salt and milium yrostyd and ʒeue hem be iuse of an henne and ʒelkys of ayryn whan bey bib almost harde and be lyuere of an henne. For in bis flux comyb harde accidencys, as spasmus and ober mo. He schal be bysy aboute bese binges. 3iff be cause be hoot, enoynte his rygge wib oyle of rosis, viola, wex, camphore and his armpyttis and his ioyntis. 3iff be cause be colde, make an oynement of rosyn, oleum laurinum, and wex.

# 10625

#### De Fluxu Liquefaccino

Pis manere fflux comyb in etik and ptisik and in feuere aguis. 3iff be pascioun be curable, lete hym vse bis electuarium:

**288 Rx** dyadragaganti frigidi, electuari resumptiui, triasandali, ʒuccare roset made wiþ drye rosis ana  $\S$  iij. Medle hem to gedre.

## **De Fluxu Propter Pororum Clausionem**

10630

Frote hym in al his body wib oyle of camomille and whyte wyne and make hym a bathe of swote watere symple.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1016</sup> ellern] el

#### De Fluxu Virulento et Sanioso

**289 R[x]**<sup>1017</sup> mirre, sarcocolle, ci[namomi],<sup>1018</sup> thuris ana ʒ iij. Poudre hem and medle hem wiþ iuse of plantayne and make þerof gobettys. A[nd]<sup>1019</sup> whan thou wolt vse hem distempere hem wiþ water of barlige and whyte wyne and ʒeue hyt hym.

#### **De Fluxu Propter Medicinas Laxatiuas**

10635 **[f. 197v]** Make hym muscilagines de nasturcio, semine lini, psillio, dragaganto, gummi arabici and medle hem wiþ coaglium leporis and wiþ iuse of plantayne and ʒeue hyt hym wiþ a lytel wyne. Triacle is goode for hym and a baþe of swote water and seed of nasturcium yrosted ysode wiþ mylk.

#### Tractatus de Diarria

In be first bygynnynge, make hym caste and dyete hym wib sotil dietynge and conuenyent and put hym in a babe of swote watere. Lete hym vse a babe of swote watere and lete hym vse bis electuarium:

**290 Rx** guccare roset facte cum rosis siccis, triasandali, carnium citoniorum conditorum cum guccare cum speciebus ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  iiij. Medle hem togedre.

Clarificacio. Entende þat colre ne none oþer humour scharpe ne prickynge ne makiþ noʒt vlcera in þe guttys, but whan þe humour is myche and malicyous and out of kynde and comyþ ofte.

Jn be 2, J aske whapere be substaunce of the lyuere in flux of be wombe mowe be put out and it semyb bat it may. For ziff any binges lette bat is straytenesse of be vaynys put bib clepyd myseraice, but bat ne may nozt lette, as it may be declaryd by 3 binges. The ffirst is boz be vaynes be strayte, zitt grete humours mow be ffro be stomak to be lyuere banne bey mow be putte fro be substaunce of be lyuere to the guttys.

Pe 2 ensaumple is þat blode congelyd is put fro þe lyuere to the guttys. In þe same manere may þe substaunce of þe lyuere to þe guttys.

be thirde is bis. For by be vaynes bat bib clepyd capillares comyb contentis that signifieb dissolucyoun of lemys, as contenta pecolayda, ffurfuria, crinoydalia. And whan be vaynes bat bib clepyd miserayce ne bib nozt so strayte and smal as capillares, ban it semyb wel bat be substaunce of be lyuere by vaynes bat bib clepyd myseraice may be loste and passe out.

Pe contrarie hirof semyb for no man ne settyb bis.

Y sey þat þe substaunce of þe lyuere oþere it is dissoluyd into smal parties oþere in grete. 3iff it be in grete partes, þan it ne may noʒt be persyued wel for straytenesse of þe vaynes þat biþ clepyd myseraice and for noublete of þe lyuere þat ne may noʒt be so dissolued þe while þe lyf lastiþ. For an hunderyd syþes tofore he scholde dey.

3iff be dissolucyoun be in smal partijs, ban it may be possible bat he mow passye by vaynes bat bib clepyd myseraice. And some men seyn whanne bere schewib bloode congelyd it is doute whaber [f. 198r] it be bloode ober substaunce of be lyuere. Panne putte hyt in hote water. 3iff it dissolue, it is

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<sup>1017</sup> Rx] Recipe cinamomi, thuris] cithuris

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1018</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1019</sup> and] a

blode. 3iff it dissolue noʒt, it is of be lyuere. And in bat manere, Y graunte hyt. 3iff it be in lytel quantite, be doctour entermetib hym noʒt berof, ffor it ffallib seelde, ffor debe wolde come arste.

10665

Jn þe 3, Y aske whaþer vlceracyoun of þe guttys mow come of ffleume þat is moyste of his qualitees stoppiþ. J sey þat it ne makiþ none vlcus by resoun of his scharpenesse, but it be fleume salsum oþer acetosum oþer by resoun of contynuauns, as in fallynge adoun of a reume. For droppynge preschiþ a stone noʒt by strengþe, but by ofte ffallynge.

10670

Jn þe 4, Y aske why fflux of þe lyuere and cerebellares comyþ rounde aboute by cercle and by nyʒte, but of þe stomak and of þe guttys biþ more abydynge and ne comyþ wiþ no cercle.

J answere þerto þat fflux of þe lyuere and cerebellaris comyþ most for flux of 1020 humours and þe

10675

fflux meuyb more any3t for reuocacyoun of naturel hete and closynge of be porys, and berfor, in wynter more for longonesse of be ny3te. And berfor, it comyb more any3te and by a cercle bat is clepyd peryodialis. For be cause is no3t contynuel, in ober lemys it nys not so. Contrarie, 1021 etc.

Hirof entende þat ʒif fflux of þe wombe come wiþ a feuere, þan þou most ffirst cure þe ffeuer, ʒiff it be cause of þe flux.

Jn þe 5, Y aske ʒiff in dissinteria mater of avoydaunce be goode, and it semyb noʒt. For in lere men, evacuayoun nys noʒt goode. Contrarie, etc.

The contrarie hirof autours seyn.

10680

J sey þat it is goode for þe mater. For els there nys no cure ne whyle þe cause leuyþ. Þan Y sey to þe firste þat there is replecyoun of euyl humours þat makiþ þe fflux. To þe 2, Y sey that it is addyd and els þe cure ne myzt nozt be done. Contrarie, etc.

Jn be 6, entende bat fflesche is goode, boz it be moyste by resoun of feble vertue.

10685

Jn þe 7, entende þat 3if his vertue be stronge, than fflesche of wylde bestis þat biþ of hard digestioun and swete brede is goode for hym and grete wyne biþ goode for hym, þat they mowe longe leue in his stomak.

Jn þe 8, entende þat flesche yrostyd is bettre þan ysode ffor fflesche yrostyd hab more of naturel moysture and þat is ysode takiþ more moysture by þe water.

10690

Jn be 9, entende bat dissinteria after longe sickenesse is euel. **[f. 198v]** For be conplexioun is ouercome and bat is euel.

Jn be 10, entende bat dissinteria is distingued in bre maneres. First of be binges bat passib ffrom hym and that is in 3 maneres. For some is like waschynge of fflesch and comyb of ffeblenesse of be lyuere. And somtyme it is as it were schauynge of perschemyne; and somtyme it is as it were gobettys of fflesche.

10695

Pe 2 dyuysioun is of hete. For dissinteria some is of be lyuere and some of be guttys and some is cerebellaris.

Pe 3 diuisioun is þis. Dissinteria is in 4 manerys. For some is of myche matere and þan euacuacyoun is goode. And some comyþ of lernesse and to hym is goode alteratiues and repercussyues, and some comyþ of vlcus and to hym ffalliþ consolidatiues. And to fflux, mote constriccioun.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1020</sup> of] of of

<sup>1021</sup> Contrarie] preceded by Contrarie deleted in red ink

#### De Tenasmone, 15

10700

Tenasmon is wylle to go to sege wiþ lytel effect obere none obere it comyb of causis wib out ober wib in. 3iff it come of causis wib out, ban it may be for syttynge vppon colde stonys obere colde oynementys obere ffor coldensse of snowe and ffrost.

10705

3iff it come for causis wiþ in, þat may be ffor his fecys biþ hard oþere for þe cause is hoot and bicomyb hard in longaon oþere of colde humour and viscous oþere it may come of emoroydarum oþere for enpostemys oþer for vlcus oþere ffor a medicyne laxatyf.

10710

Signa. Signes of tenasmon bib whan be akynge arysib noʒt to his nauele, but be akynge is in longaon and in be haunchis and perytonion wib prickynge and after mete bere comyb out dropys of blode. 3iff it come of enpostemys, ban he hab more akynge and agreuaunce. And be cause is hoot, ban he schal haue in be place hete and brennynge and prickynge. And ʒif be cause be colde, he schal fele coldnesse and hote binges wolleb do hym goode. 3iff it come of vlcera, ban bey hauyb grete akynge ʒiff bere be put in any binge. 3iff it come for emoroydarum, ban be place wole suelle and be vaynes bere wolleb suelle. 3iff it come for hardnesse of ffecis, ban he schal be longe or he go to sege and after a medicyne laxatyf ʒiff bere be dyagridium [f. 199r] beron obere scamonie ober pulpa coloquintida ober aloe. 3iff it come of causis wib out, thou schalt knowe hyt by schewynge of be pacyent.

10715

Pronosticacio. 3iff it dure longe it makib colicam and yliacam and ffeblenesse of vertue and wib grete malyce to endure hyt and pasciouns of be hede and sincopin. And cause of alle bese is contynuel akynge.

10720

Curacio. 3iff it come for causis wip out, lete hym sytte in a bape of swote watere hoote and anoynte hym wip oleum lauryinum and opere hote pinges pat openyp.

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3iff it come of enpostem and his body be replete, lete hym bloode de basilica. And ʒiff þe enpostem be hoote, make hym clisterijs oþere suppositorijs oþere enoynte hym wiþ iuse of endiuie, scariole, coriandri, oleo rosato, albumine oui and after þat do hirto hennys grece and smal mele þat fleeþ in þe mylle and a lytel hony and al þese schulleþ be fflache. 3iff þe enpostem be colde, in þe ffirst bygynnynge make hym an vnguement of iuse of ache and oyle of rosis and oleum camomille, ffurfure and succo caulium. And whan þe sickenesse is somdele olde, do hirto ffenigreci, semen lini and ʒeue hym hote þinges. 3iff þe humour be colde and viscous lete hym sytte in a bathe þat ysope, origanum, calamentum be þeron, anthos, vtriusque, sticados. And whan he gothe out of þe baþe, grinde al þese to gedre and make enplastre þerof oþer enoynte hym wiþ oleum laurinum, castoreo, rutaceleon oþer make hym sacellacyouns of salt and milium ytosted oþer of bran boyled in wyne oþere make hyt of anyse and maratrum and boyle a hat and laye þerto and sprenge þeruppon poudre of ruwe, ysopi, anisi, maratri and put hyt bytwixe his hepes þat it mow take þe haunchis and þe wombe and peritonion. Þan ffume hym wiþ pinis ybroke and layde vppon colys. 3iff þe humour be hoote and bicome hard in longaon, þan make hym suppositorijs<sup>1023</sup> oþer clisteries oþere enplastris oþere oynementis oþere sacellacyouns. And allegate þey schulleþ be fflache.

Materialys hirof bib bese: oleum rosaceum, [oleum] violaceum, [oleum] nenifar, [oleum] salicis, auxungie porcini recentis, auxungie porcini recentis porci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1022</sup> emoroydarum] *preceded by* ene *deleted in black ink* 

 $<sup>^{1023}</sup>$  suppositorijs] preceded by ff deleted in red and black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1024</sup> auxungia] *preceded by* ax *deleted in black ink* 

[semon] melonum, acetum, aqua rosacea. Hirof þou myʒt make þinges þat biþ forsayde. Oþere do þis þat is appreued. Boyle a blew velt in vynegre whyte and presse hyt out harde and lay to þe particulers of þe pacient. 3iff þe hete ne be noʒt so myche, boyle bran in water and vynegre and whyte wyne, ana, and presse hym out and lay hyt [f. 199v] vppon þe place. Oþer make hym a sacellacyoun wiþ bran and milium yrosted oþere enoynte hym wiþ oyle of rosis and hennys grece oþere putte hym in a bathe that rosis and camomille be þeron. In alle þese þinges þey schulleþ be in dede hoot to resolue, noʒt constrayned. 3iff it come of vlcera, þan enoynte hym wiþ an oynement made of dragagantum, gummi arabici, aloe lote, mastice, thure, oleo rosato, oleo de camomilla, and newe wex and wasche hym wiþ wyne and hony, ana. 3iff it come of medicinis laxatiues, þanne enoynte þe place wiþ oleo violato, oleo camomilla, muscilagine, dragaganti, gummi arabici and put hym in a bathe and make hym a sacellacyoun wiþ a spunge<sup>1025</sup> yputte in hoot water.

3iff it come of emoroydarum and ffistula, þan do as it is forsaide in here placys. 3iff it come of hard ffecys, ffirst make hym a clisterye þat be mollificatyf of malua, bismalua, violis, oleo violato, and oþer mo. Þan in þe secunde clistere putte þe iuse of bleta, yerapigra, and oþer mo.

Remedy in tenasmone what cause so it be:

**291** Rx ffenigreci, semen lini, malue, bismalue, <sup>1026</sup> mellilote, camo[mille], <sup>1027</sup> summitatum caulium ana  $\frac{3}{2}$  iij. Stampe hem and boyle hem in water and wete þeron a spunge and presse out and laye hyt vppon þe place. And þis schal be done many tymes.

Panne boyle garlic and make perof an enplastre and bynde hyt peruppon and lete hym slepe. Panne make hym a fomentacyoun azen wip be sponge oper lete hym holde hys haunchis in water wip be materials and put peron gode quantite. And it curip euery cause, but replecyoun of be body.

Clarificacio. Entende þat tenasmon is hardnesse to go to sege wiþ out effecte. For so myche þat þe mater is conseyued in dyuerse partijs. Þinge þat makiþ difficulte þerof bicomyþ hard in longaon and in þe villys þerof and þat makiþ fflux in þe guttys. Contrarie, etc.

Jn þe 2, entende þat stiptica mow be goode in tenasmone, þoʒ it be hard. And þis Y sey þat whan his body is clene for þe cause was scharpe humour prickynge and viscouse.

Entende about þese medycynes þat þere biþ many causis and occasiouns. For malencolious humour multiplyeþ in þe body and some þerof comyþ wiþ out and some wiþ in. Wiþ out biþ þese. Þe ffirst cause is myche vse of malencolious mete<sup>1028</sup> and beef and prinsplayche old and salt and vse of grewel and caul and olde chese and fflesche of wilde bestis and prinspaliche olde made hard in salt.

Causis wib in bib bese: **[f. 200r]** mala discrasia, epatis colde ober hoot, and opilacyoun of be splene, and costyf wombe, and myche coldenesse obere myche hete, and longe sickenesse. And it is engenderyd of bloode aduste and colre and alle his spycis and of ffleume whan it is adust and all his spyces and of malencolie, whaper it be naturel ober in naturel, whan they bib aduste and of chilus, as some men seyn.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1025</sup> spunge] *preceded by* sei *deleted in black ink* 

See commentary

camomille] camo

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1028</sup> mete] *preceded by* humo *deleted in black ink* 

# De Recapitulacione Omnium Fluxum Ventris et continet [22]<sup>1029</sup> capitula seu tractatus, 16

Fluxe of be wombe obere it comyb wibout obere wib in.

Causis wiþin biþ many. For somtyme it comyþ of þe hede by way of a reume and somtyme of þe stomak and somtyme of þe guttys aboue and somtyme in þe myddel and somtyme byneþe and somtyme of þe vaynes þat biþ clepyd miseraice and somtyme of þe lyuere and somtyme of þe splene and somtyme off alle þe body and somtyme by way of crisis and somtyme by way of sinthomatica, somtyme in replete men and somtyme in lere, as ptisici, and somtyme in feuer pestilencialibus.

Somtyme it comyþ for causis wiþ out oþere for kynde of metis oþere for euel qualitees venymous and for ordre and oþer mo. And it comyþ somtyme by resoun of elde oþer compilacyoun, as in traulis, oþere neiʒ naturel disposicyouns. And þerof spekiþ Ypocras in þys manner, quibuscumque inventibus, etc.

Off al bese speke we by ordre. Entende bat some flux is of humours and is clepyd diarria and somtyme bere is bloode ymedlyd berwib and is clepyd dissinteria and somtyme it comyb wib prickynge of longaon and grete appetyte to go to sege and grete aforsynge and is clepyd tenasmon. Rizt as kynde meuyb somtyme bynebe, so it meuyb somtyme aboue and is clepyd anober name in egestiouns. Ober he appetit many and dyuerse, as ffatnesse and ryndys and ober mo. And schauynge of perchemyne, somtyme myche partye and somtyme lytel and quyttoure and virus and bloode and ober mo. Somtyme it is wib stinkynge and somtyme wib out and somtyme wib peryodos and somtyme wibout and somtyme bere schewib many binges in particuler execusioun.

# [De Fluxu Cerebrali] 1030

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Flux of be wombe comyb somtyme for humours of reume ffallynge<sup>1031</sup> a doun of be hede to be stomak and to be guttys.

Signes hirof biþ for it comyþ for þe most parte after slepe and kepiþ paroxisimos and signys of reume schewiþ and corrupcyoun of þe brayn.

#### De Fluxu Ventris Propter Stomachali [f. 200v]

Flux of be wombe bat comyb of be stomak. Causis berof bib many, as ffeblenesse of digestioun and of wibhaldynge and stongnesse of puttynge out and colde conplexioun, for be moste parte, and woundis of be stomak and wynde and flux of humours to be stomak and medicyne laxatyf bat leuyb in be stomak and myche quantite of mete and drinke and euel qualite berof and akynge and euel conplexioun hoote and drye and enpostem and ober mo.

Signes þat fflux of þe wombe comyþ for þe stomak. For he ne kepiþ no<sup>1032</sup> ordre ne houre ne paroxismum þat is serteyn.

3iff it come of ffebelnesse of wibhaldynge of strengbe of puttynge out whiche febelnesse fallib for be most sodeynliche and ofte. 3if it come of feblenesse of digestioun, ban it is nozt onliche ytake a way of digestioun. 3iff it come of grete moysture, banne bere passib out viscous moysture and bere he hab

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1029</sup> 221 12

 $<sup>^{1030}</sup>$  De Fluxu Cerebrali] De Fluxu Ventris Propter Stomacum 2

<sup>1031</sup> ffallynge] preceded by balkynge deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1032</sup> no] no ne

akynge and gnawynge. And Auicen seyb by auctorite of Ypocras, 3if in bis manere ffluxe come castynge, it is euyl and be cause nys nozty knowe. And ziff fflux of be wombe come of be stomak, bis is be 10805 signe berof ffor his fflux comyb more a day ban a nyzt. 3iff it come of be lyuere, it comyb more a nyzt ban a day and prinspaliche in wynter tyme.

## De Fluxu Ventris Propter Intestina

3iff fflux come of be guttys, banne it comyb of be guttys aboue obere bynebe obere in be myddel. And causis hirof byb many, as vlcus, pelynge, apostemata, fflux of bloode, obere scharpe colre, obere paralicis, opere salt humour, oper bauarchalys, 1034 opere wibhaldynge of some binge that hadde of custom, opere kuttynge of lemys, opere malencolious humour adust whan it makib vlcus in be guttys, obere for be guttys, ober for some medicyne bat makib vlcus obere openynge be vaynys, as is pulpa coloquintida opere dyagridium to smal grounde opere aloen nozt wel repressyd andoper mo. Also, it comyb in feuere aguis and tercianys and ober mo. And it comyb ffor openynge of vaynes bat bib clepyd miseraice and for be lyuere and ffor be galle and for be splene and for al be body and for sodeyn chaunge of tymys, as disposycioun of soberen wynde and of be northe. And it comyb for pestilencyal feuer. But specyalliche we mow come to flux of the wombe, for longnesse, and be cause berof is in many manere. For [f. 201r] somtyme it is wib akynge and somtyme wibout akynge and somtyme it comyb of an hoote enpostem and somtyme of a colde and hard and somtyme nesche and incensible and paralicis, as in hym bat syttyb in colde placys. Somtyme flux of the wombe comyb of spasmus ffor lacertis ne mowe halde. Somtyme scharpe colre is cause perof, so pat it semyb hym pat he hab salt in his ers obere some binge allegate prickynge and bytynge and signes schewib by akynge in be partijs bynebe.

Flux of be wombe comyb somtyme for opilacyouns. For his mete ne may nozt presche burz be lyuere for stoppynge of vaynys ober of be lyuere ne may nozt presche to be lemys. Perfor, it gaderib togedre in be same place and it is wib peryodis and ober signes that schulleb be sayde hir after capitulo de cura.

Somtyme fflux of be wombe is wib blode and somtyme wib out. And signe 3iff it come of be guttys is that it ne hathe nozt peryodos. And he bat comyb of be lyuere, zif it be wib vlcus, banne bere is prickynge in be guttys and akynge and bytynge. And the signe is take of be place, as of partijs aboue in be wombe, 3iff be akynge be bere obere in be myddel obere bynebe; ffor in what place be akynge, bere is be sickenesse. And bese bib signes whan it is wib out blode. And ziff it come of primytyf causis, it may be knowe by wyndys and tymes and ffeueres and many ober forsaide.

Causis bib by hem sylf open by jugynge of be pacient and by bingys bat schewib in be sickenesse, as by colour, odour, and contenta, and oper mo. So ziff it come of vaynes bat bib clepyd myserayce and be openynge and vlceracyoun, ban fflux of be wombe is wib clene bloode wib some manere medlynge. 3iff be flux come for vicera, ban it signifyeb bat bere bib ryndes and stinkynge. 3iff bere schewye signes of malencolie, bere is drede of a cancre. And zif be ryndis be sotyl and lytel and bynne, ban it signifieb of be guttys aboue. 3iff they be grete, banne bey comyb of be guttys bynebe. And be mene comyb of be myddel. 3iff þe fflux come of partijs aboue, it is þe more medlyd. And ʒif it be of partijs byneþe, it is lasse medlyd. 3iff bere come resolucyouns ylike waschynge of fflesche, banne it signifieb bat vlcera comyb of

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wombe corr. by deletion of stomak in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1034</sup> bauarchalys] *preceded by* ba *deleted in black ink* 

hoote humours colrik and salte and of malencolie. Perfor, signes schullib be after dyuersyte of humours. And somtyme [f. 201v] vicera bicomyb<sup>1035</sup> depe. Perfore, quytture and ryndes and bloode and akynge comyb after dyuersyte berof. 3iff it come of primityf causis, bou schalt knowe by iugynge of be pacient. 3iff it come of pestilencyal feueres, bou schalt knowe by hem. Pe knowynge berof nys no3t ysette in bis place. Perfore, Y putte hyt to kunnynge of the leche.

## **De Fluxu Ventris Propter Epar**

10845

Flux of be wombe bat comyb of be lyuere is in many maneres. Somtyme it is chilosus and fful of humours and somtyme it is watery and somtyme clene blode and somtyme as it were waschynge of fflesche and somtyme it is colericus virulentus. Somtyme it is blacke and sotyl and somtyme be fflux is as it were draftis and malencolia and somtyme it is wib akynge and somtyme wib out akynge and somtyme substaunce of be stomak is putte out and somtyme substaunce of be lyuere passib out and somtyme bese bib put out by castynge and is wib out akynge. Pis comyb somtyme by way of crisis of enpostem broke and ober mo ober for kynde of metys and of binges bat comyb wib in and bat may be an euel semelable and officyal and comyn. Pese may be in be substaunce of be lyuere ober in al be body ober in be galle ober in be splene obere in venis miseraice.

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Signys þat biþ open biþ þese. Whan fflux of þe wombe comyþ of þe lyuere, þan there biþ comyn signes and general. For euery fflux of þe lyuere is peryodyal and prinspaly ʒif it come of opilacyoun. And hirof Y entende most, for it bigyleþ lechis ofte.

Þe 2 signe is dyuersyte of coloure.

be 3 signe is in bis manere. Flux comyb more a nyst ban a day and prinspaliche in wynter.

Þe 4 signe is ffoule coloure in þe fface.

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Pe 5 signe [is] agreuaunce in be rizt syde toward be wast.

Specyal signes bib bese. Whan bere comyb fflux of blode and bou doutest whaber it be of be lyuere ober of be guttys ffor it is wib schauynge and prickynge and akynge and comyb lytel and lytel and is contynuel and medlyd wib fecys and somtyme is ne dobe nozt and somtyme it gob tofore and somtyme it comyb after and somtyme berewib.

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3iff it come of be lyuere, it is wib out alkynge and it comyb after the fecys wib lytel medlynge.

3iff his egestioun be chilosa and come of þe lyuere, it is euene and wiþ out akynge and it is defyed. And ʒiff it come of þe stomak, it is indigest and wiþ agreuaunce and akynge of þe stomak and lytel while leuyþ þeron. Egestio chilosa of blode comyþ somtyme [f. 202r] [of] the lyuere and somtyme of þe vayne þat is clepyd miseraica. 3iff it come of þe lyuere, his vryne wole be þynne and loʒ in coloure. Egestio virulenta comyþ of vlcus of þe lyuere and of enpostemys and somtyme it comyþ of vena miseraica and somtyme of oþere partyes and somtyme by way of crisis and makiþ clene, þan it releuyþ hym<sup>1036</sup> and wiþ many colours. 3iff it come of þe lyuere he schal haue a lent feuere and þe coloure tournyþ toward whyte<sup>1037</sup> and rede in egestiouns. 3iff it come of miseraica, it wole be whyte and ʒelu. 3if it come of oþer, it is wiþ out feuere and it may be declaryd by enpostemys and akynges and vlcus and oþer mo. And somtyme fflux of bloode comyþ of coldenesse and wiþ a manere bytynge and þan þe

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1035</sup> bicomyþ] *preceded by* bicoc *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>1036</sup> hym] preceded by soluyb deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1037</sup> whyte] *preceded by* wr *deleted in red ink* 

bloode is black as a watereleche wip lytel stinkynge. Somtyme be bloode is sotil and black, nogt congelyd, and wip lytel berst and wip grete appetyte of mete and it makib ffeuers and ydropici and somtyme it 1038 is rede and as it were quyttoure ffor enpostem. And somtyme vlceracyoun is cause of be fflux and wib akynge. And somtyme be substaunce of be lyuere passib out and it is blacke and grete and ffeble and neiz be deb. 3iff it come for leuynge of workys bat he was woned to do ober for cuttynge of lemys, ban it is myche and sodayn. And somtyme fflux of be wombe comyb for be splene and bat is wib hardnesse of be splene and akynge and is blacke and signes off malencolie schewib.

#### De Fluxu Ventris Propter Cibaria

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In a colrik man bou schalt zeue mete lizte to defye ober in lyte quantite. It corrumpib and passib sone out opere for agreuaunce of be mete and bytynge, as in oyniouns and like, oper ffor wynde, as in ffungis, obere ffor corrupcyoun to sone, as in mylke, ober for vyolence of sotelte obere for moysture berof bat is viscouse, obere for it meuyb sone vppon his mete, obere ffor be mete ffyndeb be body apperailed, as replete of coleric humours obere off ffleumatik, ober for be mete is of lytel nourschement, as oyle. Opere 3iff he ete to fore lyquyd mete and after pat constraynynge mete opere for bere folewib mete of lyst corrupcyoun after mete and corrumpib hym. And somtyme it passib out hastely, as persica.

#### De Fluxu Ventris Propter Aerem

Soberne wynde makib be wombe laxatyf and regyoun bat is clepyd meridionalis and corrupcyoun of digestioun.

#### De Fluxu Ventris In Balbucientibus et Traulis

[f.202v] Some men haueb al be body moyste and be brayne and be tunge, as men bat ne mow nogt sounye and men bat spekib wlipx and bey bat corrumpib lettris in here spekynge for grete moysture. Pese manere men falliþ ligtliche into flux of þe wombe.

#### **De Fluxu Ventris Propter Disposiciones Naturales**

Men bat hauyb a laxatyf wombe be while bey bib zonge, ffor be most part, bey bib drye in elde and be contrarie. For bere bib 3 causis of laxatyf and bre of costyf takynge reward to elde and euery faylib in oon caas onlych. And berfor, it is sayde for be moste parte.

#### **De Fluxu Ventris Propter Totum Corpus**

As it is in goode crisis bat is to prayse for be vertue of puttynge out puttib greuous binges away, somtyme it comyb for euel crisis bat is clepyd sint[h]omatica. 1039 For kynde puttib be humour out wib 10900 grete strengbe and be haldynge ne may nozt wibstande hyt. Obere for grete feblenesse of vertue bat scholde halde, ober in men bat bib neig dede and in ptysic, and in feuere bat bib mortel, and for grete

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1038</sup> it] it it

sinthomatica] sintomatica

drunkenesse and replecyoun of mete and drinke, and for wibhaldynge<sup>1040</sup> of some custome that was ywoned avoyde, obere for lytel resolucyoun of be body, obere ffor lytel trauayle, obere for colicam pascionem. 3iff bou wult ywyte more of bis matere, go to oure booke de pronosticacione.

De Pronosticacione In Fluxu Ventris

Sithe be science of pronosticacioun goth to fore sciense of curacyoun, therfor se we ffirst of pronosticacyoun. First, bou schalt entende that no fflux bat is creticus ne schal nogt be restrayned. For giff it be restrayned it is perile of deb. Perfor, it ne schal nogt be restrayned but til 3 daies.

Signes off deb bib bese. Euery fflux of be wombe that comyb sodeynliche after a longe sickenesse, it [is] mortel for it signifieb grete corrupcyoun and sodayn.

Every fflux bat makib a man in be dropesye is mortel for bere wib waterinesse nys nozt put out berew[ib]. Who bat hathe dissinteriam and bere aryse byhynde his lyfte ere a blacke binge as it were a peese and berewib grete berste, he schal be dede in be 20 day and he ne may nozt ascape.

He pat [f.203r] hap solucyoun of pe wombe of malencolie pat is grete, he ne may nogt be hoole.

Euery fflux þat is 'first' as it were water and after þat as it were oynement is euel. Euery fflux of þe wombe þat comyþ after vlcus of malencolie is mortel for it signifieb corupcyoun of a cankre. And euery fflux þat is in þe ende of a feuere is mortel, ʒiff dissolucyoun come of malencolie.

Euery fflux of malencolie, and prinspaly bat boylib vppon be grounde and hab be sauour of vynegre, is mortel. Poz his vertue be stronge of ober spicys, it nys nozt so.

Euery fflux of be wombe but comyb for vicera of be guttys, and prinspaliche aboue in be gutte but is clepyd ieiunium, for be most parte, but is incurable for many vaynys that bib clepyd miseraice.

## De Fluxu Ventris In Generali

Entende ffirst þat in euery fflux of þe wombe castynge is goode, but ʒiff it come of vlcera of þe stomak ffor it ledyþ þe matere to the contrarie. And slepe is grete helpe þerfore, but in flux of þe wombe that comyþ of þe hede by way of a reume. And it is experte of a ventose, ʒif þey be sette vppon þe wombe and lete hire stonde þere 4 hourys.

Off metys bib goode bese: yelkys of ayren ysode in vynegre wib hare schille and mylke yboyled is goode for hym and hoote stonys of be ryuere aqueynte beron and coaglium leporis is goode and of a kydde and ffresche chese wib out salt and olde chese ysode in many wateris til al be saltenesse be out berof and nasturcium agreste al hole yrostyd and ysode wib mylke and be same of milium ysode wib vynegre and fecchis ysode in tway waterys and after bat wib vynegre and swete brede and brede medlyd wib vynegre and wib rayn water. For it makib preschye to be lyuere and for it is ly3t to resolue, as Auicen saib. And fatnesse of be raynes of gete is goode and alle grete bryddys ober smale bat bib in vse, saf hem bat swymmeb in be water, and ffische ysode in vynegre. And Auicen sayb bat ffruytes schullyb be forsake stiptici, but 3iff it be for be stomak. And he ne schal no3t haue many dyuerse metys at oo meel.

Now entende 3iff flux of be wombe come of hoote causis and hete and a feuere medlyd to gedre, banne bou schalt 3eue colde medicynes stiptica. Perfore, we mote putte symple medicynes and

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<sup>1040</sup> wibhaldynge] preceded by wil deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1041</sup> þerewiþ] þerew

conpouned. Conpouned biþ þese: ʒuccare roset made wiþ drye [f. 203v] rosis, triasandali, dyacodion, carnes citoniorum ymedlyd wiþ sugre wiþout spices, rubea trociscata, and oþer mo.

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Symple biþ þese: galla, sumac, acacia, succus<sup>1043</sup> plantago, coriandri, ypoquistidos, bursa pastoris, rose rubee, terra sigillata, bolus armenicus, chymolea, spodium, semen acetose, portulaca, succus [barbe]<sup>1044</sup> hircyne, camphore.

Fruytes þat biþ stiptica biþ open ynowz. Þerfore, Y ne sette hem noʒt.

Hirof we may take some oper many and putte hem wip in opere wip out, aboue oper bynepe. To hym pat worchip, Y resigne hyt.

3iff fflux of be wombe come of colde causes, ban we mote putte berto hote binges and stiptica. Some hirof bib symple and some conpouned. And first speke we of symple that bib bese: nux muscata, poma, cipressi [and] foliorum eius, thus, mirra, mastix, lapdanum, storax calamita, ambra, reuponticum, ciminum assum, asari, ameos.

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Conpouned biþ þese: dyaolibanum, tiriaca, and oþer mo. Lete hym vse hirof after the particuleris. 3iff fflux of þe wombe come for þe stomak and for hote humours, þan in somere avoyde þe colre by castynge and ʒeue hym colde þinges and stiptica, as coriandrum, acacia, ypoquistidos, and oþer mo þat biþ forsaide in vniuersal curis. In þe same manere, riʒt as whyte wyne is goode for stomak, so grete wyne is goode for þe guttys. And his drynke schal be lytel. Þese medicynes he may vse wiþ in oþer wiþ out oþer in drinkis oþer electuaris oþer in pelotis and oþer mo after disposicyoun of þe leche and after þe particularis. 3iff þe mater be ffleumatyk, purge hym in wynter byneþe wiþ medicynes oþer wiþ clisterijs and ʒeue hym hoote þinges and stiptica, as tiriaca, aurea alexandrina, dyaolibanum, anisum assum, auellane asse, castanee asse, carnes asse. And he mote leue water and lete hym vse clene wyne stronge and olde, but in lytel quantite. And he may vse medicynes wiþin oþer wiþout oþer boþe after þe particularis.

Enplastrum þat confortiþ a colde stomak:

**292 Rx** lini assi, cimini assi, dactulorum, nusis muscate, pomorum, cypressi, masticis, thuris, lapdani, mente sicci, rute, asare baccare ana 3 j. Meddle hem wib oyle of rosis and wex and a lytel picche and make berof a plastre.

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Entende bat in flux of be wombe for be stomak and for be guttis bat is moyste as it were rawe mete, as it is forsaide in lienteria, banne it ffalle colre bytynge obere ffleume, banne it is goode counsail, 3iff colere be in cause, tempere his lyuere and his galle and purge colre wib mirabolani citri. [f. 204r] For by avoydaunce bey constrayneb.

3iff fflueme be in be cause, avoyde hym wib mirabolani kebuli. Jn a colrik cause, lete hym vse bis electuarium:

**293 Rx** triasandali, dyacodion, dyadragaganti<sup>1045</sup> frigidi ana libra β. Medle hem to gedre.

In a colde cause:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1042</sup> stiptica] *preceded by* laxatiues *deleted in red ink* 

 $<sup>^{1043}</sup>$  succus] preceded by illegible deletion in red ink

<sup>1044</sup> barbe] herbe

 $<sup>^{1045}</sup>$  dyadragaganti] preceded by dyagridij deleted in red ink

294 Rx diatrion pipereon, dya ambra, dyamente ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  iiij. Medle hem togedre.

Oper make this:

**295 Rx** anisi, cimini, maratri, semen rute, ameos, ʒinʒiberis ana ʒ̄j. Roste hem and aquenche hem in stronge vynegre.

Panne take bis:

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**296 Rx** gariofilorum, piperis longi, nucis muscate, pomorum and folia cipressi, storacis calamite, ligni aloes, b[l]acce<sup>1046</sup> biʒancie, cardamomi, calami aromatici, cyperi ana  $\S$   $\beta$ , alip[t]e<sup>1047</sup> muscate  $\S$ <sup>1048</sup> ij. 3iff he be a riche man, do þerto ambra gresie  $\S$  j, panis ʒuccare quod sufficit and make þerof a letuare.

And this is ful presyous in fflux of be wombe of a colde cause whan his body is clene.

3iff he be a pore man, lete hym vse menta, absynthium, thus, and ober mo.

## De Fluxu Ventris Propter Opilacionem Epatis et Venarum Misaraicarum

Now it agreuyb to 3eue stiptica, but þinges þat openyb, and þis is a cure ofte þat bigyliþ lechys. And þo3 signes be ysette, 3itte we wolliþ rehercye hem a3en for derkenesse of þis cause. Þis fflux comyb most any3t and it is wiþ many colouris and wiþ agreuaunce in þe ri3t syde and somtyme wiþ out akynge and it comyb by a cercle and somtyme it standiþ 20 daies and it semyb þe pacient in þe meene tyme þat he is cured. And þe more þat he vseþ constraynynge þinges, þe more he gothe to sege. Þerfor, entende þat flux of þe wombe for opilacyoun of the lyuere and of vaynys is chilosus. For so myche as þe stomak ne suffriþ no3t. Þerfore, his mete standiþ þere 3 hourys oþer more or it be digeste and þanne whanne it gothe to þe lyuere it ne may no3t presche for opilacyoun. And þerfor, it descendiþ hasteliche and for ieiunium and oþer guttis hauyth a maner verture, as Galen saiþ in de iuuamentis. Þerfore, in flux þat is clepyd chilosus some porcyoun passiþ out medlyd.

Cure hym wib de opilatyues<sup>1049</sup> and wib hem bat drawib to be contrarie, as is castynge. Make hym cast to fore mete and after wib seede of attriplix ober raphani ober wib oyle and hoote water. 3iff he ne may nozt cast hirwib, zeue hym be iuse of the middel rinde of sambucus til on  $\frac{3}{5}$  j other by hym self other wib a rere eye. Than frote his sydis and his wombe and his rigge wib a scharpe clobe other wib whyte wyne and oyle of camomille obere wib [f. 204v] this oynement:

**297 Rx** scolopendrie, corticis capparis, spicenardi, spice celtice, squinanti, capilli veneris, semen endiuie, semen scariole, semen melonis, polij montani, lupinorum, semen ffenigreci, absinthium, camedreos ana  $\S$  j, armoniaci, lac[ca], nasticis ana  $\S$  j and  $\beta$ . Tempere these 3 in wyne and resolue hem and ban stampe hem alle to gedre and boyle hem in oyle of camomille and strayne hem and do berto wex and

<sup>1046</sup> blacce] bacce

<sup>1047</sup> alipte] alippe

<sup>3]</sup> preceded by a deleted in black ink

de opilatyues] deopilatyues

<sup>1050</sup> lacca] lacte

<sup>1051</sup> stampe] corr. by deletion of h in stamphe in black ink

oyle and make berof an oynement. Panne make hym bis drinke and lete hym vse berof late and erliche til  $\S$  ij.

Þan zeue hym þis drinke:

11005

**298 Rx** radicis feniculi, petroselini, brusci, sparagi, graminis, mediane corticis sambuci [and] ebuli ana M j. Tempere hem a day and a nyʒt in stronge vynegre, þanne take capilli veneris M iij, lupuli, scolopendrie, absinthium, centaure, camepitheos ana M j, lactuca, asari, calami aromatici, spicenardi, <sup>1052</sup> corticis capparis ana ʒ ij, mellis, ʒuccare ana libra j. Make þerof a syrupe libra ij and lete hym vse þerof wiþ broþe of cyceris.

11010

Regymen of þis flux wiþ dietynge. He schal ete ofte aday and a lytel and he ne schal drinke after his mete. His brede schal be of whete noʒt clene of bran wel ybacke and wel yleuayned and wiþ temperate quantite of salt and he schal take þerof as lytel as he may. For whete stoppiþ. Hys wyne schal be clere and stronge and olde. He schal vse þe broþe of cicerum and caulium, feniculi, petroselini, sperago. His flesche schal be as myche as he may, bryddes þat biþ in vse, but he schal leue hem þat swymmyþ in þe water. And he schal vse kyddys and fete of bestis and fische fulle of schillys of clene water, rere ayren, and baþe hym tofore mete wiþ camomille, mellilote. Whanne he gothe out of his bathe, euery tyme ʒeue hym 3 2 tiriace. Entende þis, ʒiff digestioun be wel in þe stomak, it helpiþ myche. And lytel mete and drinke helpiþ.

11015

Jtem, 3iff it be nede, he schal vse diuretica colde and somtyme hoote after contrarie of causis. And berfor, bou most worche in dyuerse manere after dyuersyte of accidencys bat comyb, as ffeuere, co3ine, and ober mo, whiche bou most helpe 3if it be possible.

11020

3iff coʒinge come, bou most leue stiptica and acetosa. Spodium is most for fflux of the nose, sedys yrostyd for be stomak, and psillium and arnoglossa for berste and prickynge. Some men puttib berto opium and bey deyeb.

11025

Thou ne schalt nozt take newe soure þinges ne scharpe ne salt, but caul ysode in 2 wateris is goode for hym. And harys and conyes biþ goode and castynge is goode.

3iff his appetyte be stronge and his diegestioun feble, zeue hym flesche rostyd and ffryed wib canele ypoudered and sirupus made of citoniis is goode and oper mo.

#### De Fluxu Ventris Virulentus cum Excoriacione [f. 205r]

11030

Flux of be wombe wib skynnynge. Somtyme it comyb wib out skynnynge, thanne it comyb of alle be body, and somtyme of be stomak and somtyme of the lyuere and somtyme of be guttys. Whanne his body is made clene after be particlis, and 3if it be for lemys aboue, 3eue hym medycyne by the mouthe. 3iff it be for be guttys, 3eue hyt to hym by a clistere. 3iff it be in the myddel, 3eue hym bothe.

**299 Rx** cacabre, coralli albi and rubei, sandalis, semen canabis, semen acetose, and aluminis, margaritarum ana  $\frac{3}{5}$   $\beta$ , mellis roset quod sufficit and make perof a letuare.

11035

3iff it come for vlcus of partijs bynebe, make hym a clistere.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1052</sup> See commentary

**300 Rx** s[u]cci<sup>1053</sup> plantago, s[u]cci<sup>1054</sup> barbe yrcine ana  $\frac{3}{2}$  iii, acacie, gallarum, boli armeniensus, balaustia, sumac ana  $\frac{3}{4}$  ij, adipis renum caprarum  $\frac{3}{4}$  j. Seth hem in water of rayn and make hym a clistere.

3iff fflux of be wombe come wib skynnynge, than entende bat zif it come for be guttys aboue, zeue hym medicynes by the mouthe. 3if it be in partijs bynebe, zeue hyt hym by a clystere. 3iff it be in be myddel, zeue hyt hym by bobe maneres. 3if it be nede to purge hym, bou ne schalt nozt do hyt but wib mirabolanum apperailed as it fallib berfore.

Off metys it ffallib hem mylke ysode and hote stonys of be ryuere aquenchyd beron. De lyuere of a ffatte henne and ayryn and ballokis of a cok and fete ysode in swete mylk and swete brede is goode for hym and risi rostyd. 3iff he haue nede of salt, zeue hym sal gemme rostyd. He ne schal drinke none wyne in a hoot cause. 3iff it be a colde cause, he schal drinke a lytel bat be grete and stipticum and ffish rosted is good for hym. And thinges bat bib goode of proprete bib bese, as Auicen saib, reuberberata rostyd wib iuse of plantayne.

Medicynes þat biþ good biþ glandes asse, terra sigillata, bolus armenicus, portulaca and þe iuse berof, and plantayn and be iuse berof, coaglium leporis, caseus sine sale.

3iff vlceracioun come for be myddel guttys, ban make hym a clisterie wib buttre in grete quantite and sanguis draconis a lytel. And brede twyes ybake is goode for hym and poudre hyt and medle hyt wib water. And galle bib goode and acacia, sumac, and fatnesse of be raynes of geete putte in wib a clistere.

Ther was a man bat was in a feuere ague and termyned out berof and after bat hadd wel 10 segis and after felle in singultus alle a day and a nyzt and panne come a man pat tauzt hm to anoynte his stomak wib oyle de bay ofte and berwib he was al hoole.

3iff [f. 205v] quytture schewye, make hyt clene wib water of hony obere wib water of salt ffysche oper wip water of olyue yselt. 3iff pere be myche hete, zeue pe iuse of cucurbite, portulaca, plantago, virge pastoris, and do berto galle, sumac, balaustia. 3iff we wollib make cauterium, take thus, mirra, sandaraca, alumen, storax, opium, castoreum, licium, carta combusta, sanguis draconis, cornu cerui combustum, chimolea, lutum armenicum. 3iff ther be grete akynge, we may make a clistere wib grece bat opium be beron and ober narcotica: muscilago psillij, altee, semen lini.

Now be leche bat knowib be euelys and knowib be materialys, he may use hem somtyme wibout, somtyme wiþin, somtyme aboue, somtyme byneþe, and so of ober mo. And bou myzt make berof syrupis obere electuaria ober trociscos ober clisterijs ober enplastris obere oynementes obere babys and oper many mo, be whiche Y putte to kunnynge of a leche.

## De Fluxu Ventris Propter Splenem

Purge be malencolious humour wib decoccioun of epithimi, foliorum sene, mirabolanis indis vel cum dyasene, dyaborage and wib a lytel porcyoun of yerarufini. Panne lete hym vse bis:

301 Rx zedoarij, kacabre, spodio, asari, been rubea, rute, rizi ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j. Medle hem wib hony and make berof conditum.

1054 succi] sicci

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<sup>1053</sup> succi] sicci

## De Cura Fluxus Ventris Propter Multitidinem Cibi et Potus

By resoun of drunkenesse and replecyoun, he mote haue abstenence and þanne he mote haue confortatiues for his stomak, as pira, citonia, vue passe mundate, and oþer mo.

#### De Cura Fluxus Ventris Propter Reuma

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This cure Y saide tofore in be chapitre of a reume. First restrayne be reume and conforte his brayn and make be mater grete in tempere and ffrote hym in his hede and oylys and enplastis and oynementis bat bib forsaide and atte last a cauterie. And stiptica ne bib no3t goode in bis cause, as Auicen saib, but castynge is bettre. And al bis cure is to curie be reume first, ban the fflux berof, etc.

#### De Cura Fluxus Ventris In Ptisicise Eticis et Consumptis

Tho3 bese be nei3 dede, 3itt it is goode to lengbe here lyf in also myche as it is possible. Take dragagantum assum, gummi arabici assum, spodium, and muscilago psillij ystrayned and yrostyd, lutum armenicum, terra sigillata, camphora, succus liquire and make berof gobettis. And 3eue hym trocisci de camphore, [f. 206r] succus liquirice and 3eue hym 1055 trociscos de camphora and spodio.

## De Cura Fluxus Ventris Propter Malencoliam Replecionem To[t]ius<sup>1056</sup> Corporis

11080 In bis caas bloodeletynge is good and ffrotynge and babis. And putte in be babe camomille, mellelote, and ober mo.

#### **De Cura Fluxus Ventris Cretici**

This flux ne schal nogt be restrayned. 3if it be to myche, geue hym coriandrum preparatum and binges bat bib forsaide in confortynge of be stomak wib stiptica and prinspaliche colde by resoun of be feuere.

## **De Curacione Tenasmonis**

Tenasmone comyb for 'hard<sup>/1057</sup> fecys ober for hote humours ober for colde humours bat bicomyb hard in longaon ober for enpostem ober for emoroydarum, and ober mo. 3iff it come of harde ffecys, make hem nesche. Lay vppon his wombe enplastrum made of malue, bismalue, mercuriali, oleum violaceum and 3eue hym sirupis by be mouthe and clisterijs bynebe. 3iff the humour be hoot, do berto cassiafistula tamarindis, pruna, manna, and ober mo. 3iff bere come grete akynge in hoot causis, do therto colde binges and narcotica, sicut opium, iusquiamus, mandragora, and ober mo. Boyle hem in vynegre and wete beron a velt and presse hyt a lytel and lay hyt vppon be place. This is goode berfor. 3iff be cause be colde, euaporatiua wib bran and wyne ober salt and milium obere ffume hym wib sulphre and ober mo. Babis and subfumigacyouns, enkatismata bat bib colde bib goode in hoote causis and hoote in colde causis. And 3iff bere be enpostem, cure hyt as bou schalt cure enpostem and so of ober causis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1055</sup> And ʒeue hym] And ʒeue hym and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1056</sup> Totius] Tocius

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1057</sup> hard] corr. by deletion of many in red ink

## **De Fluxu Ventris Propter Colicam**

Ther nys no bettre way panne cure colicam in that manere pou myzt cure the fflux of the wombe.

Pese 22 chapitres ober tretys de recapitulacione bib ydo.

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# De Yliaca Pascione, [17]<sup>1058</sup>

Ilyaca is a pascioun of the guttys bat be smal wib costifnesse of the wombe and ofte wib castynge and wib grete akynge, as his guttys were pricked buyz.

Entende about bis mater bat colica and yliaca acordib causis and signes and pronosticacyoun and in cure and ther is [f. 206v] difference bitwixe hem. For in yliaca ther is more akynge and rapere it sleep for the grete ffelynge of the guttys.

Jn be 2, ther is difference for akynge in yliaca is more meuynge toward be ryzt syde and be lifte syde.

In be thirde, ther is difference ffor yliaca comyb most of pestilencyal ayre.

Jn the 4, for yliaca is more aboue the nauele.

Jn be 5, rizt as colica is most holpe wib clisterijs, in be same manere yliaca is most yholpe by medicynes ytake by the mouthe.

And this is difference from akynge of the raynes. For akynge of the raynes is more abidynge in oon place and therwip be akynge is more bihynde and about be haunchis and he is lytel releuyd wib any clistere as colica is. And bou schalt knowe hyt by binges in the vryne.

Cause. Causis hirof opere bey bib wip out opere wip in. 3iff they come wip out, banne it may be as myche drinkynge off colde water obere takynge of grete metis and venymous and stiptica, as hard chese obere conchilia obere beef bat be olde obere grewel obere ffunge obere mespilia, sorbe, pira, coctana, and opere mo, and schorteliche alle thinges bat constrayneb and stoppib be guttys. It comyb also of ffallynge and brekynge.

3iff it come of causis wibin, bat may be for enpostemys of be lyuere obere of be vaynes bat bib clepyd miseraice opere enpostem of the raynes oper of the bladdre.

3iff it come of be guttis, that may be of 7 causis.

be ffirst is enpostem of yliorum colde obere hoot.

Þe 2 cause is hoote humour congelyd.

11120 Þe 3 cause is colde humour viscous.

Pe 4 cause is ffeblenesse of felynge and ffeblenesse of puttynge out.

Þe 5 cause may be grete wynde enclosyd.

Pe 6 cause may be fecis bicome hard in be guttys.

Pe 7 cause may be wormys in be guttys and schortely alle binges bat closib and constrayneb and stoppib be guttys. And boz bere be ober causis hirto bey mow be reduced.

Signa. Prymityf causis bib knowe by jugynge of be pacient and causis of ober lemys bib knowe by akynge of the placys and by binges bat comyb out ofthe body. Signes of enpostem ylyorum bib bese: hoot feuere, akynge, berst, agreuaunce, and, prinspaliche, 3iff the enpostem be hoot. 3iff be enpostem

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1058</sup> 17] 16

be colde, alle these biþ lasse agreuous wiþ swellynge and **[f. 207r]** nasche and he hathe vsed to fore colde metis and moyste, as mylke, ffische, ffruytes, and wortys. 3iff it come of hard ffecys, he schal haue grete agreuaunce and hym thenkiþ þat his guttys biþ ykutte. 3iff it come of wynde, þanne the akynge passiþ fro place to place wiþ gnawynge and grete noyse and hym thenkiþ þat he hathe nedelyn closyd in his guttys and þat he is prickyd þur3.

3iff it come of fleume viscouse, þanne it is wiþ agreuaunce and colde and he haþ vsed to fore þinges þat engenderyd fleume. And by resoun of the akynge, somtyme þere is hete and rednesse and þerste and þanne men iugiþ þat þe cause is hoote and it nys noʒt so.

3iff it come of rupture, banne it comyb of smytynge obere ffallynge.

3if it come of wormys, be signes schulleb be sayde in here placys.

3iff it come off ffeblenesse of ffelynge, þan longe sickenesses hauyþ ypassed tofore.

Pronosticacio. Pis pascioun is horrible for so myche that he castiþ vp at his mouthe þat scholde passye awey byneþe. And ther comyþ hard accidencis þerto, as sincopis, spasmus, coldenesse of lemys, out of mynde, stinkynge fecys out of his mouthe, stinkynge of alle the body. And alle þese signes biþ mortel and þerwiþ contynuel castynge. 3iff þese accidencys bicome lasse and þe medicyne þat he takiþ by his mouthe passye out byneþe, þat is goode signe.

Ther was a man<sup>1059</sup> þat ete brede on a Þursday an erne morowe and dranke þerto and also he ete an tway mossellys or 3 of motoun and after ʒede into a gardyn and fonde an apple in þe grounde and he ete hym and wiþ in half a myle weyes he was euyl at ese and wolde haue brakyd and he ne myʒt noʒt. They made a fuyre and achaufed hym a lytel and ʒaue hym drinke 'and' anone he kaste al þat day and nyʒt and so on þe secunde day and nyʒt and þe Saturday til mydde morowe and þanne he deyed. Wherfor Y sey at eche tyme þat he dranke he cast and 5 syþes or 6 for eche drinkynge and þat was þynne and foule and stanke. And it semyd me it was medlyd wiþ þynne dirte and euer prickyd and was somdele yswolle his wombe and he seyde his rigge greued hym and he seyde he myʒt noʒt ligge vppon his lyfte syde. Ne he ne ʒede noʒt to sege in al þat tyme.

Curacio. Opere we entendip to cure be accidencis obere be euel. 3if be **[f. 207v]** accidencys, ffor be malyce of hem, make a fomentacyoun to be place wip hote water and putte berto euaporatiues made of salt and milium, camomille and enoynte hym wip swynes grece ffresche and hennys grece and opium and castor. Azen the pascyoun, worche we in bis manere. 3iff be enpostem be hoote, in the first bigynnynge, lete hym bloode. Pan make hym bis decoccioun:

**302 Rx** malue, bismalue, mercuriale, violis, volubilis medie ana M ij, fflorum boraginis, florum violarum ana libra j, prunorum lx. Make a decoccioun til libra j and  $\beta$  and in be myddel put beron oleum violaceum  $\beta$  iij, mellis  $\beta$   $\beta$ , cassiafistula munde  $\beta$  iij and make berof a clisterie. And whan the clistere hab wrozt al his worchynge, ban take bat ober half and do berto oyle of almaundis  $\beta$  ij, cassiafistula munde  $\beta$  and  $\beta$  and  $\beta$  and  $\beta$  and  $\beta$  and  $\beta$  be mouthe.

And 3iff be leche benkib bat it wole spede wel, reherce bis azen. Pan take bese herbis forsaide and grinde hem wel wib oyle of vyolet and do berto a lytel quantite of sandali and barliche mele and make berof enplastrum and lay byt vppon the place bat akib.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1060</sup> clistere] *preceded by* ch *deleted in red ink* 

3iff it be a colde enpostem, ban take the forsaide herbys and do berto bese:

**303 Rx** rute, origani, calamenti, ysopi, radicis lilij ana M j, anisi, maratri, semen rute ana libra j, turbithe, polipodij  $\S$  ij. Make a decoccioun libra j and quarter j and þe half hirof do þerto iuse of bleta quarter j, salis gemme ʒ ij, mellis  $\S$  j, olei de ruta  $\S$  ij, yerapigra  $\S$  j and make hirof a clistery. In þat oþere half resolue yerapigra  $\S$  j and ʒeue hyt hym to drinke, þan take þe forsaide herbis and do þerto camomille, fenigreci, semen lini and grynde hem wel whan they biþ ysode and medle þerwiþ oleum de ruta and make þerof enplastrum and lay hyt vppon his wombe.

3iff it come of viscous humours, than ʒeue hym yerapigra, constantini yscharpyd wib mastik, serapi[no],<sup>1061</sup> castoreum. 3iff it come of ffecys yhardyd, þan make hym a clistere and enplastre and drinke þat is forsaide in enpostem of hoote cause, but do in the clistere nasche sope. 3iff it come of constraynynge metis, ʒeue hym cassiafistula, manna resoluyd in wyne. 3iff it come of venym, þanne make hym cast wib a decoccioun of turbithe, water, and raphini, and oyle. Thane ʒeue hym triacle. And boʒ castynge ne be noʒt goode for þis pascioun, ʒitt it is goode by resoun of þe venym.

Jn yliaca, whanne his body is clene, do to hym resolutiues wib camomille, anyse, ruwe, and **[f. 208r]** wyne, and ober mo. And 3iff bere lacke any binge of bis cure, it schal be fulfylled in be nexte chapitre de colica pascione.

Clarificacio. Some men myʒt resonabliche doute wheber fecys mow be put out aboue and it semyb nay ffor there bib many repugnauncis. Þe ffirst is ordynaunce of nature. For by reule nature puttib hyt adounward and noʒt aboue.

Pe secunde inpedyment is bat bere is myche distaunce fro be guttys vpward.

Þe 3 is wlnisse of be guttys.

Þe 4 is feblenesse of vertue of be guttys to put out.

Pe 5 is gretenesse of be fecis and it is hard to putte hem vpwardis. And for bese 5 inpedimentis it ne semyb nozt possible bat be fecys be put vpward.

Pe contrarie hirof auctours seyn and we may se it bat is best of any resoun. J say bat it is possible. Pis we ne mow noʒt denye, but be cause berof is myche, as grete stoppynge obere enpostem and ober mo. Pe guttys hab vertue to put out and it ne may noʒt be putte out bynebe, ban it meuyb vpward, as Galen seib vppon bis afforisum: jn ylio vomitus et singultus, etc. And whan bou arguest bat it is hard to meuye vpward, ʒitt it nys noʒt inpossible for vertue of expulsyf meuyb vpward.

#### De Colica Pascione, 18

Colica is a pascioun of be last bowele bat is clepyd colon wib grete hardnesse of passynge out of be fecys bynebe wib grete akynge and prickynge.

About this mater bou schalt entende bo3 bis gutte ne be but oon contynuyel, 3itte after be gretenesse and sotilnesse and foldynge bere bib many dyuerse namys berof.

Þe ffirst is clepyd duodenum.

Þe 2 is clepyd ieiunum.

Pe 3 is clepid ylia and berof comyb yliaca pascione.

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<sup>1061</sup> serapino] serapion

Þe 4 is clepyd orobus.

Pe 5 is clepyd colon and bere is engenderyd colica.

Þe 6 and þe last is clepyd longaon.

Causa. Enchesoun of þis pascioun biþ many, as it is forsayd in capitulo de yliaca oþere we wolleþ sey hir. Causis, some biþ wiþ in and some wiþ out.

3iff bey come wib out, bat may be of hoote ayre dronynge be fecys and grete coldnesse of ayre that constraynyb. And somtyme it comyb wib blowynge of be norberen **[f. 208v]** wynde and it may come of grete trauayle and grete swyfynge and of constraynge ffruytes and of alle manere metis bat be grete and euel to defye and it may come of brekynge and racchynge \of^{1062} syphac and ffallynge a doun of the guttis and ober mo.

3iff it come of causis wiþ in, þan it comyþ of euel conplexioun hoot resoluynge sotyl partijs oþere of euel conplexioun colde pressynge oþere of grete dryenesse oþer of grete viscous moysture. It comyþ also of grete hete in placys þat byþ neiʒ oþere medlyd wiþ grete humours and it is resounable that colre, ʒiff it be neiʒ in þe guttys, it makiþ ofte hardnesse and prickynge and bytynge and somtyme it makiþ sotil and puttyþ out. And þis pascyoun may come of enpostemes and of hard fecys and of pascyouns in lemys wiþin þat biþ neiʒ, as of þe raynes and of þe bladdre, and in al oþer maneres þat biþ forsaide capitulo de yliaca, as biþ wormys and ffeblenesse of felynge of þe guttys and oþer mo.

Signa. Signes of colica bib wibhaldynge of ffecys wibdrawynge of appetyt and appetyte of colde water. Whan he hathe akynge and prickynge and his vryne be hyze, ban he hathe colica. His vryne bicomyb heiz bicause of akynge and for colre ne may nozt be made clene by be guttys and berfor it swetyb to the lyuere and passib by the wayes of the vryne.

Specyal signes bib knowe by naturel binges and by binges bat bib innaturel and by binges bat helpyb and harmyb and by binges bat comyb out of his body. For 3iff it come of ffleume, banne binge bat gothe from hym is whyte and viscous. 3iff it come of malencolie, it is blacke and drye. 3iff it come of ffeblenesse of ffelynge, banne his wombe swellib and lytel akynge. 3iff it come of an hoot enpostem, banne it is wib betynge and grete akynge and berste and prickynge.

3iff it come of a colde enpostem, thanne bese bib lasse agreuous.

Entende þat a leche is ofte disseyued þat iugiþ pascioun of þe raynes þat it is colica. And þe contrarie þerfor we mow sette open signes. Colica is wiþ more akynge and prickynge and gothe to þe nauele and vnder þe nauele toward pecten and peritoneon. And somtyme it is in the riʒte syde and in the lifte syde and occupieþ myche partye of þe wombe and ys holpe wiþ clisterijs. And pascioun of the raynes nys noʒt, but it is more byhynde and more leuynge in oo place and in his vryne schewiþ contenta filosa oþer grauel and his vryne is þynne [f. 209r] and castinge doth hym goode. Signes of oþer causis þou myʒte haue by iugynge of þe pacient oþer by kynde of oþer lemys oþere of oþere euelys and by causis of hem oþere by thinges hat biþ forsayde capitulo de yliaca.

Pronosticacio. Entende þat colica chaungiþ somtyme and is cause of þe dropesye and of the goute, epilensye, manye paralicis. Accidencis þat schewiþ in colica, whan they comyþ, þey biþ mortel, as þese: out of mynde, spasmus, sincopis, coldenesse of hondys and ffete, colde swetynge, castynge

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contynuel, and wibhaldynge bat he ne may nozte go to sege. 3iff bere schewye vppon his wombe a whele 1064 as grete as a been and blak, in be 2 day he schal be dede.

Ther was a man bat had colicam pascionem and had be fflux berwib and whan Y spacke to hym he tourned away. And he deyed be 5 day.

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Curacio. For sickenessis bat haueb grete akynge bib perilous, berfor about bis cure bib many consyderaciouns. Pe ffirst is bis. 3iff his accidencys be myche, ffirst we moste acesye hem wib mitigatyues and anodinis and resolutiues and, prinsplay, wib narcoticis.

Pe 2 reule is bis. Pat bou ne put berto none narcotica, but it be grete nede and ban in lytel quantite and bat it be welle repressyd and it schal lytel whyle duelle beruppon.

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Pe 3 is this. In no manere he schal drinke colde watere ne no watere, 3if it be possible.

Pe 4 is bis. Pat he ne schal fulfille hys berste, but he schal drinke as lytel as he may.

Pe 5 is bis. 3iff be akynge come of euel conplexioun, lete hym vse alteratyues bobe in metys and in drinkys and medicynes. And ziff it be euel conplexioun wib mater, avoyde hym after be humour bat is in be cause.

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Pe 6 is bis. In be ffirst bigynnynge do to hym resolutiues and hetynge binges ffeble and lytel and lytel go to strengere. 3iff be akynge wexe more wib calefactorijs anone leue hem.

Pe 7 is bis. 3if it come 1065 of wynde, do berto only calefactorijs. 3if it be wib mater, defye hyt and avoyde hym. 3iff his fecys be hard, make hem nasche and avoyde hym wib a clistere. Þan go we to calefactorijs and bathis.

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Pe 8 is bis. Whan bou dost calefactorijs to hym, kepe we be regyoun of hys lyuere lest it dissolue berwib.

The 9 is bis. Conforte his brayne wib oyle of rosis. Anoynte hym, lest be vapouris arysynge vppe do hym harme.

Pe 10 is bis and is mervelous. Also, as lytel as bou myzt, [f. 209v] zeue hym medicynes laxatyues. Now we hauyb ysey alle binges, go we to be cure of colica.

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Some men cureb colicam wib medicynes bat bib goode in al degre, as tordys of a wulf in what manere so it be take. Rizt as an houndis tourde is goode in squinancia, rizt so a wolues tourde is goode in yliaca and colica. Distempere a wolfys tourde wib goode wyne and medle hyt wib hony and zeue hyt hym. Pan bicause of be akynge, make hym a ffomentacyoun wib a decoccioun of malue, nenifar, violis, coriandrum, ordium, papaueris albi, foliorum salicis, and canne.

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3iff be cause be hoot, ban make hym a sacellacyoun wib milium, furfur rostyd wib out liquour. 3iff be cause be colde, make hym a fomentacyoun wib camomille, mellilote, anthos, sticados, anisi, cimini, rute. Pan make hym a sacellacyoun wib salt ytostyd ober wib anise and fenel and comyn and ober mo.

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3iff colica come of enpostem, jn be ffirst bigynnynge, lete hym blode in basilica. Þanne, 3iff be particuleris ffalle perfore, lete hym blode de sophenis. Panne make hym clisterijs of maluys, violis, branka vrsina, mercuriali, oleo violato, and furfure, cassiafistula, and oper mo bat bib mollificatyf. Pan defye be mater wib a syrupe made of endiuie, scariole, lactuca, iiij semina frigidorum, and vino malorum, and zuccare. Pan purge hym wib prunis, cassiafistula, manna, tamarindis, and a lytel diagridium wib mastik. Obere do hyt wib dyaprunis, oxi laxatiuo, trifera sarazenica, reuberberata,

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catartico i[m]periali, 1066 electuario de succo rosarum symple obere scharpyd wib dyagridium and mastic and wip one opere manye. 3iff it come of euel conplexioun hoot and drie, chaunge hyt wip binges bat biþ ysayde and noursche hym wiþ chekenys, lactucis, cucurbitis and watere and wyne wel wateryd and oper mo. 3iff it come of euel conplexioun hoot wip mater, do as it is forsaide in a enpostem hoot.

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3iff it come of hardnesse of fecys, ban make hym be clistere that is forsaide clistere and some be herbis vppon be wombe and lete hym vse prunis, cassiafistula, and ober mo. 3iff be enpostem be colde, make the forsaide clistere, but do berto be juse of bleta, camomille, mellilote, oleum amigdalarum dulcium, anisum, maratrum, semen rute, yerapigra. Þanne deffye þe matere in þis manere:

304 Rx radicis feniculi, petroselini, brusci, sparagi, apij ana M j. Stampe hem and tempere hem wib vynegre.

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Deinde:

**305 Rx** origani, calamente, rute ana  $\frac{3}{2}$  ij, anisi, maratri, semen rute ana  $\frac{3}{2}$  j, mellis libra j. Fiat 1067 sirupi libra j and β.

[f. 210r] Thanne purge hym in bis manere:

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306 Rx fflorum boragaginis, fflorum violarum, vtriusque sticados, liquirice munde, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, polipodij, anisi<sup>1068</sup> ana 3 j. Make a decoccioun and resolue beron turbithe 3 β. Strayne hem and zeue hyt hym oper purge hyt wib benedicta, theodoriton euperiston yscharpyd wib aloe, mastic, turbithe, zinziberis.

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3iff he be a delycate man, sebe an olde cocke wib polipodij, anise, turbithe, foliorum sene. Þan zeue hym the brothe berof. But in be ffirst bygynnynge, zeue hym so myche watere that it suffyse to sebe hyt and he schal be sode til be bonys departe fro the fflesche.

3iff it come of euel conplexioun colde, lete hym vse alteratiues that bib forsaide and lete hym vse chekenys rostyd and culuere birdys and stronge wyne and ober mo.

3iff it be euel conplexioun colde wip mater, do as it is forsaide in a colde enpostem and put turbithe in his brede and in his metis and in his wyne.

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3iff it come of wynde, make hym be forsaide clistere in a colde enpostem and make hym a sacellacyoun wib salt, milium, furfure, semen rute, anisi, cimino, calamento and ober mo. And lete hym ete as lytel as he may and his wyne schal be clene. Bathe hym in a bathe bere be camomille, ruta, anthos.

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3iff it come of hard fecys, make hym be forsaide clistere in apostemate frigido. 3if it come of ffeblenesse of the guttys and paralisis, lete hym vse dyamente, diatrion pipereon, dyagalanga, dyanthos cum musco, pliris cum musco, dyamabra, dyamargariton, dyanisum. Jtem, lete hym vse tiriaca, metridatum. Pere mote be cautele in bathis bat he ne sytte no deppre in a babe but to dyafragma and kepe wel his brayne and his herte and his prinsipal lemys, as it is forsaide. Naturel babis bib goode. And

<sup>1066</sup> imperiali] inperiali

<sup>1067</sup> fiat] fiant

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1068</sup> See commentary

zif þou ne haue hem nozt, make hem by crafte of beteyne, geremandria, calamento, origano, maiorana, sulphure.

3iff colica come of rupture oper for wormys þat schal be saide in here placys. 3iff it come of primityf causis opere of opere causis, þan reduce hem to tempere by þe contrarie and so þou schalt cure hym.

To make a man purge hym byneþe, take scholette þe smal foyles <...>1. Stampe hem and ffrye hem in oleo coriandri and lay poudre of agaric iiij <...> vppon his nauele and þe forsaide plastre alle hoote þeruppon.  $^{1069}$ 

Clarificacio. Entende bat babinge of swete watere in grete akynge is bettre ban bathynge of salt watere. For salt watere byteb and prickeb<sup>1070</sup> and berfore it makib akynge be more. Swete watere ne dob noʒt so. And boʒ salt watere consume more wynde, neuerbelattre, in swote water put camomille, anthos, **[f. 210v]** and ober mo. Quare, etc.

Jn þe 2, entende þat colica may be engenderyd of a stone in þe guttys, but þis ffalliþ selde, and þerfor autours ne makiþ no mencyoun þerof. Jn þe raynes and in þe bladdre for strayte passynge out and for superfluytees ffalliþ to þat place and in þe loungis þe mater is myche and þoʒ þe passynge out þerof be myche wyde, ʒitte þe hete is stronge. Werfore a ffeuere may be engenderyd in þese placys, but in the guttys it ffalliþ seelde. Somtyme it is possyble for þe mater is myche and viscouse and by resoun of some particle his hete may be stronge and þat worchiþ in viscous matere and resoluyþ þat is sotil and makiþ hard þe remanaunte. And in þat manere it engenderiþ þe stone in the guttys and þat may be cause of colica, but þis ffalliþ ful seelde.

Jn be 3, entende bat medicyne laxatyf, bog it avoyde by happe, 3itt it may make replecyoun and in bat manere it may make colicam, as whanne be body is myche replete and vertue of puttynge out is ffeble. And medicyne laxatyf hab vertue to drawe. And bog it avoyde, 3itte by happe it may make replecyoun.

Jn be 4, entende bat bog colica and yliaca be material pasciouns of replecyoun, gitte bey mowe be engenderyd of euel conplexioun, in whiche bis euel conplexioun hoote bicomyb hard and bat is sotil passib out and colde binges and drye constraynib and makib hard bingis bat scholde be moyste. And in bis manere euel conplexioun wibout matere may make colicam and yliacam, as it is forsaide.

Jn þe 5, entende þat colica, for þe most partye, is engenderyd of fleume and more þerof þan of colre. And þis be yput naturellych to the guttys and ffleume noʒt, ʒitte colre nys noʒt yput to þe guttys to leue there, but for to pricke þe ffecys and putte hem out. And in þat manere, colre comyþ out wiþ the fecys. And þoʒ ffleume be put to ioyntis, ʒitte it nys noʒt putte to hem and passiþ a way, but it abydeþ þere and makiþ the ioyntys moyste and helpiþ hem. And þis nis noʒt semelable of colre in the guttys and ffleume in þe ioyntys. Kynde soudiþ hem ffor dyuerse worchynges.

Jn be 6, entende bat boz colica be engendered off colde humours, and in bat manere his vryne scholde be lowz in coloure, neuerbelattre, it is heyz in coloure by resoun of the akynge, as it is forsaide. Perfore, in bis pascioun a leche is ofte bigylyd. He wenb [f. 211r] ffor be coloure bat be cause bee hoot and nys nozt so. Quare, etc.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1069</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1070</sup> prickeþ] *preceded by* b *deleted in black ink* 

Jn the  $\sqrt{7}$ , <sup>1071</sup> entende bat castynge is euel signe in colica. For it signifieb bat be partye bynebe is stoppyd and so be fecys ne mow nozt passe out bynebe. Perfor, it is drede lest bey pascye out aboue. And bis signe is euel and mortel. Poz castynge be nozt goode in colica, zitte it may be goode in pasciouns of the raynes. For it drawib be mater to be contrarie, as it is forsaide.

Jn the 8, entende bat 3if colica come of hoote cause and his body be replete, banne narcotica mowe be goode, 3iff bey be done in dewe manere. And bey ne agreuyb no3t in bis caas, but bey fallib berfor by resoun of be euyl and of the accidencis.

## De Mirachia, 19

Mirachia is a pascioun of ypocundria wib euel accidencis.

Entende that myrac is a pannicle bat gothe about be guttys, as siphak is anober. And to myrak comyb euelis, as semlable, officyal, and comyne. And for bat leme is swybe sencyble, berfore hym fallib many accidencys and many pasciouns. Somtyme wib bis pascioun folewib epilencia obere mania bat is forsaide and is clepyd mirachia. And somtyme sincopis and somtyme ydropisi for akynge, prickynge of ypocundria. And berfor, pascio ypocundriata and mirachia is saide of myrak.

Colica pascio is clepyd akynge in ypocundrijs wib prickynge and bytynge and puttynge out of be mater aboue and bynebe wib grete akynge, as it is forsaide of colde causis and curis. Hit is sayde ynow3 chapitre de tortura Intestiorum and chapitre de yliaca and chapitre de fluxu ventris. Þerfor, Y leue of. By the grace of God, Y haue sayde þat Y haue ysayed.

Entende þat myrak is a manere sickenesse ylike to a nette þat gothe about þe guttys thanne comyþ anoþer skyn wiþout þat and is clepyd syphac and þis schal be hirafter capitulo de ydropisi.

## De Vermibus, 20

Wormys, serpentis, and scarabee bip engendered of corrupcyoun in a mannys body, as pey bip engenderyd wip out in placis that bip corrupte.

Causa. Enchesoun of wormys þat engenderiþ [f. 211v] rawe humours, as myche replecyoun, coitus vppon replecyoun, etynge of rawe fruytis, and whete ysode, and so of ober mo þat engenderyb rawe humours and fleumatyk. For off bloode ne biþ none wormys engenderyd ffor the body nediþ þerof ne of colre. For no beeste nys nourschyd ne engenderyd of colre, as Galen seiþ quarto de simplici medicina, ne of malencolia, ffor þat is remeuyd ffro the prinsiplys of lyf. Than it shewiþ þat þey biþ engendered of ffleume. Whanne ffleume rotiþ in the guttys, þanne þat mater takiþ þe spiritus of lyf and engenderiþ þerof wormys and oþer mo. And þere biþ engenderyd dyuerse after dyuerse rotynge and after þe particle of þe pacient. For whan fleumatik mater rotiþ in the guttys aboue, þan þere biþ engendered longe wormys and rounde þat biþ clepyd lumbrici. 3iff it rotie in longaon, þan þere biþ engenderyd lytel rounde wormys, as it were wormys þat biþ yfounde in chese and þey biþ euyl. 3iff the mater rotye in þe myddel guttys, þanne þere biþ engenderyd schorte wormys and broode and biþ clepyd ascarides oþere cucurbitini.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1071</sup> 7] corr. by deletion of 6 in black ink

berof] preceded by noyt deleted in red ink

spiritus] corr. by deletion of vaynes in red ink

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Signa. There biþ some signes of wormys þat biþ ytake in slepe and some in wakynge. In slepe whanne þey garriþ and grintiþ hare teeþ and cowiþ as they hadde mete in here mouthe and þey hauyþ hard slepe and þei awakiþ wiþ grete wreþþe. 3iff it be in wakynge, þanne they hauyd ycchinge in here nose and ffretynge and akynge and myche spetynge and puttynge out of his tunge and his mouthe drieþ a day more þan anyʒt and they biþ out of mynde and þey ne hauyþ none grete akynge in her hede. And somtyme wormys comyþ out at his nose and by the mouthe and somtyme byneþe and somtyme þey preschiþ þe guttis and gothe out. And þere comyþ hard accidencys to this pascioun, as mania, epilencia, caninus appetitus, bolismus, sincopin, yliaca pascione, colica, and pasciouns of the lyuere. And for the most parte they bithe costyf. And they þat biþ bynethe prickeþ and byteþ and makiþ contynuel ycchynge, as it were emytes. 3iff it be in the guttys aboue, the akynge aryseþ to þe stomak and of the myddel guttys is engenderyd akynge in þe same place.

Pronosticacio. Wormys in a ffeuere by kynde of hym self is allegate euyl for it signifieb corupcyoun of mater. And in alle maneres they bib out of kynde and therfore they ne signifieb no goode [f. 212r] nother by hem self nober by happe.

Wormys in a ffeuere obere they bith in be first bygynnynge other in the myddel ober in the ende. 3iff they be in the ffirst bigynnynge, other bey bib quycke other dede. 3iff they be quycke, it is euyl signe. Pan it signifieb that be feuere is pestilencyal and berfor they fleeb corrupcyoun. 3iff bey be dede, it is goode ffor bat signifyeb clansynge. <sup>1074</sup> Jn the ffirst bygynnynge it ne semyb no3t bat the malice be so myche bat mowe be dede by cause of malice of the euyl.

3iff þey schewe in the ende and bithe quycke, it is goode. For than þey comyb by resoun of clansynge and in this manere saithe Auicen.

3iff they schewe in the myddel of the euyl, they bib allegate euyl whaber bey be quycke ober dede. A ffeuere and wormys togedre bithe allegate euel for so myche as bey consumyb nourschement of the wormys. Jn be 2, it is euel for it makib more corrupcioun whereof the wormys beb engenderyd. Jn be 3, it is euyl ffor it swellithe and makib the wormys hoote. And in bat manere it makib be more pascyoun and bey meuyb the more. Wormys bithe most engenderyd in childerne and in men bat vsib glotenye and in heruest tyme and schortely alle tyme bat rawe mater is multyplyed.

Curacio. In the ffirst bigynnynge amende his dyetynge and his regymen þat he ne multiplye no fleume. Þanne defye þe mater wiþ oximel diuretik and purge hym wiþ yerapigra yscharpyd wiþ agarico and pulpa coloquintida. Þanne ʒif the matere be in þe guttis aboue, ʒeue hym medicyne by the mouthe. 3if þey be bynethe, make hym suppositorijs and clisterijs.

3iff bey be in the myddel, do bothe.

Wormys schulleb be slawe in this manere. 3eue hym milke to drinke tway daies obere 3 and thanne in the same houre 3eue hym vynegre to drinke obere some bitter binge medlyd, as aloen ober hony and aloen. And thei schullib be dede anone. Obere 3eue hym seed of centorye obere 3edoarium in wyne obere in brothe. 3iff bou wolt worche in a bettre manere, do bus. Wormys obere they be wib a feuere obere wib out a feuere. 3iff they be wib out a feuere, wib out any drede, bittre binges sleeb hem.

Thes bythe the materialys perof: enula, persicaria, mentastrum, ruta, aloen, folia persici [and] cortex eius, absinthium, ffella lupine, amigdale amare, nucleus persici, costus amarus, centaurea, and oper many mo. Take oon hirof other many and make perof drinke wip oon partie and take anoper partie

 $<sup>^{1074}</sup>$  clansynge] preceded by ch deleted in red ink

and make hym a clisterie. Hirof bou myʒt make enplasteris and lay beruppon. In euery manere of bese 3, wormys mowe be destruyed.

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For smale wormys that bithe in longaone, make a suppositore off salis gemma **[f. 212v]** opere of larde and lete it be peron sixteyne houres. Panne drawe it out sodeynliche and pou schalt fynde hyt ful of wormys. Salt water ydrunke sleep wormys. Whanne pey bip dede and kynde ne avoydep hem no3t, thanne avoyde hem els pey wollep make carayne and stinkynge and grete agreuaunce. Thynges pat sleep hem and avoydithe bip pese: aloe, succus yreos, succus cucumeris asinini, agaricus, turbithe, pulpa coloquintida, tardus quod est semen croci ortensis.

11435

Wormys þat biþ aboue biþ avoyded by medycynes þat biþ take by the mouthe and bynethe wiþ clisteries ymade of thinges that biþ forsayde. They þat biþ in the myddel biþ avoyded in bothe maneres. Yerapigra, tiriaca sleeþ wormys. Nesche soope, ʒiff it be put in by a clistere, it sleeþ wormys.

Lete hym vse culuer bryddys and sauce, pepere, clowues, <sup>1075</sup> ʒedoarium, galanga. And he schal leue attriplices and ffruytes and chese fresche and alle thinges þat engenderythe rawe matere fleumatike, as it is forsayde.

11440

3iff wormys come wib a feuere, ban it is ful greuous. Thanne zeue hym sirupus acetosus, mala granata and purge hym wib electuarium de succo rosarum, trifera sarazenica, reuberberata, farina ordei and aceto fortissimo. And lete hym vse brothe of caul, cicerum, lencium, aqua ordei. And lete hym vse coriandre sauce and make hym a clisterie de cartamo, alquitran, semen centonice vel semen zedoarij, as it is forsaide. In the same manere serpentes bithe slayne, zif bey be in a mannys body engendered obere crepe in.

11445

Clarificacio. Entende þat wormys bithe engenderyd in her manere as stonys biþ engenderyd in the raynes and in the bladdre. For whanne grete mater and viscous and hete be stronge it engendriþ stonys. For stronge hete entendiþ to defye and þinge þat is sotil passiþ out and þat is grete leuyþ and so the matere rotiþ. For the mater ne may noʒt be defyed atte fulle, but as it is forsaide. And þus it ffalliþ by kynde to engendery stonys.

11450

3iff vertue be ffeble, he ne schal neuere be engendered. Jn be same manere it is of wormys. For whanne the mater is grete and rawe, thanne stronge hete thenkib to defye in as myche as it is possible and it ne may nozt for the mater resceyuyb a manere digestioun and purschasib hete and moysture. And in bat manere, be mater takib spiritus of lyf. And in be same manere, dothe kynde in as myche as it is possyble to hym wherfore of bis matere in bis manere yrotyd engenderythe wormys. And in be same manere, lyse and serpentis and scaraby and ober many mo bat bithe engendered wibin a mannes body. And in bat manere, rotynge ne comyb nozt by partye off [f. 213r] worchynge, but by partie of the mater. And boz vertue be stronge in hym self, zitte nozt so stronge as be mater to ouercome hyt.

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In the 2, entende bat after be tyme that bytter thinges bib ytake for wormys his body schal be disturbed for tway thinges. For the wormys meuyb for bey mow no3t susteene be byttre binges and for byttre binges sleeb wormys and so careyne is engenderyd. And in the same manere, venemous fumys bat disturbithe be body.

11460

Jn the 3, entende bat wormys bib more engenderyd in childhode ban in elde for euyl regymen. For in childerne bithe rawe humours more engenderyd ban in olde men. And that is mater of wormys and stronge hete is cause bat makib hem and bey founde in elde men, zitt nozt in bat manere.

 $<sup>^{1075}</sup>$  clowues] preceded by clo deleted in red ink

Jn the 4, entende þat wormys biþ most engenderyd in haruyst. For in þat tyme biþ most ffruytes and the tyme is most out of ordre and digestioun worst and many rawe humours. Thanne for feblenesse of heete and, in þat manere, most wormys bithe engenderyd in þat tyme, þoʒ þe tyme be colde and drye and veer is hoote and moyste and it ffalliþ most in heruest.

11470

Jn þe 5, entende þat wormys ne biþ noʒt engenderyd in euery place þat is holou of þe body, but in the stomak and in the guttys. For in þat place wexiþ most fleume and feble hete in the pyce and in þe vaynys it nys noʒt so. Quare, etc. 3iff þey be engenderyd in any other place, þat is ful late.

Jn the 6, entende þat þoz wormys be engenderyd of innaturel hete, for it is out of kynde, zitt it is kyndely to wormys.

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Jn þe 7, entende þat wormys þat biþ about longaon makiþ stridorem, þat is grinttynge of þe teeþ, and abhominacyoun of mete ffor lacertus þat is in þe ers, þat clansiþ and openyþ, gothe to þe stomak and to the hede. But wormys þat bithe aboue makiþ appetyte for they consumyþ þe mete that scholde susteyne al þe body.

Jn the last, entende þat bittre þingis bithe goode, noʒt to noursche, but to slee þe wormys. And þey ne biþ noʒt engenderyd of byttre þinges, as Galen saiþ de simpleci medicina. And somtyme is engenderyd of wormys a ffeuere for drawynge toward the herte.

# De Pascionibus Ani et Propter de Emoroydis, 21

Passiouns of the taylende, in as myche as it is presente, byb [10],<sup>1076</sup> as emoroydis, enpostemys, condilomata, attrices, fficus, ragadie, paralisis, ffistula, exitus ani, pruritus. But ffirst speke we of emoroydis, bat is fflux of bloode by vaynes bat bib in the ers.

11485

Entende þat fro **[f. 213v]** the vayne þat is clepyd kylis comyþ 5 vaynes and endiþ in the ers. And somtyme þey biþ fulle of malencolious blode and the vaynys openyþ and þe blode gothe out and þis fflux is clepyd fflux of emoroydis. And whanne þis fflux is in tempere it dothe myche goode and kepiþ a man ffro sickenessis þat biþ adust and corupt, as mania, malencolia, pleuresis, lepra, morphea, ydropisi, malum mortuum, pascione splenys, quartana, and so of oþer mo. And 3iff this be ystoppyd, it makiþ þese pasciouns.

11490

Jtem, þis fflux be ouere mesure yt may be cause of ydropisi, ptisis in hem þat malencolious humour is engenderyd. Flux in tempere hirof is goode. Flux temperate is whanne þe pacient ffelyþ hym releuyd and etiþ þe bettre and slepiþ þe bettre. And 3iff they ffele hem agreuyd þerby and haue euyl coloure therof, thanne þe fflux is to myche, wharfore it mote be constrayned.

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Causys. Some biþ wiþ in and some wiþ out. Wiþ out, as takynge of medycyne laxatyf þat be scharpe and prickynge and oþer mo. 3iff it come wiþin, thanne it bithe humours adust and bith multiplyed and brekyþ out byneþe and makiþ fflux after dyuersyte of humours þat bithe in the cause. In þat manere bithe dyuerse spices of emoroydis. Some comyþ of bloode and biþ clepyd vuee, þat bithe in the manere of a reede grape. And some comyþ of bloode and colre and biþ clepyd morales, as it were mora þat biþ somdele rede. And some biþ clepyd verucales and they comyth of malencolie. And some comyþ of ffleume, saf þat is seelde and þey bithe as it were whyte bladderyn.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1076</sup> 10] 4

ers] preceded by vaynes deleted in red ink

Signa. 3iff emoroydis come of colde humours, thanne he schal fele prickynge and bytynge about his ers, rizt as he hadde tenasmon. And these accidencys comyb berwib: his face is euyl coloured, agreuaunce of his hepys and bat is whanne be fflux is out of tempere. Perfore, it is profytable to haue signes. For ofte tyme it ffallib bat a man wenyb bat he haue emoroydis and he ne hathe hem nozt, but it is tenasmon obere ragadie and ober mo. And somtyme a man wenyb bat he ne haue hem nozt and zitte he hathe hem. Also, it is goode to wyte of what humour we schullib avoyde.

Pronosticacio. Ypocras techib ous to make pronsticacioun. For after bat bey bythe ywoned come and ne comyb no3t, but byb sodeynliche restrayned, it is grete peryle berof for bey engenderib euel sickenesses. And prinspaliche, 3iff the fflux be olde. Perfore, it is goode to leue oon opene.

Jn þe 2, we schulliþ make pronosticacioun þat alle þey biþ hard to cure **[f. 214r]** and for þe place is abhominable and somtyme they syttiþ ffer in. Þerfore, þey ne mowe noʒt be aserchyd as they scholde, but ʒiff a surgyan do hyt and, for the most parte, þey biþ vnkunnynge.

Jtem, be cure hirof is hard ffor this place is ful sencible.

Pe 3 cause is ffor it is hoote and bat is a way of many superfluytees and allegate contynuel.

Þe 4 is for it is a cold leme and ne hath no stronge vertue.

Pe 5, for it is in lozest partye of the body.

Pe 6 is for be most parte of men bib aschamyd to schewe hem. And bog bey schewe hem, bey ne bib nogt obedient to do as men techib. And so of ober many causis.

Jn þe 7, we mowe make pronosticacyoun þat in wiþhaldynge of emoroydis 3iff fflux of the nose come oþere fflux of menstrua, it is goode and helpiþ myche.

Curacio. About regymen of emoroydis 3 þinges bithe necessare. Þe ffirst is ʒiff the flux be to myche, restrayne hem.

Pe secunde is 3 iff he be wybhalde ouere tyme, open hem.

Pe 3 is to bis pascyoun comyb myche akynge. Perfore, it is nede ffor aceesye hyt wib mitigatiues. First worche we in bis manere. 3iff fflux of emoroydis come to myche, bat thou schalt knowe by thinges bat bib forsaide. 3iff be particulers falle berfore, ffirst lete hem bloode de cephalica ban make clene his body wib cassiafistula. 3iff it come of ffleume wib kebuli and apperayle hem as it ffallib berfore. Thanne sette hym a ventose wib garsinge bytwixe his schulderys. Panne make hym restraynynge binges and plasteris vppon his ers:

**307 Rx** acacie, masticis, thuris, sanguis draconis, tele aranee, pilorum leporis, <sup>1078</sup> glutini piscium, glutini carpentariorum, gallarum, sumac, mirtillorum ana 3 j. Make þerof enplastrum oþere vnguentum and lay þeruppon.

3iff it be wibin be ers, make a tuel and wete hyt and put hyt in, but bere mote be cautele. 3iff bou wolt lence oon open, stampe ffygus wib aloen and lay beruppon be whiche bou wolt bat blede. Lete hym vse bis electuarium:

**308 Rx** triasandali,  $^{1079}$  dyacodeon, carnium citoniorum conditorum cum zuccare sine speciebus ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  ij. Medle hem to gedre.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1078</sup> See commentary

Jtem, make enplastrum to be place wib [micleta], 1080 at [h] anasia 1081 obere lete hym vse bis drinke:

**309 Rx** ossa mirabolanum roste hem, gummi arabici, masticis, rosis ana ʒ ij, anisi, cimini assorum, ligni aloes, gariofilorum, epithimi ana ʒ j. Medle hem wiþ sirupo mirtino and make þerof gobettis and ʒeue hem wiþ rayn water.

3iff coldenesse and wynde be cause of þe fflux, do þerto cinamomum, galanga, ʒinʒiberis, aristologie ana  $3\,1$  and  $\beta$ .

3iff emoroydis **[f. 214v]** be restrayned out of custome and olde fflux haue ygo to fore, thanne bey schullib be openyd. For a newe fflux restrayned, it is no nede to open hyt.

Jn the ffirst bigynnygne, lete hym blode de sophena, þanne make clene hys body. 3iff the cause be hoote, wiþ trifera saraʒenica, reuberberata. 3iff þe cause be colde, wiþ benedicta, theodoriton euperiston. Þanne make hym a fomentacyoun and lete hym sytte in þe water in whiche be sode prassium, origanum, calamentum, porri, blete, abrotanum, and oþer mo. Þanne enoynte hym wiþ oyle of almaundis oþere wiþ some galle oþere wiþ mylke of ffygys oþere make hym enplastrum of coluere dunge, nucleis persicarum, galbano, bdellio, staphisagria, aspalto, medulla, cerui, succo titimalli, pulpa coloquintida, sale nitro, centaurea maiori, alumen, ʒuccare, and fiat vnguentum. 3iff þey be wiþ in, make a tuel and enoynte hyt and putte hyt in.

3iff this ne avayle noʒt, open hem wiþ a waterleche oþere wiþ a blode yre. 3iff emoroydis be woxe myche, þou myʒt do hym away wiþ some medicyne corosyf, as calx viua, attramentum, vitreolum, auripigmentum oþere kutte hym lytel and lytel wiþ an here of an hors tayle oþere wasche hym ofte wiþ a decoccioun of þese þinges in water:

**310 Rx** porres, caules, ffrumentum, alumen, calcem viuam. Boyle hem in water and wasche ofte the place berwib. For wib out any drede it wole make hem ffalle.

In the last, make a cauterie wib hote yre. Panne, Y resigne hyt to surgiauns.

3iff the akynge be myche, acesye hyt in this manere. Lete hym sytte in water of camomille, melliloti, rosis, coriandri, summitatum papaueris. Þan enonyte hym wiþ oleum sizaminum, oleo amigdalarum dulcium and wiþ marowz of an hert and of a calf and wiþ gootis talouz ffresche and wiþ grece of maulard and of hennys.

This accessib akynge of emoroydis. Take an oynyoun and roste hym in hoote askys and ban stampe hem wib gotys talouz fresche and make berof enplastrum and lay bereuppon. And some men seyn bat apium [for] emoroydis is goode berfore.

3iff the akynge be in the guttis, lete hym drinke muscilago psillij wib sirupo rosato. And of bese and oyle of rosis and whyte of an eye and dragagantum and gummi arabici make enplastrum. And entende bat er bese medicynes be do berto, his body schal be made clene wib letynge bloode and medicynes laxatyuys els mytigatiues dothe lytel goode.

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 $<sup>^{1079}</sup>$  triasandali] triasandali tri

<sup>1080</sup> micleta] nuclea

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1081</sup> athanasia] atanasia

 $<sup>^{1082}</sup>$  wasche] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

Jtem, radix lilij ysode and ystampyd wib oleum **[f. 215r]** mirtinum and ylayde beruppon is goode and wulle vnwasche wib oyle of rosis.

#### De Apostemate Ani

Jn the first bigynnynge, make clene his body and lete hym vse goode regymen and dyetynge after be
dyuersite of particulers. Whanne bis is do, do bis remedye: sethe ffacchis and stampe hem wib rosis and
leuys of solatrum and oyle of rosis, dragagantum and make berof enplastrum. Þanne make this:

**311 Rx** summitatum papaueris albi, iusquiami, portulaca, vitellum oui, mica panis, oleum [rosaceum] and make therof enplastrum.

3iff þe mater be colde, do þerto þese: semen lini, ffenigreci, gummi arabici, ffoliorum caulium, oleum de camomilla.

And entende pat apostema pat schal be broke tofore hys tyme and made clene lest it waxe deepe. For it is drede of a festre.

**312 Rx** vitella oui decocti and stampe hem wiþ dragaganto and oleo rosato, sirupo rosato and make þerof enplastrum. <sup>1083</sup>

### **De Condolomatibus et Attricis**

11585 Condolomata and attrices bithe a manere wexinge about be ers and bib nasche. And whanne bey swellib and bith for bey bithe clepyd attrices, whiche cure Y put to surgyauns.

#### De Ficu

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Ficus is a manere wexinge in the manere of a ffyge and hathe whyte graynes smalle wibin, whiche cure Y putt to surgiauns. Pese mowe be curis, as it is forsaide of kuttynge of emoroydis.

#### De Ragadijs

Ragadie biþ schewynge of vaynys þat biþ in þe ers, akynge wiþ out swellynge. And þat is þe difference bytwix þat and swellynge of emoroydis. For emoroydis beþ wiþ swellynge. By ragadias we mowe entende vlcera and brekynges and akynge. And þis is saide for þe cure of alle these may be oon.

Cause. Causis hirof bith harde fecis drieb bat kuttib bilke partijs obere enpostemys obere fflux emororydis obere euery fflux bat is scharpe obere some binge wibout kuttynge and brekynge and ober mo.

Curacio. In cure hirof his body mote be makyd clene and he mote be in goode regymen. Panne go we to the particuleris. 3iff pese vicera be rede and moyste opere virulenta and quytture, than make pis oynement:

**313 Rx** litargiri  $\S$   $\beta$ , cathmine auri and argenti, **[f. 215v]** ceruse lote, aloe lote, masticis, thuris, [ostraceorum], <sup>1084</sup> gallarum, psidie, balaustie, mumie, boli armenensis ana  $\Im$  j. Poudre hem and medle

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1083</sup> See commentary

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hem wib oyle of rosis and make berof an oynement and enoynte therwib the place tway tymes or 3 a day and wasche be place wib clene whyte wyn hoote and a lytel hony and banne drie hyt and thanne anoynte hyt.

3iff this brekynge come of grete dryenesse, make this oynement:

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314 Rx medulli cerui vituli and medulli maxille porci, auxungie galline [and] anatis, butiri sine sale, olei sizamini, olei amigdalarum, olei mirtini, olei de papauere ana 3 ij, aloe, litargiri, cathime lote, dragaganti ana 3 j, cere noue quod sufficit. And make hirof an oynement and bou my3t adde berto mele bat ffleeb in a mylle.

#### De Paralici Ani

Peralisis ani is clepyd be goynge out of the ers ober whan a man gothe to priuay azen his wille.

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Causa. Some causis bib wib out and some wib in. Wib out, as syttynge vppon colde stonys ober smytynge vppon the rigge and kuttynge off the lacertys and nerues and panne it comyb sodeynly and is incurable. And it may come of colde oynement and oper mo.

3iff it come of causis wibin, banne it comyb for the most parte ffor euyl conplexioun colde and moyste, as of ffleumatik humour colde, grete, and viscous bicome hard in longaon other for moysture

and hete. And banne he schal haue prickynge, bytynge, and hete.

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Cura. 3iff the cause be colde, lete hym sytte in water bat menta, sauge, calamente, costus, absinthium, sauina, squinantum be sode beron. Panne enoynte hym wib oyle de nuce cipressi and foliorum eius, spicenardi, costo, euforbium and now do oon and now anober. 3iff bis be contynued and his body be clene, it wole cure.

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3iff the cause be hoote, lete hym sytte in watere pere be rosis, psidie, balaustie, mirtilli and acetum. After bat enoynte hym wib oleum rosaceum, mirtinum and bou myzt do berto costus. 3iff it swelle, do perto grece to make nasche. Jn be ende, lete hym sytte in salt water bat be vapours mow passe out.

# De Exitu Ani

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Longaon gothe somtyme out for enpostemys and banne first cure hem. Somtyme he goth out ffor grete pressynge opere for grete mollificacyoun, as in childerne and for other causis like hirto. And somtyme he gothe out and tournyb in azen and thanne he may liztliche be cured.

In goynge out of longaon, lete be pacient sytte, as it is forsaide, [f. 216r] in water that costus, cortices ffabarum, ypoquistidos, psidia, balaustia, nux cipressi, eufforbium, pulpa coloquintida oper sethe bese in wyne and lete hym sytte beron. Thanne enoynte longaon wib oleum laurinum and sprynge beruppon this pouder:

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315 Rx mirre, mumie, nucis cipressi, masticis, thuris, gallarum, sumac ana and make therof pouder and cast beruppon and put hym in.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1084</sup> ostraceorum] olcacarum

And euery tyme bat he gothe out ffirst make hym a ffomentacyoun, banne enoynte hym and sprynge beruppon of the poudre and banne putte hym in. And lete hym ete softe metys bat he ne constrayne hym nozt to myche ffor to go sege. And subfumigacyoun ymade of bdellium, capparis is goode.

#### De Pruritu Ani

Somtyme ycchynge comythe for wormys. Cure hem as it is forsaide. And somtyme it comyb of scharpe humours. Panne chaunge hys dyetynge and his regymen into the contrarie. Make the mater passye out wib vapours and do as it is forsayde in capitulo de tenasmone.

#### De Fistula Ani

Fistula is engenderyd in be ers for enpostem and emoroydis and ober mo. And somtyme he gothe depe and somtyme lytel. And be more depe he gothe, be worse it is. And somtyme he preschib be gutte. Pat bou my3t knowe ffor the ffecys goth out by be ffestre and quytture by be ers. And somtyme it consumyb myche of the lacertis. Pat bou my3t knowe 3iff his ffecys go out a3en hys wille.

3iff a ffynger be put in his ers, he ne may nozt wel be constrayned about. The depenesse of be festre thou myzt knowe. Take a tente of prouenk. And þanne þou myzt wite hou depe he be. Þe more depe þat it is, þe worse it is to cure.

Entende bat whanne the ffestre hathe preschyd be guttys ober the bladdre, it is incurable. It is grete nede to be war of lacertis. And 3iff it be curable, it ne may no3t be cured, but it be openyd til be botme ober place mote be made clene wib yre obere wib ober medicynes and regendre be fflesche. Off a ffestre we spake in be first booke and in the pasciouns of be y3en bat is in fistula lacrimali and we spake berof in egritidinibus mamillarum. Þanne Y putte al bis cure to surgians.

Clarificacio. Entende that azen emoroydis to make clene be body somtyme mirabolanum be goode and somtyme aloen. Whanne we **[f. 216v]** wollib restrayne fflux of emoroydis ober fflux of the wombe, banne mirabolanum bib goode. For they makib laxatyf to fore hem and constraynyb after hem and beron aloen nys nozt. For he hab proprete to open vaynes. Ober whanne we wollithe open and make laxatyf, ban aloen is goode.

Jn the 2, entende bat galle and sumac and ober constraynynge binges bithe for goynge out of longaon, bo3 bey be colde for tway binges. For this moysture may be primytif wib hete. Ober for thes colde binges and constraynynge may be medlyd wib hote constr[i]ctiuis, 1086 as nux cipressi, mirra, thus, and ober mo. And in bat maner bey mow be goode.

Jn be 3, entende bat fflux of emoroydis comyb ffor the most parte of grete malencolious bloode. And wibout this, it ne comyb no3t. For it is kynde and properte of malencolious bloode and ffallib a dounward.

Off clene colre it ne comyb noʒt. For it ariseb vp more ban descendib a doun. Of clene ffleume ne comyb hyt noʒt. For boʒ it be in the guttys, ʒitt it nys noʒt in the vaynes. Off clene blode ne comyb it noʒt. For clene bloode nourschib the lemys, but malencolious bloode is grete and fful of draftis and heuy and ffallib a doun in the vaynis and openyb be endis off the vaynes that bithe in the ers. For fflux of

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<sup>1085</sup> subfumigacyoun] corr. by deletion of g (subfumigagcyoun) in black ink

<sup>1086</sup> constrictiuis] constructiuis

emoroydis is fflux of malencolie and it purgib hym by menstrua in wommen and by emoroydis in men. And wymmen mowe haue emoroydis. And whan malencolious blode is to myche in quantite, it may be purgyd in double manere. And whan menstrua bib wib holde, ban kynde puttib hyt out by emoroydis.

Jn the 5, entende bat malencolious bloode bat avoydib by emoroydis is necessare. For kynde may helpe hymself bereby. Perfore, he wibholdib as myche as he may and berfor it is fluxus peryodicus and of other superfluytees, as is vryne and egestioun. And kynde attendib to helpe hym, but whanne he rennyb, he puttib hem out. And berfor, the manere off hem nys no3t peryodicus.

Jn the 6, entende pat lewes, for the moste parte, hauyp fflux of emoroydis ffor 3 pinges. For thei byth allegate in reste. Perfor, superfluytees gadrip on hem of malencolie.

Pe 2, is ffor bey byth myche in drede and sorowe and berfore malencolious bloode multiplieb on hem. Perfore, Ypocras seyb drede and sleuthe, 3iff it dure longe, it makib pascioun.

Pe 3 is of Goddis veniaunce, as it is saide in be sauter: et percussit eos in posteriora dorsi **[f. 217r]** et obprobrium<sup>1087</sup> sempiternum dedit eijs. Pat is to seye, God smote hym in the ende of here rigge and 3aue hem repref wibout ende.<sup>1088</sup>

Jn be 7, entende that blodletynge in bis caas is goode whanne fflux is to myche. For it drawib the mater to the contrarie.

Jn the 8, entende þat in fflux of emoroydis, in the bygynnynge, it is goode to lete hym bloode in basilica, after þat for the mater is coniunctam in sophenus.

Jn be 9, entende bat goynge out of longaon comyb most in childeryn for racchynge of the nerues by cause of the moysture rennynge to longaon bat makib the leme recche.

Jn olde men, þog ffleume wexe, gitt her nerues and lacertis bicomyþ hard. And in þat manere, þey ne mowe nogt recche. Wherfor goynge out of longaon ne comyþ nogt in olde men oþer it is ful seelde in hem.

Jn the 10, entende bat coldenesse mortefyinge, that makyb be palesye and makynge moyst, is cause of bis pascioun to make longaon gone out. But coldenesse in tempere, bat drieb and constraynyb, is cause of be cure hirof. Wherfor oon and be same maner withe dyuerse bingis worchib dyuerseliche.

Completa est quinta particula cum dei auxilio

# Book 6

Incipit sexta et continet capitula 16<sup>1089</sup>

Capitulum primum De Mala Conplexione Epatis
Capitulum 2 De Opilacione Epatis
Capitulum 3 De Apostemate Epatis
Capitulum 4 De Fluxu Sanguis Ab Epate
Capitulum 5 De Ydropesi
Capitulum 6 De Ictericia

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 $<sup>^{1087}</sup>$  obprobrium]  $\it preceded \, \it by \, \it op \, \it deleted \, \it in \, \it red \, \it ink \, \it large and \,$ 

See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1089</sup> Capitula 16] preceded by 12 deleted in black ink

Capitulum 7 De Pascionibus Splenis

Capitulum 8 De Pascionibus Renum

Capitulum 9 De Apostemate Renum et Vesice

Capitulum [10] De Vlceribus Renum<sup>1090</sup>

Capitulum 11 De Minctu Sanguinis

Capitulum 12 De Lapide Renum

Capitulum 13 De Pascionibus Vesice

Capitulum 14 De Stranguria

Capitulum 15 De Illis qui Ignoranter in Lectis [Co]mingunt 1091

Capitulum 16 De Dissuria

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## De Mala Conplexione Epatis, 1

Epar is the ffirst leme in generacyoun of lemys. After be entencyoun of lechis now it is so bat the lyuere suffrib, as dothe ober lemys, euelys bat bib clepyd semelable, official, and comyn. And ffirst speke we of semelable.

Pe lyuere suffriþ euel conplexioun hote, colde, drie, and moyste. And the cause þerof comyb of 6 binges in naturel, whatso the cause be. And it is nede to haue propre signis þerof and þis sufficyb [f. 217v] ffor the cure in also myche as it is present.

Signa. Euel conplexioun of the stomak hoot bou schalt knowe in this manere. His vryne is coloured and his egestioun and be coloure of his fface tournyb to 3elu. And he hath myche appetyte in drinke and none appetyte to mete and his pouse is swyfte. And hote binges doth hym harm and colde binges dothe hym goode. And castynge comyb to hem ofte of dyuerse colouris, somtyme 3elu, somtyme ledy, and somtyme grene. And it may be knowe by othere signes: 3iff he be a 3unge man and a colrik and he trauailib and etib hoote metis and obere many mo.

3iff be lyuere suffre euel conplexioun colde, bat bou schalt knowe by foule coloure in his face and by lytel berst and softe pous and vrine log in coloure.

3iff it be wib drienesse, banne his vryne schal be bynne.

3iff it be wib moysture, banne his vryne is bicke<sup>1092</sup> and somtyme his egestioun is drye and somtyme moyste. For 3iff be vertue of doynge of the lyuere be stronge, banne his wombe schal be strayte. And 3iff it be ffeble, he schal be laxatyf. And it may be knowe by binges bat helpib and dothe harme. And schortely, we may distreuye by bingis no3t naturel and a3en kynde.

3iff this euel conplexioun be drye, þanne his vryne is þinne and his egestioun is drye and his pous hard and he hathe myche þerste and dryenesse.

3iff this euel conplexiuon be moyste, þanne his vryne schal be þicke and his egestioun þynne and his pous feble and lytel þerste and his fface wole swelle and so of ober signes.

Pronosticacio. Alle pese euel conplexiouns tournyb into ydropisi 3iff they endure longe.

Curacio. Entende in this place bat be lyuere is harmyd of many binges, but prinspliche of 3. Pat is of al manere swete binges, as hony, ffygys, swete wyne, and ober mo that stoppib.

1091 Comingunt] mingunt

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1090</sup> 10<sup>m</sup>] 10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1092</sup> þanne . . . þicke] *Deletion of duplicated line from line from above (*panne . . . þynne)

Jn the 2, heo is yharmyd of alle grete metis and hard to defye, as bithe harde ayryn, olde beef, caule chese, and oper mo, and ffisch bat is ylike bestis, and al manere grewel, but brothe of cicerum and oper grete bingys bat stoppib, as ffatnesse.

In the 3, heo is harmyd of alle softe þinges and moyste, as bithe lactu[c]a, 1093 portulaca, 1094 melones, cucumeres, cucurbite, and of alle þinges þat engendriþ watery bloode. And heo may be harmyd of many oþere þinges, as myche drinkynge of colde water and prinspaliche tofore mete and after grete trauaile [f. 218r] and after coitum. And it may be harmyd riʒt as þe stomak whanne rawe þinge is put vppon half sode and so of oþer þingis 'aforsaide'. 1095 And he may be gretelich harmyd in a þinge þat many lechis ne knoweiþ noʒt. For somtyme it ffalliþ þat a man hath a colde stomak oþere a colde lyuere and after mete he wenyþ to conforte þe stomak and takiþ hote electuaria oþere hote confecciouns oþere clene wyne oþer wyne of grece oþer strong wyne, as riche men dothe anone after mete. Þat nys but venym. For it makiþ þe mete presche to þe lyuere and makiþ ebullicioun and rotynge, and þis saiþ Auicen, wherfore vertue of digestioun of the lyuere is corupt. Þerfor, þis ne schal noʒt be vsed. But ʒiff þou wolte conforte digestioun, þou schalt ʒeue hym tofore mete oþere þe while he etiþ, but after mete in no manere. Þingis þat confortiþ the lyuere bithe þese. Auellane biþ goode for 3 þinges. For hy engendriþ goode humours, and for they preschiþ and vnstoppiþ, and for þey ne passiþ noʒt myche in hete. Vue passe biþ goode and 1096 festuce cum cortice. And prinspaliche, whanne opilacyoun of the lyuere is colde.

Jtem, mylke is goode whan be buttre is take a way and mala granata bithe goode both soure and swete, absinthium, ffructus stiptice and decoccioun of hem so bat bey be take softeliche and in lytel quantite, as bib pira, coctana, berberys, els it were drede of opilacyoun and of yliaca and colica. And perys bithe goode and bittre binges and swete smellynge, as endiuie, scariole, lactuca, spicenardi, squinantum, sumac, champhore, spodium, sandali, acetosa, and ober many mo, of whiche bou schal yse whan we spekib of discrasia epatis.

# **De Calida Discracia Epatis**

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Discrasia epatis hoote wip out matere is cured wip alteratiues bobe wip metis and drinkis and oper mo. First lete hym vse metis and drinkis goode for hym. Lete hym vse fische ful of schillys of clene water ysode in water and vynegre. And he may vse kyddys, lambe, partriges, and chekenys and smal bryddys, and calues bat soukib, and soure mylke. And he schal leue wyne, but his 1097 digestyf be feble opere custome lette hyt. Thanne lete hym vse sotil wyne wip myche water. Pese metys mow be medlyd wip aceto coriandro, aqua rosacea, acetositas citri. And he schal forsake alle entraylys of bestis and alle binges bat bithe hard to defye and superfluyte of purgacyoun. Perfor, he mote leue hard ayryn and beef [f. 218v] and oper mo. Lete hym vse lactuca, endiuie, scariole ortolane, malagranata, perys, oper while mylke whanne the buttre is take out berof. And lete hym vse brede wel ybake and wel yleuayned, bog in lytel quantite of swete brede be goode for it confortib, as do the litel quantite of perys and oper mo. Lete hym vse this electuarium:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1093</sup> lactuca] lactula

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1094</sup> portulaca] *preceded by* p *deleted in black ink* 

aforsaide] corr. by deletion of as myche drinkynge in red and black ink

and] preceded by for h deleted in black ink

his] preceded by hig deleted in black ink

**316 Rx** zuccare [roset], triasandali, dragaganti ffrigidi, dyarodon abbatis ana ξ ij and β. Medle hem to gedre.

11755

Jtem, he may vse oximel, sirupo violato. 3iff it be mala discracia of the lyuere wib mater, bou myzt vse strongere binges:

317 Rx endiuie, scariole ana  $\S$  iii, acetose, lactuca ana  $\S$  ii, iiii semina frigidorum, fflorum nenifar, epatice ana ℥ ij, rosis, sandali, mu[sca]tellini<sup>1098</sup> ana ℥ β, berberis, sumac, spodij ana ʒ ij, camphore ana ʒ j, vini malorum granatorum, aceti albi ana 3 ij, panis 3uccare libra j. Fiat sirupi quarter 5.

11760

3iff a chaufynge of the lyuere be wib opilacyoun do berto radix apij, succus feniculi, capilli veneris and do berto endiuie, scariole. For bese bith goode in colde cause and in hoote cause.

3iff hoote discracia of the lyuere be wib opilacyoun, whanne be mater is defyed purge hym wib cassiafistula, manna, tamarindis opere wib trifera sarazenica, reuberberata and bou myzte make enplastrum vppon hys lyuere in this manere:

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**318 Rx** s[u]cci<sup>1099</sup> cucurbite, omnium sandali, succi semperviue, s[u]cci<sup>1100</sup> lactuca, s[u]cci<sup>1101</sup> epatice and medle hem to gedre wib barlyche mele and water of rosis and stronge vynegre and lay hyt vppon be regyoun of the lyuere.

Jtem, ordeatum is goode for hym and water of barliche, mora semimatura. 1102

11770

Jtem, entende that pere bithe many medicynes pat bithe goode in hoote discracia of the lyuere, as trocisci de camphore and ober mo. Pese binges schullib be sayde in the ende of the booke bat schal be oure antedotarie. Pere schullib be sette many hirof bat bithe for pasciouns fro the hede til be ffete. Jn pascyoun of the lyuere, bou most take consideracyoun of the tyme whanne vaynys bat bib clepyd miseraice and the vaynes of the lyuere bib voyde, ban zeue hym his medicyne.

### **De Discracia Frigidia Epatis**

11775

In colde discracia of the lyuere, lete hym vse bese electuaria: dya galanga, dyambra, dyanthos cum musco, dyanisum, dyacitoniton, and oper confecciouns pat schullep be sayd in the antedotare. He mote forsake milk and alle binges bat bithe hard to defye. And he schal vse vuis passis, auellanis assis, festucis, amigdale amare. And allegate in discracia of the lyuere colde do perto some colde binges bat be swete smellynge [f. 219r] in lytel quantite. And in discracia calida do some hote binges berto bat be swete smellynge. Pat oon mowe tempere pat oper in as myche as it is possible to make hyt entrie. 3iff discrasia of the lyuere colde be wib mater, he mote vse stronger medicynes.

11780

First lete hym vse bis syrupe:

319 Rx radicis aristologie, radicis feniculi, petroselini, brusci, sparagi, graminis, apij ana 3 iiij. Make hem clene and kette hem and tempere hem in stronge vynegre a day and a nyzt.

<sup>1098</sup> muscatellini] mutacellini

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1099</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1100</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1101</sup> succi] sicci

semimatura] semi matura

11785

**320 Rx** eupatorie, scolopendrie, asari, costi, absinthij ana  $\S$  ij, 1103 cinamomi optimi  $\S$  j, sumac, berberis, rosis, sandali, mu[sca]tellini, 1104 camphore ana  $\S$  j, mellis roset libra j and  $\S$ . Þan  $\S$  uccare libra  $\S$  make berof a sirupe libra ij and take the forsaide vynegre  $\S$  iiij.

Whanne the mater is defyed, purge hym in this manere:

11790

**321 Rx** agaric, reuberberata, aloen, turbithe ana  $\Im$  j and  $\Im$  j, lac[ca], spicenardi, foliorum endiuie, masticis, foliorum absinthium, ffoliorum mente,  $\Im$  j. Medle hem wib oximel and make berof pelotis. And after 9 daies bat bey bib made bo[u] my $\Im$ t  $\Im$  eue hem a  $\Im$  v til  $\Im$  j after the particulers.

11795

vino acetositate citri. And he may vse castaneis rostyd and hoote brede is goode ywette in wyne. And some men seyn þat caule ysode in 3 wateris and medlyd wiþ swete smellynge þinges biþ goode.

3eue hym bryddys þat biþ in vse yrosted, but he schal leue hem þat swymmeþ in water, wyþ sauce of lignum aloes, cinamomo, piper, nucis muscate and a lytel coriandrum and aqua limonum and

Jtem, trocisci de eupatore, absinthium, costo, lacca, as it schal be sayde in antidotario.

3iff bere be in the lyuere euel conplexioun drye, banne make hys lyuere moyste wib metis and drinkis and bathis and oynementis and ober mo, 3iff this be done in tempere. Pe same schal be sayde of euel conplexioun moyste. Panne 3eue hym driynge binges and makynge bynne and binges bat vnstoppyb. Alle bese schullib be do wib tempere.

11800

Clarificacio. Entende that brekynge of thinge þat schold be hoole in the lyuere obere it is myche other lytel. 3iff it be lytel, it may be holpe. 3iff it be myche, it ne may nozt.

11805

The lyuere may suffre more solucyoun thanne the herte. And hirof entende that vlcera of the lyuere ne makip none feuere, but vlcera off the lungys dothe. For vlcera of the lyuere makyp ydropisi ffor it \makip \digestyf of humour ffayle. But vlcus of the lungys makip a ffeuere. For the loungis aventip the herte. And 3 iff the herte ne may no3t be aventyd in pat manere, the vapours be wip halde and makip hete to the herte and so to al the body.

11810

3iff any man doute whiche conplexioun of the lyuere **[f. 219v]** is worse, hoot obere colde, Y seye 3if they be yliche ffer fro temperaunce of naturel conplexioun of the lyuere in as myche as coldenesse departib ffrom naturel conplexioun off the lyuere, banne Y sey bat we spekib of the conplexioun of the lyuere ober of the substaunce. 3iff we speke of the conplexioun and be bothe yliche ffer and bib euene, Yseye banne as euyl is bat oon as bat obere after be techynge of Galen octo de ingenio. He seythe bat it is euene to reduce euel conplexioun hoot and colde, but the manere nys no3t euene. For lemys bat bith nei3 bib more harmyd of cold thanne of hoot.

11815

3if we speke of the substaunce, þanne Y make distinccioun of þe substaunce of the lyuere, oþere it is more racchynge out of temperaunce other þicke. 3iff it be more racchynge out, þanne Y sey þat hoote conplexioun is worse. For it makiþ more racchynge and colde nys noʒt so euyl for it makiþ somdele temperaunce.

<sup>11</sup> 

<sup>1103</sup> See commentary

muscatellini] mutacellini

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1105</sup> lacca] lacte

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1106</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1107</sup> þou] þow

3iff the substaunce of the lyuere be more thicke ban it scholde, banne colde is worse ffor it makib more bicke. And in this caas hoot nys nost so euyl ffor bat makib more racchynge. Y suppose bat 11820 hoote and colde be bothe iliche ffer out of temperaunce, as euyl pasciouns makib bat oon as bat ober. For as late is a colde ydropisi confermyd ycured as an hoote whanne it is confermyd and so by be worchynges they schullib be made euene.

3iff any man doutye whiche conplexioun of the lyuere be worse, colde opere drye, Y sey bat colde vs worse for it corumpib digestioun. For digestioun is engenderyd of hete and coldenesse is contrarie perto. Perfor, by goode skele coldenesse harmyp more thanne drye. For coldenesse is as it were cause and dryenesse is as it were effecte. In purpos, it is the same of takynge away of moyste nourschement. For dryenesse ne corumpib nozt digestioun in vertue of hym self, but by vertue of anober.

3iff any man doutye whiche hirof agreuye more, drye ober moyste, Y sey bat drye, as Galen saib septimo de ingenio. For it is more lyzt to drye moyste binge ban to make drye bynge moyste, boz be manere be euene. Panne we mow entende bat letynge blood may be goode in mala discrasia epatis calida wib out mater, nogt to avoyde, but to avente and make colde. Therfor, it schal be in lytel quantite. And þerfor, entende þat euyl conplexioun may be in the lyuere wibout mater harmynge and wib out mater it ne may nogt be, for it is ffallynge perto, but the mater ne harmyp [f. 220r] nogt.

Jtem, entende pat stiptica mowe be goode in euyl conplexioun hoot. And hete hirby nys nozt confortyd for the body is made clene 1109 and ffor bere bib ydo berto some colde binges.

In the last, entende pat bittre thinges mow be goode in discracya calida epatis. Ydo perto some bingis that be stiptica and some colde binges.

## De Opilacione Epatis, 2

Opilacyoun of the lyuere is makynge strayte oper stoppynge of be vaynes bat bithe in the lyuere oper of be porys ober of the holys bat bithe in the substaunce of the lyuere.

Cause. Enchesoun hirof comyb wib out obere wib in. 3iff it be wib out, banne it may be of vse of metys bat bithe stiptica colde and grete, as bithe pira, sorbe, caro bouina, ffungi, and many ober, and stoppynge and comprescyoun of some binges that is vyolent, obere of colde oynementis and alle ober bat pressib and leuyb beron viscous. 3iff it come wibin, banne it is of the lyuere obere off ober lemys.

3iff it be of the lyuere, bat may be for the vaynys bithe strayte oper for some euel conplexioun. For it enfeblib vertue of digestioun for many superfluytees bith bere gaderyd to gedre, obere ffor ffeblenesse of puttynge out, obere of makynge clene. It may come also for euyl qualite of humours. And in bat manere bloode stoppib by cause of mychilnesse, and ffleume bycause of coldenesse and viscous, and malencolia bycause of gretenesse and quantite and coldenesse and grete wynde medlyd wib viscous moysture.

Jt comyb somtyme, bog it be seelde, for some euyl wexinge in the same place. Somtyme it comyb for enpostem.

3iff it come of lemys bat be neiz, bat may be be galle ne makib nozt clene, obere the splene ne makib nozt clene, obere it may come of wibhaldynge of menstrua, obere emoroydis, ober it may be for gete aboundaunce of humours, etc.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1108</sup> hoot] corr. by deletion of jt in black ink

<sup>1109</sup> clene] preceded by ch deleted in red ink

Signa. Ther biþ 4 opilacyouns. Þe ffirst signe is whan the coloure of his face nys noʒt in his propre coloure, but passiþ fer þerfro. And þerfore, þey biþ alle euyl coloured.

The 2 signe is bis. Hir vryne is bynne.

Pe 3 is agreuaunce in the r3yt syde vppon be regyoun 1110 of the lyuere. 1111

The 4 signe is straytenesse of brethe whan he gothe azen hillys oper grece. 3iff opilacyoun be in zima epatis, thanne his ffecys wole be bynne, as it were ptisana, stinkynge, and **[f. 220v]** somtyme blody. For the lyuere ne drawib nozt chilum.

3iff opilacyoun be in gibbo, þanne his ffecys woleb be drye. 3iff it be in bobe partijs, þanne his fecys, some wolleb be drye and some moyste. 3iff opilacyoun come of bloode, thanne the coloure wole be rede. 3iff it come of colre, þanne it tournyb toward 3elu. 3if it come of ffleume, bicause of coldenesse, þanne it wole be whyt. 3iff it come of malencolia, þan it wole be blacke obere ledy. 3iff it come of wynde þat ne chaungiþ no3t þe colure of hys face and it ne chaungiþ no3t his ffecis ne his vryne.

Causis wip out mowe be knowe by iugynge and whanne it comyp of oper lemys pat myzt knowe hyt by pasciouns of hem.

Whan bou yseest be lyuere haue any sickenesse and ne schewib no3t to ous none opene cause, ban mowe we sey bat it is ffeblenesse of the lyuere. And Y entende ffeblenesse of be lyuere nobinge but some euel conplexioun regnynge in the lyuere. Stoppynge of the lyuere is moder of alle be sickenessis of be lyuere. Opilacyoun of the lyuere signifieb be dropesye to comynge ober enpostem obere a ffeuere ober colicam obere yliacam ober a flux and ober mo. Perfor, opilacyouns of the lyuere mote be remeuyd a way.

Curacio. 3iff opilacioun of the lyuere come of causis wib out, do hem away by be contrarie and bringe hem to temperaunce. 3iff it come for pasciouns of ober lemys, cure hem as it ffallib berfore. 3iff it come of straytenesse of the vaynes bat bib in the lyuere, ban zeue hym sotil mete and in lytel quantite obere foure sybis a day. 3iff opilacyoun be in partijs bynebe of be lyuere, banne zeue hym binges to make hym pysse. 3iff it be in bothe, do bothe.

Medycynes bat bithe sotil and openynge bib goode in opilacyouns and ne zeue hym no stronge medycyne, but he haue signes of digestioun. In opilacyoun bat is olde letynge blode is goode in basilica. 3iff it come of ffretynge of vaynes, banne zeue hym binges bat hauyb proprete berfore, as mylke and ober mo. 3iff it come of wynde, banne bathynge is goode and sacellacyoun wib salt, milium, and bran rostyd in a panne wib out lyquoure and banne put hym in a sacke and zeue hym clene whyte wyne bat spicanardi be beron. Alle ober causis we may reduce to twayne: to hoote and to colde.

3iff the cause be colde, þanne defye the mater ffirst wiþ oximel diuretik oþere squillitico and purge hym wiþ benedicta **[f. 221r]** and wiþ theodoriton euperiston. And ʒiff we wolliþ worche more particulerly, make hym this syrupe:

**322 Rx** radicis capparis, ffeniculi, petroselini, yreos, radicis rubee maioris, genciane, brusci, sparagi, graminis, apij, radicis aristologie, squille ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j. Stampe hem and tempere hem in stronge vynegre a day and a nyʒt, thanne take asari, camedreos, camepitheos, eupatorie, centaure minoris, scolopendrie ana  $\frac{3}{5}$ 

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<sup>1110</sup> regyoun] preceded by ly deleted in black ink

<sup>1111</sup> lyuere] preceded by le deleted in black ink

j, spicenardi, squinanti, cinamomi, calami aromatici, cassielignee, anisi, maratri, lac[ca], 1112 cuscute ana  $\S$  11895 ij, s[u]cci<sup>1113</sup> feniculi, s[u]cci<sup>1114</sup> absinthij ana  $\S$  ij, semen rosarum rubearum, sandali, mu[sca]tellini, 1115 spodij ana  $\S$  iij, mellis libra j and  $\beta$ ,  $\S$  3uccare libra j, aceti predicti  $\S$  iiij. Make þerof a syrupe libra ij. Þis manere sirupe is goode in euery opilacyoun of the lyuere and of the splene.

3iff the cause be colde, he pat is worchere may addye oper mensye after the particulerliche and elde and tyme and so of oper partijs.

Off some bese particulers ober of many bou myʒt make electuaria ober conditum obere oynement other enplastre obere bathis obere styues and ober mo, whiche Y putte in his hondys bat schal worche. Some confecciouns schullib be sayde hire after in oure antedotarie. Whanne be mater is defyed, purge hym in this manere:

**323** Rx [agarici g ij], g turbithe, polipodij ana g ij, spicenardi, lac[ca], g ingiberis, anisi, masticis ana g j, yerapigra g iij. Medle hem wib oximel squillitico and make berof pelotis and geue hem after be 7 day bat bey bithe made. And bey mowe be addyd and mensyed after the particulers.

3iff the cause be hoot, worche in bis manere:

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**324 Rx** endiuie, scariole ortolane nouellarum libra j, capilli veneris, lactuce nouelle, epatice, scolopendrie, iiij seminia frigidorum, semen melonis, semen endiuie, semen scariole, semen brusci, semen sparagi ana  $\S$  j, lactuca, endiuie agrestis, scariole agrestis, scariole agrestis, sandali, mu[sca]tellini, spodij, rasure eboris ana  $\S$  j, aceti predicti  $\S$  iij, panis  $\S$  juccare libra, mellis roset  $\S$  iij. Make hirof a syrupe libra ij.

3iff we wollib vnstoppe wibout hete and coldenisse, banne make a medicyne of endiuia, scariole, and of rotis of ache, and lupinis amaris, camepitheos, and lac[ca]. And it is a cautele bat 3iff bou knowe no3t the cause, worche hirwib and bou ne schalt no3t be disseyuyd. Obere vse bis whanne be cause is in the mene. Defye the matere wib oxi[s]acra composita and purge hym wib trifera sara3enica, reuberberata. Ober purge hym wib dyareuberberata obere in this manere:

**325 Rx** reuberberata ʒ iij, lac[ca], <sup>1123</sup> spicenardi, agaric, folijs absinthij ana ʒ j, cassiefistula munde, tamarindis, ana ʒ ij and  $\beta$ , vuarum passarum mundatarum ana ʒ j. <sup>1124</sup> Medle hem wiþ sirupo acetoso **[f. 221v]** and make þerof pelotis.

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1112 | lacca] | lacte
1113 | succi] sicci
1114 | succi] sicci
1115 | muscatellini] mutacellini
1116 | agarici ʒ ij] ʒ ij agarici
1117 | lacca] | lacte
1118 | brusci] preceded by rosis deleted in red ink
1119 | semen brusci . . . scariole agrestis] Deletion of duplicated line; see commentary
1120 | muscatellini] mutacellini
1121 | laccal lacte
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<sup>1122</sup> oxisacra] oxiacra

His dietynge schal be brede wel ybake and wel ylaueyned wiþ lytel quantite of salt. His wyne schal be clere and sotil, goode of sauoure and he schal take berof in lytel quantite. For myche drinkynge of wyne at mete it stoppib myche be lyuere and makib raw mete presche to be lyuere. He ne schal no3t be bathyd in no manere, but his stomak be voyde. And he mote forsake alle binges bat stoppib.

## **De Debilitate Epatis**

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11925 Feblenesse of the lyuere and of euery leme may be knowe ffor it schal be ligtliche harmyd of euery binge.

3iff the cause be knowe and open, as enpostem and fflux and oper mo, cure hem as it ffallip berfore.

3iff these be pinges not be not and the cause be hoote, he schal vse malagranata, aqua ordei bat perys and coctana be sode beron and zeue hyt wib whyte wyne. And lete hym vse this electuarium:

**326 Rx** dragaganti ffrigidi ¾ iij, ʒuccare roset, trisandali ana ¾ j. Medle hem to gedre and make hym enplastrum of rosis, sandali, camomille.

And he may vse aqua bonis.

3iff the cause drawe toward coldenesse, lete hym vse vinis passis, auellanis assis and lete hym vse this electuarium:

**327 Rx** dya ambra, dyanthos cum musco, dyacytoniten, dyarodon abbatis ana  $\frac{3}{3}$  ij. Medle hem togedre.

Jtem, in this caas bib goode lignum aloes, nux cipressi, spicenardi, cinamomum, cassialigne. Hirof bou myʒt make sauce wib acetositate citri obere bou myʒt make pouder berof to putte in brothis ober in wyne. Other bou myʒt make enplastrum ober oleum<sup>1125</sup> ober electuarium and ober mo.

Jn feblenesse of the lyuere, 3iff the cause be hoote, banne he may vse stipticys, frigidis, swete smellynge. And 3iff the cause be colde, 3eue hym hote stiptica. For in this caas, it is allegate nede to 3eue contrarijs. And be lyuere mote haue allegate stiptica. It hathe a bynne substaunce and anone wole be dissoluyd.

#### **De Dolore Epatis**

J suppose vniuersalliche þat his body be made clene and lete hym vse goode regymen.

And 3iff the cause be hoote, make hym a sacellacyoun wib rosis, sandali, camomille, melli[lo]te, 1126 furfure, milio.

3iff the cause be colde, make hym a sacellacyoun wip anthos, sticados, aniso, cimino, rosis, camomille. Entende aboute opilacyouns of the lyuere and **[f. 222r]** discrasia perof pus mowe be vsed in euery caas: absinthium, cuscute, reuberberata, cinamomum, spicanardi, coriandrum preparatum. Pou most do this cautele whanne the cause is hoot, do of alle pese in lytel quantite, al saf of coriandre and oper colde pinges schullip be done in myche quantite.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1124</sup> See commentary

oleum] preceded by wyne deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1126</sup> melliote] mellite

3iff the cause be colde, do lasse of the coriandre and more of the oper.

Clarificacio. Entende þat the herte ne may be noʒt stoppyd. For heo is in contynuel meuynge and the passingis out biþ wyde and ʒiff hit happyd he scholde<sup>1127</sup> dey.

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Off the lyuere it nys not so. For it ne meuyb noʒt so and ʒitte bere bithe many vaynes beron. And alle ne bith noʒt stoppyd, sithe be more partie is open, ʒitte it is clepyd opilacyoun and the pre[s]chynge<sup>1128</sup> of the mete is lette to go to lemys. And boʒ bere be many, ʒitt bey bithe alle necessare. And berfore, bere ffallib opilacyoun in the lyuere liʒtliche for humours bat bithe engenderyd bere and the partie aboue is liʒtliche stoppyd. For the vaynes bithe strayte, as Galen seyb quarto de iuuamentis membrorum. And the partie bynebe is liʒtliche stoppyd for humours fallyb liʒtlyche to lowʒ placis. Perfor, it nys no mervaile boʒ the lyuere be stoppyd boʒ bere be many vaynis beron.

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Jn the 2, entende bat in opilacyoun of the lyuere bat comyb of hoot causis, his vryne may be blacke by resoun of brennynge banne the cercle and the spume tournib to 3elu. And in opilacyoun of the lyuere and off the galle be coloure of his 3elu and the coloure of his face pale.

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3iff it be of malencolie, it wole be coloure of erthe.

Jn the 3, entende bat the splene is raber stoppyd ffor gretenesse of humours and the raynes ffor straytenesse of passinges out and rennynge berto of superfluytees, and be lyuere by resoun of many humours and for straytenesse of the vaynes of be lyuere in partye aboue.

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Jn the 4, entende þat opilacyoun of the lyuere is more perilous for nobelnysse of the leme. And of be raynes it is more lestynge for longenesse of the way.

Jn þe 5, entende þat of hote humours properliche ne comyþ none opilacyoun, but it be to myche oþere medlyd wiþ colde humour.

Jn be 6, entende bat, ffor the most parte, the lyuere is stoppyd wib ffleume, jn the secunde of malencolia, jn be 3 of bloode, and ful late of colre.

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Jn be 7, entende bat boz vertue of drawynge **[f. 222v]** off the lemys be stronge, zitte in opilacyoun it ne may nozt avayle bat the mete presche. Perfore, whanne it ne may nozt presche to be lemys bere is engenderyd fflux of the wombe longe and stronge.

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Jn the 8, entende bat vrina is bynne in opilacyoun of the lyuere. For it is lytel bat passib out and it nys nozt so myche bat it may make the vryne grete. Perfor, in opilacyoun of the lyuer vryne is allegate bynne ffor the watrinesse passib by resoun of sotilnesse, but of humours it is in the myddel.

Jn the 9, entende þat stiptica bithe goode in opilacyoun off the lyuere, but þey schulliþ be done in lytel quantite to conforte the lyuere by cause þat the lyuere is so recchynge wiþ thinges þat makyþ clene. Þe lyuere nys noʒt dissoluyd.

Jn the laste, entende þat þoʒ blodeletynge make colde and for cause þat it vnstoppiþ, it may be goode. And prinspaliche, in olde opilacyoun and whanne vryne bigynneþ to be þicke.

## De Apostemate Epatis, 3

Apostemys of the lyuere some bib in 3ima of the lyuere and some in gibbo and some in the lacertis bat bithe vppon the lyuere and some vppon the humours and some vppon venis miseraicis and some bithe

scholde] preceded by sch deleted in red ink

preschynge] prechynge

of wynde and some hoote and some colde and some passib away wib out ffelynge and some wib quytture and some termyneb into hardnesse and sclirosim.

11990

Cause. Causis of enpostemys of the lyuere, some bib wib out and some bib wib in. 3iff bei be wib out, banne it may be of ffallynge, of smytynge, and ober mo. 3iff it come wib in, banne it may be of drunkenesse and indigestioun of the stomak and ffeble digestioun of the lyuere and gaderynge of humours in be lyuere and euel clansynge of the galle and of the splene and of the raynys and of the guttys. Of these causis and of ober mo, enpostemys in the lyuere bib engenderyd.

11995

Signa. Whanne the lyuere is enpostemyd in a feuere contynuel, þanne he schal haue akynge in the riʒte syde and agreuaunce to lye þeruppon and prinspally whanne it is in gibbo. And he schal haue agreuaunce to ligge vppon the lifte syde whanne it is in ʒima. They may ligge vppon here rigge and ʒitte ful euel.

12000

3iff the enpostem be grete, he schal haue perwip couzinge, castynge, and singultus, some more and some lasse, and here pous nasche. 3iff the enpostem be aboue pe lacertis oper vppon the villys, pan the schappe perof wole [f. 223r] be longe. And 3iff it be ouerpiwerte, it wole be in the same manere. And 3iff it be bothe, it wole be in pe manere of a croys.

3iff it be in gibbo and in the substaunce perof, panne it wole be schappe as a newe mone.

3iff it be hoote, he schal haue berewib a feuere wib grete berste and drienesse and grete hete.

12005

3iff the cause be colde, þanne alle þese biþ lasse agreuous. 3iff it be in myrak, he ne schal haue no feuere. 3iff it be in venis miseraicis, þanne his vryne schal be troubly and akynge about his nauele.

Pronosticacio. Flux of the wombe in enpostem of the lyuere is euyl. Enpostem in gibbo epatis termineb in 3 maneres: by swetynge, by wayes of vryne, and by flux of blode by the nose.

Enpostem that is in 3yma may termyne in 3 maneres: by swetynge, by fflux of the wombe, and by 12010 castynge.

Enpostem in gibbo is worse banne he bat is in 3ima.

An harde enpostem in the lyuere, but he be hastely made clene, it is euyl. For wib in twayne wokys it engenderyb ydropsi and be enpostem ne schewib nozt for the wombe and so it leuyb incurable.

12015

3iff any man saib bat an harde enpostem of the lyuere ne may nozt be cured, bat is sothe, but in the first bigynnynge it may be cured. Euery enpostem of the lyuere gaderib opilacyoun and indigestioun and berof comyb watery humours and berof comyb ydropisi. Perfor, euery enpostem of be lyuere engenderib ydropisi. 3iff enpostem of be splene tourne to enpostem of the lyuere, it is euyl. 3iff it be the contrarie, in some manere it may be goode.

12020

Cura. About the cure of this enpostem entende ffirst þat þou moste do þerto repercussyues. And prinspaliche, in hete and in the wexinge whanne thou dost þerto repercussyues medle þerwiþ resolutiues. And in the ende we mote vse mundificatiues and in the state dissolutiues. And in euery tyme we mote do þerto confortatiues for the lyuere.

12025

Jn þe 2, entende that we ne schulle noʒt do þerto swyþe colde þinges ne stiptica. For it wole make þe matere harde anone<sup>1129</sup> and so it myʒt be incurable ffor ydropisi for it wolde come þerto anone. And we ne schulliþ noʒt do þerto þinges þat resoluyþ to myche ne viscous ne stoppynge. For that wolde make hym dede, as Galen saiþ decimotertio de ingenio, settynge ensaumple to be war.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1129</sup> anone] *preceded by* and *deleted in red ink* 

Jn the 3, entende bat in epostemys of be lyuere he ne schal vse none constraynynge binges ffor his wombe. For **[f. 223v]** hardnesse of the wombe is ful greuous in the cause. And he ne schal vse none thinges bat bib to laxatyf ffor fflux is ful greuous.

12030

Jn be 4, entende that whanne enpostem is in 3ima, banne he ne schal vse none diuretica, but the mater schal be avoydyd by sege. 3iff the mater be in gibbo, bane be mater schal be drawe to wayes of the vryne. His wombe schal be holde somdele laxatyf wib suppositorijs and clisteries and softynge wateris and ober mo. Now we hauyb ysey3 alle bese, speke we of hoote cause in apostemate of be lyuere.

12035

Jn þe ffirst bigynnynge, lete hym blode de basilica. 3iff þou ne myʒt noʒt ffynde hyt, lete hym blode de cephalica. Þanne lay these thinges vppon the regyoun off his lyuere:

**328 Rx** s[u]cci<sup>1130</sup> portulaca, s[u]cci<sup>1131</sup> plantago, s[u]cci<sup>1132</sup> absinthij, s[u]cce<sup>1133</sup> virge pastoris ana  $\S$  j, rosis, coriandri preparati<sup>1134</sup> ana  $\beta$   $\S$ , spodij  $\S$  j, aqua rosacea and aceti ana  $\S$  j and  $\beta$ . Medle hem to gedre and wete beron lynnen clothe and lay hem fflache vppon be regyoun of his lyuere and remeue hyt ofte.

12040

Panne lete hym vse bis syrupe:

**329 Rx** scariole, epatice, lactuce, capilli veneris recentis ana  $\S$  iiij, folia absinthij  $\S$  j, quatuor seminia frigidorum maiorum and minorum ana  $\S$  j and  $\beta$ , semen rosarum, spicenardi ana  $\S$  j, aceti albi  $\S$  iij, panis  $\S$  juccare libra j. Make þerof a sirupe quarter v. 1135

3iff the hete ne be nozt ful myche, banne take bese:

12045

12050

**330 Rx** radicis feniculi, [radicis] apij ana  $\S$   $\beta$ , spicenardi, squinanti  $\Im$  iiij, s[u]cci<sup>1136</sup> buglosse, s[u]cci<sup>1137</sup> absinthij ana  $\S$  ij. Boyle bese in quarter iij sirupi acetosi and clense hem and medle hyt wib be forsaide sirupe.

Obere the mater may be defyed wib oximel composita and sirupo acetoso, sirupo violato and after bis avoyde hym wib trifera sarazenica, reuberberata obere wib dyareubarbarum and dyaprunis and catartico i[m]periali. 1138

Obere purge hym in bis manere:

**331 Rx** reuberberata 3 j, spicenardi,  $lac[ca]^{1139}$  and 3 j. Medle hem wib iuse of absinthium and 3eue hyt hym in the morow tyde.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1130</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>1131</sup> succi] sicci

succi] sicci

succe] sicce

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1134</sup> See commentary

<sup>1135</sup> See commentary

<sup>1136</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1137</sup> succi] sicci

imperiali] inperiali

<sup>1139</sup> lacca] lacte

12055

3iff there be any colde humour perwip, medle wip the forsayde a medicyne: aloen, agaric, turbithe ana  $3\beta$ , mastic, zinziberis, salis gemme ana  $3\beta$ . Medle hem wib iuse of endiuie. And ziff the mater be onliche hoote and banne bou myzt make hym a laxatyf liztliche:

12060

332 Rx endiuie, scariole, ordei, liquirice munde, fflorum boraginis, florum buglosse, florum violarum, vuarum passarum, iuiube, sebesten ana  $\frac{3}{2}$  ii. Stampe hem and boyle hem in water and clense hem and do berto cassiafistula made clene, tamarindis [f. 224r] ana 1140 \( \) i and zeue hyt hym in the morowtyde til libra β, bre daies contynuel, after the particuleris.

Whanne the enpostem comyb to wexinge do to stiptica and repercussyues obere resolutiues, as

12065

azarum, squinantum, eupatore, absinthium and medle hem wib oyle of mastic and citonia. 3iff the enpostem come to quytture, bat bou schalt knowe ffor he hathe coldensse and a feuere. And the brekynge may be knowe by quakynge and nausea. Panne boyle ysobe, genciane in ydromel and zeue pat ydromel. And ziff pat enpostem be in gibbo, panne we mote multeplye diuretikis. Wib grete cautele, in the ffirst bigynnynge, medle wib diuretike colde thinges, as endiuie, scariole, and seedis perof, semen melonum. Panne go we to rotis of ache. Thanne go we to rotis of ffenel, persyl. Than do berto asarum, spicenardi, radix rubee maiorum, eupatore, yreos. Sethe hem in hony and do bese wib in

12070

333 \Rx camomille, mellilotum, asari, squinanti, masticis, citonia, ffennigreci, semen lini, calami aromatici, absinthium, storacis calamite, rosis, bdellij, carpobalsami ana ξβ. Stampe hem and boyle hem in oyle and wete peron a lynnen clothe and lay hyt vppon pe regyoun of the lyuere.

and wip out. Thanne do perto some resolutiues pat bip forsaide. Opere bis:

12075

And so of oper mo medlyd bou myzt make enplastrum and lete hym vse water of barlige and he schal leue brede as myche as it is possible and lete hym vse lactuca, attriplicibus and malo granatis dulcibus [and] acerbis, bat is clepyd musa. And he schal leue bingis bat bith to swete.

3iff the enpostem be colde and hard, banne in the ffirst bigynnynge it mote be holpe and bou schalt knowe in this manere. 3iff it be in zima, he ne schal nozt go to sege but wib grete forsynge. 3iff it be in gibbo, he ne may nozt make water wel.

12080

In the ffirst bigynnynge, hald his wombe laxatyf wib suppositorijs and clisterijs bat be mollificatyf and softe and wip cassiafistula and oper mo. Thanne lay dyaculon vppon his lyvere. Thanne let hym vse bis syrupe:

12085

334 Rx radicis feniculi, petroselini, lilij, genciane ana  $\S$  ij, ysopi, asari, camedreos, absinthium, endiuie, scariole, prassij, rute, scolopendrie, coste ana ξ j and β, s[u]cci<sup>1141</sup> buglosse, s[u]cci<sup>1142</sup> feniculi ana ξ j, lac[ca], 1143 spicenardi, squinanti, calami aromatici, casseelignee, semen endiuie, semen scariole, rosis, vuarum passarum, liquirice munde ana ξ β, spodij, mirtillorum, sandali, mu[sca]tellini<sup>1144</sup> ana ζ ij, aceti albi ℥ ij, panis ʒuccare libra β, mellis quarter iij. Make berof a syrupe libra and β.

 $<sup>^{1140}\,\</sup>mathrm{ana}]$  ana ana

<sup>1141</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>1142</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1143</sup> lacca] lacte

<sup>1144</sup> muscatellini] mutacellini

And [f. 224v] the same tyme bat he vsyb this drinke he schal vse bis enplastre:

335 Rx fiscicorum, pinearum mundarum, semen lini, ffennigreci, vuarum passarum mundatarum, caricarum, iu[iu]bebarum, 1145 sebesten, semen malue ana  $\frac{3}{2}$  j, storacis calamite, bdellij, masticis, thuris, auxungie gallinacie ana β. And make þerof enplastrum oþere electuarium.

Obere bou myzt make hym enplastrum of ruwe and caulium and gotys tordys and ffennigrec. And alle these enplastris mowe be medlyd wib oyle de coctanis.

Whane the mater is defyed and makyd nasche, he may be purgyd softeliche in this manere:

336 Rx agarici, turbithe, aloen ana 3 j, spicenardi, squinanti, semen lactuca, 1146 semen endiuie, ffolioum absinthium ana  $\Im$  j. Medle hem wib oximel squilliticum and make berof pelotis.

3iff the mater be in gi[b]bo, 1147 he mote vse diuretikis, as rubea maiorum, asarum, squinantum, ydromel, and oper mo. And make lasse the mater to go to sege.

His dietynge schal be smalle chekenys, kyddys, rere ayren, and brothe of cicerum, whyte wyne wel watered, and oper mo bat preschib and bith of ligt digestioun.

3iff bis enpostem come of smytynge, in the ffirst bigynnynge, lete hym blode. Panne make hym caste wib a decoccioun of raphani, mediani corticis sambuci in water and do berto a lytel oyle and purge hym wib trifera sarazenica, reuberberata. Þanne make hym enplastre of endiuie, scariole, nitro and nasturcio and sinapi. 3iff the enpostem be in mirac, banne cure hym as bo3 it were in gi[b]bo. 1148 And we mowe do berto more stronge medicynes.

3iff the enpostem come for misaraicas, banne cure hym as it were in zima.

3iff it come of wynde, sette hym ventosis wib out garsynge and make hym a sacellacyoun wib milium, camomille and bran and anyse. And enounte hym wib oyle of ruwe.

3iff the lyuere be ykutte, zeue hym rosis wib bole and cold watere and make enplastrum of balaustia, sumac.

Clarficacio. Entende that boz the lyuere haue lemys to make clene blode ffrom colre and malencolie, as is be galle and the splene, neuerbelattre, somtyme thes humours wexib so myche bat bey makib enpostem in the lyuere.

Jn be 2, entende bat whan it is in gi[b]bo<sup>1149</sup> banne diuretikis bithe gode and ne make hym no fflux for his body is made [clene] and we ne hauyb none ober way. And in the ffirst bigynnynge, zeue hym in [f. 225r] lytel quantite and thinge of ffebel vertue arysynge lytel and lytel to more stronge thingis. And do perwip some stiptica pat hauyp vertue to conforte pe lyuere. 3iff the cause be hoote, do perto colde diuretik wib a fewe hote bat be swete smellynge and confortatyf.

3iff be cause be colde, do the contrarye.

12090

12095

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12105

12110

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1145</sup> iuiubebarum] iubebarum

<sup>1146</sup> See commentary

gibbo] gilbo gibbo] gilbo gibbo] gilbo

12120

12125

Jn the 3, entende bat the lyuere is enpostemyd most of bloode. 3iff it be to myche and swiftliche, of colre ffor it preschip. And off ffleume, 3if it cleuye. And of malencolia ffor the gretensse. Enpostem comyb in the lyuere most off bloode, jn the 2 off colre, be 3 off ffleume, the 4 of malencolia.

Jn the  $^14'$ , and the partye bynepe of the lyuere makib his wombe laxatyf ffor his mete ne may nozt presche to be lyuere and be vertue of drawynge is ffeble.

3iff it be in the partye aboue, opere it is myche opere lytel. 3iff it be lytel, it nel nogt make his wombe laxatyf ffor his mete may presche to be lyuere.

3iff it be myche, it wole make his wombe laxatyf ffor causis that bithe sayde. And Ypocras seyb bat enpostem of the lyuere makib a man costyf ffor grete hete. Hete bat is in the lyuere by cause of the enpostem and of be ffeuer drawib humours to hym and drinkib as it were a sponge and ne preschib to none lemys for opilacyoun, but tournyb into fume and vapours and enclosib bitwixe be skynnes of be wombe and engendrib swellynge and ydropisi. Quare, etc.

12130

J say þat whanne ydropisi folewiþ enpostem of the lyuere þanne he schal be costyf. For ʒiff his wombe were laxatyf, he ne scholde noʒt ffalle in ydropisi. And in þat manere, fflux of the wombe may come in gretenesse of gi[b]bum<sup>1151</sup> in the lyuere, þanne ydropisi nys noʒt. And ʒiff ydrosi com þeruppon, þanne his wombe ne schal noʒt be laxatyf. For the mater þat scholde make swellynge rennyþ out and defendiþ hem ffrom ydrosy.

12135

Jn be 5, entende bat bog auctours ne sette nogt to speke comynly bat enpostem of the lyuere nys nogt engendered but of humours and waterinesse and wynde, neuerbelattre, it may be engendered off chilus in the lyuere and for gretenesse berof ban humours ne mow nogt be putte away ffor ffeblenesse of the lyuere. Neuerbelattre, whan it comyb to be lyuere in some manere it is disposyd and made sotil and in bat manere it may gadre in the lyuere and rotye and so it gadrib enpostem. And for this fallib seelde, berfor, auctours ne spekib nogt berof.

12140

Jn þe 6, entende þat in hoote enpostemys of the lyuere his vrine **[f. 225v]** schal be heiʒ in coloure and þoʒ febelnesse of the lyuere come of hete, ʒitte it is heiʒ of coloure for medlynge of some porcyoun of colre.

12145

Jn the 7, entende þat in enpostem of þe lyuere his vrine is þicke and ledy for boylynge of humours and disturbaunce of the feuere. And þoʒ opilacyoun make thynne vryne, þat is sothe ʒif þere be no feuere and none disturbaunce of humours. And þoʒ opilacyoun come in enpostem, neuerþelattre, þere is boylynge and disturbaunce of humours and a feuere þerewiþ and þis makiþ þickenesse, þoʒ þere be opilacyoun.

12150

Jn be 8, entende bat in enpostem of the lyuere mete ne may no3t presche to be lyuere. Panne ffecys bithe multiplyed and vryne is made lasse. 3iff it preschye, the contrarie ffolewib.

Jn the 9, entende bat in enpostem of be lyuere his vryne schal be ledy and a feuere berwib and infeccioun and mortificacyoun.

12155

Jn the 10, entende that in enpostem of the lyuere, in the ffirst bygynnynge, ziff his body be replete, lete hym blode in basilica in the same syde. For bere is sufficyaunt<sup>1152</sup> opocysyoun as aboue and bynebe. And it ne schal nozt be done in the lyfte syde. For thanne bere were double opposicyoun. And in letynge, we ne schullib nozt passye tway noble opposicyouns, as Auicen saithe.

 $<sup>^{1150}</sup>$  4] corr. by deletion of 3 in red and black ink

gibbum] gilbum

sufficyaunt] preceded by sir deleted in black ink

Jn the 11, entende bat in enpostemys of the lyuere and, prinspaliche, hoote repercussyues bib and hote binges ne<sup>1153</sup> makib none opilacyoun ne gretenesse, for they bith yout in lytel quantite wib some dissolutyuys.

# De Fluxu Sanguinis Ab Apate, 4

Flux of blode þat comyþ of the lyuere 'is virulent' and somtyme it comyþ of the lyuere and somtyme of oþer lemys.

Causa. Somtyme causis hirof bithe wib in and somtyme wib out. 3iff they come wibout, banne it may be off ffallynge, smytynge, and reste in hym bat was ywoned trauaile and of lemys bat bithe kutte and oper mo.

3iff it come of causis wibin, þanne it comyb of the lyuere ober of ober lemys. 3iff it come of ober lemys, banne it may come of the stomak obere of vaynes bat bithe clepyd miseraice obere of guttys obere of retencyoun of menstrua obere emoroydis obere for enpostemys bat bithe nei3 be lyuere ober for alle be body.

3iff it come ffor the lyuere, þanne it may come for foure causis: obere ffor enpostemys ober ffor ffeblenesse of vertue þat scholde tourne **[f. 226r]** chilum into blode so þat it tournyþ noʒt into clene blode and lemys hauythe abhominacyoun þerof and thanne of puttynge sendiþ hyt to þe guttys.

Jn the 3, it fallib for opilacyoun, so bat be lyuere defyeb wel, but the blode ne preschib noʒt wel to be lemys obere be lemys ne nedib noʒt berof obere it ne may noʒt presche, banne it congelib and it semyb as it were gobettis off fflesche.

Jn þe 4, it ffalliþ for openynge of vaynes and þat may come of 3 causis. Oþere þe vayne is kutte oþere yfrete oþere ybroke oþere openyb. And þerof bithe these verse:

Dyabrosus venas corrodit rixas easdem. S[c]indit<sup>1154</sup> anathemosis has aperire facit.

Entende about his mater hat we hauyh yspoke hirof to fore capitulo de fluxu ventris.

Jtem, this fflux is dyuersed in many manerys in partie of quantite ffor somtyme it is lytel, somtyme myche. By partie of qualite ffor somtyme it is clere and somtyme as it were virus and somtyme as it were quytture. And it is dyuerse in partye of substaunce ffor somtyme it is sotil and somtyme grete. And by partye of smellynge ffor somtyme it is stinkynge and somtyme greuous. And it is dyuersyd by partie off the place myche as it is fforsaide. 3iff bou wolt take consyderacyoun of alle the spicys of this fflux, bere bib many berof and to telle alle bes nolde no3t suffice hyt, but binges bat bithe sayde sufficib bycause of the schorte tyme and aboute schortenesse we trauailib.

Signa. 3iff it come of causis wip out, bat bou schalt knowe by iugynge and by pasciouns of the lemys and by akynge and agreuaunce in be particular of the pacient. For 3iff it come of the stomak, he schal haue akynge and agreuaunce and indigestioun about be stomak and so of ober lemys. 3iff it come of enpostem, he schal haue a feuere. 3iff it come of ffeblenesse of vertue of digestioun of the lyuere, banne the fflux schal be as it were waschynge of fflesche. 3iff it come ffor opilacyoun of blode, banne it wole be blacke and congelyd. 3if it come of vaynes to broke, banne it wole be myche and clere and it comyb sodeynliche. 3iff it come of fretynge obere of kuttynge, banne it wole be virulent and bicke and comyb lytel and lytel.

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12170

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12175

12185

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1153</sup> ne] preceded by I deleted in black ink

<sup>1154</sup> Scindit] Sindit

12195

3iff it come for enpostem, it wole be medlyd wib quyttoure. Pis is be difference bytwixe fflux of the lyuere and fflux of the guttys [f. 226v] and off oper lemys. Flux of be lyuere is wib out any akynge and medlyd wip dyuerse pinges. 3iff it come of the stomak, his ffecys wollep be chilosa and agreuaunce in his stomak. 3iff it come of venis miseraicis, þanne þere ne schewiþ none off ffeblenesse of þe lyuere. 3iff it come of coldenesse, banne it semyb rotyd blode and lytel stinkynge. 3iff it come of hete, banne bere is more rotynge and stinkynge and more blacke, etc.

12200

Pronosticacio. Pronosticacyoun is in this place in cause of cure. Pis is a general reule bat in euery fflux and in alle binge bat passib of a mannis body and no fflux by hys owne kynde, 3iff it be malicyous, it ne schal nozt be first restrayned, so bat it releuye hym. 3iff it be sinthomaticus, it ne schal nozt be sodeynly restrayned, but lytel and lytel, 3iff his vertue may bere hyt.

12205

Cura. 3iff flux of blode bat comyb of the lyuere, 3iff it come of brekyne of vaynes, in the ffirst bigynnynge, lete hym blode in the lyuere vayne. Panne sette hym ventosis bitwix his tway schulderys wib garsynge. After bat vnder the teetys. And his dyetynge schal be to make blode grete, as bithe ieiube, risi, milium, panicum, lentes wibout the rynde and the ffirst water caste awey therof, ayryn ysode in vynegre, benyn wib vynegre, milke ysode, and ober mo.

12210

Now entende about bis matere bat the cause of euery fflux to make hyt schorte may be reduced to tway causis: bat is to hoote and colde. 3iff it come of hoote cause, banne cure hym wib thes medicynes ytake wibin ober wibout, aboue ober bynebe, after dyuersite of particulers of the pacient and after dyuerse maneres of vsynge, as it is forsaide ofte.

12215

Materialis hirof biþ thes: bolus armenicus, terra sigillata, sanguis draconis, ypoquistidos, acacia, psidia, balaustia, mirtilli, berberis, rose, [sandali], 1155 plantago, virga pastoris, semen acetoce, bedegar, galle, and oper many mo wip some hote binges that bithe stiptica.

3iff the cause be colde, make medicyne hirof: mastix, thus, storax calamita, ambra, nux cipressi, gariofilum, anisum assum, ciminum assum, nasturcium, and oper mo. And do perto some colde pinges stiptica in lytel quantite.

12220

Pis medicyne cureb euery fflux, 3itt it may [f. 227r] be cured wib medicynes so bat he haue goode dyetynge and his body be made clene.

**337 Rx** spodij, rasure eboris ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j, aluminis [scissi], <sup>1156</sup> semen canabi ana  $\frac{3}{5}$   $\beta$ , rosarum rubearum electuarium, margaritarum, coralli albi and rubei, sandali, mu[sca]tellini, 1157 cacabre, sanguis draconis, ambra gresie ana 3 ij. Medle hem wib sirupo mirtino and make therof gobettis.

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And whan thou wolt vse hem, distempere hem wib milk ysode. And bis medicyne is prinspaliche goode ffor fflux of blode of the lyuere and in the secunde agen be stomak. And it is goode ffor euery fflux, but it come ffor opilacyoun. And it is goode ziff opilacyoun be remeuyd away and his body be made clene, as it is fforsaide.

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Clarificacio. Entende pat fflux pat comyb for bloode and ffor fretynge is more vnclene and virulentous banne he bat comyb for brekynge and openynge off vaynys. For in vaynes is more hete and spiryt. In smalle vaynes it is leste.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1155</sup> sandali] sanguis draconis

<sup>1156</sup> scissi] ptissi

muscatellini] mutacellini

The ffirst ffretynge is most in lytel vaynes. And þerfor, þe blode is most virulent bycause of the enchesoun þat makiþ fretynge and by resoun of superffluytees in the place.

Jn be 2, entende that ffluxus dissintericus comyb most of colrik blode bycause of the scharpenesse and thanne of blode bycause of mychelnysse and laste off malencolia ffor bat humour is of erbe.

Jn þe 3, entende þat coldenesse þat is to myche engendriþ dissinteriam ffor it makiþ ffeble vertue of digestioun and vertue of haldynge. But coldenesse þat is in tempere confortiþ alle and restraynyþ.

Jn the last, entende bat in fflux of the lyuere and dissinteria, remedies schullib be done vppon the regyoun of the lyuere and in none ober place ffor it wold make agreuaunce.

# De Ydropisi, 5

Jdropisi is erroure of vertue þat scholde make onynge in al the body and ffolewiþ vertue of digestioun in the lyuere.

Entende about þis mater þat vertue of digestioun in 3 maneres is take ffor nourschement is ffirst put out, after þat it onyþ. Jn þe 3, 1158 it asemliþ togedre. And whanne castynge out failyþ he bicomyþ lene. 3iff onynge ffailie, it engendriþ ydropisi. 3iff lickenesse failie, [f. 227v] it engenderiþ lepram 1159 Thes þinges bithe saide of Galen in his booke de vertutibus naturalibus. Whanne norschement ne may noʒt onye ne saudye, thanne lemys swelliþ and þan verray ydropisi is engenderyd þat is clepyd yposarcha. And yposarca nys noʒt wiþout pascioun of the lyuere. And ʒitt, thoʒ þe place be to swelle oþere the pyce oþere dyafragma oþere the stomak oþere þe marys oþer þe ffete oþere the hondyn, neuerþelattre, it nys noʒt ydropici, but it come of vertue of digestioun in the lyuere. For it ne may noʒt be wiþout pascioun of the lyuere.

Now bere bithe 3 spicys of ydropic[i]. <sup>1160</sup> be ffirst is of colde cause and is clepyd yposarcha obere anasarka obere lencofleumancia, bat is alle oon. And be cause berof is colde bloode fleumatik and watery wib swellynge in all the body. Þerfor, this spyce is a verray dropesye ffor prinspaliche be lyuere suffrib beron and for vertue of digestioun ffailib in alle be body. And bis spice is leste worst of alle.

Pe oper tway spicys comyb of hoote cause goynge toffore, but the mene cause is allegate colde. So be ffirst cause is clepyd aschites and is engenderyd of sotil moysture and watery wib lytel wynde. And it is the worst of alle.

Þe 3 spice oper þe secunde<sup>1161</sup> to speke of þe hete the is clepyd tympanites. And þe cause therof is wynde wiþ lytel waterynesse and it is ful euyl.

The manere of engenderynge is bis. Whanne vertue of digestioun of the lyuere failib so bat it ne may nozt come to profyt forme of humours and it ne may nozt wel be departed ne purged ne made clene ne put out, banne oon porcyoun berof is put to alle the body and bat ober leuyb in the lyuere and bat is sende to alle be body ne may nozt wel onye. And nature ne may nozt wel soudye hyt ne onye hyt. Thanne anober porcioun is sende to alle the body and bat ober leuyb in the lyuere. And for the lyuere is ffeble to engendre and departe, berfor, be mater tournyb into vapoure and by poris comyb out anone to be skynne, bat is clepyd cyphak and myrac. And bere it is enclosyd and makib swellynge of the wombe in

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 $<sup>^{1158}</sup>$  3] preceded by the lyuere deleted in red ink

lepram] corr. by deletion of ydropisi 3iff I in red ink

ydropici] ydropicum

secunde] *preceded by* Sed *deleted in black ink* 

so myche bat the guttys bithe bathyd beron. And whane it is so myche, it nel noʒt be cured. Pe skyn bat is in the **[f. 228r]** myddel cleuyb to the guttis and is clepyd mirak. Myrac is a maner ffatnese that is in the manere as it were a nette and helib al be guttys. Panne comyb anober skyn bat is wib out and is clepyd cyphac. And so the wynde and be waterinesse is closyd bitwixe bese tway skynnes. Auctours seyn that the ffirst spice is engenderyd for erroure of the thirde digestioun and be 2 for defaute of the raynes and off the bladdre bat bey ne mowe noʒt make clene. Pe 3 is for errour of the stomak bat conuertib the mater in to vapour and the lyuere ne may noʒt amendy hyt. What cause so it is, in euery spyce of the ydropici, prinspaliche, be lyuere suffrib.

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Cause. Enchesouns oper bey bithe wib in oper wib out. 3iff they be wib out, banne it may be of fallynge, smytynge, grete hete oper grete coldenesse, and oper mo, and myche fflux of bloode, obere of the wombe, and alle siche binges bat be open.

3iff it come wiþ in, thanne it comyb of the lyuere ober of ober lemys. 3iff it come of ober lemys, allegate be lyuere suffrib and be vertue of the lyuere is corrumpyd for pascionys of the stomak and for euyllys bat bithe in venis miseraicis. And it may come ffor pascioun of the guttys and of the maryce and of the bladdre and of the raynys and of the splene and dyafragmata and of the loungys. 3if it come for the lyuere, bat may be for euelys bat bithe semelable, official, other comyn. 3iff it be semlable, as euel conplexioun colde, and so it is be mene cause off ydropisi, ober for euyl conplexioun hoot bat makib naturel hete passye out and banne comyb coldenesse. Perfor, bog be cause goynge tofore be hoote, gitte be myddel cause is coldenesse.

Euyl þat is clepyd official is conplexioun of enpostemys and ober mo. Off alle bese binges, vertue of digestioun in be lyuere is chaungyd and, ʒiff it be contynuyd, it engenderyb ydropici.

Signa. Signes of ydropisi þat is to comynge bithe þese: wiþhaldynge longe tyme superfluytees þat were ywonyd be put out, as is swetynge, egestioun vrina, and oþer mo.

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Pe 2 signe is cacochia and euyl coloure of the fface and somtyme his ballokis swelliþ and somtyme his appetyte is grete and somtyme his appetyte is take away.

Signes **[f. 228v]** off ydropisi bat is present bithe bese: swellynge off the ffete and off the yzen, straytenesse off brethe, drye couz, swellynge of the wombe, grete berst, none appetyte to mete, euyl coloure.

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Signes of yposarca bithe swellynge in al the body, his pous watery, his egestioun whyte other blody. 3iff bou pressye his fflesche wib thy ffyngere, it leuyb after hym an hole and his wombe nys nozt so grete as in ober spices.

Jtem, entende þat in boþe spicys his vrine may be coloured heig. Þerfor, vppon coloure of the vryne we ne mow not telle whaper þe cause be hoote oper colde.

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Pere is difference bitwix tympanites and aychites ffrom yposarca. For in achite and tympanite his lemys aboue bicomyb smal and swellib bynebe and his nauele is put out. In yposarcha is swellynge in alle the body.

Signes of tympanites may be knowe ffor his vryne is more bynne and his pous swyfte and harde. And 3iff thou smyte his wombe, it wole sounye as a tympane obere as his wombe were ful of wynde. His egestioun in these tway spicys is blody and in yposarca it is whyte.

Yposarca, as it is forsaide, is engenderyd most for be birde digestioun and ayschites for secunde and tympanytes for be ffirst. 1162

3iff ydropisi come ffor causis wip out, bou schalt knowe hyt by schewynge of be pacient. 3iff it come of pasciouns of other lemys, bou schalt knowe hyt by pasciouns bat gothe tofore, as hoote enpostem of the lyuere ober hard enpostem and so of other lemys. 3iff it come of a feuere, bou schalt knowe hyt berby. Ypocras<sup>1163</sup> techib make pronosticacioun: consurgens autem ex lumbis et ylijs, etc. Take kepe of the signes and it wole be open ynow3.

Pronosticacio. In the ffirst bigynnynge, Ypocras techithe pronosticacioun and seib euery ydropisi wib an hoote feuere is euyl.

3iff a contynuel feuere folewy ydropisi, it is ful hard to cure hym. 3iff he haue an harde enpostem in the lyuere, it is incurable, but it be in the ffirst bigynnynge, 3iff the leche be diligent and be pacient be obedyent and oper particulers ffalle perfore. 3iff bou do remedies to hym conuenyent and be pacient fele hym releuyd berwib and after 3 daies [f. 229r] other foure it comyb agen and bis fallib ofte tymes, he ne schal neuer be cured. 3iff he ne ffele none amendment, it is so myche be worse.

Flux of the wombe but comyb to a man but is in ydropisi wib out any releuynge, it is mortel. And somtyme it is possible but kynde avodye water of ydropisi by sege and by vryne.

Stinkynge of his brethe and of his spetynge and of his swetynge and of oper pinges pat comyp of hys body bith signes of depe. And stinkynge of alle pe body is signe of depe.

3iff his egestioun be as it were fflesche and blode congelyd, he is neiz deb.

Vrina þat is of twey colourys is mortel in ydropisi, as reed in the botme and ledy aboue oper rede aboue and blac bynethe.

3iff disma come to a man in ydrosy and straytnesse of brethe and fflux of the wombe, wibin 3 daies he schal be dede.

Ydropisi that is in an hoote conplexion and drye is ful euyl.

Ydropicis þat comyþ of the lyuere is worse þan he þat comyþ of the splene oþere of oþer lemys. Aychites is þe worste off alle þe spicys, as it is forsayde.

Jn aychites, 3iff his ri3t syde greue hym and a cou3 berwib and a ffeuere and his vryne rubia, it is mortel forsothe.

Yposarca is lasse worse. Tympanites is in the mene, 1164 poz it be euyl.

Vlcera in ydropisi ne mowe nozt be cured.

Curacio. Cure and kepynge from ydropisi is þis. Jn the ffirst bigynnynge, he mote spare mete and drinke in as myche as it is possible, and prinspaliche drinke. And he mote suffre þerst as myche as he may. He mote leue brothis and iuschelis, but in day of dissolucyoun þanne he may vse the brothe of an henne wiþ swete spicerie. And he mote forsake whete brede as myche as it is possible and lete hym vse barliche brede and clere wyne swete of sauour and in lytel quantite. And he schal vse briddys as myche as it is possible and all his fflesche schal be rostyd and he schal medlye in his mete oyniouns and garlik and lek. And he may vse mustard in lytel quantite.

Jtem, he may vse bis sauce:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1162</sup> first] preceded by ffr deleted in red ink

<sup>1163</sup> Ypocras] preceded by a deleted in black ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1164</sup> mene] preceded by euyl deleted in black ink

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338 Rx zinziberis, galange, zedoarij, anisi, maratri, cimini, ameos, ciseleos ana 3 j, spicenardi, calami aromatici, coriandri preparati<sup>1165</sup> 3 j, sandali, mu[sca]tellini<sup>1166</sup> 3 ij. Make therof pouder and lete hym vse hirof in alle his mete.

12350

Jtem, he may vse chekenys, culuere bryddes, capounnys, fesauntis, partriges, and [f. 229v] alle manere bryddes pat bithe in vse that ne swymmyth nozt in the watere. And he may vse endiuie, scariole, ruta, serpillo, apio, saluia, nasturcio, calamento, petro. Jtem, auellanis yrostyd and ffestuci, and oper mo. And he mote trauaile myche toffore mete. He ne schal nozt bathe in swete water, but it come for wibhaldynge of menstrua opere of emoroydis. And he schal leue thinges bat avoydib colre, but it be to myche, and banne it schal be done wib mirabolanis citrinis.

Bathis þat schulliþ be saide hir after bithe goode for alle men þat bithe disposed to ydropisi and 'in' ydropisi, but his body mote ffirst [be] made clene.

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They pat bip able to ffalle in ydropisi schullip vse oximel diuretik, oximelle squillitico. Thanne purge hym wib yerapigra yscharpyd wib aloen and mastic. 3iff the mater be viscous, banne scharpe yerapigra wib pulpa coloquintida, bdellio. Whanne his body is clene, styue hym:

339 Rx asari, origani, calamenti, anisi, maratri, camomille, mellilote, anthos, sticados, absinthij ana libra j and β. Sethe hem in water and styue hym. Pane lete hym vse triacle.

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Thane he may be babed in an ouene bat brede is drawe out berof, so bat the pacient mowe suffery hyt wel. And lete hym swete bere longe. Ober lete hym ligge in grauel of the see in hoote wedyr yhelyd anone to be necke and keuere wel his hede bat he ne haue none harm of the sonne. And he may bathy in sulphri bathis 1167 oper of alym opere make hote water of the see and bathe hym beron. 3iff bou ne myzt haue this by kynde, make hem by crafte othere do it in this manere. Make a pytte in the erthe and put brennynge colys in the putte of iuniperus and keuere the pytte wib a gredel of yre and lay beruppon myche eble and the pacient schal lygge beron nakyd and lete hym swete beron wel.

12365

Entende about his matere hat it is goode for the pacient to sytte in the sonne and his wombe vnkeueryd and bewar that the place ne be nozt wyndy ne colde. And he schal frote wel his wombe withe his handys and it is goode for hym. For hete of the sonne makip lyf and J haue yfounde grete helpe beron.

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Jtem, gotis mylke is goode perfore, ziff it be drunke erliche and late. 3iff he mowe absteynye hym ffram alle oper drinke, it wolde do hym myche [f. 230r] good. Also, gotys whay ydrunke wib spicanardi is good for ydropisi that comyb off colde cause. 3iff the cause be hoote, medle berwib iuse of endiuie, scariole, euforbium wiþ iuse of citoniorum in lytel quantite itake til θ 1 oþere ʒ β. Þis wole cure hym, ʒiff it be of colde cause. 3iff the cause be hoot, lete hym vse trifera saragenica, reuberberata wib dyareuberberata. But he mote lyue in grete abstenence and his mete mote be sotil and he mote vse trauaile in tempere. These binges that bithe forsaide kepithe a man ffrom the ydropisi and they cureb euery ydropisi in the ffirst bigynnynge.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1165</sup> See commentary

muscatellini] mutacellini

<sup>1167</sup> bathis] preceded by illegible deletion in black ink

# De Cura Ydropisi Actualis 1168

Whanne alle vniuersal cures bithe ydone in ydropisi, make hym cast wib a decoccioun of raphani in 12380 oximel diuretik. Thanne he schal vse bis syrupe and prinspaly in colde causis and watery. For of hoote causis we wollib speke hir aftere.

340 Rx radicis aristologie, yreos, ffeniculi, petroselini, brusci, sparagi, graminis, apij, genciane ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  iij. Stampe hem and tempere hem in vynegre a day and a nyst.

Thanne,

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341 Rx asari, betonice, germandrie, sticados, eupatorie, absinthij, mente, origani, calamenti ana 🖁 ij, 12385 spicenardi, squinanti, calami aromatici, lac[ca], anisi, maratri, semen endiuie, semen scariole, semen melonum, ana  $\frac{3}{2}$  j, spodij, rasure eboris, sandali, mu[sca]tellini<sup>1170</sup> ana  $\frac{3}{2}$  ij, liquirice munde, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis, iuiube ana 3 j, aceti predicti 3 iiij, mellis roset libra j, panis 3uccare libra β. Make berof a syrupe libra ij.

12390 Thanne make hym this medicyne:

> **342 Rx** euforbij, pulpe coloquintide, agarici ana ʒ j, lac[ca], <sup>1171</sup> spicenardi, bdellij, semen endiuie, semen scariole, masticis, ana  $\ \beta$ ,  $s[u]cci^{1172}$  yreos,  $s[u]cci^{1173}$  absinthij,  $s[u]cci^{1174}$  cucumeris asinini ana  $\ \beta$ , carnium citoniorum 3 j. Poudre hem bat mowe be poudered and medle hem wel to gedre wib out fuyre. 3iff they ne mowe nogt be wel medlyd hire, banne medle hem wib oximel squillitico bat sufficyb.

> Entende about bis matere in what place the mater be drawe hyt somtyme to be waies of vryne and somtyme toward the wombe. He schal vse tway dayes oper pre the forsaide syrupe. In be secunde, he schal vse be forsaide medycyne til 3<sup>1175</sup> 1 obere 3 2, after conuenience of the particulers. Þanne lete hym vse the syrupe 6 daies. Thanne lete hym reste 2 daies obere 3 daies. Thanne lete hym vse be forsaid sirupe 9 daies oper 10. Panne ete hym vse the forsaide medicyne. And in þis maner þe water may be avoydyd lytel and lytel. And of the forsaide materialys bat bithe ysett [f. 230v] in the syrupe, bou myzt make electuarium ober conditum and ober mo. And who bat wole wel bybenke hym bese binges bat bithe forsaide, bithe ful goode, zif bey be wel vsed. Panne bathe hym ober styue hym, as it is forsaide.

Thanne enplastre his wombe wip this enplastre. Take tordys of an oxe and of a goot, chimolee, drie hem wib fuyre. Panne take tordis of culueryn and sulphre, [nitri], 1177 limaceas cum testis suis, testa

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1168</sup> Actualis] Latin: Accidentalis

<sup>1169</sup> lacca] lacte

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1170</sup> muscatellini] mutacellini

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1171</sup> lacca] lacte lacca] *preceded by* lacere *deleted in red ink* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1172</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1173</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>1174</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1175</sup> 3] preceded by a deleted in black ink

Thanne] preceded by obere 3 deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1177</sup> nitri] vyf

conchiliorum marinorum. Grynde hem alle togedre and make þerof enplastrum wiþ whyte wyne and lay hyt vppon alle hyswombe.

3iff ydropisi come of hote cause, make hym enplastre of be seed of rosis, sandali, camomille vppon his lyuere. And ban lay bou none hoote enplastre vppon his lyuere, but vppon his wombe. Alle men bat bithe in ydropisi schullib forsake scamonie and tit[i]malle<sup>1178</sup> and aloen, but it be wel ywasche and repressyd.

Jtem, entende bat bere bithe many binges that avoidib zelu water of the wombe in ydropisi, as elactarides, semen laureole, semen ferule, semen cuscute, semen vrtice, castore, euforbium, elleborus vtriusque, tapsia, aqua raphani and squille and cartami, aqua lilij, propria vrina, succus mediani corticis sambuci.

3iff bou wolt destille be rote of sambuci and the myddel rynde and the floures and make berof watere, bis is goode for delycate men and it cure ydropisi of colde cause. And Y haue prouyd be rote of yreos, but the iuse berof schal be rawe. For 3iff it were ysode, it nere no3t worthe. And in the morowe tyde he schal take berof half an eye schille fulle obere by hyt self ober wib a rere eye. Pis curib ydropisi bat is curable. 3iff it be contynued, it makib hym euery day go twyes or bries to sege. This binge suffycyd me in sickenessis bat was curable in the first bygynnynge.

Jtem, bou myzt make hym a suppositore in bis manere:

**343 Rx** salis gemme, foliorum rute ana  $\S$   $\beta$ , castorei, euforbium, semen vrtice ana  $\Im$  ij, mellis quod sufficit. And make berof a suppositore.

Jn the last, 3iff bou be in dispayre whanne we ne hauyb none ober way, cutte hym tway fynger brede bytwixe be nau[e]le. 1179 And whanne bou comyst to syphac, cutte hyt bat be skynne wibout mowe hele the hoole of cyphac bat the water may passe out no3t sodeynliche. Panne put a canele in the ffirst hole. Panne putte it asyde in the secunde hoole and so drawe out the water lytel and lytel. Today a lytel and tomorow a lytel til it be **[f. 231r]** al avoydyd. And conforte hys lyuere wib swete smellynge binges and stiptica and entende, as Auicen saib, that it is bettre [to] avoyde this water wib medicynes bat avoydib hyt wib proprete bat is sothe. For his lyf may be somdele drawe alonge by oo monebe obere half a 3ere, but afterward it wole come a3en. And Y ne sawe neuere no man cured profyteliche in this manere bat he ne scholde deye berwib. And Y suppose bat it were bettre to make 5 cauterijs obere 6 vnder the nau[e]le 1180 obere in be ballocke lether. And in bat manere, be mater may be purgyd lytel and lytel. Ther bith many medicynes conpouned bat bithe goode in this pascioun and bat we wullib sette in the ende of the booke by be helpe of God.

# **De Curacio Ydropisi cum Calore**

3iff þere be a feuere oþere enpostem wiþ ydropisi and be of hoote cause, þan in none of alle þese ne 3eue hym no wyne and no brede and prinspalliche of whete. 3iff it be possible, lete hym vse barlige brede and water of barliche and smal chekenys yrostyd and kyddes yrostyd, but he haue a contynuel ffeuere. And he may vse endiuie, scariole, lactuca wiþ vynegre þat be þeron sugre and mala granata.

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<sup>1178</sup> titimalle] titumalle

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1179</sup> nauele] naule

<sup>1180</sup> nauele] naule

Metis bat bithe ligt to defye bib goode for hym, so bat they be somdele colde. And allegate he schal forsake watery metis and wyndye and stoppynge.

In the ffirst bigynnynge, defye the mater in bis manere:

**344 Rx** endiuie, scariole ortolane [and] siluestris ana libra  $\beta$ , lactuca, <sup>1181</sup> epatice, ffumiterre, scolopendrie, cicoree ana  $\S$  ij, iiij seminia frigidorum maiorum and minorum, lactuca, spicenardi, foliorum absinthij, radicis apij ana  $\S$  j, spodij, sandali, mu[sca]tellini<sup>1182</sup> ana  $\S$  j, aceti albi  $\S$  iiij, panis  $\S$  uccare libra j, mellis  $\S$   $\S$ . Make þerof a syrupe libra j and  $\S$ .

And make enplastre vppon his lyuere wib croppys of whyte wibi and wib be iuse of morelle, epatice, endiuie, sandali, and aceto, and aqua rosacea. Purge hym in bis manere:

**345 Rx** florum boraginis, fflorum violarum, ffumiterre ana ℥ j, liquirice munde, iuiube, ffoliorum absinthium, vuarum passarum mundatarum ab arillis ana ℥ β, prunorum xx, spicenardi ʒ ij. Make þerof a decoccioun wiþ gotys whay and tempere þeron þe ryndis of mirabolanum citrinorum ℥ j. Frote hem wiþ lent ffuyre and clense hem and medle þerwiþ cassiafistula made clene ℥ j, reuberberata ʒ j.

Now þis cureþ as it is forsaide in þat oþer syrupe and laxatyf oþere some daies lete hym vse the syrupe and somtyme þat oþer decoccioun þat is forsayde. Somtyme of oon, somtyme of anoþer. Þe enplastre schal allegate contynuellyche be holde **[f. 231v]** and affreschyd. But vppon alle his wombe lay the enplastre þat is forsaide, but it schal be medlyd wiþ stronge vynegre instede of wyne. But it ne schal noʒt be layde vppon þe regioun of the lyuere, but þe colde enplastre schal be layde vppon þe regyoun of the lyuere, as it is forsaide. And somtyme þere ffalliþ many conposicyouns, as feuer, apostemata, ydropisi, and oþer mo. Þerfore, in sengle do we symple. And ʒiff þe mater be conpouned, þe medicynes mote be conpouned - somtyme more, somtyme lasse. Þat Y resigne to worchynge of the leche.

Jn tympanyte, make hym sacellaciouns of milium, panicum and furfure and barliche ybroke, camomille, mellilotum. Roste hem ofte and make hym a sacellacyoun.

3iff be wynde come of colde cause, make hym a sacellacyoun wib salt, anyse, fenel, comyn, ruwe. 3iff we wollib make hyt more stronge, do berto sulphre and nitrum. Hirof bou myʒt make oyle, oynementis, enplastris. Thanne make hym ventosis vppon hys wombe wibout garsynge and make hem suppositorijs bat bithe forsaide. Neuerbelattre, kepe hys lyuere from hote bingys.

Medicamen ad euacuandum aquam citrinam ypocondriarum. 3eue hym 3 1 oþer more oþere lasse after þe particuleris.

**346** Rx s[u]cci<sup>1183</sup> cucumeris asinini, and camomille, anthos [and]<sup>1184</sup> ffloribus vtriusque sticados [...]<sup>1185</sup> Missing the end of De Curacio Ydropisi cum Calore, Chapters 6-8 (De Ictericia, De Pascionibus Splenis, and De Pascionibus Renum), and most of Chapter 9 (De Apostemate Renum et Vesice). The *clarificacio* 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1181</sup> See commentary

muscatellini] mutacellini

<sup>1183</sup> succi] sicci

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1184</sup> and] et

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1185</sup> See commentary

section of Chapter 9 is merged into Chapter 5 in f. 231v, which continues to f. 232r (containing the end of Chapter 9 and beginning of Chapter 10) without a break in the quire number sequence. It appears that Chapters 6-8 were not written. Summaries of the missing materials follow.

# [De Curacio Ydropisi cum Calore]

The clarification section is presented as a continuous part of De Curacio Ydropisi cum Calore mid-way through f. 231v, but it actually belongs with Chapter 9 (De Apostemate Renum et Vesice). Missing from this subheading is one additional recipe after Rx 346 and the clarification section containing twenty points.

# [De Ictericia, 6]

This condition is a universal defilement of the skin, as morphea is a defilement of the skin with spots. The difference between the two is that morphea is an error of the third digestion, while ictericia is an error of the second digestion. There are three types of ictericia: yellow, green, and black. The causes depend on the composition of the humours. The cure is based on reducing three causes in particular: wind, hot/cold, and blockage. Eight recipes are provided in the general cure. Two additional recipes are given specifically for blockages in the spleen under the subheading De Ictericia propter Splenem.

#### [De Pascionibus Splenis, 7]

The spleen is described as a thin, spongy, oblong organ located in the left side of the body with the function of cleansing and purifying the blood. It is susceptible to blockages and sensitive to the humours. External causes of blockage include melancholic foods, such as cheese, cabbage, legumes. Internal causes are due to the liver multiplying melancholic humours, which cause blockages, hardness, swelling, and abscesses in the spleen. Signs of this condition can be seen in the urine (watery), difficulty breathing, the skin colour of the patient, disturbed sleep, and other signs of the melancholic humour. Six

recipes and dietary measures are provided to counteract the melancholic humour. The section concludes with ten points of clarification.

#### [De Pascionibus Renum, 8]

External causes of renal problems include too much use of diuretics and narcotics, while internal causes are due to the complexion of the patient, *apostemata*, blockages, or ulcers. Four recipes are provided in the general cure. Eight recipes and specific dietary controls are given in the cure for the subheading De Debilitate et Oppilatione Renum. For the subheading De Dolore Renum Periodali propter eorum Oppilationem, a specific regimen is provided with instructions for diet, sleep, and exercise, along with eight recipes.

### [De Apostemate Renum et Vesice, 9]

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This condition may be caused by the liver, the membranes (presenting with great pain), surrounding organs, or problems in the lower back. Signs of this condition depend on the location and cause of the *apostemata*, but in general they include signs in the urine, localized pressure according to the part causing the problem, a continual fever, and great pain. Three recipes are given in the cure.

Clarificacio. Entende þat þoz waterinesse passye contynuelliche þurz þe raynes and enpostem is most engendered off humours for waterinesse passiþ liztliche.

Jn þe 2, entende þat he þat hathe apostemate in the raynes and he ligge vppon his rigge, he schal haue lasse akynge. For the raynes bithe in here owne settynge naturel and it is lasse worse to ligge on the hoole syde, þanne on the sike syde. And he hathe moste rest whanne he liggyþ vppon his rigge. Who þat hath apostem in his syde, as pleuresis, whanne he liggiþ vppon þe sore syde somwhat he is agreuyd for þe pressynge, but whanne þe enpostem of the syde is confermyd it wole agreue hym more to ligge vppon þe hole syde þanne vppon the sore for the mater hangiþ in the pannicule and agreuyþ byneþe and aboue.

Jn be 3, entende bat it is resounable in euery enpostem of the raynes hoot obere colde bat his vryne be ycoloured. For hete rennyb to place bat akyb and spiritus and humour hoote of conplexioun bat makib be vryne hey3 in coloure. But drunkenesse ober any obere bynge lette hyt as bib many colde binges.

In pe 4, entende pat a feuere ffolewip apostemata renum wheper it be hoot opere colde [f. 232r] ffor noblenesse of the leme and sencyble and for rotynge, whiche rotynge may come to be herte by pe vayne pat is clepyd kylis.

In the 5, entende bat mollificatives schullib be put to firste and after bat ober as it is aforsaide.

Jn þe laste, entende þat þoʒ hony ne be noʒt goode in enpostemys of the raynes and of the bladdre, ʒitte it may be goode in lytel quantite wiþ myche water, þanne it is goode by resoun þat it wole make clene. <sup>1186</sup>

# De Vlceribus Renum, 10

Vicera comyb in the raynys and in the bladdre and bitwixe hem.

Cause. Causis comyb somtyme wib out, somtyme wib in. Wib out, as of woundis, smytynge, fallynge, coitus to myche, scharpe medicynes diuretik, wyne, and ober mo.

3iff it be wib in, banne it may be of enpostm euyl youred and made clene obere for humour in the same place and for viscous mater cleuynge berto obere for scharpenesse of mater obere of the stone whanne he brekib ober quyttoure bat comyb from the loungis obere fro the lyuere and many mo.

Signa. 3iff vicera be in the raynes, þanne þere is akynge in the same place and in his hepys and quytture medlyed wib coldenesse in the vrine and content berof wullib be rede and he makib vryne wib grete penaunce. 3iff it be in the bladdre, þanne his akynge is in pectine þere þe heris bithe. Þe quyttour makib residence and it is as it were departyd fro the vrine and gothe out wib grete agreuaunce. Quytture þat comyb of partijs aboue is knowe by harme of the same partijs.

Vicera of the raynes mowe be raper cured for the leme is more ffleschy. 3iff it be in the way bitwixe the raynys and the bladdre, for they bithe more neruous, it is worse to cure.

Pronosticacio. Vlcera of the raynys bat bithe olde ne schullib neuere be cured ffor bey bithe afestryd. Of these fals byhestis leue of.

Cura. Jn the ffirst<sup>1187</sup> bigynnynge, make hym a clistere, 3if his wombe be costyf, wib softe bingis. Thanne make hym caste tofore mete and after for that doth myche goode in pasciouns of the raynys and in the bladdre. And 3iff particuleris ffalle berfore,<sup>1188</sup> lete hym blode in basilica and in sophena. Panne purge the mater after the humour. Thanne make clene the place.

Thingis þat makiþ clene bithe þese: water of barliche, ydromel [antiquum], <sup>1189</sup> decoccioun ysopi, prassij, <sup>1190</sup> yreos, capilli veneris, rosis. Milk helpithe wel to **[f. 232v]** make hym clene. 3iff þou drede lest the mylk be corupt, do þeron a lytel salt and hony. And it schal be take of the brest in as myche as it is possible; mylke may be instede of mete and drinke and medicyne. And after tyme þat he hathe etyn milk he ne schal ete none oþer mete or it be out of the stomak and of the lyuere, 3if it be possible.

Thanne zeue hym consolidatiues, as bolus, sanguis draconis, mirra, spodium, and ober mo.

Tofore alle bese, aceesye his akynge wib narcoticis, as iusquiamus, opium, mandragora, papauer, psillium, sandali, rose, and ober mo. Thanne make a medicyne bat hathe vertue of al bat bithe forsaide.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1186</sup> clene] *followed by* ne *deleted in black ink* 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1188</sup> and . . . berfore] *Deletion of duplicated line* 

antiquum] aquticum

prassij] preceded by pp deleted in red ink

**347 Rx** quatuor seminia frigidorum mundatorum, semen papaueris albi, semen malue, semen bombacis, semen portulaca, semen citoniorum, mirtillorum, dragaganti, gummi arabici, pinearum munde, cubebarum, <sup>1191</sup> fisticarum, candi, penidiarum, liquirice munde, ordeum munde, muscilagines psillij, amigdalarum ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  j, boli armeniensus, sanguis draconis, rosis, spodij, mirre ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  ij. Medle hem wiþ ydromel and make þerof gobettis. And whanne þou wulte vsie hem, distempere oon þerof wiþ milk and 3eue hyt hym. 3iff vlcera be in vesica, distempere oon wiþ milke and put hyt in wiþ ciringam.

He mete leue alle salt metis and scharpe and alle soure and alle binges bat bithe to swete and alle bat bithe to myche diuretik. Lete hym vse ordeatum, aqua ordei, gallinis, perdicibus, smalle bryddys, and rere ayryn, ffische ful of schillys of clene water. And he may vse pineis, but none fygus, as it is forsaide.

3iff the quytture be swype grete, do to be fo[r]saide<sup>1192</sup> pingis ysopus, spicanardi, radix lilij, apij, and oper mo. Somytme he mote vse mundificatiuis pat makip clene and somtyme to accesse his akynge.

Clarificacio. Entende þat mylke is goode in vlceribus of the bladdre and in the loungis and in other lemys wibin for it hathe 3 propretees ful necessare to vlcera. For it makib clene bycause of be whaye and it nourshib bicause of the buttre and alle bese vlcera haueb nede of, as we sayde quinto de ingenis. And it is goode in ydropisi and etik and in hem that bithe consumpt, banne it nys no mervaile bog it make clene vlcera of be raynys and of the bladdre.

Jn 'the' 2, entende þat vryne propreliche by his owne kynde ne makiþ none vlcus. For it nys but as it were a maner spice of watere, as Galen seiþ de juuamentis membrorum, and it ne duelliþ but lytel while. Thinge þat makiþ vlcus bithe scharpe humours ymedlyd wiþ water other for humours þat bithe grete and viscous, þat makiþ vlcus wiþ grete violence and preschiþ in the body and makiþ scharpe qualitees and prickynge.

Jn the 3, entende bat a feuere ne ffolewib nozt vlceracyoun of the **[f. 233r]** raynes ffor the mater may be aventyd. And bog a ffeuere mow folewe ober enpostemys bat is for bey ne mowe nozt be aventyd.

Jn the 4, entende bat quyttoure of the raynes ne stinkib nozt as it dothe in the bladdre. For the raynes bithe ffleschy and more hoote and stronger and mowe more be aventyd and be matere ypurgyd. And berfor, it ne stinkib nozt so myche as bat obere that comyb of the bladdre for it is more colde and ne hathe no bloode.

#### De Minctu Sanguinis, 11

Bloode that schewib in vryne somtyme comyb of the lyuere and somtyme of ober lemys and somtyme of the raynys and somtyme of the bladdre and somtyme of the vaynes. Somtyme it is clene and somtyme vnclene, somtyme wib quitture and somtyme wibout, and somtyme as it were waschynge of fflesche.

Cause. This comyb somtyme of causis wib out, as of smytynge, ffallynge, coytus to myche, myche trauaile, replecyoun of mete and drinke, and takynge<sup>1193</sup> a way of som flux bat he was woned haue, as menstrua, emoroydis, and ober mo. 3iff it come wib in, bat may be of grete replecyoun, other of scharpe

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1191</sup> See commentary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1192</sup> forsaide] fosaide

 $<sup>^{1193}</sup>$  takynge] preceded by medicyne deleted in red ink

humours, opere wynde ffallynge adoun, oper vlcus, opere enpostem, other it may come for feblenesse of the raynys and of the bladdre, opere for vlcera, and so of other mo, to speke of alle.

12555

Jtem, somtyme it comyb of crisis and by way of makynge clene and somtyme by wayes of sinthomatica.

3iff it come of the lyuere, it is wibout akynge. 3iff it come of the raynys, it is wib akynge of be raynys and the blode berof wole be clere. 3iff it come of the lyuere, it nel nogt be clere. 3iff it come of the bladdre, it wole be trouble.

12560

Bloode wip quyttoure signifieb brekynge of enpostem. Blood whanne it comyb myche and sodeynliche signifieb brekynge of a vayne. And whanne it comyb lytel and lytel, it signifieb ffretynge ober swetynge other lytel openynge. Whanne it comyb of replecyoun, bou my3t knowe hyt by moysture of the body. 3iff it come by way of clansynge, banne hyt wole releuye hym. Ober causis mowe be knowe by jugynge.

12565

Pronosticacio. Euery fflux of bloode pat be myche, it is euyl. Flux of blode that comythe of the bladdre is worse to cure thanne any opere. Bloode schewynge in vryne longe tyme is euyl for it signifiep vlcera.

12570

Cura. Jn the ffirst bigynnynge, lete hym blode de epatica. And prinspalliche, ʒiff the cause be newe. Panne stiptica ne schulliþ noʒt be put þerto oþere the wayes<sup>1194</sup> of vryne bithe made clene and bloode þat is congelyd be put out.

**[f. 233v]** Sethe radix yreos, apij, ysopi, liquirice in mylke and clense hyt and lete hym drinke þerof. Other make hym a decoccioun wip mylk and capillus veneris wip a lytel water and hony. Þanne lete hym vse þis medicyne:

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**348 Rx** quatuor seminia frigidorum mundatorum, semen papaueris albi, dragaganti, liquirice, masticis, thuris, mirre, ambre ana 3 ij, cupularum glandium, spodij, kacabre, sandali, mu[sca]tellini, <sup>1195</sup> sanguis draconis, bolus armeniensus, acasie, terre sigillate, mirtillorum, sumac, coriandri preparati ana 3 iij, spume marine, <sup>1196</sup> squinanti ana 3  $\beta$ . Medle hem wiþ iuse of plantayne and make þerof gobettis. And whanne thou wolt vse hem, distempere oon þerof wiþ mylke and ʒeue hyt hym oþere putte hyt in wiþ ciringam. Hirof þou myʒt make enplastrum and lay hyt vppon the particule of the pacient. Take oon oþere many after þe particuleris.

12580

J was ysend after to the Abbotte of Serne for he pissyd blode and was myche enfebelyd þerwiþ and he hadde myche akynge in his rizt syde bynethe the lytel ribbis. And Y tauzt hem hou þey scholde staunche hym of pyssynge of blode. But his akynge leste allegate, but he was staunchyd of pyssynge of bloode. And þanne at last his vryne bicome whyte and fful of whyte raggis þeron. And þanne he biganne to cast his mete and contynued hyt 2 daies and þanne he deyed.

12585

And þis Y sey to warne afore þat akynge and it leste allegate, þat it is perylous and namely in a leene man as he was.

<sup>. . .</sup> 

 $<sup>^{1194}</sup>$  wayes] preceded by vane deleted in red ink

muscatellini] mutacellini

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1196</sup> See commentary

Clarificacio. Entende þat þoʒ it be so þat vaynes ne be noʒt in the way þere the vryne passiþ fro the raynes to þe bladdre, neuerþelattre, wiþin bithe vaynys of whiche may come blode to þe wayes of the vryne.

Obere the blode may come of the lemys and 3iff bere be vaynys beron so mych be bettre. For it is possible bat blode that comyb fro be vayne bat is clepyd kilis wib waterinesse ne suffyse no3t to nourschie thes wayes.

Jn þe 2, entende þat bloode þat comyth fro þe lyuere is wiþout akynge oþere wiþ lytel akynge. For the lyuere ne ffeliþ noʒt of hym self by resoun of the pannicle.

Jn the 3, entende þat bloode and quyttour þat comyþ ffro the bladdre ne bithe noʒt medlyd, but departyd. And þat is for the gretenesse of the blode.

Bloode þat comyþ of the raynys and off the lyuere is more sotil. Therfore, it medlyþ hym more togedre ffor the longenesse of the way.

Jn the 4, entende bat vicera of the bladdre bithe lattre youred for hir naturel conplexioun colde and for hir humydite, 'moystenesse', bat lettib saudynge of the raynes. Raynys bithe more hoote and hauyb more hete [f. 234r] that makib vicera rather hool.

Jn the laste, entende by grace of the mater bog quyttour be more hoote ban fleuma, neuerbelattre, ziff quytture be put in watere it ffallib to the botme for his heuynesse. Perfor, it is euyl signe in ptisic. Fleuma is more hoote ban naturel hete and hathe more of ayre and nys nozt so congelyd, berfor, it ffletib aboue.

### De Lapide Renum, 12

The stone is an euyl officyal in noumbre addyd out of kynde.

Entende that a stone is engenderyd somtyme in the bladdre, somtyme in the raynys, and in many oper holow placys, as Galen seythe.

Cause. Causis, some bib mene and some remeuyb. Meene causis bithe 3: grete viscous mater, as ffleume obere quyttour ober mater ober grete bloode, the 2 cause may be grete hete, be 3 may be straytenesse of passynge out.

The maner of gaderynge of be stone is bis. Whanne any<sup>1197</sup> grete mater and viscous cleuyb in sum meatu and hete is stronge, banne the hete wolde defye hyt. But it ne may nogt ffor lettynge of be matere. Panne it resoluyb bat is most sotil and the remenaunt bicomyb hard and gaderyb the stone.

Causis remeuyd bithe some wipout, as al maner mete þat engenderyþ grete bloode, as swete brede, newe wyne, trouble water, olde chese, benyn, grewel, bryddys þat swymmyþ in water, fflesche of wilde bestis, ffisch wipout schillis, and oþer mo.

Causis wiþin biþ indigestioun, rawnesse humour, drunkenesse, ffeble vertue to put out. And whanne þese drawiþ togedre þe stone is neyʒ.

Signys of gaderynge of the stone bithe whanne his vryne is bicke and trouble wib myche trauaile and bicomyb liztliche bynne wib akynge of the partijs. Wib out drede, bis signifieb bat the stone is confermyd. Pere comyb myche grauel ther bat be stone is confermyd and bicke vryne, bat signifieb dissolucyoun of the stone.

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 $<sup>^{1197}</sup>$  any] preceded by w deleted in black ink

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Entende bat in hem bat schewib myche grauel and bicke vryne bey ffallib late in the stone. And ziff bey ffalle beron, it is worse ban any ober.

Ther is difference bitwixe be stone of the raynys and a stone of the bladdre. For the stone of the bladdre is more whyte and harder and gretter. The stone of be raynys is lasse and more nasche and reed.

12630

Open signe bat the stone is in the bladdre is akynge of pecten and perytonion. And 3if hem lyft to pysse it is longe or bey may pysse and whanne thei pissib bei hauyb wille to go to sege. And somtyme his ers gothe out. 3iff it be in childhode, he hath icchynge in the [f. 234v] zerde and his zerd stondib allegate.

12635

Entende þat somtyme akynge restiþ more and somtyme lasse. And whanne þe stone is lytel, he ffallib in the wayes of the vryne and he is worse ban 3if it be myche and makib grete akynge. And whanne the akynge is in the raynes, banne he hathe grete akynge in the rigge bone and in the haunchis and hym thenkib allegate bat he is prickyd and somtyme he ffallib adounward.

Entende bat the stone in the raynys is ofte engenderyd in ffatte men and in olde men ffor ffeblenesse of vertue to putte out.

12640

In malencolious men and in childerne it ffallib ofte in the bladdre ffor the vetue of puttynge out puttib hyt more ffer.

The stone of the raynes and of the bladdre is longe lestynge, as Auicenna saib.

12645

Cura. In the ffirst bigynnynge, he schal vse sotyl dietynge and lyzt to defye and he mote kepe qualite, quantite, and ordre. Panne he schal vse supposytorijs and clisterijs. Panne he schal vse castynge ffor in this cause it is goode. 3iff he take any laxatyf, it schal be feble and softe for it wolde drawe mater to the place. Azen be akynge werk in this manere. He schal ryde in a carte obere on a trottynge hors and walke by hyze hyllys. Thanne bathe hym to be girdel stede in a bathe bere be malua, bismalua, peritaria, creta marina, tribulus marinus, camo[mille], 1198 mellilotum, anthos. Whane he gothe out of his bathe make hym enplastrum wib fenigreci, lynseed, oleum sizaminum. Thanne zeue hym ffresche triacle.

12650

Somtyme be stone is in the necke off the bladdre and he ne may nogt pysse. Thanne heue vp his haunchis and smyte hys zerde and pecten bat the stone mowe ffalle in bat he mowe make watere. Thane go we to breke the stone.

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3iff bere be gravel in his vryne, clense the vryne and drye the grauel. Panne 3iff the grauel be nasche, we hauyb grete tryst of brekynge. 3iff it be hard and euel to breke, it is drede berof. Thynges bat brekiþ the stone wiþ grete strengþe bithe þese: lapidis Iudeus, lapidis spongee, [cineris]<sup>1199</sup> scorpionis, cineris leporis combusti, cineris testarum ouorum a quibus exiuerunt pulli, cineris auicule que vocatur [cauda] tremula, sanguis irci, aqua raphani, lingua serpentis, and bese bith goode for venym. But wib bingis bou most worche wyseliche. Now Y wole speke bettre of the cure.

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The cure of the stone is in 3 manerys: some is kepynge from the stone, and some aceesib akynge, and some cureb of the stone. To do awey the akynge of the stone, make hym a bathe of malue, bismalue, semen altee, semen lini, tribuli marini, campestris, anisi, ciminis ana libra β. And lay of the

<sup>1198</sup> camomille] camo

<sup>1199</sup> cineris] crines

herbis vppon his heris **[f. 235r]** and wasche hym wel in the bathe in the same place. And euery tyme bat he gothe out of hys bathe, <sup>1200</sup> 3eue hym newe triacle. For 3if it be newe, it is the bettre.

Jtem, make hym this enplastrum vppon his heris:

**349 Rx** malue, bismalue, semen altee, semen lini, caricarum, butiri recenti ana  $\S$  ij. And make þerof enplastrum.

Pis cure nys but a mytigatyf. 3iff his akynge ne be noʒt aceesyd herwiþ, make hym cast wiþ seed of raphani, attriplicis oþere wiþ the myddel rynde of raphanus oþere wiþ nux vomica. Þis is goode in alle 3 maneres forsaide.

Jtem, make hym a clisterie wib violis, malua, mercurialis, and iuse of bleta, oleum violaceum, and yerapigra. Take hirof as myche as wole suffice after disposicyoun of the leche.

3iff bou wolt kepe hym from the stone, lete hym vse bis manere dietynge. He ne schal vse no flesche, but bryddys bat bithe in vse, but he schal leue hem bat swymmyb in watere. And he schal vse the brothe of cicerum nigrorum wib oleo de cartamo. Lete hym vse whyte wyne medlyd wib water of cicerum nigrorum. Raphanus and the leuys berof and the water berof distillyd kepyb hym from the stone. Castynge is goode berfore. Slepe vppon his rigge is goode. A brydde bat is clepyd causa tremula, whaber he be fresche ober salt, ysode obere yrostyd, it is good for hym.

Jtem, take an olde goote bucke and nourshe hym wip diuretik herbis wip fenel, barliche, saxiffragie, milium, solis. And panne in somere gyrde of his hede and take pe blode and make hyt to gobettis and drowe hyt and make poudre perof. This poudre kepithe hym fro the stone and curep hym. Sulphri bathis bithe goode for hym. 3if he ne haue none, boyle sulphre in watere and wete peron a sponge and lay hyt hoot to his heris.

Cure of the stone is brekynge of the stone wib dietynge and goode regymen, so bat his body ne be nozt replete ne reumatik ne swybe bynne. Þanne do this medicyne:

**350 Rx** cineris scorpionis ʒ ij, cantaridis, þe hedys kutte away and the wyngis, ʒ j, sanguis irci drie ℥ ij, cineris vitis, cineris caulium, cineris leporis, auis caude tremule, cineris ouorum a quibus exi[u]erunt<sup>1201</sup> pulli ana ʒ iij, lapidis ludaici, lapidis [inuenti in] fell bouis, lapidis spongie, piperis, dauci, carui, semen altee, gummi arabici, semen saxifragie, milij folis, siceleos, carpobalsami, xilobalsami, spicenardi, capilli veneris, iiij semina frigidorum ana ℥ j. Medle hem wiþ mel roset and lete hym vse þerof þe quantite of tway auellanis erliche and late wiþ a decoccioun of cicerum, tribuli marini.

Jtem, enoynte the place of the **[f. 235v]** heris wib oyle of scorpiouns. And [it] is made in this manere:

**351 Rx** aristologie, genciane, cipressi corticis, radicis capparis ana  $\S$  j, olei amigdalarum amararum libra j. Stampe hem wel and boyle hem in the forsaide oyle and water til the watere be consumyd and clense hyt and do theron x scorpiouns. And do hem in a potte wel stoppyyd wiþ luyt and put hyt in an ouen bere þat brede is drawe out þerof and lete hyt stonde þere al a nyʒt. And þerwiþ anoynte pecten, þat is the place þere the heris bithe, and wete welle in the forsaide oyle and laye þerto.

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<sup>1200</sup> bathe] preceded by bedde deleted in red ink

<sup>1201</sup> exiuerunt] exierunt

Jtem, 3iff he ne mowe no3t make vryne obere ffor the stone is grete and stoppib the hool obere lytel and ffallib theron, banne halde his leggys an hy3e and his hede lou3 and smyte hym vppon the bladdre and ffrote hym and presse hym. Panne the stone wole falle out of the hole to the botme of be bladdre. Thanne he may make watere. This is remedie for be tyme. Other take an instrument bat is clepyd cyringa and put hyt in by the hoole of the 3erde and put in be stone and take § 1 of the forsaide conditum and distempere hyt wib water of raphanus and mylke and strayne hyt and put hyt in ofte at his 3erde wib cyringa.

12705 Jtem, he may vse these electuaria:

**352 Rx** electuarium ducis, lico[n]tripon<sup>1202</sup> ana  $\S$  3, dyaprunis libra  $\beta$ . Medle hem to gedre.

Bryddys yrostyd and crabbis yrostyd is good mete in this caas. Castynge after mete is goode. He schal leue grete replecyoun of mete and drinke and he schal vse trauayle in tempere to fore mete. He schal leue alle grete metis, as beof, hard chese, harde ayryn, caul, grewel, al saf brothe of cicerum. And he schal leue ffische þat hathe none schillys. And he may vsie fenel, borago, persil, sperago, origano, calamento, psillio, raphano, spinarchia.

He ne schal vse none medicynes laxatiues, but he may vse castynge tofor mete, for that is goode. The cure of the stone þat þis cure nel noʒt fulfil, Y resigne to surgiauns.

Clarificacio. Entende þat of matere ysode, but nozt profiteliche ysode, is engenderyd þe stone, for it is viscous. For ʒiff it were al rawe, it ne myʒt noʒt congelye for superfluyte of moysture. And ʒiff it were drye, it ne may noʒt bicome hard for it wolde rather pouderye. Panne it mote nede be viscous whanne naturel hete worchib in raw mater viscous and remeuyb a way bat is sotil and be remenaunt bicomyb hard and tournyb to a stone.

Jn be 2, entende bat a stone may be engenderyd of quytture, but it comyb seelde. And berof entende bat in wommen be stone is late engenderyd for coldenesse and the passsynge out is wyde and schorte.

Jn the 3, entende þat to generacioun **[f. 236r]** of the stone bithe 3 þinges necessarie, as it is forsayde. Grete hete þat consumyþ sotil partijs and þe remenaunt bicomyþ hard and tournyþ to a stone. Congelacyoun of coldenesse ne may noʒt do this in a mannys body and the stone ne may noʒt be dissoluyd wiþ hete but brende more, as it schewiþ of a tyel that is brende in a fourneys. Þerfor, hete is cause to engendre þe stone wiþ viscous matere. In none oþer manere he ne may noʒt be engenderyd.

The birde binge bat helpib is straytenes of the place. It schewib wel bat the stone ne may noʒt be engenderyd of malencolia boʒ be contrare be saide. And boʒ metis bat engendre malencoliam engendrie be stone, ʒitt be stone ne comyb noʒt of malencolie, but be metis engendrib the stone. For bey bithe euyl to defye and berof is raw fleume engenderyd. Of euery mete, whaber it be sanguine other coleric obere malencolious, ʒiff it ne be noʒt wel defyed in be stomak, it engenderib rawe ffleume obere raw humour and bat mater is able to tourne to be stone. And hirof entende bat boʒ bere be myche ffleumatik mater in the stomak and boʒ he haue myche hete, ʒitte ʒif the passinges out be wyde he schal late haue be stone.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1202</sup> licontripon] licotripon

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Jn the 4, entende bat be stone is seelde engenderyd in olde men, but in childeryn it is ofte. For in hem is myche ffleumatik matere and bey hauyb be stone in the bladdre. And in the age of 16 zere and 20 zere he is most engenderyd in the raynes.

#### De Diabetica Pascione, 13

Dyabetica pascio is makynge of to myche vrine.

Entende bat in this pascioun is myche berst and he drinkib myche and rigt as he receyuyb so he pissib out and bis pascioun is like to caninus appetitus.

Cause of bis pascion, for the most parte, is grete hete of the raynys bat drawib waterinesse fro the lyuere and be lyuere fro be stomak. And in bat manere he hathe contynuel berste and the vertue of drawynge is confortyd and be vertue of haldynge is enfebelyd. And berfor, it goth out as blyue as it is drunke.

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Somtyme it comyb of grete coldenesse of the raynys and of al the body. And somtyme, boz be cause be colde, zitt he berstib myche, for coldensse may make be palesye and makib be vryne gone out.

Signa. Signys of this pascioun bithe open - whanne vryne is pissed in myche quantite.

Signum. The signe, 3iff it come of hete, is bat he schal fele hete and akynge and prickynge in the raynes and ober signes of hete.

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3iff coldenesse be in the cause, pane he felip coldenesse in the raynes and in his feet and in his hondys and colde binges dothe hym harm and hote dothe hym goode.

[f. 236v] 3iff this pascioun durye and ne be nozt cured perof hys body bicomyb lene and ffeble and bringeb hym to nozt. And for this pascioun comyb most of hete, berfor speke we berof ffirst.

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Cura. In the ffirst bigynnynge, make hym a clisterie bat be softe, banne make hym cast, thanne lete hym blode, þanne purge hym wiþ manna, cassiafistula, thanne lete hym drinke colde watere, thanne make hym cast vppe all togedre. Thanne lete hym vse bis drinke. Make muscilago of psillium, thanne take coriandrum preparatum, spodij, coralli, cakabre, sanguis draconis, mu[sca]tellini<sup>1203</sup> ana 3 2, camphore 3 β. Make perof gobettis wip muscilago and distempere oon perof wip mylk of ewyn soure bat be buttre be take out berof.

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Thanne conforte his raynes in bis manere:

353 Rx cupularum glandium, psidie, balaustie, acacie, rosarum, 1204 boli armeniensus, ypoquistidos ana 3 β, lapdani ʒ ij. Medle hem wib sirupo mirtino and make berof an enplastrum.

And lete hym vse ordeatum, auenatum, amidum and peris ysode, citonijs, portulaca, cucurbite, melonibus. And lete hym vsie grete wyne wib myche watere. And he schal leue alle diuretikis.

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3iff it be colde and wib grete berste, banne the cure is ful hard. Lete hym vsye wyne swete smellynge and ffrote his hondis and his fete and sette ventosis vppon his raynes wipout garsinge.

3iff mater be in cause, purge hym wib yerapigra and make hym cast wib raphano, sirupo mirtino and make hym enplastrum of ladanum, mirra, thuris, mastic, nucis cipressi, anisi asso, ruta, menta. And make hym a bathe perof. And frote the place til he bicome red.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1203</sup> muscatellini] mutacellini

<sup>1204</sup> See commentary

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3iff the cause be colde and wipout perst, panne make hym a syrupe of castor, mirra, piretrum, cupule glandium and seth hem in sirupo mirtino and lete hym vse perof erliche and late. And lete hym vse perof 3olkis of ayren, ffatte hennys yrostyd, and oper mo.

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Clarificacio. Entende þat in dyabetica pascione, prinspaly whanne the cause is hoot, þere is errour in drawynge and it drawiþ out of temperaunce and for the quantite is to myche. Þerfor, in the secunde haldynge ffayliþ, wherfor as it is drawe, it is putte out. And in þat manere, his body bicomyþ drye and wastiþ.

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Jn the 2, entende pat in lienteria goth out rawe mete and vndefyed and in dyabetica vryne gothe out rawe and vndefyed, but the causis ne bithe noʒt oon. For in lienteria it comyþ for coldenesse and ffeblenesse of digestioun and in dyabetica it comyþ most of hete þat confortiþ drawynge. Þerfor, it is wiþ grete therst and he schal be cured wiþ colde þingis. It schewiþ wel þat dyabetica comyþ of hete, þoʒ his vryne be loʒ in coloure.

Jn þe 3, [f. 237r] entende þat þoʒ the cause of dy[a]betica<sup>1205</sup> be hoot, ʒitt hys vryne is loʒ in

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colour and þynne for it abydeþ so lytel tyme in the lyuere þat none humour ne may medly þerwiþ to coloure hyt.

Jn the 4, entende þat in dyabetica is grete þerst for drynesse of the stomak, but he ne hath none hunger for replecyoun of hete.

Jn the 5, entende bat rede grauel, whanne it schewib in the first bigynnynge wib akynge and agreuaunce of the raynes, it signifieb be stone in the raynys. 3if bere schewye none rede greuel and his akynge leue, byt signifieb the stone confermyd. 3iff bere schewye bere after myche berof wib releuynge of his akynge, it signifieb brekynge of the stone.

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Pe same Y seye of the bladdre whanne bere schewib whyte grauel. Of bis matere we speke tofore. Jn the laste, entende bat in dyabetica pascione grete dyetynge is goode bat it mowe longe duelle bat it ne be nozt liztlyche drawe out and grete in the meene lest it lette digestioun.

#### De Stranguria, 14

Stranguria is whanne a man pissib droppynge.

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Entende þat vryne is put out agen hys wille oþere it is wiþholde agen his wille and þerof we woleþ speke hirafter.

3iff it be put out azen his wille bat may be in tway maneres. Obere it is put out in to myche quantite and wastib his body and so it is dyabetica, berof it is forsaide. 3iff it be put out azen his wille lytel and lytel by droppynge, banne it is stranguria. Perffore, it is well sayde bat stranguria is puttynge out of vryne azen his wille by droppys.

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Causa. The cause hirof is wipout opere wipin.

3if it be wip out, pat may be of thingis to hoote and diuretik whanne they bithe ytake in grete quantite, as licontripon, electuarium ducis, and oper mo, and myche drinkynge of colde water opere sittynge in colde places.

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3iff it be wibin, thanne it may come for enpostem of the lyuere, obere for ober pasciouns of the raynys, of the maris, and of the guttis, and of the bladdre, and of al be body, obere for crisim. Alle these causis mowe be reducyd to twayne: to grete hete bytynge and prickynge obere grete coldenesse bat

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1205</sup> dyabetica] dybetica

makib the palesye. Whanne this pascion comyb of hoote causis, banne he hath brennynge and prickynge and gete berste.

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3iff it come of colde cause, þanne his akynge is lytel and cold þinges dothe hym harm and hoote dothe hym goode.

Pronosticacio. Here we may seye bat bis pascion, 3 if it dure longe, it is euyl and foul and lettib alle goode worchyngis, bothe spiritual and naturel. For it ne letyb a man studye ne slepe ne defye his mete.

Cura. In be first bigynnynge, **[f. 237v]** 3iff his wombe be costyf, make hym clisterijs, thanne make hym cast, banne lete hym blode. And 3iff the particuleris acordye, purge the mater bat is in the cause wib binges bat bithe forsayde as the mater ffallib fore. Panne 3iff the cause be hoote, lete hym vse cucurbitis, melonibus, lactuca, spinarchijs, attriplicybus and lete hym vse sirupo mirtino, 3uccare roset, triasandali, dragaganti frigidi, carnibus citoniorum conditorum cum 3uccare wibout spycys. And make hym enplastrum vppon his bladdre wib mirtillorum, rosis, sumac, ypoquistidos, spodium, sandali, cacabre, ladano and medle hem wib muscilago psillij and sirupo rosato. And make hym berof enplastrum obere drinkis wib soure mylk that the buttre be take out berof.

3iff the cause be colde, 3eue hym þinges rostyd and sode and swete smellynge wyne and make hym enplastrum wiþ thus, storax calamyta, ambra, cinamomo, gariofilorum, galanga, nuce cipressi, cimino asso, ruta, menta, absinthium, origanum, calamentum. And it is almost the same cure as dyabetica.

Atende bat in an hoote cause bou schalt laye wibout colde binges and stiptica in grete quantite and stiptica bat bithe hoote in lytel quantite. And 3if the cause be colde, do the contrarie.

Jn a colde cause, zeue hym tiriaca, metridatum, aurea alexandrina, dya ambra, dya olibanum, dyamenta, dyacitoniten, dya galanga.

Clarificacio. Entende after the techynge of Galen de morbo þat alle thynge þat is putt out of a mannys body oþere it is yhalde for 3 þinges other it is for disposicyoun of þe leme oþere of the mater oþere of the vertue. Verba gratia, jn stranguria his vryne comyþ out by droppys agen his wille þat is for the mater is to myche oþere to hoote oþere to colde. Hete prickiþ, coldenesse makiþ dede. 3iff it be by resoun of the leme, as 3iff it be to brode and racchynge and relesyd. 3if it be bycause of the vertue, as for vertue of puttynge out is stronge and wiþhaldynge feble. Þerfor, it is ysayde couenable þat stranguria is for scharpenesse of the vryne and for febelnesse of wiþhaldynge.

Jn the2, entende bat wynde bat is clepyd septentionalis, 3 if it worche strongliche in the body, it straynyb be wombe and vryne. 3 iff it be feble, it confortib alle the vertuis in a mannys body.

## De Illis Qui Ignoranter Lectos Mingunt, 15

They that pisseb in here beddys vnwetynly slepynge bat may be for the lacertis of the bladdre bithe bicome nasche and ne may nozt wibhalde. Other the whyle he slepithe hym thenkib bat he is in a place to pysse and thanne vertue of ymaginacioun hotib expulsyf and in that manere he pissib his bedde.

Cura:

**354 Rx** ossa mirabolanum and roste hem and aquenche hem in vynegre and drie hem. Panne **[f. 238r]** roste glandes and aquenche hem in water of rosis. Thanne roste nasturcium and aquenche hyt in be iuse of agresta. Whanne these bithe drye, poudre hem and medle hem wib mirre, storax calamita, ambra,

semen reute, nucis cipressi, masticis, thuris, ladani and medle hem wib sirupo mirtino. Hirof bou myʒt make hym drinkis obere enplastrum obere oyle other vnguentum obere electuaria. And it is goode in pasciouns of the raynes of colde cause whanne his body is made clene.

3iff the cause be of ymagynacyoun of any place bere he was woned to pysse, lete make bat place fayre bat whanne he seeb hyt bat he be aschamyd to pysse beron. In tyme of soukynge ne zeue no triacle, but lete hym ete lasse and drinke lasse and he ne schal nozt slepe to myche and he mote leue alle bingis bat naschib the neruys. Hire nys none ordre of worchynge bicause of schortenesse.

Clarificacio. Entende þat the bladdre of a bole and of a goote, þog þey be colde in hemself, þey bithe goode in this cause, as men seyn þat hauyþ aprouyd hyt. Y ne attende hyt nogt.

Jn be 2, entende bat bog in dyabetica vryne passe out agen his wille and bog it come of hoote cause, gitte bis puttynge out off vryne nis nogt anygt of hete, but more of coldenesse and of the palesye and is put out of the raynys in grete quantite. In bis cause wibhaldynge ffailyb bycause of coldenesse. Perfor, it bithe dyuerse causis.

Jn the 3, entende bat pyssynge abedde comyb most in childeryn for her neruys and lacertis bithe feble. Perfor, they hauyb hyt liztliche. And olde men hauyb hyt lattre for her neruys bithe more hard, but in hem bat bithe in grete elde ffor in hem nys nober ordre ne reule anyzt and in tyme of slepe superfluytees gaderib most wibine.

#### De Dissuria, 16

Dissuria is wiphaldynge of vryne agen his wille. Whanne a man hathe wille to pysse and ne may nogt, opere for he ne may nogt, he ne hathe none appetyte perto.

Entende passynge out <sup>1206</sup> of vryne is take awey so that bere ne goth out wel neiz nozt. Somtyme it is made lasse. For boz it be wibholde for a tyme azen his wille, zitt after bat it is put out, boz it be wib grete hardenesse. Somtyme the passynge out is corupte and is out of ordre, as it is forsayde in stranguria.

Causa. Enchesoun of wiphaldynge of vryne, some is naturel and some in naturel. Thanne it comyb wib out other wib in. 3iff it come wib out, banne it may come for blowynge of norberen wyndes, other for bathynge of colde watere, ober for longe syttynge vppon a marbre and vppon colde stonys, ober for he enoyntib hym self wib **[f. 238v]** narcotica, and ober mo.

3iff the cause be wiþ in, thanne it may come of the bladdre other of oþer lemys, þanne his vryne is constrayned and yhalde agen his wille, oþere for enpostem of the marice oþer pasciouns of the ballokis oþere of the guttis whan his fecys bithe to hard oþere for pascions of the raynys, as enpostem oþere the stone, and oþer mo, other for pascions of the lyuere, oþer for pascions of the brayn, as mania, malencolia, þat þey forgetiþ to pysse, oþere in litargia for pascions of the neruys and lacertis whanne þey bicomyþ nasche, oþere for the spasme, and it comyþ for pascions of al the body, as in a feuere agu þat drieþ and fretiþ.

3iff it come of the bladdere, þanne it comyth of naturel pasciouns, as 3iff a man be in a worshiplic place and nel noʒt remeue hym þannys and thanne hys bladdre bicomyþ ful and wexiþ wyde aboue and constraynyþ byneþe. After þat whan he wolde pysse, he ne may noʒt for straytenesse of the hool.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1206</sup> out] preceded by ous deleted in black ink

3iff it come of other pasciouns bat may be in 3 maneres, as for euelys bat bithe clepyd semelable, officyal, obere comyn, as euel conplexioun hoote, as a ffeuere is, and that ffallib seelde. Obere it may come of euyl conplexioun colde and bat comyb ofte. 3iff it be officyal, banne it may be for opilaciouns comynge of humours, other quyttoure, ober of the stone, ober of wynde, obere of to myche fflesche, obere of wertyn, and ober mo. 3iff it be for comyn euel, as vlcus, of these causis and ober mo ylike to hem vryne is yhalde agen his wylle. And alle may be reducyd to humours ober to lemys obere vertue.

Signa. Signes of this euyl bithe open, but signes of the causis bithe take in this manere. 3iff hy be wibin and come of ober lemys, bou myʒt haue hyt by iugynge of the same lemys bat it comyb of and by pasciouns bat gothe byfore and afterward comyb stranguria.

3iff it come of the bladdre, bou myʒt knowe by pasciouns of the same place. For in place bere be akynge is, bere is the sickenesse.

3iff it come of the stone, he made greuel to fore. 3iff it come of vlcus, thanne quyttour gothe tofore and prickynge. 3iff it come of wynde, þanne ther is grete akynge. 3iff it come of enpostem, it wole swelle and he schal haue a ffeuere, zif þe cause be hoot.

3iff it come of coldenesse, he schal fele coldenesse and þanne he ne hathe none grete akynge. And by thes particulers a wyse leche may come to knowe the cause.

Pronosticacio. Takynge away of vryne, ʒiff it dure longe, it signifieb deeb. 3iff his vryne be take awey and tenasmon come, **[f. 239r]** wibin 7 dayes he schal be dede, but bere come a ffeuere to openye.

Cura. This pascioun schal be cured as oper. Perfor, take goode kepe of the particuleris and of the causis and reduce hem by here contrarie to temperaunce. 3iff the cause be hoot, do perto colde pingis. 3iff the cause be of replecyoun, thanne avoyde hym. And so by pe contrare cure the pasciouns after here kyndys, as it is ywryte in his place.

Jn the ffirst bigynnynge, after the particuleris, make hym a clisterye. Afer þat make hym cast. Þanne lete hym bloode in the lyuere vayne and thanne in sophena. 3iff the particuleris acordie þerto, þanne purge hym after the humour þat is in the cause.

3iff the cause come of colde humours þat comyþ ofte, þanne purge hym wiþ benedicta, hermodactilys. Thanne bathe hym in swote water þat paritarie, fenel, persil, ache be sode þeron. And ffrote his wombe and his rigge softeliche. Thanne lete hym vse þis drinke:

**355 Rx** leuistici, crete marine, saxifragie, milij folijs, tribuli marini, and campestris, raphani, anisi, maratri, ameos, siceleos, cicerum nigrorum, apij. Stampe hem and boyle hem in wyne and lete hym drinke þerof erliche and late.

And water of radiche distillyd is myche worthe. And alle thinges bithe goode pat brekip the stone, whaper it be done in bathis other enplastrum opere sirupis opere drinke other electuariam and so of oper mo.

Jtem, entende bat bere bithe 2 bingys that makib a man pysse in euery caas. Pat is conyngis grece and his skyn, zif it be layde vppon pecten and vppon the zerde.

Jtem, entende that in pasciouns of the raynes and of the bladdre of humours bat comyb of colde cause, so that he ne haue no feuere ne vlcus ne enpostem, banne licontripon is goode and electuarium ducis. And bey schullib be medlyd wib double of dyapapauer and oxilaxatiues.

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For els it wolde be to stronge. And so of al these bou myʒt ʒeue hym  $\mbox{3}$   $\mbox{3}$  at onys ober  $\mbox{3}$  2 wip water of raphanus other brothe of cicerum nigrorum other whyte wyne. In other hoote causis, ʒeue hym cold seedys more and lasse.

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Apostema, vlcus, lapidis<sup>1207</sup> bithe youred as it is forsaide.

Clarifficacio. Entende þat the bladdre and þe guttis hauyþ vertues off drawynge. Some man may say thus, ʒiff ʒise lemys drawiþ þat is to helpe hem self. It nys noʒt so, but the[y]<sup>1208</sup> drawiþ to helpe alle the body, as it schewiþ off ffecys and of vryne þat bithe drawe out whanne they ne hauyþ no vertue of nourschynge. Þerfor, this drawynge nys not inconuenient.

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Jn the 2, entende myche vryne is cause of wibhaldynge. And whan it stoppib, entende bat things that vnstoppithe [f. 239v] ne bithe nozt goode, but his body be clene. Ne cantarides but in lytel quantite and the hedys schullib be kutte away and the wyngys.

Jn þe 3, entende þat a grete stone ne lettiþ noʒt passynge out of vryne ne whanne he is riʒt lytel. But whanne he is in the meene, thanne he lettiþ for he gothe into the hole of þe ʒerde. And he ne may noʒt be put out and that makiþ grete akynge, as it is forsaide.

Explicit liber 6

# Book 7

Incipit liber 7

Capitulum primum De Paucitate Coytus

Capitulum 2 De Saturiasi [et Priapismo]

Capitulum 3 De Gomorrea

Capitulum 4 De Pollucione [Nocturna]

Capitulum 5 De Apostematibus et VIceribus Virge et Alijs Pascionibus eius

Capitulum 6 De Apostematibus et Vlceribus Testiculorum

Capitulum 7 De Crepatura

Capitulum 8 De Pascionibus Mulierum et Primo De Retencione Menstruorum

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Capitulum 11 De Apostematibus Matricis

Capitulum 12 De [V]ulneribus 1209 Vulue

Capitulum 13 De Precipitacione Matricis [et Casu]

Capitulum 14 De Sterilitate Mulierum

Capitulum 15 De Regimine Inpregnatis

Capitulum 16 De Difficultate Partus

Capitulum 17 De Retencione Secundine

Capitulum 18 De Mola Matricis

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1207</sup> lapidis] preceded by an illegible deletion in red ink

<sup>1208</sup> they] the

<sup>1209</sup> Vulneribus] Wulneribus (Latin: Ragadijs)

Capitulum 19 De Sciatica Pascione [Podagrica et Arterica]

Capitulum 20 De Exitu Vmbilici et Gi[b]bositate<sup>1210</sup> et Varisibus et Dolore [Dorsi]

Capitulum 21 De Antidotis et Medicaminibus que Valent in Pascionibus a Capite usque ad Pedes et enim Capitulum Primum de Pascionibus Capitis vsque ad Pectus

Capitulum 22 De 'Antidotis' Pascionibus Spiritualium

Capitulum 23 De Antidotis que Valent contra Pasciones Intestinorum sicut Stomach et Epar [et Splen et Similia]

Capitulum 24 De Antidotis Renum et Vesice

## De Paucitate Coytus, 1

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Every thynge is profyte whan it may engendre lickenesse to hym self. Pis comythe of Goddys myʒt, Aristotle saithe secundo de anima and Auicen sayth sexto de naturalibus. God blessiþ vertue of generacyoun þat ne myʒt noʒt be sauyd in hym self in his lickenesse it was sauyd. And to saue generacyoun, God, hyʒest of alle thinge, schope man and womman.

Instruments off generacyoun in a man bithe ballokis and ters.

In a womman, it is the marise and the mouthe perof and tway pinne ballokis pat bithe peron. Now 3 pinges bithe necessare in coytum, as hete, wynde, and moysture. And as Auicen [f. 240r] saythe, wytte comythe of the brayne, spiritus comyb fro the herte, blood and wilnynge comythe fro the lyuere and fro the raynys. Perfor, he that hathe alle these is able to engendre.

The manere of generacyoun is this. Whanne a man coueytib grete aboundaunce of sperme and digestioun of the stomak and off the lyuere is ffulfyllyd and nobinge ne lettyb, thanne he bat hab leue by Godys lawe may sowe his seed in the marice and in none other place affter Godys lawe and after kynde. And whanne bothe sperme comyb togedre and bithe wibhalde, thanne the woman conseyuyb, 1211 as it schal be sayde hir afer in the chapitre de sterilitate mulierum. Rizt as wib profitenesse of alle these is concepcyoun, so in defaute hirof comyb barayne. And ziff moysture be to myche and other be ytake away, banne is engenderyd gomorrea.

3iff wynde be engenderyd and other no3t, thanne is engenderyd saturiasis. 3iff hete lacke, thanne he may no3t engendre.

Barayne obere lytel coitus comyb wib in other wib out. 3iff it come wib out, bat be withe a womman bat nys noʒt of ffulle age, other heo is to olde, other ʒiff it be done in ffoule manere, obere ʒif be womman be scabbyd obere schurued obere ffoule in siʒt, obere the man is wib in age, obere drunke, other sycke, other ffeble, obere he letib hym to myche bloode, obere vsythe to myche medicynes laxatiuis, other ffor grete trauayle, obere he swyueb to myche, obere for accidencys of the soule, as drede, wrethe, and ober mo. Alle bingis wibout that takib awey naturel hete and consumythe wynde obere naturel moysture makib barayne, as lactuca, apium, and ober mo. Thinges bat consumyb wynde bithe ruta, agnus castus, etc.

Pingis that dryeb bithe acetum, abstenence, wakynge to myche, etc.

3iff barayne come of causis wip in, thanne it may come of the ballokis and off the 3erde and of other lemys prinspall. For the seed comyb of prinspal lemys. Perfor, it may come for pasciouns of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1210</sup> Gibbositate] Gilbositate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1211</sup> conseyuyb] preceded by concyy deleted in black ink

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brayne, as litargia, mania. 3iff the vaynys be kutte þat bithe byhynde þe eryn, [it] makiþ<sup>1212</sup> þat he ne may noʒt engendrye. And it may come for pasciouns off the herte, as quakynge and other mo. And it may come for pasciouns of the stomak, as coldenesse, indigestioun, and so of other mo. And it may come for pascioun of the lyuere and of the raynes and of the [f. 240v] guttys and oþer mo. And it may come for lemys þat ne bythe noʒt wel ordeyned to engendre, as the ballockis and the ʒerde.

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3iff it be ffor the ballokis, thanne bey bithe to hote obere to colde obere to moyste obere contract inward.

3iff it come for the zerde, bat may be for he is to schorte obere to longe. For grete longenesse in the zerde lettib generacyoun, as Auicen<sup>1213</sup> saythe de historijs animalium. Also, it may be naschenesse and paralisis in the zerde and ffor akynge of emoroydis and ober mo.

12975

3iff it come of causis wiþin, þanne þou myʒt knowe hyt by pasciouns of the same lemys. 3iff it be for palesye of the ʒerde and he be layde in colde watere he ne be neuer the schorter whanne he is moyste and longe and he ne ffeliþ noʒt his owne agreuaunce and his sperme gothe out wiþ out stondynge of his ʒerde.

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3iff it come for coldenesse of the ballokis, þanne he ne hathe but ffewe herys and his vaynys bithe strayte and he ne coueytyb noʒt and his seede is colde and his ballokis bithe colde in ffelynge and colde thynge dothe hym harm.

3iff it come of euyl complexion to hoot, þanne his ballokis bithe ffulle of here and his vaynys bithe grete and his seede is hoote and he puttythe hyt out hastelyche.

3iff it come of dryenesse, thanne he hathe lytel seed and grete and is sone fulfyllyd and he is

thynne of stature.

3iff it come of grete moysture, þanne his sede is watery. Hireby we may knowe þat sanguine men mowe myche hirof ffor here grete hete and moysture.

Colerici, for lytel meuynge, coueytyb myche, but they may lytel do.

Malencolici, hy ne mowe nozt and they ne coueytib nozt.

Fleumatici ne coueytib nozt and they mow more thane malencolici.

By thes bingis we may knowe trouthe wher on is the cause.

Fatte men ne bithe nozt myzty in swyuynge as bithe thynne men for they ffaylib rabere.

Childerne, and olde men drunke, and 3iff here 3erde be to longe, and they that vsyb myche swyuynge, bey engenderyb but seelde ober here generacyoun is foule.

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Grete schame makib men and wommen barayne that bithe schamfast, but some bithe so vyleynous bat be more vyleynye that bey seeb the more they delytyb beron. And hirof Haly makib mencyoun supra Centiloquium and it bithe they that Saturnus regnyb in here berynge.

13000

Cura. In the ffirst he mote forsake alle þingis that corumppiþ conplexioun and makiþ accidencis of the soule, as sorowʒ [f. 241r] and many mo. And alle thinges þat makiþ to hote oþere to colde and grete replecyoun and drunkenesse and grete lernesse and alle thynges þat makiþ to colde, as lactuca, papauere, opium, milium, and other mo. And he mote leue hem þat makiþ to hoot and consumyþ to mych wynde, as ruta, agnus castus, and oþer mo. And he schal forsake medicynes laxatiues and bathis

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1212</sup> makiþ] *preceded by* it *deleted in red ink* 

Auicen] see commentary

and coytus wib olde wymmen and wib hem that hauyb menstrua and schuruede and ffoule and wib hem that ne bithe nozt of age. And he mote fforsake alle thingis that rotyp conplexioun.

13005

3iff this pascioun come ffor causis goynge to ffore, reduce hem to temperaunce wib here contrarijs.

3iff it come of causis wib in, as for vycys off ober lemys, as it schal be saide in here placys.

3iff it come for schortenesse of the zerde, thanne the hepps of the womman schullib be areryd an heig that the seed of the womman mowe ffalle to the maryce obere his ters schal be bete wip a smal zerde and make enplastrum of piche, as Galen techib de ingenio.

3iff he ne mowe gete no childe for longnesse of the zerde, banne the womman schal halde a quantite of his zerde in here honde bat it ne mow nozt alle passe in.

Hoot. 3iff bis pascioun come ffor euyl complexioun hoot, banne lete hym vse ordeatum, lacte, acetoso, lacte vaccarum pere portulaca be ysode.

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Drye. 3iff it come of euyl complexioun drye, he schal vse rere ayryn and brothe off fflesche, inschelys, mylk yboylyd and bathis and alle thingys þat restoriþ and nourschiþ.

Colde. 3iff it come for euyl complexioun colde, bat comyb most, banne he mot vse these electuaria: pliris cum musco, dyantos cum musco. And prinspaliche, ziff the defaute come of the brayne. And he may vse metridatum, pocio muscata.

13020

Herte. 3iff the defaute come of the herte, lete hym vse dyagalanga, dyatrion pipereon, 1214 dyamente, and prinspaliche, Stomak, 3iff the defaute come of the stomak and of the guttys. Raynys. And he may vse dyazinzeberis, dyalacte, ziff the defaute be in the raynes oper in the ballokis. Testiculis. And enoynte his rigge boon and his raynys and his ballokis wib oleum de been and piper albi. And enoynte the forsaide lemys wib this oynement:

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356 Rx asefetidis, piretri, staffisagrie, eru[c]e, 1215 ceparum, piperis, castorei, mirre, storax calamito ana 3 j, auxungie leonis 3 j, musci 3 j. Boyle hem in oleo costino and do perto wex pat sufficit and make perof an oynement.

Thanne lete hym vse this confeccioun bat makib wymmen ffaile vnder men:

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[f. 241v] 357 Rx testiculos vulpis, cerebella passerum. Sethe hem in water and rost hem a lytel and grynde hem wib ffloribus palmarum, [caudarum] stincorum. 1216 And medle hem to gedre and lete hym vse hirof erliche and late.

Jtem, yringi made in confeccioun makib conceyue and zinziberis conditum, galanga, mente medlyd to gedre.

Thanne make hym this medicyne:

13035

358 Rx priapi tauri, eru[c]e<sup>1217</sup>, piperis, gariofilorum, citoniorum, testiculi vulpis ana. Make berof poudre and lete hym vse hyt wib rere ayryn.

<sup>1214</sup> pipereon] *preceded by* pp *deleted in red ink* 1215 eruce] erute

stincorum] stinctorum

Jtem, he may vse bis medicyne and [it] is goode:

**359 Rx** vitella ouorum, butiri recentis, priapi tauri, cicerum, galanga, saturion, ʒinʒiberis, ʒedoarium, mente, testiclorum gallorum, vulpis ana  $\S$  j, cerebellorum columbarum, passerum bene coctorum ana libra  $\beta$ , medulle nucis indice, pinearum mundatarum, ffistice, iuiebarum, amigdalarum, semen malue, semen mercurialis, auelanarum, dactulorum ana  $\S$  ij, semen eru[c]e<sup>1218</sup>, gariofilorum, ʒinʒiberis, piperis lon[gi]<sup>1219</sup> albi and nigri, lingue auis, [semen] bul[b]i,<sup>1220</sup> cinamomi ana  $\S$  j. Make hem clene and sethe hem in mylk and þanne grynde hem wel and do þerto cauda stincorum<sup>1221</sup>  $\S$   $\beta$  and medle hem alle wiþ hony and a lytel sugre made wiþ lent ffuyre.

Metys þat confortiþ \coitum<sup>/1222</sup> bithe þese: caro omnia, cerebelli passerum columbarum, carnes edulyne pinguis, agni annualis, galline, perdices, ffasiani. And aboue alle þingis cerebella passerum, oua sorbilia, oua piscium ffryed and yʒete wiþ wyne and mylke.

Off graynes, whete ysode, cicera ysode, benyn ybroke, ryse, ffatte raynes off geet medlyd wip poudre of canele.

Off herbis, menta, sparagus, eru[c]a, 1223 porri, lingue auis.

De ffructibus, vua [passe] dulorum, pinee, ffestuca, iuiube, sebesten, dactulorum, amigdalarum, auellane, rape, pastinace, vinum dulce.

Thanne make hym this mete:

**360 Rx** raparum, pastinacarum, ffabarum excorticarum, cicerum, rizi, ffrumentum. Sethe hem wib fflesche of a ram and wib oynouns and hony and cerebella passerum. And do beron poudre of canel, gariofilorum, galange, caudarum stincorum. And make berof bicke mete wib sugre and lete hym drinke the brothe. Pis mete makib a man merye and able to this crafte.

Jtem, thes bithe goode þerfore: semen mercurialis, limatura eboris, coagulum leporis, stercus lupi, coagulum cameli nasche, vrina cameli, cor salmonis, 1225 anise, semen siceleos, priapus tauri, viscus quercinus, arthemesia, cor leporis cum aniso, testiculi verris. 3iff þou wolt conceyue a knauechilde, take the ryʒte and 3iff þou wolt a maydechilde, the lyfte.

Clarificacio. Entende that wynde comyb fro the herte. And the manere whanne a man ymaginyb coitum bat is vertue of Godys zifte [f. 242r] that makyb wilnynge and puttib hete to the lemys of generacyoun by arterijs. And banne this wynde swellib the zerde and makib hym stonde, as Galen saithe de interioribus. But his zerde stonde he ne may nozt sowe no seede in the ffelde of kynde. Þerfor, wynde is necessare. Þerfor, benyn bithe goode for they engendrib in vaynes.

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<sup>1217</sup> eruce] erute

<sup>1218</sup> eruce] erute

<sup>1219</sup> longi] lon

<sup>1220</sup> semen bulbi] sebulli

<sup>1221</sup> stincorum] stinctorum

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1222</sup> coitum] *corr. by deletion of* stomakum *in red ink* 

<sup>1223</sup> eruca] eruta

stincorum] stinctorum

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1225</sup> See commentary

Ther comyb myche hete to be herte. It schewib for whanne a man swyueb alle his body is hoot. And boy he ne do nobinge but benke beron, it wole make hym hoot. It schewib wel bat this hete comyb of the herte by resolucyoun.

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Jn be 2, entende bat mater nourschynge herys is mater off grete nourschynge, but the mene cause is drye vapour. Therfor, coleric men bithe most ful of here and thanne sanguinei and banne fleumatici, in the last malencolici.

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In the 3, entende bat coytus in tempere is goode in regymen of hele, as Galen techib, so bat he fele hym the more ligt and slepe the better and ete also. And in this manere, it makib a man gladde. As myche goode as it dothe in tempere, as myche harm it dothe out off tempere. For thanne it makib colde and consumyb and makib ffeble. Perfor, Auicen saithe in Historijs Animalium bat oo coytus to myche agreuyb more thanne 40 flobotomie. And Constante saib that few men swyueb to gete a childe, but to fulfylle hem in delyte. Þerfor, many men takiþ to myche þerof and somtyme comyb out blode þere wib. Þerfor, it is goode to leue it.

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Jn be 4, entende bat wibhaldynge of sperme agreuyb more wommen than men. For it makib worse pasciouns in hem, as suffocacio matricis and other mo.

13085

In men, vertue is more stronge and may waste and men trauaylythe more ban wymmen and wommen bithe keperes of house, as Galen saithe in Conplexionibus. And Haly saithe bat whanne sperme multiplieb in a womman and is wibhalde it tournyb into kynde of venym. Þerfore, it is worse in wommen banne in men. For men mow suffre more hardenesse ban wommen for they bithe more stronge.

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Jn the 5, entende bat sperm in wommen is worse ban menstrua wibhaldynge. And boz sperma in hym self be tempere, zitte whanne it is yrotyd, it is worse ban menstra. And it is more hoot and moyste and bat bithe princyplis of corrupcyoun. Perfor, we yseeb that fecys of vs stinkib more ban of bestis and the carayne of man [is] worse þan of bestis. And bloode harmyþ more, as it schewiþ in sinocha, and þe sone more whanne he trespassib, and an olde man more, and afer bat a mannys neigbore. For as saithe the wyse man, bere nys no worse [f. 242v] enemy ban a man that ffeynyb loue bere he hatyb bat ffarithe as dothe ffuyre in a mannys lappe and a skyn in brede and a serpent in a mannys bosum. Sithe sperma is clene superfluyte whanne it rotyp the more that it was in tempere, the more worse it is. Panne it schewib wel bat wibhaldynge of sperma in wommen is worse ban menstrua.

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In the 6, entende bat in a tempere body, coytus is goode, so bat it ne be nozt to myche to putte out superfluytees and alle ne mowe nozt be mesured in quantite and qualite, but wib helpynge of crafte.

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In the 7, entende bat coytus bigynneb in the brayn by resoun off ymagynacyoun. And the meene cause is in the lyuere bicause of hete. As it is forsaide, cogit amare iecur, etc. And it is ffulfillyd in the ballok[is]. 1226

In the last, entende bat tyme of coytus is after be birde digestioun. And to engendre, it is best in the myddel<sup>1227</sup> of the birde digestioun. For thanne he hathe most of sperme and the mater is defyed and ziff he abyde lenger, be mater bigynneb to waste. Perfor, coytus is most able fro mydnyzt forbward to the dawynge.

ballokis] ballok ballokis] preceded by in deleted in red ink

mvddel] preceded by birde deleted in red ink

#### De Satiriasi [et Priapismo], 2

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Satirisis is contynuel stondynge of the zerde wib desyre and appetyte of coytus.

Pr[i]apismus<sup>1228</sup> is contynuel stondynge of the zerde wibout appetyte and desyre.

Causa. Encheson of satiriasis is wib out ober wib in. Wib out, as grete ymaginacyoun of some womman and grete replecyoun of sperme for abstenence and collynge of wommen and ober mo. Cause wib in may be grete hete and myche sperme.

The cause of priapismus is some wip out and some wip in. Wip out, as longe liggynge vppon be rigge and myche vse of metis bat makib hyt, as eruca, cepa, ffabe, raparum, and oper mo, and myche coitus and large porys of be 3erd. Cause wip in is viscous moysture and wynd, and hete in the myddel that resolup and ne may no3t consume.

3iff it come of primytyf causis, bou myʒt knowe hyt by iugynge. 3iff it be for the ʒerde, thanne he hath prickynge and iccynge beron to fore.

3iff it be satiriasis, he wilnyb.

Pronosticacio. This pascyoun, ziff it dure longe, it signifieb apostema obere tetanum obere dethe.

Cura. In the ffirst bigynnynge, 3iff his body be replete, lete hym blode. Thanne make hym caste. He ne schal haue no medicyne [f. 243r] laxatyf. Thanne he schal wasche his 3erde wib agnus castus, ruta, camomille, mellilotum, pulegium. Thanne make his raynes colde wib opium, camphora, sandali, semperviua, and aceto. And take a plate of lede and make holys beron and wete in vynegre and laye berto. Panne lete hym vse lactuca, portuluca, lentibus, milio, ordeato, wyne wel watered, and ober mo. And he ne schal vse but lytel vynegre for it engendryb wynde, as Auicen saythe. He schal ligge in an hard bedde vppon leuys of withy and of vynys nenifare, agnus castus, ruta, and lete hym smelle rosis, camphoram, nenifar, sandali, aqua rosacea, and vynegre. And he mote leue alle þingis þat multiplieb coitus þat bithe forsaide.

Auicen spekib many thinges of coytus bat ne bithe nozt honest for men scholde forsake hyt and that Y leue of.

Clarificacio. Entende þat colde þinges lettyþ generacyoun of wynde. And þerfore, it is goode in satiriasi and priapsimo to the cause þat is goynge to fore and they consumyþ prinspaliche þis and bithe þese: eruca, agnus castus, origanum, calamentum, pulegium, and oþer mo. Thes mowe be goode to hoot men and colde agen this pascioun.

Jn þe2, entende þat appetyte to coytus is most in veer. Naturelliche, ffor the wynde is more stronge and þanne þe porys bigynneþ to openye and hete bigynneþ to wexe and alle þingis comyþ outward þanne for delyte.

Jn somere, appetyte is more and in heruest it is lest for distemperaunce and lasse in wynter for the porys bithe closyd and be mater restib.

In the 3, entende bat he coueytib most in somere for here seed is colde and whanne hete comyb thanne it prickib and meuyb. In men it passib out wib hete and makib hem ffeble. In wynter, naturel hete in men is more stronge and, berfor, they coueytib more in wynter ban wommen. In somere is be contrarie.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1228</sup> Priapismus] Prapismus

Jn the 4, entende þat oþer bestis forsakiþ coitum whanne þey hauyþ conceyuyd. First, ffor þe ymage is for kynde and noʒt for wil. Jn the secunde, for menstrua for þey ne hauyþ none. And thoʒ they haue any they passiþ out in hornys and in herys. And hare appetyte is to lickenesse and noʒt to delectacioun.

In wommen it is the contrarie. Pey ne coueytip noʒt lickenesse, but for delyte. And there wip they hauyb menstrua and, perfor, heo is prickyd and bicomyb hoot and penkip in delyte to fore. It bifille somtyme pat a womman hadde a ffayre sone pat was ilike here housbonde and hire next childe after pat was rizt foule and was ylike hure newne. Pis ne **[f. 243v]** myʒt noʒt ffalle, but hure maryce were open after coytum. Perfore, wymmen coueytip myche after tyme pat pey hauyb conceyued.

Jn the 5, entende bat bere is more delyte in puttynge out off seede ban in any other superfluyte ffor the matere is tempere and gaderythe to gedre in distempere lemys and bycause of the ende. Perfore, God almyʒty put grete dilectacyoun in coitu bat generacyoun ne scholde noʒt be lost. Pereffore, Ouidius saithe what generacyoun hauyb bryddys, but a glosynge wille and bestis ne medlib noʒt to gedre, but wib liʒt loue.

Jn þe 6, entende þat a womman delytiþ mo thingis than a man. For heo delytiþ in the sperme of a man and in hire owne, but in the man it is more stronge ffor his seede is more in tempere.

Jn þe 7, entende that þoʒ humour make the ʒerde fful in priapismo, ʒitte þe replecyoun comyþ of wynde, as of a mene cause þat schewiþ wel for it comyþ liʒtliche and passyþ a way liʒtly and thus saithe Galen de interioribus. And it may come of humour, as 'of a' cause þat is remeuyd.

Jn the last, entende that wynde wastip in twey maneres. Pe ffirst is to lette generacyoun and that bithe narcotica, opium, mandragora, and oper mo. In the secunde manere, to drye and resoluye, as bithe they that consump more than dissolup, as it is forsaide of ruta, agnus castus, and oper mo.

# De Gomorrea, 3

Gomorrea is lesynge of sperme agen a mannys [. . .]. 1230

Causa. The cause perof is wip out oper wip in.

3iff it be wib out, banne it may be coueytynge of wommen, collynge, kyssynge, syttynge vppon colde stonys, and ober mo. 3iff it come wib in, banne it may come of vessalys obere of other lemys, as of the brayne, as it schewib in epilencya beron his sperme gothe out wib out felynge. And prinspaly, whan the matere is contynued in the vessalys.

3iff it come of dindimos other off the raynes, thanne it may come for the lemys obere for humours.

3iff it come for the lemys, þanne they mow be to hoote<sup>1231</sup> other to colde oper in the palesye oper in the spasme. And in þat manere, it may ffor vyce off the nerues and of þe lacertus.

3iff it come off humours, banne it may be for myche quantite obere in euyl qualyte. 3iff it be ffor euyl qualyte, banne it may be to hoot obere to watery.

Signa. 3iff it come of causis wib out, bat bou schalt knowe by iugynge. **[f. 244r]** 3iff it come ffor pasciouns of ober lemys by the pascyoun bou myzt knowe.

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<sup>1229</sup> lette] preceded by lette deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1230</sup> See commentary

<sup>1231</sup> hoote] preceded by hote deleted in black ink

3iff it come for the palesye of the lemys, bane it comyb wib out arysynge of be 3erde and passib fro hym wib out felynge. 3iff it come for the spasme of neruys and lacertys, it wole be wib akynge of the grinde and pectinis. 3iff it come ffor hete of these lemys, banne hoote binges dothe hym harm and colde dothe hym goode.

3iff it come for myche sperme, banne his body apayrithe nozt berwib and it agreuyb hym nozt.

3iff it come for hete of the sperme, þanne he ffelyþ hete and bytynge and whanne his sperme goth out, he quakyþ.

Jn some comyb hed akynge and a spice of mania and agreuaunce in all the body. And thes accidencis comyb to hem bat hare sperme is to hoot whanne they swyueb, bog it ne be nogt gomorrea.

3iff be seede be watery, banne the clothis bat it ffallib vppon bithe lytel the fouler.

3iff it come of the raynes, þanne his sperme is grete and viscous. And somtyme quytture comyb byfore þe vryne, and somtyme it comyb after, and somtyme þey comyb to gedre. And it is goode to knowe þis for generacyoun. Þerfore, Y wole adde hirto [priapismo]. 1232

Pronosticacio. This pascyoun is foule and many men bithe preschyd beron and many men schyndeb hem self by cause that they nullyb nogt schewe hyt, as it is forsayde.

Cura. Causis pat bithe primytyf and opere reduce hem by the contrarie to tempere. By cause of schortenesse, Y wole reduce alle the causis to twayne: hoote and colde.

3iff bere be hete wib myche matere, lete hym be weddyd for it is bettre take a wyf ban brenne. 3iff the particuleris acorde, lete hym bloode. Panne lete hym vse castynge and sirupo rosato, mirtino, nenifar wib camphore. And lete hym vse lentes and the brothe berof, milium, ordeum sode and bred ymade berof. And he schal vse colde water and lactuca, portulaca, melonibus, cucurbitis, and ober mo bat bithe colde. And enoynte his raynys and his ballokis and his 3erde wib opium, iusquiamus, muscilago psillij, papauere, oleum rosaceum, mirtinum cum sandali, camphora, and ober mo bat be colde and drye and confortye be vertue of wibhaldynge of be vessalys. And he schal vse in alle his metys poudre made of seede of letuse, portulaca, coriandri preparati, sumac.

3iff it come of coldenesse of seede and waterynesse, þanne materialys bithe **[f. 244v]** these: menta, mirra, nux cipressi, anisi assi, mastix, thus, ladanum, calamentum.

3iff it come for desyrynge of a womman, make hym fast and trauaile þat he haue angre and soroʒnesse.

3iff it come for the palesye, bat schalt ffirst be cured and so of oper pasciouns.

Clarificacio. About þis matere entende þre þingys. Þe ffirst is þat in this pascioun þou myʒt ʒeue hym lactuca, but it ne schal noʒt be myche contynued. Somtyme it schal be ʒeue and somtyme it ne schal noʒt.

Pe secunde is whanne thou zeuyst psillium, ne zeue bou nozt hym the substaunce berof and prinspaliche ygrounde, but be iuse berof strayned.

Pe 3 is þat spasmus of þe ers constrayneþ and spasmus of dindimis relesyþ for dyuersyte of lacertys.

Jn þe 4, entende þat gomorrea is a propre pascioun of dindimorum and þe vertue of wiþhaldynge in hem suffriþ and the pascyoun is propreliche in that leme and þe ʒerde ne suffriþ noʒt þerof ne oþer lemys.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1232</sup> priapismo] apximeron

Jtem, in lienteria þe guttys suffriþ of what cause so þat it come. And þerfor, they biþ propreliche sugett þerof. Þe ʒerde ne suffriþ noʒt in gomorrea. Þerfore, it nys noʒt suggett þerof.

Jn the last, entende þat euery coldenesse nys noʒt cause of gomorrea, but only coldenesse þat makiþ the palesye.

#### De Pollucione [Nocturna], 4

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Pollucione is avoydaunce off the thirde 1233 digestioun.

Childerne ne hauyb no pollucyoun for straytenesse of the passyngis out, but 3 onge men hauyb ofte and myche. And pollucyouns comyb somtyme in elde.

Causa. Some cause is wib in and some withe out and it is in foure maneres. The ffirst is replecyoun of mete and drinke and drunkenesse.

The 2, longe slepe. For in the same manere as swetynge multiplyeb in longe slepe, so dothe pollucyoun.

Pe thirde cause is to slepe vppon his rigge for bat hetyb the raynes.

Pe 4 cause is longe coueytynge of a womman and he þenkiþ on hire anyʒt and so comyþ pollucyoun. Euery man hath dyuerse metyngis after dyuerse ymaginacyoun that he hathe wakynge and after habundaunce of humours. Pey þat [be] lere<sup>1234</sup> þenkiþ in here sleepe þat þey fleeþ and men þat be replete thenkiþ that they hauyþ grete charge vppon hem. And colrik men [. . .]

Missing 20 chapter headings from Book 7. Summaries of the missing materials follow.

#### [End of De Pollucione Nocturna]

See commentary. The cure of this condition is by contraries. If the cause is self-indulgence, then the cure is by fasting and abstinence. If the cause is due to sleeping for too long, wakefulness is indicated. If it is due to sleeping on his back, then the patient should no longer sleep on his back. If it is due to lust, the patient should be scourged. If it is due to repletion, then phlebotomy, purgatives, and abstinence should be applied. The section concludes with a clarification containing four points.

## [De Apostematibus et VIceribus Virge et Alijs Pascionibus Eius, 5]

Diseases of the penis are many, including abscesses, cancers, inflammation, ulcers, pain, and itching. The causes are external or internal. External causes are due to injury or sleeping with a woman who has an 'unclean uterus.' Internal causes are due to corrupt humours. This condition is difficult to cure, but general cures include phlebotomy, purgatives, and dietary measures. Specific recipes are given in the

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<sup>1233</sup> thirde] preceded by 3erde deleted in red ink

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1234</sup> lere] *preceded by* be *deleted in black ink* 

individual cures for De Apostemate Calido, De Apostemate Frigido, De Dolore Uirga, De Cancro in Uirga, De Uulnere Uirga, De Fluxu Sanguinis a Uirga, De Inflatione Uirge, and De Uerrucis.

## [De Apostematibus et VIceribus Testiculorum, 6]

External causes of this condition include injury or application of ointments. Internal causes are due to the flux of humours. If the cause is hot in nature, phlebotomy should be performed in the *hepatica* and afterward in the *saphenis*, if necessary. Then, suppositories are to be used and the patient's diet regulated. Afterward, apply plasters of many different materials, including palliative ingredients such as henbane (iusquiamus), mandrakes, and opium (poppy). Several more ingredients are listed for plasters to be used if the cause is cold in nature, including one specific recipe for ulceration. The clarification section contains two points considering the efficacy of individual ingredients, such as acacia and the sandalwoods, and the opinions of Ibn Sīnā.

#### [De Crepatua, 7]

There are seven kinds of hernia: ventosa, aquosa, humoralis, carnosa, varicalis, ʒirbalis, intestinalis. When there is swelling in the scrotum (without abscess), fever, and great pain, then there appears crepatus (hernia) and ruptus (rupture/fissure), and the general name is herniarum. External causes include work, physical exertion, sexual activity, and jumping/leaping. Internal causes are due to mollification (softening/weakening), repletion, or similar causes. All hernias are easy to cure in the beginning in children. Varicosa is difficult to cure. The author (Bernard) has never seen anyone cured of an old intestinalis hernia, except by the hand of surgeons. The herbs used in the cure depend on the type of hernia. Two specific recipes are given in the cure. The chapter concludes with an historia section with four points, including the efficacy of surgery in treating old hernias, the occurrence of hernias in childhood, diet, and the efficacy of bathing.

#### [De Pascionibus Mulierum et Primo De Retencione Menstruorum, 8]

Menstruation is said to occur naturally from age fourteen to between forty-five or sixty years. There is variability due to the diversity of complexions and particulars of the individuals. External causes of *retencione menstruorum* include excessive physical exertion, starvation/famine, accidents of the soul, obesity, *phthisic* (wasting lung disease), dropsy, and wounds or scarring in the vulva. There are three internal causes: complexion, humours, and closure/blockage of the *matrix* (uterus) and veins. Signs of a cold cause include drowsiness, little thirst, slow pulse, and watery urine, while signs of a hot cause include thirst, a rapid pulse, and excessive urine. In the first, if it is indicated, perform phlebotomy in both *basilica* and both *saphena*. A long list of materials to encourage menstruation is provided, such as rubee majoris, myrrh, musk, red poppy, origanum, and many others. Fourteen points of clarification conclude this section.

#### [De Nimio Fluxu Menstruorum, 9]

External causes of an excessive menstrual flow include injury, inflammation, nausea, wounds of the vulva, and childbirth. Internal causes are due to the complexion, humours, or conditions specific to the *membrum* (i.e. uterus), such as *molle*, *laxum*, *mollificatum*, *latum*, *apertum*. Excessive menstrual flow can lead to consumption, dropsy, fever, back pain, stomach conditions, and many other problems. The cure of this illness is by contraries. Thus, it must be ascertained if the cause is cold or hot and then the appropriate herbs may be applied. In the clarification, laxative medicines are recommended for all conditions related to menstrual flow for the purposes of purging corrupt humours.

#### [De Suffocacione Matricis, 10]

This condition is when the uterus ascends above the diaphragm due to corrupt vapours (wind), accidents of the spirit, syncope, and removal of all the senses and movement of the whole body. This condition differs from epilepsy in that there is no foaming at the mouth; it differs from apoplexia, as there is no difficulty in breathing; and it differs from litargia because there is no fever. Specific signs to

discern this condition include scotomia, pain in the head, the feeling of noxious smoke rising higher, the hands are held tense over the stomach, knees are bent, and if the patient is called by her proper name, she understands, but is not able to answer. The cure is largely by application of phlebotomy and purgatives. The section concludes with eight points of clarification.

#### [De Apostematibus Matricis, 11]

The external causes of this condition include injury, too much sexual activity, miscarriage, unnatural birth, or an untrained midwife. If the cause is internal, it is due to the retention of sperm or menstrual fluid or corrupt humours. The abscesses may be deep within, on the side, or in the opening. The pain presents differently according to the different situations. However, all instances of this condition are very difficult to cure. Phlebotomy in the *basilica* and *saphena* along with purgatives are the first treatments. Further treatments with herbs depend on the type of abscess and the cause.

#### [De Vulneribus Vulue, 12]

Wounds, fissures, inflammation, itching, and pain are all symptoms that occur in this condition. External causes include unnatural birth, thick penis, or the application of medicines, such as nigella. If the cause is internal, it is due to the rupture of an abscess or corrosive humours. If the discharge is purulent, then it is due to a ruptured abscess. If it is poisonous and stinking, then it is due to corrosion and a cancer. If the cause is due to a hot humour, then there is heat, pain, stinging, and restlessness. If the cause is cold, then all the signs are of little intensity. The body must be cleaned by phlebotomy, vomiting, and dietary measures. One recipe is given for an ointment. Four points of clarification are provided.

# [De Precipitacione Matricis et Casu, 13]

External causes include too much exertion, sitting for too long on cold stones or cold water or anointing with cold oils. If the cause is internal, it is a symptom of palsy, the result of softening of the sides, or the convergence of humidity of the matrix with wind or similar humoral corruptions. If the tumour is on the

side, there is pain and cold; in some cases, the pain is lower and sometimes it seems to be from the outside. If the suffering is hidden, the midwife needs to locate it using the hand or finger. If the matrix stays dislocated for long, it is difficult to treat or will never be cured. In the first, vomiting and dietary regulations should be performed. Depending on the cause of the condition, cupping should be administered without scarification followed by the application of fumigation, oils, and plasters.

#### [De Sterilitate Mulierum, 14]

Sterility is due to the woman, the man, or both. External causes of female sterility include drinking too much cold water or eating too much sour food or consuming food of bad quality. It could also be due to accidents of the soul, such as wrath, sorrow, fear, or jumping or moving too quickly after sexual intercourse or because the woman is malicious. If the cause is internal, it is either due to an affliction of the members of generation or an affliction of the whole body. Sterility may be caused by a bad complexion that is hot, cold, dry, or humid. The treatment is based on the diagnosis of the offending complexion. Nine recipes are provided in the cure. The clarification reviews the opinions of Aristotle and al-'Abbas.

#### [De Regimine Inpregnatis, 15]

Signs of conception include cessation of menstruation, colour change, diminished interest in sex, coloured urine, enlargement of the breasts, and the inner orifice of the uterus is congealed, so that a needle may not penetrate. An experiment, derived from Ibn Sīnā, to determine if a women is pregnant or not is this: when she goes to sleep she should take with her a mixture of honey and rain water (mellicratum cum aqua pluuiali). If she feels pangs, then she is pregnant. Also, if she is fumed with aromatic spices and she feels vapours from the inside, then she is not pregnant. Furthermore, if garlic is placed in a woman's mouth and she falls asleep after becoming aware of the garlic flavour, then she is not pregnant. Signs that she has conceived a male child include quickness in her movements, the right

eye is more mobile, the right breast is more enlarged, there is swelling in the right side, and a great appetite. External causes of miscarriage are many, including too much intercourse, fever, abscesses, ulcers, malnutrition or starvation, jumping, and accidents of the soul (wrath and fear). Internal causes are due to wind, humours, or weakness of the uterus. Signs of a miscarriage include flow of blood and flow of thin milk from the breasts. The first step in pregnancy is to avoid all things that may provoke a miscarriage, including laxative medicines, which are known to provoke miscarriages. Dietary measures and three recipes are provided.

#### [De Difficultate Partus, 16]

There are three types of birth: natural, unnatural, and difficult. Natural birth occurs between 7 and 10 months, the head of the baby delivers first and the face points toward the ground. Unnatural birth is when the baby is born on its back, feet first, hands first, or on its side. Difficult childbirth is when the baby will not deliver after the mother has laboured for a long time and there is anxiety due to the length of the labour. External causes of difficult labour include excessive heat or cold, an untrained midwife, wounds in the outer opening of the uterus, or failure of dilation due to prematurity of the baby or because the mother is suffering from an illness in the stomach or because of much compression.

Internal causes include a girl who has become pregnant at the time of puberty and has a narrow birth canal, or a woman who is obese and the opening to the uterus is blocked, or the woman is excessively delicate and fearful, or the baby is too large or too feeble or is dead. Further internal causes include twins, premature birth, an unnatural birth, or disease of the uterus. Signs that the baby has died include great pain around the navel, foul-smelling breath, fever, discolouration, and immobility. The cure largely involves bathing in herbs, such as malva, violet, chamomile, almond oil, fumigations, and physical manipulation by the midwife (such as rupture of the amniotic sac). Six points of clarification conclude this section.

#### [De Retencione Secundine, 17]

A retained placenta causes many problems due to the retained vapours and fumes that sometimes ascend to the head, or the heart, or cause pain in the entire abdominal region. There are nine points to extract the retained placenta, which are as follows. In the first, induce vomiting; second, sneezing; third, manage the breathing; fourth, administer a drink of the juice of leeks or diuretics, such as anise and cumin; fifth, administer a fumigation and plaster of the seeds of leek and many other similar herbs; sixth, the midwife should anoint her hand in oil of lily, insert her hand into the uterus, and extricate the placenta without force; seventh, apply the same procedures as in a miscarriage; eight, these treatments will expel it after a few days or turn it to water; ninth, comfort the uterus with sandalwoods and aromatic electuaries, such as dianthos cum musco and potio muscata.

#### [De Mola Matricis, 18]

Mola is defined as a large piece of flesh without figure that develops in the uterus. This condition imitates pregnancy in that menstruation is retained, the uterus is swollen as it would be with a foetus, and there is movement. It differs from pregnancy in that the movement is not regular. Mola is difficult to cure. Sometimes it lasts for four years and sometimes it lasts until the end of the patient's life and does not receive a cure. In the first, the woman should avoid exercise and sleep on her back with legs and hips raised. Vomiting should be used. Then, phlebotomy is performed if it is indicated and diuretics are used to provoke a miscarriage. Bathing, syrups, and fumigation may also be performed. If none of these remedies are effective, the midwife should anoint her fingers in oil of petroselini and attempt to remove the growth. It is said that the womb is capable of generating worms, reptiles, arpia and Frater Lombardorum, which may refer to any type of false pregnancy, uterine tumour, or miscarriage (with the appearance of a 'toad'). Frater Lombardorum is named after the region of Lombardy, Italy because it is said the women of this region suffer from this condition more than others. The term arpia is used in

Lombardy to describe the condition. (See Ausécache, Mireille, 'Une naissance monstrueuse au Moyen Age: le «frère de Salerne»,' *Gesnerus* 64 (2007), 5–23).

## [De Sciatica Pascione Podagrica et Arterica, 19]

Arthetica affects the fingers, feet, and hands. Sciatica affects the ligaments in the vertebrae. Chiragra is in the ligaments and sinews of the hands. Podagra is in the ligaments and sinews of the feet. The external causes of all include excessive heat dissolved or cold condensed or too much inactivity. Internal causes are due to humours, the condition of the affected body part, or virtue. Signs of the conditions are related to the specific humour, hot or cold causes, but general signs include great pain, spasm, limited mobility, swelling, and changes in colour (especially to red). The materials used in the treatment of these conditions are many and depend on the complexion of the patient and the humour causing the problem. Cures are provided for choler, phlegm, melancholy, sanguine, and wind, including a total of seventeen specific recipes. The section concludes with fifteen points of clarification.

#### [De Exitu Vmbilici et Gibbositate et Varisibus et Dolore Dorsi, 20]

This section contains four brief descriptions of the following conditions. De Exitu Vmbilici has multiple causes, such as abscess under the skin or rupture of the membranes. This condition does not receive treatment nor is it cured by surgery. Dislocation may receive a cure using an oil of ruta, castoreum, euphorbia, pyrethrum, nux cyprissi, anisi, cimini applied frequently. Varices do not receive a cure. It may be possible to treat them in the first by phlebotomy, vomiting, incisions, and purging the choleric humour. If back pain comes from another condition, that condition should be cured first and then oil of lily is applied.

# [De Antidotis et Medicaminibus que Valent in Pascionibus a Capite usque ad pedes, et enim Capitulum Primum de Pascionibus Capitis vsque ad Pectus, 21]

Recipes in this antidotary include: contra passionem capitus capitis, pillule ad caput, ad melencoliam purgandam, medicamen purgans omnes humores, ad dolorem capitis antiquum, medicamen in passionibus oculorum, medicamen obtalmie, medicamen in doloribus antiquis oculorum, jn constrictione lacrymarum, jn albugine, ad corrosionem palpebrarum, de illis qui vident de longe et non de prope, medicamen acuens visum, jn dolore aurium, ad dolores aurium antiquos, ad tinnitum auris, contra humiditates aurium, ad eradicandum verrucas, contra corrosiones dentium, ad dolorem dentium, cauterium in dolore dentium, ad firmandum et dealbandum dentes, and de confortatione dentium.

## [De Antidotis Pascionibus Spiritualium, 22]

Recipes in this antidotary include: in principio squinantie, ad stringendum fluxum humorum, contra asperitatem gutturis, contra sputum sanguinis, contra tussim siccam, contra tussim humidam, ad vlcera pulmonis, pro sanguine congelato in pectore, and contra tremorem cordis.

# [De Antidotis que Valent contra Pasciones Intestinorum sicut est Stomach et Epar et Splen et Similia, 23]

Recipes in this antidotary include: in passionibus stomachi de causa frigida, contra vomitum et singultum, contra materias frigidas et ventosas, contra oppilationes epatis et splenis, contra oppilationem eo undem, pro epate, contra dolores stomachi, jn febribus phlegmaticis, jn febribus colericis, jn febribus chonicis, jn ydropisi, and jn fluxu ventris.

## [De Antidotis Renum et Vesice, 24]

Recipes for this antidotary include: jn distillatione vrine, medicamen quod facit hoieum secundum, pro iuncturia, pro decoratione.

# **Commentary**

All Latin quotations are from the 1497 (Venice) incunabulum (page numbers given in brackets), unless otherwise noted.

# Book 1

## Introduction

**3-5** Et quia paupertas ingenia difficilia et extranea non sustinet, ideo confidens de Domino scientiarum, quedam communia, facilia et vtilia intendo ad vtilitatem humilium pertractare, librum scilicet de practica compilare (2r). 'Meke men' (*humilium*) may refer to the intended audience of young or inexperienced physicians.

**7 Seneca** This reference appears to be from the *Epistles* (27.9) in a quotation originally by Epicurus. See *The Epistles of Seneca 1-65*, ed. Jeffrey Henderson, trans. Richard M. Gummere (London, 2006), 196-197

**Capitulum 19** The Latin chapter title includes *Acrocordinibus* (skin tags)

## De Febre In Generali (Chapter 1)

**41 oure . . . pronosticaciouns** Reference to Bernard of Gordon's treatise *De Pronosticis* (1295). The work deals with determining the outcome of an illness; otherwise known as the 'sciencia praedicendi sit ardua et difficilis.' See *De Prognosticis* in *Lilium Medicinae* (Lyon, 1559), 696

# De Effimera (Chapter 2)

**72 comyb not** missing a concluding point, such as 'with severity.' For instance, Ephimera enim non venit a causis antecedentibus sed a primitivis et ut plurimum non venit cum rigore (3r).

**109-110 fysche . . . dayeb** Perhaps a reference to a short-lived species of fish or to the water-dwelling mayfly, which literally dies minutes to hours after its birth. The mayfly is derived from the Greek *ephemeros* and is still known as *effimera* in modern Italian.

## **De Cura Effimere**

**137 libra j** Latin: libra  $\beta$  (3v)

**137**  $\S$  ij Latin:  $\S$   $\beta$  (3v)

**174 horripilacyoun . . . Auicen** Ibn Sīnā speaks of horripilation related to bathing and fevers in the *Canon of Medicine*. See *Avicenna's Canon of Medicine*, ed. O. Cameron Gruner (London, 1930; Reprint New York, 1973), 235

## De Causone (Chapter 3)

**277 3 ij** Latin: **3** iij

**279 libra j** Latin: libra j et β

**294-95 quo** . . . **ingruerit** Galen's *De Ratione Victus in Morbis Acutis* (Libri Primus),

See 1559 (Lyon), 13

**299** The Latin recipe includes *prunorum xxx* 

**334 cathaphora** A vessel (Latin: *amphora*) perhaps used to induce sleep in the patient by the sound ('swete melodye') of running water.

**365 parum . . . cibi** Reference to Galen's commentary on Hippocrates' Aphorisms (Aphorism 38, Particula 1), See 1559 (Lyon), 15

**383 pleuretici** pertaining to severe chest pain due to a lung condition (pleurisy). Reference occurs in

Galen's Acutorum Morborum, Libri Primus, See 1559 (Lyon), 16

De Terciana (Chapter 4)

438 papaueris albi Latin: papaueris ana 3 ij (6v)

**439 nenifar** Latin: florum nenifaris (6v)

488 [...] Ideo oportet multa concedere, et cum diuersis operari secundum diuersitatem

particularium (7r).

[Therefore, we may grant many things and use many diverse treatments according to the diversity of

the particulars (specific presentation of the patient)].

De Quartana (Chapter 5)

**489** [...] Quartana aut de phlegmate habet urinam remissam et spissam, et mollitiem in pulsu, et

longitudinem paroxismi et paruitatem sudoris, et secundum diuersitatem colere et phlegmatis

diuersificantur signa et ita de melancolica (9v).

[Quartana that is of phlegm has watery and thick urine and a soft pulse and long accesse (attack of

fever) and a small amount of sweating. According to the diversity of the choleric and phlegmatic

humours, the signs are diverse, and the same is true of melancholy].

**551 § iiij** Latin: **§** x (10r)

**553 lactuce** Latin: lacce (10r)

**564 3 iij** Latin: 3 j (10r)

**591 oxisacre** Latin: oxisacre composite (10r)

**593 anisi** *Turpit* follows *anisi* in the Latin recipe (10r)

**594 lactuca** Latin: lacce (10r)

493

**595 3 j** Latin: **3** ij (10r)

**600 ʒ iij** Latin ʒ j (10r)

De Cotidiana (Chapter 7)

**704 sparagi, semen endiuie** In-between *sparagi* and *semen endiuie*, the Latin states: 'ana ʒ j, ysopi ʒ ij,

capilli veneris libra β, foliorum mente, foliorum absinthij, ana ℥ iij, endiuie, scariole, cicoree,

scolopendrie, lactucarum nouellarum ana 3 ij, quatuor seminum frigidorum, violis, semen brusci, semen

sparagi' (11v).

De Febribus Compositis (Chapter 8)

829-30 Semper . . . illi Always the insides grow hot in Epialia / the exterior freezes, Lipparia is changed

to it.

845-46 Maior . . . illi Emitriceus hides phlegm in the veins / Choler is directed to the outside of it. The

1559 (Lyon) edition adds a third verse: 'pessimus humorum in est in venis, fel coquit extra.' [Choler (gall)

boiling out is the worst of the humours in the veins], (37).

De Ethica (Chapter 9)

**865 drynke... geue** quando aufertur potus aqua frigide vbi deberet dari (13r).

**941 semen malue** not present in the Latin (13v)

De Febribus Pestilencialibus (Chapter 10)

959 bocium gule A swelling in the neck, most likely goiter. See also Demaitre, Medieval Medicine, 203

**1004-5 succi mellesse . . . succi endiue** not present in the Latin (14v)

**1006 3 iij** Latin: **3** j (14v)

**1006 ʒ iij** Latin: ʒ iiij (14v)

## De Sudore (Chapter 11)

**1088 ventres . . . naturam** Reference to Galen's commentary on Hippocrates' Aphorisms (Aphorism 15, Particula 1), See 1559 (Lyon), 454; see also line 11543 below in Tractatus de Regimine Sanitatis

## De Venemis (Chapter 13)

**1329** [...] Quarto intelligendum quod habens cor calidum citius interficitur a veneno quod habens cor frigidum, quoniam habens cor calidum habet venas latas et meatus latos, et cum venenum a tota specie penetret cor, ideo facilius penetrat per meatus latos (17v).

[Fourth, it should be understood that one having a hot heart is killed more quickly by poison than one having a cold heart, since the one with a hot heart has broad veins and broad passages, and when poison in its whole form penetrates the heart, in that way it penetrates more easily through the broad passages].

'A tota specie' is a technical term used by Ibn Sīnā to describe the operation of poison. See Steel, Carlos G., Guldentops, Guy, Beullens, Pieter, *Aristotle's Animals in the Middle Ages and Renaissance* (Leuven, 1999), 199

# De Apostematibus Calidis Generatis Per Viam Adustionis (Chapter 18)

**1399** [...] Et ideo corrodunt et vlcerant pro tanto dicitur antrax quia facit antrum et carbunculus quia conburit sicut carbo ignitus qui postea denigratur (22r).

[Consequently, they (sanguine, colre adust, malencolie adust) corrode and ulcerate and it is said to be anthrax because they create antrum and carbunculus because it burns like a fiery coal and afterward it becomes black.]

# De Noli Me Tangere

This phrase, meaning 'do not touch me,' appears in Latin versions of the Bible as the words spoken by Christ to Mary Magdalene after the resurrection (John 20.17). Medically, this phrase most likely indicates to the physician that excessive handling of the affected areas may cause the purulent ulcers of this condition to become even worse.

# De Herpite Estiomens Cancro Seu Lupo

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1586 salis gemme Latin: salis communis (14r)

1607 3 iij Latin: 3 ij (14r)
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# De Inpetigine et Serpigine

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1637 piretri In place of piretri the Latin states 'stercoris fureti' (14v)

1640 ʒ iij Latin: ʒ vj (14v)

1654 ʒ ij Latin: ʒ ij (14v)
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## De Fistula

**1737** [...] '...quia et si non prosunt singula, multa iuuant' (even if one does not help on its own, many may help)

# De Apostematibus Duris et Lapideij; De Scrophulis Clarificacio

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1738 [...] The partial sentence begins with 'Materialia autem unguentorum . . .' (29r), (the materials are oils . . .)
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# De Lepra

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1939 quarter iij Latin: quarter j (31r)
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**1951 diacitoniten, julij** Latin: diacameron, diaarodon (31r)

**1975 3 j** Latin: Θ j (31v)

**1998 3 ij** Latin: 3 ij (31v)

**2005 piperis, castorei** not present in the Latin (31v)

De Morphea (Chapter 22)

**2074** [...] In primis fricetur fortiter locus cum panno aspero. Et tunc si cutis infectio fuerit de causa

calida non curo, sed emplastratur morphea vel infectio cutis, dum tamen locus sic rubeus vel citrinus

maculosus (36v).

[In the first, the place should be rubbed with a rough cloth. And if the skin infection comes of a hot

cause, I do not care whether it is plastered (clepyd in Middle English) with morphea or a skin infection,

so that the place is spotted with red and yellow].

The Middle English does not provide a translation for maculosus.

De Scabie (Chapter 23)

**2213 yerapigra** Latin: yerapigra  $\frac{3}{5}$  β (38r)

**2231 vnguenti citrini** not present in the Latin (38r)

**2232 3**  $\beta$  Latin:  $\frac{3}{5}\beta$  (38r)

**2251**  $\frac{3}{3}$  Latin:  $\frac{3}{3}$   $\beta$  (38r)

De Scabie Sicca cum VIceribus

2261 aceti albi 3j not present in the Latin (38v)

**2262 3 iij** Latin: 3 iij

De Malo Mortuo

**2277 3 ij** Latin: **3** ij (38v)

**2280 libra j** Latin: libra  $\beta$  (38v)

**2291 sulphuris . . . argenti viui extincti ʒ ij** In place of 'sulphuris, calcis viue ana ʒ iij, argenti viui

extincti 3 ij,' the Latin has 'sulfuris viui extincti ana 3 ij' (38v)

De Pustulis (Chapter 24)

**2332 succi... scabiose** Latin: succi celidonie, fumi terre, borage, scabiose (39r)

De Vulneribus (Chapter 25)

**2538 pilos leporis** Latin: pilos leporis minutissime contritos (41r)

**2656 stelionum** a type of lizard with star-like spots. A lizard of the genus Stellio found in Southern

Europe and Asia.

De Ragadijs (Chapter 29)

2845 Item, queritur quod istorum faciat majorem impressionem aut aqua calida aut ignis calor, et

quod ignis carbo videtur cum calidum existens in grossa materia ut in ferro vehementius imprimat, sed

carbo grossior est quia sit aqua calida igitur calor in igne fortius est et magis imprimit quia in aqua

contrarium tamen patet (44v).

De Iter Agentibus (Chapter 30)

**2920 violis** Latin: zuchari violati (45v)

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# Book 2

## De Allopucia (Chapter 1)

The 1497 incunabulum also cites Ibn Sīnā, while the 1559 (Lyon) edition cites Aristotle. Furthermore, line 10252 of the *Lylye* in Book 4, Chapter 13 De Fetore Ascellarum cites Aristotle in reference to *Histore Animalium*. The three works of Aristotle on zoology comprising nineteen books (*Historia Animalium*, *De Partibus Animalium*, *De Generatione Animalium*) circulated together as *De Animalibus*, which was translated into Arabic in the ninth century (*Kitāb al-hayawān*). It was transmitted to the West via Michael Scot's (or Scotus, d. 1232 ca) translation of Ibn Sīnā's version of Aristotle's *De Animalibus*. See Kruk, Remke, 'Ibn-Sīnā On Animals: Between the First Teacher and the Physician' in *Avicenna and His Heritage: Acts of the International Colloquium Leuven-Louvain-la-Neuve, September 8-September 11, 1999* eds Jules L. Janssens, D. De Smet (Leuven: 2002), 325-41 at 326; Bertolacci, Amos, 'On the Latin Reception of Avicenna's Metaphysics before Albertus Magnus: An Attempt at Periodization' in *Graeco-Arabica: The Arabic, Hebrew and Latin Reception of Avicenna's Metaphysics*, eds Dag Nikolaus Hasse, Amos Bertolacci (Berlin: 2012), 199-223 at 216

**3042-43 non . . . mollificentur** Quoniam secundum Galen in De Complexionibus, non contingit deuenire a tortuositate in rectitudinem, nisi mollificentur prius (47r).

(According to Galen in De Complexionibus, it is not possible to return twisted hair to straight, except by means of mollification).

**3134 gluyschenesse** In the Latin texts this word is *caluitie*. The context clearly refers to baldness, but this spelling is not recorded in the OED or the MED.

# De Canicie (Chapter 4)

**3339 Auicen** See commentary above for line 3145, De Allopucia (Chapter 1)

3355 canicies . . . patrum A reference to the Latin poem *Alexandreis* (an account of the life of Alexander the Great) by the twelfth-century French writer Walter of Châtillon. The line is: 'canities veranda patrum' (venerable white-haired fathers). See *Alexandreis*, ed. M. Philippi Gualtheri (London, 1863) [Google e-book), 13. This line is also cited in a poem attributed to Erasmus, which celebrates Easter and the Risen Christ ('veneranda parentum canities'). See Poem 112, lines 228-9 in *The Collected Works of Erasmus*, Vols 85, 86, eds Harry Vredeveld, trans. Clarence H. Miller (Toronto, 1993), 320, 682

# De Pustulis Capitis (Chapter 6)

3416 Secundum quod debemus considerare quod in pustulis antiquis ponamus acetum et in recentibus aquam (52r).

(Second, consider that in old pustules apply vinegar and in new pustules apply water).

# De Tinea (Chapter 8)

**3417** [...] Breuiter sine disputatione ad omnia ista dico de primo quod phlebotomia non debet fieri de venis que sunt post aures quia ibi sunt vene iuueniles et sterilizarent, sed de venis que sunt in pulpis aurium est tolerabile post vij annos donec sint in etate in que possit phlebotomia fieri de brachio vltramarini tamen istam minutionem plus consueuerunt quam nos (53r).

(Briefly, without dispute, to all that I say from the first that blood-letting from the veins behind the ears should not be done because the veins are young/small and barren/unproductive, but it is acceptable in the veins in the fleshy part of the ear after seven years until the age at which bleeding can be performed in the arm. But those overseas are more accustomed to this blood-letting than we are).

Guy de Chauliac references this statement in his *Chirurgia Magna*. See McVaugh and Ogden's *Inventarium sive Chirurgia Magna*, Vol. II Commentary, 253.

# **De Dolore Capitis**

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3707 \Im ij Latin: \Im j (56v)

3708 anisi 3in3iberis follows anisi in the Latin (56v)

3708 \Im ij Latin: \Im j (56v)
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# **Cura Doloris Ex Ebrietate**

**3793** [...] Si autem dolor capitis fuerit propter febres inungatur caput rasum cum oleo ro et mirtino et coriandrino et camomellino (57v).

(If the headache is due to a fever, shave his head and anoint it with oil of roses and myrtle, coriander, and chamomile).

# De Dolore Capitis [Clarificacio]

3794 Unde dice dum quod confirmatio vel non confirmatio parum facit ad hoc, sed plenitudo multa aut pauca: quoniam cum plenitudo est multa tunc fiat ex parte opposita si pauca, ex cadem (60r).

# De Litargia Vera (Chapter 12)

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3950 cimini Latin: seminis ruthe follows cimini (62r)
3950 3 j Latin: 3 iij (62r)
3950 melle ... aceti albi 3 iij not present in the Latin (62r)
3957 3 iij Latin: 3 iij (62r)
3957 agarik ... 3 ij not present in the Latin (62r)
3957 3 ij Latin: θ ij (62r)
3958 3 j Latin: θ j (62r)
3958 θ j and β Latin: θ β (62r)
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# **De Corupcione Memorie (Chapter 13)**

**4075 3 iij** Latin: **3** ij (63v)

**4091 acori** Latin: radicum accori (63v)

**4095 3 v** Latin:  $\frac{3}{5}\beta$  (63v)

# De Litargia non Vera (Chapter 14)

**4141 no3t . . . hym** A translation of *regere* (e.g., control, rule) is missing from the sentence here.

'...significantur quod natura non potest regere propter contrarietatem, sicut hic et in emitriteis' (64r).

# De Stupore (Chapter 17)

**4326 fische . . . narton** A flat fish of the genus Torpedo known for its ability to emit electric discharges; also called electric ray, cramp-fish, cramp-ray, numb-fish. See Aldrovandi, Ulyssis, *De Piscibus Libri V* (Bologna, 1613), 415

# De Vigilijs (Chapter 18)

**4360 And . . . swelle** 'et ratione indigestionis facies subtumida efficitur' (67r). Where the Middle English says 'cause wole swelle' the Latin indicates 'subtumida' (uvula).

## De Mania et Malencolia (Chapter 19)

**4671** [...] Si autem venerit a stomacho et ypocundrijs et mirac: tunc certificet digestio et ventositas excludatur prouocetur igitur vomitus: et detur cibus subtilis et facilis digestionis (70r).

[If it comes from the stomach, digestive tract, or abdominal wall (*mirac*), then induce vomiting and give the patient food that is easy to digest.']

# De Epilencia (Chapter 25)

**5015** [be cured] There is no blank space in the text, but this sentence is missing a final thought. Informed by the Latin '...signum est quod curari potest' (76r).

**5040-41 Jaspar . . . caduco** Jaspar brings myrrh, frankincense Melchior, Baltaʒar gold / the man who will carry with him the name of the three kings / is released from the falling sickness by the mercy/piety of God.

**5048 ymberne . . . temporum** 'ieiuniis quatuor temporum.' This verse is to be repeated quickly four times.

**5049 erat . . . jeiunio** Matthew 14.17-20. He was foaming at the mouth and grinding his teeth and this kind of demon only comes out by prayer and fasting.

**5172 3 ij** Latin: 3 j (77v)

**5173**  $\S$  **β** Latin:  $\S$   $\S$  (77v)

**5353 3 j** Latin:  $\frac{3}{5}$  j(77v)

the Latin recipe contains *vtriusque saluie* (77v)

# De Paralisi (Chapter 27)

**5487 ʒ ij** Latin: ℥ ij (81r)

## **De Tremore Membrorum (Chapter 29)**

**5667** Here follows f. 101, which was bound out of order in the manuscript

the Latin recipe also contains 'castorei \( \) ij, mellis libra j' (83v)

## De Spasmo (Chapter 28)

5555 Here follows ff. 133-134, which are bound out of order in the manuscript

De Jectigacione (Chapter 30)

**5730** [...] 'quod cibus non sit ventosus' (84r), the translation for *ventosus* (wind) is absent in the

Middle English

Book 3

De Tumore Inflacione et Pinguedine Palpebrarum

These are separate subheadings in the Latin, which gives 16 subheadings in accord with the main

heading of this section ('...sunt in numero 16'), while in the Middle English the combined subheading

results in 15 total subheadings.

**De Tumore Coniunctiue** 

**6069 eris vsti 3 ij** Latin: eris vsti  $\vartheta$  ij (88r)

De VIcere et Sanie in Coniunctiua

**6088 mirre, musci** Latin: myrre munde (88v)

De Excrescencia et Diminucione Carnis in Coniunctiua

**6097 aloe, olibani ana \vartheta ij** Latin: aloes, olibani ana  $\vartheta$  j (88v)

**De Lacrimis** 

**6142 rosarum . . . perforatarum** Latin: rosarum margaritarum perforatarum et non perforatarum (89r)

**6143** acacie not present in the Latin (89r)

**6147 mirre** not present in the Latin (89r)

**De Pascionibus Cornee (Chapter 3)** 

**6207** Pe pasciouns Here follows f. 92, which was bound out of order in the manuscript

De VIceribus et Plagis Cornee

**6221 ceruse** . . . **3 ij** Latin: ceruse ablute θ ij (90r)

**6221 dragaganti 3 iij** Latin: dragaganti, gummi arabici ana  $\theta$  iij (90r)

**De Vesica Cornee** 

6239 eris ablute Latin: ceruse ablute follows eris ablute (90r)

**6242 aquenche... mayde** The Latin includes the specificion to quench the tuthie five times in the female child's urine, as well as five times in the water of roses ('extinguatur quinque vicibus in vrina pueri virginis, quinque in aqua rosacea,' 90r).

**De Ruptura Cornee** 

**6258 acasie ablute** not present in the Latin (90v)

**6259 collirium** '. . . gummi arabici et fiat collirium' (90v). The Middle English does not have gummi arabici or the instruction 'fiat,' which is typically rendered as 'make þerof.'

De Albugine et Macula et Cicatrice in Oculis

**6327 piperis**  $\Im \beta$  Latin: *cuperose grana x* follows *piperis*  $\Im \beta$  (91r)

**6329 tuthie 3 iij** Latin: thucie  $\vartheta$  iij (91r)

**De Constriccione Pupille** 

**6407 stercoris** . . . [. . .] Latin: stercoris lacerte viridis ana  $\vartheta$  j, balsami  $\vartheta$   $\beta$ , piperis, floris eris, armoniaci ana grana 6 (92r)

Curacio Particularis Debilitatis Visus et Potissime cum Oculi Videntur Sani et Visus Debilitatur

**6514 sileris montane** not present in the Latin (93v)

**6520 yeralogodion 3 ij** Latin: yeralogodion  $\vartheta$  ij (93v)

**6564-65 tuthie . . . balsami** The Latin includes: thucie extincte et nutrite, sarcocolle nutrite in lacte

asine . . . hirci incolentis montana, vnum de quolibet (94r).

**6567 3if . . . hem** At the end of this phrase, the Latin includes the additional instruction: sicut

conficitur zucharum rosarum, 94r (as it is done when making sugar of roses).

De Scabie, Pruritu, Asperitate et Rubore

**6684 aloe...**  $3\beta$  Latin: aloes, myrrhe ana 3j (95v)

De Ordeolo

**6710 muscarum** Latin: muscarum capitibus ablatis (96r)

De Carnositate in Palpebra Exteriori

**6713 Rx 170** The Latin concludes this recipe with *floris eris*  $\partial \theta$  (96r)

De Casu Pilorum in Palpebris

**6761 9 ij** Latin: **9** j (96v)

De Pascionibus Aurium (Chapter 8)

6816-20 si discrasia est calida et corpus est plenum et leditur a calidis ratione similitudinis et leditur a

contrarijs, sicut a frigidis ratione compressionis solutionem continuitatis inducendo et ita intelligo de

frigidis. In corpibus igitur plectoricis multum fit lesio in similibus et contrarijs et ideo multi comuniter

decipiuntur (97r)

506

... fomentetur auris cum aqua decoctionis rosarum, salicis, nenuphar, lactuca, maurelle, scilicet,

quod fumus recipiatur per aures vel quod lana vel tela inungatur in oleo rosaceo, nenuphar et in oleo de

salicibus, et in oleo de camomillo et ab extra supra aurem applicentur (97v).

(. . . make a fomentacioun with aqua decoctionis rosarum, salicis, nenuphar, lactuca, maurelle, namely,

and the fumes are received by the ears or use wool or cloth anointed with oleo ro, nenuphar, oleo de

salicibus, and oleo de camomillo and apply it to the outside of the ear).

De Tinnitu et Sibillo (Chapter 9)

**6864** [...] Si ex ventositate sentitur ascensus et descensus sicut cum mustum bulitur (98v).

(If it comes from wind, the patient will feel a rising up and down like new wine boiling).

**6900 Nos...tactu** we surpass the boar in hearing, the lynx in vision, the ape in taste / vulture in smell

and the spider in touch

De Dolore Auris et De Apostemate Auris (Chapter 10)

**6980 ana ¾ iij** Latin: ana ¾ ij (99v)

**6991 maiorane** Latin: *maiorane* is preceded by *ruthe* (99v)

7007 Opij is included in the Latin after licij; amigdalarum is given as amigdalarum excorticatarum

De Pascionibus Narium (Chapter 15)

**7162 ffrixe** The Latin has ana 3 x in the place of ffrixe (101v)

**7165 quarter**  $\beta$  Latin: quod sufficit (101v)

**7171 semen** not present in the Latin (101v)

De Reumate et Coriza (Chapter 16)

7242 mellis Latin: violis (102v)

507

**7253 ana ¾ iij** Latin: ana ¾ iiij; the Latin recipe includes *diaprunis* (102v)

**7325 ana ʒ j** Latin: ana θ j (102v)

**7330 ana 3 j** Latin: ana 3 j et  $\beta$  (102v)

#### De Fluxu Sanguinis Narium (Chapter 17)

7389 The Latin includes the following after *iuse of plantayn*: et encaustro scriptorum et sanguine draco et puluere charte combuste et testis ouorum combustis (103v).

# De Pascionibus Dencium et Prismo de Dolore (Chapter 25)

**7938 incidentes** The 1497 and 1559 Latin versions of the text also include *canini* alongside *incidentes* and *molares*, which the Middle English does not have.

## De Perforacione, Putredione et Vermibus Dencium, (Chapter 26)

8002 nucis cipressi Latin: gallarum assatarum et in aceto exunctarum nucis cipressi (111v)

# Book 4

# De Squinancia (Chapter 1)

8170-71 disnia . . . origmon dyspnea (shortness of breath, laboured breathing); origmon (difficulty breathing with much sound at inhalation). See also Demaitre, *Medieval Medicine*, 2013, 197-238

8206 sumac Following *sumac*, the Latin text contains 'coriandri, sanguis draconis, conficiantur cum mucillagine psilij et dragaganti frigidi . . .' (114r)

# De Pascionibus Vuule (Chapter 2)

**8280 aboue** valet ad informatione vocis, et ideo stat supra foramem anhelitus, sicut digitus fistulatoris (114v)

**8336 whan it** ad icisionem igit vuule veniamus, quando vuula gracilis est versus radicem sciliet in palato superiori et est grossa inferius. . . (115r); See also lines 8390-94

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De Rausidine Vocis (Chapter 3)
8493 yerapigra 3 iij Latin: yerapigra 3 ij (117r)
8502 amigdalarum . . . passarum not present in the Latin (117r)
8508 ana 3 j Latin: ana 9 j (117r)
8516 ℥β Latin: ℥ j (117r)
8516 cicerum Latin: citrini (117r)
8530 psillij, semen citoniorum Latin: semen psilij, citoniorum (117r)
8532 semen . . . munde not present in the Latin (117r)
De Tussi (Chapter 4)
8680 amidi not present in the Latin (118v)
8680 ξβ Latin: ξ j (118v)
8685 214 Rx caricarum and liquirice munde are not present in the Latin. In the place of semen sebesten
the Latin has malue and in the place of iuiubarum the Latin has cubebarum. In the Latin, papaueris is
given as papaueris albi. The recipe concludes with 'Fiant sirupi libra j et \beta.' (118v)
8690 prunorum Latin: prunorum L (119r)
8691 ana 3 j Latin: ana 9 j (119r)
8694 mellis . . . iij Latin: violis ana 3 iiij (119r)
8694 dyairis ξ β not present in the Latin (119r)
8698 217 Rx the Latin includes liquirice munde in this recipe (119r)
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**8716 3 iij** . . . **juiubarum** Latin: **3** iiij; *caricarum* is not present in the Latin and *cubebarum* is given in the place of *juiubarum* (119r)

**8731 libra j** Latin: libra β (119r)

**8748 opij** Latin: apij; the Latin also contains *caricarum*, which is not present in the Middle English (119r)

# De Ptisi (Chapter 5)

**9094 ana ¾ ij** Latin: ana ¾ j (123v)

**9094 M iiij** Latin: M iij (123v)

**9098 piscacearum . . . mundi** 'piscacearum, amigdalarum excorticum, ordei mundi' are not present in the Latin (123v)

**9126 mellis** The 1497 incunabulum has *se. mell.* (semen mellones), while the 1559 edition has *semen uiolarum* (123v)

**9126 ₹β** Latin: ₹ j (123v)

**9127 libra iiij** Latin: libra j (123v)

**9141 candi, dragaganti** In the place of candi, dragaganti the Latin has 'sanguis draconis' (123v)

**9157 3 j** Latin: 3 ij (124r)

**9299 232 Rx** The Latin recipe begins with 'myrrhe' (124r)

**9299 ana 3 j** Latin: ana 3 ij (124r)

**9299 opij 3 j** Latin: opij (124r)

# De Sputo Sanguinis (Chapter 6)

# De Empimate et Sputo Sanioso (Chapter 7)

**9396** [...] Si igitur est ordinaturs et tardus, non est ibi nec ptisis nec ethica sicut puto (119r) [If (the pulse] is in order and slow, I think that there is not ptisis nor ethica]

# De Difficultate Anelitus (Chapter 8)

**9397** [...] Et dicit Auicen quod quando vapores qui sunt circa cor et arterias sunt causa difficultatis hanelitus, quod tunc competit phlebotomia (130r).

(Ibn Sīnā says that when the difficulty in breathing is caused by vapors around the heart and arteries, then phlebotomy should be performed.)

# De Pleuresi (Chapter 9)

**9597 quando . . . spatulas** Galen's *Regiminis Acutorum*, See 1559 (Lyon), 389

**9638 dragaganti** not present in the Latin (132v)

**9664**  $\frac{3}{3}$  Latin:  $\frac{3}{3}$   $\beta$  (132v)

## De Apostemate Mamillarum

10206 lilij Latin: radicis lilij (139r)

# Book 5

#### De Difficultate Transgluciendi (Chapter 1)

**10388** the Latin includes *liquirice munde* (141r)

**10393 amidum** Latin: amigdalarum

De Indigestione Stomachi vel Dolore et Debelitate et Mala Conplexione et Similibus (Chapter 3)

**10713 absinthij 3 ij** the Latin includes 'gariofilorum, ligni aloes, xilobalsami ana 3 β' after *absinthij 3 ij* (144r)

#### **Curacio Debilitatis Virtutis Stomachi**

**10748-49 Si...item** If you want me to be meek, if you want to settle disputes / Of dyacitoniten, always give to me. The 1497 incunabulum and 1559 edition have 'frater' for 'semper.'

**10878 turbithe** the Latin includes *agarici* before *turbithe* (145r)

#### De Caninu Appetitu (Chapter 4)

**10935 quibuscunqus inuenibus, etc.** Reference to Galen's commentary on Hippocrates' Aphorisms (Aphorism 10, Particula 2), See 1559 (Lyon), 434

# **De Corrupcione Appetitus**

**11051** Point 5 is missing from the Middle English. Quinto notandum quoniam licet grossa cibaria plus nutriant et citius sedet appetitum, nihilominus plus competunt subtilia in bolismo, quia virtus est debilis, et ideo citius confortat et citius transit ad membra (148v).

#### De Fastidio et Abhominacione (Chapter 8)

**11465-66 Cena... manyfesta** A small dinner or no dinner, rarely aggrevates / much dinner causes harm, as medicine teaches, this is clear

#### **Tractatus de Regimine Sanitatis**

**11543 ventres . . . vere** Reference to Galen's commentary on Hippocrates Aphorisms (Aphorism 15, Particula 1), See 1559 (Lyon), 454

**11581 Ypocras** the 1497 and 1559 versions cite Aristotle

**11633-37 Si...anum** If you want to be whole and healthy, spare wine and dinner, avoid excess sorrow and believe that it is useless to be angry, take a walk after a meal, do not sleep in the middle of the day, do not retain urine or force defecation.

# De Lienteria (Chapter 13)

**12018** the Latin recipe also contains *acacie* and *mirabolanum* (160r)

**12023 iuse of mente** not present in the Latin (160r)

# De Dissinteria (Chapter 14)

**12173** The Latin recipe includes 'reuberberata et assentur' (162r)

#### De Fluxu Virulento et Sanioso

**12244** The Latin text includes 'aloes loti, masticis' following *cinamomi* 

# De Tenasmone (Chapter 15)

**12381 bismalue** not present in the Latin

# De Fluxu Ventris Propter Opilacionem Epatis et Venarum Misaraicarum

**12674-75 lactuca . . . spicenardi** These ingredients are not present in either the 1497 or 1559 versions (162v)

# De Yliaca (Chapter 17)

**12892 jn . . . singultus** Reference to Galen's commentary on Hippocrates' Aphorisms (Aphorism 10, Particula 7), See 1559 (Lyon), 500

# **De Colica Pascione (Chapter 18)**

**13007 anisi** not present in the Latin

**13033-35 To... þeruppon** This recipe does not appear in any of the five Latin versions used for comparision (MS Harley 3698, MS Sloane 512, MS Sloane 334, 1497 incunabulum, 1559 edition). The measurements indicated by <...> are illegible.

# De Pascionibus Ani et Propter de Emoroydis (Chapter 21)

**13279 pilorum leporis** Latin: pilorum leporis minutissime incisorum (174r)

# De Apostemate Ani

**13337 312 Rx** This recipe is not present in the 1497 incunabulum or the 1559 edition

#### De Fistula Ani

**13449-50 God . . . ende** Psalm 77.66: 'he smote his enemies on the hinder parts: he put them to an everlasting reproach' (Douay-Rheims Bible)

# Book 6

## **De Discracia Frigidia Epatis**

13571 following absinthij ana  $\S$  ij, the Latin includes 'spicanardi, squinanti, calami aromatici, lacce, anisi, maratri, endiuie, scariole, amigdalarum amararum, ana  $\S$  ij' (177v)

**13576 endiuie** Latin: sene

#### De Opilacione Epatis (Chapter 2)

**13716 scariole agrestis** not present in the Latin (179r)

**13726** The Latin includes *liquirice munde* (179r)

#### De Apostemate Epatis (Chapter 3)

**13866 coriandri** *spodij* is given in the place of *coriandri* in the Latin (181v)

13870 329 Rx In the Latin, *endiuie* precedes *scariole*, *absinthij* is not present, *spodij* is given for *spicenardi*, which is followed by *sandali*, *muscatellini* ana \$\frac{7}{3}ij\$, *succi feniculi*, *lacce ana* \$\frac{7}{3}j\$, (181v)

13932 semen lactuca | lacce is given in the place of *semen lactuca* in the Latin (181v)

De Fluxu Sanguinis Ab Apate (Chapter 4)

**14028-29** See lines 9213-14 De Sputo Sanguinis (Book 5, Chapter 6)

De Ydropisi (Chapter 5)

14222 coriandri preparati Latin: calami aromatici preparati (184v)

# De Curacio Ydropisi cum Calore

14333 *lacce* is given for *lactuca* in the Latin; 'spodij, sandali, muscatelini' are not present in the Latin (184v)

**14365** [...] Rx succus cucumeris asinini et radicis eius, succus laureole, succus yreos producentis florem purpureum, sucus absinthij, succus eupatorij ana  $\frac{3}{5}$  iij misceantur et quiescant et aqua que supernatauerit proijciatur et quod residet conseruetur (185r)

De Viceribus Renum (Chapter 10)

**14425 cubebarum** not present in the Latin (195v)

De Minctu Sanguinis (Chapter 11)

**14488 spume marine** *spicenardi* is given in the place of *spume marine* in the Latin (196v)

# De Diabetica Pascione (Chapter 13)

**14696 rosarum** not present in the Latin (198v)

# Book 7

# De Paucitate Coytus (Book 7, Chapter 1)

**14971 Haly... Centiloguium** Reference to al-'Abbas' commentary on Ptolemy's Centiloguium, a collection of aphorisms pertaining to astrology.

**15040 stercus . . . salmonis** Latin: stercus leporis, coagulum cameli iuuenis masculi, vrina cameli, cor salmonis transglutituum aviro

**15060 Auicen** See line 3145, De Allopucia (Book 2, Chapter 1)

#### De Gomorrea (Chapter 3)

**15158** [...] Missing a final word in this sentence, such as 'will' (against a man's will). 'Gomorrea est emissio spermatis inuoluntaria' (205r).

#### De Pollucione Nocturna (Chapter 4)

**15237** [...] Colericis videtur quod videant ignem et phlegmaticis quod sint in aquis et melancolicis quod videant demones suspensos et sanguineis quod sint in mensa aut in vinea aut in pratis (206r). (Choleric men think they see fire, phlegmatic men think they are in water, melancholic men see floating demons, and sanguine men think they are at a table or in a vineyard or in fields).

# **Materia Medica**

The following index contains all medicinal products in the extant text of the *Lylye of Medicynes*, including plants, compound medicines, animal products, minerals, and alchemical agents. The first portion of the list provides definitions for treatments, as well as preparation instructions which specifically occur in association with the ingredients. The second portion of the list provides definitions for the ingredients. The list is in alphabetical order according to the Middle English name as it appears in the *Lylye*. The sounds of yogh represented in this list, include S (*3uccare*) and Z (*3inʒiberis*), which are alphabetized accordingly, as are I/J and U/V (e.g., *iuniper* occurs under J and *vnctuosa* occurs under U). For some terms there are multiple entries due to the frequency of medieval synonyms employed in the text (e.g., *fenel*, *feniculi*, *maratri* all refer to *Foeniculum vulgare* Mill). However, only the most frequently occurring spellings are listed here for minor variations in spelling of the same term (e.g., *fenel* / *fenell*). In the second column are the present day scientific designations for plant names; brief definitions are provided for animal, mineral, and alchemical products.

In the case of multiple scientific synonyms for the same plant (e.g., *Cinnamomum zeylanicum* and *Cinnamomum verum* for the Cinnamon Tree), preference was given to the current 'accepted scientific name' appearing in the Kew Medicinal Plant Names Services and The Plant List Database. Additionally, chemical spellings, such as sulfur, are in accordance with the guidelines of The International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC).

Caution was used in identifying the present day names of the medieval ingredients, especially the binomial names of plants. Some terms are simple and straightforward (e.g., *wormode*), but others resist a direct one-to-one equivalency (such as *endiuie*, *nenifar*, *scariole*) or are complicated by the use of many scientific synonyms resulting from the multi-century botanical classification process. The main

sources used to define these terms include: *The Middle English Dictionary, The Oxford English Dictionary*, Kew Medicinal Plant Names Services, and The Plant List Database.

Additional sources that were helpful for comparison include: Bos, Gerrit, et al., *Medical Synonym Lists* from Medieval Provence: Shem Tov Ben Isaac of Tortosa: Sefer Ha - Shimmush. Book 29: Part 1: Edition and Commentary of List 1 (Netherlands: 2011); Duffin, C. J., Moody, R. T. J., and Gardner-Thorpe, C., A History of Geology and Medicine (Bath: 2013); Getz, Faye Marie, Healing and Society in Medieval England: A Middle English Translation of the Pharmaceutical Writings of Gilbert Anglicus (Wisconsin: 1991); Hunt, Tony, Plant Names of Medieval England (Cambridge: 1989); Hunt, Tony, Anglo-Norman Medicine: Roger Frugard's Chirurgia and the Practica Brevis of Platearius, 2 vols (Oxford: 1994); McVaugh, Michael R. and Ogden, Margaret S., Inventarium sive Chirurgia Magna, Vol. 2: Commentary (Leiden: 1997); McVaugh, Michael R. and Ferre, Lola, 'The Tabula Antidotarii of Armengaud Blaise and its Hebrew Translation,' Transactions of the American Philosophical Society, 90/6 (2000); The Birth of Mankind, ed. Elaine Hobby (Surrey: 2009).

# **Treatment Specifications**

Alteratyues Class of medicines that alter the quality (moist/dry,

hot/cold)

Anodinis Analgesic drugs

Attractiues Class of medicines capable of drawing foreign or disease-

causing matter out of the body

Blodeletynge Extracting blood for the purpose of balancing dysfunctional

humours

Calefactorijs Treatment by increasing the heat in a part of the body

Castynges Treatment by vomiting

Cauterijs Treatment involving burning with a hot instrument or with

caustic medicines

Clisterijs Enema

Collyrium Any medicine applied to the eyes

Confortatiues A class of medicines with comforting, invigorating, and

soothing properties

Conglutinatiues A class of medicines with glutinous properties used to close

wounds or treat fractures or broken bones

Consolidatives A class of medicines with wound-healing properties;

promoting the closure of wounds

Constrictyues A class of medicines that restrain discharge by thickening

bodily fluids

Digestiues A class of medicines used to prepare pathological bodily

material for elimination

Dissolutiues A class of medicines that promote dissolution of a disease

state

Embotum Syringe used to inject medicinal fumes or liquid

preparations

Embrocacioun Application of hot water (soaking) or a salve to relieve pain

and reduce swelling

Enkatismata A sitting bath

Euacuaciouns A class of medicines that promote elimination of

pathological humours

Euaporatiues A class of medicines used to draw out pathological matter

by converting it to vapour

Fomentacioun The external application of hot medicinal substances

Frote To rub or massage a medicinal substance into the body

Fumigacioun Treatment by inhalation of medicinal aromatic fumes

Garsinge Scarification

Incisiues A class of medicines with the property of dissolving viscous

humours

Laxatyues A class of medicines used to relieve constipation or to

purge the body of pathological humours

Magdaleonibus A cylindrical roll of a medicinal substance or plaster

Maturatiues A class of medicines that promote suppuration

Mitigatiues A class of medicines with palliative properties

Mollificatives A class of medicines with softening, relaxing, and

mitigative properties

Mundificatives A class of medicines with cleansing properties (used

internally and externally)

Nutrityues Food, drinks, and medicines that have nourishing qualities

Opilatyues Class of medicines used to close the pores

Preperatiues A preliminary medicine; a class of medicines used to

prepare the body for a subsequent treatment

Purgacioun Purging pathological humours from the body via emetics,

laxatives, or bloodletting

Repercussiues A class of medicines that dissolve or disperse pathological

humoral aggregations to reduce inflammation

Resolutiues A class of medicines used to dissolve hardened matter

Sacellacyoun The application of a medicinal poultice

Sternutacioun The expulsion of pathological humours or retained

placenta by sneezing

Stuye Herbal steam-bath

Subfumigacioun The process of applying medicinal fumes from burning or

boiling herbs to the body, usually from below

Suppositorijs Medicinal preparation administered by insertion into the

rectum, vagina, or urethra

Ventose Cupping glass used to draw out blood

# **Preparation Specifications**

Ablute Washed or purified

Assi Roasted

Cineris Ashes

Cocta Cooked or Boiled; also, Ripened

Colature Medicinal drink, extract, or strained concoction

Combustarum Burned

Condite / Conditum /

Conditorum

A preserve, conserve, or electuary of various ingredients

(such as zinziberis)

Corticis Rind or Bark

Decoccioun Boiling process; the extraction of juice by heating

Electuary A medicine in which various specified ingredients are

combined with honey or a syrup

Enplastre Thick medicinal salve, paste, poultice, or compress used

externally

Farina Flour

Florum Flowers

Foliorum Leaves / Foliage

Fortissimo Strong

Frigidi / Frigidorum Cold or Chilled

Frixe Fried

Grana Grain (unit of measurement) or Seeds

Lote Washed or purified

Medie Middle

Mundatorum / Munde Cleansed

Muscilago A medicinal substance derived from the seeds and roots of

plants; usually used in combination with the specific ingredient that forms the base (mainly psyllij, citoniorum,

and dragaganti in the Lylye)

Nucis / Nux Nuts

Nucleus Core or central part of the plant

Nutrite Made into an ointment via emulsification

Olei / Oleo / Oleum /

Oyle

Oil

Optimi Highest quality

Oynement Medicinal salve typically applied externally

Palea Husk

Pauco A small amount

Pelotis / Pillule Pills

Plastre See Enplastre

Preparate Sublimated

Pulueris Powder

Quod Sufficit As much as suffices

Radicis / Radix Root

Sarce Sift

Semen / Semina / Seminis Seeds

Sicce Dessicated

Sirup A thick liquid comprised of herbal ingredients boiled with

sugar

Stipites Stem or Staulk

Succe Juice

Vnguento See Oynement

Vst Calcined

Vtriusque Of each or both

# **Ingredient Names**

Abrotanum L.

Acacia Prunus spinosa L.

Aceti Vinegar

Acetosa Rumex acetosa L.

Acetositas Citri Sour Juice

Ache Apium graveolens L.

Achorus Acorus calamus L.

Adeps Fat Vulpis Fox Vulturis Vulture

Affodilij Allium ursinum L.

Agarici Polyporus officinalis L.

Agni Lamb

Agnus Castus Vitex agnus-castus L.

Agrimonie Agrimonia eupatoria L.

Agrippa A type of ointment, often appears in combination with

Marciaton and Arrogon

Albumen Ouorum Egg whites

Alcanna Alkanna tinctoria (L.) Tausch

Alipta Muscata Musk-based medicine. Other ingredients include

lapdanum, aloes, masterwort [Peucedanum ostruthium (L.)

W.D.J.Koch]

See Lorène, Simon, Intérêt pharmaceutique . . .,' 120

Alkytran Various resins, oils, or pitch, such as mineral pitch, native

asphalt or the resins from trees such as pine or cedar.

Almaundis See Amigdalarum

Aloen / Aloes Purgative drug made from the bitter juice or resin from

plants of the genus *Aloe*. Also may refer to the resin from

the wood of the genus Aquilaria (see Lignum Aloes)

Aloen Cicotrini Aloe succotrina Lam.

Altee Althaea officinalis L.

Alumen Alum

Ambra / Ambra grisie Ambergris – morbid secretion in the intestines of the

sperm-whale

Ameos Aegopodium podagraria L.

Amidum Wheat, of the genus *Triticum* 

Amigdalarum Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D.A.Webb.

Dulcium Sweet Amarum Bitter

Anacardium Semecarpus anacardium L.f.

Anethi Anethum graveolens L.

Anisi *Pimpinella anisum* L.

Anthos Rosmarinus officinalis L.

Antimonij The element Antimony (Sb)

Anyse See Anisi

Apium See Ache

Argenti Silver

Argenti Viue Mercury (quicksilver)

Aristologie Aristolochia spp.

Aristologie rotunde Aristolochia rotunda L.

Arnoglossa Plantago spp.; most likely Plantago major or Plantago

lanceolata

Arrogon A type of ointment, often appears in combination with

Marciaton and Agrippa

Arsenic Arsenic trioxide

Arthemesiam Artemisia vulgaris L.

Asafetida Ferula assa-foetida L.

Asare baccare / Asarum Asarum europaeum L.

Athanasia See Tanaseti

Attrament Black pigment, ink or vitriol

Attriplicibus / Attriplix Orache, plants of the genus *Atriplex* 

Auellane Corylus avellana L.

Aurea Alexandrina A compound medicine containing over 40 ingredients,

including gold and opiates. Formulated by the thirteenth-

century physician Nicolaus Alexandrinus

Auricule Muris Pilosella officinarum Vaill.

Auripigmenti Sulfide of arsenic
Citrini Trisulfide of arsenic
Rubei (also Realgar) Disulfide of arsenic

Aurum Foliatum Gold leaf

Auxungie Grease
Anatis of Duck
Leonis of Lion
Galline of Chicken
Porcini of Pig

Auenatum Avena sativa L.

Bacce Lauri See Laurinum

Balsami / Bame Commiphora gileadensis (L.) C.Chr.

Carpobalsamum Fruit
Opobalsamum Sap
Xilobalsamum Twigs

Barbe Yrcine Tragopogon pratensis L.

Barliche Hordeum spp.

Basiliconis Ocimum basilicum L.

Bayes See Laurinum

Bdellij / Bdellium A gum resin from trees of the *Commiphora* genus. The

present day gum is derived from

Commiphora mukul (Hook. ex Stocks) Engl.

Bedegar Rosa spp. or Rosa rubiginosa L.; also a gall or excrescence

of these plants

Belliricorum Terminalia bellirica (Gaertn.) Roxb.

Been Legumes, peas, or beans of the family *Fabaceae* 

Benedicta A purgative electuary often used in combination with

Theodoriton Euperiston

Berbene Verbena officinalis L.

Berberis Berberis vulgaris L.

Betonice / Betoyne Stachys officinalis (L.) Trevis

Bismalua See Altee

Blacte Bizancie Operculum of a Mollusc

Bleta Beta vulgaris L.

Bolus Armeniensus A red clay containing iron oxide imported from Armenia

Bombacis Gossypium spp.

Borage / Boraginis Borago officinalis L.

Bran See Amidum

Branka Ursina Acanthus mollis L.

Brionie Bryonia cretica subsp. dioica (Jacq.) Tutin

Brome See Geneste

Bruscus Ruscus aculeatus L.

Buglosse Anchusa officinalis L.

Bulbi See Onyioun

Burnet One of the following: Sanguisorba officinalis L.,

Sanguisorba minor Scop., Anagallis arvensis L.

Bursa Pastoris Capsella bursa-pastoris (L.) Medik.

Buxis sempervirens L.

Cacabre Amber

Calamenti Clinopodium nepeta (L.) Kuntze

Calamine Zinc carbonate, which can be converted to zinc oxide via

calcination (used in the treatment of eye infections)

Calamus Aromaticus See Achorus

Calcaneus Porci Hoof of Pig

Calcis Extincte Calcium hydroxide (slaked lime)

Calcis Viue Calcium oxide (quicklime)

Camedreos Teucrium chamaedrys L.

Camepitheos Ajuga chamaepitys (L.) Schreb.

Camomille Chamaemelum nobile (L.) All.

Camphore Cinnamomum camphora (L.) J.Presl

Canabina / Canabis Cannabis sativa L.

Candi Crystallized cane sugar (Saccharum officinarum L.)

Canel See Cinnamomi

Canne May refer to a type of reed [possibly Arundo donax L. or

Phragmites australis (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.] or Sugar Cane

(Saccharum officinarum L.)

Cantarides Dried beetles (Cantharis vesicatoria)

Capilli Veneris Adiantum capillus-veneris L.

Capparis Capparis spinosa L.

Caprifolium Lonicera periclymenum L.

Carabe Ceratonia siliqua L.

Cardamomi Elettaria cardamomum (L.) Maton

Caricarum / Carice Ficus carica L.

Carnes Edulyne Pinguis Meat and Fat of [?]

Caro Meat (animal flesh)

bouina Cow

Carpobalsami See Balsam

Cartamo Carthamus tinctorius L.

Carte Combuste Burnt Paper

Carui Carum carvi L.

Cassiafistula *Cassia fistula* L.

Cassialignee Cinnamomum cassia (L.) J.Presl

Castanearum / Castanea sativa Mill.

Chastaynys

Castor Dried perineal glands of the beaver

Cathime Ore containing gold or silver

Argenti Lead or zinc ore containing silver

Auri Ore containing gold

Cauda Stincorum Tails of skinks of the genus Scincus (also called *cauda tereti* 

mediocri).

See Gore, R. T., A Manual of the Elements of Natural, 140

Caul / Caulium Brassica oleracea L.

Celidonie / Celydoyne Chelidonium majus L.

Celsij See Mulberry

Centaurea major Blackstonia perfoliata (L.) Huds. or Hypericum perforatum

L.

Centauree minoris Centaurium erythraea Rafn

Centinodium See Lingue Auis / Lingue Passerys

Centonica See Absinthij / Absinthium

Cepum Renum Tallow

Cera / Cere Wax
Alba White
Noue New
Rubra Red

Cerebellum / Brain

Columbarum of Dove Passerum of Sparrow

Cero Caprino Goat's Whey

Ceruse White Lead

Ceterac Ceterach officinarum Willd.

Chimolea A purgative medicine derived from metallic salts

Cicerum Cicer arietinum L.

Ciclame Cyclamen purpurascens Mill.

Cicoree Cichorium intybus L.; also a synonym for wild Endiuie

See discussion in McVaugh and Ogden, Inventarium sive

Chirurgia Magna, Vol. 2: Commentary, 112, 353

Cimini Cuminum cyminum L.

Cinamomi Cinnamomum verum J.Presl

Ciperi See Galingale

Cipressi / Cypressi Cupressus sempervirens L.

Citonie / Citoniorum Cydonia oblonga Mill.

Citrangulorum A type of citrus fruit (i.e., orange) or any of certain species

of apple, pear, apricot, etc. that have orange skin (i.e., the

'orange apple') or pomegranate

Climie See Calamine

Clowys Syzygium aromaticum (L.) Merr. & L.M.Perry

Coagulum Blood (clotted)
Leporis of Rabbit
Cameli of Camel

Coctana See Citonie

Coloquintida Citrullus colocynthis (L.) Schrad.

Comfrey Symphytum officinale L.

Comyn See Cimini

Conchilia Marina Alba White Seashells

Consolida Major See Comfrey

Consolida Media Ajuga reptans L.

Consolida Minor Bellis perennis L.

Cor Heart
Leporis Rabbit
Salmonis Salmon

Coralli Coral

Cordimine See Cardamomi

Coriandre Coriandrum sativum L.

Corn Cereal Grains

Cornu Cerui Plantago coronopus L.

Corona Regia See Mellilote

Costi Tanacetum balsamita L.

Coton See Bombacis

Creta Marina A type of chalk

Crocus *Crocus sativus* L.

Cubebarum Piper cubeba L.f.

Cucmeris Asinini Ecballium elaterium (L.) A.Rich.

Cucumeri Cucumis sativus L.

Cucurbite Lagenaria siceraria (Molina) Standl.

Cuperose Ferrous sulfate

Cupularum Glandium Quercus spp. (acorns)

Cuscute Cuscuta spp.

Cynapis See Mustard

Dactulorum / Datys Phoenix dactylifera L.

Dauci Daucus carota L.

Dia- (prefix) A compound medicine with the ingredient forming the

suffix as its main component (e.g., Diaborage)

Diagridium See Scamony

Diatrion Pipereon A compound medicine formed of 3 types of pepper

(probably white, black (Piper nigrum L.), and long (Piper

longum L.)

Doronicum (Deronicum) A plant of the genus *Doronicum*, especially *Doronicum* 

pardalianches L.

Dragaganti Astragalus gummifer Labill.

Draguncie Dracunculus vulgaris Schott

Dyamoron Gargarisme prepared with mulberry juice

Ebuli Sambucus ebulus L.

Edereterestis Glechoma hederacea L.

Elacterides See Cucumeri

Electuario de Succo

Rosarum

An electuary made from the juice of roses

Electuarium Ducis A compound medicine containing cinnamon, cloves,

honey; used especially for gout

See 'Gout' in Quincy, John Pharmacopæia Officinalis,

(1724)

Elleborus / Ellebore One of the hellebores (Veratrum album L. or Helleborus

niger L.)

Elleborus Albi Veratrum album L.

Elleborus Niger Helleborus niger L.

Ellern See Sambuci

Emathites Hematite; also Heliotrope (bloodstone)

Emblicorum *Phyllanthus emblica* L.

Emitis Ayryn Eggs of Ants

Endiuie A term used to indicate both cultivated plants, such as

Cichorium endivia L., and wild plants, such as Lactuca serriola L. or Sonchus spp. Also used as a synonym for

Scariol. Wild Endiule is a synonym of Cicoree.

See discussion in McVaugh and Ogden, Inventarium sive

Chirurgia Magna, Vol. 2: Commentary, 112, 353

Enula / Enule Campane Inula helenium L.

Epatice Marchantia polymorpha L.

Epithimi Cuscuta epithymum (L.) L.

Ericius Hedgehog

Eris Copper

Eruca Vesicaria (L.) Cav.

Esula See Titimalli

Euforbium Euphorbia resinifera O.Berg

Eufrasye Euphrasia officinalis L.

Eupatori A plant of the genus *Eupatorium*, possibly *Eupatorium* 

cannabinum L. The MED suggests the genus Salvia or

*Teucrium scorodonia* L.

Fabarum See Been

Fasiani Rootlets of Leek

Fecche Vetch, any leguminous plant belonging to the genus Vicia

Fecis Ferri Combusti Dross of Metals

Fellis Gall

Ancipitris of Ancipiter (bird of prey)

Aquile of Aquila (eagle)

Hirci of Goat Wulturis of Vulture

Felomum See Philomum

Fenel / Feniculi Foeniculum vulgare Mill.

Fenigreci *Trigonella foenum-graecum* L.

Festike *Pistacia vera* L.

Ficus / Figys See Caricarum

Fiscicorum See Festike

Floris Eris 'Flowers of copper'; verdigris (copper acetate)

Fragarie Fragaria spp.

Frankincense See Thus

Fraxini Fraxinus excelsior L.

Frumentum Boiled hulled grain mixed with milk and a sweetening

agent

Fuliginis Soot

Fumiterre Fumaria officinalis L.

Fungi Mushrooms

Furfure See Amidum

Galanga See Galingale

Galbanum Ferula galbaniflua Boiss. & Buhse

Galea Muscata Musk-based medicine containing gall

Galingale The roots of various plants of the genera Alpinia [Alpinia

galanga (L.) Willd. or Alpinia officinarum Hance], Kæmpferia (Kæmpferia galanga L.), Aristolochia

(Aristolochia rotunda L.), or Cyperus (Cyperus longus L.)

Garlek Allium sativum L.

Gariofilorum See Clowys

Genciane Gentiana lutea L.

Geneste Cytisus scoparius (L.) Link

Germandrie *Teucrium* spp.

Glutini Piscium A glue obtained from the air bladders of fish (used as a

medicinal binding agent)

Glutini Carpentariorum A type of glue (possibly pitch) used as a medicinal binding

agent

Graminis Elymus repens (L.) Gould

Granis See Vuarum Passarum / Vue Passe

Gummi Arabici Gum resin derived from certain species of the genus

Acacia. The present day Arabic Gum is derived from Acacia

senegal (L.) Willd.

Gyngeuere See 3in3iberis

Herba Tunici Veronica officinalis L.

Hermodactili Colchicum luteum Baker

lacincti / Jacinctorum A precious stone; the philosopher's stone

luiube A tree of the genus Ziziphus, possibly Ziziphus jujuba Mill.

Iulij / Iulep Syrup of sugar and water

luniper Juniperus communis L.

lusquiamus Hyoscyamus niger L.

Lacca A resin secreted by *Tacchardia lacca* used as a binding

agent for pelotys (pills)

Lac Mulieris Breast Milk

Lactuca sativa L.

Ladanum / Lapdani A resin from the genus Cistus, possibly Cistus creticus L. or

Cistus ladanifer L.

Lapidis Armenici Armenian Stone

Lapidis inuenti in Felle

**Bouis** 

Gallstones of Ox

Lapidis Iudaici Jew's Stone: fossil echinoid spines

Lapidis Spongie Pumice

Lappacij Acuti Rumex patientia L.

Laurinum / Laurino Laurus nobilis L.

Leke *Allium ampeloprasum* L.

Lentil / Lentigines /

Lentium

Lens culinaris Medik.

Letuse See Lactuca

Leuistici Levisticum officinale W.D.J.Koch

Licium Lonicera periclymenum L.

Licontripon A medicinal lozenge or tablet from the Antidotarium

Nicolai

Lignum Aloes Aquilaria malaccensis Lam.

Lilium spp., particularly Lilium candidum L.

Limature Auri Gold Flakes

Limature Eboris Ivory Flakes

Limonum Fruit of Citrus limon (L.) Osbeck

Lingue Auis / Lingue Passerys Polygonum aviculare L.

Lingue Serpentis Ophioglossum spp.

Liquirice *Glycyrrhiza glabra* L.

Litargiri Lead monoxide

Lupine / Lupinorum Lupinus albus L.

Lupulus Humulus lupulus L.

Lutum Armenicum See Bolus Armeniensus

Lini / Lynsede Linum usitatissimum L.

Lyme Lime obtained by the calcination of limestone. See also

Calcis Viue and Calcis Extincte

Macropiperis Piper longum L.

Mala Granata /

Malorum Granatorum

See Pome Garnett

Malue Malva sylvestris L.

Mandragore Mandragora officinarum L.

Manna Resin exuded from various trees or shrubs, possibly

Boswellia sacra Flueck. or Tamarix mannifera (Ehrenb.)

Bunge

Maratri See Fenel

Marcasite A metallic sulfide; firestone

Marciaton A type of ointment used especially in the treatment of joint

pain. Also appears in combination with Arrogon and

Agrippa.

Margaritarum Pearls

Majoram / Majorane See Origanum

Masticis / Mastik Resin from the Mastic Tree, *Pistacia lentiscus* L.

Maxilla Porci Jaw of Pig

Medulle Marrow
Cerui of Deer
Vituli of Calf

Melisse Melissa officinalis L.

Melle / Mellis Honey

Dispumati Skimmed
Roset Rose-flavoured

Mellilote / Mellilotum Melilotus officinalis (L.) Pall.

Melones Cucumis melo L.

Memithe Glaucium flavum Crantz

Menta Mentha spp., particularly Mentha spicata L.

Mentastrum Mentha longifolia (L.) L. or Mentha aquatica L.

Mercurialis Chenopodium bonus-henricus L. or Mercurialis annua L.

Mespilea Mespilus germanica L.

Metridatum A compound medicine containing dozens of ingredients,

including viper's flesh and opiates, used as an antidote to

poison / venom or infection

Mica panis Bread crumbs

Micleta An electuary with the species of *Terminalia* forming its

base; used in the treatment of gastrointestinal and bleeding disorders (See Culpepper's *Pharmacopæia* 

Londinensis)

Milij / Milium Panicum miliaceum L.

Milij Folij Achillea millefolium L.

Mirabolanum The fruit of the genus *Terminalia* 

Mirabolani Citri Terminalia citrina Roxb. ex Fleming

Mirabolanis Indis (or Indorum)

See Mirabolani Citri

Mirabolanis Kebulis

(or Kebulorum)

Terminalia chebula Retz.

Mirre The gum resin from trees of the *Commiphora* genus,

especially Commiphora habessinica (O.Berg) Engl. or

Commiphora myrrha (Nees) Engl.

Mirtille Myrtus communis L.

Mora See Mulberry

Morel Solanum nigrum L.

Mororum See Mulberry

Mulberry Tree of the genus *Morus* 

Mumie Secretion from embalmed corpses

Musa Plaintain or banana plant; later, any plant of the genus

Musa

Muscatelini Sweet wine made from Muscat grapes

Musco / Musk Musk

Must New wine; the juice of unfermented grapes; fruit juice

Mustard Plants of the family *Brassicaceae*, especially *Sinapis alba* L.

and Brassica nigra (L.) W.D.J.Koch

Myrtino See Mirtille

Narcissi Narcissus spp.

Narcotica A drug to induce sleep or pain relief, especially opiates

Nasturcii A plant of the family *Cruciferae*, especially *Nasturtium* 

officinale R.Br. or Lepidium sativum L.

Nenifar A plant of the family Nymphaeaceae, especially Nymphæa

alba L. or Nuphar lutea (L.) Sm.

Nep Brassica rapa L.

Netle A plant of the genus *Urtica* 

Nigella Nigella sativa L.

Nitrum Native sodium carbonate, natron

Note myg *Myristica fragrans* Houtt.

Nucis Indice Possibly coconut [?]

Nucis / Nux Muscata See Note myg

Nux Vomica Strychnos nux-vomica L.

Olibanum See Thus

Oliuarum / Olyue Olea europaea L.

Omphacinum (oleum) Oil made from unripe olives or grapes

Onyioun Allium cepa L.

Opij / Opium See Papauer Albi

Opobalsam See Balsam

Opopanac Gum derived from the genus *Opoponax*, especially

*Opoponax chironium* Koch

Origanum vulgare L.

Ordeatum / Ordei See Barliche

Orobus Vetches or peas belonging to the genera Vicia or Lathyrus

Orpement See Auripigmenti

Orte / Ortensia Saffron d'ort or saffron that grows in gardens (probably

Crocus sativus L.)

Osimum See Basiliconis

Ossis Cepie Cuttlebone (internal shell of the Cuttlefish)

Ossis de Corde Cervi Bone of a deer heart

Ostraceorum Shellfish (such as mussell or oyster)

Otys See Auenatum

Oua Piscium Fish Eggs

Oua Sorbilia Raw Eggs

Oxilaxitiuo Juice of scammony, pomegranates, and plums used as a

purgative medicine

Oximel A preparation of vinegar and honey typically used as a

purgative

Oximel Diuretik Oximel that acts as a diuretic

Oximel Squillitico Oximel containing squill (Drimia maritima)

Oxisacre A preparation of vinegar and sugar

Palm See Dactulorum

Pamfiligos An oxide removed from the walls of the furnace after the

calcination of metals

Panicum See Milij / Milium

Panis 3uccare Sugar

Pannorum Auri Puri See Limature Auri

Papaueris / Papauer /

Papy

Papaver spp.

Papaueris Albi Papaver somniferum L.

Papaueris Rubei Papaver rhoeas L.

Peritaria Either of two species of the genus Parietaria: Parietaria

officinalis L. or Parietaria judaica L.

Partriges / Partriches Partridges

Passulis See Vuarum Passarum / Vue Passe

Pastinace / Pastinacarum Pastinaca sativa L.

Pellitory Anacyclus pyrethrum (L.) Lag.

Penide Barley sugar

Peppere See Piperis

Perdicibus See Partriges / Partriches

Persicaria Persicaria maculosa Gray

Peese Pisum sativum L.

Petroselini / Persil /

Percilium

Petroselinum crispum (Mill.) Fuss

Philomum An opiate; possibly intended for Philomum Romanum

(opium with spices)

Pica Bird of the genus *Pica* (magpie)

Picce Pitch

Picis Liquide Residue from the distillation of crude resin and water

Picis Navalis A thick residue of the distillation of Picis Liquide

Pillule Auree A purgative medicated pill used for purging the head and

expelling wind, especially used in the treatment of dropsy

See Blancard, Stephen, The Physical Dictionary, 272

Pillule Cochie A purgative medicated pill used for purging the head,

chest, and stomach

See Blancard, Stephen, The Physical Dictionary, 272

Pillule sine quibus esse

nolo

'Pills I do not want to be without'; sometimes a reference to yerapigra (Latin: hiera picra), but also to a compound

medicine containing aloes and scammony

See The English Physician, ed. Michael A. Flannery, 69

Pilocelle See Auricule Muris

Pilos Leporinos Rabbit Hair

Pimpinelle One of many possible plants, including *Sanquisorba* 

officinalis L., Sanguisorba minor Scop, Pimpinella saxifraga

L., Anagallis arvensis L.

Pinearum / Pine Pine nut or wood of the genus *Pinus* 

Piperis Piper nigrum L.

Pionie Plants of the genus *Paeonia*, including *Paeonia mascula* (L.)

Mill. and Paeonia officinalis L.

Pira Fruit of the genus *Pyrus* (probably *Pyrus communis* L.)

Piperis Longi See Macropiperis

Piretrum See Pellitory

Pistacearum See Festike

Plantago / Planteyn Plantago spp.

Pliris cum Musco Ointment containing Musk

Plumbi / Plumbum Lead

Pocio Muscata An electuary containing musk

Poli Montani Teucrium polium L.

Polipodii Polypodium vulgare L.

Pome / Pomorum Fruit of any kind

Pome Garnett Punica granatum L.

Balaustia Blossoms

Psidia Rind/Bark/Blossoms

Ponfiligos See Pamfiligos

Popileon An ointment made from many ingredients, including poplar

leaves (of the genus *Populus*)

Porcellane Mollusc Shell

Porri See Leke

Portulaca oleracea L.

Poume Citrini Citrus medica L.

Prassium *Marrubium vulgare* L.

Priapi Tauri Penis of Bull

Primula veris L.

Pruna Prunus domestica L.

Psyllij *Plantago indica* L.

Ptisana Medicinal drink made of water and cooked barley

Pulle A young bird

Frigidorum

Pulegij *Mentha pulegium* L.

Quatuor Semina Seeds of a variety of plants deemed to be 'cold,' according

to humoral theory, used to counteract disease states

determined to be 'hot.'

Quycke Siluere See Argenti Viue

Quinqueneruia Plantago lanceolata L.

Quinsis See Citonie

Radich Raphanus raphanistrum subsp. sativus (L.) Domin

Rape / Raparum Brassica rapa L. or Brassica napus L.

Raphani See Radich

Rasure eboris Ivory shavings

Realgar See Auripigmenti

Regia Mica Bread crumbs washed three times

Requies An opiate; perhaps a reference to Requies Nicolai, an

opiate-based sleep-aid in pill form

Reuberberata Rheum officinale Baill. or Rheum palmatum L.

Reuponticum The root of a type of rhubarb; *Rheum rhaponticum* L.

Ribes See Acetosa

Risi *Oryza sativa* L.

Rosis / Roset / Rosarum /

Rosaceum

Rosa spp.

Rubea Trociscata A compound medicine containing opiates

Rubee Majoram Rubia tinctorum L.

Ruta / Rute Ruta graveolens L.

Rute Agrestis Thalictrum flavum L.

Ruwe See Ruta / Rute

Safron See Crocus

Salicibus See Wiþy

Salis Armoniaci Ammonium Chloride

Salis Communis Common Salt

Salis Gemme Rock Salt

Saluia Salvia officinalis L.

Sambuci Sambucus nigra L.

Sanamunde Geum urbanum L.

Sandali The wood of trees of the genus Santalum

Sanguis Draconis Dracaena draco (L.) L.

Sanguis Irci Dried blood of goat

Sapo Gallicus Gaulish Soap made with lye and sheep's tallow

Sapone Saresenico Saracen Soap made with olive oil

Sarapini Ferula persica Willd.

Sarcocolle A gum resin from several Persian or Arabian trees,

particularly Astragalus sarcocolla Dymock

Satureye / Saturion A plant of the family *Orchidaceae* 

Sauge See Saluia

Saundris See Sandali

Sauina Juniperus sabina L.

Saxifragie Saxifraga spp.

Scabiose Scabiosa spp.

Scamony Root or gum resin from *Convolvulus scammonia* L.

Scariol A synonym for both forms of Endiuie (cultivated =

Cichorium endivia L., wild = Lactuca serriola L. or Sonchus spp.). Also associated with Sonchus arvensis L. and Lactuca

virosa L.

See discussion in McVaugh and Ogden, Inventarium sive

Chirurgia Magna, Vol. 2: Commentary, 112, 353

Scolopendria Asplenium scolopendrium L.

Sebesten Cordia myxa L.

Semina Frigidorum
Maiorum and Minorum

See Quatuor Semina Frigidorum

Semperviua Sempervivum tectorum L.

Sene Senna, a plant of the genus Cassia

Senvy See Mustard

Serapini See Sarapini

Serpillum Thymus serpyllum L.

Seruse See Ceruse

Siliginis Secale cereale L.

Sileris Montane A plant of the genus Seseli

Sinapis See Mustard

Sirup Acetoso Decoction of honey or sugar and vinegar

Sisamino Sesamum indicum L.

Siseleos Laserpitium siler L.

Smaragdus Precious stone, especially an emerald

Solatrum See Morel

Sorbe A fruit of the genus *Sorbus*; probably *Sorbus domestica* L.

Sorrylle See Acetosa

Sparagus *Asparagus officinalis* L.

Spatule fetide Iris foetidissima L.

Spelte Triticum aestivum subsp. spelta (L.) Thell.

Spice celtice Valeriana celtica L.

Spicenardi Nardostachys jatamansi (D.Don) DC.

Spinarchia Spinacia oleracea L.

Spodium Powder derived from ashes, particularly of ivory

Spolium Serpentis Snakeskin

Spuma Maris Pumice; also called *Halcyonium ceycum* (congealed sea

foam)

Squilla Drimia maritima (L.) Stearn

Squinanti Cymbopogon schoenanthus (L.) Spreng.

Staffisagria / Staphisagria Delphinium staphisagria L.

Stercus Dung

Caprarum Female Goat
Columbinum Dove (or Pigeon)

Culuer Dove Humanum Human

Lacerte Viridis Green Lizards
Lupi Wolves

Soricis Shrew-mouse

Sticados Lavandula stoechas L.

Storax Calamita A gum resin from the Storax Tree (Styrax officinalis L.). The

medicinal balsam from the tree is known today as

Liquidambar orientalis Mill.

3uccare Sugar

Roset Rose-flavoured Violet Violet-flavoured

Sulphur Citrinum Sulfur obtained by sublimation of sulfur-containing pyrites.

Also may be a synonym for Sulphur Viue

Sulphur Viue Native Sulfur (brimstone)

Sumac Rhus coriaria L.

Tamarisci Tamarix gallica L.

Tamaryndis Tamarindus indica L.

Tanaseti A plant of the genus *Tanacetum*, probably *Tanacetum* 

vulgare L.

Tapsie Thapsia garganica L.

Tartari Potassium bitartrate

Tele Aranee Spider webs

Terebinthine Pistacia terebinthus L.

Terra Sigallata 'Sealed earth' - A medicinal clay formed into a lozenge and

stamped with a seal indicating its origin

Testarum Ouorum a quibus Exiuerunt Pulli

Egg shells from young birds

Testiculos Testicles
Gallorum of Rooster
Verris of Boar
Vulpis of Fox

Tetrafarmata 'Four Drugs' referring to a compound medicine cited by

Galen for the treatment of ulcers.

See McVaugh and Ogden, Inventarium sive Chirurgia

Magna, Vol. 2: Commentary, 382

Theodoriton Euperiston A compound medicine used as a purgative

Theriac A compound medicine containing dozens of ingredients

used as an antidote for poison / venom or infection

Thimo Thymus vulgaris L.

Thus Boswellia sacra Flueck

Tiriaca See Theriac

Tisane See Ptisana

Titimalli *Euphorbia* spp.

Tormentilla Potentilla erecta (L.) Raeusch.

Triacle See Theriac

Trifera Sarasenica A purgative medicine named for the Saracens

Triasandali See Sandali

Tribulus Marinus Aquatic plants of the genus *Trapa* 

Tritici See Amidum

Trociscos A medicated tablet made of various powdered ingredients

worked into a paste with mucilago or a similar compound

and dried

Turbithe Operculina turpethum (L.) Silva Manso

Tuthie Crude zinc oxide

Vnctuosa A type of ointment used for healing wounds

Vngule Asine / Vngule Caballine

Tussilago farfara L.

Vrticarum See Netle

Vuarum Passarum /

Vue Passe

Grapes or Raisins (of the genus Vitis)

Vnguenti ad Scabiem An ointment used to treat Lepra, Morphea, Scabies,

Pustules and other infectious cutaneous conditions

Vnguenti Citrini A yellow ointment containing mercury used for infectious

cutaneous conditions

Vnguenti Fusci A dark/brown ointment used to treat Inpetigo, Serpigo,

Lepra, Pustules and other infectious cutaneous conditions

Veccis See Fecche

Verbene See Berbene

Vermicularis Sedum acre L.

Violis / Violarum /

Violaceum

A plant of the genus Viola, particularly Viola odorata L.

Virge Pastoris A plant of the genus *Dipsacus* 

Viridis Eris Verdigris – Copper acetate

Visci Quercini /

Viscus Quercinus

Birdlime of the genus Quercus

Vitellium Oui Egg Yolk

Vitriol Mineral salts of sulfuric acid

Volubilis A plant of the genera Convolvulus, Hedera, or Lonicera

Volatilis Molendini Dust found in mills from the grinding of various grains

Vynegre Vinegar

Violet / Vyolet See Violis / Violarum / Violaceum

See Amidum Whete

Whyte Vyne See Brionie

Wiþy Willow Tree of the genus Salix

Wormode See Absinthij / Absinthium

Yari See Milij Folia

Ydromel A syrup of honey and water

Yeralogodion Purgative medicine

Yerapigra Purgative medicine based on Aloes

Yerarufini Purgative medicine

**Ypoquistidos** Cytinus hypocistis (L.) L.

A plant of the Iris genus, perhaps Iris germanica L. Yreos

Ysopo Hyssopus officinalis L.

Xilobalsamum See Balsam

3edoarium Curcuma zedoaria (Christm.) Roscoe

3inziberis Zingiber officinale Roscoe

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## **Appendix A: Collation Tables**

The following tables contain the chapter lists given at the beginning of each book in the *Lylye*, as well as the in-text chapter headings. For comparative purposes and to fill in the gaps where material is missing in the *Lylye*, these lists and headings are juxtaposed with the chapter lists and headings as they appear in the 1497 (Venice) incunabulum. This early printed text was chosen for its proximity in time to MS. Ashmole 1505 (less than a century apart), its online accessibility (via the Bayerische StaatsBibliothek), and based on its assessment as 'pristine' by other scholars who have worked on the extant Latin manuscripts of the *Lilium*. Further comparison (not shown here) was made with a 1559 edition of the *Lilium*, which hardly varies from the 1497 text.

In the tables, chapter numbers and titles are given in the format: 1. Feueres. The 1497 text contains unnumbered subheadings (or *Rubricas*, as they are labelled in the 1559 edition). The Middle English *Lylye* also contains these subheadings, but they are not presented in a consistent manner. At times, they appear as new chapters, as numbered rubrics, or, for the most part, they are unnumbered.

Some corrections are contained in brackets. For instance, *papebrarum* is corrected to *pa[l]pebrarum*. Illegible words are represented as [?]. Abbreviations have been expanded, except for *fe*, *pas*, *san*, &, and modern punctuation and capitalization have been introduced.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Luke Demaitre, personal communication, 16 September 2011

| Book 1: Chapter Headings and Missing Material |  |   |                                     |             |                                  |  |
|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Lylye Chapter List                            | Latin Chapter List   | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin Incunabulum)               | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye   | Lylye Folio | Lylye Comments                   |  |
| 1. Feueres                                    | 1. De Febre in Generali  | 1. De Febre in Generali                                       | 1. De Febre in Generali             | 4r – 4v     |                                  |  |
| 2. De Effimera                                | 2. De Febre Ephimera   | 2. De Febre Ephimera  | 2. De Effimera                      | 4v-7r       |                                  |  |
| 2. De Emmera                                  | 2. De l'este Epimilera   | 2. De l'ebre Epillinera                                       | De Cura Effimere c.                 |             | c with no number                 |  |
| 3. De Causon                                  | 3. De Causone  | 3. De Causone   | 3. De Causone                       | 7r -9v      |                                  |  |
| 4. De Terciana                                | 4. De Tertiana   | 4. De Tertiana  | 4. De Terciana                      | 9v-10v      | Missing the end of the chapter   |  |
| 5. De Febre Sanguinea                         | 5. De Fe. Sanguinea  | 5. De Fe. Sanguinea   | -                                   | -           | Missing                          |  |
| 6. De Quartana                                | 6. De Quartana   | 6. De Quartana  | -                                   | 11v – 13r   | Missing beginning of the chapter |  |
| 7. De Cotidiana                               | 7. De Phlegmatica  | 7. De Febre Phlegmatica                                       | 7. De Cotidiana                     | 13r – 15r   |                                  |  |
| 8. De Febribus<br>Compositis                  | 8. De Febribus Compositis  | 8. De Febribus Compositis ut de Septena, etc.                 | 8. De Febribus<br>Compositis        | 15r-15v     |                                  |  |
| 9. De Fe Ethica                               | 9. De Ethica Febre   | 9. De Ethica Febre  | 9. De Ethica                        | 15v-17r     |                                  |  |
| 10. De Fe<br>Pestilencialibus                 | 10. De Febribus<br>Pestilentialibus  | 10. De Febribus<br>Pestilentialibus                           | 10. De Febribus<br>Pestilencialibus | 17r – 18r   |                                  |  |
| 11. De Sudore                                 | 11. De Sudore  | 11. De Sudore   | 11. De Sudore                       | 18r -19v    |                                  |  |
| 12. De Variolis                               | 12. De Variolis  | 12. De Variolis   | 12. De Variolis                     | 19v-21v     |                                  |  |
| 13. De Venenis                                | 13. De Venenis   | 13. De Venenis  | 13. De Venemis                      | 21v – 22v   | Missing the end of the chapter   |  |
| 14. De Morsu<br>Serpencium                    | 14. De Morsu Serpentium<br>& Aliorum Reptilium<br>Venenosorum, specialiter<br>tamen hic agitur de morsu<br>serpentis | 14. De Morsu Serpentium &<br>Aliorum Reptilium<br>Venenosorum | -                                   | -           | Missing                          |  |
| 15. De Punctura<br>Scorpionum et Apium        | 15. De Punctura Scorpionis   | 15. De Punctura Scorpionis                                    | -                                   | -           | Missing                          |  |

|  | Book 1: Chapter Headings and Missing Material                                     |   |   |             |  |  |  |
|--|---|---|---|-------------|--|--|--|
| Lylye Chapter List   | Latin Chapter List  | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin Incunabulum)                                   | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye                             | Lylye Folio | Lylye Comments   |  |  |
|  | 16. De Punctura Apum  | 16. De Punctura Apum  |   |             |  |  |  |
| 16. De Morsu Canis<br>Rabidi et Ydroforbia                       | 17. De Morsu Canis<br>Rabiosi & Ydroforbias                                       | 17. De Morsu Canis Rabiosi<br>& Ydroforbia  | -   | -           | Missing  |  |  |
| 17. De Dolore  | 18. De Dolore   | 18. De Dolore   | 17. De Dolore   | 23r -23v    | Missing most of the chapter  |  |  |
| 18. De Apostematibus<br>Calidis Generatis Per<br>Viam Adustionis | 19. De Apostematibus<br>Generatis per viam<br>Adustionis cum suis<br>Appendiculis | 19. De Apostematibus<br>Generatis per uiam<br>Adustionis cum eius<br>Appendiculis | -   | 24r-25v     | Missing the beginning of the chapter                                 |  |  |
| 19. De Verucis et<br>Porris et Lupis                             | 20. De Verrucis & Porris & Acrocodinibus & Lupis                                  | De Curatione Herisipile,<br>Antracis, & Carbunculi, Ignis<br>Sacri                | 19. De Herisipula,<br>Anthrace, Carbunculo, et<br>Sacri Ignis | 25v-26r     | Chapter number given to the appendix                                 |  |  |
| 20. De Apostematibus<br>Frigidis                                 | 21. De Apostematibus<br>Frigidis  | Curatio Ulcerum<br>Saniosorum   | 20. De Noli Me Tangere  | 26r-26v     | Chapter number given to the appendix                                 |  |  |
| 21. De Lupo  | 22. De Lepra  | Cura Cancrene &<br>Herpestiomeni sive Lupi  | 21. De Herpite<br>Estiomens, Cancro seu<br>Lupo               | 26-v-27r    | Chapter number given to the appendix                                 |  |  |
| 22. De Morphea   | 23. De Morphea  | De Inpetigine & Serpigine   | 22. De Inpetigine et<br>Serpigine                             | 27r-27v     | Chapter number given to the appendix                                 |  |  |
| 23. De Scabie  | 24. De Scabie   | De Formica Miliari  | 23. De Formica Miliari  | 27v         | Chapter number given to the appendix                                 |  |  |
| 24. De Pustulis  | 25. De Pustulis   | De Fistula  | 24. De Fistula  | 27v-28v     | Chapter number given to the appendix  Missing the end of the chapter |  |  |
|  |   | De Cancro   | -   | -           | Missing  |  |  |

| Book 1: Chapter Headings and Missing Material |                    |   |                                   |             |  |  |
|---|--------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| Lylye Chapter List                            | Latin Chapter List | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin Incunabulum)   | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye | Lylye Folio | Lylye Comments   |  |
|   |                    | 20. De Verucis, Poris, & Accrocodinibus & Lupis   | -                                 | -           | Missing  |  |
|   |                    | 21. De Apostematibus<br>Frigidis cum eius<br>Appendentiia                                   | -                                 | -           | Missing  |  |
|   |                    | De Glandulis Nodis &<br>Scrophulis  | -                                 | -           | Missing  |  |
|   |                    | De Apostematibus Duris &<br>Lapideii  | -                                 | 29r         | Contains the last few lines  |  |
|   |                    | De Scrophulis Clarification   | -                                 | 29r-29v     | Appendices 2, 3 are combined. Appendix 2 is partial, while Appendix 3 is complete                    |  |
|   |                    | 22. De Lepra  | 31. De Lepra                      | 29v-33v     | Missing the end of the chapter   |  |
|   |                    | 23. De Morphea  | -                                 | 34r-35r     | Missing the beginning of the chapter   |  |
|   |                    | 24. De Scabie   | 23. De Scabie                     |             |  |  |
|   |                    | De Scabie Ulcerosa sicca<br>cum Squamis: ita quod<br>videtur membrum contrabi<br>& Pruritus | Scabie Sicca cum<br>Vlceribus     | 35r – 37r   | The preceding <i>De Lepra</i> is noted as Chapter 31, while <i>De Scabie</i> is listed as Chapter 23 |  |
|   | De Malo Mortuo     | De Malo Mortuo  | De Malo Mortuo                    |             |  |  |

|   | Book 1: Chapter Headings and Missing Material  |   |                                   |             |                   |  |  |
|---|--|---|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Lylye Chapter List  | Latin Chapter List   | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin Incunabulum)   | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye | Lylye Folio | Lylye Comments    |  |  |
|   |  | 25. De Pustulis   | De Pustulis c.                    | 37r-38r     | c., but no number |  |  |
| 25. De Vulneribus et<br>Solucione Continuite  | 26. De Vulneribus & Plagis<br>& Solutione Continuitatis  | 26. De Uulneribus & Plagis & Solutione Continui   | De Vulneribus c.                  | 38r-43v     | c., but no number |  |  |
| 26. De Fluxu Sanguinis<br>Immoderato  | 27. De Fluxu San.<br>Immoderato  | 27. De Fluxu Sanguinis<br>Immoderato  | 26. De Fluxu Sanguinis            | 43v-44r     |                   |  |  |
| 27. De morbis unguium sicud panarticum, spasmus, lepsitas, unguium albedo maculosa feda citrinita, siscura et similia | 28. De Morbis Vnguium<br>sicut est Panaricium:<br>Spasmus: Leprositas<br>Vnguium: Albedo<br>Maculosa Feda: Citrinitas:<br>Fissura: & Similia | 28. De Morbis Unguium sicut est Panaricium: Spasmus: Leprositas Unguium: Albedo Maculosa Feda: Citrinitas: Fissura: & Similia | 27. De Panartico                  | 44r-44v     |                   |  |  |
| 28. De Incendio Ignis<br>et Aque Calide   | 29. De Incendio Ignis & Aque Calide  | 29. De Incendio Ignis & Aque Calide   | 28. De Incendio Ignis et<br>Aque  | 44v-45r     |                   |  |  |
| 29. De Ragadijs et<br>Vlceribus Pedum et<br>Manuum  | 30. De Ragadiis &<br>Vlceribus Pedum &<br>Manuum   | 30. De Ragadiis & Ulceribus<br>Manuum   | 29. De Ragadijs                   | 45r-47r     |                   |  |  |
| 30. De Iter Agentibus   | 31. De Iter Agentibus  | 31. De Iter Agentibus   | 30. De Iter Agentibus             | 47r-49r     |                   |  |  |

| Book 2: Chapter Headings and Missing Material |   |   |                                   |              |   |  |
|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|--------------|---|--|
| Lylye Chapter List                            | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum)         | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97)                          | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments                                    |  |
| 1. De Allopucia                               | 1. De Allopicia                                     | 1. De Allopicia   |                                   | 49r-51v      |   |  |
| 2. De Casu Capillorum                         | 2. De Casu Capillorum                               | 2. De Casu Capillorum   | 2. De Casu Capillorum             | 51v-52v      |   |  |
| 3. De Asperitate<br>Capillorum                | 3. De Asperitate<br>Capillorum                      | 3. De Asperitate Capillorum   | 3. De Asperitate<br>Capillorum    | 52v-53r      |   |  |
| 4. De Canici<br>Capillorum                    | 4. De Canicie vel Apparatu<br>vel Ornatu Capillorum | 4. De Canicie vel Apparatu<br>vel Ornatu Capillorum                   | 4. De Canicie                     | 53r-55r      |   |  |
| 5. De Furfure<br>Capillorum                   | 5. De Furfuribus<br>Capillorum                      | 5. De Furfuribus Capillorum   | 5. De Furfuribus<br>Capillorum    | 55r-55v      |   |  |
| 6. De Pustulis Capitis                        | 6. De Pustulis Capitis                              | 6. De Pustulis Capitis  | 6. De Pustulis Capitis            | 55v          | Missing the end of the chapter                    |  |
| 7. De Fauo                                    | 7. De Fauo  | 7. De Fauo  |                                   |              | Missing   |  |
| 8. De Tinea                                   | 8. De Tinea   | 8. De Tinea   |                                   | 56r          | Missing beginning of the chapter                  |  |
| 9. De Pediculis                               | 9. De Pediculis                                     | 9. De Pediculis & Lendius, etc.                                       | 9. De Pediculis                   | 56r-57r      |   |  |
| 10. De Dolore Capitis                         | 10. De Dolore Capitis                               | 10. De Dolore Capitis   | 10. De Dolore Capitis             | 57r-61r      |   |  |
|   |   | Curatio Doloris Capitis ex<br>Ebrietate                               | Cura Doloris ex Ebrietate         |              | Contains haginning and                            |  |
|   |   | Curatio Doloris Capitis ex<br>Percussione                             |                                   |              | the end of the chapter, folios are missing in the |  |
|   |   | Curatio Doloris Capitis<br>propter Ascenium Vaporum<br>ad ipsum Caput |                                   |              |   |  |
| 11. De Vertigine &<br>Scotomia                | 11. De Scotomia &<br>Vertigine                      | 11. De Scotomia & Vertigine   | 11. De Vertigine et<br>Scotomia   | 63r-64r      |   |  |

| Book 2: Chapter Headings and Missing Material |   |  |                                   |              |   |  |
|---|---|--|-----------------------------------|--------------|---|--|
| Lylye Chapter List                            | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum) | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97) | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments                            |  |
| 12. De Litargia Vera                          | 12. De Litargia                             | 12. De Litargia                              | 12. De Litargia Vera              | 64r-66r      |   |  |
| 13. De Memoria<br>Corupta                     | 13. De Memoria Corrupta                     | 13. De Corruptione<br>Memorie                | 13. De Corupcione<br>Memorie      | 66r-67v      |   |  |
| 14. De Litargia non<br>Vera                   | -   | 14. De Litargia non Vera                     | 14. De Litargia non Vera          | 67v-68r      |   |  |
| 15. De Congelacione                           | 14. De Congelatione                         | 15. De Congelatione                          | 15. De Congelacione               | 68v-69r      |   |  |
| 16. De Sompno<br>Innaturali                   | 15. De Somno Innaturali                     | 16. De Somno Profundo<br>Innaturali          | 16. De Sompno<br>Innaturali       | 69r-70v      |   |  |
| 17. De Stupore                                | 16. De Stupore                              | 17. De Stupore                               | 17. De Stupore                    | 70v-71v      |   |  |
| 18. De Vigilia                                | 17. De Vigiliis                             | 18. De Vigiliis                              | 18. De Vigilijs                   | 71v-73r      |   |  |
| 19. De Mania & Malencolia                     | 18. De Mania &<br>Melencolia                | 19. De Mania & Melencolia                    | 19. De Mania et<br>Malencolia     | 73r-76v      | Missing the end of the chapter            |  |
| 20. De Amore Hereos                           | 19. De Amore qui Hereos<br>Dicit            | 20. De Amore qui Hereos<br>Dicit             | -                                 | -            | Missing                                   |  |
| 21. De Ebrietate                              | 20. De Ebrietate                            | 21. De Ebrietate                             | -                                 | 77r-77v      | Folio with the chapter heading is missing |  |
| 22. De Frenesi                                | 21. De Frenesi                              | 22. De Frenesi                               | 21. De Frenesi                    | 77v-79v      | Errant chapter number (should be 22)      |  |
| 23. De Sternutacione                          | 22. De Sternutatione                        | 23. De Sternutatione                         | 22. De Sternutacione              | 79v-80r      | Errant chapter number (should be 23)      |  |
| 24. De Jncubo                                 | 23. De Incubo                               | 24. De Incubo                                | 23. De Incubo                     | 80r-81r      | Errant chapter number (should be 24)      |  |
| 25. De Epilencia                              | 24. De Epilensia                            | 25. De Epilensia                             | 24. De Epilencia                  | 81r-86v      | Errant chapter number (should be 25)      |  |
| 26. De Appoplexia                             | 25. De Apoplexia                            | 26. De Apoplexia                             | 26. De Apoplexia                  | 87r-89r      | Chapter numbering correct from here       |  |

|                       | Book 2: Chapter Headings and Missing Material |  |                                   |   |  |  |  |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Lylye Chapter List    | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum)   | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97) | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye | Lylye Folios  | Lylye Comments   |  |  |
| 27. De Paralisi       | 26. De Paralisi                               | 27. De Paralisi                              | 27. De Paralisi                   | 89r-91v   |  |  |  |
| 28. De Spasmo         | 27. De Spasmo                                 | 28. De Spasmo                                | 28. De Spasmo                     | 91v, 133r-134v  | Out of sequence: Part of<br>the chapter is in f. 91v and<br>the rest is in ff. 133r-134v                     |  |  |
| 29. De Tremore Cordis | 28. De Tremore                                | 29. De Tremore                               | 29. De Tremore<br>Membrorum       | 134v, 101   | Out of sequence: Beginning of the chapter is f. 134, the rest of the chapter is located in f. 101            |  |  |
| 30. De Congelacione   | 29. De lectigatione                           | 30. De lectigatione                          | 30. De lectigacione               | 101v, 93r<br>(Congelacione is<br>contained in<br>Chapter 15 | Out of sequence: Beginning of the chapter is located in f. 101, the rest of the chapter is located in f. 93r |  |  |
| 31. De Tortura        | 30. De Tortura                                | 31. De Tortura                               | 31. De Tortura                    | 93r-93v   |  |  |  |

|                              | Book 3: Chapter Headings and Missing Material  |   |  |   |                |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|---|----------------|--|--|--|
| Lylye Chapter List           | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum)  | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97)  | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye                          | Lylye Folios                                      | Lylye Comments |  |  |  |
| 1. De Anathomia Oculi        | 1. De Anothomia Oculi  | 1. De Anothomia Oculi   | 1. De Anathomia Oculi                                      | 94r-95r   |                |  |  |  |
|                              | 2. De Passionibus Conjunctive & sunt Numero 13. Sicut eius Obtalmia Unguis, Macula Rubea, Panniculus, Casus Pulveris, Tumor, Duricies, Pruritus, Apostemata Granulosa, Ulcus & Sanies, Excrescentia Carnis, & Diminutio eius & Fistula Lachrymalis | 1. De Pascionibus<br>Coniunctiva et sunt 13   | 95r-97r  | Errant chapter number<br>(should be<br>Chapter 2) |                |  |  |  |
|                              |  | De Ungula   | De Vngue in Coniunctiua                                    | 97r-97v   |                |  |  |  |
|                              | 2. De Passionibus<br>Conjunctive & sunt  | De Macula Rubea   | De Macula Rubea Super<br>Coniunctiuam                      | 97v-98r   |                |  |  |  |
|                              | Numero 13. Sicut eius<br>Obtalmia Unguis, Macula   | De Panno  | De Panniculo in<br>Coniunctiua                             | 98r   |                |  |  |  |
| 2. De Coniunctiva et sunt 13 | Rubea, Panniculus, Casus<br>Pulveris, Tumor, Duricies,   | De Pulvere Cadente in<br>Conjunctiva  | De Puluere Cadente in<br>Coniunctiua                       | 98r-98v   |                |  |  |  |
|                              | Pruritus, Apostemata   | De Tumore Conjunctive   | De Tumore Coniunctiue                                      | 98v   |                |  |  |  |
|                              | Granulosa, Ulcus & Sanies,   | De Duritie in Conjunctiva   | De Duricie in Coniunctiua                                  | 98v   | _              |  |  |  |
|                              | Excrescentia Carnis, & Diminutio eius & Fistula Lachrymalis  | De Pruritu Conjunctiva  | De Pruritu in Coniunctiue                                  | 98v   |                |  |  |  |
|                              |  | De Quibusdam Apostematibus Parvis Nascentibus in Conjunctiva De Ulcere & Sanie in Conjunctiva | De Apostematibus Paruis<br>Nascentibus in<br>Coniunctiua   | 98v   |                |  |  |  |
|                              |  |   | De Vlcere et Sanie in<br>Coniunctiua                       | 98v   |                |  |  |  |
|                              |  | De Diminutione Carnis in<br>Conjunctiva & eius<br>Excrescentia                                | De Excrescencia et<br>Diminucione Carnis in<br>Coniunctiua | 99r   |                |  |  |  |
|                              |  | De Fistula in Lachrymali  | De Fistula in Lacrimali                                    | 99r   |                |  |  |  |

|                    | Book 3: Chapter Headings and Missing Material |  |                                     |              |   |  |  |
|--------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|--------------|---|--|--|
| Lylye Chapter List | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum)   | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97) | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye   | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments  |  |  |
|                    |   | De Lachrymis Currentibus                     | De Lacrimis                         | 99v-100v     |   |  |  |
|                    |   | 3. De Passionibus Cornee                     | 2. De Pascionibus Cornee            | 100v, 92r    | Errant chapter number (should be Chapter 3)  Out of sequence: Beginning of chapter is in f. 100v, end of chapter is in f. 92r     |  |  |
|                    |   | De Ulceribus Cornee                          | De Vlceribus et Plagis<br>Cornee c. | 92r          | Out of sequence; folio<br>bound in Book 2, Chap. 28<br>De Spasmo  |  |  |
|                    |   | De Vesica Cornea                             | De Vesica Cornee                    | 92r-92v      | Out of sequence; folio<br>bound in Book 2, Chap. 28<br>De Spasmo  |  |  |
| 3. De Vulneribus   | 3. De Passionibus Cornee                      | De Ruptura Cornee                            | De Ruptura Cornee                   | 92v          | Out of sequence; folio<br>bound in Book 2, Chap. 28<br>De Spasmo  |  |  |
| Cornee             |   | De Cancro in Cornea                          | De Cancro                           | 92v, 102r    | Out of sequence; beginning of chapter is contained in f. 92v (in Book 2, Chap. 28 De Spasmo) and the rest is contained in f. 102r |  |  |
|                    |   | De Mutatione Coloris<br>Naturalis Cornee     | De Mutacione Coloris<br>Cornee      | 102r         |   |  |  |
|                    |   | De Nebula in Cornea                          | De Humectacione<br>Cornee           | 102r         |   |  |  |
|                    |   | De Corrugatione & Parvisicatione Cornee      | De Duricie Cornee                   | 102v         |   |  |  |

|  |  | Book 3: Chapter Headings ar  | nd Missing Material  |              |                   |
|--|--|--|--|--------------|-------------------|
| Lylye Chapter List                       | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum)            | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97)                             | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye  | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments    |
|  |  | De Albugine vel Macula & Cicatrice in Cornea                             | De Albugine et Macula et<br>Cicatrice in Oculis  | 102v-103v    |                   |
| 4. De Pascionibus                        | 4. De Passionibus Uvee.                                | De Passionibus Uvee & Primo de Dilatatione Uvee & Pupille                | 4. De Pascionibus Vuee sicut est Delatacione Construccione Pupille   | 103v-104v    | Chapter numbering |
| Vuee                                     | Sicut est Dilatatio &                                  | De Constrictione Pupille   | De Construccione Pupille   | 104v         | correct from here |
|  | Costrictio Pupille                                     | De Catharacta  | De Aquis et Cataractis   | 104v-105r    |                   |
|  |  | 5. De Debilitate Visus   | 5. De Debelitate Visus   | 105          |                   |
| 5. De Debelitate Visus                   | 5. De Debilitate Visus                                 | Minoratione Visus<br>Corruptione & Ablatione<br>Eiusdem                  | Curacione particularis<br>debilitatis visus et<br>potissime cum oculi<br>videntur sani et visus<br>debilitatur | 105v-107r    |                   |
| 6. De Pascionibus que pertinent ad Totum | 6. De Passionibus que<br>Pertinent ad Totum            | 6. De Passionibus que Pertinent ad Totum Oculum & Primo de Strabositate  | 6. De Pascionibus que<br>Pertinent ad Totum<br>Oculum  | 107r-108r    |                   |
| Oculum and Primo de                      | Oculum & Primo de                                      | De Eminentia Oculi   | De Eminencia Oculi   | 108          |                   |
| Scabiositate                             | Strabositate   | De Profundatione Oculi   | De Profunditate Oculi  | 108v         |                   |
| 7. De Pas Palpebrarum                    | 7. De Passionibus<br>Pa[I]pebrarum & Sunt<br>Numero 17 | De Passionibus Palpebrarum<br>& Primo de Scabie & Pruritu<br>Palpebrarum | 7. De Pascionibus Palpebrarum et sunt in Numero 16; De Scabie Pruritu Asperitate et Rubore                     | 108v-109r    |                   |
|  |  | De Petrificatione in<br>Palpebris Nodo sive Lupia                        | De Nodis seu lippa et<br>Petrificacione in<br>Palpebrarum  | 109r         |                   |
|  |  | De Conglucinatione Palpebrarum & Carum Inviscatione                      | De Inviscacione et<br>Conglutinacione<br>Palpebrarum   | 109r         |                   |

|                          |   | Book 3: Chapter Headings a                      | nd Missing Material                               |              |   |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|--------------|---|
| Lylye Chapter List       | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum) | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97)    | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye                 | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments  |
|                          |   | De Separatione<br>Palpebrarum                   | De Separacione<br>Palpebrarum                     | 109r         |   |
|                          |   | De Ordeolo                                      | De Ordeolo  | 109          |   |
|                          |   | De Carnositate in Palpebris                     | De Carnositate in<br>Palpebra Exteriori           | 109v         |   |
|                          |   | De Pruritu Palpebrarum                          | De Pruritu Palpebrarum                            | 109v         | 7   |
|                          |   | De Ulceribus Palpebrarum                        | De Vlceribus<br>Palpebrarum et Sanie              | 109v         |   |
|                          |   | De Pinguedine in Palpebra                       | De Tumore Inflacione et<br>Pinguedine Palpebrarum | 109v         | De Apostemate Duro in Palpebra is contained in this section |
|                          |   | De Apostemate Duro in<br>Palpebra               | -   | -            |   |
|                          |   | De Tumore Palpebrarum                           | De Tumore Palpebrarum                             | 109v-110r    |   |
|                          |   | De Verucis in Palpebra                          | De Verucis  | 110r         |   |
|                          |   | De Difficultate Clandendi & Aperiendi Palpebram | De Deficultate Aperiendi<br>et Claudendi Oculos   | 110r         |   |
|                          |   | De Casu Pilorum in<br>Palpebrarum               | De Casu Pilorum in<br>Palpebris                   | 110r         |   |
|                          |   | De Pilis Additis & Inversis in<br>Palpebra      | De Pilis Additis Inuersis                         | 110          |   |
|                          |   | De Pediculis Palpebrarum                        | De Pediculis<br>Palpebrarum                       | 110v         |   |
| 8. De Pas Aurium         | 8. De Passionibus Aurium                    | 8. De Passionibus Aurium                        | 8. De Pascionibus<br>Aurium                       | 110v-111v    | Missing end of chapter                                      |
| 9. De Tinnitu et Sibillo | 9. De Tinnitu & Sibilo                      | 9. De Tinnitu & Sibilo                          |   | 112          | Missing beginning of chapter                                |

|  |  | Book 3: Chapter Headings ar                                   | nd Missing Material                                    |              |                   |
|--|--|---|--|--------------|-------------------|
| Lylye Chapter List                                       | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum)                        | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97)                  | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye                      | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments    |
| 10. De Dolore Auris et<br>Apostemate Auris               | 10. De Dolore Auris & Apostemate Intrinseco                        | 10. De Dolore Auris &<br>Apostemate Intrinseco                | De Dolore Auris et De<br>Apostemate Auris              | 112v-114v    |                   |
| 11. De Vlcere Auris et<br>Sanie                          | 11. De Ulcere Aurium & Sanie                                       | 11. De Ulcere Aurium & Sanie                                  | 11. De Vlcere Aurium et<br>Sanie                       | 114v         |                   |
| 12. De Sanguine<br>Existente in Auribus et<br>Aquositate | 12. De Sanguine Existente ex auribus & Aquositate                  | 12. De San. Fluente ab<br>Auribus                             | De Sanguine Fluente ab<br>Auribus                      | 114v-115r    | No chapter number |
| 13. De Re Cadente in<br>Aure et Opilacione<br>Auris      | 13. De Re Cadente in Aure<br>& Oppilatione Auris                   | 13. De Oppilatione Auria<br>Cadente in Ea                     | 13. De Re Cadente in<br>Aurem et Opilacione<br>Eiusdem | 115          |                   |
| 14. De Apostemate in<br>Radice Auris                     | 14. De Apostematibus que<br>Acciduntur in Radice Auris<br>ab Extra | 14. De Apostematibus<br>Accidentibus extra in Radice<br>Auris | 14. De Apostematibus in<br>Radice Auris                | 115v         |                   |
| 15. De Fluxu San<br>Narium                               | 15. Passione Narium  | 15. De Passionibus Narium<br>& Primo de Fetore Narium         | 15. De Pascionibus<br>Narium                           | 115v-117r    |                   |
| 16. De Pascionibus Edd                                   | 16. De Reumate & Corriza   | 16. De Reumate & Coriza                                       | 16. De Reumate et<br>Coriza                            | 117r-119v    |                   |
| 17. De Reumatice et<br>Coriza                            | 17. De Fluxu Sanguis<br>Narium                                     | 17. De Fluxu Sanguinis ex<br>Naribus                          | 17. De Fluxu Sanguinis<br>Narium                       | 119v-121r    |                   |
| 18. De Sternutacione                                     | 18. De Sternutatione   | 18. De Sternutatione  | 18. De Sternutacione                                   | 121r         |                   |
| 19. De Egritude Oris                                     | 19. De Egritudinibus Oris & Primo de Fissuria Labiorum             | 19. De Egritudinibus Oris & Primo de Fissuria Labiorum        | 19. De Fissura Labiorum                                | 121v-122r    |                   |
| 20. De Egritude Lingue                                   | 20. De Passione Lingue   | 20. De Passionibus Lingue                                     | 20. De Pascionibus<br>Lingue                           | 122r-124v    |                   |
| 21. De Fluxu Saliue et<br>Ablacione Odoris               | 21. De Fluxus Salive & Ablatione                                   | 21. De Fluxu Salive ab Ore & Ablatione Ordoris                | 21. De Fluxu Saliue et<br>Ablacione Odoris             | 124v         |                   |
| 22. De Fetore Oris                                       | 22. De Fetore Oris   | 22. De Fetore Oris  | 22. De Fetore Oris                                     | 124v-125r    |                   |
| 23. De Pas Oris  | 23. De Passionibus Oris  | 23. De Passionibus Oris                                       | 23. De Pascionibus Oris                                | 125r-126r    |                   |
| 24. De Lentiginibus<br>Facei                             | 24. De Lentiginibus Faciei   | 24. De Lentiginibus Faciei                                    | 24. De Lentiginibus                                    | 126r-127r    |                   |

|                                     |   | Book 3: Chapter Headings ar                             | nd Missing Material                                  |              |                        |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|--------------|------------------------|
| Lylye Chapter List                  | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum) | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97)            | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye                    | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments         |
| 25. De Pas Dencium                  | 25. De Pas Dentium & Primo de Dolore        | 25. De Passionibus Dentium<br>& Primo de Dolore         | 25. De Pascionibus<br>Dencium et Primo de<br>Dolore  | 127r-129r    |                        |
|                                     |   | 26. De Perforatione<br>Corrosione & Vermibus<br>Dentium | De Perforacione<br>Putredione et Vermibus<br>Dencium | 129r-129v    | No chapter number      |
|                                     |   | De Vermibus Dentium                                     | Cura Vermium   | 129v         |                        |
|                                     | 26. De Perforatione                         | De Commotione Dentium                                   | To Make Teep Fast                                    | 129v         |                        |
| 26. De Pascionibus de               |   | Elongatione & Augmento Dentium                          | Curacio cum Dentes<br>Minis Elongantur               | 130r         |                        |
| Perforacione et<br>Vermibus Dencium | Dentium                                     | Acceleratione Ortus Dentium                             | Cura cum Dentes Tarde<br>Egrediuntur                 | 130r         |                        |
|                                     |   | De Stridore Dentium                                     | Cura Stuporis Dencium                                | 130r         | Stuporis is duplicated |
|                                     |   | De Stupore Dentium                                      | Cura Stuporis  | 130r         |                        |
|                                     |   | De Debilitate Dentium                                   | Cura Debilitatis Dencium                             | 130r         |                        |
|                                     |   | De Feditate Dentium                                     | Cura Fedi Coloris<br>Dencium                         | 130r-130v    |                        |
| 27. De Pascionibus<br>Gingiuarum    | 27. De Passionibus<br>Gingivarum            | 27. De Passionibus<br>Gingivarum                        | 27.De Pascionibus<br>Gingiuarum                      | 130v-132r    |                        |

| Book 4: Chapter Headings and Missing Material |   |  |                                   |                 |                                 |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Lylye Chapter List                            | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum) | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97) | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye | Lylye Folios    | Lylye Comments                  |  |  |  |
| 1. De Squinancia                              | 1. De Squinantia                            | 1. De Squinantia                             | 1. De Squinancia                  | 132r, 135r-136v | ff. 133-134 belong in<br>Book 2 |  |  |  |
| 2. De Pas Uvule                               | 2. De Passionibus Uvule                     | 2. De Passionibus Uvule                      | 2. De Pascionibus Vuule           | 136v-138r       |                                 |  |  |  |

| Book 4: Chapter Headings and Missing Material |   |  |                                    |              |                             |  |  |
|---|---|--|------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Lylye Chapter List                            | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum) | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97) | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye  | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments              |  |  |
| 3. De Raucedine Vocis                         | 3. De Raucedine & Imutatione Vocia          | De Raucedine Vocia                           | 3. De Rausidine Vocis              | 138r-141r    |                             |  |  |
|   |   | 4. De Tussi                                  |                                    |              |                             |  |  |
| 4. De Tussi                                   | 4. De Tussi                                 | De Tussi Puerorum                            | 4. De Tussi                        | 141r-145v    |                             |  |  |
|   |   | De Tussi Pauperum                            |                                    |              |                             |  |  |
| 5. De Ptisi                                   | 5. De Ptisi                                 | 5. De Ptisi                                  | 5. De Ptisi                        | 145v-149v    |                             |  |  |
| 6. De Sputo Sanguinis                         | 6. De Sputo Sanguinis                       | 6. De Sputo Sanguinis                        | 6. De Spitto Sanguinis             | 149v-152r    |                             |  |  |
| 7. De Empimate & Sputo                        | 7. De Empimate hoc et de<br>Sputo Sanioso   | 7. De Empimate                               | 7. De Empimate et<br>Sputo Sanioso | 152r-152v    | Missing end of the chapter  |  |  |
| 8. De Difficultate<br>Anelitus                | 8. De Difficultate Anhelitus<br>& Asmate    | 8. De Asmate & Difficultate Anhelitus        | -                                  | 153r-153v    | Missing most of the chapter |  |  |
| 9. De Pleuresi and<br>Asmate                  | 9. De Pleuresi                              | 9. De Pleuresi                               | 9. De Pleuresi                     | 153v-159r    |                             |  |  |
| 10. De Peripleumonia                          | 10. De Peripleumonia                        | 10. De Peripleumonia                         | 10. De Peripleumonia               | 159r-159v    |                             |  |  |
| 11. De Timore Cordis                          | 11. De Tremore Cordis                       | 11. De Tremore Cordis                        | 11. De Tremore Cordis              | 159v-161v    |                             |  |  |
| 12. De Sincopi                                | 12. De Sincopi                              | 12. De Sincopi                               | 12. De Sincopi                     | 161v-164r    |                             |  |  |
| 13. De Pascionibus<br>Mamillarum              | 13. De Passionibus<br>Mamillarum            | 13. De Passionibus<br>Mamillarum             | 13. De Pascionibus<br>Mamillarum   | 164r         |                             |  |  |
|   |   | De Multiplicatione Lactis & eius Diminutione | -                                  | 164r-164v    | Heading not given           |  |  |
|   |   | De Lactis Exuberantia                        | De Habundancia Lactis              | 164v-165r    |                             |  |  |
|   |   | De Apostematibus<br>Mamillarum               | 15. De Apostemate<br>Mamillarum    | 165r-165v    |                             |  |  |

|                    | Book 4: Chapter Headings and Missing Material |   |  |              |                |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------|---|---|--|--------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Lylye Chapter List | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum)   | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97)  | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye                | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments |  |  |  |  |
|                    |   | De Nodis & Glandulis in<br>Mamillia           | De Nodis et Glandulis et<br>Duricie Mamillarum   | 165v         |                |  |  |  |  |
|                    |   | De Corrosione & Ulcere & Fistula in Mammillis | De Corrosione et Vlcere<br>et Fistula Mamillarum | 165v         |                |  |  |  |  |
|                    |   | De Magnificatione<br>Mamillarum               | De Magnificacione<br>Mamillarum                  | 165v-166r    |                |  |  |  |  |
|                    |   | De Fetore Assellarum                          | 16. De Fetore Acellarum                          | 166r-166v    |                |  |  |  |  |

|                                      |   | Book 5: Chapter Headings an                                       | d Missing Material  |              |                |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|--------------|----------------|
| Lylye Chapter List                   | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum) | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97)                      | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye   | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments |
| 1. De Difficultate<br>Transgluciendi | De Difficultate     Transglutiendi          | De Difficultate     Transglutiendi                                | 1. De Difficultate<br>Transgluciendi  | 167r-168v    |                |
| 2. De Debelitate<br>Appetitus        | 2. De Debilitate<br>Appetitus               | 2. De Debilitate Appetitus  | 2. De Debelitate<br>Appetitus   | 168v-170v    |                |
|                                      |   | 3. De Dolore Stomachi & Debilitate & Mala Complexione & Similibus | 3. De Indigestione<br>stomachi vel dolore and<br>debelitate et mala<br>complexione et similibus<br>Curacio Stomachi<br>Apostemata |              |                |
|                                      | 3. De Indigestione                          | Curatio Uulneribus Stomachi                                       | Curacio Vlcer Stomachi  |              |                |
|                                      |   | De Dolore Stomachi  | De Dolore Stomachi  |              |                |
|                                      |   | De Debilitas Stomachi   | Curacio Debilitatis<br>Vitutitis Stomachi   |              |                |
| De Indigescione     Stomachi         | Stomachi & Dolore & Debilitate eius & De    | De Mala Complexione Calida<br>Stomachi                            | Curacio Male<br>Conplexionis Sicce  | 170v-175v    |                |
| Storiden                             | Indigestione & Mala Complexione & Similibus | De Mala Complexione Calida<br>Stomachi                            | Curacio Male<br>Conplexionis Calida<br>Stomachi   |              |                |
|                                      |   | De Mala Complexione<br>Frigida Stomachi                           | Curacio Male<br>Conplexionis Frigida<br>Stomachi  |              |                |
|                                      |   | De Mala Complexione<br>Humida Stomachi                            | Curacio Male<br>Conplexionis Stomachi<br>Humida   |              |                |
|                                      |   | Dieta Stomachi in Frigidari &<br>Humectati                        | Regimen in Dieta<br>Stomachi infrigidati et<br>Humectati  |              |                |

| Book 5: Chapter Headings and Missing Material          |   |  |  |              |                |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--------------|----------------|--|--|
| Lylye Chapter List                                     | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum)     | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97) | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye                    | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments |  |  |
|  |   | 4. De Canino Appetitu                        | 4. De Canino Appetitu                                | 175v-176v    |                |  |  |
|  |   | De Bolismo                                   | De Bolismo   | 176v-177r    |                |  |  |
| 4. De Canino Appetitu                                  | 4. De Canino Appetitu                           | De Fame Sincopali                            | De Fame Sincopali                                    | 177r         |                |  |  |
|  |   | De Corruptione Appetitus                     | De Corrupcione<br>Appetitus                          | 177r-178r    |                |  |  |
| 5. De Siti   | 5. De Siti                                      | 5. De Siti                                   | 5. De Siti   | 178r-179r    |                |  |  |
| 6. De Eructuacione                                     | 6. De Eructuatione                              | 6. De Eructuatione                           | 6. De Eructuacione                                   | 179r-181r    |                |  |  |
| 7. De Singultu   | 7. De Singultu                                  | 7. De Singultu                               | 7. De Singultu                                       | 181r-183r    |                |  |  |
| 8. De Fastidio et                                      | 8. De Fastidio &                                | 8. De Fastidio & Regimine<br>Sanitatis       | 8. De Fastidio &<br>Abhominacione                    | 183r-184v    |                |  |  |
| Regimine Sanitatis                                     | Regimine Sanitatis                              | De Regimine Sanitatis                        | Tractatus de Regimine<br>Sanitatis                   | 184v-187r    |                |  |  |
| 9. De Abhominacione et<br>Nausea & Subvercione<br>Anem | 9. De Abominatione & Nausea & Subversione Anime | 9. De Nausea, Subversione,<br>& Abominatione | 9. Abhominacione et<br>Nausea et Subuercione<br>Anem | 187r-188r    |                |  |  |
| 10. Vomitu et  | 10. De Vomitu &                                 | 10. De Vomitu                                | 10. De Vomitu  | 188r         |                |  |  |
| Apendiculis Eius                                       | Appendiculis Eius                               | De Vomitu Sanguineo                          | De Vomitu Sanguino                                   | 188r-190r    |                |  |  |
| 11. De Inflacione<br>Stomachi                          | 11. De Inflatione<br>Stomachi                   | 11. De Inflatione Stomachi                   | 11. De Infflatione<br>Stomachi                       | 190r-191r    |                |  |  |
| 12. De Tortura<br>Intestinorum                         | 12. De Tortura<br>Intestinorum                  | 12. De Tortura Intestinorum                  | 12. De Tortura<br>Intestinorum                       | 191r-192v    |                |  |  |
| 13. De Lienteria                                       | 13. De Lienteria                                | 13. De Lienteria                             | 13. De Lienteria                                     | 192v-194v    |                |  |  |
|  |   | 14. De Dissinteria                           | 14. De Dissinteria                                   | 194v-196v    |                |  |  |
| 14. De Dissinteria                                     | 14. De Dissinteria                              | De Fluxu ventris propter<br>Catarrum         | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Catarrum                 | 196v         |                |  |  |

|   |   | Book 5: Chapter Headings an  | d Missing Material  |              |  |
|---|---|--|---|--------------|--|
| Lylye Chapter List                            | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum)     | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97)                               | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye   | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments                           |
|   |   | De Fluxu propter Oppilationem Epatis                                       | De Fluxu propter<br>Opilacione Epatis   | 196v-197r    |  |
|   |   | De Fluxu Splenetico  | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Splenem   | 197r         |  |
|   |   | De Fluxu & Colirica Passione   | De Fluxu propter<br>Colicam Pascionem   | 197r         |  |
|   |   | De Fluxu Liquefactivo  | De Fluxu Liquefaccino   | 197r         |  |
|   |   | De Fluxu propter Pororum<br>Clausionem                                     | De Fluxu propter<br>Pororum Clausionem  | 197r         |  |
|   |   | De Fluxu propter Pororum cutis Aptionem                                    | De Fluxu Virulento et<br>Sanioso  | 197r         |  |
|   |   | De Fluxu propter Medicinas<br>Laxativas                                    | De Fluxu propter<br>Medicinas Laxatiuas   | 197r-197v    |  |
|   |   | De Diarria   | Tractatus de Diarria  | 197v-198v    |  |
| 15. De Tenasmone                              | 15. De Tenasmone                                | 15. De Tenasmone   | 15. De Tenasmone  | 198v-200r    |  |
|   |   | 16. De Recapitulatione<br>Omnium Fluxuum Ventris &<br>Continet 12 Capitula | 16. De Recapitulacione<br>Omnium Fluxum Ventris<br>& Continet 12 Chapitres<br>seu Tractatus | 200r         |  |
|   |   | De Fluxu Cerebrali   | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Stomacum, 2   | 200r         | Heading is duplicated from the following |
| 16. De Recapitulacione omnium fluxum ventis & | 16. De Recapitulatione<br>Omnium Fluxuum        | De Fluxu Stomachali  | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Stomacum, 3   | 200v         |  |
| continet 12 Chapitres                         | Ventris & Continet 12<br>Tractatus seu Capitula | De Fluxu Intestinali   | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Intestinia, 4   | 200v-201v    |  |
|   |   | De Fluxu Epatico   | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Epar, 5   | 201v-202r    |  |
|   |   | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Cibaria  | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Cibaria, 6  | 202r         |  |
|   |   | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Aerem  | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Aerem, 7  | 202r         |  |

|                    |   | Book 5: Chapter Headings an   | d Missing Material  |              |  |
|--------------------|---|---|---|--------------|--|
| Lylye Chapter List | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum) | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97)                              | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye                                       | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments                                       |
|                    |   | De Fluxu Ventris in<br>Balbutientibus & Traulis                           | De Fluxu Ventris in<br>Balbucientibus & Traulis,<br>8                   | 202r-202v    |  |
|                    |   | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Dispoticiones Naturales                       | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Disposiciones Naturales,<br>9               | 202v         |  |
|                    |   | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Totum Corpus                                  | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Totum Corpus, 10                            | 202v         |  |
|                    |   | De Pronosticatione in Fluxu<br>Ventris                                    | De Pronosticacione in Fluxu Ventris, 11                                 | 202v-203r    |  |
|                    |   | De Curatione Fluxu Ventris in Generali                                    | De Fluxu Ventris in<br>Generali, 12                                     | 203r-204r    |  |
|                    |   | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Oppilationem Epatis &<br>Venarum Meseraicarum | De Fluxu ventris propter opilacionem epatis et venarum misaraicarum, 13 | 204r-204v    | Regimen ex Cibo & Potu is combined with this section |
|                    |   | Regimen ex Cibo & Potu  | -   | 204v         |  |
|                    |   | De Fluxu ventris virulento cum Excoriacione et [?]                        | De Fluxu ventris<br>virulentus cum<br>excoriacione, 14                  | 205r-205v    |  |
|                    |   | De Fluxu Ventris<br>Melancolica   | De Fluxu ventris propter splenem, 15                                    | 205v         |  |
|                    |   | De Fluxu Ventris Ratione<br>Crapule                                       | De Cura fluxus ventris<br>propter multitidinem cibi<br>and potus, 16    | 205v         |  |
|                    |   | De Curatione Fluxu Ventris ex Reumate                                     | De Cura fluxus ventris propter reuma, 17                                | 205v         |  |
|                    |   | De Cura Fluxus Ventris in<br>Ptisicis & Ethicis &<br>Consumptis           | De Cura fluxus ventris in<br>Ptisicis & Eticis &<br>Consumptis, 18      | 205v-206r    |  |

|                        |   | Book 5: Chapter Headings an                          | d Missing Material  |              |                |
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| Lylye Chapter List     | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum) | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97)         | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye   | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments |
|                        | (1430/37 incumation                         | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Nimiam Repletionem Totum | De Cura fluxus ventris<br>propter malencoliam<br>and replecionem tocius<br>corperis, 19 | 206r         |                |
|                        |   | De Fluxu Ventris Cretico                             | De Cura Fluxus Ventris<br>Cretici, 20   | 206r         |                |
|                        |   | De Tenasmone   | De Curacione<br>Tenasmonis, 21  | 206r         |                |
|                        |   | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Colicam                  | De Fluxu Ventris propter<br>Colicam, 22   | 206r         |                |
| 17. De Yliaca pascione | 17. De Iliaca Passione                      | 17. De Passione Iliaca                               | 16. De Yliaca Pascione  | 206r-208r    |                |
| 18. De Colica          | 18. De Colica                               | 18. De Colica Passione                               | 18. De Colica Pascione  | 208r-211r    |                |
| 19. De Mirachia        | 19. De Melancolia<br>Mirachia               | 19. De Melancolia Mirachia                           | 19. De Mirachia   | 211r         |                |
| 20. De Vermibus        | 20. De Vermibus                             | 20. De Vermibus                                      | 20. De Vermibus   | 211r-213r    |                |
|                        |   | 21. De Passionibus Ani & Primo de Emorroydibus       | 21. De Pascionibus Ani & Primo De Emor  | 213r-215r    |                |
|                        |   | De Apostemate Ani                                    | De Apostemate Ani   | 215r         |                |
|                        |   | De Condilomatibus &<br>Cicatricibus                  | De Condolomatibus & Attricis  | 215r         |                |
| 21 De Dessionibus eni  | 21 De Dessienibus Ani                       | De Ficu Ani  | De Ficu   | 215r         |                |
| 21. De Pascionibus ani | 21. De Passionibus Ani                      | De Ragadiis Ani                                      | De Ragadijs   | 215r-215v    |                |
|                        |   | De Paralisi Ani                                      | De Paralici Ani   | 215v         |                |
|                        |   | De Exitu Longaonis                                   | De Exitu Ani  | 215v-216r    |                |
|                        |   | De Pruritu Ani                                       | De Pruritu Ani  | 216r         |                |

| Book 5: Chapter Headings and Missing Material  |  |                |                |           |  |  |
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| Lylye Chapter List Latin Chapter List (1496/97 Incunabulum) In-Text Chapter Headings In-Text Chapter Headings Lylye Comm |  |                |                |           |  |  |
|  |  | De Fistula Ani | De Fistula Ani | 216r-217r |  |  |

|                                  |  | Book 6: Chapter Headings ar                      | nd Missing Material               |              |   |
|----------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|--------------|---|
| Lylye Chapter List               | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97)     | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments  |
|                                  |  | 1. De Mala Complexione<br>Epatis                 | 1. De Mala Conplexione<br>Epatis  | 217r-218r    |   |
| 1. De Mala<br>Complexione Epatis | 1. De Mala Complexione<br>Epatis           | De Mala Complexione Epatis<br>Calida             | De Calida Discracia<br>Epatis     | 218r-218v    |   |
|                                  |  | De Mala Complexione Epatis<br>Frigida            | De Discracia Frigidia<br>Epatis   | 218v-220r    |   |
|                                  |  | 2. De Oppilatione Epatis                         | 2. De Opilacione Epatis           | 220r-221v    |   |
| 2. De Opilacione Epatis          | 2. De Oppilatione Epatis                   | De Debilitate Epatis                             | De Debilitate Epatis              | 221v         |   |
|                                  |  | De Dolore Epatis                                 | De Dolore Epatis                  | 221v-222v    |   |
| 3. De Apostemate<br>Epatis       | 3. De Apostemate Epatis                    | 3. De Apostemate Epatis                          | 3. De Apostemate Epatis           | 222v-225v    |   |
| 4. De Fluxu San ab<br>Epate      | 4. De Fluxu Sangus ab<br>Epate             | 4. De Fluxu San ab Apate                         | 4. De Fluxu Sanguinis ab<br>Apate | 225v-227r    |   |
|                                  |  | 5. De Hydropisi                                  | 5. De Ydropisi                    | 227r-230r    |   |
|                                  |  | Cura Ydropisi Actualis                           | Cura Ydropisi Actualis            | 230r-231r    |   |
| 5. De Ydropesi                   | 5. De Ydropisi                             | Cura Ydropesi cum Calore                         | Curacio Ydropesi cum<br>Calore    | 231r-231v    | Missing end of the chapter, Clarificacio text from Book 9 is included as a continuous part of this subheading |
| 6. De Ictericia                  | 6. De Ictericia                            | 6. De Ictericia                                  | -                                 | -            | Missing   |
|                                  |  | De Icteritia propter Splenem                     |                                   |              | _   |
| 7. De Pascionibus<br>Splenis     | 7. De Passione Splenis                     | 7. De Passionibus Splenis & Primo de Oppilatione | -                                 | -            | Missing   |

| Book 6: Chapter Headings and Missing Material |   |  |   |              |  |  |
|---|---|--|---|--------------|--|--|
| Lylye Chapter List                            | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum                | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97)               | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye             | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments                         |  |
| 8. De Passione Renu<br>Renum Primo de Dolore  | O De Descione Bourse (                                    | 8. De Passionibus Renum & Primo de Dolore eorum            |   | -            |  |  |
|   |   | De Dolore Renum Periodali<br>propter eorum<br>Oppilationem | -   |              | Missing                                |  |
| 9. De Apostemate<br>Renum et Vesice           | 9. De Apostemate Renum<br>& Vesice & Partium<br>Vicinarum | 9. De Apostemate Renum & Vesice & Partium Vicinarum        | -   | 232r         | Missing, except for 6 lines at the end |  |
| 10. De Vlceribus<br>Renum                     | 10. De Ulceribus Renum                                    | 10. De Ulceribus Renum                                     | 10. De Vlceribus Renum                        | 232r-233r    |  |  |
| 11. De Minctu<br>Sanguinis                    | 11. De Minctu Sanguinis                                   | 11. De Minctu Sanguinis                                    | 11. De Minctu Sanguinis                       | 233r-234r    |  |  |
| 12. De Lapide Renum                           | 12. De Lapide Renum                                       | 12. De Lapide Renum  | 12. De Lapide Renum                           | 234r-236r    |  |  |
| 13. De Pascionibus<br>Vesice                  | 13. De Pas Vesice & Incipit a Diabetica Passione          | 13. De Pas Vesice & Primo de Diabetica Passione            | 13. De Diabetica<br>Pascione                  | 236r-237r    |  |  |
| 14. De Stranguria                             | 14. De Stranguria   | 14. De Stranguria  | 14. De Stranguria                             | 237r-237v    |  |  |
| 15.De illis qui ignorante in lectis mingunt   | 15. De illis qui Ignoranter lectos comingunt              | 15. De illis qui Ignoranter de<br>Nocte Mingunt in Lecto   | 15. De illis qui ignoranter in lectos mingunt | 237v-238r    |  |  |
| 16. De Dissuria                               | 16. De Dissuria Passione                                  | 16. De Dissuria  | 16. De Dissuria                               | 238r-239v    |  |  |

| Book 7: Chapter Headings and Missing Material                           |  |   |                                   |              |                            |  |
|---|--|---|-----------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|--|
| Lylye Chapter List  | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum                     | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97)                | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments             |  |
| 1. De Paucitate Coytus  | 1. De Paucitate Coitus   | 1. De Paucitate Coitus                                      | 1. De Paucitate Coytus            | 239v-242v    |                            |  |
| 2. De Saturiasi   | 2. De Satyriasi & Priapismo                                    | 2. De Satiriasi & Priapismo                                 | 2. De Satiriasi                   | 242v-243v    |                            |  |
| 3. De Gomorrea  | 3. De Gomorrea   | 3. De Gomorrea  | 3. De Gomorrea                    | 243v-244v    |                            |  |
| 4. De Pollucione  | 4. De Pollutione Nocturna                                      | 4. De Pollutione Nocturna                                   | 4. De Pollucione                  | 244v         | Missing end of the chapter |  |
|   |  | 5. De Passionibus Virge & Primo de Apostematibus            |                                   |              |                            |  |
|   |  | Curatio Apostematis Calidi                                  | -                                 |              |                            |  |
|   |  | Curatio Apostematis Frigidi                                 |                                   |              |                            |  |
| 5. De Apostematibus   | 5. De Apostematibus & Ulceribus Virge & aliis Passionibus eius | Curatio Doloris Virge                                       |                                   |              |                            |  |
| et Vlceribus Virge et   |  | Curatio Cancri in Virga                                     |                                   |              | Missing                    |  |
| alijs Pascionibus eius  |  | Curatio Ulcerum in Virge                                    |                                   |              |                            |  |
|   |  | Curatio Fluxus Sanguinis a<br>Virga                         |                                   |              |                            |  |
|   |  | Curatio Inflationis Virge                                   |                                   |              |                            |  |
|   |  | Curatio Verrucarum  |                                   |              |                            |  |
| 6. De Apostematibus et VIceribus  | 6. De Apostematibus & Ulceribus Testiculorum                   | 6. De Apostematibus & Ulceribus Testiculorum                |                                   |              | Missing                    |  |
| Testiculorum  |  | Cura Apostematum<br>Frigidorum                              |                                   |              | iviissiiig                 |  |
| 7. De Crepatua  | 7. De Erepatura  | 7. De Erepatura   |                                   |              | Missing                    |  |
| 8. De Pascionibus<br>Muliere et propter de<br>Retencione<br>Menstruorum | 8. De Passionibus Muliere<br>& Primo de Menstruis<br>Retentis  | 8. De Passionibus Muliere & Primo de Retentione Menstruorum |                                   |              | Missing                    |  |

| Book 7: Chapter Headings and Missing Material |  |  |                                   |              |                |
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| Lylye Chapter List                            | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum       | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97)   | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments |
| 9. De Minio Fluxu<br>Menstruorum              | 9. De Fluxu Menstruorum<br>Nimio                 | 9. De Nimio Fluxu<br>Menstruorum   |                                   |              | Missing        |
| 10. De Suffocacione<br>matricis               | 10. De Suffocatione<br>Matricis                  | 10. De Suffocatione Matricis   |                                   |              | Missing        |
| 11. De Apostematibus matricis                 | 11. De Apostemate<br>Matricis                    | 11. De Apostemate Matricis   |                                   |              | Missing        |
| 12. De Wulueribus<br>Vulue                    | 12. De Ragadiis Vulve                            | 12. De Ragadiis Vulve  |                                   |              | Missing        |
| 13. De Precipitacione matricis                | 13. De Precipitatione<br>Matricis & Casu         | 13. De Precipitatione<br>Matricis  |                                   |              | Missing        |
| 14. De Sterilitate<br>Mulierum                | 14. De Sterilitate<br>Mulierum                   | 14. De Sterilitate Mulierum  |                                   |              | Missing        |
| 15. De Regimen inpregnatis                    | 15. De Regimine<br>Pregnantium                   | 15. De Regimine<br>Pregnantium   |                                   |              | Missing        |
| 16. De Difficultate partus                    | 16. De Difficultate Partus                       | 16. De Difficultate Partus   |                                   |              | Missing        |
| 17. De Retencione secundiem                   | 17. De Retentione<br>Secundine                   | 17. De Retentione<br>Secundine   |                                   |              | Missing        |
| 18. De Mola matricis                          | 18. De Mola Matricis                             | 18. De Mola Matricis   |                                   |              | Missing        |
| 19. De Sciatica<br>pascione                   | 19. De Sciatica Passione<br>Podagrica & Artetica | 19. De Podagra, Syatica & Artethica  De Curatione cum Materia est Sanguinea  De Curatione cum Materia est Colerica  Cura cum Materia est Phlegmatica  Curatio Materie Melancolice  Curatio Materie Ventose |                                   |              | Missing        |

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| Lylye Chapter List           | Latin Chapter List                           | In-Text Chapter Headings          | In-Text Chapter  | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments |
|                              | (1496/97 Incunabulum                         | (Latin, 1496/97)                  | Headings Lylye   | 1            | , ,            |
|                              |  | In Dolore Aurium                  |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Ad Tinnitum Auris                 |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Contra Humiditates Aurium         |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Ad Eradicandum Verrucas           |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Contra Corrosiones Dentium        |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Ad Dolorem Dentium                |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Cauterium in Dolore               |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Dentium                           |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Ad Firmadum & De Albadum          |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Dentes  De Confortatione Dentium  |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | 22. De Antidotis que valent       |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | contra Passiones                  |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Spiritualium                      |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | In Principio Squinantie           |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Ad Stringendum Fluxum             |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Humorum                           |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Contra Asperitatem Gutturis       |                  |              |                |
| 22. Antidotis<br>Pascionibus | 22. De Antidotis que valent pas Spiritualium | Contra Sputum Sanguinis           |                  |              | Missing        |
| Spiritualium                 |  | Contra Tussim Siccam              |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Contra Tussim Humidam             |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Ad Ulcera Pulmonis                |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Pro Sanguine Congelato in Pectore |                  |              |                |
|                              |  | Contra Tremorem Cordis            |                  |              |                |

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| Lylye Chapter List   | (1496/97 Incunabulum  | (Latin, 1496/97)  | Headings Lylye     | Lyrye Polios | Lyrye Comments |
| 23. Antidotis que<br>valent [?] pasciones [?]<br>sicut stomachi, epar? | 23. De Antidotis que valent pas intestinorum sicut est stomach & epar & splen & similia | 23. De Antidoris que valent in Passionibus Stomachi & Epatis & Splenis & Similium In Pas Stomachi de Causa Frigida Contra Vomitum & Singultum Contra materias Frigidas & Ventosas Contra Oppilationes Epatis & Splenis Contra Oppilatione eo [?] Pro Epate Contra Dolore Stomachi In Febribus Phlegmaticis In Febribus Cronicis In Ydropisi | caago zy,ye        |              | Missing        |
|  |   | In Fluxu Ventris  |                    |              |                |
| 24. De Antidotis<br>renum et vesice                                    | 24. De Antidotis que valent contra pas renum & vesice & luncturalium                    | 24. De Antidotis valentibus in Passionibus Renum & Vesice   |                    |              | Missing        |
|  |   | In Distillatione Urine  Medicamen quod facit hominem Secundum   |                    |              | IVIIOSIIIE     |

|                    | Book 7: Chapter Headings and Missing Material |  |                                   |              |                |  |
|--------------------|---|--|-----------------------------------|--------------|----------------|--|
| Lylye Chapter List | Latin Chapter List<br>(1496/97 Incunabulum    | In-Text Chapter Headings<br>(Latin, 1496/97)                       | In-Text Chapter<br>Headings Lylye | Lylye Folios | Lylye Comments |  |
|                    |   | Medicamen quod valet contra apostema durum matricis  Pro luncturia |                                   |              |                |  |
|                    |   | Medicamen fedas Dolores<br>Iuncturalium                            |                                   |              |                |  |
|                    |   | Pro De Coratione  Medicamen istud est ad De Coradum                |                                   |              |                |  |
|                    |   | Medicamen ad<br>Rubisicandum Poma<br>Maxillarum                    |                                   |              |                |  |